nent rendezeaus.

the criticism of the War department the and that there should be a sufficient numsecretary replied that the people have no ber of noncommissioned officers thoroughly G. A. R. and Auxiliaries Elect and Install idea of the great task of equipping and trained in the knowledge essential to a sending an army across the water.

was necessary to force the fighting. Many said, was too obvious to need to be stated. than that of Spain.

The regiment was furnished four days' travel rations and coffee money. The general hospitals have sent nearly all their out. patients to hospitals throughout the state and the attendants are having a breathing spell for the first time since they came to

Miles Calls on President McKinley.

accompanied by Colonel Micheler of Forwood and all the soldiers who were rehis staff, called at the White quested by General Shafter several days ago House shortly before the cabinet meeting to make recommendations with regard to a began. The general wore fatigue uniform. showing the two-starred epaulettes of a major general. At the time of his arrival the president was conferring with Justice ter that the troops would not be in shape Harlan, Senator Allison and other callers General Miles and Colonel Micheler were shown into the cabinet ante-room and there. There is an impression at the camp that the president joined them, excusing himself from the other callers. The meeting between the president and commanding gen eral was comparatively brief, lasting about five minutes, as the cabinet meeting was in the general hospital today included the about to begin. It was not in the nature following: Henry Driscoll, Company E. of a conference, during which questions relating to the war were discussed, but was L. Burke, Company H. Ninth Massachuseits that formal call of respect usual on the volunteers; George Proper, Company E, return of a high official.

sion of war affairs doubtless will come later. There were today 767 sick in the general though it was said after the call that no hospital and 1,000 vacant cots. Colonel exact time had been fixed for a further Roosevelt has been relieved as commander meeting. General Miles had nothing to say of the Second brigade of cavalry. Two before or after the call. He was greeted troops of the Rough Riders will be muswith a round of applause as he left the tered out tomorrow and the others as soon White House, pushing his way through the as possible. dense crowd awaiting the review of returning District of Columbia troops.

Calls at Department.

General Miles came to the War depart- ment; ment at 10 o'clock today and after spending of war. Acting Secretary Meiklejohn was panies, E. G and H. Second Wisconsin, five at the desk of Secretary Aiger when General the desk of Secretary Aiger when General three efficers, seventy men: Company H. Miles entered accompanied by a member of his staff. Mr. Meiklejohn and General Miles chatted for some time on general two officers, 156 men; unattached, six officers, topics connected with the campaign in Porto fifty men; civilian employes, thirty men. Rico and the return of the commanding Should reach New York September 15. Total general, Should reach New York September 15. Total general. Shortly afterwards General Miles left the department.

Speaking of the future of the army Ceneral Miles said there were a number of affairs that required consideration, with respect to the army organization, and that undoubtedly steps in that direction would be taken as soon as practicable. The matter of mustering out the volunteer officers, in His dispatch follows: correspondence with the general reduction of the army by mustering out, he cald would have to be taken up at an early date and undoubtedly would cause a rearrangement of the department commands.

With respect to the reorganization of the army General Miles said the experience of this war had clearly demonstrated what military authorities well understood before, that the establishment of a standard was necessary to the entire efficiency of the army. He said it was his intention to reommend a plan of reorganization to congress and that he believed the necessity for would be recognized by the public and by congress. The acquisition of territory obviously made it necessary that there should be a larger army and the necessity of establishing a standard and having the troops thoroughly trained to the military

Trained Soldiers Needed.

It was desirable, he said, that the army should be organized on the basis of one soldier to every certain number of inhabitants. It was recognized by military authorities, even before the war of the rebellion, that the establishment of a standard was desirable, but from time to time the army had been reduced until it had reached a number disproportionately small to the size of the country and its population. He thought that one soldier to every 1,000 population probably would be found to about the right ratio for a standard and that the army, this standard being adopted, would be increased according to the receguized needs of the government in an exact ratio to the increase of population.

It was important, and this had been clearly demonstrated in the war with Spain. that there should be a full complement of noncommissioned officers, who were trained to the hardships of military life and who knew how to take care of themselves and to look out for their own health and comfort in a campaign. He said it was important to the efficiency of the army that the men should have training as to the

Weak Tired Nervous Thousands are in this condition.

They are despondent and gloomy, cannot sleep, have no appetite, no energy, no ambition. Hood's Sarsaparilla soon bring's help to such people. It gives them pure, rich blood, cures nervousness, creates an appetite, tones and strengthens the stomach and imparts new life and increased vigor to all the organs of the body.

