COUNCIL BLUFFS.

MINOR MENTION.

Budweiser beer, Rosenfeld. Tel. 323. Moore's Stock Food makes fat. Finest work, Bluff City Laundry. Smoke Iron Chancellor 5c cigar.

C. E. Lefferts went to Kansas City yes Myrtle lodge, No. 12, will meet in regular

gession this evening. Ex-Postmaster Thomas Bowman left last evening for Boston, Mass

Hale S. Hutchins returned yesterday from a trip to the Pacific coast. C. B. Jacquemin & Co., jewelers and op-

ticians, 27 South Main street. The Patriotic Order of America will meet in regular session this evening.

Wanted-Latest edition of Council Blufts city directory. Apply at Bee office. Congressman Hager returned to his home in Greenfield early yesterday morning.

A marriage license was issued yesterday William M. Gamble, aged 22, and E. Wilson, aged 22, both colored, of Omaha. Mrs. C. R. Cornelius has gone on a visit o friends and relatives in Chicago and Freeport and will be away about two weeks. Don't you think it must be a pretty good laundry that can please so many hundreds of customers? Well-that's the "Eagle,"

rata against the abutting property owners. William Woodworth and daughter, Hattle, and Miss Emily Brown of Warren, Ill., are the guests of W. McFadden and family Grace street while visiting the ex-

All members of Women's Relief corps No. 180, are requested to meet at the home of Mrs. J. F. Weatherbee, 625 Broadway, this evening at 8 o'clock to make arrangements for the funeral of Mrs. Bolin.

Frank J. Peterson, the tailor, who is Council Bluffs Railway and Bridge company, charged with being insane, had a partial an Iowa incorporation, for the purpose of examination before the commissioners of insanity yesterday afternoon. The hearing vas continued until today in order to secure further evidence.

Fred Harris, formerly superintendent of the Omaha Bridge and Railway Terminal company, now located at Deadwood, S. D., where he is building a railroad, was in the yesterday calling on old-time friends, He is visiting the exposition.

The Fidelity Loan & Building association of Ottumwa, Ia., commenced suit in the district court yesterday against J. M. Patton and others to foreclose a mortgage or lot 6, block 9, Hyatt's sub, and to hav certain shares of stock forfeited. The finance committee of the Council

Bluffs Women's Sanitary Relief commission has issued an appeal to all delinquent members to pay their dues before next Wednes-day. The commission has incurred some liabilities that must be liquidated. The till at the hardware store of P. C. DeVol on Broadway was tapped yesterday afternoon for about \$14. Suspicion points

to Lew Bessett, a colored man who has been working for DeVol and who was discharged yesterday. Bassett could not be found last night. T. C. Jackson, county supervisor of the poor, acting on instructions from the board, yesterday served notice on the city phy-

sician and chief of police that in future all cases sent by the city to either of the hospitals would have to be paid for by the city and not by the county as heretofore. Theodore Batchelor was arrested last evening on a charge of assault and battery preferred against him by E. W. Prouty,

is alleged to have occurred in a boat on after the discovery of the fact that the the lake. Batchelor gave bonds for his appearance in Justice Burke's court next Attorney George H. Scott, who recently obtained a judgment in the superior court against George A. Gregory for \$183, for

legal services, yesterday filed a petition asking that Gregory be brought into court and be examined as to his property. Scott has been unable to locate any of Gregory's property to satisfy his judgment. W. J. Stuart, Guy Congdon, Hershey S.

