

CREAT DAY FOR ILLINOIS

Next Tuesday Likely to Be a Record Breaker in Attendance.

MANY DISTINGUISHED MEN ARE COMING

Colonel Harper and Colonel Hamilton Are Working Hard and Sanguine of the Success of Their Well Laid Plans.

Unless all indications fail Illinois day will break the record in point of attendance and the day will be an event of importance in the history of the exposition. Colonel W. H. Harper, chairman of the executive committee of the Illinois commission, is working like a Trojan at the Illinois end of the line to make the affair a grand success and Colonel C. E. Hambleton, secretary of the commission and custodian of the Illinois building, is holding up the Nebraska end of the line with an ardor which promises well for the outcome. It is settled beyond any reasonable doubt that Governor Tanager and his official staff, former Governor Beveridge, former Governor Orlesky, E. A. Hancock, Robert T. Lincoln, Melville E. Stone, a number of prominent Chicago railway officials, large bodies of representatives of the Chicago Board of Trade, the Stock Exchange, World's Columbian Exposition association, National Business Men's League and many other organizations will be present on that occasion, together with large bodies of people from all sections of the state, who will take advantage of the opportunity to come west at the reduced railway rates offered by the roads. Letters are being sent all over Illinois, and Chairman Harper, urging the people in all sections to come to Omaha on "Illinois day," and the chairman writes that the responses being received from all quarters leave little doubt as to the great size of the crowds which will visit Omaha on that occasion. The annual exercises, "Illinois day," will take place at the Auditorium, commencing at 11:30 o'clock and continuing until about 2:30. These formalities will be followed by a reception by Governor and Mrs. Tanner in the Illinois building at 4 o'clock. The concert, in the Auditorium in the evening by the Chicago Lyceum Musical club will be one of the features of this occasion.

General Invitation.

Colonel Harper has sent out the following general invitation:

CHICAGO, June 14.—To the Citizens of Iowa and Nebraska Formerly Residing in Illinois: "Illinois day" at the Transmississippi and International Exposition, commencing Tuesday, June 21. The governor of Illinois and his staff and other state officials have accepted invitations to be present. The annual exercises, "Illinois day," will be held at the Auditorium on the following, many of whom have accepted: Senators S. M. Cullom and William E. Mason, ex-Vice President of the United States A. E. Stevenson, ex-Governor of Illinois, Governor J. W. Fifer, John P. Altgeld, John L. Beveridge and John M. Hamilton, Hon. Lyman J. Gage, secretary of the treasury, Hon. Charles G. Dawes, comptroller of the treasury, W. C. Brown, vice president and general manager of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad company, Mr. A. J. Earvin, president of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad company, Mr. J. M. Marling, president of the Chicago & North Western Railroad company, W. G. Purdy, president of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad company, the judges of the Illinois supreme court and all the judges of the courts of Cook county, all the members of congress from this state, the members of the Illinois legislature, the mayors of all the prominent cities throughout the state and through them the councils of those cities and the citizens generally.

The following commercial organizations and social clubs of Chicago have also been invited and large delegations are being made from many of them to attend the exposition. The Chicago Board of Trade, the Commercial club, the Union Stock Yards and Transit company, Chicago Stock Exchange, World's Columbian Exposition association, the United League club, the Illinois club, the Hamilton club, the Chicago club, the Marquette club, the Chicago Athletic club, the Lakeside club, the National Business League, the Kenwood club, the Ingot club, the Chicago university, the Chicago Harp and Arms institute, F. W. Gunsburg, president.

The Transmississippi and International Exposition, commencing Tuesday, June 21, is a western enterprise, will probably excel in scope and beauty any similar exhibitions held in this country, always excepting, of course, the World's Columbian Exposition.

SECOND SCHOOL DAY

(Continued from First Page.)

and snatched him from beneath the uplifted feet of the horse. His mother came up at that instant and clasped her offspring in her arms. She declined to give her name, but hurried away to the carriage which was in waiting for her. Shortly afterward she drove back to the gate and, calling Guard Olvin to the carriage, gave him a beautiful basket of flowers and voiced her thankfulness for his heroism and presence of mind.

BIG CROWDS ON THE STREETS.