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upon the men before he established perma- marches, knowledge of the proper food and how to care for their persons so as to pre-When saked what he had to say about serve their health, strength and efficiency soldier's life and to the care of the men-

The War department," he added, "asks He said it was just as necessary that no favors; all it wants and expects is fair soldiers should have proper training as it was to train men to build a house or to General Shafter was delighted with the have a man skilled in his profession to appearance and condition of the men at perform any professional service. It was Camp Meade, and said it was an ideal loca- essential that an army should be composed tion. He expects to meet General Miles to- of soldiers trained to their profession, commorrow in Washington. He said the manded by efficient officers in every grade Santiago campaign was one of the most and controlled strictly according to milisuccessful in history. His army was in a tory principles. That military operations position where he could not retreat and it should be directed by military men, he

chances were taken which would not have Senator Allison and Representative Cousbeen taken in the face of any other army ins of lows, accompanied by Governor Shaw Grand Army of the Republic was happily of that state, called on the president rela-The Twenty-second Kansas left camp to- tive to the lowa troops. It was settled that day for Fort Leavenworth for muster-out. the Forty-ninth and Fifty-first lowa regi- tendance in the morning, but later the numtieth and Fifty-second shall be mustered

> Soldlers Not Fli for Parade. CAMP WIKOFF, Sept. 9.- The Ninth United States infantry is expected to leave

here today. The information had been given out at WASHINGTON, Sept. 9.-General Miles, General Shafter's headquarters that Colonel parade of the troops in New York had all recommended against a parade. The surgeons stated in their report to General Shafto stand the exertion of a march before the expiration of at least a month or six weeks. there will be no parade.

Death List at Camp Wikoff.

CAMP WIKOFF, Sept. 9.- The death list Ninth Massachusetts volunteers: Thomas Third infantry; Bernard Trio, Company A. The conference for more extended discus- Tenth infantry. All died of malarial fever.

> Transport Starts from Ponce. WASHINGTON, Sept. 9 .- The following dispatch has been posted at the War depart-

PONCE, Sept. 8 .- Adjutant General, Washa short time in his room at army head- ton: Transport Alamo sailed at 5:30 today quarters went to the office of the secretary with the following on board: Three com-First District of Columbia, two officers, fiftynine men; Battery C, Pennsylvania artillery, eighteen officers, 545 enlisted men. WILSON, Major General.

> Dr. Tynor Dies at Santingo. WASHINGTON, Sept. 9 .- General Lawton n his bulletin concerning the health conditonight reports the death of Dr. E. S.

> Total sick, 420; total fever, 260; total new cases fever, 38; total returned, 71. Deaths: Dr. E. S. Tynor, acting assistant surgeon general, yellow fever; Houghton Clifford, private company F, Ninth infantry,

typhoid fever. Siek Soldiers Coming North. LEXINGTON, Ky., Sept. trains from Minnesota and Pennsylvania Lizzie Kimball, Massachusetts; junior vice left camp Hamilton today. Ninety-six sol- president, Miss Lillian Phillips, Illinois; diers were taken to Minnesota and fiftyseven to Pennsylvania. There are less than urer, Mrs. Ida J. Allen, Massachusetts; in-500 sick in the hospital and there is great improvement in the patients. No deaths for forty-eight hours.

PEACE BILL IN THE CORTES

Long on Preamble and Very Short on Legislation-Authorizes Cession of Territory.

LONDON, Sept. 9 .- According to the Madrid correspondent of the Times, the following is the text of the bill authorizing the government to conclude peace:

The reverses suffered by our arms in the unequal struggle to which we were driven in order to defend the honor of the nation and maintain its rights deprived us at an early stage of the elements required for continuin the war. The bravery of our soldiers an sailors proved sufficient, as did the calm atitude of the nation, ever ready to shed its od and sacrifice its resources for the honor f the Spanish flag.

Separated by wide seas from the territory it was our object to protect, and these territories being closely blockaded so that our few remaining ships could not reach them, her majesty's government has been compelled to admit the bitter truth, which is that an end must be put to the war.

The sense of responsibility entailed by the

preliminary peace negotiations had weighed most heavily on the government. Notwith-standing it fully appreciated its duty toeards the country, the government has had to consent to these preliminary negotiations and to bow to the cruel sacrifices imposed by sheer necessity. For this reason and be-cause peace must be purchased at the cost of a cessation of territory and the abandonnert of sovereignty rights, the government as thought it expedient to sound the Cortes f which will be duly notified to both nambers in accordance with constitutional

The government, whose moderate language will not be found fault with by the representatives of the nations, limits itself to abmitting to the Cortes the following bill. whose first and only article is: "The gov-rnment is authorized to renounce rights of overeignty and cede territory in Spanish colonies in accordance with the peace preliminaries agreed upon with the government of the United States of

The Times' correspondent says the bill s signed by all the ministers.