Welch, Bruce, Wray and Jay Stuart of North Platte and George W. Wilcox, E. G. Akam and F. J. Mead of Flandreau, S. D., composed a party of implement men who are taking in the exposition and who of weeds on public roads and also sent them were the guests of T. J. Foley yesterday the necessary blanks on which to make reat dinner at the Grand hotel. L. P. Judson, who was assaulted a couple

of days ago in Wollstein's saloon on Broadway by John Wallace, driver of the city street sweeper, went to the saloon yester-day and complained that he had lost his watch during the fracas. He was some-what under the influence of liquor and created such a disturbance that an officer was called, who placed Judson under ar-rest for disturbing the peace. He gave oall for his appearance before Judge Aylesworth this morning. Mrs. A. B. Casey, living at 208 Grace

was badly burned about the gasoline yesterday but for the timely arrival of neighwould probably have been more seriously injured. She attempted to fill the eservoir while the burner was lighted. with the consequence that the oil over-flowed and became ignited. The flames spread to the widow curtains, but the blaze was extinguished by neighbors who were tracted by her cries, without calling out

C. B. Viavi Co., female remedy; consulta tion free. Office hours, 9 to 12 and 2 to Health book furnished, 326-327-328 Mer-

N. Y. Plumbing company. Tel. 250.

FOR SALE-Good second-hand bicycle at bargain. Call at The Bee office, Council

DICE SHARKS WORKING EASY

Gang on Lower Broadway Reaping

Complaint is made that a number of dice sharks are carrying on their calling in several of the saloons on lower Broadway and reaping a rich barvest by plucking the unwary, who in many cases are steered to this side of the river from Omaha. The game is known as "twenty-one" or "top and bottom" dice. The top and bottom spots on any three dice honestly marked when counted will always figure up twenty-one, and this forms the basis for the sharper's little game. When a victim is steered into one of these saloons where these sharpers operate, three dice are produced and he is shown how at every throw he can make twenty-one. Then another member of the gang who has been conveniently near in a back room drops in and street. Phone 290. at once disputes the sucker's ability to throw twenty-one. The victim feels certain he has a sure thing and is induced to stake his money and a bet results. Then

one of the gang who has a "fixed" die tisement on another page. palmed changes it for one of the others and the sucker throws only to find that twenty-one spots are not forthcoming. If the sucker smells a rat it is a very easy matter for the right die to be slipped back in the box and the "fixed" one palmed again. One man, it is reported, was buncoed in this manner a day or so ago out of \$24, but he took his experience philosophically and refused to squeal to the police. Soren Jensen, alderman from Lexington.

police, who made the sharks disgorge. For sale, a fine young mare, bay color lso a good phacton or a surrey; cash or ime. Bouricius Music House 325 Broad-way, where the organ stands upon the build-

Neb., who was "rolled" to the extent of

covered his money by complaining to the

\$20 in a Broadway saloon last Sunday, re-

Map of Cuba, West Indies and the World at The Bee office, 10c each.

RECOVERING ON THE BONUS

Taxpayers Who Helped the Bridge Company Get Another Judgment.

RESULT OF A CHANGE OF CORPORATIONS

Omaha & Council Bluffs Railway and Bridge Company Loses Beenuse it Has Not an lowa ; Charter to Back It.

Judgment for \$5,845,36 was entered vester day in the superior court against the Omaha & Council Bluffs Railway and Bridge company in the suit brought by W. S. Baird, representing the claims of various property owners, to recover taxes levied for the construction of the company's bridge across the Missouri. The case was tried in April last and W. S. Baird and W. D. Hardin were appointed commissioners by the court to determine the amount of the tax that the plaintiffs had paid. The commissioners filed their report yesterday and judgment was enthe survey of the river front to be about tered accordingly. The case, it is understood, will be taken to the supreme court by the motor company.

> The suit is one of several that arose from the levying of the tax voted to assist the Omaha & Council Bluffs Railway and Bridge company in the construction of the bridge across the Missouri river. In 1886 the people of Council Bluffs voted a 6 mills levy on the total valuation of all property in the city for the years 1887 and 1888, the proceeds of which were to be given to the Omaha & Council Bluffs Railway and Bridge company, constructing a railway and wagon bridge over the Missouri river at or near the foot of Broadway in Council Bluffs, running to the opposite bank. The basis of the action brought to recover the taxes paid was that prior to the payment of the taxes by the citizens to the county treasurer the lowa corporation assigned to the Omaha & Council Bluffs Railway and Bridge company, a Nebraska corporation, all its right, title and interest in this tax that had been voted, in return for one-half of all the fully paid-up capital stock of said Nebraska corporation. The state law provides that a tax may be levied for such purposes, but holds that the money can only be paid to a corporation incorporated under the laws of the state. The Iowa corporation having assigned its interest in the tax to a foreign corporation the court held that the money for the tax had been unlawfully paid over to the Nebraska corporation. Spencer smith, representing a large number of citizens, brought suit against the motor company and recovered an amount in the neighborhood of \$30,000. The motor company appealed, but the su-

