OMAHA, WEDNESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 25, 1899-TWELVE PAGES.

ATTEMPT TO HUMBUG

Independencia Sneers that the Philippine Commission is Merely a Ruse.

WARLIKE PROPHECIES FROM MANILA

Asserts America Will Begin a War to Ratify Its Sovereignty.

THIRTY THOUSAND FILIPINOS UNDER ARMS

Aguinaldo's Authority is Generally Recognized in Interior.

REPUBLIC IS PROCLAIMED AT MALOLOS

Filipino Officers Complain of Discourteous Treatment by Americans-Natives Accumulate Guns and Ammunition.

MANILA, Jan. 20 .- (Via Heng Kong, Jan. 24.)-The Independencia today issued a supplement containing a dispatch purporting to come from Malolos, the seat of the rebel government. It comments on the appointment of the commission and says: The Filipinos naturally suspect this as a new attempt to humbug. Both Dewey and

Spencer Pratt promised us independence if the Filipino republic was stable. The Filipinos are distillusioned. They believe the commission is a ruse to gain time until they have accumulated formidable forces, when America, abusing its strength, will begin a war to ratify its sovereignty.'

The Independencia then alleges that all the commissioners are partisans of colonial expansion and incidentally asserts that the (Copyright, 1899, by Press Publishing Co.) archbishop also favors annexation "with the winning side-it is immaterial which-of Telegraph's Cayenne dispatch says: the religious corporations."

Three Thousand in Battle Line. The Filipinos of Galoocan and Gegalangin, mistaking salutes exchanged between British and German war ships on January 18, moved 3,000 men to the front in order of battle, covering the adjacent country, but they did not attack the American lines.

Reports from the interior indicate that Aguinaldo's authority is now generally recognized. Every available male is being recruited and arms depots are being established at San Bernardino, Union, Trinidad and other large towns.

The surrounding country is being levied upon, for supplies and the Filipino troops native villagers are compelled to subsist on

There is some friction between the Fillpino civil and military authorities, but they are united on the question of independence. It is stated that there are fully 30,000 Filipinos under arms, and it is said there are nearly fifty Maxim guns at Malolos, some of them having been recently acquired. The

Many of the Filipino officers complain of The hostilities. of Americans at Manila.

London Junta is Worried.

LONDON, Jan. 24.-The Filipino junta here today received a cable message from Agoncillo. Aguinaldo's representative at Washington, declaring that the prospects were improving, though the work was dif-

The absence of direct news from Manila and the receipt of secret intelligence from Washington is causing the gravest anxiety among the Filipinos here. The arrest of Filipines by Major General Otis and the news that numbers of Filipinos have fled is regarded as a most serious occurrence. It is pointed out by the Filipinos that this is exactly what happened in 1896 under General Blanco, when the Filipines on the following day attacked the Spaniards and the revolution broke out.

Members of the Flispino junta in this city

Aguinaldo at Malolos. NEW YORK, Jan. 24 .- A dispatch to the Herald from Manila eays: Aguinaldo proclaimed the Philippine republic at Malolos this morning. There was no public demonstration in Manila. The Spanish civil prisoners will be set free by the insurgents. Rival native authorities at Cebu are re-

Cdangered. Aguinaldo's government cannot maintain order in the interior of Luzon and the native Aguinaldo commences hostilities against the Americans the northern provinces will probably attempt to shake off his yoke.

ported to be fighting and the town is en-

Open Rupture Reported.

MADRID, Jan. 24 .- A dispatch from Hong Kong to the Reforma of this city says a letter received from the Philippine islands under date of January 20 announces that the rupture between the Filipinos and Americans is an accomplished fact and that the lives of the Spaniards in the archipelago are endangered.

The Imparcial says today: All the intelli-Luzon and the Visayas.

The Filipinos understand that the Americans wish to tyrannize over them and exploit them as the Spaniards never did. The Americans intend to exercise their power merely at the important ports, but they are already convinced that such a domination would not be efficacious. They would be constantly fighting the insurgents, and the latter would soon put an end to the Americans, as the Filipines have on their side not only bullets, but the climate and the enormous expenditure the situation will entail on the Americans.

This explains Washington's desire to first get the treaty of Paris voted and then open negotiations with the rebel chiefs in order to see if Aguinaldo and his colleagues will consent to at least accept an American protectorate with self-government.

Disturbances Continue Unabated. ATHENS, Jan. 24.—The seismic disturb ces which begun Monday in the province the Peloponnesus still continue slightly The latest reports show that the town of Nisi in the province of Mesina has been greatly damaged. In the province of Kyparissia five villages have been com-

Chages in Belgian Cabinet.

of the premier, De Smet de Naeyer, and the lister of industry and labor, M. Nyssens. Deputies, to succeed MM. De Smet de Nea- deed.

yer and Nyssens. The former has been appointed minister of state. The resignations of the ministers were caused by differences with King Leopold on the question of the introduction of uni-nominal electoral system, which the king advocates

SPANISH OFFICERS KILLED

Massacre Occurs at Balabae and In furinted Natives Only Spare Women and Children.