Seventh Illinois at Home. CHICAGO, Sept. 9.—The Seventh Illinois infantry, Colonel Marcus Cavanagh's regiment, consisting of 1,250 officers and men, arrived here today from Camp Meade, Middletown, Pa., over the Baltimore & Ohio railroad. Outside of twenty men who had mild cases of typhoid fever, but one being serious, the soldiers were pictures of health. There were but two deaths in the entire regiment since the men were called out. The regiment is composed entirely of Irishmen. Before the men disbanded and went to their homes they marched through the business section of the city and were given an enthusiastic welcome. Afterward they were addressed by Mayor Carter Harrison on behalf of the municipality and States Attorney Charles S. Dencen delivered an address of welcome on behalf of

Cook county. Sagasta Much Depressed.

NEW YORK, Sept. 9 .- A dispatch to the Herald from Madrid says: In the council of ministers Sagasta was very much depressed, owing, it is believed, to the artitude of Silvela. A criais is generally spoken

The peace commissioners for the Paris conference will only be nominated after the debate on the protocol. The names of the commissioners published in New York are totally delusive, because at the present moment nothing is certain-not even the duration of the ministry-and the commissicuery must absolutely hold a conference with the existing government.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY Take Laxative Brome Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on

Their Officers.

FINDINGS OF THE COMMITTEE ON PENSIONS

Strictures Are Passed on Commissioner Evans' Methods and Comrade McKinley Beseeched to See Justice Done.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 9.- The work of the thirty-second annual encampment of the concluded late in the afternoon today. There was a small number, comparatively, in atments shall remain in service and the Fif- hers were increased and the desire to complete the work and turn to other duties was so great that every one connected with the business of the encampment felt inclined to hurry and for this reason perhaps the expected discussion on the resolutions from the pension committee did not occur. The rule in almost every instance was to adopt reports as presented and in this way the pension report went through without objection, although it was modified later to take away any impression that might have arisen that President McKinley was under censure.

While the encampment was concluded in the afternoon so that the new National Board of Administration could meet with Commander-in-Chief Sexton for routine initial work the national convention of the three organizations of ladies continued

not only all day but until late tonight. They had much more fighting over officers than the ex-soldiers. Their afternoon and evening sessions were devoted to the contest over the division of the honors and in those contests filinois carried off almost everything. The Department of Illinois secured the commander-in-chief last evening, also the president of the Woman's Relief corps. Today that state secured the president of the Ladies Grand Army of the at all. Republic, as well as the vice president of the Daughters of Veterans and one of the three members of its national council and also the secretaries and councillor of the

Woman's Relief corps. The encampment finished the election of sional, unskilled labor, labor requiring muscofficers. The following were elected by cular efforts alone. Your committee further respectfully states that it is willing to reacclamation: Senior vice commander-inchief, W. C. Johnson of Cincinnati; junior vice commander-in-chief, David Ross of Delaware; surgeon general, Dr. Pierce of Nebraska; chaplain-in-chief, Colonel Lucas of Indianapolis.

The Ladies of the Grand Army of the Republic were in session all day and night, without stopping for refreshments. The morning session was devoted to the revision of their ritual. The following officers were elected.

Auxiliaries Elect Officers.

President, Mrs. Agnes Winslow, Chicago; senior vice president, Mrs. M. P. Cahoon, Elyria, O.; junior vice president, Mrs. Pauline Willis, San Francisco; Treasurer, Mrs. Etta Toby, Logansport, Ind.; chaplain, Mrs. Margaret Stevens, Newark, N. J.; counseltions of the American troops at Santiago for, Mrs. Flora M. Davey, Duluth; council of administration, Mrs. Annie Lincoln, Du-Tynor, acting assistant surgeon general. luth: Mrs. Emma Wall, Lawrence, Kan.; Mrs. Aurilla Sherman, Keokuk, In. These officers were installed by Mrs. Francis N.

Wood of Topeka, Kan. The daughters of Veterans of the Grand Army of the Republic were in continuous session, transacting their annual business and in electing and installing the following officers: President, Miss Anna Clark, New York; senior vice president, Miss M. chaplain, Miss Bertha Discus, Ohio; treasspector, Mrs. Belle Moore, New York; instituting and installing officer, Mrs. Vinne Bond-Willis, Massachusetts; members of the national council. Mrs. Julia H. Croft. Ohio: Mrs. Ellen M. Walker, Massachusetts; Miss Annit A. Smith, Missouri; Miss Alice Han-

son, Illinois. Woman's Relief Corps.

