MASON MAKES A PLEA

Country Demands.

ILLINOIS SENATOR AGAINST EXPANSION

Delivers a Set Speech in Support of His the Spaniards out has placed certain respon-Position on the Question.

INSURGENTS ARE ENTITLED TO LIBERTY

and Land.

ASSERTS THAT IMPERIALISM IS A FEVER

Refers to Needs of More Civilization in This Country Before Trying to Extend to Islands Thousands of Miles Away.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10 .- Senator Mason. republican of Illinois, occupied the atten-tion of the senate for nearly an hour and a half today with a speech in support of his expansion I believe in. That is the imhalf today with a speech in support of his resolution declaring that the United States Perialism that Monroe taught us.

Referring to the statements that the manded the attention of the senate and of formed his peroration. Several times spontaneous applause swept over the galleries, but under the stringent rules of the senate and burn their homes because God almighty lt was quelled quickly. It was several minutes after the conclusion of the speech before the senate could proceed with its busifier the senate could be senate fore the senate could proceed with its busi-

It is easy to drift with the tide, but it I have introduced has nothing necessarily republic. I am willing to trust the people, and I want the people to hear both sides of the case before the verdict is rendered. Distinguished editors and statesmen say the republican party favors governing certain pations without the consent of its people. Who dares speak in advance for the party that speaks only in its convention? That party sprang like a young glant from the womb of conscience and made its first fight for human liberty. It has never bowed to storm of expediency and if I may allowed to prophecy, I predict that if the delegates will go in again the rafters will ring again when they demand the same independence for the citizen of the Philippines as they did two years ago for Cuba.

Speaking for Our Own People. Do you say I am speaking for the Philip-pines? Yes, one word for them, and two for ourselves. A black man said to a senator the other eay: "I thank you for speaking of my race," and the senator replied: "I am speaking one word for your race and two for my own; nothing ever dwarfed the white race so much as stooping for a hundred years to keep the black man down." I may appear to speak one word for the Philipnes, but two for my own people when I ead for the broad-minded man who wrote 'All just powers of government are derived from the consent of the governed." You from the consent of the governed." You

ing them. You have not their consent and the proposition of taxation without repre-sentation is made again. Look out for tea Those little semi-social functions Columbia and Yankee Doodle have been heard in the archipelago.

is nothing that satisfies the human mind in enlightened age unless man is governed by his own country and the institutions of

is own government We are now asked to say to the citizens of the Philippines: "You poor, ignorant creatures, you can't govern yourselves; we will extend our commerce and we will do You don't know how to tax yourselves in order that we may continue to exercise our Christian duty to you, we will prevent your exercising sovereignty—we will exercise that function ourselves." Mr. President, they will never learn to govern themselves while we govern them. There is no such thing as teaching the art of self-govroment. For over 100 years every lover of liberty has pointed to this sentence within this resolution. "That all just powers of government are derived from the consent of the governed," as a reason for their fight for This sentence has been a pillar of by night and has stirred the hearts of the oppressed all over the world. In the light of this sentence crowns have fallen into dust and the foundation of republics have been laid. You ask for expansion. See he we have expanded in the time since this sentence was written. Not only have re-publics started up in place of monarchies. but monarchies have themselves gradually broadened into constitutional governments. etting nearer and nearer to the voice of the people. Our own was the first great repub-lic and in the better and broader sense our zuela the brave little republican flag is floating. It may not be striped or starred like our own, but it is born of the spirit of our spirit wherever it floats and it breathes defiance to the monarchies of the world be cause our flag is in our sky and because

doctrine is written forever in the hearts of the people. Cannot Amend a Sentence.

The other day, when the distinguished senator from Massachusetts (Hoar) asked the senator from Connecticut (Platt) what he was going to do with this sentence, that "All ust powers of government are derived from the consent of the governed." he answered, From the consent of some of the governed. Mr. President, when any great cause agi-tating the minds of the people needs for its

defense such shallow and un-American evasions as this, that cause will not live long in the minds of intelligent people. We cannot amend that sentence now and when we shall all have smouldered in forgotten dust this sentence will live and continue to burn. downtrodden and the oppressed.

The Filipino is begging to treat with us s to his own land; he acknowledges our gallant services: there is no honest commercial treaty that an honest nation could ask that are not willing to consent to. The liberty as we did and when 70,000,00 scople have heard their cry for mercy and ndependence the father in New England will plead for the father in Manila; the mother in Illinois will pray for the poor mother in the islands of the sea: the fathers will vote as the mothers pray; the poisoned views of selfishness will have had their run and God help the party that urges war on the native ho defends only his liberties and his home

Ah! Mr. President, have we got to fight and plead for these people as we did for Cuba? Are we to hear Aguinaldo and his followers called robbers and cut-throats, as we heard of the brave Garcia and his fol lowers within the last twelve months in this Why not make them our friends instead of our enemies? Why stingily withjewel of independence? Why not is war as we began it, for human-e? Why not with a free and open d give to them what we have promised

Then have we kept our promise, then have than steel and then can we look squarely

at the Europeans who called us land grab-bers. Pointing to Bedloes' island, we can say: "See, the liberty cap is not a crown; so the goddess has turned on her pedestal so the goddess has turned on her conti-and with her searchlight swept the conti-nent; see, 10,000 miles across the water the next; see, 10,000 miles across the water the Asks the Same Liberty for Filipinos as This seed sown at Concord has taken root there and flaunts its defiant flag of self-govern-ment at the very portals of the Orient."

