

MUSIC AND PRAYER

Plan for Sabbath Observance at the Exposition Grounds.

SERVICES TO BE HELD IN THE AUDITORIUM

Pastors of Local Churches Accept an Invitation to Be Present.

PRICE OF ADMISSION IS CUT IN TWO

Directors Try Experiment of Making a Half Rate.

THOUSANDS EXPECTED TO PASS THE GATES

Special Days Scheduled for the Week Give Promise of Attracting Enormous Crowds to the White City.

Today admission to the exposition grounds will be only 25 cents, and there will be no excuse for staying away. No more beautiful or appropriate place in which to spend a Sabbath afternoon and evening than at the White City could be suggested, and it will be surprising if the biggest previous Sunday attendance is not doubled. The grounds are now in the fullness of their scenic beauty, and aside from the religious services in the Auditorium, there will be an abundance of excellent music to contribute to the enjoyment of the visitors. The quiet and orderly manner in which the previous Sabbaths have been passed at the grounds has effectively silenced all criticism, and the people who worship in the various sanctuaries this morning are glad to see the exhibition this afternoon in the complete assurance that they will encounter nothing that will even remotely offend their principles.

The services in the Auditorium will be held at 10 o'clock in the presence of a large number of the local clergy, who have accepted invitations to be present. As previously announced, the discourse will be delivered by Rev. Jenkin Lloyd Jones, pastor of All Souls' church of Chicago, and secretary of the Liberal Congress of Religion. Rev. W. H. Thomas, president of the congress, will also assist in the services, and the music will be rendered by a double quartet from the exposition chorus. There will also be two concerts by Phinney's band, one in front of the government building at 3 o'clock and the other at the band stand in the evening.

After the great patriotic jubilation of last Monday the week has been decidedly uneventful from an exposition standpoint. But nevertheless there has been a very fair attendance every day and there is every indication that the coming week will bring a decided improvement. During the next seven days there will be a number of special features of more than ordinary interest. These, with the almost continuous attendance of the general public, will give the week and afford every inducement for a boom in the gate receipts.

Bay State People Coming.

Monday will be Massachusetts day, and Lieutenant Governor W. Murray Crane and a large party of other distinguished citizens of the Bay state will be present to participate in the celebration of the occasion. The exercises will be held in the Auditorium at 11 o'clock, after which the visitors will be entertained at lunch at the Casino by the exposition management. The luncheon will be followed by a number of concerts of an informal character. W. G. Whitmore of Valley and W. H. Alexander of this city, both of whom are natives of Massachusetts, will speak for Nebraska, and several of the Massachusetts orators will respond.

Girls' and Boys' Day.

Thursday will be made notable by the dedication of the girls' and boys' building, and also by the presence of a large excursion from Ida county, Iowa. The exercises at the girls' and boys' building will be held at 2 o'clock, and all children under 15 years of age will be admitted to the grounds for 15 cents. The program has not been fully completed, but at least nine of the cities which contributed to the erection of the building will participate.

The Iowa excursion is due almost entirely to the energy of Major George T. Sullivan of Ida Grove, who conceived the idea and worked out all the details. He has secured a favorable railroad rate and has worked up a degree of interest that promises to bring a large proportion of the population of Ida county to Omaha for the first time. Des Moines day will be celebrated Friday, and although no estimate is yet possible of the number of people that the excursions from that city will bring the Iowa people are taking a general interest in the event and will probably come in large numbers. The reduced railroad rates and also in force from intermediate stations and these are expected to contribute materially to the crowd.

The musical features of the week will be especially notable, as in addition to the regular concerts by Phinney's band the Pawnee City band will also be here all the week. Phinney's band will play as previously in front of the government building at 3 o'clock and at 7 o'clock. The Pawnee City band of forty-five pieces will give a concert at 10 o'clock every morning at the band stand, beginning Tuesday. It will also play a program at 6 o'clock every evening and the experiment will be tried of having the 6 o'clock concert given in various parts of the grounds. Monday and Saturday nights they will occur near the Girls' and Boys' building, Tuesday in front of the Auditorium, Wednesday between the Manufacturers and Machinery buildings, Thursday at the Government building and on the following Sunday at the north side of the Mines building.

The following additional special days have been announced: August 9, Iowa Knights of Pythias day; August 13, St. Joseph day; August 18, Tercentenary of the city of St. Louis; August 20, The Exposition City day; September 4, Colorado day; September 7, Fort Arthur day; September 8, Fraternal Union of America day; September 9, Lumbermen's day; September 14, Utah day; September 10, New Mexico day; October 1, Chicago day; October 17, Old Fellows day.

Prefer to Act as Guards.