LABUAN, Island of Labuan, British Borneo, Jan. 24.—The steamer Labuan, Captain Pfort, which has arrived here, came from the island of Balabac, thirty miles south of Palawan, Philippine islands, and not from Palawan, as previously cabled. The murder of the Spanish officers which it reported occurred at Balabac. The Labuan brought sixty-five women and children here. They had been robbed of everything, but otherwise had not been ill-treated. The Sulus assisted the Balabacs in killing the Spanish officers. The Spaniards left Palawan, where the natives were fearful of the Sulus. Stores had been looted, business was at a standstill and the natives were armed and ready for mischief.

A dispatch from Madrid on January 3 said General Rios, the Spanish commander in the Philippines, had cabled from Manila, confirming the report that all the Spaniards at Balabac had been killed, with the exception of the women, whose release was being asked for. The Madrid correspondent of the Daily Mall of London telegraphed from Madrid the same day that in the rebellion at Balabac Naval Lieutenant Bellamy was beheaded, and that the rebels also murdered a doctor and several other Europeans. A gunboat was also said to have fired on the rebels. Its commander was unable to effect the release of the women.

WILL INTERROGATE DREYFUS

Prisoner on Devil's Island is to Be Given an Opportunity to Auswer Certain Questions.

LONDON, Jan. 24 .- (New York World Casole object of gaining the sympathies of the blegram-Special Telegram.)-The Daily

Fresh instructions to interrogate Dreyfus on the subject of the depositions of Esterhazy have been received here from Paris. In consequence the procurator general has started for He du Diable in order to question Dreyfus concerning the revelations made with regard to the role played by Henry at the outset of the affair. The procurator general declares that when replies to the former questions were originally made by cable, he requested that Dreyfus should be allowed to return to France to give a complete explanation of various machinations and furnish proofs of his innocence. He says the statement as to the Impossibility of Dreyfus replying by teleare living on the fat of the land, while the graph has been cabled the president of the court of cassation.

MUNICH COLONY SENDS PROTESTS.

Americans Declare There is No Ill-Feeling in Germany Against Us. MUNICH, Jan. 24 .- At a meeting of the American residents here today it was decided to send to the government at Washington a protest against the anti-German ex-Filipino military authorities are convinced pressions used in the house of representathat the Americans will be unable to work tives, accompanied by a declaration that no of the Nebraska metropolis. tively outside of Manila in the event of animosity against America exists in Ger-

The Neuester Nachrichten raised a storm alleged discourteous treatment on the part of indignation recently against the ultra- of Strode. He said he had sent a tele- delphia and Newport News 171/2 cents. On January 22, that the American protest would and beer show if it was continued. be sent from here, now says the protest will express "deep regret that the credulity

> of the United States." PLACE ARMY ON DEFENSIVE BASIS.

French Chamber Rejects Motion of Socialist to This Effect. PARIS, Jan. 24.—The Chamber of Deputies today resumed the debate upon foreign affairs. Referring to New Foundland, the say they are so anxious to avert war that minister of foreign affairs, M. Delcasse, said they are cabling Mantia today urging the the French rights there were incontestible. Hipinos "not to start hostilities if there is No one questioned them and there was no brasks, bringing into the state large sums the remotest possibility of averting trouble." reason to suppose they would not be respected.

> The debate was then closed. The chamber rejected a motion made by M. Valliant, socialist, representing the Secgovernment to propose the formation of fensive to a defensive force, to reduce the |25 cents." military expenditure and to open negotiations looking to international labor legisla-

authorities are often murdered. If FEDERALIST TROOPS DEFEATED.

Insurgents Win a Victory in Battle Near La Pas, Bolivia.

tion.

LIMA, Peru, Jan. 24 .- (Via Galveston, Tex.)-According to advices received here from the Desaguadrero district, or inter-Alpino valley, in Bolivia and Peru, a flerce battle took place on January 17, at Curi bay, thirteen leagues from La Paz, the nominal capital of Bolivia, between the vanguard of the federalist troops, or insurgents, who now occupy La Paz, and the vanguard of the forces commanded by President Alonzo. The latter were defeated, gence from the Philippine Islands shows that with the loss of a colonel and forty-three the Americans recognize their inability to men killed. The insurgents also captured overcome the insurgents in the island of sixty prisoners. It is added that desertions from the president's troops are occurring dally.

> Spain Decreasing Army Expenditures. MADRID, Jan. 24.—The ministry of war has decided to abolish the military marshals, to retire half the generals and to greatly reduce the number of officers on the active list.