No Right to Govern Them.

That we have so far assisted the Filipinos and are entitled to fair treatment from them is true; that by taking possession in stress of war of a part of the islands and driving sibilities upon us cannot be denied. But I contend that there is no more right or nethere is of our governing Venezuela, Brazil, Nicaragua or any other South American state without the consent of the people. Certainly we have no more right to govern the Philippines than we have Cuba. There is They Are Justified in Defending Their Homes no such thing as teaching the art of self-government with a Mauser gun. There is but one, and only one, way to learn the art and that is through the gate of responsibility and along the rough and rugged road of

experience.
But distinguished gentlemen who claim a monopoly on patriotism, who don't seem to is prepar observe the difference between expansion Dreyfus. and explosion, say that we, who believe in getting the consent of the governed before we govern them, went to give back the Philippines to Spain. Everyone who makes the statement knows that we want nothing of the sort. Mexico was invaded by the French and we said to them, "Go; it is overed by the Monroe doctrine." France withdrew its troops and the brave, strug-

will never attempt to govern the people of Americans intended to give the Philippines any country without their consent. In many respects the speech was one of the most to be established? Is it to be done hypo-Bession. Rugged in language, pointed and not our men and ships lying off Hollo? Did effective in illustration, Mr. Mason com- not the natives who have been our allies manded the attention of the senate and of drive the Spaniards out? Are they not in the galleries from the first sentence of his homes? Are they guilty of any crime except speech to the apostrophe to liberty which love of home and country? Having worn

But, Mr. President, we are told that we hess on account of the confusion incident to must civilize them. Which part of our civi-the congratulations which many of Mr. lization shall we give them first. Shall we Mason's colleagues hastened to extend to show them how to run municipalities with boodle aldermen? I see the chief of hat great ethical society, known as Tammany It is easy to drift with the tide, but it hall says: "The islands, hold them!" Shall not always safe. The simple resolution we send him to teach the untaught Filipinos. cleanthness and municipal politics? Shall we to do with any treaty, nor do I intend to teach them to worship money or the man speak of any proposed treaty. The resolu- who has it? Shall we have special instruction does not involve a question of law, but tions to teach them how to kill postmasters is a question as to the future policy of this and their wives and children because of republic. I am willing to trust the people, their complexion? Shall we have illustrations showing enlarged pictures of the works of our mobs within the last ninety days in North Carolina, South Carolina and Illinois Shall we teach them how to organize trusts so that one or two men can raise the price of the necessities of life to all the people? Shall we amend and print Lincoln's Gettysburg speech so that it will read, "A gov-

ernment of all of the people, by a part of the people, for a few of the people?"

Gentlemen may say I belittle our own in-stitutions. Oh. no, I simply call attention to the beam in our own eye to prevent, if pessible, our breaking our neck trying to find the mote in the eye of the Filipino 10,000 miles away.

Have we the right to purchase sovereignty?
And if we have such a right, have we the right to purchase it from Spain, who had no right and whose title we have already discredited among the nations of the world? of we purchase the Spanish title of sover-eignty would we then have the trust title? Who wants to govern the Philippine laws here to govern them, 10,000 miles away I never saw their homes. I never spoke with one of them and I don't know their lan-guage. I could not live in their climate; I lon't know their institutions. Who is there write laws to govern these people whose very

language we do not understand?

Ah. Mr. President, the fever has been upor us. Thank God I believe the crisis is past The people have been lashed into fury by the press, the glorious achievements of our army and navy have set the national pulse beating high, but the land-grabbing fever is gradually receding and the unnatural, un-American desire to govern another without his consent, thank God, is not so strong to-

day as it was but a few days since.

Mr. President, I do not expect to escape bitter criticism. I have seen so much of sacrifice on the part of others in all of the past for the cause of liberty I would for sacrifice my seat among you, in which I take great honor, as cheerfully as I would par with a crumb of bread. I have wished for that magnetic strength that would help me of liberty, not Spanish liberty for Cuba, not liberty for you prescribed by me, not libert erty for American, not American liberty for Philippines, but universal liberty, for

which our fathers died. Mr. Mason occupied the attention of the senate for an hour and twenty minutes. His keen sallies and unconventional but forceful style of oratory held the attention of his hearers throughout. Once he was interrupted by Mr. Tillman. Mr. Mason had said that war with the Filipinos was likely within

ten days. Tillman Asks Questions.