Some of the members of the exposition guard are of the opinion that they would prefer to act as guards to the regular army. They were recruited at Fort Omaha, but the strings attached to the offers have been sufficient to discourage them from swallowing the bait. The regular army was invited to join one of the companies, which was sadly in need of some man with military experience. He was promised the position of first sergeant of the company in question, but was given to understand that he would have to be a democrat in order to make a "good soldier" in the eyes of the examining board. Norwood declined to mix soldiering and politics and is still a member of the

OTIS RAISES FLAG

Will Take Possession of Hawaii for the Government.

STOPS OFF ON HIS WAY TO MANILA

Takes the First New York Volunteers to Garrison the Island

PHILADELPHIA ORDERED TO HONOLULU

Cruiser Goes into Commission Monday and Sails Soon After.

TACOMA CARRIES SUPPLIES TO MANILA

Fourth Expedition to the Philippines Will Start in Sections, the First Getting Away This Week.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 9.—The cruiser Philadelphia has been ordered to Honolulu to raise the American flag over the islands. The vessel will probably be placed in commission Monday and a few days later will be ready to start for Manila. The Benbow is awaiting orders from the Navy department.

From Paris comes news that Princess Chimay had had a son, whom she christened Francis Joseph Ward Chimay-Rigo, the first names being a compliment to the emperor of Austria. The Rigos are now living in Paris, where a certain class daily await some fresh manifestations of Clara's crazy for notoriety.

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General H. G. Otis will be the brigadier general of the fourth fleet. General M. P. Miller, the senior brigadier of the troops remaining here, will probably be left in command of the expeditionary forces after the departure of Major General E. S. Otis. The troops have not yet been indicated for the Rio de Janeiro, St. Paul and Pennsylvania.

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It is not contemplated here to turn the captured commanders over to the Cubans without very careful consideration of the consequences involved, not only from the point of moral obligation upon the United States as a civilized nation, but also from that of sound political considerations. The reports that are reiterated as to the brutal attitude of the Cubans toward the Spanish who surrendered near Santiago have caused a great deal of disgust here and it is believed that our military and naval commanders will be expected to see to it that the Cubans are held to the strictest observance of the rules of civilized warfare under pain of being severely dealt with.

Progress at Dairy Building.

A protracted delay in the receipt of a part of the engine of the refrigerating plant in the Dairy building has prevented the installation of the exhibits in that building, but the long delayed part was received yesterday and the machinery was started up yesterday morning. As soon as it was found that the plant was in working order notices were sent by Superintendent Dinwiddie to the exhibitors in Nebraska, Kansas, Missouri, Illinois, Iowa, South Dakota, Wisconsin and Minnesota, giving them twenty-four hours' notice to forward their exhibits. These will begin arriving the latter part of next week and the building will be completely occupied before July 20.

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The pretty Minnesota building is practically completed and it will be formally dedicated Wednesday, July 20. The exposition management has been assured that the building will be a success.

(Continued on Third Page.)

DOINGS OF THE SWELL SET

Miss May Goelst Reported to Be About to Marry Duke of Roxburg.

Belief that Move Will Be Made Soon Continues Strong.

SPAIN IS ABOUT READY TO GIVE UP

Rumors of Peace Are Universal in Madrid Press.

LOSS OF SQUADRONS IS A HEAVY BLOW

Death of Provisions and Munitions of War a Big Drawback.

NO POWER IS WILLING TO INTERVENE

Believers Must Take the First Step If They Wish to Receive Any Aid from the European Governments.

(Copyright, 1898, by Press Publishing Co.) LONDON, July 9.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram)—Society in Spain is about ready to give up. The Duke of Roxburg is 22 years old, a lieutenant in the Life Guards, very popular in his corps and generally spoken of as an excellent young fellow. He is a first cousin of the Duke of Marlborough, his mother being a sister of the late Duke of Marlborough, and stands high in the personal friendship and affection of Queen Victoria. Although society has been gossiping about this alleged projected marriage for the last two weeks I heard it said positively yesterday that there was nothing in it. Mrs. Goelst has taken the Earl of Warwick's house, facing Green park, for the remainder of the season, but she is not going about a great deal as yet, though she has given some smart parties. Mrs. Bradley-Martin's diamonds continue to dazzle her English friends and they have been a subject of remark. She wears them on every possible occasion, even at small private parties. The last state ball of the season took place last night, but Mrs. Bradley-Martin did not get a further surprise in the store for the swells in the shape of a new collar of diamonds and rubies recently acquired privately in Paris.

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THE BEE BULLETIN.

Weather Forecast for Nebraska—Fair; Warmer; Southerly Winds.