Miss Alida Rule, Tennessee; Mrs. Addie C. Work, Texas, and Mrs. Adelaide T. Bissell, Minnesota, were added today to the executive board and the following additional officers were selected: Secretary, Miss Mattie J. Jamison, Illinois; counsellor, Mrs. Emma Wall, Illinois; home board, Mrs. Sarah J. Martin, Missouri; members of the Andersonville ; ison board, Mrs. Castilla R, Jones, New Hampshire; inspector, Mrs. Mary Deane. Massachusetts; instituting and installing officer, Mrs. Charlotte J. Cummings, Pennsylvania; patriotic instructor, Mrs. Mary Hartwell, California.

Greetings were received from Paul Vandervoort, past commander-in-chief, and the only honorary member of the Woman's Relief corps; also from Mrs. General John A. Logan. Among the resolutions adopted was one thanking Miss Clara Barton, president of the Red Cross society, who is a past chaplain, for ner official work in relieving

the suffering and destitution in Cuba. As the treasury of the Grand Army of the Republic was found to be about empty the ladies of the Women's Relief corps made an appropriation of \$2,000 for the benefit of their brothers.

Report on Pensions. The report of the committee on pensions

is as follows:

Your committee, to which was referred the resolutions relating to the pension question, report that it has investigated all resotions respecting the subject matter and recommend the adoption of the following: Resolved. That it is the judgment of this encampment that in the administration of the pension laws a generous and patriotic construction should govern and the law be administered in the spirit of justice and fairness, in which they were enacted. Resolved. That any effort to prevent the honest applicant for a pension from succeeding by any subterfuge, rule or forced construction of the laws which will work injustice to the applicant is to be con demned by all honorable men.

Resolved, That in view of the repeated

complaints of the unfair construction of the pension law and of the making and enforcement of rules which are in violation of the law and inimical to the interest of applicants compels this encampment to call upon Comrade William McKinley, president of the United States, to exercise his authority and

of fairness, justice and liberality. Resolved, That all rules which tend to hinder and embarrass the allowance of honest pension claims should be repealed, and we ask the president that he use his authority to cause those whose duty it is to execute the laws to so perform their duty as to do justice to the soldiers and administer to law so as not to obstruct the prosecution of pensions by technical requirements not within the province of the law and which are only calculated to hinder and obstruct in the effort to obtain lawful pen-Your committee calls attention to the fact that two years ago the country was stirred to its depths by complaints of the injustice of the then administration of the pension bureau. These complaints were so specific and distinct that they furnished the basis of political effort. They were the subject of emphatic utterances by the national encampment. Beyond doubt the political campaign of 1806 was largely influenced by the hope of uncliorating the harsh conditions then obtaining in the pension bureau. We submit that this expected amelioration has not taken place; that in no substantial instance has one of those objectionable rules been abrogated, but every one of them remains in full force and effect as under the previous administrations.

Odious Technical Rules. The best illustration of this is the odious

ENCAMPMENT NEARS A CLOSE upon the fact that the veterans had the the Woman's Relief Corps of the Department from the present commissioner of pensions roses, accompanied by a felicitous speech than they received from his predecessor.

Another fact that it seems unnecessary to
enlarge upon is that the time is highly important to the veterans. The passing years

have a direful acceleration for them. Every precedence when it was decided to conday brings them nearer the grave in increasing ratio; their needs cry out more vociferously with every changing of the was first adopted by a unanimous rising moon, yet the number of weekly allowances vote in a scene of most enthusiastic steadily diminishes, while the pension com-missioner officially states that he has 625,000 claims pending in his bureau, on which he says 75,000 so far have received nothing at Proud of the President.

all. Elsewhere he states about 200,000 survivors received no pensions, and yet very recently the commissioner recommended and carried through a reduction of 100 in our honored comrade, William McKinley, as his force of clerks, on the ground that he president of the United States, has met every had more force than he needed. This in face of the fact that hardly a day passes but that somewhere in this broad land the pension claims arrive only in time to be hald on the coffin of the applicant. In the meanwhile the 16,000 employes of the pension bureau continue the dreary round of circumbecution of pulling out the yellowing papers, adding a note to the fading endorsements and replacing them in the pigeon-holes. It has been estimated by a mathematician fond of curious calculations that the mere physical labor employed in these futile handlings has been sufficient to have picked up the Army of the Potomac in its roudest strength and carried it bodily from Washington to Richmond.
Resolved. That the rule of the penal :

