

SPANIARDS ARE SORE

Pose Before the Public in the Role of Suffering Martyrs.

RIOB AND OJEDA CONFINED TO BEDS

Bitter Comments Concerning President McKinley's Reference to Maine.

CLAIM IT HURTS SPAIN'S REPUTATION

Trouble Prophesied for United States in the Philippine Islands.

DONS FORESEE ALL KINDS OF WOE

Future Relations of the Two Nations Must Develop Themselves, as Spain is Not Ready to Give the Glad Hand.

PARIS, Dec. 9.—Senator Montero Rios, president of the Spanish peace commission, and Senator Ojeda, secretary of that commission, are still confined to their beds.

When a correspondent inquiring whether it will be signed before Monday, the Americans held their usual session this morning.

The Spaniards continue making bitter comments concerning President McKinley's reference to the Maine.

Asked why the Spaniards refused to grant the United States a coaling station in the Caroline Islands, Senator Garcia said:

"The fact that you represent all the American and English papers is really a reason why I should say nothing.

As to the influence of the press, I have no doubt, it is substantially correct. The exact number of articles is still undetermined.

It depends upon how Secretaries Ojeda and Moore divide the treaty. It may be in twelve or twenty articles.

The Americans are to say the indemnity within three months of the ratification. We shall appoint consuls in Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippine Islands without delay.

The Cuban consul will be accredited to the powers that be. The Spaniards refused to grant the United States a coaling station in the Caroline Islands.

Senator Garcia was then questioned as to the future of the Philippines and he said: "The United States has inaugurated a policy which will bring it much trouble and many responsibilities.

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NOT THE PLACE FOR A VISIT

Kaiser Does Not Care to Have the Crown Prince Come to This Country.

Quick Action Thought Necessary to Save Oriental Commerce.

SHANGHAI, Dec. 9.—John Barrett, formerly United States minister to Siam, has returned here after visiting Peking and the principal Chinese ports.

He says the situation in China is of the most critical nature and that Manchuria is no longer Chinese.

He asserts that New Chung, the chief northern port for the movement of American products, is also practically Russian and is liable to be closed any day.

He is a permanent safeguard to the paramount American and British interests in the Far East.

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STANDS TRUE TO THE LAST

Royal Artilleryman Sticks to His Partner in an Intrigue.

Refusal to Desert the Woman with Whom He Sinned Places Him Under the Shadow of the Gallows.

FAITHFULNESS BRINGS DEATH SENTENCE

LONDON, Dec. 9.—A New York Cablegram—Special Telegram.—The case in which Lieutenant Wark of the Royal Artillery has been sentenced to death for aiding and abetting Miss Yates, a Liverpool woman of good position, with whom he was carrying on an intrigue in performing an illegal operation, which resulted in her death, has created a widespread sensation.

Wark is an Irishman, 46 years of age and married. He enlisted as a private soldier at 20 years of age and served with distinction in the Afghan war. While stationed at Liverpool he met Miss Yates, who was a pupil of a riding school of which Wark was principal.

At the trial no such scene has been witnessed since the famous Maybrick trial. The evidence showed that Wark tried first to dissuade Miss Yates from undergoing an operation, but when she insisted he said he would stand by her to the end.

When the jury returned a verdict of guilty, Wark addressed the court, protesting his innocence, saying that because he had chosen to stick to Miss Yates like a man he now found himself convicted, though it is a relief to be free of her.

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PRINTERS GIVE GLAD HAND

Warm Welcome for President Donnelly of International Typographical Union.

SWEETHEARTS AND WIVES AMONG GUESTS

Members of the Craft in Omaha and Vicinity Vie with Each Other in Making the Visitor Feel at Home.

Over 200 banqueters sat about the tables spread in the hall of the Central Labor union last evening to welcome Samuel B. Donnelly of New York city, president of the International Typographical Union, to this city.

The guests were principally members of the printing and allied trades and their wives and sweethearts, with a few distinguished visitors from other walks of life. The hall was prettily decorated for the occasion and an orchestra played during the dinner.