Mr. Tillman inquired: "I want to know by what authority the president will begin that war. Until the treaty of peace has been ratified and the cession of the Philippines is completed, does not the protocol Mr. Mason-I so understand it.

Mr. Tillman-Can the president fire a single gun in such a war until this congress shall have taken action—legally, I mean? Mr. Mason-I do not think so.

While Mr. Mason was discussing the state ment of the possible bombardment of lioilo which he said it was currently reported was in contemplation, Mr. Gallinger said as Mr. Mason's wtatement was serious he would like to know upon what information it was based.

"I have some information," replied the Illinois senator, "which I cannot here and now communicate to the senate. What have said, however, is reported, and has been day after day in the dispatches of the Associated Press. I may say that I base my statement upon the report of the Associated

Press. Mr. Gallinger expressed regret that Mr. Mason could not give the source of his most important news, but so far he was concerned he could not accept his unsupported state ment or that of a press association.

"This statement," interjected Mr. White, democrat of California, has been published throughout this country. We all know that when untrue statements which are so published are denied by the administration Instead of a denial it is met with a silence that is alike ominous and convincing. Mr. Gallinger: " Convincing to the senator

from California, but not to me." At the conclusion of Mr. Mason's speech. he was accorded the usual compliment in the senate of cordial congratulations from many of his colleagues and members of the house of representatives, who had heard the speech.

Mr. Kyle, populist of South Dakota, se cured the passage of a bill for the construction of a bridge across the Missouri river

Mr. Bacon, populist of Georgia, had passed the bill for the construction of a bridge over the Savannah river from the ministry would present itself to parliament mainland in Chatam county, Georgia, to Hutchinson's island.

At the request of Mr. Morgan the senate

(Continud on Fourth Page.)

Resignation of One of the Judges Causes Renewal of the Excitement.

BELIEF THAT DECISION IS FAVORABLE

Opponents of the Prisoner Doing Everything Possible to Discredit the Court-Ministry Has Dreyfus' Deposition.

PARIS, Jan. 10 .- The resignation of M. Quesnay de Beaurepaire, president of the civil section of the court of cassation, has revived interest in the Dreyfus case, which has calmed down during the last few days, to the fever point. The anti-Drevfusites are doing everything possible to discredit the court of cassation, as it is generally accepted in the best informed circles that the court is preparing to render judgment in favor of

The cabinet met this afternoon under the presidency of President Faure, who issued a decree accepting the resignation of M. de Beaurepaire, and appointing Counsellor Ballot de Beaurepre to succeed him. The minister of justice, M. Le Bret, an-

pounced that M. Mazeau, the first president

of the court of cassation, will preside over

the criminal section of the court of cassation instead of M. Lowe, when the Dreyfus inquiry is terminated and court meets to take a decision. This step has been taken in consequence of the virulent attacks on M. Lowe, based on the fact that he is a Jew The ministry has received the telegraphic deposition from Dreyfus in which he not only declared he had never confessed that he was guilty to Captain LeBrun-Renault, who had charge of the prisoner at the time of his condemnation and degradation, but insisted that he had always protested his innocence and had intimated after his degradation on the parade ground of the mili-

tary school at Paris his intention to declare

publicly that his innocence would be recog nized in two or three years. It was also cabled from Cavenne that the prisoner denied that he had made any avowals to the director of the prison in which he was confined after his condemnation. Dreyfus added that Colonel Paty du Clam came to him there and asked him if court to recover the sum of \$47,000 which he had not revealed certain documents with the Filipinos claim to have deposited with the view of obtaining others in exchange and Mr. Wildman as treasurer of the Filipino he, Dreyfus, replied that he had not revealed independence fund in June last. The memthe contents of any document. Dreyfus, in bers of the committee further allege that his cabled deposition, concluded with reit- sensational disclosures are probable, showerating that he had made no confession to a ling, they add, that the American governrepublican guard or gendarme, and that, on the contrary, he had always declared that ents by affording them assistance in arms his innocence would be proved in two or and moral influence to co-operate against three years.

Dreyfus Replies to Inquiries. PARIS Jan 10 .- A telegram from Cayenne. capital of French Guiana, has been communicated to the court of cassation, embodying the reply of Dreyfus to questions put to him by the public prosecutor there. Dreyfus energetically denies that he ever confessed that he was guilty to Captain LeBrun H. Renault, in whose charge he was placed at the Ecole militaire at the time of his con-

RE-OPENING OF FRENCH CHAMBERS. All Indications Point to Stormy Ses-

demnation and degradation, and he repro-

sion and Ministerial Crisis. PARIS Jan 10 -The French Chambers reopened today and the Palais Bourbon, where the Chamber of Deputies sits, was crowded. Everything points to a stormy sitting of the Deputies. It is expected that a vote of confidence will be taken and that it will possibly lead to the fall of the ministery. All the streets in the vicinity of the Palais Bourbon are lined with excited crowds, which are kept in order by an imposing force of Republican Guards.