office by which a widow is debarred from pension if she has an income of \$100 per year is unjust and we ask the president that the order be abolished and the minimum iLcome debarring from pensions be fixed at less than \$300 per annum. In connection we desire to fit-the president that early in his administration it was announced by a high official in the pension office that the

widows' limit would be raised to \$30), but it never materialized. Resolved, That we ask for the re-establishent of order 164, which was enforced an h the Harrison regime. The order, in shaple terms, took cognizance in rating a mais pension of all the disabilities he sufficed under. It was abrogated by the last administration and it was held that to be cuttiful to the lowest rate of \$5 per month a com-rade must have some one disability which is rated at that amount. If he has three disabilities rated at \$4 each he gets no pension at all. This iniquitous rule is maintained up to this hour and we submit that it is not such treatment as we had a right to expect from Comrade McKinley.

Resolved. That in construing the phrase 'inability to perform manual labor," construed inability to perform unprofes ceive even the official statement of the com-missioner of pensions with several large grains of alloway. He states in one place that there are 75,000 comrades who never received a pension. In another place he fixes the figure at 200,000. We are aware that from time to time he issues glowing statements as to the great work he is doing for the comparison to what was formerly done, but most of his comparisons are with the administrations of President Grant and President Hayes. Prior to the act of 1899 granting a pension after ninety days' service for disability honorably incurred eve from giving prominence to the number of his rejections. Our comrades living and the widows of the comrades dead cry aloud for justice. We voice their cry and bring it to the ear of that comrade in chief authority

The report was adopted without discus-

sion.

But Little Discussion. As an indication of the high regard of Endorses Administration, Demands the encampment for President McKinley, some time after the adoption of the report port the sentence, "This iniquitous rule is ported and the report was adopted almost maintained up to this hour and we submit unanimously. The resolution says: it is not such treatment as we had a right. We renew our fealty to the republican to expect from Comrade William McKinto expect from Comrade William McKin-ley." Corporal Tanner immediately got the honors and achievements have been won. floor and stated that his high regard for We congratulate the country upon the glori-President McKinley was not exceeded by our results accomplished in the war with any member of the encampment, and he spain, the magnificent bravery of our soldiers, the grand and able management of the begged permission to have the unanimous war by the auministration and the successful consent of the encampment to add to the and honorable policy. We endorse and apsentence which it was sought to have ex- plaud the administration of President Mo punged, "and we are confident that when Kinley and the policies ably proposed and he is once relieved from the mighty matacomplished by him. We approve of the Cuban policy of the president, whereby the ters of national and world-wide importance which now command his attention he will

see that justice is done." The encampment unanimously gave permission to make this addition to the report and the motion to expunge was withdrawn. Upon the motion of Comrade Beath it was the next encampment not exceeding 1 cent has been successfully raised. per mile and the hotels of Philadelphia gave a guarantee not to increase their regular rates at the time of the encampment then the national council of administration be authorized to select such other city as coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. would make these guarantees. These guarantees must be made not later than

February 12. A resolution offered by a comrade from New York, declaring it to be treason for any member of the Grand Army to refuse to do all in his power to give employment to fellow members, was the subject of quite an animated discussion. The encampment, with considerable unanimity, voted down the

resolution. The application by the Ladies' Relief corps for permission to amend their constitution so as to enable them to use relief funds for the benefit of the soldiers of the Spanish-American war was acted upon

favorably by the encampment. The proposition to make eligible to membership in the Grand Army soldiers who

have served in the war with Spain was laid on the table. Council of Administration

was appointed, as follows:

