THEY VOTE FOR A REVISION

French Ministry Decides to Give Dreyfus a New Trial.

FAMOUS PRISONER MAY YET GET JUSTICE

Developments of Forgeries Bring About What Appeals for Justice Were Impotent to Produce in Dreyfus' Behalf.

PARIS, Sept. 26 .- At a meeting of the cabinet this morning, all the ministers be- Pekin Tuesday in compliance with a secret ing present, a decision was taken in favor of a revision of the trial of former Cap- his danger, and urging him to obtain assisttain Dreyfus and the documents in the case will be sent to the court of cassation. The cabinet ordered the minister of justice, M. Sarrien, to lay before the court | Manchu party, headed by the dowager emof cassation the petition of Madame Dreyfus, wife of the prisoner of Devil's Island, for a revision of her husband's case. The court, therefore, will decide the legal question as to whether the first trial of Captain Dreyfus was vitiated by the forgery committed by the late Colonel Henry, who was a witness before the court-martial and who confessed to having forged a document in the same case. The migister of justice has announced that he has given instructions that proceedings are to be taken at once against any one attacking the army.

The crowds of people outside of the ministry of the interior, where the cabinet council was held, loudly cheered the ministers and there were shouts of "Vive Brisson," "Vive la revision."

The cabinet meeting was prolonged and animated. The minister of agriculture, M. Viger, is reported to have bitterly opposed a revision, and it is rumored he will resign. He left the meeting before it ended, remarking to a newspaper man that he was completely voiceless.

It is supposed that the instructions to prosecute any one attacking the army were issued at the request of General Chanoine. The city is excited and the bourse is in a disturbed condition. Conservative papers, however, counsel the people to remain calm. It is doubtful if the action of the cabinet is popular among the masses, particularly the country people, who, it is pointed our, "still cling to the fetich of the honor of the

Stormy Scenes in Cabinet.

It is understood that M. Brisson literally wrung consent from the cabinet for revision after a remarkable display of evidence and personal influence and the stormlest scenes. His strongest opponent was M. Sarrien, the minister of justice, who expressed a desire to resign and warned the other ministers that they were assuming a terrible responsi-

MM. Viger and Maruejouls, respectively minister of agriculture and minister of commerce, supported M. Sarrien.

M. Brisson fell into a violent passion and declared tearfully that the ministry ought to credit him with understanding all the difficulties and the best way of meeting them. Should they abandon him now by refusing a revision it would be to face dishonor. As a final argument he pointed out that it would be a grave matter to force a cabinet crisis while the chamber was not in session. The dissenting ministers then

reluctantly yielded. M. Maruejouls said: "It is not worth while to resign when it is known that we shall be overturned in a fortnight." President Faure hastily returned to Paris this afternoon, but M. Brisson went to Bois de Bologne, probably to avoid presidential 25.50

Charge Esterbagy is Bribed. In the Intransigeant today Henry

called Dreytos syndicate to "cover himself tion."
with dishonor by confessing to a forgery,
of which charge he was Twice acquitted."
cover: M. Rochefort adds that he paid Esterhazy 1,000 francs for copies of all the documents in the case and that, in addition, with two other newspaper men, he paid Esterhazy, who was literally without a centime, 300 francs monthly to prevent him from dying of hunger while waiting to obtain a pension. Continuing, M. Rochefort says: "Recently, without any apparent incentive, Esterhazy mysteriously went to London, abandoning his 300 francs monthly. Why this emigration? Who paid for his journey? With what money has Esterhazy paid for his meals?"

M. Clemenceau in the Aurore remarks: "France is divided into two camps, those who conceive that the interests of the country depend on the concealment of facts by lies and those who have a sufficiently high esteem of the country to separate enthusiasm from the aspirations of justice of

The Libre Parole asserts that Esterhazy has telegraphed to the minister of war, General Chanoine, protesting against the story published in the Observer of London, purporting to be a confession made by the major, the substance of which was that he was the author of the bordereau, a document which is said to have furnished proof of the guilt of Dreyfus.