The session was opened at 2:15 p. m. under the presidency of M. Charles Boysset, radical republican. Addressing the Deputies, M. Boysset implored them to put an end to the "painful and dangerous divisions" and to Baucis." again become "calm and self-reliant, side by side with our valiant army."

The Chamber subsequently re-elected M. Deschanel to the presidency of the house by vote of 323 against 187 for M. Brieson. Senator Wallon, the senior member, pre sided at the opening of the senate. He made a speech, pointing out that the present internal troubles of France were not atributable to the constitution and that the moment was very inopportune for a convocation of the "constituent assembly." After the Chamber of Deputies had com-

pleted the election of officers it adjourned until Thursday next.

OUTCRY IN AMERICA PREMATURE. American Attache in Berlin Says No Discrimination Exists.

BERLIN, Jan. 10 .- Prof. Stiles, the scientific attache of the United States embassy here, in an interview today says: present excitement in America on the subject of the meat inspection bill is much greater than circumstances warrant. I am convinced that Germany is endeavoring to act with perfect fairness. I have discussed thor oughly with the highest sanitary officials several important points regarding American onditions which have been totally misconstrued by the German press, and I have in formed them as to the real facts. The present agitation in America is premature and is doing us harm. I advise waiting for the official publication of the text of the bill upon which calm and scientific deliberation s proceeding. I do not believe Germany

will discriminate against America." The Cologne Gazette, discussing the quesion today, expresses the hope that the United States secretary of agriculture will not use his powers against German products without proof that the latter are injurious.

HAS AN ADEQUATE SUPPLY OF MEAT

Count von Posadowsky Says Prohibi-tive Duties Must Be Kept Up. BERLIN, Jan. 10.-The Reichstag reassembled today. Count von Posadowsky Wehner, secretary of the interior and representative of the chancellor, answering an interpellation as to the elleged scarcity o meat in Germany, said it was unfounded He added that the price of beef was about the same as usual, though the cost of pigs and pork had risen in some places to a notable extent. Nevertheless the secretary pointed out the supplies of meat kept pace with the demand and had so increased that importation was unnecessary. The supply of cattle was adequate and therefore prohibitive measures against importation must be maintained in order to prevent the intro

duction of disease. NO MINISTERIAL CRISIS IN SPAIN. Official Announcement by Premier

After Interview with Queen. MADRID, Jan. 10.—The premier, Senor Sagasta, had an hour's audience with the queen regent today and afterwards announced that there was no cabinet crists that he would not submit a vote of confidence and that he believed the present

Special Honors for Iglesias. LONDON, Jan. 10 .- The ceremony with

DREYFUS CASE TO THE FORE in much speculation. One paper says: "It is certainly unusual that our eminent, is certainly unusual that our eminent, haughty foreign office should extend a wetome to such minor potentates. The explanation is that Costa Rica has something o say in the Nicaragua canal, and the president's official welcome goes also to show that the Marquis of Salisbury does not mean to give the United States all Its own way."

PARLIAMENT TO TAKE UP CASE

Much Sympathy Felt for Lieutenant Wark Who Falls to Obtain Release from Prison.

Copyright, 1899, by Press Publishing Co.) LONDON, Jan. 10 .- (New York World Cablegram-Special Telegram.)-Home Secretary Ridley's response to a monster petition for Lieutenant Wark's release by reducing his sentence to three years has created profound disappointment at Liverpool and Woolwich, where Wark is widely known, Further efforts are to be made to obtain his pardon and the whole case will be discussed in Parliament when the session opens Press comments condemn the bome secretary's decision as inconsequential on the ground that Wark was either guilty of constructive murder or was innocent. In the former case they cite that three years is an inadequate punishment and in the latter case he should get free pardon. The feeling is that the home secretary is punishing Wark for immorality, which is no crime, thus weakly following the example of Judge Phillmore, who tried the case. Many papers argue that this miscarriage of justice furnishes the strongest possible argument for an appeal.

Wark is described as physically broken, but is showing much course in bearing up under the terrible ordeal he has gone through. His wife is prostrated by the failure to obtain his release. She was obliged to leave her husband's quarters in Woolwich barracks on Thursday. The utmost sympathy is shown her by all classes, esecially Wark's brother officers, who labored hard to obtain his release.

FILIPINOS BREAK WITH WILDMAN.

Bring Suit to Recover Money Alleged to Be Deposited with Him. HONG KONG, Jan. 10 .- The Filipino com-

mittee has broken off all relations with United States Consul Wildman. The committee today issued a writ in the supreme ment recognized the Filipinos as belliger-Spain, "thus endorsing the agreement made with Aguinaldo at Singapore in April."