Alabama, M. D. Wickershaw, Mobile; Arizona, Samuel C. Rees, Prescott; California and Nevada, A. T. Eggleston, St. Louis; Colorado and Wyoming, John C. Kennedy; Connecticut, John H. Thatcher, Hartford; Delaware, W. H. Miller, Wil-mington; Florida, T. S. Wilmarth, Jacksonville; Georgia, James P. Averill, At-lanta; Indiana, W. H. Armstrong; Iowa, homas Bell, Fairfield; Indian Territory, D. B. Bradford, South McAlester; Kansas, Coney, Topeka, Kentucky, P. H. Harger, Louisville; Louisiana and Mississippi, Richard Shepard, New Orleans; Maine, Edwin Riley, Chism; Maryland, M. A. Bryan, Baltimore; Massachusetts, W. W. Blackman, Boston; Michigan, Samuel J. Lawrence, Wyandotte; Minnesota, J. M. D. Craft, Farmington; Missouri, M. F. rett, St. Louis; Montana, Charles Horn, Nebraska, H. W. George, Georgetown: New Hampshire, B. A. Brown, Pena-New Jersey, Clayland Tilden, Jersey New Mexico, H. Crampton, Santa Fe York, Thomas F. Reed, New York; North Dakota, Harrison Allen, Fargo; Ohio, B. M. Moulton, Lima; Oklahoma, W. H. Baker, Ponce City; Oregon, B. H. Bradshaw, Salem; Pennsylvania, James F. Mor rison, Philadelphia: Potomac, Charles T. Matthew, Washington, D. C.; Rhode Island, W. N. Viall, Harvard; South Dakota, A. R. Anderson, Hot Springs; Tennessee, Frank Seaman, Knoxville: Texas, Henry Johnson, Sherman: Utah, A. S. Condor, Ogden; Virginia and North Carolina, A. P. Washington and Alaska, J. Dickenson. Seattle, West Virginia, George K. Mallory, Parkersburg; Wisconsin, H. J. Smith,

ceremony of installing the efected officers was performed by Comrade rule 225, which was substituted for the just rule 164, to the infinite injury of tens of thousands of much deserving men and cago, immediately after his installation rewomen. It seems unnecessary to enlarge ceived from Mrs. Alexander, president of

The resolutions referring to President Mc-Kinley and Secretary Alger were given sider the report of the committee ad seriatim. demonstration, and it read as follows:

Resolved, That the Grand Army of the Republic has watched with pride and satisfaction the wise, conservative, unselfish, patriotic and statesmanlike manner in which demand which the recent trouble with Spain imposed upon our country, that his wisdom and prudence in his endeavors to preserve peace with honor as well as the vigor and patriotic ardor with which our army and navy were equipped for the conflict the war became imminent, have won our hearty and unreserved approval and com-mendation; and, rejoicing in the glorious termination of the conflict in which our country has been engaged, we hereby ex-press our gratitude, not only to our distinguished comrade, the president, but also to the officers and men in the land and naval forces for their heroic conduct and sublime achievements for humanity and the glory of our flag and country.

As soon as the demonstration following the adoption of this resolution was over, the following was read and adopted by a unantmous vote without discussion and with another demonstration of approval:

Resolved. That from knowledge formed of our experience as soldiers, during four years of active service, we recognize the unfaltering energy and patriotic devotion with which as secretary of war General Alger has bette the weighty responsibilities and performed the important duties suddenly imposed by the recent war with Spain, creating and maintaining so large an army under such unfavorable conditions, the deeds of which not only shed luster on the American soldier but also challenges the admiration of the world. The last action of the encampment was

the adoption by rising vote of a vote of thanks to the retiring commander-in-chief, General Gobin, who briefly returned his

At 2:30 p. m. the final adjournment took place.

TELLER SWITCHES TO ADAMS

Drops Shafroth as His Preferred Candidate for Governor-Conference Committee at Work.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Colo., Sept. 9 .- A hange in the plan of the Teller silver republicans developed when the conference committees of the democrats, populists and silver republicans assembled this morning. While the Teller-Towne forces want Congressman Shafroth named for governor they dropped him temporarily and revived the boom for the nomination of Governor Adams on the three tickets. The general conferwhen the sum total of claims was only 300,terson, representing the populists; T. J. when the sum total of claims was only 300,000. When owing to the small force in the
adjutant general's office, it took two years to
get a report on the claimant's record when
now it takes only five days. He compares work with the work done when the clerks in the pension office numbered only 300, took recesses until afternoon, awaiting a while he has 1,600. He discreetly refrains report from the conference. Hon. C. A. Towne, chairman of the national committee of the silver republican party, addressed the populist convention this forenoon by invitation. At the close of his speech three over all the land, confident that he will do cheers were given for Senator Teller and Congressmen Shafroth and Bell and also for

PLATFORM OF UTAH REPUBLICANS.

SALT LAKE, Utah, Sept. 9 .- The repubof the committee on pensions a fear seemed lican state convention was called to order to have come into the minds of some of the today by W. K. Walton, chairman of the comrades that some degree of blame had state committee. Ex-United States Senator been attributed to him. Judge Torrence of Arthur A. Brown was made permanent chair-Minnesota moved to expunge from the re- man. The resolutions committee then re-

island shall be held and governed United States until some other stable and safe government founded on the principles of freedom can be established.