preme court decided against it. In the case brought by Baird in the superior court and in which judgment was entered yesterday, another question was in-The motor company set up that measures, volved. Baird was outlawed inasmuch as suit had not been brought to recover within five years and protruding from the gums of the jaw and that therefore he was barred by the two and one-half to three inches. The statute of limitations. Baird, however, con- roots were probably four or five inches long. who lives south of Manawa. The assault tends that suit was brought within five years one of the broken pieces measuring about money levied under this tax had been paid by the county treasurer to a foreign corporation and not to the domestic or Iowa cor poration, as the law provides. Judge McGee point that the motor company will take the case to the supreme court.

Get the Weeds Cut.

County Auditor Matthews yesterday mailed to each of the township clerks of the county a notice calling their attention to the new law passed by the Twenty-seventh General Assembly providing for the cutting turns. The law is as follows:

That it shall be the duty of the owners of land situated outside of incorporated towns and cities to mow or cut near the surface all weeds on said land within the limits of the public roads thereon, on or before the 15th day of August of each year That in the event said land owners do not comply with the foregoing section on or tefore the 15th day of August of each year it shall then be the duty of the road supervisor having jurisdiction to give such owner, his agent or lessee, three days' notice in writing to comply with section one hereof, and upon failure so to do it shall be the duty of the road supervisor to mow or cut near the surface the weeds on such public roads of his district and he shall make return in writing to the trustees of such township, with the bill for his expenses, which in no case shall exceed two follars per day for his services, which shall be audited and allowed by said board and paid from the district road fund; and the amount so paid shall be entered up and evied against the lands on which weeds have been destroyed, and collected by the county treasurer, the same as other taxes and returned to such district road

The official photographs of the United States Navy, containing over 200 pictures of the vessels, with their officers and a numof the views of the ill-fated Maine, can be had at the Council Bluffs office of The Bee

for 25 cents and a Bee coupon.

fund.

Equal Suffrage Association. Adelaide Ballard, president, and Katherne M. Pierce, recording secretary, have ssued a call for the twenty-seventh annual meeting of the Iowa Equal Suffrage association to be held in Council Bluffs October 19 to 23, inclusive. All auxiliary societies are entitled to be represented in the ratio of one delegate for every ten paid up members or fraction thereof. Presidents of district, county or local organizations or their proxies are ex-officio members of the convention as are state officers and state superintendents of departments and are entitled to all the privileges of delegates. Other societies in sympathy with the objects of the Equal Suffrage association are invited to send fraternal delegates.

The Evans laundry is the leader in fine color and finish. 520 Pearl

The Bee's photogravures of the exposition part one, consisting of sixteen views, can be had at the Council Bluffs office for 50 cents and a Bee coupon. See adver-

The police yesterday turned over to C. L G. Dammann the gold watch, diamond stud and ring with diamond and ruby setting of which he was buncoed while attempting to beat a "pin game" at Lake Manawa two weeks ago. Dammann is a visitor from Des Moines who is stopping in Omaha while attending the exposition. He took a trip down to Lake Manawa and was induced to try his luck at bucking the tiger, the tiger consisting of the pin game. He lost all his ready cash and then put up his jewelry for \$25, hoping to retrieve his losses. This \$25 followed the rest. The next day when he went to get his jeweiry back he received instead a regular Klondike bluff. He placed the matter in the hands of the police of this city and they finally located the jewelry, which was worth several hundred dollars, in Omaha, where it had been placed in the hands of a third party. Dam-

mann was willing to pay back the \$25 110WA which he had borrowed on it and this was lone and the jewelry returned.

