

SICKNESS ON TRANSPORTS

Many Nebraskans Taken Ill at the Half Way Point.

OFFICERS AND RECRUITS SUFFER ALIKE

Young Woman Refuses to Be Left Behind and Reaches Honolulu as a Stowaway Where She is Left.

HONOLULU, Nov. 16.—(Via San Francisco, Nov. 15.)—The transports Ohio and Indiana arrived in port early on November 7 and the Zealandia arrived on November 7 with a Tennessee regiment. The transport Indiana brought a woman stowaway, Sadie White. She came on board in a soldier's uniform and was not discovered until the third day out. Then she was put in a stowaway's berth and placed overboard. She was put ashore here. She claims to have a sweetheart on the Bennington. She was assisted in smuggling aboard by Private P. J. Moore of Company E. He was given twenty days in the guardhouse and a fine of \$10.

The transport Ohio left for Manila on November 7 and the Indiana followed one day later.

Typhoid fever broke out on the Arizona just as it was to sail for Manila. General King is himself very sick and is confined to his stateroom. He has had fever and chills, but his condition is not considered serious. He is suffering a great deal. The Arizona was held until the conditions are better. There are today nearly 300 patients under treatment at the various hospital camps on the sick list. About 200 New Yorkers are on the sick list. Sick conditions are improving. About 20 per cent of Camp Otis has been on sick report at a time.

Sickness Among Nebraskan Troops.

One Nebraska company leaves behind it here in the hospital twenty-three of its best men out of a contingent of 106. Private McKuren, Company M, First New York, died on November 3 of typhoid. Thomas F. Lennon, Company A, of the First New York, died at the hospital on November 4 of typhoid. Corporal Oscar R. Wheeler, Company E, First New York, died on November 7. His remains will be shipped east today.

The appearance of smallpox on quarantine causes no alarm in town. The Board of Health has a thorough command of the station. Dr. Day is treating the patient and is also directing quarantine to prevent the spread of the disease to other patients or to the town. The case in quarantine is that of a Japanese, who contracted the disease from the mail put ashore at Yokohama.

The twentieth Kansas regiment had an opportunity to visit here before the Indiana sailed for Manila. The soldiers voted as follows for the principal state officers: P. R. governor, Stanley (Republican), 352; John W. Leedy (fusion), 114. For associate justice, William T. Smith, 259; S. H. Allen, 118. The vote on the rest of the ticket ran about the same. All the Republican candidates for congress, with the exception of Heeder, received a majority. The count had not been finished when the Indiana sailed and the result will be called from Manila.

Van Wyck is believed to have received a good majority of the votes cast by the New York soldiers yesterday. Each voter sealed his own ballot. They will all be sent to the secretary of state at New York to be opened by him and sent to the various counties to be counted with the legal votes. For this reason the votes were not counted here and results are only estimated.

There was an ill about 500 votes cast. Of these it is estimated that Roosevelt got 250, and Van Wyck 250. Roosevelt's remarks about the volunteers lost him a great many votes among the soldiers. Only about 45 per cent of the soldiers voted. In fact, there was comparatively little interest shown in the election.

WANT ATTEMPT TO SAVE COLON

Navy Department Hopes to Secure at Least One Naval Troop.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—Although a formal order to abandon the Teresa has not yet been sent to Captain Wood, navy authorities are convinced by his report that the vessel is now nearly a worthless hulk, beyond repair and incapable of being moved at any expenditure within reason. It is probable that some arrangement will be made with the wreckers to recover from the bulk anything that the Teresa is worth. The navy department has not yet abandoned the effort to secure at least one of the vessels of Cervera's fleet as a trophy to be placed on the American naval list, although somewhat discouraged by the result of the venture in the case of the Teresa. Assistant Secretary Allen, who had been directly charged with the matter, has been in correspondence with the representatives of the Neptune company, a Swedish corporation which has had remarkable success in floating the largest type of submerged wrecks. The company has made a tentative proposition to raise the Colon for a salvage to be arranged in advance between itself and the department. Mr. Allen believes that some arrangement may be made on this basis, and meanwhile has authorized representatives of the Neptune company to visit the scene of the wreck near San Roque in order that it may secure the basis for a definite proposition.

AGUINALDO WILL HOLD THE PRIARS

Alleges They Willfully Misrepresented the Insurgents.

MANILA, Nov. 16.—General Wood, commander of the American force, recently proposed to Aguinaldo that he release the friars and civilians held in captivity throughout the provinces. The insurgent leader denied their maltreatment and refused to release them, alleging that the civilians

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TOLBERT ASKS PROTECTION

With Approval of Authorities He Appeals to Governor of South Carolina.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—The government has decided to investigate the circumstances under which James W. Tolbert, assistant postmaster at McCormick, S. C., was compelled by the threats of an armed mob to abandon his office and home. The matter has been placed in the hands of United States Attorney Lathrop, with instructions to look into the matter, with a view to the prosecution of any violations of the federal statutes in this or any other cases growing out of the recent race riots in that locality.

As a preliminary step, Mr. Tolbert has sent a telegram to Governor Elberta at Columbia, S. C., asking to know whether, as governor of South Carolina, he can and will afford him protection in returning to his family and office.

Following is the text of the telegram, to which no answer has been received up to 11 o'clock this morning: WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—To the Governor of South Carolina, Columbia, S. C.: I am a citizen of South Carolina, where I was born and raised and have always resided. My home is at McCormick, in the county of Abbeville. My wife is postmistress there and I am her assistant. On Thursday, November 10, I was forced by an organized and armed mob of 100 men to leave my family and my home under the threat that if I remained there I would be killed. I therefore fled for safety, because I was unable to resist this mob. I have committed no crime against the laws of my country and have done nothing to give offense to any man or set of men, save that I am a member of the republican party and believe in the doctrines of that party. I send this telegram to you, the governor of South Carolina, as an appeal for protection as one of its citizens and as an employee of the United States government, that I may return to my family, to my property and business, and be safe from mob violence. JAMES W. TOLBERT.

PESSION FOR WESTERN VETERANS

Survivors of the Civil War Remembered by the Government.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—(Special.)—The following is a list of pensioners granted: Issue of November. Nebraska: Original—Albert F. Wood, Salem, \$6; George O. Margulitz, Carroll, \$6; Albert L. Russell, Stockham, \$12. Increase—Joseph W. Leighton, Clarinda, \$12 to \$17. Original widows. etc.—Mary Ann Wyatt, Jefferson, \$8. Colorado: Original—Walter H. McDonald, Breckenridge, \$12. Original widows, etc.—Louise Jane Bled, Denver, \$8. South Dakota: Original—Dwight Nicholson, Hot Springs, \$8.

Canadian Postal Rates.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—In his annual report to the State department, Consul Dillingham at Montreal says that Canada is about to make an important change in its postage rates. On the 25th of next month there will be three rates of postage on letters, viz.: Two cents for Great Britain and her colonies, 3 cents for Canada and the United States, and 5 cents for foreign countries. If the experiment proves satisfactory, the postmaster general, it is understood, will then reduce letter postage for Canada and the United States to 2 cents. After January 1 next the newspaper rate will be quarter of a cent a pound, but after July 1 this will be