While we insist upon maintaining the Monroe doctrine in all its integrity w lieve it consistent and safe for the United States to hold and maintain possession of decided that unless the railroads gave a other islands in any part of the world and satisfactory guarantee to make the rates to we believe in protecting our flag wherever it The platform demands protection, bimet-

sition. Rates \$2.00 to \$4.00. allism and reciprocity and says Independent of the action of any other nation we favor the free and unlimited Chief Justice Xane was nominated for chief justice judge and Alma E. Eldredge of Summit county for congress.

SILVER PARTY OF NEVADA MEETS.

Sadler for Governor and Newlands for Congress. RENO, Nev., Sept. 9.—The silver party convention assembled at 10 o'clock today. The committee on resolutions made a report which was adopted.

The platform indorses the platform of the national silver party at St. Louis in 1896 and the financial plank of the national democratic party at Chicago in 1896; unalterably opposes the republican policy of increasing the bonded debt and the issuing of money by banking institutions. It favors the holding of Cuba and Porto Rico and the Philippines until the American people have the time to consider the best policy in regard to their final disposition. The national council of administration favors the completion of the Nicaragua canal and favors the foreclosure of the mortgage on the Central Pacific railroad unless the principal and interest are paid within one year.

Francis G. Newlands was nominated for congress and R. Sadler for governor. The silver party convention completed its ticket as follows: Lieutenant governor, James R. Judge; secretary of state, Eugen-Howell; state treasurer, D. M. Ryan; state controller, Sam P. Davis; attorney general. W. D. Jones; supreme court judge, C. H. Belknap; state printer, Andrew Maute, surveyor general, E. D. Kelley; state superintendent of public instruction, P. C. Cutting: state university regents, P. C. Sergent (long term), P. C. Starritt (short term.) The democratic state convention nom inated as follows: Governor, George Rus-

ler, G. M. Humphreys; surveyor general, T. K. Stewart; state printer, James Morris; regents of the university, F. H. Triplets (long term), G. H. Haist (short term.) Pettigrew Will Be There. CANTON, S. D., Sept. 9.—(Special.)—Silver republicans, populists and democrats will hold county conventions tomorrow.

Senator Pettigrew will be here to engineer

sell; lieutenant governor, C. M. Grimes;

treasurer, W. G. Thompson; state control-

secretary of state, John Webber;

Nervous Exhaustion Horsford's Acid Phosphate is supremely beneficial. Shun Substitutes. Put up only in bottles

fusion and address the conventions an

AMUSEMENTS.

the National Piccoen's Tournament.

Opposite the Twentieth street entrance of the Transmissisatopi Exposition grounds, beginning to-day-Saturday-at 1 p. m.,

Ten Contests and Races. Event No. L.-Champion Hose Race (200

yards.)
Event No. 2—Championship Hook and
Ladder Race (250 yards).
Event No. 3—Championship Trophy of
the United States.

the United States:

Event No. 4.—Special prize for the handsomest two-horse fire team on the grounds,
Event No. 5.—Exhibition of Pompier ladder-dimbing by the Denver Fire department against time.

Event No. 6.—Exhibition of the extinguishing of two burning buildings by the Eads chemicality.

THE TROCADERO God Hardey its

WEEK SEPT. 4.

Commencing with Sunday Matinee.

Special engagement of the

ANGELA SISTERS.

The Queens of Song. Re-engagement of the Spectacular Triumph.

NILLSSON'S BALLET

Augmented with Special Accessories.

ALBERT AND HISTORY, Musical Celebrities

Singing and Dancing Experts.

LOTELE, Shadowgraphist,

Rence VINTON, Vocalist. DRAWEE, Modern Juggler.

Matinees Sunday, Wednesday and Satur-

BOYD'S THEATRE PAXTON & BURGESS

Season of Comic Opera.

Dorothy Morton Opera Co.

"MIKADO"

Bargain Matinees Thursday and Saturday

SUNDAY MATINEE

LAUGHING SUCCESS

"Hogan's Alley"

TONIGHT, 8:30.

written to rag-time music

Pretty Dances Catchy Music Bright Specialties

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THE WOODWARD STOCK CO.

FRESENTING

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NEXT WEEK: "MEN AND WOMEN."

Are you going to the

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BIGGEST SHOW IN TOWN.

Admission 10 cents.

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25c and 50c. Night Prices-25c, 50c, 75c.

BOYD'S THEATRE PAXTON & BURGESS. Tel. 1919.

39-Chorus of-30.

TONIGHT, 8:30.

Aerialist. LA PAGE SISTEMS.

day. REFRESHMENTS.

TODAY, 2:30.

Popular

Seats now on sale.

PROGRAM FOR THIS DAY.

