

A SENSATION IN DRESS GOODS AND SILKS

1/2 OFF SACRIFICING OF A \$50,000 STOCK 1/2 OFF

A Buyer's Disregard of Instructions Forces His Firm to an Enormous Loss.

A buyer for one of the largest dress goods and silk houses in the country bought double the amount of fall and winter dress goods and silks that he was ordered. The firm not being able to dispose of goods in the ordinary way, were forced to sacrifice them at immense loss. We bought entire lot for spot cash.

TOMORROW WE TURN OVER THE ENTIRE LOT TO YOU AT HALF PRICE.

Attend the Great Sacrifice Sale \$100,000 New Winter Cloaks, Jackets, Capes and Suits at a simple fraction of their value.

BOSTON STORE

16th and Douglas Omaha. J. L. BRANDEIS & SONS PROPRIETORS.

On Sale on Second Floor Real Alaska Seal Skin and other Fur garments almost half price.

This Purchase includes not only the medium and cheap grades, but also the highest and finest qualities of imported dress goods and silks ever brought to America.

25c Dress Goods Cut to 10c. 100 pieces black and navy blue storm serge and figured mohair brilliantine; actually worth 25c a yard, to close—yard— 10c	75c Dress Goods Cut to 29c. 300 pieces silk and wool novelties in two toned combinations, beautiful, bright plaid combinations, illuminated checks, 44 inch pure silk striped cotton cloth and reps, pure wool black fancy weave chevrons, every yard worth up to 75c, to close out, goat, yard 29c	Greatest Bargain of All. 5c yard for 40 inch English cashmere, black only. 25 pcs yard wide, English cashmere white it lasts at—yard 5c	\$1.00 Dress Goods Cut to 39c 500 pieces all wool novelties, 50 inch tweeds and mixtures, chevrons, all wool two toned diagonals, granite weaves, including cloaking, boucles, etc., every yard worth \$1, on sale at—yard 39c	\$1.25 Dress Goods cut to 59c 200 pieces 46 inches wide pure silk and wool bayaderes in two toned effects, the silk so prominent that it appears like an entire silk dress; in all beautiful combinations, new colorings, to close out, at—yard 59c	75c for Black Crepons Reducap from \$1.50 40 inch black pure wool and mohair crepons in a large variety of designs and patterns, every yard in this lot actually worth \$1.50, never retailed for less—to close them out, at—yard 75c
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NEVER WERE SUCH SILK BARGAINS OFFERED.

25c and 39c Fancy Silks at 10c Yard This lot comprises illuminated brocades, three toned glace, china silks, satins, India printed foulards, all on sale at, yard..... 10c	50c Silk for 25c Yard. Black extra wide surah and china silks, pin checks and oriental brocades, including 27 inch drapery silks, all to close— at..... 25c	\$1.00 Silk for 50c Yard. Black and colored Beau de Soies, 50 pcs taffeta, in plain and changeable effects, plaid and stripes, brocaded silk, every yard worth \$1 and over, to close them out—yard..... 50c	69 Cents for \$1.50 Silks. 400 pieces black extra heavy Beau de Soie and fancy weave black silk checks, stripes and bayadere effects, every yard worth \$1.50, on sale at..... 69c	\$1.00 Silk Velvets for 25c. 1,000 pieces of pure silk velvet—all new, desirable shades, for trimming, or entire dresses—on sale at 25 cents a yard..... 25c	\$1.50 Plaids for 75c. 200 pieces of new taffetas, in new combinations of colorings, in plaids, stripes, etc., for waists or dress trimmings, at 75 cents a yard..... 75c
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THE BIGGEST AND GRANDEST SHOE SALE OF ALL

Goldsmith, Rosenbush & Levie, the wholesale shoe men of Market street, Chicago, dissolved partnership and go out of business. They sacrifice the choicest, best and entire stock for spot cash consideration. We buy all the men's, women's, misses', child's and boys' shoes, for less money than any such fine shoes were sold for before.

Everything on Bargain Squares on Main Floor as Well as in Basement.

Shoes, the finest in the market, shoes of every kind, color and description for men, for women, for boys, misses and children, tied together, sorted in sizes, and thrown by the hundreds and thousands on bargain squares easy and ready for you to pick out.

Your Choice Tomorrow of all the Men's Shoes

that were made to retail for \$2, for \$4, for \$5, for \$6, including French calf, box calf, willow calf, cordovan, coltskin, kangaroo, shoes in single, double and triple soles, in drill lining and leather lining. All sizes, all kinds, lace or congress, all new styles. Your choice of this entire lot of men's shoes for \$1.98.

\$ 1.98

Your choice of all the Women's Shoes

including the finest of hand turn and welt shoes, of Roches, tier make, in blacks and tans, in all kid and fancy silk vesting tops, in all sizes, all widths. All the newest and latest and prettiest styles. None worth less than three dollars, and from that up to six dollars a pair. All on bargain squares. Your choice of all these ladies \$3, \$4, \$5, \$6 shoes for \$1.98.