> Rivers in Prussia Overflow. BERLIN, Jan. 24.-The Berliner Post publishes a dispatch asserting that all the rivers in east Prussia have overflowed and that large districts have been flooded, with im-

mense damage to the region inundated.

INSOMNIA MADE HIM CRAZY

Janesville, Wis., Man Hangs Suspended from a Bridge While He Shoots Himself.

MILWAUKEE, Jan. 24 .- A special to the Evening Wisconsin from Janesville, Wis., BAYS:

Albert L. Kavelage, a circuit court reorter for twenty years and a prominent solety man, committed suicide in a sensational manner today. Kavelage walked on o the Court street bridge, climbed over the rail, hung on with one hand, drew a revol-BRUSSELS, Jan. 24.-A royal decree has ver with the other, shot himself in the head nition in view of his work for the repubbeen published accepting the resignations and tumbled into Rock river. To a friend who was passing at the time the suicide of late years have been greatly in the remarked that he had not slept for a week same decree appoints MM. Liebsert and and was crazy. Kavelage left the court poreman, both members of the Chamber of while a case was being heard to commit the delivery at Webster City, Ia., to take effect

SETBACK FOR THE EXPOSITION

Ways and Means Committee Indefinitely Postpones Mercer's Resolution.

STRODE AND STARK LEAD IN THE FIGHT

Member from the Second District Does Some Good Work for the Project, But Falls to Carry His Point.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24 .- (Special Telegram.)-Representatives Strode and Stark were heard this morning in opposition to Mercer's resolution relative to the Greater American exposition. Mercer was heard in support of it. In executive session, on moion of Bailey, the whole matter was in definitely postponed. Sentiment of western Iowa was developed against the measure, both Perkins and Dolliver having filed with the committee protests of manufacturers and jobbers against any further drain of their section in favor of Omaha. Hopkins of lilinois, who has property interests in Omaha and who was heartily in favor of the measure, said after the executive session of the committee had adjourned that it would have been flying in the face of Providence to have done anything else than vote for indefinite postponement. Mercer feels intensely disappointed, as he had polled the committee last week and had found a majority in favor of the measure, and said would, he hoped, prove a valuable lesson to the state that if it ever wanted anything hereafter it would only be accomplished through a united delegation.

Sereno E. Payne of New York, the new chairman of the ways and means committee, vice Nelson Dingley, deceased, presided over

he committee this morning. Strode Airs His Ideas.

Congressman Strode of Lincoln, who was the main speaker for the opposition, said he regretted the unpleasant duty devolving upon him, but citizens of his district were unit in opposition to a further continuance of an exposition at Omaha, and he was there to represent their sentiment. He admitted that the resolution, on its face, contemplated no appropriation on the part of the government, but his years in congress had taught him that these innocent appearing resolutions wherein no money appropriation was asked usually cost the government more dollars than any direct appro-

priation. He said it was immeterial to his constitnency whether an appropriation was asked or not. He only knew that his people were against the resolution because it meant a further drain upon business interests in Lincoin and other towns in his district, which would not be tolerated.

"This movement," said Strode, "is prompted by Omaha business men, who desire to fill their pockets with cash, as they did during the Transmississippi Exposition, and is prompted by wholly seifish motives." In support of his protest he filed with he committee resolutions adopted at a mass meeting of business men and citizens, held in Lincoln Saturday night. He then cited the protest of business men of Omaha. headed by Hal McCord, and said that the names thereon represented half the capital

Congressman Stark of the Fourth district occupied two minutes of time of the investigation with the view of avoiding a re- York, went so far as to say that his people currence of such mistakes, announced on believed the exposition would be a Midway

He thought the exposition of last year was a good thing for the state, but said of the American public should be exploited that a great many people who attended had to such an extent by the sensational press | not yet recovered from the outlay of money expended.

Mercer to the Rescue.

Congressman Mercer took but a few minutes to puncture the remarks of Strode and Stark. He said It was the old fight of the country against the city, which was not confined to Nebraska, but was true of every state in the union. He reviewed the good the Transmississippi Exposition had done for the whole northwest and especially Neof money for permanent investment as well as thousands of people who had never been west before.

"in the history of American expositions," said Mr. Mercer, "the Transmississippl Exand division of the Seine, instructing the position is the only one that has paid out, the first return to the stockholders being an international arbitration court, to take 75 cents on the dollar, and I understand there steps to transform the army from an of- is money in the treasury to pay a remaining

He said the purpose of his resolution was to borrow employes of the government to collect exhibits from the colonies which are now interesting to the American mind, the expense of which was to be borne by the Greater America Exposition association. Congressman Towney wanted to know if

it was the purpose of the exposition company to make the exposition permanent in view of certain features of the resolution making it applicable to the proposed exposi tion law relative to the Transmississippi Ex-

position. Mercer said he did not so understand it, when Strode remarked that the articles of incorporation filed in Lincoln made the life of the corporation six years, running until

Mercer said he knew nothing of this, only knowing that his people were in favor of continuing the exposition, in which a great majority of husiness men of Omaha joined. Upon conclusion of the speeches for and egainst the resolution the committee went into executive session with the result as outlined.