French Defent African Natives. LONDON, Sept. 26.—An official dispatch from San Louis, Senegal, French Africa,

Scrofula

In its thousands of forms is the most terrible affliction of the human race. Salt rheum, sores, cruptions, bolls, all humors, swellings, etc., originate in its foul taint and are cured by the great and only True Blood Purifier, Hood's Sarsaparilla. The advanced theory of today that tuberculosis, or consumption, is curable by proper nutrition, care and purifying the blood, finds confirmation in the experience of many who have been cured by

Hood's Sarsaparilla

---------The Omaha Bee Map of Cuba Coupon

Present this Coupon with 10c for

A Map of Cuba. A Map of the West Indies. And a Map of the World,

By Mail 14 cente.

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* COUPON . . . This coupon and 10 Cents will obtain three photogravures of the Exposition. BY MAIL, 2c EXTRA.

says a force of Soudanese sharpshooters defeated an army of Sofas, under one of the amory's chiefs, capturing 5,000 men and seizing 300 Gras riffes and quantities of ammunition. It is added that the French force had one sharpshooter wounded.

TRIUMPH OF MANCHUELEMENT

Kang Yue Wi Points Out the Opportunity of England in the Orient.

LONDON, Sept. 26.-The Times' Shanghal correspondent telegraphs: On the arrival of Kang Yue Wi at Yu Sang he was placed for safety on board the steamer Ballarat, which salls for Hong Kong today. In the course of an interview he informed me that he left message from the emperor warning him of ance from those interested in the country's welfare. He further stated that recent | the Fortification and Ordnance board of the events were entirely due to the action of the army, but it was found to be too small for press and Viceroy Yung Lu and including all nounced that future meetings would be held the high Manchu officers. The latter were in apartments secured in the Lemon building displeased by the emperor's leaning toward press' party is bound by an understanding admitted. with the Russians, whereby the latter, in consideration of the support of the Russian as the seat of the dynasty and to maintain began last year, under the direction of the frequently threatened. The present movement is entirely Manchu, as opposed to the ordnance department of the army. They Chinese. The influence of Li Hung Chang will consist in the main of inquiries intended is now subordinate to that of Yung Lu, and to bring out all the facts that can be given gressive measures.

Kang Yue Wi urges that England now has an opportunity to intervene and restore he asserts, it will earn the gratitude of the Chinese people. He also observes that unless protection is afforded to the victims of the coup d'etat it will be impossible henceforth for any native to support British in- the health of the soldiers.

EXHUME REMAINS OF COLUMBUS Preliminary Step Toward Taking Them Back to Spain.

HAVANA, Sept. 26.-At 9 o'clock this forning the official exhumation of the remains of Columbus took place in the pres ence of General Blanco, Secretary Govin, the civil governor, the bishop, the dean of the cathedral and other authorities. general public was ordered out of the cathedral at 8 o'clock and no one was allowed inside after that hour. The entrance to the cathedral was guarded by a force of Orden Publico, which kept back the crowds which assembled in front of the edifice.

The remains of Christopher Columbus this morning were removed from their niche in the cathedral preparatory to their shipment to Spain. They had lain in their late resting place since January 19, 1796, when they were brought from Santo Domingo, that island having been ceded to France by Spain. Since the date mentioned the remains had lain in an open niche in the wall of the presbytery of the cathedral, a yard and a half above the ground, between the pillar supporting the main arch and the choir. In 1892 there was placed in front of the piche a slab of doubtful artistic taste, representing in relief a bust of the great admiral and bearing this inscription in Spanish:

"May the remains and image of the great Rochefort accuses Major Esterhazy of Columbus lie a thousand centuries preserved having been bribed by the so- in this urn and in remembrance of our page.

After the 400th anniversary of the disovery of the new world by Columbus the Spanish Cortes included in the Cuban budget arge sums for the purpose of erecting a fitting monument symbolizing the travels of the discoverer to be placed in the most conspicuous place in Havana and the construction of a mausoleum to hold his ashes. This mausoleum was brought to Havana and placed upon a base erected in the center aisle of the cathedral. The monument, the work on which was entrusted to the sculptor Susillo, has not come and probably never will come to Havana. It was to have been paid for by an appropriation included in the budget of the island, but circumstances have overturned the plans made on that ocasion for the celebration of the 400th anniversary of the discovery of America. It s probable that both the monument and the mausoleum will now be placed in a fitting place in Spain, where they will be looked upon as one of the treasures of the Spanish nation.