\$ 1.98

- In the basement on bargain squares—Men's heavy, warm fleece lined arctic, all sizes..... **79c**
- In the basement or bargain squares—500 pair men's good lace shoes..... **\$1.25**
- In the basement on bargain squares—2000 pairs ladies' fancy vesting top tan shoes, all sizes..... **\$1.00**
- In the basement on bargain squares—1000 pairs ladies' fine tan lace shoes, all sizes..... **\$1.25**
- In the basement on bargain squares—200 pairs all colors, all sizes ladies' oxford ties..... **75c**
- In the basement on bargain squares—Children's warm lined buckie arctic..... **39c**

GRAND SPECIAL BARGAINS IN BASEMENT TOMORROW

Full size Bed Blankets, worth 75c, 15c Each	Extra heavy double Bed Blankets, worth \$1.25, 75c Pair	Largest size soft downy Bed Blankets, 98c and \$1.25	Extra large size, hand knotted, heavily tufted Sateen and Silkoline Comforts \$1.25	Good heavy Bleached Muslin 3c Yard	Remnants of all kinds of Unbleached Muslin, worth 5c to 10c yd. 2 1/2c Yd	Best quality Amoskeag Apron Gingham, worth 10c 5c Yard	Full size SHEETS, good quality muslin, 39c Each	Eiderdown Flannel, in plain colors, all wool faced, 25c Yd.	Fancy colored Eiderdown stripes, plaids, etc., worth 65c 35c Yd.	Fancy colored Curtain Scrim, 20c grade, 3 1/2c Yd.	Special bargain in Nottingham Lace Curtains, The \$2.50 kind \$1.50 Pair	Seven foot, Window Shades, all complete, 9c Each	Drapery Burlap, plain and fancy colors, 3 1/2c Yd.
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GOSSIP ABOUT NOTED PEOPLE.

Some years ago Boone, Ia., was suffering from an epidemic of typhoid fever. Colonel George Waring, who has just died of yellow fever in New York, came west and projected a sanitary system for the town, which is regarded as equal to that of any city of the same size in America. Just when he was commissioned to go to Havana he had about completed arrangements to practically duplicate the Boone system in several other Iowa cities.

When Rev. Dr. Robert Collyer was in London last summer he went down on the Strand one hot day to a place where he had seen American soda water advertised. "The clerk gave me some," he said, "and grinned at me. I grinned back and smacked my lips. It was so good. When I had finished one glass I said, 'Give me another,' regardless of expense—it was such a hot day. He grinned at me again as he gave it to me, and I grinned back. After I had finished, I said, 'How much?' He answered, 'Nawthin'; I know you; I come from Chicago.'"

It has been found that Colonel George Waring died a poor man and that the suddenness of his death left his financial affairs in a state of confusion. Ex-Mayor William L. Strong has headed a movement for a memorial to show the appreciation by the

citizens of New York of the colonel's work, and which will, at the same time, provide for Mrs. Waring during her lifetime. The idea that a governmental pension should be granted to the widow is not favored by her friends, and there is a grave doubt, too, that such a measure would pass congress.

Carl Schurz says that his most unusual introduction to an audience was made by Eugene Field, who accompanied him as a reporter through a Missouri campaign and was once induced to make the preliminary remarks. Field said: "I have such a severe cold that I cannot make me a speech tonight, but I had de pleasure of introducing to you my brilliant young journalistic companion, Mr. Eucheeno Field, who will speak in my place."

Maire Labori, Zola's counsel, stands high as a lawyer. He was born at Rheims in 1850, and was educated at the Lycee there. Choosing the law as his profession, he in due course enrolled himself as a student at the Ecole de Droit. His first important case was in 1884, when he defended the miscreant Valliant, who threw the bomb into the Chamber of Deputies. In that case the prisoner's guilt was too clear to admit of being obscured by any art of advocacy, but Labori left nothing undone that could possibly benefit his client. From this point M.

Labori's rise in his profession was rapid, and it was his spirited conduct of the case for his client in the Zola trial which gave him his place in the front rank of advocates.

"Count Tolstoi's wife and children," says Ernest H. Crosby, in Leslie's Weekly, "follow him at intervals. The wonder to me is not that there should not be entire agreement among them, but that he has influenced them as much as he has. Mme. Tolstoi seemed to me to agree, on the whole, with her husband's theories, but she thought that he was in advance of the times, and she would not consent to educating the children as peasants. The count, like a good non-resistant, gracefully yielded. Nevertheless, his children more or less accept his principles, and one daughter had been planting potatoes with a peasant woman on the day that I arrived. One little story, told me by the governess, will illustrate his way of dealing with the children. His youngest daughter, Sacha, a pretty child of 10 years, had come running into the house a day or two before with her arm black and blue where a peasant boy had struck her, and went crying to complain to her father. He took her on his knee and asked her, and then said: 'If I were you I would go to the pantry and get a plate of sweetmeats and take it out to him. Don't

you think that it will do him more good than a whipping?' And he actually persuaded her to do as he said."