Four long tables were extended across the hall and at right angles with the second table was the speakers' table. S. S. Smiley, president of the local typographical union, presided and introduced the speakers. At his right sat the guest of the evening, William Maupin, then read an original bit of rhyme.

Victor Rosewater, managing editor of The Bee, was the last speaker. He said he was glad to meet in warmly welcome Mr. Donnelly to Omaha, even though so many towns in the state had thermometers registering twenty degrees below zero.

He corrected Mr. Sturges' statement that the interests of employer and employee were diametrically opposed, each ought and should fight for his own interests. He stated that gentlemen's election to the International Typographical Union is a fact that is gratifying.

The reception committee follows: J. K. Fisher, George Eddy, Robert Allen, J. R. Lewis, William C. Boyer, Patrick Boyle, Frank Devoe, Carl Reiner, M. J. Cullough, Sam Woodbridge, Harry Haskell, C. C. Boyer, Louis Hawkins, V. B. Kinney and M. J. Buckley. Lincoln printers were represented by Messrs. Foxworthy and Staff.

Council Bluffs sent a delegation of a dozen heavy men, headed by Messrs. Simmons. The South Omaha crowd came in with Messrs. B. G. Smith and Frank Hart. A pleasant feature of the banquet was the presence of the women. It was the first typographical banquet in this city at which the women guests were seated at the tables with the men, while others looked after the serving of the dinner.

On account of their presence cigars were not lighted until the party adjourned and nothing stronger than coffee was served. Welcomes the Guest.

When President Smiley had rapped for order he introduced T. F. Sturges, who replied briefly to the toast, "Our Guest." In part he said: "We are proud of our union. We have level-headed, conservative men at the head of it. During the last week there has been a great deal of talk about the interests of the two are diametrically opposed, we have always been able to get along well, and because the union has represented by conservative men the employers have always been slow to consider. Past differences are now forgotten and there is not a ripple to disturb the smooth sailing before us."

W. C. Boyer of the local union was called upon to tell of the western printer. He described him as a hardy, rough and ready Missouri river printer. This is important, the western printer learns by a harder lesson than his eastern brother. He has no type foundry around the corner, where he can buy a new type at a moment's notice. The western printer is a business man. He succeeds in everything he undertakes, almost everything. He is a hustler. We have the national printer's home in the west and have furnished supplies to presidents and expect to supply the rest."

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TEXAS IS BLIZZARD SWEEP

Storm is Fiercest in Years and Principal Damage Done is to Trains, Tracks and Wires.

DALLAS, Tex., Dec. 9.—Texas was blizzard-swept last night and today. All kinds of weather—rain, hail, sleet, snow and a driving wind—have prevailed. The snowfall in western Texas and the Panhandle district is very heavy and traffic has been delayed or stopped. Fourteen inches are reported from several places in the Panhandle and in northern, eastern and central Texas the fall is about four inches. All unpecked cotton will suffer greatly, but the snow almost assures a fine wheat crop, of which cereal crops are largely increased average.

Tonight it cleared and cold, the temperature having fallen several degrees since morning. It is the earliest blizzard in Texas for a number of years. No losses of live stock have yet been reported. It is not believed the damage to this industry will amount to much, as range cattle are reported in good condition and able to stand severe weather. Reports from the Indian Territory say the storm in that section was very severe.

STORM SWEEPS THE COAST Extends from Northern Border to Texas and Shipping Everywhere Suffers. SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 9.—The storm which raged all over the Pacific coast last night and today was one of the most severe ever recorded by the weather bureau. It extended from the northern border down to Texas and from the Pacific as far east as Nebraska. In this city the wind attained a velocity of forty-five miles an hour, but at Point Reyes, right in the teeth of the gale, the wind swept along at ninety-six miles an hour. Considering the great velocity of the wind the damage done to shipping was very slight and \$10,000 will pay for everything, including the charges of tow boat men for extracting vessels from dangerous positions.