Tom Fields, the crippled negro who attempted to shoot his wife Monday morning was released from the county fail yesterday His wife refused to appear against him and the case in which he was charged with shooting with intent to kill was dismissed for want of prosecution yesterday morning in Justice Burke's court. There is a charge of using his revolver on a police officer standing on the police docket against Fields but whether this charge will be pushed or not has not yet been decided. Fields was very much put out when released from jail to find that his peanut stand had been removed from its old familiar place at Pearl and Broadway.

Real Estate Transfers The following transfers were filed yester-

day in the abstract, title and loan office of J. W. Squire, 101 Pearl street:

Four transfers, aggregating \$3,609

Convention of the Maccabees. MARSHALLTOWN, Ia., July 21.-(Special.) -The state convention of the Knights of the Maccabees will be held in this city Septemand Marshalltown was chosen as the place of meeting by Supreme Commander D. P. Markey and Supreme Record Keepe: N. S. for the change of dates is two fold. Those who have the matter in charge say that too many conventions are held in the spring. and if the meeting is held in the fall the attendance will be better, and it is also known that the Iowa Maccabees are more than anxious to meet and organize the state tent. Marshalltown will enter the field at once for the state headquarters.

New Depot at Fort Madison. FORT MADISON, Ia., July 21 .- (Special.) -The announcement has been made that Fort Madison is to have a new Burlington depot. The outward dimensions of the depot will be about 24x92 feet, one story high, built of stone and brick. It will have two waiting rooms 22x28, and a freight room on the west 18x22 feet. Leading to the entrance from Front street will be a broad stairway which will be enclosed and which will enter an eight-foot hallway, and at either side of the hallway commodious closets. The building will face the south, and over the tracks it is anticipated a rain shed will shelter passengers from sun and

Find a Mastaden Tooth. BURLINGTON, Ia., July 21 .- (Special.)employ of T. H. Barnes, residing on section 16, in Union township, found the fossil tooth of a mastodon. The monster tooth comprises five prongs, or indentations, and longitudinally, seven inches, with a width of three and one-half inches

rain. The building will cost about \$12,000.

two inches from the base of the tooth body. Big Reservoir Completed

OSCEOLA, Ia., July 21 .- (Special.)-The big Chicago, Burlington & Quincy dam here sustained Baird's position and it is on this is about completed, and will be, it is said, the largest and most expensive dam in the state. It is 600 feet long and 185 feet thick at the base; in places it is sixty feet high. When completed, it will form a good-sized lake, from which a water supply for the road, and for ice for its cars, will be procured. It has occupied a force of from fifty to 170 men all spring and summer.

Few Democrats There,

LEMARS, Ia., July 21.-(Special.)-The mass convention called to meet here yesterday to suggest a nominee for congress did not bring many people. Those present were: T. H. Boyer, Martin Nellan, A. Van Wagenen, Mayor Quick and T. P. Murphy of Sioux City, Hathaway of Monona county, J. P. Emery of Sloux county and Editor Ward of Sac City. No public meeting was held, but only a private conference.

Changes at Agricultural College. AMES, Ia., July 21 .- (Special.) -- Herman Knapp, treasurer of the State Agricultural college, has been appointed professor of military training and tactics during the leave of absence granted General Lincoln. Prof. S. W. Beyer will hear General Lincoln's classes in mining engineering during the general's absence.