Thoroughfares thronged by visitors and convention delegates. The downtown streets of the city were thronged yesterday. A great many of the excursionists who came into Omaha to take in the special features of Nebraska day, departed over, and their number was augmented by delegates to a number of bodies which are meeting in the city at the present time. The streets were particularly crowded in the morning, as the threatening condition of the weather kept many of them from going out to the exposition grounds out of fear that the usual daily downpour was due. The press became especially great about noon, when the various conventions poured their delegates upon the streets. A great profusion of badges was noticeable. About the same time the hotel corridors were thronged. The crowd thinned out considerably in the afternoon, as a great many of the visitors went out to the exposition grounds, rain or no rain.

Streets of All Nations Still Runs.

The edict of the district court relative to the Streets of All Nations did not prevent that establishment from entertaining its visitors as usual yesterday. The notice of the injunction was served on Mr. Akoun, but further than that no action had been taken up to last night. Mr. Akoun's manager stated that they proposed to go ahead with the entertainment as before, as they do not consider that they were violating the terms of the injunction by so doing. They believe that they were in the right and would go ahead if any further legal action is taken they will act on the defensive and let the other parties prove their case.

Railway Figures on Excursionists.

The railroad figures which they carried into Omaha somewhere between 7,000 and 8,000 people from points in Iowa and Nebraska. Those who came in on the special trains

returned on them last night, but a considerable number of the excursionists stayed in the city until today. The streets were well filled with them all day. The Burlington appears to have gotten the principal portion of the traffic, for its official returns showed that it carried about 2,000. The Union Pacific had 1,500, the Fremont road about 1,000, the Missouri Pacific 1,000, the Rock Island 500 and the remainder were scattered among the other systems that come into the city.

ART AT THE EXPOSITION

At the southern extremity of the exposition grounds, standing head and shoulders above its neighbors, is the Arch of States. It forms the main entrance from Twentieth street, and in its severe simplicity is a very imposing gateway. It is the work of the old Roman triumphal arches. Near the top is a frieze composed of the coat of arms, in color, of the twenty-four transmississippi states, the whole to be surmounted by sculptured figures bearing the United States shield.

Entering by this arch on the afternoon of children's day, one received the impression of looking into a kaleidoscope. On the bridge, facing the entrance, children in all colors were fitting about like so many humming birds, perching for a moment on the railing of the bridge to watch the gaudier playing so gracefully his long arch, then off under the Administration arch for the Streets of All Nations.

The Administration arch, placed thus opposite the Arch of States, balances it to the eye in position and, by reason of its contrast. At the same time that our aesthetic sense is satisfied our minds grasp the thought that these buildings are the symbols of the factors which have made the exposition possible. Over on the east part of the grounds the state buildings have formed quite a village—rather a heterogeneous mass—but pleasing as a whole, when one does not stop to analyze and when one can avoid seeing that yellow wigwam from Pottawattamie county, Iowa. From its excellent location it intrudes itself upon you so that you cannot escape its multitudinous eyes—they seem to hypnotize one to look at their bald ugliness. Near the wigwam is a low, wide, flat-roofed building, the construction looking now like a huge rack, but promising some delightful piazzas later on—a thing we sadly miss in our State building.

The Nebraska building is beautifully situated facing the valley and the ever-changing bluffs. It is an architect to build great porches upheld by big pillars where Nebraska's might sit to rest their tired eyes on the green trees and soft colors of the distance after the fatigue of the glare of sunlight on the white buildings. But instead there is an enclosed piazza where no one would care to rest and the four corners of the rectangular building are surmounted by small domes on each of which is painted a travesty of the blue hills and sky.

And how artistic is the arrangement of the rooms inside! One immense central room reaching up eighty-five feet to the height of the roof, with a low, wide, flat-roofed extension of an overland railway station. Just north of the Nebraska is the Illinois state building, very inviting in its colonial simplicity and hospitable piazzas. A gable extending out over the front entrance is upheld by massive pillars in the Greek style, adding at the same time to the architectural effect and to the comfort of the visitor.