DENVER STILL SHIVERING Thermometer Scores a Low Point of 19 Below Zero—Clear Weather Prevails. DENVER, Dec. 9.—With a temperature of 19 degrees below zero Denver was the coldest point in the west today, with single exceptions of Valentine, Neb., which reported a record of 20 below. At Cheyenne, Wyo., it was one degree warmer than in Denver. The weather is fair, but the indications are that it will not be much warmer for a day or two.

FIVE POWDER MILLS WRECKED Car Loaded with Explosives Upsets and Friction of Wheels Adds the Spark. WILMINGTON, Del., Dec. 9.—Three men were killed and eight injured, three probably fatally, by the explosion of a press mill and four grinding mills in the Hagley yard of the Dupont powder works, a few minutes after 10 o'clock today.

The dead are: ROBERT B. BERRY, 45 years of age, married, leaves a widow and four children; JOHN WRIGHT, 50 years of age, married, leaves widow and five children. The seriously injured are: Thomas McCann, John Mulhern, Samuel Stewart, Thomas Knox, James McLaughlin, Michael Maloney.

Of the injured men Stewart, McCann and Mulhern are in the most serious condition. Immediately after the explosion every Wilmington physician who could be communicated with was summoned to the scene of the explosion, to render aid to the wounded. The explosion occurred in the press room of the Hagley, or lower yard works. A car load of powder that was being wheeled into the room was accidentally overturned and the wheels, running into the loose powder, caused a friction that set the powder afire. The explosion quickly followed, all the powder that was in the press room going off in five successive detonations. The shock of the explosion shattered windows and damaged property in all directions.

FOLLOWERS OF BOOTH MEET Receipts for Work Carried on by Volunteers of America During Year Are \$15,226.84. NEW YORK, Dec. 9.—The second annual meeting of the Grand Field council of the Volunteers of America, which has been in session here for the last three days, finished its labors today. There were twenty-two out of twenty-seven delegates from the different regiments and units of the organization. The rules of the organization have been changed so that hereafter each council will have a right to send a lay delegate to this council, which will give members of the organization a voice in the affairs of the Grand Field council.

The uniform of the women members has been ordered changed from the cadet blue worn to the cadet gray color. In warm weather a white waist will be worn with a gray skirt. To further distinguish the members of the Salvation army it was decided to have a smaller bonnet and the top of it will be rolled backward. From today Ballington Booth will be designated as "General" Booth. It was decided that this title was more in keeping with the military organization of the volunteers than that of commander.

The report of the treasurer shows a cash balance of \$345.89. The receipts for general work were \$15,226.84. The receipts for the social or prison work were \$7,715.34, all of which was expended.

MAY STRIKE ON GRAND TRUNK Grievances of Order of Railway Telegraphers Taken Up by the Railway Organizations. ATLANTA, Ga., Dec. 9.—W. V. Powell, grand chief of the Order of Railway Telegraphers, left Atlanta tonight for Montreal, where he goes in an effort to settle the present dispute between the managers of the Grand Trunk system and their operators. The trouble has not yet resulted in a strike, but indications at present point to a break in the relations between the company and their men.

CONDITION OF THE WEATHER

Forecast for Nebraska—Probably Warmer; Variable Winds. Yesterday's temperature at Omaha:

Table with 4 columns: Hour, Deg., Hour, Deg. Rows include 6 a.m., 7 a.m., 8 a.m., 9 a.m., 10 a.m., 11 a.m., 12 m.

spoke of the great assistance the printers had given to the business of organized labor employed in building the Transmississippi Exposition and paid a high compliment to Fred M. Young of the Pressmen's union, who was the laboring men's representative on the exposition directory. "The head of the Department of Buildings and Grounds recently said that this exposition was the cheapest and best constructed ever known. Although he didn't mean it that way, he thereby paid the highest compliment ever extended to trades unionism."

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MANILA IS PEACEFUL

All is Quiet in the Chief City of the Philippines.

BETTER SPIRIT IS SAID TO EXIST AMONG THE FRACTIONS OF THE NATIVES.