What to do with the government building in the light of the committee's action today is bothering the Nebraska delegation not a little. Mercer wants it donated to the city for a museum or art gallery, while Stark and others want it given to the state for museum, but to remain in Omaha. Whether the state would provide funds for its maintenance is seriously doubted and in view of the fact that it stands on private ground, a donation of land from Herman Kountze must first be had before congress will move

at all. Postoffice Fight Settled.

The nomination of George A. Eckles to be postmaster at Chadron ends one of the most exciting postoffice fights Senator Thurston has had to settle since his term as senator. There were any number of candidates, all leading republicans of lively towns in the sandhills of Nebraska, and the petitions they put on file would fill a bushel basket. There were a number of protests received by Senator Thurston against the appointment of Eckles, but in view of the fact that he had strong support for the Alliance land officthe senator felt that Eckles deserved recoglican party in a county where republicans

An order has been issued establishing free February 1. Carriers were appointed as fol- standing of orders.

lows: William J. Hobacher, Oscar Short and H. A. Harstey; also Louis A. Hoffman, An order has been issued discharging Pri-

Nebraska regiment. C. B. Larson has been appointed post-

master at Hustad, Mitchell county, Ia.; also Ciarence Brothers, at Ploneer, Edmonds county, S. D.

MUSTERS OUT GENERAL OFFICERS.

Honorable Discharge of Brigadiers in Volunteer Rank. WASHINGTON, Jap. 24.—By direction of the president the following named general officers have been honorably discharged from the volunteer army of the United States to take effect on the dates specified, their services being no longer required, by reason of the muster out of volunteer regiments: Major General H. C. Merriam. February 24; Brigadier Generals John M. Bacon, February 24: Edwin D. Sumner, February 24; Wil-Ham W. Gordon, March 24: James R. Watros, February 24; John N. Andrews, February 24; Leonard W. Colby, February 24; Edgar R. Kellogg, February 24; John B. Castleman, February 20; Thomas H. Barber, February 28: John F. Weston, March 24; Eugene Griffin, February 3: John W. Clousk. March 24. Some of the brigadiers are officers in the regular army who during the war accepted volunteer rank. The remainder were appointed from civil life. The latter will trict, says the action of Planch is by no proceed to their homes.

AMBITION" A PIRATED PLAY

Newspaper Man Wins Suit and \$10,000 Damages from Nat Goodwin on Alleged Carleton Play.

CHICAGO, Jan. 24.-John Maxwell, a Chiago newspaper man, was today in the federal court awarded a verdict of \$10,000 against Nat C. Goodwin, the actor, for infringement on Maxwell's play of "Con-

Maxwell claimed that he submitted the play of "Congress" to Goodwin, who, after looking it over, declared he did not want it, but later produced a play called "Ambition," of which Henry Guy Carleton was named as the author, and large portions of which were, according to Maxfell, taken

from "Congress." Judge Seaman had the motion under advisement since Saturday and today he announced that the case must go to the jury to be decided on facts and not a point of

The jury was out but twenty minutes before returning a verdict for the plaintiff. The first vote of the jury resulted in unanimous verdict of guilty, as to the charge that Goodwin pirated Maxwell's play. The next vote was as to the amount of damages. This vote ranged from \$50,000 would be the proper amount and by unanimous vote this sum was agreed upon.

ALL RATES ARE CUT DOWN

Live Stock Reduced to Twenty-Five Cents and Packing House Products to Same East of Chicago.

CHICAGO, Jan. 24 .- With the first day of the coming month 14 cents will be slashed from the export grain rate from Chicago to all Atlantic seaboard points now in effect upon all eastern lines.

This will make the rate from Chicago to patriotic papers by hinting that German gram to mayors of county seats in this the same day the dressed beef schedule will doings in the Philippines were largely re- district. asking as to the sentiment in | be reduced 5 cents per hundred pounds. At sponsible for the delicate relations between their several towns and they were a unit the present time it is 45 cents. One and onethe United States and Germany and that, as against holding another exposition. These half cents will be cut from the corn rate dians, the German foreign office knew nothing of replies be filed with the committee. One from Mississippi river crossings to Atlantic them, it would be advisable to institute an of these replies, that of B. King, mayor of seaboard points. Packing house product rates will be cut from 30 cents to 25 cents. Live stock rates will go down to 25 cents. At present the rate on cattle and sheep is 28 cents and on hogs 30 cents.