OUT OF THE ORDINARY.

Great Britain leads in sugar consumption. Uncle Sam is first in tobacco consumption. Austria-Hungary has floating exhibitions. America uses 10,000,000 eggs annually. Six hundred thousand persons are employed in Italy in rearing silkworms.

The most recent estimate of the wealth of Great Britain and Ireland is \$90,000,000,000. The anti-footbinding society in China is constantly increasing in numbers. The offer of prizes for essays in Chinese against the evil has called out 107, some of which are very fine.

Bright red spectacles, accompanied by internal doses of calomel, are the latest German specific for seasickness. The theory is that seasickness is due to lack of blood in the brain, while the influence of the red color of the glasses sends blood to the brain with a rush.

By order of the Berlin Barbers' Hair-dressers' and Wigmakers' union apprentices are forbidden to wear their hair cut short, because the practice is unprofessional. The union decided that "the apprentice's hair should be tastefully and carefully dressed, in order to act as inspiration for the business and for customers."

Four luminous fire-worky brick flats in Harlem have been moved 105 feet to make way for a bridge, the operation requiring twenty-one days. There were 325 jacks

screws under the buildings and at each signal they were shifted three-sixteenths of an inch. The contractor received \$19,000 for the work, which was entirely successful.

Prince Ferdinand of Roumania, who has been hunting in the Carpathians, expressed a desire to kill a bear and soon after had the luck to start two up, one of which he shot. On examining the carcass he found a hole through the nose, as though the animal had worn a ring, and inquiry brought out the confession that one of his retinue had brought the bears from a showman in order to gratify the prince's wish.

The London Lancet gives this as the record of injuries received by one man. At the age of 10 years he fractured his right index finger. It happened August 26. When 13 years old he fractured his left leg below the knee. In another year, August 25, when 15 years of age, he had compound fracture of the left leg above the ankle by his foot being caught under an iron rod and his body falling forward. Next year, again on the same date, August 26, he had compound fracture of both legs, the right being so severely crushed that it had to be amputated at the lower third of the thigh. This was caused by a horse, hitched to a tram of coal, which, running wild underground, caught him in a narrow passage, crushing both legs severely. After this he did not work August 26 for twenty-eight years, and little wonder, but in the year 1896 he forgot his fateful day and went to work with the result that he sustained a compound fracture. After this

he has studiously avoided working August 26, though never missing work at other times.

LABOR AND INDUSTRY.

Toledo is to have the greatest plate glass factory in the world.

The manufacture of straw is one of the most important industries of Germany, giving thousands means of support.

The child labor laws are being rigidly enforced in Michigan. A number of convictions were secured at Cadillac last week.

Twenty-five years ago the United States produced 70 per cent of the cotton of the world; today she produces 85 per cent of the world's cotton.

A tin factory situated on Sulo Brant, an island in the Bay of Singapore, turns out monthly 1,500 tons of tin more than the product of Cornwall and more than that of Australia.

T. V. Powderly, ex-grand master workman of the Knights of Labor, sued and recovered a judgment of \$1,225.73 against the organization at Washington, D. C., in the circuit court last week.

Mexico's imports are growing at the rate of more than a million Mexican dollars a month and more than half of this substantial increase is from the United States, all of which is pleasing news to the exporter in this country.

The most successful of the companies which make machines for setting type paid its stockholders more than \$2,999,999 in cash dividends in the year ending October 1. In

the short period since August, 1894, it has distributed \$5,365,000 in that way.

According to a report of the London Board of Trade on the cost of strikes in Great Britain in 1897, just issued, the labor difficulties in the year named involved an aggregate loss of 16,000,000 working days, 230,000 persons being thrown out of employment.

Indiana now ranks second as a state in which fruits and vegetables are packed, Maryland being first. Indiana's second and New Jersey third. Indiana now manufactures 25 per cent of the canned goods manufactured in this country.

The question of establishing workmen's baths in American mills, furnaces and industrial establishments is being agitated by the Pittsburg Labor Tribune and is attracting great public attention. The paper states that Europe is far ahead of us in this matter.

The peanut crop of the United States for the present year will hardly fall short of 4,000,000 bushels. Most of this crop is grown in North Carolina, Virginia, Tennessee and Georgia, although other states share in making it to some extent. Prior to the war the peanut crop barely aggregated more than 500,000 bushels.

Ninety-five per cent of all the toothpicks made in the United States are formed from white birch timber in Franklin county, Maine, and yet scarcely more than a hundred persons are employed in the industry in that state. Outside of the Pine Tree state the principal factories are in Pennsylvania, Massachusetts and western New York.