RAISE BRITISH FLAG AT FASHODA. Kitchener Leaves a Garri-

son at the Place. LONDON, Sept. 26.—The Daily Telegraph's Cairo correspondent telegraphing today Monday), says General Kitchener found the French at Fashoda. He notified Major Marchand that he had express instructions hat the territory was British and that the French must retire, and offered them passage to Cairo. Major Marchand absolutely leclined to retire unless ordered to do so by his government. No fighting occurred. Major Marchand was given clearly to understand that the British insisted upon their claims, and the rest has been left to be setled by diplomacy between the respective covernments.

General Kitchener sent a long official dispatch to London, hoisted the Union Jack and the Egyptian ensign and left as a garrison the Eleventh and Thirteenth Soudanese bat alions and the Cameron Highlanders to protect the British flag. Colonel Jackson com-

mands the garrison ITALY'S CAUTIOUS ACCEPTANCE

Fears Other Issues Than Armamen Will Arise in Peace Conference. ROME, Sept. 26.—The government has sent to Russia a diplomatically-worded acceptance of the czar's invitation to take part n an international peace conference. In its note of acceptance the government expresses sympathy with, and admiration for, that difficulties will arise over the discussion of questions other than that of armament which might accentuate in the very hearr of the projected conference a conflict League Island, \$77,567; Washington, \$205,of opinions, the consequences of which | 000; Norfolk, \$2,000,000; Port Royal, S. C. would not leave us without anxiety. The \$145,000; Key West, \$112,520; Mare Island, government suggests that the czar elimi- \$831,750; Puget Sound, \$55,500; New London nate this possibility by formulating a defi- \$25,000; general preservation and repairs at nite program limiting the discussions to the all yards, \$450,000.

WANT TO ARBITRATE QUESTION.

nitely Not to Pay Cerruit Claim. KINGSTON, Jamaica, Sept. 26,-Advices rom Cartagena, Colombia, state that the Colombia government has finally decided to ground that the republic is now able to produce ample evidence of Cerruti's complicity in the political troubles that ocurred in the country in 1876 and 1885. The government, according to the advices received, has directed the president to urge staly to agree to resubmit the case of the currency has declared a 10 per cent to arbitration and will, in the event of dividend in favor of the creditors of the failing in this attempt, oppose force with

force to the last extreme. TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it falls to cure. 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on

INVESTIGATING THE ARMY

Commission Meets and Formulates Its Plans of Procedure.

INTENDS TO COVER THE ENTIRE FIELD

Letters of Inquiry Addressed to the Heads of Departments-Those Who Have Complaints Notified to Present Them.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26 .- The commission selected by the president to investigate the conduct of the War department held its first formal session today with all the members present. The meeting was in the room of the purpose of the board and it was anon New York avenue. Today's meeting was regency of the dowager. The dowager em- others not connected with the board being

Today's session was confined to a meeting of two hours duration in the forenoon, after Interests, undertake to preserve Manchuria which an adjournment was taken until 10 o'clock tomorrow. The proceedings were Manchu rule in China. In pursuance of this limited to the outlining of a general policy compact the gradual substitution of Manchus and the formulation of letters of inquiry in all high offices and military commands which will be made public tomorrow. The letters which have been decided upon are dowager, thus creating sources of friction to be addressed to the secretary of war, the with the emperor, whose dethronement was quartermaster general, the commissary general, the surgeon general and the chief of is likely to decrease. The emperor's health relative to the organization of the volunteer is excellent and his capacity for work and army. These officials will be asked to give eagerness for progress are remarkable. His specific information, so as to cover each of majesty is convinced, however, that it will the departments in question, concerning the be impossible to overcome the opposition condition of the army both at the beginning without the assistance of England, which and the close of the war. For this purpose he endeavored to obtain for his recent pro- a date in April has been selected as the one for the beginning and a date in August for the close. The questions are so formulated as to call out answers covering the the emperor to the throne, by doing which, organization of camps, the purchases of supplies and the making of contracts with transportation companies, and also to show the methods adopted for furnishing supplies to the various commands and for protecting

Hear No Idle Complaints.