In a small gallery adjoining it on the south hang several pictures of the Chicago exposition painted by Mr. Key. These pictures are a careful reproduction of the exposition—painted with an architect's accuracy, which has a fine effect. It will be a pleasure to the people who visited the Chicago exposition to refresh their memories in looking at these pictures. And they who were not at Chicago in 1903 will find them exceedingly interesting. There are many pictures which show the progress of the exposition, for there is this curious thing about us that we do not enjoy anything in itself, but only as compared to something else. If we cannot prove to our own satisfaction that this exposition is as good as the World's fair, or at least is a miniature representation of it, we will have none of it. But they are in no way similar beyond the fact that the main buildings in each case have been grouped around a large basin of water, that the buildings are covered with white staff and that they contain exhibits. The one is in no way a copy or an imitation of the other.

ETHEL EVANS.

VISITORS FROM THE BAY STATE.

Massachusetts Officials Will Take in the Omaha Fair. WASHINGTON, June 15.—(Special Telegram.)—Representative Mercer returned today from Springfield, Mass., where he was on business and returns with information that forty-two of the Bay state senators and representatives purpose visiting the Transmississippi Exposition early in July. An appropriation of \$9,000 has been voted to defray the expenses of the trip, but the difficulty is that the whole legislature of Massachusetts wants to make the trip. Lieutenant Governor Crane will head the party and is now being drawn as to who shall accompany the delegation. For the first time in the history of the state of Massachusetts the legislature has voted an appropriation for a tour of investigation outside its own dominion. The Bay state has been conservative to a degree in this regard, but the west has for years been a purchaser of its manufactures and the leaves of wider markets having been working, it was finally decided to "go west" and become acquainted with the section beyond the Mississippi, and accordingly an appropriation was voted.

Mexico to Make an Exhibit.

Information has been received from Powell Clayton, United States minister to Mexico, that the decision of the Mexican government to not participate in the exposition has been modified somewhat by the action of the minister of fomento, Fernandez Leal, who has notified Mr. Clayton in a brief note that on account of the interest in the exposition it has been decided that an exhibit will be made by the department of agriculture, etc., showing the official publications of the state of Mexico, and an exhibit of agricultural products and minerals.

Other Children's Day.

Wednesday, June 22, will be "children's day" for the school children of Douglas county, South Omaha and Council Bluffs and the school children of those districts are invited to come to the exposition on that day and enjoy themselves to the utmost. Children 15 years of age or less will be admitted on that day for 10 cents.

"Request Program" Day.

Sunday will be "request program" day for the United States Marine band at the exposition. The programs will be made up by Director Santeleman from numbers requested by the public. All who have suggestions or favorite pieces they wish to hear are requested to send the names to Director Santeleman at the Barker hotel.

Mrs. Brubine and the Music.

Mrs. A. M. Brubine has been appointed by the Illinois commission to arrange the music for Illinois day at State building, Council and Mrs. Hambleton and

the commission will receive. It is probable Mrs. Katharine Bloodgood, the famous contralto, will come on from New York especially for the occasion. The Board of Trade of Quincy will bring in a large party. The excursion will come over the Fort Arthur route and arrive in Omaha sometime Monday afternoon.

Admission on Nebraska Day.

The paid admissions to the grounds on Nebraska day were 1,500. This number includes the large number of commutation tickets which served as a means of admission to the grounds for fully a thousand people, neither does it include the thousands of people who came in with passes of various kinds.

Exposition Notes.

Two elegant pianos have been placed in the Wisconsin building, and a general Over 1,500 people registered at the Nebraska state building on "Nebraska day."

The Nebraska state poultry exhibit will be opened Monday in the small building erected for that purpose near the Dairy building. The Burlington road has ordered the Montana Press association free transportation to Omaha and return from Billings on Montana day, June 23.

A rehearsal of the Exposition chorus will be held at the city hall tonight. "The Rose Maiden" and "By Babylon's Wave" will be rehearsed. Saturday evening a full rehearsal with the orchestra will be held at the Auditorium.

Montgomery Ward & Co. were unable to entertain all the visitors who called at their handsome building Nebraska day. Their electric carriage was in constant use, but it was unable to accommodate but a portion of their visitors.

The children enjoyed the attractions of the Military last night. A general reduction in prices for their benefit. Nearly all the concessions made a flat rate of 10 cents for children and hundreds of the young visitors took advantage of the opportunity.