PREPARE FOR PATTIS WEDDING. Townspeople Will Make it an Event

in Their Lives.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—Great preparations are being made at Brecon, South Wales, for the marriage of Mme, Patti two weeks from tomorrow (January 25) to Baron Cederstrom, eldest son of the late Baron Claos Erdad Cederstrom. The townspeople will decorate the street and the mayor and aldermen, in their official robes, will receive the wedding it to the church, where the bishop of Mostyn will perform the wedding ceremony. The bride will be given away by Sir George Faudel Philips, former lord mayor of Lon-

Covent Garden Dispute Settled. (Copyright, 1899, by Press Publishing Co.) LONDON, Jan. 10 .- (New York World Cablegram-Special Telegram.)-The Covent Garden dispute has been settled, Faber, lessee of the theater, assigning his rights for \$55,000. The assignment includes the exclusive rights of performances in England of "Derring des Nibelungen," "Tristan und "Die Meistersinger," "Carmen," 'Faust," "Manon" and "Philemon

Earl de Grey and Higgins remain directors. Maurice Grau is still manager in chief. Neil Forsyth will continue secretary and business manager. As the stage of Covent Garden opera house is hopelessly out of date in machinery, the new syndicate has increased the capital from \$75,000 to \$125,000. Build-

ing operations have already commenced. The guarantors of the new venture are Lord Derby, Lord Crewe, Lord Farquhar, voyage, Sir Edward Lawson and another gentleman.

Insist on Release of Prisoners MADRID, Jan. 10 .- Senor Rios, the president of the senate, who was president of the Spanish Peace commission, has been in conference with the minister of foreign affairs, Duke Almodovar de Rios, on the Red book. Replying to a dispatch from General Rios, the commander of the Spanish forces in the Philipine Islands, the minister of war, General Corea, insists upon his securing the release of the Spanish prisoners in the hands of the Philippine rebels

Boy Starves to Death. HAVANA, Jan. 10 .- A boy 12 years of age was found dead of starvation on Delmonte street this morning. Corpora? Harter of Company A, Tenth regiment, found the body on the stones with some candles at its head placed there by strangers' hands.

Spanish Gunboats Take Coal. KINGSTON, Jamaica, Jan. 10 .- The Span sh gunboat fleet, consisting of four vessels. coaling and will sail for Spain today via Martinque. Orders have been received to provide coal for twelve other Spanish ves-

Will Search for Andree. COPENHAGEN, Jan. 10.-A traveler named Daniel Bruun is organizing an expedition to start during the summer to search for traces of Prof. Andree in eastern Greenland.

Four Years for Lese Majeste. BERLIN, Jan. 10 .- The Madgeburg court has sentenced August Muller, editor of the socialist Volkstimme, to forty-eight months mprisonment on the charge of lese majeste.

Stops Channel Steamers. DOVER, Jan. 10 .- The channel service beween this port and Calais has been suspended owing to the heavy seas which are running.

St. Louis Lexow Committee. ST. LOUIS, Jan. 10 .- A special to the Post Dispatch from Jefferson City, Mo., says Lieutenant Governor Bolte today appointed the members of the committee provided for in the resolution of Senator Major for the nvestigation of the municipal government f St. Louis. The committee is composed of four democrats and two republicans. members of the committee are Senators Major of Pike, Walker of St. Charles, Child ers of Hickory, Hohenschild of Phelos Matthews of St. Louis and Burkhead of

Douglass. Recruits Ordered to the Third. MILWAUKEE, Jan. 10.—Captain W. L. Cooke, in charge of the Third infantry recruiting station in this city, has been ordered, together with his party, to report to headquarters at Fort Snelling as soon as possible. It is believed the order is the forerunner to the immediate removal of the Senor Rafael Iglesias, the president of Costa Third regiment to San Francisco, enroute Rica, has been published here, and is caus- i to the Philippines.

AGUINALDO IS COMING DOWN

Seeks a Conference to Learn the Aims of This Government.

GENERAL OTIS ACCEDES TO THE REQUEST

There is a Frank Discussion of the Policies and Desires of the United States and the

Filipinos.

LONDON, Jan. 11.-The Manila corre spondent of the Morning Post says: "There was an important conference last vening between duly authorized America and Filipino committees at the instance of Aguinaldo. The latter appointed General Flores, Colonel Aquilles and Senor Torres Major General Otis appointed General Hughes, Colonel Smith of the California reg iment and Judge Advocate Crowder. "General Otls said the purpose of the conference was a mutual understanding of the

policies, aims and desires of the people of the United States and of the Philippines. There was a frank discussion." WASHINGTON, Jan. 10 .- It can be stated on authority that such news as has been received from General Otis today is rather reassuring than otherwise as to the situation in the Philippines and that he made no al-

lusion to a hostile collision. He has been instructed to use gentleness in dealing with the insurgents and to advise and co-operate with Admiral Dewey. There is some reason to believe that the present situation may be protracted longer than would be naturally expected and that there will be no open hostillties immediately, if at all. The question has arisen here as to the ex-

act purpose to be served in attempting to seize Iloilo. Originally it was intended to release the Spanish forces there besieged, but by their evacuation of that place they have removed that incentive, and were it not for the false encouragement it would give the insurgents there is no doubt that the United States troops would not be moved against Iloilo. Meanwhile a cordon is expected to be

drawn around the island of Panay and also Luzon, should it be deemed necessary to prevent the further supply of arms and munitions to the insurgents. Probably the gunboats now there, or enroute there, will be reinforced by the Machias, Minneapolis and Vicksburg.