All these changes were agreed upon at a meeting of the Central Freight association in this city today. There was some talk, products. Flour usually takes the grain rate. But as the eastern lines now charge only 16 cents as the proportion of the 25cent rate in effect from St. Paul to the seaboard it is not thought advisable to make a further reduction.

Successor to Brice Interests. TOLEDO, O., Jan. 24.-Official circulars announcing the consolidation of the Cincin-

with the powers of a general manager. Mr. Seaman succeeds Mr. Brice in the control t the properties.

Will Not Pay Usual Dividend. NEW YORK, Jan. 24.-A telegram was eccived in this city from President Thomas of the Chattanooga & St. Louis railway announcing that the directors have voted not to declare the usual quarterly dividend, but the surplus earnings should be used to pay for additional equipment and reduce the floating debt.

SHARP SHOCKS AT MEXICO

National Palace is Cracked in Eleven Piaces, Sidewalks Broken and Houses Collapse.

MEXICO CITY. Jan. 24.—Several sharp shocks of earthquake were felt today in the City of Mexico. The first one took place at half past 5 o'clock this morning, the duration being several seconds, and again at 5:15 in the afternoon came a succession o shocks lasting nearly a minute and producing much starm.

People rushed into the streets and knelt praying or flocked under the protecting arch of doorways. Customers in shops held onto counters to support themselves and all the busy life of the great city came to a sudden stop. Many houses were cracked. The national palace was cracked in eleven places and in some places the sidewalks were broken. The electric light wire and telephone ariel cables swung like loose ropes in gale. Coach horses and mules drawing street cars stopped and braced themselves to resist the trembling under their feet. Chamblon's silk factory fell in and it is feared many operatives were injured. The car stables fell in, killing a number of mules and a child. Telegraphic advices show that the earthquake was felt at Vera Cruz and Colina and other points.

BLUNDER IN TRAIN ORDERS

Collision Between Two Great Western Freights Results in Death of Three Trainmen.

The wreck was caused by a misunder-

BRAKEMAN VANDERBURG.

DUBUQUE, Ia., Oan. 24.-A collision be tween two Chicago Great Western freight rains at North Hanover, Ill., resulted in he death of: ENGINEER ALEX THOMPSON FIREMAN MICHAEL DEVEREAUX.

vate Berry A. Hodgins, Company F. Third Ray's Entire Regiment Guards Sugar Planta-

tions Against Vandalism.

CUBAN CAPTAIN PLANCH IS ARRESTED

He with Many Others Are Spreading Trouble in Guantanamo District by Haranguing Workmen to Quit.

GUANTANAMO, Cuba, Jan. 24.-Cuban Captain Scraphin Planch, who applied for and obtained work on the Santa Cecilia sugar plantation near Guantanamo harangued the workmen at noon today and ordered them to leave their work under penalty of arrest and trial by courut-martiel of the Cuban The American troops who were guarding

the plantation arrested Planch and brought him to Guantanamo. On his way he told them that he bad acted under the orders of his own officers, though he refused to give names. Lieutenant Colonel Ray, who is in command of the United States forces in this dis-

means an isolated case. All over the valley are small bands of insurgents who refused to disarm and whose officers will permit their men to work only three days a week, compelling them to report at their camps for duty on the other days. Colonel Ray says that several of these people, tiring of the tyranny of their officers, have been applying to him for protection, which had invariably been granted.

Twenty-three plantations in the Guantanamo district are now guarded by United States troops, the work engaging the greater part of Colonel Ray's regiment, in addition to troops whose headquarters are at Baracoa and other places. He says he cannot understand their motives in burning the plantations unless it is that they are trying to keep the district unsettled. At all events these insurgent bands are extremely impudent.

Major Edward Wilson of Ray's regiment, who was recently called to account for a amounts to \$200 and has tendered a check for the deficit. He stoutly repudiates anything more serious than inadvertence or carclessness, but he has been placed under arrest and may be charged with conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman.

There has been considerable sickness among the troops in the Guantanamo district, many of the mon suffering from malarial fevers. Lieutenant Colonel Ray will recommend the removal of the main to \$1,000, on which an average of \$13,000 garrison to a point in the mountains, twentywas struck. It was agreed that \$10,000 seven miles off, where fevers are practically unknown and where the Spanish authorities invariably sent troops fresh from Spain. Owing to the number of men discharged and on the sick list the regiment is now much reduced numerically, but the officers believe that if the recommendation is approved the number of sick will be reduced by onehalf in less than a month.

> ALERT FOR BRIGANDAGE IN CUBA. lands was not presented for nomination.

Military Authorities Will Deal with Malcontents Like the Indians. a force of cavalry and persistently pursued.