The work of placing the exhibits in the Dairy and Dairy buildings is progressing very slowly. Those already installed are only the Nebraska state and Douglas county exhibits in the Dairy building. None whatever are in the Dairy building, everything being delayed by the completion of the refrigerator facilities. As soon as completed Superintendent Dinsmore will notify the exhibitors, who will soon arrive with their displays.

The Hamilton cadets of North Platte opened their reception today. They were accepted to be sent to the front at once. Cadet Taylor last night received a telegram from his son, Captain Wallace C. Taylor, of company L, First regiment N. V. I., which was dated on board the transport Swift with a request that those yards were well, and everybody on board but one. Private Whitmore was left in the hospital suffering from a slight attack of fever. When the Senator received the soldiers they were given a great reception by the citizens and the shipping in the harbor. Every vessel with a salute fired at those yards were manned, and the whole affair was made a most tremendous outburst of patriotic enthusiasm.

SCALPERS REFUSE TO PAY

Ticket Brokers Decline to Submit to the Regulations Prescribed by the City.

When License Inspector McVittie sought yesterday to collect licenses from the fifteen ticket scalpers and brokers of the city he met with a very determined and flat refusal from all of them.

The ordinance licensing ticket brokers was passed in April, but no move was made toward collecting the tax until yesterday. The license is \$75 per year and the fulfillment of certain obligations. The amount of the tax is not what the brokers object to, and they do not consider the tax an imposition, but they do consider the obligations which it imposes upon them. The ordinance in every respect is a fair one, and the inspector or others in authority the power to make an inventory of their stock of tickets whenever they desire to do so. It prohibits them from handling signed contract tickets. This is what they take exception to, and they claim the ordinance in every respect is a fair one, and the inspector or others in authority the power to make an inventory of their stock of tickets whenever they desire to do so. It prohibits them from handling signed contract tickets. This is what they take exception to, and they claim the ordinance in every respect is a fair one, and the inspector or others in authority the power to make an inventory of their stock of tickets whenever they desire to do so.

One and all of them absolutely refuse to pay the license unless the ordinance is modified. By their refusal they hope to make the city take the initial action in the case. They will then decide how they will meet the issue. The claim is set up by some of the brokers that the clause in the ordinance was prompted by the railroad companies. Since the passage of the ordinance the five ticket brokerage offices then operated have been increased, owing to the exposition, to fifteen.

MARINES ARE BETTER PREPARED.

They Profit by Their Early Experience with the Spanish. KINGSTON, Jamaica, June 15.—(Special Telegram.)—On board Associated Press dispatch boat Dauntless, off Guantanamo bay, June 11.—There was no renewal of the attack on the marines last night. They slept in their trenches with their rifles beside them, protected by a heavy picket line of insurgents and marines under command of Lieutenants Lenore and Smith. The pickets had strict orders not to fire unless commanded to do so. There were several alarms, but no firing during the night. In consequence the men awoke much refreshed after long days and nights of continuous work and fighting.

It was supposed the enemy had retired to the windmill on the south coast, the only remaining source of water supply. The windmill was shelled at intervals all day yesterday by the Dolphin, but the Spaniards were still there this morning. At 8 o'clock the enemy made an unexpected sharp attack on the rear and left flank. When the pickets came in for relief the Spaniards questioned them, but they hid them and got within 100 yards when the accidental discharge of a rifle in the trenches led them to believe they were discovered and they opened fire with a volley, which whistled harmlessly overhead. They had shot too high, as usual.

The marines then retreated from their steamers and met the guerrillas with a ragged but well directed rifle fire. In addition five field pieces, mounted at angles in the trenches, and the machine guns, poured a hail of bullets into the chaparral, scattering the main body of the Spaniards in all directions. Shells were dropped into their midst as they ran.

A few of the enemy stood their ground desperately on the left flank and the crack of the Mauser rifles and the "pings" of their bullets were heard rather than seen for an hour, as the smokeless powder used by the Spaniards made their location in the dense underbrush almost impossible to detect.

The Panther fired six-pounders into the Spaniards, while the marines were engaged in beating off the attack. Only one man was wounded, and he sustained only a slight injury on his hand. The Cubans, who acted well last night, were with difficulty forced out of the skirmish line this morning. Some of them refused to be driven, even when struck by their officers with the flat of their machetes, but they were not contrary.