Work of Horse Thieves. RIVERTON, Ia., July 21.-(Special.) Some person or persons broke into Jacob Beam's barn south of here Tuesday night and stole a horse, saddle and bridle be-

longing to William Beam. No clew. Iown Farm Notes. The creamery at Humboldt is now doing 20 per cent more business than at this time last year. The number of patrons has not

been so heavy, but they have brought in There is in Cerro Gordo county probably the largest field of flax in the state. It is a 1,200-acre field of J. G. Lindon's, occupying all of sections 29 and 32 in Union township, except an eighty in the south-west corner seeded to tame grass. Some of

the flax is headed out and all of it looks Captain I. F. Hobbs sold reventeen steers from his farm near Lake City that brought him the snug sum of \$953. Fourteen of the steers brought 4½ cents per pound: the other three 414 cents. They were 1 and 2 years old. The Hobbs farm consists of 200 acres and its annual sales of stock

never fall below \$2,000. Director C. F. Curtiss of the State Agricultural college experiment station has issued another valuable bulletin on the Russian thistle. This one is prepared by Prof. L. H. Pammell of the Agricultural college. The pamphlet goes into the history of the pest, describes it minutely, tells where it has gained a start and how to extermi-

A score of farmers, representing about 1,200 acres of grain in the vicinity of Sloan, have organized an association for protection against high rates for threshing. have decided on 1½ cents per bushel for oats and 3 cents per bushel for wheat as reasonable prices. It is rumored the threshng machine men have organized in order to secure more than these figures.

Iowa Press Comment. Des Moines Register: It is somewhat humiliating to the people of Iowa that the unsophisticated citizens of Sioux City are

still dealing in gold bricks. Davenport Democrat: One of the most careful students of the times, and a practical business man of Davenport at that, pre-dicts lower prices for wheat, corn and other breadstuffs; lower prices for clothing and other commodities; lower rents, although these are the last to join in the downward

Keokuk Gate City: When Iowa was admitted to the union in 1846, her population in round numbers was 100,000. Today her school population alone is 550,000 and her total population is 2,200,000 souls. She employs twice as many school teachers as any state west of the Mississippi river, besides leading in many other things, which contribute to the greatness of commonwealths.

State Auditor Notified by Telegraph

NO REASON GIVEN FOR THE COLLAPSE

of the Failure, but No Particulars Are Thus Far Given Out.

DES MOINES, July 21 - (Special Telegram.)-The office of the auditor of state was notified by telegraph this afternoon of the failure of the German Savings bank at Doon, Lyon county, Ia. No information or particulars as to cause were included in the telegram which conveyed a simple statement of the fact that the doors of the institution had closed. The last official and sworn statement filed with the auditor by the bank was filed June 30. It then owed \$37,368.95, but seemed to be in fair condition. The statement at the office of the auditor was sworn to by C. H. Becker, as vice president, and C. S. Bennett, as cashler, and by James Peterson and Fred Becker as directors.

An effort is being made in Camp Mc-Kinley to induce the War department to order the Iowa batteries to one of the big camps, possibly to Chattanooga. The men are drilling twice a day in the camp here, ber 26 and 27, instead of next spring, as but they have no horses and no proper was expected. This decision was reached armament with which to drill. Being isolated from other soldiers, the officers fear that eventually the interest may lag, and realizing the great advantage there Boynton at Port Huron, Mich. The reason | would be in being camped with other artillery organizations and being fitted with proper equipment, the effort to secure removal from this to a national camp has been inaugurated.

A special from Washington today says: 'The Iowa signal corps has been assigned to General Brooke's division, First Army corps, and leave for Porto Rico today, via Chickamauga.

SOLDIERS NEED

Shafter Recommends that His Men Be Returned to the United States.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, July 20 .- (Viz Kingston, Jamaica, July 21.)-General Shafter has opened a cable office here and is in communication with Washington regarding the disposition of the Fifth army corps which consists of those troops which came with him from Tampa and the reinforcements from the four transports which have since been unloaded. Except the Thirtythird and part of the Thirty-fourth Micht gan, none of the latter have been in action but are all camped in the same place, and so far as health consideration go General McKibbin seems to have held the opinion Last Sunday some harvest hands in the that the Fifth corps could join the Porto Rico expedition under General Miles as soon as Santiago should fall. This was the evident intention when the invasion army left the United States, but the condition of the men now, according to the physicians and commanding officers, is such that the entire corps should return north at once. General Miles has cabled that he does not want and will not need a single man among them, and he believes that after their hard campaign they should be given a rest of at least two or three weeks.