STEAMER ST. PAUL ARRIVES found hatred, raised his voice and asked Big Liner Meets with an Accident of his bridge bill, also providing for the con-Which Delays Its Journey Across the Atlantic.

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.-The belated American line steamer St. Paul, Captain Jameson, which sailed from Southampton on January it would not take nearly so long to pass his ter county's seven votes will be cast as a 1, arrived at Quarantine at 6:30 this even- bill as it did his colleague's and Hoar-re- unit for D. E. Thompson. ing after an eventful and unusually stormy serving his opposition for other measurespassage. The St. Paul left Southampton Kyle's bill accompanied Pettigrew's to the shortly after noon and entered the channel in the teeth of a fresh west southwest gale, with heavy breakers. On the 2d the wind sea. On the 3rd the wind increased in fury of the department showing the average in and blew with terrific force.

At noon of this date the ship's position party at the rail ay en. to on the arrival being latitude 5.17, longitude 22.02. Chief and is quietly doing effective of the train from Craig-y-Nos and escort Engineer Hunter, who was making his usual Greater America exposition. inspection of the steamer's engines, discovered a flaw or crack in the main steam pipe supplying the starboard engine. Captain Jamison was quickly notified about the condition of the steam pipe, and it was decided to reduce the pressure of steam on both engines to 100 pounds, just one-half the engines' capacity when running full

The steamer proceeded on its voyage, making twelve and a half to fourteen knots per hour, as the state of the weather permitted. During the remainder of its passage a careful watch was kept on the disabled steam pipe, which showed no further weakness. During the following days the St. Paul experienced most tempestuous weather, gales shifting with high seas.

The passengers on the St. Paul, on being informed of the accident to the steam pipe and a somewhat protracted voyage in consequence, took the matter good naturedly and on their arrival at quarantine complimented Captain Jamison and Chief Engineer Hunter and his staff for their good seamanship in bringing the steamer to port after a perilous

The St. Paul, after a brief inspection by the health officers at quarantine, proceeded to its dock about 7 p. m. It brought 190

TRUST COMPLIES WITH LAW MARYVILLE GRIP

National Biscuit Company Settles Its Case with the Attorney General of Ohio.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 10.-The National Biscuit company, through its president, Ben Crawford, today met Attorney General Monett and a settlement of the suit of ouster recently filed in the supreme court was arranged, under which the proceedings are expected to be dropped. The company complied with the first and second classes in the action by paying into the state treasury a fee of \$1,100 for the privilege of doing busiin the state. President Crawford assured the attorney general that if the company's mode of doing business was in violation of the Ohio trust laws it would modify the system so as to comply. This will satisfy the remaining clause in Mr. Monett's action.

MOULTON IS TURNED DOWN

He Cannot Get Along with General Ludlow and is Ordered to Return to His Regiment.

HAVANA, Jan. 10.-Colonel G. M. Moulon of the Second Illinois regiment, who has been in command of the Havana police, has been relieved of police duty and will go to his regiment. He will deliver up the papers of his department to John Gary Evans, who, apparently, is to be mayor of Havana, and a Cuban chief of police will robably be appointed at once.

ORDER DISCHARGE OF VOLUNTEERS

Three of Third Nebraska to Go and One Forty-Ninth Iowa. WASHINGTON, Jan. 10 .- (Special Telerram.)-Instructions directing the discharge of the following volunteers have been confirmed: Privates Royal E. Forby and Harry M. Pickard, company G, and Charles W. Stotzen, Company M. Third Nebraska also Private Burton W. Cole, Company M. Forty-ninth Iowa. An order was issued today removing the

postoffice at Pawnee, Neb., to Harry Nichols building; rental \$175 a year. C. J. Cummings was today appointed postmaster at Montrose, McCook county, S. D.

Cubans Accepting Office

NEW YORK. Jan. 10.—A special from Havana says: It is announced that Perfecto Lacoste, who was president of the Havana junta, will be named as alcaide, or mayor. General Menocal will accept a position under General Ludlow. By placing Cubans in have been received.

CONDITION OF THE WEATHER UNIT FOR THOMPSON

Forecast for Nebraska-

Hour. Deg. 5 a. m..... 30

6 n. m..... 30

7 m. m..... 30

8 a. m..... 30 9 a. m..... 31

11 a. m..... 31

Threatening Weather; Easterly Winds

Hour. Deg 1 p. m..... 31

Temperature at Omaha yesterday:

prominent positions some of the responsibility for minor positions will be shifted to

LINCOLN MAN IS APPOINTED

Charles E. Magoon Named for Solici-

tor for Customs and Insular Di-

vision in War Department.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10 .- (Special Tele-

gram.)-Assistant Secretary of War Meikle-

john has appointed Charles E. Magoon of

Lincoln, Neb., solicitor for customs and in-

sular division of the War department,

of which division Mr. Meiklejohn is head.