The subject has been carefully considered by old border fighters, who are confident they could catch the brigands. The Seventh cavalry regiment is stationed in the province of Pinar del Rio and the Eighth cavalry regiment in the province of Puerto Principe. The department governors and the commanders of the various divisions have received instructions to keep on the too, of making a reduction on corn and flour alert and to take the first opportunity brigandry affords to show what the soldiers can

do to suppress it. A number of prominent Cubans who have been discussing the Cuban army with the United States army officers claim the United States ought to assist in the payment of the troops or otherwise the privates "will un-

doubtedly commit acts of violence.' Dr. Joaquin Castillo, who arrived here vesterday from the United States, where he nati Northern and the Detroit, Toledo & had been representing the interests of the Milwaukee railroads have been sent out. Santiago Board of Trade at Washington, The circulars are signed by Calvin S. Brice. called on Governor General Brooke. Major showing that the deal was made before General Ludlow, Chief of Police Menocal and his death. Vice President Seaman is also other officials. He says that while in Washa signer and he is to be the acting president intgon he had an interview with President dent of the road. J. B. Flanders of this McKinley, who give him the impression that city is appointed general superintendent. the was in favor of paying at least a part of the claims of the Cuban soldiery.

Major Ladd, chief quartermaster in the department of Pinar del Rio, his arrived with 2,500 picks and 2,500 shovels for road building. He bought them on a telegraphic order from General Davis, governor of that department. General Davis has no money yet to be applied in such purchases, but he will be allotted a certain amount out of the customs receipts by the governor general so as to be able to employ Cuban soldiers. General Diaz, the Cuban corps commander in the department of Pinar del Rio, has been consulted about the hiring of some of his soldiers, but he regards the plan with decided disfavor, insisting that the United States "should not interpose a labor scheme as a substitute for the just demands of the Cuban soldiers for pay."

General Davis, however, will go ahead with the scheme regardless of the opinion of Diaz. La Lucha denies the report that General

Maximo Gomez will shortly leave Cuba and go into retirement in Santo Domingo.

BLACK CATS VISIT ST. LOUIS Missouri and Kansas Lumber Dealers Assemble for Their Annual

Reinxation.

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 24 .- A special train of eleven coaches over the Missouri Pacific started for St. Louis at 11 o'clock today, carrying delegates to the annual convention of the "Hoo-Hoos." or the Missouri and Kansas Lumber Dealers' association, Among the delegates were many visitors from the Nebraska and Northwestern lumber dealers' associations.

At St. Louis they were taken in charge by the Commercial club and other bodies of hat city, and later concluded the work of their convention. The convention was called to order here at 9 o'clock this morning. merely as a matter of form to comply with a provision of the constitution that the gath ering convene in this city, and an adjournment was taken immediately.

BLUE SPRINGS, Neb., Jan. 24.—(Special.) -Among those who returned with the sick members of the First Nebraska was Jesse V. Craig of this city, who reached here Saturday night and surprised his parents, who did not know that he had left the Philippines. While stationed at Manila Craig and several companions made a trip to Japan and he brings home with him many curious

and valuable souvenirs. Craig states that

when he left Manila on December 18 there | City.

Nebraska Reported Bealthy.

INSURGENTS ARE RESTLESS CONDITION OF THE WEATHER

Forecast for Nebraska-

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N	8	n.	711			*:	1	24	- 4	p.	m		**	46
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were fewer cases of sickness among the Nebraska boys than at any time since they landed there.

SENATOR CLARK RE-ELECTED

Has a Walkaway on the First Ballot in the Wyoming Legislature.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Jan. 24.—(Special Telgram.)-The Wyoming legislature today relected Senator C. D. Clark to the United States senate for the six-year term commencing March 4, next. The democrats cast heir votes for J. E. Osborn, the present congressman for Wyoming, in the senate. The vote was: Clark, 13; Osborn, 5. Absent Callaway, democrat, on account of sickness. In the house the vote was: Clark, 4: Osborn, 3; not voting, Nagle, repub-

Senator Clark is 47 years old. He represented Wyoming in congress for two years and was defeated for re-election in 1892. In 1895 be was elected to the senate to fill the vacancy caused by the failure of the legislature of 1893 to elect a senator and the refusal of the United States senate to seat the senator appointed by the governor.

One of the most troublesome questions before the Wyoming legislature was settled in caucus tonight, when the republican members of both houses agreed upon a bounty law, which will be passed at the present session. The bill is not what the stockmen ask for, but is a compromise with which they will be well satisfied. The measure fixes the bounty of coyotes at \$1, an increase of 25 cents over the present bounty, and \$4 on wolves. It was expected there would be shortage in his accounts, admits that this a bitter fight on the measure. The action of the caucus practically settles the mat-

In the lower house consideration of the bill proposing a direct tax upon the output was indicated yesterday. Hayward gainof coal and other mines was indefinitely postponed by a vote of 26 to 4. The measure has been before the past three sessions of the legislature. A petition was received by the present legislature from the coal miners of one. The Hayward gain came in the of Diamondville asking that the bill be defeated.