There will be an especial effort to develop the motives that actuated the department in the choice of camp sites as there railway companies. The commission also considered several letters of complaint from persons professing to have information bearing upon the subject of investigation its obligations. The complaint in concluand decided to address replies to the writers of each of them requesting them to put their charges in specific shape and informing them of the scope of the inquiry. It is intended that if the replies received to these letters show the writers to be in possession of real information to summon them before the commission, when it is feasible to do so, or otherwise to secure their affithem, the writers will not receive further attention.

The commission also expects to extend its inquiry before it closes its work to the extent of summoning before it the commanding officers of the various divisions and brigades and probably extending it to the colonels of regiments from which complaints have emanated. They will be expains they may have taken or failed to take the interest on and concerning the location of their troops and The New English Loan and Trust comtheir general welfare. The commission de-cided to hold two sessions daily, one in the has a capital stock of \$875,000. In the past ing from bewildered and defeated men." forenoon from 10 to 12:30 and the other in

the afternoon from 2 to 4 o'clock. Dr. Phineas S. Conner sat with the commission today for the first time. He arrived from his home early in the day and called on the president for a brief interview before joining his fellow members in the War department. The president expressed his appreciation of the doctor's acceptance of the position and outlined briefly his wishes in the matter of the investigation. Dr. Conner found it impossible to remain with the commission for the present and secured a leave of absence for two or three days in order to return to Cincinnati to put his affairs in shape to be absent so long as the work may require. In Dr. Conner the commission secures the services of a man who is not only eminent in his profession but who is also familiar with the conduct of the medical department of the army, in which he served for four years. He was born at Westchester, Pa., on the 23d of August, 1839 and went to Cincinnati in 1844. He is a graduate of Dartmouth college in 1859. The doctor's service in the army extended from 1862 to 1866 and he was assistant surgeon and brevet major. He resigned his position on the 1st of August, 1866 and since then has been in practice in Cincinnati. He is now and has been for many years professor of surgery in the college of

Ohio, and in Dartmouth Medical college.

Ruling in a Land Case. WASHINGTON, Sept. 26 .- (Special Telegram.)-The secretary of the interior today directed that records in the contest between the Missouri Valley Land company against Fitch, et al., involving lands in the O'Neill land district, be returned to the land office and that the company be directed to serve its appeal upon claimants and its present case to the department with information as to the rights of all parties concerned.

Lela M. Casteel was appointed postmistress at Caldwell, Scotts Bluff county. Neb., vice John Ray, dead. Joseph O. Watson of Indianola, Ia., was today admitted to practice before the In-

terior department. An order was issued discontinuing the postoffice at Voorhees, Converse county, Wyo.; mail to Lusk.

Estimates for the Navy. WASHINGTON, Sept. 26 .- As approved by the acting secretary of the navy and pre-

pared for transmission to congress through the Treasury department the naval estimates the objects of the czar, but says it fears incude the following items for new works in navy yards: For Portsmouth, N. H., \$306,000; for Bos ton, \$367,000; for New York, \$612,062; for

Iroquois Goes to Honolulu Station. WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.—The Navy deartment has decided to send the big oceangoing tug Iroquots, now at San Francisco, to Honolulu for the use of the naval station to be established there. The vessel was purchased by the government during the war as an auxiliary naval vessel, and it is decline to pay the Cerruti claim, on the said that in addition to rendering service as a harbor tug at Honolulu it will be used as

San Francisco

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.-The comptreller insolvent National bank of Kansas City, Mo.

a dispatch boat running from Honolulu to

flives the Employes a Hearing. CINCINNATI, Sept. 26 .- An application the striking workers at the Cleveland wire | sales that are known of.

mill works from interfering with the employes of the company. Judge Taft refused to hear the application without notice to the parties implicated and set the hearing for a preliminary order for October 11.