Mr. Magoon owes his appointment to the

personal friendship of the assistant secre-

tary, who has great confidence in his ability

office is a new one and is not permanent,

being made necessary by many legal ques-

cupation of Cuba and our new island pos-

essions.

ions being raised by reason of military oc-

There was an interesting scene on the

loor of the senate today which was highly

difying to those who knew the relationship

between the participants. Senator Petti-

grew, just as the hour for closing the moru-

ing business came, got the eye of President

Frye pro tem, and asked the unanimous con-

sent for the consideration of his bill to con-

struct a bridge across the Missouri river at

Chamberlain, S. D. It was an innocent look-

ing measure which had been reported an

hour before from the committee on com-

merce. There was no objection and after

reading the committee amendment to the

bill, providing that the bridge will have to

be commenced within one year and com-

pleted three years from March 13, 1899, the

Senator Kyle, who had come into the chamber as the reading of Pettigrew's bill

progressed, edged over toward the center of

the chamber and as the president announced

the third reading of the bill and placed it

on its passage the elongated statesman from

South Dakota, who hates Pettigrew with pro-

unanimous consent for the consideration

struction of a structure across the Missouri

Senator Hoar was inclined to object, but

Wreck Succumb-Other Injured

NEW YORK, Jan. 10 -As far as can be

ascertained today the total victims of the

Lehigh Valley collision at West Dunellen,

N. J., yesterday number ten. Three died

during the night. They were two uniden-

At the Muhlenberg hospital, Plainfield, it

was said today that all the seventeen in-

jured there had passed a fairly good night.

hard to ascertain with certainty their con-

dition or even location. It is possible that

three women to be identified. The authori-

ties of Middlesex county, in which county

the accident occurred, are making an at-

A special train brought a delegation from

Shamokin which will try to identify the un-

recognized dead. While the train was pass-

ing over the bridge near Bound Brook it

ran over and killed James Bond, a carpenter

Whole Families Prostrated and Fully

One Thousand People Are

Afflicted.

MARYVILLE, Mo., Jan. 10 .- (Special

verely from the epidemic of la grippe than

now or have been affected with it. He

says that it manifests itself in various

ways and attributes its great prevalence

to the climate, which is extremely favorable

to its spread. In many cases it has devel-

oped alarming tendencies, bringing on

pneumonia and tonsilitis quite frequently.

Entire families are down with it and every

doctor in town is kept busy night and day

answering calls. Nothing like it was ever

Governor of Minnesota Accepts Re-

fusal of Great Northern Railroad

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 10.-One of the

ast acts of Governor Clough before his

retirement from office was to cancel the

deed for 271,565 acres of land made by State

tendered to the Great Northern railroad to

fill the land grant of that road. The com-

pany claimed that the lands were worthless

and refused to accept them, demanding new

The cancellation was preceded by a vo-

luminous correspondence and was first made

public today in a communication from the

state auditor to the state senate. Action

has, however, been taken to have the courts

pass upon the legality of the entire pro-

ceeding and a long contest in the courts is

Son of Charles Reid, a Stockman,

Shoots Sam Sullivan in

a Row.

telegram tonight from Douglas, Wyo.,

killed a colored man named Sam Sullivan

Auditor Bierman as land commissioner, and

to Take Certain Lands.

DEED

experienced here before.

selections.

assured.

CLOUGH CANCELS A

tempt to fix the responsibility.

employed by the Lehich.

tifled men and a woman.

Doing Well.

neasure was passed.

river at Oacoma.

house.

perform the services of the position. The

Lancaster's Seven Votes to Go to Him for the

United States Senatorship. 2 p. m..... 83 3 p. m..... 33 4 p. m..... 33 5 p. m..... 32 MATTER IS SETTLED BY AGREEMENT

9 p. m..... 32 7 p. m..... 32 This Decision Does Not Apparently Dis-9 p. m..... 32 hearten Other Candidates.

HAYWARD'S FOLLOWING IS NOT AFFECTED

Other Lancaster County Barkises Propose to Be in at the Finish.

DOUGLAS COUNTY PLEDGED TO WEBSTER

Where it Will Go When that Gentleman's Boom Collapses No One is Yet Able to Predict with Certainty.