STEWART WINS IN NEVADA His Opponent, Newlands, is Not Presented for Nomination to

Assembly,

CARSON, Nev., Jan. 24.-William M. Stewart was elected United States senator today on joint ballot, receiving nine votes in the senate and fifteen in the assembly. New-

William M. Stewart was placed in nominntion by Senator Levingston; A. C. Cleve-HAVANA, Jan. 24.-Should Cuben said to what was non-bester by Senator Collings, and take to the woods and turn bandits the Sensor Francisco nominated W. W. Wil- to a second bands. Sensor Prout of Gago committee in further emphasizing remarks New York 181/2 cents and that from Phila- United States military administration will liams. Stewart received 9 votes, Cleveland know what to do. They will be followed by 3 and Williams 2. In the assembly Stewart The same general method will be followed as and Woodburn 1. The surprise of the day The motive of the attempt to get has been followed in dealing with the In- was the withdrawal of Newlands from the fight.

QUAY'S OPPONENTS IN CAUCUS.

Mr. Wanamaker Declares Movement Against Him is Irresistible. HARRISBURG, Pa., Jan. 24.-The anti-Quay republicans held a caucus this afternoon and listened to addresses by John Wanamaker, Former Congressman Huff and

Congressman Dalzell. Mr. Wanamaker declared that the opposition to Mr. Quay is irresistible, supported ler. O'Neill, Schaal, Smith, Spohn-11. House as it is by the people of the state. Every effort, he said, is being made to re-elect Mr. Quay by democratic votes. The caucus decided to meet every afternoon until

the contest is over. Representative Guffle said this afternoon and they will stand by Jenks until Quay hauls down his flag. "At no time, under any circumstances," said he, "will a single democrat vote for or in any way assist in the re-election of Quay."

Ratification of Adjustment of Wage Differences is Accomplished with Rejoicing.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Jan. 24.—Carnegle hall in Allegheny rang with the hymn "America" tonight, in ratification of the settlement of the wage differences which was effected between the coal operators and miners of the states of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Pennsylvania. The settlement means pence for more than 100,000 men and their employers, as far as the general issues are

concerned. The settlement was reached after one of the most notable gatherings in the his- total, 7. tory of the industry. The leaders of both ! sides made a bitter fight and at times it looked as if there would be a split and chaos prevail in the great industry. Tonight every operator and miner was in the best of humor and all left for their homes feeling glad. The only soreness is with the block coal interests of Indiana. Today William Risher, a block coal operator, announced that he desired to change his vote, which had been in favor of adopting the scale. He was a member of the scale committee. His announcement caused no surprise and the remainder of the delegates decided that the settlement should stand in spite of the protest.

LUNATIC COMMITS MURDER torial atmosphere perceptibly, neither is it

Patient Supposed to Be Cared Attacks an Aged and Blind Farmer with an Axe.

CORRY, Pa., Jan. 24.-Ira Crandali, aged years, a blind farmer, was pounded to them, as notwithstanding his announcement death last night with an ax wielded by Em- to the contrary he voted again for Hayward mit Bouton, a crazy resident of this city. Bouton had been in the asylum for about a year, but was discharged some time ago as familiar with the lay of the land readily cured. Last night he became violently in- see that with the exception of the Dougles sane and attacked Crandall with an ax, litcraftly cutting him to pieces. Bouton has ocen locked up.

Alleged Smuggler Arrested. NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—A man who de-ribes himself as James M. Schaefer and ays he was a passenger agent for the Continental lines, with headquarters in Cleveand, was arrested at Hoboken last even-ng on suspicion of smuggling, as he was leaving the steamer Staatendam, on which vessel he had come from Rotterdam. In a belt around Schaefer's waist were found diamond rings, lockets, stick pins and other articles of jewelry. Five pairs of women's kid gloves were also in the belt. He was held in \$1,000 bonds for examination before the United States commissioner at Jersey

FIGHT FOR THE TOGA

Little Change in the Situation Disclosed by Tuesday's Ballot.

HAYWARD'S VOTE REACHES FORTY-THREE

Field Drops Out of the List of Those Receiving Votes.

POPULISTS STAND SOLID FOR ALLEN

Something is Likely to Drop Very Hard in a Day or Two.

HAYWARD'S MEN WORKING FOR A CAUCUS

Some of the Candidates Are Growing Weary of the Struggle, But the End is Not Yet in

Sight.