CARRYING TOO HEAVY A LOAD

New England Loan and Investment Company in the Hands of a Receiver.

NEW YORK, Sept. 26 .- Otto T. Bannard of 30 Broad street was today appointed receiver of the New England Loan and Trust company by Judge Shipman of the United States circuit court on a suit brought by the Real Estate Trust company of Philadelphia and Sabillion Allen of St. Albans, Vt. The company was a large lender of money on western mortgages. The receiver's bond is fixed at \$75,000. The

complaint recites that the defendant company was organized September 21, 1882, under the laws of the state of lows, with a capital stock of \$875,000, and that its principal business was conducted in the state of New York. It is further alleged that the the reform party, and decided to restore the strictly secret, no newspaper reporters or business conducted by the company was that of loaning money on farming property in western and southern states. In September, 1886, it is stated, the defendant company made the Farmers' Loan and Trust company of this city trustee of securities owned by the defendant company as security for debentures to be issued by the defendant company in series of \$100,000. The defendant company, it is said, has issued and sold debentures to the amount of \$1,890,000, which are now unpaid. The Farmers' Loan and Trust company holds as security for this amount real estate mortgages amounting to about \$1,935,019. The complaint further states that the defendant company, under an agreement with the Real Estate Trust of Philadelphia in 1891 company issued and sold debentures to the amount of \$1,768,200 for which the Real Estate Trust company has securities amounting to \$1,875,340. It is also stated in the complaint that the defendant company has made smaller issues of debentures. all of which have been sold in Great Brit ain. It is further charged that the defendant company has borrowed from banks depositing securities amounting to about \$167,975 and that it has further indebtedness amounting to over \$103,747. The defendant company, it is stated, is the owner o real estate mortgages on farm lands and other property of the value of \$516,481. The complaint further alleges that the defendant company will be required to pay on or before January, 1899, the sum of about \$302,945, the amount of principal and inter est on debentures; that it was compelled have been charges to the effect that they to become the owner of much unprofitable were located as a matter of favoritism to real estate because of its inability to enforce the collection of loans and because of the depressed financial conditions and that is unable to realize a sufficient sum to mee

> completely undermined, but that by judi clous management the property of the company can be saved. PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 26.—President Frank T. Hopple of the Real Estate Trust company, when questioned regarding the action of his company in obtaining the appointment of a receiver for the New davits. When, however, it becomes evi- England company, explained that it was Roosevelt reiterated their expressions of dent that the accusations are mere idle merely a precautionary measure taken to confidence that he would be nominated complaints, with no information back, of protect the holders of \$1,000,000 worth of the and elected governor, while the managers New England company's bonds, for which of Governor Black's campaign declared that

sion states that the defendant company is

the local company is the trustee. "There is no cause of any sort, however, he continued, "for the holders of the bonds to become alarmed, for they are all protected by good securities. Within the last few weeks we have had experts go carefully over these securities and they report that they represent enough capital to more than pected to give full information as to the pay the company's opistanding bonds and

has a capital stock of \$875,000. In the past ing from bewildered and defeated men. it has paid off \$16,000,000 or \$15,000,000 worth of bonds and has always been regarded as a sound financial institution." If began the issue of its bonds now outstanding, which amount to \$5,000,000, about ten years ago. The Farmers Loan and Trust company and the Atlantic Trust company, both of New York, are trustees for \$4,000,000 worth of

onds and we hold the balance. "The company came to us well introduced something less than ten years ago and we became the trustee for the Philadelphia series of bonds which they desired to issue Since then they have always been prompt in sending us the money necessary to pay the interest and there has been no trouble between us. But of late certain circumstances have arisen which made us feel more our duty to ourselves demanded that our interests should be better protected than they were and so, despite the fact that the company has plenty of assets, we applied for receiver.

