

FEEL DIRECTORS MEET

Reduced Admission to the Exposition Goes Only Thursday Nights.

EFFORTS TO EXTEND THE CUT FAIL

Directors Decline to Take Any Further Action on the Subject.

BLACK HILLS PEOPLE TAKE THEIR DAY

Pioneers of that Famous Region Look Over the Exposition.

NEW BAND GETS SOME ATTENTION

McCook's Well Known Organization Plays Its First Concert on the Grounds to the Delight of a Considerable Audience.

Somewhat to the surprise of the promoters of the reduced rate of directors, though less than a quorum was present, went through the forms of a meeting yesterday and refused to take any further action.

Aside from the adjourned meeting of the directors the day was rather quiet. It was down on the official program as Black Hills day and quite a number of visitors from that famous territory took advantage of the 1-cent rate to pay respects to the exposition.

The McCook band, which is favorably remembered by Omaha people on account of its performances at the State fair, gave its first concert on the grounds yesterday afternoon.

INVITE PRESIDENT AND PRINCE

Exposition Directors Decide to Send Formal Peace Notifications.

There were only twenty-three members of the board of directors present yesterday afternoon, but some of the members stated that they held proxies of absent members.

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PRESIDENT WILL BE HERE

Mr. McKinley Again Promises to Attend the Peace Jubilee.

POSTMASTER GENERAL SMITH TO COME

Will Deliver an Address on Pennsylvania Day, October 24—Collection of War Relics for the Exposition Progresses.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—(Special Telegram.)—Edward Rosewater had another interview with President McKinley this afternoon. The president reiterated his former promise to attend the peace jubilee at Omaha unless insurmountable obstacles shall prevent.

Manager Bruce also had some figures from the census which he deduced that during last week 77.8 of the total admission came through the gates before 6 o'clock.

Assistant Secretary of War Meiklejohn has been flooded with appeals by telegraph and mail urging the immediate mustering out of the Second Nebraska, but Adjutant General Corbin does not consider it practicable to discharge the regiment for at least two weeks after its return to Omaha.

SHIP BAY STATE AT SANTIAGO

Precautions Being Taken to Prevent a Spread of the Yellow Fever Infection Among Soldiers.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Aug. 21.—(Delayed Telegram.)—The hospital ship Bay State of the Massachusetts Aid association arrived yesterday from Guantanamo bay with five surgeons and six male and six female nurses.

A quantity of hospital supplies has been landed for use in the army. Dr. Brackett, representative of the aid association, has been placed in charge of the new officers' hospital by General Wood.

The general embarkation of the Fifth Army corps, the First Illinois, Ninth Massachusetts and Twenty-fourth infantry regiments will begin tomorrow.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—The State department received a call today from M. Thiebaud, secretary of the French embassy and in charge during the absence of Ambassador Cambon, who bore a notification from the Cuban government of the military commissioners for Cuba and Porto Rico.

SPAIN NOTIFIES OFFICIALS

Commissioners on Evacuation of Cuba and Porto Rico Are Ready According to Agreement.

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SURRENDERED SPANISH ARMS

They Will Probably Be Shipped North—Enough Transports at Santiago to Move Prisoners.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—A dispatch received by Adjutant General Corbin tonight from General Shafter indicates that, with the fall of Santiago, 23,725 Spaniards surrendered. Of this number a few less than 3,000 were guerrillas and volunteers, making the total number to be returned to Spain about 21,000.

SANTIAGO, Aug. 22.—Adjutant General Corbin, Washington: I recommend that all the Mauser rifles and some of the surplus be shipped to some arsenal in the north with as little delay as possible to prevent rust.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—H. C. Corbin, Adjutant General, Washington: The Berlin has just arrived with the Ninth United States volunteer infantry on board. There are now plenty of transports here and in sight to take all the balance of the troops and a large number of convalescents.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—The design for the memorial sword the government is to present to Rear Admiral Dewey, according to act of congress, was finally determined today by the committee having the matter in charge, consisting of Acting Secretary Allen, Senator Lodge of Massachusetts and Prof. Oliver of the United States Naval academy.

DEWEY'S MEMORIAL SWORD

Committee on Selection Rejects an Emblematic Blade of the Spanish Crown by Admiral.

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OLD GLORY GOES UP

Stars and Stripes Float Over the Capital of the Kanakas.

GREAT MILITARY AND NAVAL DISPLAY

Ensign of Hawaiian Republic is Hauled Down for All Time.

ONLOOKERS OF ALL VARIED NATIONALITIES

Sensuous South Sea Breezes Joyfully Kiss Our National Emblem.

ROUSING SALUTE OF GUNS AND CHEERS

There Are Prayers, Short Speeches, Impressive Orders, the "Pono" is Played and Then the "Star Spangled Banner" is Given.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 22.—The steamer Belgic this evening brought the following: HONOLULU, Aug. 22.—At precisely 11:32 o'clock today the Hawaiian flag descended from the flagstaffs on all the government buildings and at exactly 11:55 the stars and stripes floated on the tropical breeze from every flagstaff.