1st. 2d. 3d. 4th. 5th. 6th. 7th. 58 56 53 51 53 29 36 40 39 41 10 10 10 10 10 Hayward 28 Webster .. 10 Thompson Weston .. Lamb'son Reese Foss Hinshaw Adams ... Cornish Van Dusen Field Dayldhon Valentine Majors .. Little 1

Total ...131 131 129 127 124 126 132 To elect... 66 66 65 64 63 64 67

LINCOLN, Jan. 24 .- (Special Telegram) -In spite of the scares created yesterday by the arrival of Senator Allen and the announcement of a fusion caucus, today's vote shows little change in the senatorial situation. The figures are simply what ing slightly and the fusionists voting solidly for Senator Allen, giving him fiftyeight votes, Senator Howard being the only absentee and Hayward exhibiting a gain person of Senator Fowler, who had previously been voting for Lambertson, making him a total of forty-three votes. While this is two more than yesterday's total, it is explained by the presence of Representative Dittmar, who had been absent

on account of sickness. Only two other changes were recorded Representative Chittenden, who had been voting for Field and was the last to stay with him, swung to Weston, taking Field out of the list and making Weston fourth with his four votes. Israel, who has been swinging round a circle, moved from Reesu

to Lambertson.

Just after the announcement of the result of the first bellet a motion emanating was quickly on his feet to move immediate adjournment and he was responded by eived 15, Williams 8, Cleveland 3, Mason 3 a vote of 78 to 54 in favor of adjournment second vote is not entirely clear, as it is certain that the fusionists would have recorded themselves precisely the same. was probably started simply to give the republicans a scare and at the same time put them on record as to the policy of voting

more than once each day. Individual Vote. The record of individual votes is as fol-

For William V. Allen-Senators Canaday. Dunn, Farrell, Hale, Howard, Knepper, Mil--Anderson of Fillmore, Boulier, Bower, Carton, Cawthra, Cosgrove, Crockett, Cunningham, Dobry, Easterling, Eastman, Elwood, Endicett, Flynn, Fretz, Fuller, Grandstaff, Grell, Gresvenor, Hardy, Johnson, Kiester, Loomis, Lemar, McCracken, McGinley, Memthat the democrats are not on the market minger, Moran, Morrison, Murray, Peck, Siecke, Shore, Smith of Butler, Sturgess, Swan, Tanner, Taylor of Custer, Taylor of Fillmore, Thompson of Clay, Vandegrift, Watson, Weaver, Wheeler, Woodard, Wy-

man, Wright-47-grand total, 58. For M. L. Hayward-Senators Allen, MINERS' TROUBLES SETTLED Arends, Alexander, Barton, Currie, Fowler, Giffert, Halderman, Hannibal, Holbrook, Newell, Owens, Reynolds-13. House-Armstrong, Berlet, Biesner, Blake, Broderick, Chambers, Dittmar, Evans, Fisher, Hall, Haller, Harris, Hastings, Hathorn, Hicks, Nesbit, Pollard, Prince, Rouse, Sandall, Smith of Richardson, Schaible, Smithberger, Scott, Tucker, Walling, Wenzl, Wilcox, Young, Zellers-30; grand total, 43.

For John L. Webster-Senators Crow, Noyes, Van Dusen-3. House-Beverly, Burman, Cox, Detweller, Houck, Myers, Olmsted-7; grand total, 10. For D. E. Thompson-Senators Rocke, Tal-

bot-2. House-Anderson of Lancaster,

Burns, Clark, Harkson, Lane-5; grand

For E. H. Hinshaw-Senator Steele-1. For G. M. Lambertson-Representatives Jansen and Israel-2. For M. B. Reese-Representatives Mc-

Carthy and Thompson of Merrick-2. For J. B. Weston-Senator Prout and Representatives Chittenden, Jones and Hibbert

For C. E. Adams-Representative Mil-

bourn-1. For A. J. Cornish-Senator McCargar-1. For J. H. Van Dusen-Representative Smith of Saline-1.

For F. I. Foes-Representatives Mann and Grafton-2.

Prognostications. Today's ballot does not clear the senaexpected that tomorrow's ballot will show any startling developments. The Hayward men profess to be satisfied with their success in showing gains and promise to continue increasing the vote. may be good, especially if Fisher stays with

today. Looking over the tabulated vote, those delegation, which is still hiding behind Webster, there are only five votes in the field that are not conceded to Thompson. These five are the one given Lambertson, the two votes recorded for Reese and the two votes recorded for Hinshaw and Adams respectively. It is possible that Hayward might get all five of these votes, but it is hardly probable that he can get more than two or three of them, granting always that no caucus is held. A day or two ought therefore to suffice to bring the members into a sharp lineup between Hayward on one side and Thompson on the other, with Webster's ten votes holding off in one cor-

When this time arrives something may be expected to drop. A large number of Hayward men held a