KANSAS CITY, Sept. 26.-It was an ounced this afternoon that Otto Bannard of New York, treasurer of the Continental Trust company of that city, had been appointed receiver for the New England Loan and Trust ompany, with headquarters in this city. The firm dealt in city and farm mortgages in the west. Its capital is given as \$825,000. and its last printed statement showed a surplus of \$100,000. The company is said to hold \$5,000,000 in debentures, \$5,000,000 in loans, and to have \$175,000 cash on hand. The receivership is said to have been forced by the company's inability to close on loans made in 1888 and 1889 on western boom town property. The firm also carried heavy loans on western farm property, and although this is said to have proven profitable, the loss on city property is said to have dragged the assets to a depth where a receivership became necessary. J. S. Gilbert, secretary and as sistant manager, has had charge of the local leadquarters of the company for several

The company is composed mostly of New York, Philadelphia and Des Moines men The home office of the company is at De-Moines, though the main office is in New York City. Besides the branch here, there are branch offices at Dallas, Tex., and Oklahoma City, Okl. Joseph Hall is the company's attorney at Kansas City.

Business in Omaha Light.

The New England Loan and Trust company's agent, when asked for a statement of the truth regarding the reported appointment of a receiver for the company, and to what extent losses in Omaha real estate was responsible for the appointment, replied: "I know nothing at all of the comtheir agents only so far as selling is concerned. We have sold considerable property for the company, but whether at a loss or profit, I do not know, as other parties made the loans, and they only know the amounts." Referring to the appointment of a receiver. he said: "I doubt this very much. From all I know of the company, it is in a flourishing condition, and they have made money in the last few When asked if he knew lots of years." any facts regarding any losses the company might have sustained in other cities he maid: "I only know that they have loaned a great deal of money in Sloux City, Salt Lake and Kansas City. In the latter place the volume of its business is 10 per cengreater than here, but with regard to their losses. I do not, of course, know."

Prominent real estate men of the city deny that there is any truth in the statement that heavy losses have been incurred in real estate transactions here. They say that the company has ben selling its prop erty, sometimes at very low figures, but often for all that it is worth. If it has was made to Judge Taft of the United States lost in a few transactions, it has certainly court for a restraining order to prevent more than made up for those losses in other

DOES NOT DENY HIS WORDS

Chaplain McIntyre Admits Criticisms of the Navy Department.

GOES ON TRIAL BEFORE MILITARY COURT

Presiding Officer Denies the Motion of Chaplain's Attorney to Quark the Charges and Trial Proceeds.

DENVER, Sept. 26 .- The trial of Chaplain J. P. McIntyre of the battleship Oregon by court-martial, for alleged use of language unbecoming an officer of the navy and calculated to destroy the good order and discipline of the navy during the delivery of a lecture in Denver, August 8, was begun at 1:30 o'clock today. The members of the court are: Commodore W. P. Mc-Cann, president; Lieutenant Commander William H. Driggs, Chaplains D. H. Tribou and T. A. Gill, Lieutenant Nathan H. Barnes, Lieutenant Commander C. K. Curtis and Lieutenant Commander J. D. D.

Kelley. The judge advocate, Captain L. C. Lauchheimer, read the charges and specifications prepared by the prosecution. They included alleged extracts from the lecture in which the chaplain is made to say that Admiral Sampson reported himself within four miles of the Spanish ship Cristobal Colon when it struck its colors, in order that he might participate in the prize money though he had nothing to do with the battle. He was also alleged to have said that when the Oregon went into the fight it met the Iowa, commanded by "Fighting Bob" Evans, going to the rear, where he stayed till the battle was over. He was also charged with saying that the Oregon was the only battleship in the navy that was honestly built.

Earl Cranston of Denver, as attorney for the prisoner, moved that the charge be quashed, on the ground that the remarks were not of a scandalous character and only such as are used frequently in the public press and by the people generally. He held that the statements charged could not have affected the discipline of the navy. He also argued that there was no denial of the alleged statements and no charge of malicious intent, and that the charges of fraud in the construction of the vessels were against contractors and not against the naval department.

Judge Advocate Lauchheimer replied briefly and the court denied the motion to quash. The prisoner then entered a plea of not

guilty and the court adjourned until 16 o'clock tomorrow.