ALLIANCE DECIDES TO JOIN HANDS.

Washington Democrats Renominate James Hamilton Lewis. ELLENSBURG, Wash., Sept. 9.-The dem ocratic convention renominated James Hamilion Lewis for congress by acclamation. The silver republican convention renominated Congressman W. C. Jones by accla-

After reflection all night the populist convention unanimously decided to concede the demands of the democrats and yield them one cupreme judge. This removed all obstacles to fusion and the conference re-

obstacles to fusion and the conterence report was adopted.

A committee was appointed to notify the democrats and the silver republicans.

The populist convention then nominated B. F. Houston of Tacoma for supreme judge on the third ballet.

Spanish Prisoners Start Home.

NEW YORK. Sept. 9.—Fifty Spanish prisoners, captured at the naval battle on July 2, off Santlego de Cuba, arrived in Jersey City early today. They went at Jersey City early today. They went at Twentieth street entrance. Take Sherman at the Twentieth street entrance. Take Sherman at the Twentieth street entrance. Take Sherman at the maximum for two burning buildings by the Eads chemicalizer.

Event No. 7.—Paid company's quick hitching contest.

Event No. 8.—Champlonship hub and hub are between Omains, Lincoln, Kansas City and Denver.

Event No. 9.—Exhibition of The Extinguishing of Fives on burning buildings by the Kansas City fire department.

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Jersey City early today. They went at avenue cars to firemen's grounds, corner once to the Anchor line dock in this city of Twentieth and Ames avenue, two blocks to board the City of Rome, bound for north of exposition grounds. home. The men had been held prisoners

at Norfolk, Va. After the Spaniards had gone on board the City of Rome the vessel started on the voyage to Portsmouth, N. H., where the voyage to Portsmouth, N. H., where W. W. COLE, Act. Manager, modate of those who have been held as prisoners at Camp Seavey. From Portsmouth the City of Rome will sail for



A man who neglects his health is sailing his craft of life in dangerous sens. He cannot too soon awaken to the fact that he is imperiling his most precious endow-ment. All the wealth in the world, all the power in the world, all the power in the world, all the world, all the love and poetry and music and nobility and beauty are but dust in the mouth of the man who has lost his health. Keeping healthy means looking after the disorders that ninety-nine men in a hun-dred neglect. You cannot get the average, every-day man to believe that indigestion or biliousness, or costiveness or headache or loss of sleep or appetite, or shakiness in the morning and duliness through the day amount to much anyway. He will "pooh, pooh" at you, until some morning he wakes up and finds himself sick abed. Then he will send for a doctor and find out to his surprise that all these disorders have been but the danger signals of a big malady that has robbed him of his health, possibly forever. It may be consumption or nerv-ous prostration or malaria or rheumatism or some blood or skin disease. It matters or some blood or skin disease. It matters not, they all have their inception in the same neglected disorders. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery makes the appetite keen, the digestion perfect, the liver active, the blood pure, the nerves steady and gives sound and refreshing sleep. It is the great blood-maker and flesh-builder. It cures 98 per cent, of all cases of consumption. In fact bronchial, throat and lung affections generally yield it. Med. lung affections generally yield to it. Med-icine stores sell it.

One or two at bedtime cure constipation -Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They regulate and invigorate the stomach, liver and bowels. By all medicine dealers.

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YOU SHOULD SEE THE FALL or BABYLON

Streets of All Nations Grandest, Best Amusement Place on Exposition

DARKNESS AND DAWN

Magnificent Novelty OF THE MIDWAY

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SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA Ostrich Farm 🛚 WEST MIDWAY.

Old Plantation

100 Southern Negro Dancers, Singers, and Cake Walkers. Pickaninny Quartet, Handsome Theater, See the Village.

THE LIBBY GLASS BLOWERS AND ENGRAVERS. ON THE WEST MIDWAY. Buy your engraved glass souvenirs at our works, as you receive the price of admission back on each pur-

EAST MIDWAY-10 2ts.

Don't fall to take a ride on GRIFFITHS' SCENIC RAILWAY on the MIDWAY, and see a representation of the BATTLE OF MANILA in the Great Tunnel. The patent right for these rall-ways in any pert of the United States for sale by J. A. Griffiths, at his office on the

HAGENBACK'S Trained Wild Animal Show.

Grounds.

250 People Representing Different

PROF: Champton Roller Skater ACUINTON in Dea of Lions. Do Not Forget to Visit the

CHINESE THEATER. Tea Garden, Bazar and Joss House on West Midway. .

THE NEW

East Midway Casino 62—Gigantic Birds—62