The ceremony of today was a most impressive one. To hear the strains of "Hawaii Pono" for the last time as a national anthem, to hear the bugle blow taps as the Hawaiian ensign sailed from its position, and to notice the emotion of many who had been born under it and had lived their lives under it, was solemn.

When it came the bright call for the raising of Old Glory and the strains of "The Star Spangled Banner" broke forth as that banner was unfurled to the breeze. Then the cheers broke forth and eyes that had been dim for a few minutes became bright and lightened up when the stars and stripes blew out. The picture presented in and around the executive building was most striking. In the grounds and around all the approaches were crowds of onlookers of every section of a varied nationality.

Within the grounds the military and naval display was the Hawaiian troops, United States marines, the mounted police, the police and the citizens' guard presented a splendid appearance, while the platform for the exercises and the verandas of the executive building were gay with brilliant summer dresses, dancing feathers and ribbons and the brightest faces that Honolulu possesses.

The ceremonies began with the departure of the First Regiment of the National Guard of Hawaii from its drill shed at ten minutes to 10 this morning. The parade was headed by a detachment of twenty-six police under command of Captain Lane and Lieutenant Warren. Then came the Hawaiian band and the mounted police.

Several hundred of the citizens' guard preceded the parade on the main avenue and took a situation on the left of the stand. The police deployed on either side of the avenue. The Hawaiian band took up a position on the right of the platform and the Philadelphia band on the left.

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Confined to His Home with a Fever the Nature of Which is Not Announced.

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CAMARA'S WAR SHIPS MOVE

Go to North of Spain to Meet Spanish Soldiers Returning from Cuba.

GIBRALTAR, Aug. 22.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—Camara's fleet left Cadiz Saturday for the north of Spain to meet the Spanish troops and crews expected from the United States and Cuba by the transports of General Valdez, with the Spanish military, leaves Tangier tomorrow for Ceuta, Melilla and Alhucenas.

GREATER NEW YORK'S FINANCES

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—The New York Board of Estimate and Apportionment met today and closed the budget for the fiscal year of 1898, except for the amount to be appropriated for the new library. That was held over until the next meeting, in September. The total sum to be raised by taxation this year is \$77,551,223.63, of which \$46,000,000 is for the boroughs of Manhattan and Bronx and \$31,000,000 for the boroughs of Brooklyn, Queens and Richmond.

REASON FOR HAY'S RECALL

Manchester Guardian Says It is for the Purpose of Establishing the Anglo-American Understanding.

LONDON, Aug. 22.—The Manchester Guardian says: "We understand that United States Ambassador Hay's recall to take an oath of allegiance to the United States is due to his special fitness to carry out a policy in regard to which negotiations have been proceeding for some time between Washington and London, and upon which a substantial agreement has been reached."

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TEMPERATURE AT OMAHA

Table with columns for Hour, Deg., Hour, Deg. showing temperature readings for various times of the day.

TODAY AT THE EXPOSITION.

At the Grounds: Des Moines Day, 8 a. m. to 10 p. m., Indian Congress and the Encampment, 10:30 a. m., McCook Band at Auditorium, 11 a. m., Des Moines Exercises at Auditorium, 1:30 p. m., Organ Recital at Auditorium, 2:30 p. m., Mexican Band, Government Building, 4 p. m., Life Saving Exhibition on the Lagoon, 7 p. m., Mexican Band and Exposition, 8 p. m., Grand Plaza.

DOWN TOWN:

10 a. m., Negro Press Association, Central Hall.

miral nodded slightly to Lieutenant Winterhalter, who gave the order "color, roll off." The flagstaff struck up the well known strains of "The Star Spangled Banner," and as the stars and stripes slowly ascended there was a breathless suspense. But as it reached the top cheers broke forth from the crowds below and salutes of twenty-one guns were again fired by the Hawaiian battery and the Philadelphia.

PROCLAMATION IS READ.

Minister Sewall then read a proclamation stating that President McKinley directs that the civil, judicial and military powers of the government shall continue to be exercised by the officers of the republic of Hawaii. All such officers will be required to take an oath of allegiance to the United States and renew their bonds to the United States government.

The powers of the minister of foreign affairs will cease, so far as they relate to diplomatic intercourse between Hawaii and foreign nations.

MILITARY AND NAVAL DISPLAY.

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HOLD TROOPS AT HONOLULU

Orders from War Department Dispose of Question of Whereabouts of Soldiers at San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 22.—A telegram has been received from the War department ordering all the troops of General Merritt's department remaining here to be sent to Honolulu with at least four months' subsistence and medical stores and to be held until further orders. The transports Australia and City of Sydney are being cleaned preparatory to carrying out this order.

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CROP FOR THE YEAR

Statistics Gathered by the Correspondents of The Bee from the Various Counties.