BLACK FORCES IN GOOD CHEER

Stick to the Assertion That Roosevelt Will Not Be Nominated for Governor.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Sept. 26 .- The early hours of today showed little change in the political situation. The friends of Colonel he would not be. The principal interest today is in what Colonel Roosevelt's attorneys will say in their formal reply to the charge of ineligibility. Louis F. Payne gave out this statement at noon today: "We have positive evidence that Mr. Platt does not intend to name Mr. Roosevelt for the office of governor, but at the last moment will put Stewart L. Woodford on the slate

and throw Mr. Roosevelt over."
Mr. Platt when seen said: "Such a story

NEW YORKERS FIX UP A SLATE

Roosevelt to Hend the Ticket to B Named at Tuesday's Convention. SARATOGA, N. Y., Sept. 26.-The slate prepared by the deaders claiming to have control of the republican state convention and given as that to be named on Tuesday by the convention is as follows:

For Governor, Theodore Roosevelt of New York; lieutenant governor, Timothy L Woodruff of Kings; secretary of state, John T. McDonough of Albany; comptroller, William J. Morgan of Erie; state treasurer, John P. Gaegle of Cayuga; attorney general, John Davis of Oneida; state engineer, not selected.

It is believed here that the convention will last but one day, it being the general opinion that all differences will be settled on the first ballot for governor. The Black adherents have decided not to make a fight on the organization of the convention and it will be organized with Sereno Payne o Cayuga as temporary chairman and Horace White of Syracuse as permanent chairman Chauncey M. Depew will name Mr. Roosevelt. The Black people have not arrived at a decision as to who will name their candidates

Oregon Legislature Convenes. SALEM, Ore., Sept. 26.-The Oregon leg slature convened in special session this Joseph Simon of Portland was elected president of the senate by a vote of 24 to 6.

CHARGE IS MANSLAUGHTER

of the Young Men Mixed Up in the Emma Gill Case Tells

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Sept. 26 .- The com plaint against Oxley and Guernsey, in the Emma Gill case was changed today from an attempt to procure an abortion to that of manslaughter. Guernsey is out on bail, but Oxley is still in jail. It was learned today that the brother of Harry Oxley, who vis ited him at the jall yesterday, took into his confidence a friend in this city and told him the substance of a confession alleged to have been made to the police by the arrested man. The brother said that when Harry was arrested his mother told him to tell the whole truth in the case and this is his story "Emma Gill told me of her condition and

I told Guernsey and the latter told me to marry the girl if I felt sure the responsi bility was mine. I went to Emma Gill and expressed my willingness to marry her, but pany's purported losses. We have never she said this was entirely unnecessary. Sh loaned a dollar for them, and have been knew Dr. Guilford and that she could cur

"I have gone 14 days at a time without a movement of the bowels, not being able to move them except by using hot water injections. Chronic constipation for seven years piaced me in erything I heard of but never found any rewas my case until I began using CASCARETS. I now have from one to three passages a day, and if I was rich I would give \$100.00 for each movement; it AVLMER L. HUNT.



CURE CONSTIPATION. ...

her of her trouble by an operation, and she would get out of her trouble that way. She did not wish to marry me because there was another fellow (Foster) who wanted t marry her and did not know her true character. He would make here a better home, she thought, than I could, and considered him a better catch."

BROOKE REPORTS ON THE SICK

Advises Against Return Present Force in Porto Rico and Sending Out Other Regindats.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.-The following cablegram has been received at the War department

Sept. 25.—Adjutant Concrat. Telegram regarding sickness PONCE. Washington: and want of rations received. That there are sick is a fact. A small proportion are bad cases, but there has been no want of food. The last report gives total of sick at 2,509; of which 400 are typhoid and 498 malarial fever; 297 diarrhoea; other discusses, 1,314; percentage, 23. Think return of regiments now here would not be advisable. as others coming would have to go throug same acclimating conditions. Would adve that certain sick be sent bome whose re covery would doubtless be quickened. It regiments are sent to take the place of these now here, special attention should be given to selecting those under good discipline and having full quota of officers. By this means men may be controlled and san-itary precautions enforced in the small de-

tachments which necessarily

Miller May Go on First Transport. SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 26.—Brigadier General Miller says he may go to Manila on one of the first transports to leave with what remains to him of his First brigade, of which the Washington regiment is considered a part. In that case, Colonel Funston, with the Kansas, Iowa and Tennessee regiments forming the Second brigade, will go last. Should no general officer be assigned to duty as commandant at the presidie, Major D. H. Kinzie will be General Miller's probable successor to that title.