GOOD REPORTS FROM DEWEY AND MERRITT

BETTER SPIRIT IS SAID TO EXIST AMONG THE FRACTIONS OF THE NATIVES.

NOT SO PUGILISTIC AS THEY WERE

This Simplifies the Situation with Regard to Spanish Prisoners.

INSURGENTS UNLIKELY TO MAKE TROUBLE

Release of the Captives, It is Believed, Will Be a Comparative Easy Task—Officers and Soldiers on Parole.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—The Navy department has received a telegram from Admiral Dewey summarizing the existing conditions at Manila and such points in the Philippines as have been visited by his officers. Admires have also been received from General Otis, the commandant of the United States military forces in the islands, and the body go to show a notable improvement in conditions and the growth of a better spirit among these factions of the natives which promised to give trouble.

This fact is particularly gratifying, as the United States government is already giving considerable attention to the best means at hand to reduce the pledge it will be placed under by the treaty of Paris to secure the release of the Spanish prisoners held by the Philippine natives. There are about 500 clerical prisoners and the government is confident their captors will deliver them up on proper representations from General Otis and Admiral Dewey. It may be necessary to call the navy into service in this matter, for the reason that some of the prisoners are held in captivity on other islands than Luzon, which can be reached best, and most effectively by Admiral Dewey's fleet.

Besides these clerical prisoners the Americans themselves hold nearly 15,000 Spanish prisoners—men captured at the fall of Manila. These are actually on parole about the city and the question is, how are they to be returned to Spain. This must be settled by the peace commissioners in Paris.

News from Manila. MANILA, Dec. 9.—The United States transport Fenwick has arrived here from San Francisco. Private Fred Banell of the Twentieth Kansas died of typhoid fever on board the transport Indiana and was buried at sea. The Army and Navy club has been organized here with Colonel Smith of California as president.

The French transport Cachmir has arrived here for the purpose of repatriating Spaniards. FIRST TO MARCH IN HAVANA Two Hundred and Second New York Reaches Cuban Metropolis on Minnewaska. HAVANA, Dec. 9.—The first United States troops to march through Havana will be the Two Hundred and Second New York regiment, which, with band playing and colors flying, will march Sunday afternoon from the San Juan wharf, after landing there from the transport Minnewaska, through the heart of Havana to the Western railroad station. The line of march will be through the Prado and Central park. These troops will be sent to Pinar del Rio province.

General Davis with the general headquarters staff and one battalion, will be at Pinar del Rio city, the regimental headquarters, and the Second battalion will be at Guanajay. The Third battalion will be stationed at Mariel and the Higgins Signal corps will be quartered at the City of Pinar del Rio. The troops will remain on board the Minnewaska tonight.

SAILOR DIES VERY COOLLY Anderson, Convicted of Killing His Mate, Maintains Innocence to the End. NORFOLK, Va., Dec. 9.—The death warrant was read this forenoon to John Anderson, condemned to be hanged this afternoon for the murder of the mate of the Olive Becker. He was calm and said he went ready to go. "I shall die and go into the presence of God without blot or blemish on my soul," he solemnly declared. Representatives of the Anatomical Society of Virginia made a proposition for the body. Marshal Treat answered: "No sir, nothing less than an order from the attorney general of the United States will get it." Anderson was hanged at 3:10 and died easily.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—Anderson's crime has attracted widespread attention, being a sea tragedy of singular romance and atrocity. The schooner Olive Becker sailed from Boston last night for a point on the river Platte, Brazil. When 150 miles off the coast of Brazil, Anderson, a Swede, had an altercation with the captain. When the latter retired to the cabin he followed and shot the captain dead. Then he armed himself and went on deck, where, mounted on the forecastle, he terrorized all on board. The mate, who was aloft, was called down, and while pleading for his life was shot four times. Then the crew were ordered to throw the mate overboard, and on protesting that he was not dead, were assured that he was dead enough. This account north on the United States gunboat Lancaster. He was tried and convicted in the United