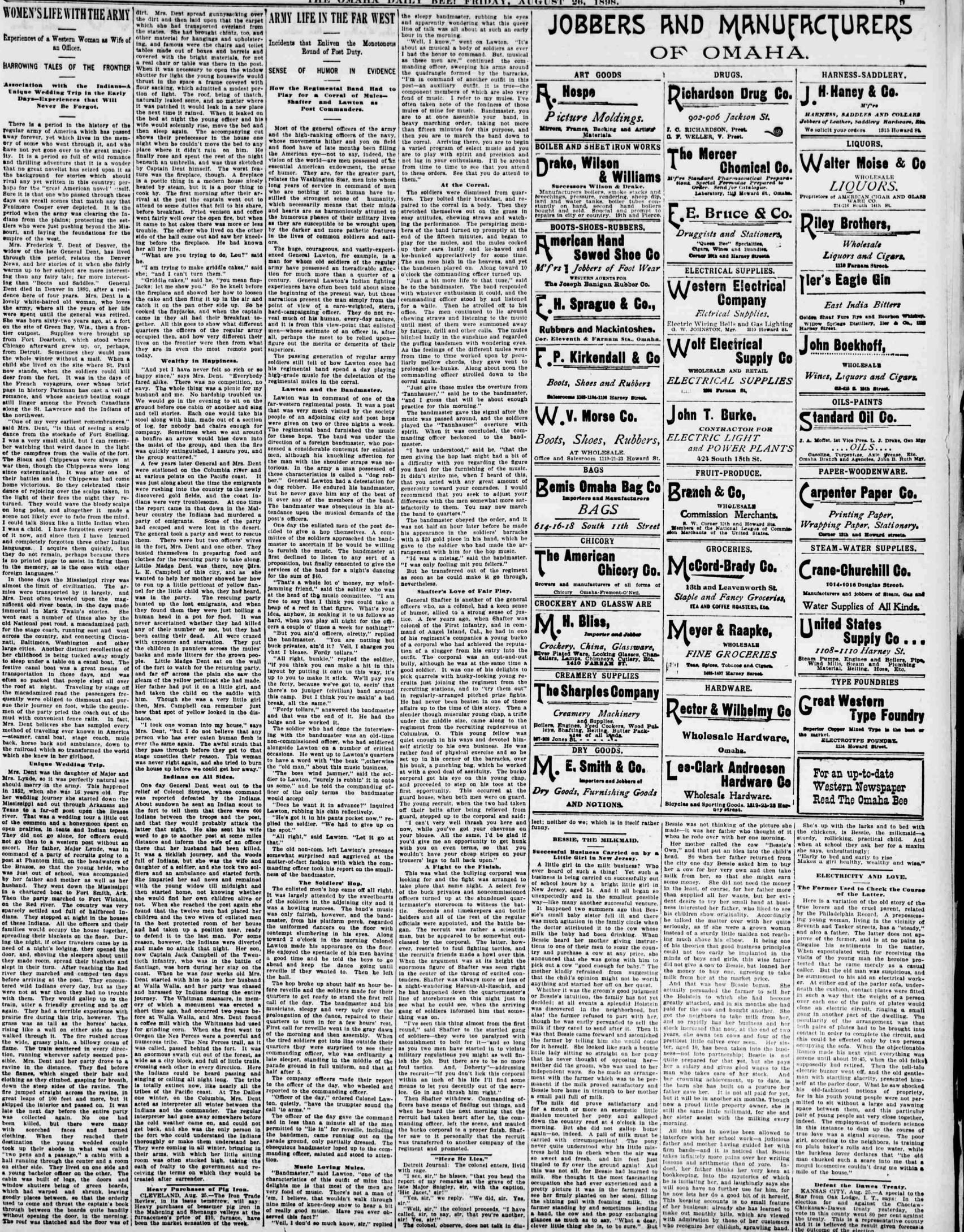
THE OMAHA DAILY BEE: FRIDAY, AUGUST 26, 1898.



Association with the Indians-A Unique Wedding Trip in the Early Days-Experiences that Will Never Be Forgot. There is a period in the history of the regular army of America which has passed away forever, yet which lives in the memory of some who went through it, and who have not yet gone over to the great majority. It is a period so full of wild romance and thrilling adventure that it is a wonder that no great novelist has seized upon it as the background for stories which should rival any yet written in this country; per-

haps for the "great American novel" "self. Sure it is that one who passed through those days can recall scenes that match any that Fenimore Cooper ever depicted. It is the period when the army was clearing the Indians from the plains; protecting the settlers who were just pushing beyond the Missouri, and laying the foundations for the empire of the west.

an Officer.