General Shafter's messages to the same effect have been most urgent and the doctors say the men should be given a rest of at least two or three weeks. The doctors say the men should be sent into camp in the mountains of North Carolina or western Maine for a month. Washington agrees to this and will do everything possible, the cable dispatches today say, to carry the army away from here. But there is a lack of transports. In addition to the Porto Rico troops, which will require forty steamers for their conveyance, the authorities here are still counting upon having to convey the 22,000 Spanish prisoners to Cadiz. The latter want to go as soon as possible, and it appears from here that our government annot get sufficient vessels and this fact holds the Fifth corps here, doing nothing. The men are anxious to get away.

The cavalry division has been sent into the mountains at its own request to see if it cannot get into shape to join General Miles, and if no fever develops the men may go to San Juan de Porto Rico.

The Twenty-fourth infantry is acting as guards and as nurses at the hospital at Juragua and more of them are needed The colored troops are all likely to remain here to attend the sick and hold Santiago. General Shafter has cabled to Washington that it is imperatively necessary that he should have more immunes sent to him quickly, and the probability is that a corps

will leave within the next ten days. All our men are now encamped on the fighting line, where they have been for two weeks, except General Wheeler's men, who have been sent into the hills. General Wheeler is still ill, but he resists the pleas of his friends to return to the United States WASHINGTON, July 21.-Secretary Alger said today that the troops which were in

the engagements at Santiago would not be sent to Porto Rico, and there was no de sire to use them. They will remain in Cuba until the yellow fever has been entirely stamped out. General Miles did no think it advisable to take any troops to Porto Rico that were liable to have contracted fever and in this conclusion the de partment concurred.

CAPTURE A BRITISH STEAMER Was Attempting to Run Into Harbor of Cienfuegos with a Cargo of Supplies.

KEY WEST, Fla., July 21.-The British teamer Newfoundland, loaded with food upplies, was captured by the Mayflower on Tuesday off Cienfuegos, into which harbor it was heading. Two blank shots across its bows brought it to, and the Mayflower put a prize crew on board and sent it to Charles on, S. C. The Newfoundland left Halifax N. S., on July 9. The Mayflower has on board five Cubans who were picked up at various times by the ships of the blockading They had fled from Havana and other Cuban ports to escape starvation, as grows worse daily.

TWO TRANSPORTS GET AWAY

Carry Two Wiscousin Regiments from Charleston to Porto Rico-Others Loading.

CHARLESTON, S. C., July 21.-The ransports Grand Duchess and No. 30, with Generals Wilson and Ernest, Second and Third Wisconsin regiments, put off for Porto Rico today. The loading of No. 21 is not yet completed. The Sixteenth Pennsylvania and two companies of the Sixth Illinois are being embarked on it

Nebraska Men Object to the Bacon

Elegant parks, cool breezes, nice lawns, good boating, fishing and bathing. Ideal place for picnics. Trains every half hour after 8 o'clock a. m.

High-class vaudeville attractions, 4:30 and 8:30 p. m. daily. The attractions for the week, commencing July 17: Hungarian Band all day.

Brumage and Clark; Barlow Specialty Team. Miss Cora Friedental, Jack McCarty. Kleist Brothers in Electrical, Musical, Comedy and Black Art.

AMERICAN TRADE EXPANDING | 發發發發發發發發發發發發發發發發發發發發發

Manufactures Now Form a Considerable Part of the Exports.