Our men are at a great disadvantage with the guerrillas, who are past grand masters of this peculiar plan of campaign of savage rather than of civilized warfare. The men sink through the tropical undergrowth as noiselessly as shadows, some with their naked bodies concealed with palm leaves, so that they are neither seen nor heard. Our men are not familiar with these tactics and awkwardly crash through the brush.

Captain Elliott says the enemy could not stand a minute in the open, but admits they are dangerous antagonists in this sort of work.

British and Canadian-American Club.

The usual weekly meeting of the British and Canadian-American club, which was held (Thursday) evening in the club room, 431 Range block, at 8 o'clock. Full attendance requested. Canadian and British visitors cordially invited.

ENGINEERS AND SIGNALMEN

Two Special Companies, for the Volunteer Service Being Raised.

CHANCE GIVEN FOR EXPERTS TO ENLIST

Men with Mechanical and Mathematical Training to Enlist—Captain Holderman Looking for Fighting Men.

A. H. Weber, assistant United States engineer, has been notified by the city of Omaha to raise a company of engineers in this vicinity. It will consist of ninety-four men, including three commissioned officers, and will draw material from every branch of the sciences and mechanical trades. Those eligible are to be machinists, carpenters, plumbers, telegraphers, topographers, draughtsmen, photographers, riggers, railroad men, boatmen and those skilled in the use of explosives. The engineers are paid slightly higher than infantry volunteers, and are not expected to take any active engagements. Mr. Weber will be in this city for several weeks, and expects to receive enlistments from Nebraska, Iowa, North and South Dakota.

Orders have also been issued from the War department appointing Captain Frank Lyman, Jr., of Des Moines, Ia., recruiting officer for a signal corps to be composed of telegraph operators and expert electricians. This branch of the service is considered one of the most interesting, and its duties are to keep communication between the different commanders and the rear and other points. To do this permanent and flying telegraph and telephone lines are used, as well as flags, torches, heliographs, searchlights, etc. The signalmen are mounted and armed with sabers, carbine and revolver.

Captain Holderman is still in the city looking for additional men for the First Nebraska volunteer infantry, now on its way to the Philippines. As soon as headquarters opened their records they have offered themselves will be examined, and those accepted will be sent to the front at once.

Cadet Taylor last night received a telegram from his son, Captain Wallace C. Taylor, of company L, First regiment N. V. I., which was dated on board the transport Swift with a request that those yards were well, and everybody on board but one. Private Whitmore was left in the hospital suffering from a slight attack of fever. When the Senator received the soldiers they were given a great reception by the citizens and the shipping in the harbor. Every vessel with a salute fired at those yards were manned, and the whole affair was made a most tremendous outburst of patriotic enthusiasm.

MEASURES ON THE RAILWAY STATIONS.

Northwestern Road Sending Them to All Important Points.

CHICAGO, June 15.—The officials of the Northwestern railway have decided to show their patriotism and to inspire their passengers by decorating the company's buildings everywhere along the three divisions of the road. The first flags were raised on the Milwaukee division. Sixteen beautiful napoleonic flags were ordered from Chicago and Milwaukee and the breeze is unfurling Old Glory and making the stations with their towers appear more like small fortresses than peaceful way depots. It was stated that forty of the principal places in Illinois are supplied so far and that Chicago and Milwaukee are to be supplied. The ten cars of heavy freight were hauled across the prairie and up the Rocky mountain slope in thirty-eight hours and thirty-two minutes, whereas the regular running time for freight between Chicago and Denver is about sixty hours. The Burlington road made the great run. At 12:43 p. m. it pulled out of Chicago over the Burlington for Denver, arriving here at 2:15 a. m. today. The Rio Grande officials hope to maintain the rate of speed at which it was rushed west from Chicago.

Day for the Children.

On account of the South Omaha schools having closed on June 8 it was impracticable for the children of the city to participate in the Children's day exercises at the exposition. Members of the Board of Education would very much like to have the children of this city given the same opportunity as the pupils in the Omaha schools and with this idea in view will suggest to the executive committee of the exposition that a day be set apart in September, after the fall term commences, for the school children of this city.

Boon in Burglar Alarms.