Mrs. Frederick T. Dent of Denver, th widow of the late General Dent, has lived through this period, relates the Denver News, and her stories of it when she fairly warms up to her subject are more interesting than any fairy tale; far more interesting than "Boots and Saddles." General Dent died in Denver in 1892, after a residence here of four years. Mrs. Dent is a lovely white-haired old woman, who loves the army, where all the years of her life were spent until the general was retired. She was born sixty-two years ago, at a fort on the site of Green Bay, Wis., then a frontier outpost. Supplies were brought up from Fort Dearborn, which stood where Chicago afterward grew up, or, perhaps, from Detroit. Sometimes they would pass the whole winter without a mail. When a child she lived on the site where St. Paul now stands, when the soldiers could kill deer from the fort. It was in the days of the French voyageurs, over whose brief page in history Parkman has cast a veil of

romance, and whose ancient boating songs still linger among the French Canadfans along the St. Lawrence and the Indians of the northwest. "One of my very earliest remembrances,"

said Mrs. Dent, "is that of seeing a scalp dance from the stockade of Fort Snelling. I was a very small child, but I can remember watching that weird dance in the light of the campfires from the walls of the fort The Sloux and Chippewas were always at war then, though the Chippewas were long since exterminated. It was after one of their battles and the Chippewas had come home victorious. So they celebrated their dance of rejoicing over the scalps taken, in the light of their fires the night they returned. They would wave the bloody scalps on long poles, and altogether it made a scene not likely ever to fade from the mind I could talk Sloux like a little Indian when I was a child. I have forgotten every word of it now, and since then I have learned and completely forgotten three other Indian languages. I acquire them quickly, but they do not remain, perhaps because there is no printed page to assist in fixing then in the memory, as is the case with other foreign languages."

In those days the Mississippi river was almost the limit of civilization. The ar-Mrs. Dent often traveled upon the magnificent old river boats, in the days made immortal in Mark Twain's stories. She

across the country, and connecting Cincinnati, Baltimore, Washington and other large cities. Another distinct recollection of her childhood is being tucked away snugly to sleep under a table on a canal boat. The festive canal boat was a great means of transportation in those days, and was often so packed that people slept all over the roof at night. Traveling by stage off the macadamized road the passengers frequently were obliged to dismount and pursue their journey on foot, while the gentle men of the party pried the coach out of the mud with convenient fence rails. In fact, Mrs. Dent believes she has sampled every method of traveling ever known in America -steamer, canal boat, stage coach, mulback, horse back and ambulance, down to the railroad which so transformed the world which she knew in her girlhood.

Unique Wedding Trip.

Mrs. Dent was the daughter of Major and Mrs. Lynde, so it was perfectly natural sne should marry in the army. This happened in 1852, when she was 16 years old. For her wedding journey she started down the Mississippl and out through Arkansas and Texas to a far-off post upon the Brazos river. That was a wedding tour a little out of the common and a honeymoon spent on open prairies, in tents and Indian tepees. They did not go alone, for officers could not go then to a western post without an escort. Her father, Major Lynde, was in command of a party of recruits going to a post at Phantom Hill, on the headwaters of the Brazos, so that the young bride, who was just out of school, was accompanied by her father and mother as well as her husband. They went down the Mississippi in a chartered boat to Fort Smith, Ark. Then the party marched to Fort Wichita, on the Red river. The country was very sparsely settled and full of halfbreed Indians. They stopped at night in the houses of these Indians. All the officers and their families would occupy the house together, spreading their blankets on the floor. During the night, if other travelers came by in need of a night's lodging, they opened the door, and, shoving the sleepers about until they made room, spread their blankets and slept in their turn. After reaching the Red river they marched and camped ten days before arriving at the post. They encountered wild Indians every day, but as the were not at war then they had no trouble with them. They would gallop up to the train, utter a friendly greeting and be off again. They had a terrible experience with prairie fire during this trip, however. The grass was as tall as the horses' backs, rising like a wall on either side as they walked through it. The fire rushed across the wide, grassy plain, a billowy ocean of flame. The train scattered in every direction, running wherever safety seemed possible. Mrs. Dent and her party drove to a ravine in the distance. They fied before the flames, which singed their hair and clothing as they climbed, gasping for breath, down the steep sides of the ravine. The fire jumped straight across the ravine, in great leaps of 100 feet and more, but it skipped the interior and passed on. It was late the next day before the entire party collected again, No one was been killed, but there were many scorched faces and burned clothing. When they reached their destination the young wedded couple took up their abode in what was called "two pens and a passage." a cabin with a hall running through the center and a room on either side. They lived on one side and a young bachelor officer on the other. The cabin was built of logs, the doors and window shutters being of green boards, which had warped and shrunk, leaving goodly places between, so that the orderly used to come and thrust the captain's book through between the boards quite handily without opening the door, in the morning. The roof was thatched and the floor was of been the market sensation of the week.

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of really good muise. Have you ever ob- called, sir, to say, sir, that you're another, "Well, sir," the colonel proceeds, "I have sir! Yes, sir!" glances as much as to say. "What a dear, with admiration by those of her customers The colonel, observe, does not talk in dia- clever little thing she is, to be sure." But who recognize her childish, sprawling hand.

" |Cudaby's latest fortune. He has worked and present here of Kenracy.

with admiration by those of her customers

the treaty. This is a representative county and it is believed the result given forecasts the outcome of the election.