BROOKE, Major General.

Private Complains of Neglect. DENVER, Sept. 26.-Frank Ficks, a private in the Seventh United States infantry, has died at the home of his uncle in this city, of typhoid fever, contracted in the Santiago campaign. Before dying, he said he had been ill-treated and neglected ever since he was taken ill, and so intense was his feeling against the War department that he made a dying request that he be not buried in his uniform.

The lips may laugh when the body itself is crying out in anguish. When a wo-man laughs it does not always mean that she is happy. It is a woman's province to please, and she will bravely endeavor to do this under the most barrowing cirharrowing cir-cumstances. Thouwho are considered happy, and charm-ing, and entertain ing, secretly endure suffering that
would drive the average man to a madhouse. In almost
'every instance these

sufferings are due to disorders of the distinctly feminine organism. They rob a woman of her health, her beauty, her amiability, her usefulness as a housekeeper, her capability as a mother, and her charm and power in the social and religious world.

There is a safe, sure, speedy and perma-nent remedy for these troubles. It is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It acts di-rectly on the delicate and important femi-nine organs that bear the brunt of matern-ity. It endows them with health, strength, vigor and elasticity. It allays inflamma-tion, heals ulceration, soothes pain and stops exhausting drains. It banishes the maladies of the expectant months, and makes of the expectant montas, and
makes baby's advent easy and almost
painless. It insures the little new-comer's
health and an ample supply of nourishment. It fits for wifethood and motherhood. Thousands of women who were
almost hopeless invalids have testified to
their recovery under this wonderful meditheir recovery under this wonderful medicine. Medicine dealers sell it. Accept no substitute or inferior imitation.

"For seven years," writes Mrs. Louisa Arthurs, of Ostwalt, Iredell Co., N. C., "I suffered untold agony from female weakness. I then commenced taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and improved very fast. It saved my life."

Only 21 one-cent stamps to cover mailing of a free paper-covered copy of Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. Cloth binding at stamps. Send to Dr. R.V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

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Pain So Intense Would Nearly Twist Fingers from Sockets. Puffed Up Like a Toad.

Water Ran Through Bandages to Floor. Had to Walk the Floor Until Would Fall Asleep.

Fingers Peeled Like an Onion. Doctors Could Not Cure. Cured By Cuticura.

About eight years ago I got sore hands, it commenced with a kind of a burning sensation on my fingers and on top of the hand. When I commenced to rub them, you could see little white pimples on the skin. I rubbed more and more, until I felt like twisting my ngers out of their sockets. I had high fever, and cold chills ran over me, and so kept it going until I was tired out. Nights, I had to walk the floor until I fell asleep. My hands peeled like an onion, the finger nails got loose in the roots, and the water ran out, and wherever there was a little pimple, there the burning five was, and I tell you and can prove to you, that happened at least ten times. During the day, I had to attend to my business, for I am running a blacksmith shop, horseshoeing, and I would not shut up the shop for anybody, but it was hard. My hands puffed up worse than a toad. When I drove horse nails, the water from my hands ran through the bandage, on to the floor. My enstomers refused to look at my hands. I had a friend to take me to the doctor; he gave a solution of something to bathe my hands with. I was working every day, and did not know what to do so I went to another doctor, I think for a year. I found your advertise ment in a Utica newspaper, and I got the Cu TICURA RESOLVENTAND COTICURA SOAP. The nails hardened up and peeled off and 1 don't believe there is one of the first nails left on my hands. What I have told you is true, I do this for your benefit and humanity's sake. I would not suffer any more as I did, for the whole country. CASPER DIETSCHLER, Pembroke, Genesce Co., N. Y. Sold throughout the world. POTTER DEUG AND CHEM. CORP. Props., Boston. How to Cure Every Humor, free.

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