There is a sort of boon on burglar alarms just now, caused by the increasing number of robberies. Electricians are kept busy placing burglar alarms on doors and windows and in some cases housebreakers will meet with a warm reception. Unless the police force is increased it will be impossible to give the protection desired and many of the residents are taking the matter of protection into their own hands.

City Asks a New Trial.

City Attorney Montgomery has filed a motion for a new trial in the case of Fred

Because the packing house celebration has been postponed until fall it must not be inferred that the matter will be allowed to drop. All of the packers and the stock yards company urged that the demonstration be deferred until fall on account of the inability of the farmers to leave home at the present time. It is stated that the greater portion of the farm work will be over by the latter part of September and that there will then be no limit to the crowds. The Armour company cannot possibly be ready to commence operations before some time in July and it is desired that all of the packing houses be running full time when the visitors arrive. Plans for the celebration are now being arranged by representatives of the packing houses and stock yards and the committees will be announced before long.

SOUTH OMAHA NEWS.

The Republican, published at Central City, Neb., has this to say of the proposed packing house jubilee in South Omaha: "The proposed packing house jubilee in South Omaha will be a grand event if properly carried out. So substantial an improvement as the Great Armour plant, which has just been completed, should not be allowed to pass without suitable commemoration. Great as is the benefit to South Omaha, it is far greater to the state. Nebraska is a corn-growing, stock-raising territory; other states divide their industries, but with us it is the great industry. Stockmen in every town should constitute themselves a committee to advertise the proposed jubilee. The railroads will undoubtedly give the usual excursion rates and there should be such an outpouring of people as Nebraska never saw before."

Mr. J. R. Cain, a banker of Stella, Richardson county, was a visitor in the city yesterday. He said that if all Nebraska farmers were in as good circumstances as those surrounding his home the bankers would soon have to look to some other business for an income. Mr. Cain states that even at low rates there is very little application for loans, and as fast as paper becomes due it is taken up. Real estate mortgages, Mr. Cain says, are being taken up and canceled monthly, which shows a prosperous condition of affairs.

Waiting for the Stamps.

Postmaster McMillan is anxiously awaiting the arrival of the exposition stamps. Large orders for these stamps have already been received and a big rush is anticipated. At the time of sending in the requisition the postmaster ordered only one month's supply on account of being short of storage room, but more will be received as needed. It is understood that the stamps were shipped from Washington yesterday.

Examining Teachers' Papers.

Messrs. Johnson, Smith and Lambort, constituting the board of examiners designated to examine applicants for positions in the public schools, are still busy looking over the papers, but it is thought that all papers will be marked and returned to the Board of Education in time for tonight's meeting. The examination was very complete and each applicant was examined on ten different subjects. As there were fifty applicants it has been necessary to go over 500 papers. It is understood that a majority of those who took the examination passed.

Swift and Company's Assessment.

Corrected returns from the Third ward show that the assessment of Swift and Company was raised slightly. While it is true that the valuation of the plant proper was lowered as compared with a year ago, property which the company recently acquired was raised enough to make the total \$1,100 more than in 1907. One year ago the Oberne property, which adjoins Swift on the south, was assessed at \$200. This year the valuation of this piece of land was raised to \$3,000. Last year's total for Swift was \$11,600, while this year it is \$13,200.

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Official Souvenir Medals. Gold Plated and Fine Silver Official Souvenir Coin Medals. In quantities of fifty and up—can be obtained by dealers at a good discount. On the reverse side of the medal is represented a mounted Indian, spearing a buffalo. On the obverse side, a composite photograph of 48 young ladies from the Trans-Mississippi states. Call on or address, JOHN A. WAKEFIELD, Secretary, Service Building, Exposition Grounds.

Hang, administrator, against the city of South Omaha. The case is one where the city is sued for damages on account of the death last winter of William Hang, alleged to have been caused by a defective road in Albright. At the trial a few days ago the jury returned a judgment against the city for \$800. Attorney Montgomery sets up in his petition for a new trial that the verdict was contrary to the evidence and the law.

Condition of the Farmer. J. R. Cain, a banker of Stella, Richardson county, was a visitor in the city yesterday. He said that if all Nebraska farmers were in as good circumstances as those surrounding his home the bankers would soon have to look to some other business for an income. Mr. Cain states that even at low rates there is very little application for loans, and as fast as paper becomes due it is taken up.