NEBRASKA ABLE TO HELP FEED THE WORLD

Wheat Shows Heavy Increase Over the Total for Last Year.

RYE FOLLOWS SUIT, BUT OATS ARE LESS

Yield Per Acre of Small Grains About the Same as the Year Before.

CORN FULLY UP TO THE AVERAGE SEASON

Reports on Corn Indicate that Some Sections Have Exceeded the Great Record of Last Year, While Others Fall Behind.

Table showing crop statistics for Nebraska: Wheat, bushels (5,094,200), Oats, bushels (5,411,000), Rye, bushels (6,315,000), Corn, bushels (estimated) (1,806,114).

Nebraska as usual will this year be able to export itself an additional supply a large amount of food products to satisfy the wants of less favored sections of the globe. Comparisons are somewhat misleading for the reason that they are of necessity made with the "bumper" crop of last year when the great acreage fairly outdid itself. In some respects, however, it has exceeded that record. The total of wheat and rye is greater than last year. This is due to increased acreage, as there is practically no difference in the average yield per acre in the two years of these two cereals.

The same state of affairs is reported, while so far as the yield per acre is concerned, though the total acreage is materially decreased. The acreage of corn is not so large and the yield per acre is not so great, though it brings the total well up above the average year.

In comparing the returns with those of last year some peculiarities are noted. Last season the condition of corn was practically uniform throughout the state and the yield of all kinds of small grain varied greatly. In some sections last year immense yields of small grain were reported, while in others it was way below the average. This year the yield of small grain is very uniform throughout the entire state. Very few sections report anything phenomenal, while on the other hand there are none which report anything abnormally low. A feature in the crop is the fact that in the southern portion of the state rains did not come at the right time for the early planted corn in particular and as a result the crop is below the average, though some counties even in this section were a failure. With showers and report the usual crop. In the northern, northwestern, western and northeastern part of the state the crop is reported to be above the average.

INCREASE IN WHEAT.

Compared with last year the total yield of wheat shows an increase of 18,136,563 bushels, or over 50 per cent, being 51,891,200 bushels, as against 33,754,637 in 1897. The average yield per acre last year was 17.4 bushels and this year it is 17.5 bushels. The great increase, therefore, is attributable to a larger acreage, which is at the expense of corn and oats, particularly the latter. The quality of the grain is reported good from almost every section of the state. The grain was not only favored with good weather for growing, but also for harvesting.

Last year the greatest surprise was the year's crops were inventoried was the acreage and yield of oats. This year it appears to have dropped back to the normal. With an average yield per acre of 35 bushels this year as against 35.7 in 1897 the total yield is 14,978,994 bushels less or 64,411,900 bushels. The quality of the grain is reported first class except from a very limited number of sections where it is a little lower. Just how much the crop will be when the grain was filling. This is true of only a small proportion of the crop, however, the great bulk of which will grade on the markets of the world.

RYE NEVER CUT MUCH OF A FIGURE

RYE NEVER CUT MUCH OF A FIGURE in the total crop of Nebraska. This year the crop is being credited with only a total of 5,392,507 bushels. This season there is a slight increase—922,493. The average yield per acre is practically the same. In 1897 it was 20.6 bushels and this year it is twenty bushels. In 1897 the grain is almost without exception reported good.

CORN PROSPECT IMPROVING.

The estimates on corn were made on reports dated August 12. Since that date good rains have visited most of the sections which reported the poorest prospect and later reports indicate that they have been of great benefit—more than it was believed they could possibly be at this season of the year. Just how much the yield will be the estimated yield it is impossible to tell at this time, though it will doubtless be considerable. On the basis of the returns on the date mentioned the total estimated yield of corn is 180,611,944 bushels, or an average of 29.59 bushels per acre. In 1897 the total yield was 229,997,853, an average yield per acre of 34.5. Not only has this year per acre been cut down, but the average is materially less. On the basis of the estimate of the yield for 1898 the total has been exceeded but few times. Last year was one of them and 1896 another. The average yield of 1896, however, was of poor quality and a large per cent, not only of Nebraska corn but that of all the states in the great corn belt, was not marketable and thousands of bushels spoiled in the crib. The famous crop of 1891, which is generally referred to as one of the "bumper" years, was only 175,000,000 bushels.

RETURN OF OTHER CROPS INDICATE AS A RULE A PROLIFIC SEASON.

Potatoes in some sections are not very good, owing to dry weather, but in a majority of cases are reported as promising well. Hay almost without exception is reported to be an excellent crop. Especially is this true in the sections of the state where stock raising is the principal industry.

MORE CATTLE AND HOGS.

No attempt was made to collect statistics as to the number of hogs, cattle and sheep in the country. The amounts of corresponding reports are not available in the state, as compared with 1897, indicated there are fully as many hogs and sheep and a considerable increase in cattle. If anything they would seem to indicate an increase in the number of hogs rather than a decrease. In the grazing sections of the state the increase in cattle is very marked.