ATTRACTS ATTENTION OF FOREIGNERS

United States Has Ceased to Be Simply the Granary of the World-Opportunities for Further Increase.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—The remarkable sea: the efforts of Great Britain to meet dvance of the United States into the markets of the world is presented in a publication just issued from the Bureau of oreign Commerce, Department of State, the discovery of gold in Alaska and the ader the direction of Frederick Emory. adjacent territory in British Columbia; the under the direction of Frederick Emory. While presenting elaborate statistics and data on the increase of this trade the world ada and other countries over, the subject is also treated broadly to bring out the general significance of this trade development, which Mr. Emory refers to as "an American invasion of the markets tion now going on in our of the world." Although no reference is made to recent geographical and political changes resulting from the appearance of the United States in the Philippines in the United States in the Philippines, in Cuba, Porto Rico and elsewhere, yet the which such a position naturally implies. review deals with the important part which American enterprise and capital is taking in the development of the far east. In his introduction to the work Mr. Emory says:

The United States is no longer 'granary of the world" merely. While its merely. While its reased to a remarkable extent during the ast year, its sales abroad of manufactured goods have continued to extend with facility and promptitude of results which have excited the serious concern of countries that, for generations had not only contheir home markets, but practically monopolized certain lines of trade in other lands. When we consider that this result has been reached with comparative ease in spite of added impediments the comparative case in spite of added impediments the case in th ments to United States exports in the form of discrimination of various kinds, and, notwithstanding that organized effort to reach United States and Santiago, Cuba. foreign markets for our manufactures is as et in its infancy, the ability of the United States to compete successfully with the most advanced industrial nations in any part of the world, as well as with those nations in their home markets, can no longer be seriously questioned.

Attracts Foreign Attention. The attention which foreign governments have given to this rapid increase of American trade is discussed as follows:

In view of what may be termed an American invasion of markets of the world, the attitude of the leading commercial nations toward each other and the relations which their industrial activity and trade inter-ests bear to the United States become a matter of practical concern. The more important incidents of the last year in foreign diplomacy have, therefore, a significance for us which might not have attached to them in the absence of concerted efforts to extend the sale of our goods. It may be said that the chief business of European diplomacy at the present day is to secure new "spheres of influence" and wider opportunities for trade as well as with the trade, as well as suitable territory for occupation by the overflow of population from the more densely inhabited countries. The world has watched the progress of the diplomatic drama in Cuba with Interest which has been heightened by the knowledge that the practical outcome might be either the opening of new channels of trade apply to the commerce of the globe or the approprintion of them by particular nations for their own special benefit.

China has for some years been one of the nost promising fields for American enterprise, industry and capital and the entrance of the vast empire upon the path of west-ern development under conditions which would secure equality of opportunity to the United States would doubtless result in im-mense gain to our manufacturers in the demand sure to follow for lines of supplies and goods of various descriptions that we are fitted to provide.

The solution of the problem of the future ommercial conditions of the Chinese empire has, therefore, an immediate and most important relation to the expansion of our export trade, especially that of our Pacific slope. The partition of Africa among the European powers offers considerations of an conomic character of almost equal magnitude, while the plans of the more active commercial nations for increasing their respective shares of the trade of the Latin-American markets affected us even more seriously in the development of our commercial intercourse with the southern half of the western hemisphere. The "inter-nationalization" of the United States, so far the condition of affairs ashore in Cuba as industry and commerce are concerned has, in fact, been made a thing of the pas by the logic of the change in our economic requirements, and we can no longer afford to disregard international rivalries, now that we ourselves have become a com the world-wide struggle for trade. Works Economic Changes,

> It is shown also that international conditions in many of the foreign countries are bringing about important economic changes which affect the trade of the United States In this connection Mr. Emory says: Nor is it with the relations of the different nations loward one another that we are alone concerned. The industrial changes alone concerned. The industrial changes current within the territory of each obtain a new and much graver importance in their possible effect upon our recent development as an exporter of manufactured goods. The conditions contributing to the rapid growth of manufactures in recent years—the fiscal changes in Russia, India and Japan, as well as in some of the Latin countries; the
> extraordinary impulse given to the industrial and commercial growth of the German empire as a factor of international
> trade; the advance of Russia on similar
> lines and the rapid progress of the Siberian
> railroad toward an open port on the Yellow
> Manila.