1 Sunday Exposition Program. General Office to Hawaii. Plenty of Peace Talk. Santiago Battle Postponed.

2 Weeks of the Spanish Vessels. Statement by Bourgoigne's Crew. News of Smokeless Powder.

3 Nebraska News. Populists in a Quandary. Spain Breaks Many Promises.

4 Last Week in Omaha Society. Republican League Plans. News of the Spanish Armada.

5 Local Matters. News of the Spanish Armada. Educational Association.

6 "Agency" Shown Up. Omaha News York Soldiers. "A. S. Empire."

7 Omaha and Financial News. Omaha's Trade. Omaha and Comment.

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BATTLE IS DELAYED

Negotiations for Surrender of Santiago Under Way.

SPANISH ARE ASKING FOR TOO MUCH

They Want to Retire from the City with Their Entire Army.

GENERAL SHAFTER WILL NOT AGREE TO THIS

He Allows Them a Little More Time to Consider the Matter.

HIS GUNS ARE TRAINED ON THE CITY

Officials at Washington Believe the Enemy Will Surrender When It Is Assured that It Will Be Treated Humanely.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—A cablegram was received today from General Shafter at the War department which is understood to make certain recommendations as to action on the Spanish proposals for conditional capitulation. Immediately after its receipt Secretary Alger, Secretary Long and Adjutant General Corbin went to the White House and met in conference with the president. The conference broke up shortly after midnight. Secretary Alger on leaving said there had been no news as firing still was in action, "but," he added, "there has been some talk of surrender. A proposition has been made which will not be considered and things I think will go on about as they were intended."

"As you mention by that," he was asked, "that the bombardment will be made at once?" "I can't say definitely, but that is very probable," he replied.

The battle expected today did not take place, although the armistice expired at noon, and although the armies on both sides were at the front. The reason was that the Spanish commander, who had been in correspondence by telegraph with his home government, was seeking to make terms with General Shafter.

He was willing to give up Santiago without resistance, if allowed to retreat with all his arms and arms and his men, but this idea was not entertained for a moment by our government. On the contrary every effort will be put forth to seal up all avenues of escape from Santiago and to compel the final surrender of the Spanish army.

To have allowed the Spanish army to be unmolested into the interior would have amounted simply to a reinforcement of the garrison of Havana by these thousands of trained soldiers, who had proved their courage as worthy foemen in the fighting in the trenches. On the other hand to compel their surrender, as soon as they are convinced, would produce an enormous moral effect both in Havana and in Spain itself, and thus tend to the early conclusion of the war.

Secretary Alger and Adjutant General Corbin were in quick communication with General Shafter at Santiago during the day. Both officials, however, decline to give out for publication any dispatches relating to the negotiations that are going on between General Shafter and General Linera, or to confirm any rumors that were flying through the corridor all day.

Crisis is at Hand.

Nevertheless it was evident from their manner that a crisis had been reached, for as no fighting was concerned, and that an armistice had been declared, the day, there was no reason to be dissatisfied with the outlook.

It is known that General Shafter has lost nothing by the armistice; his men are rested, the commissary has improved the ration and the situation in the trenches is now almost completely placed in a most effective manner. None of these things existed at the beginning of the armistice.

On the other hand the Spanish forces have largely diminished their slender stock of provisions, and have steadily lost in confidence. As soon as they are convinced, would produce an enormous moral effect both in Havana and in Spain itself, and thus tend to the early conclusion of the war.

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Nothing Further from Sampson.

Admiral Sampson contributed nothing further during the day to his first dispatch announcing the possibility of saving the Spanish ships Colon, Maria Teresa and Vizcaya. It is not believed there is anything of importance for the admiral to chronicle today.

Naval officers feel that another change may have to be made in the makeup of the eastern squadron, which is to strike a blow against the Spanish fleet. It is believed that the Iowa should receive some hard knocks during the recent naval battle with Cervera's squadron and it may be necessary to substitute one of the other battleships pending repairs on the Iowa. No decision has been reached thus far as the department has not received the report showing the exact condition of our ships after the battle.

In the meantime, the Associated Press interview with Captain Robley Evans of the Iowa leads the naval officers to believe that the Iowa will require considerable overhauling before it is ready for a trip across the ocean. According to Captain Evans' story of the battle, the Iowa was struck twice by Spanish shells and one exploded while the other is embedded unexploded near the water line of the ship.

This last shot may prove troublesome, as an exploded shell near the water line is not a desirable adjunct to the battleship. From the light manner in which Captain Evans speaks of the matter it is not considered serious here, but it is probably enough to prevent the Iowa from accompanying the squadron to the coast of Spain. The decision will not be made until the report is received on the condition of the ship.

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