LINCOLN, Jan. 10 .- (Special.) -Almost ah

the legislative members are again on deck and their presence naturally enlivens the senctorial canvass. All the avowed senatorial aspirants are on the ground with the exception of ex-Congressman Hainer, who left today, but will be back shortly. So far as arriving at the solution of the problem the political weather prophets are almost as much at sea as ever, although the atmospheric conditions have undergone one perceptible change. It has been admitted all along that the situation would depend in a large degree upon the position taken by the three large counties-Douglas, Lancaster and Gage. The latest turn of the wheel has disclosed what Lancaster will do with its seven votes and to that extent let

in light upon darkness. Up to this time it has been asserted that the Lancaster delegation would be found divided among the four Lancaster candidates. It is undisputed that Lambertson. Field, Reese and Thompson each has friends among the representation from this county who would vote for them if free to express their individual preference. The pressure has been from the first to consolidate this vote upon one of these candidates under the plea that Lancaster county could not expect to capture the senatorship until its own delegation agreed among themselves which one they wanted. Several conferences have been held within the last two weeks without reaching a definite conclusion. The chief trouble was to get all the members into a caucus whose verdict would be ac-Kyle, with entreaty in his eye and a pacifica- cepted and abided. The decisive agreement tory inclination of his head, remarked that has now been reached, however, and Lancas-

the other candidates, who have not been Senator Allen passed a joint resolution toslow in ascertaining the facts despite the day authorizing the secretary of agriculture utmost effort to keep them secret. still blew from the west, with a heavy to prepare a report from data in possession friends of Judge Hayward say that it will not affect his following in the least because fluctuation from year to year in farm prices. they have been conceding Lancaster solid to William Hayden of Omaha is in the city Thompson. They profess to believe that if being latitude 5.17, longitude 22.02. Chief and is quietly doing effective work for the anything it will strengthen their lines by confirming the Hayward men in their choice. As to the three Lincoln candidates, Lam-TOTAL DEAD NUMBER SIXTEEN bertson, Field and Reese, they insist they ere by no means discouraged and that they Three More Victims of Lehigh Valley are still in the race. They think their turn will come if the Lancaster delegation should find itself unable to make their present

This action of the Lancaster delegation, of

course, elicits considerable comment among

Lancaster man or let the prize go to another county. Douglas County's Vote.

choice and be forced to agree on some other

As to Douglas county, its vote during the complimentary stage is conceded to John L. Webster. The interest therefore lies in the direction it may take when the Webster candidacy is exhausted, which is not expected to take long. As yet no effort The injured are so scattered that it is has been made to get the ten Douglas men to jump in a body, so unless some such agreement is reached within the coming one of the unidentified dead is R. Weikel of Shamokin, Pa. This leaves the bodies of week they may be expected to separate in the distribution of their favors.

When asked the question today how many votes he expected outside of Douglas county, John L. Webster replied: "I don't know. That is what I have been down here for a week trying to find out." So far as Gage county is concerned, those who profess to know say its four votes will be split, one going to J. B. Westen, one to Hayward and two to Thomp-

EPIDEMIC A number of wild guesses have been printed, purporting to show how the republican legislators will line up on the first ballot for senator, but none of them are accurate and none can be accurate. There is quite a number of members who have not announced how they will vote and Telegram.)-It is doubtful if any place in some of them unquestionably have not yet the United States is suffering more sereally made up their minds. Judge Hayward is the strongest of the candidates Maryville. Maryville has a population of with D. E. Thompson second and a field about 5,000 and a leading physician says numerous almost beyond computation. today that not less than 800 or 1,000 are There is, however, a strong sentiment against any senatorial caucus, at least until the lay of the land has been dis-

closed by a few days' balloting. Age of the Candidates.

Some of the political on-hangers have been trying to make capital for their respective candidates by saying that Judge Hayward is too old to serve in the position. Judge Hayward says openly that he is 58 years of age and his friends think no senator should be younger. Judge Reese and J. B. Weston are probably older, John L. Webster and Captain C. E. Adams are each 52, Judge Lambertson is 49, ex-Congressman Hainer 48, Judge Field 45, D. E. Thompson 44, while E. H. Hinshaw, who is 38, is probably the youngest man who will be voted for.

In this connection one of the candidates has been rudely shocked. "This age business works both ways," he says. "Most people must picture a senator as a man of ripe experience and fine dignity, though they want a certain amount of energy and vim. I thought I was just the right age, but when I tried to persuade another man to that view he came back at me with the remark. 'Welt you are scarce 50 and pretty well preserved. Don't you think you are young enough to wait and give somebody else a show now?

Committee Appointments.

The Douglas county members appear to be fairly well satisfied with their committee appointments. As finally announced the list agrees with what they had been given to understand was coming to them and what FATAL SHOOTING AT DOUGLAS was outlined in advance in The Bee. Senator Van Dusen's capture of the judiciary committee is particularly regarded as a feather in Douglas county's cap and is hailed with delight by a number of his legal associates of the Douglas county bar who CHEYENNE, Wyo., Jan. 10 .- (Special came down to help him shake the plumb. Telegram.)-Governor Richards received a Senator Crow's position at the head of the constitutional amendment committee also stating that George Reid, the 14-year-old gives him a good opportunity to leave an

son of Charles Reid, a stockman, shot and impress upon the statute book. In the house the committee chairmanables in a row today. No details of the affair allotted to Douglas county are all influential and each has membership in important com-