FRUIT AND GARDEN FARMING Around Council Bluffs

You can buy improved and unimproved fruit lands cheaper in this vicinity than anywhere in the United States. There is no failure of crops here. Look at our Fruit Farms while they are in bear-

39 Pearl St. Council Bluffs, In Personally conduct buyers through our orchards free of charge.

The Real Estate and Loan Brokers, have exclusive sale of a large number of Fruit, Garden and Grain Farms. Write them for information—and state whayou want. 泰格格格泰泰泰泰泰泰泰泰泰泰泰泰泰泰泰泰泰泰泰泰泰泰泰泰泰

decline of the sugar industry in the West Indies as a result of the beet tion; the troubles of Spain with its colonies tariff legislation of the United States, Caneconomic changes during the last year have an interest and importance for the indi-vidual operative in the United States which are greatly enchanced by the transformaconverting us slowly but surely from a peointernational interests and responsibilities The body of the book treats in detail of American trade with all the countries of the

LETTER WILL COST FIVE CENTS

New Regulations Issued Governing Care and Charges on Mail Matter for Santingo de Cuba.

WASHINGTON, July 21.-Postmaster General Emory Smith today issued the fol-

lowing order: In conformity with the order of the pres lent, of this date, my order, No. 161, of the 26th of April last, prohibiting the dispatch of any mail matter to Spain or her deendencies, is modified so far as to pernit postal communication between the mails sent to Santiago may contain mail matter of all classes allowed in the regular mails, addressed to any point within the territory occupied by the United States forces in the vicinity of Santiago, and the mails sent from Santiago may contain the same classes of mail matter addressed for elivery in the United States, all articles included in said mails being subject

inspection by the proper military or naval authorities. The postage rates applicable to articles originating in or destined for the United States in the mails in question are fixed First-class matter, 5 cents per half Postal cards, single, 2 cents; double, 4 Second and third-class matter, 1 cent for

ach two ounces. Fourth-class matter, 1 cent for each Registration fee, 8 cents. Only United States postage stamps will valid for the prepayment of postage. Prepayment shall not be required, but if amount of the deficient postage at the above rates shall be collected on delivery

to addresses in the United States or Caba. To articles originating in or destined for countries beyond the United States the Postal union rates and conditions shall The mails for Santiago must be addressed to the United States postal agent at Santiago and the delivery of any articles may be withheld if deemed necessary by the proper military or naval authorities. Compensation to merchant vessels for the sea conveyance of mails from Santiago shall made at the rates heretofore paid to merchant vessels for conveying mails from

the United States to Santiago. Bachr's Name Sent In. WASHINGTON, July 21 .- (Special Telegram.)-Max J. Baehr of St. Paul, Neb. who was ordered before the consular board of the State department yesterday for examination preparatory to his nomination by the president to the position of consul at Kiel, Germany, was inforned today by Asnistant Secretary of State Cridler that he had passed a satisfactory examination. His name went to the White House this afternoon and his nomination is expected to

General Woodford in Washington. WASHINGTON, July 21 .- General Stewart L. Woodford, who represented this government at Madrid, had an interview with the president this afternoon, General Woodford said his visit was purely and solely on personal and professional business in no way connected with the war situation. He was not called here, he said, nor was there any truth in the reports commenting on his visit as indicative of an early peace

movement.

Long Trip for a Tug Bont. SAN FRANCISCO, July 21.-The gunboat roquois, formerly the tug Fearless, is about to make the longest tow undertaken. It is to haul the ship Tacoma from San Francisco to Manila by the way of Honolulu, a distance of about 6,600 miles. The Tacoma is to carry 100 horses and 120 mules and a coal supply. The Iroquois will steam to Honolulu, a distance of 2,100 miles on its own coal. At Honolulu it will recoal from | the bunkers at that point and then proceed to the Ladrones, and, there getting into smooth waters, will take on sufficient coal from the Tacoma to carry it through to



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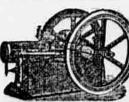
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