

Saturday Suggestions

White Lawn and White Pique Waists. The White Lawn and White Pique Waists which we sell are of unusual prettiness.

New Foulard Silks. We have such an endless array of these summery fabrics that every fancy finds its favorite.

Silkoline Comforters. Only the choicest sort from the best manufacturers.

Paragon Summer Corset. Made of strong netting, long waist, short hips, well boned, at 50c each.

Mens Collars. Our special collar, T. B. & Co. brand, made of 2,000 linen, in all the new shapes, 10c each.

Hosiery Ladies' fancy drop-stitch Hose. with colored toes, in very latest patterns, 35c-3 for \$1.00.

Notions Side and Pompadour Combs. These we tell of are imitation shell and yet so like are they to the real shell that experts might puzzle to pick them apart.

Bidding Adieu to School. For graduates the dress is an important feature of the occasion.

Fans. In white and colors, hand-painted and spangled.

Men's Collars. Our special collar, T. B. & Co. brand, made of 2,000 linen, in all the new shapes, 10c each.

Opera Skirts, ready made, prices, \$7.50, \$8.50, \$9.00, \$10.00, \$11.00.

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M.S. Dan Sweeney. Mrs. John Knott and her two sons. MILWAUKEE, May 19.—A special from Milwaukee, Wis., gives the details of the storm in northern Wisconsin, reports that eighteen dead bodies lay in the station at Heavron Junction. The victims are supposed to be from Grafton camp. The train on the Soo railway from the north last night was delayed several hours, having been compelled to turn back on account of the storm. Telegraph poles and wires were demolished in all directions and buildings in the path of the storm were razed.

Tornado in the Territory. ARDMORE, I. T., May 19.—A tornado swept the southern part of Ardmore at 7:30 this morning, demolished two houses belonging to Richard Smith, badly damaged the Whittington hotel and swerved off to the north. In Ardmore S. H. Perkins, his wife and three children were injured—Carrie Perkins, 9 years old, probably fatally. At Dougherty, a man, named Frank Melton, a farmer, was killed. The tornado seems to have been general over this section. Telegraph wires in every direction are interrupted.

STORM STRIKES INTO MICHIGAN. One Man Supposed to Have Been Killed at Battle Creek. DETROIT, May 19.—A very heavy wind and hail storm swept across a portion of southern Michigan early this morning. At Battle Creek the shops of the Brown Thresher company, 200 feet long, were completely unroofed. M. M. Shipman, a wagon maker, is missing and is supposed to have been killed. At Kalamazoo small buildings were overturned, roofs blown off, windows broken and the electric lights were extinguished by lightning. Much damage was done throughout the country by blowing down chimneys, orchard trees, fences and outbuildings.

Rain Does Much Damage. DUBUQUE, Ia., May 19.—Reports coming in from the country show that the heavy rain of the past thirty-six hours have done great damage. The smaller bridges have been swept away and in some places seed has been washed out of the ground. More than two inches of rain fell.

MUST GIVE BATTLE SOON. Spanish Admiral Cannot Dodge Around Unseen Much Longer.

NEW YORK, May 19.—A dispatch to the Times from Washington says: Admiral Sampson, it is said, is now in a position to be regularly and frequently informed of the approach of the enemy. He has a large force of men and ships with the Spanish fleet, he says, come up with the Spaniards," said a prominent naval officer today, "unless he decides to run for our coast, but that will only defer the meeting for a few days. The longer he runs and dodges the shorter becomes his supply of coal. Once he is exhausted he has no place to which he can resort for supplies, except San Juan or Havana. He may select either port he prefers. If he Porto Rico, Sampson would return and resume the bombardment. I do not, however, believe Admiral Cervera will permit his fleet to be driven up to a harbor and shelled where it cannot maneuver." Few consider the suggestion of a dash for the United States coast as one of the probabilities. If that were to be undertaken it would not be by the Caribbean squadron. The danger from that source is regarded as very slight. If the squadron is proceeding by a northern route, it cannot avoid being seen by vessels bound east along the usual routes. If it is traveling out of the usual lane the scouts of the United States navy are certain to pick it up. The Spanish fleet, Chesapeake, New York, Philadelphia, Boston and Portland are considered by naval department officials and by ordnance officers as quite safe from any such exploit.

The Navy department officials have ceased paying any attention to reports regarding the many Spanish fleet daily reported as having been seen at widely different localities. Some indignation is expressed about the altogether uncalled for nervousness manifested by citizens of Boston and other seaport cities who call for protection from the navy and who succeeded in detaching on useless scout service the Columbia and Minneapolis. The officers of those vessels have been heard from here, and they consider they were unnecessarily deprived of use in scouting in the south merely to quell the anxieties of persons quite needlessly alarmed.

The war will, it is believed by those who are acquainted with the program of the naval authorities and the condition of the Spaniards in Cuba, be decided within a few days. Admiral Sampson and that of Spain can be brought together soon. The Navy department does not look for any excess of energy in the Spanish navy. It is considered that the demoralized condition of Spain precludes renewed war activity.

Montgomery Has a Brush. (Copyright, 1898, by Press Publishing Co.) KEY WEST, May 19.—(New York World Telegram)—Special Telegram.—The Spanish fleet, Montgomery, Captain Converse, had a one-sided brush with a Spanish gunboat and consort off Nuevitas, Cuba, Wednesday afternoon. It saw both steaming for Nuevitas and fired a five-inch as a challenge. The Spaniards' answer was sudden clouds of black smoke and a salute to cover. It disappeared behind a point of land in the river. The Montgomery got the line of its masts and discharged five more five-inch shells. As well as could be judged two broke right over the rear ship and the Montgomery's men are confident they did execution. The Montgomery reached the mouth of the river and waited for the Spanish to appear, but though the Montgomery was alone the Spaniards kept running. The Montgomery did not dare proceed up the river for fear of mines.

REPORTED SLIGHT TO AMERICANS. German Ship Said to Have Neglected to Salute When Entering Havana. MADRID, May 19.—It is announced in a dispatch received here from Havana that the German war ship, the Albatross, which was reported to have been captured by the American squadron, either with its guns or flag, but paid the usual salutes to the forts here, and its commander landed and visited Captain General Blanco, Admiral Manterola and the president of the cabinet government. The visits of the commander and there the flag, and were marked by extreme cordiality. The Spanish authorities returned the visits. The dispatch from Havana also refers to the reported bombardment of the forts at Santiago de Cuba yesterday, stating: "No damage was done, as the ships were so far distant that shells did not reach the land."

NEW CABINET NOW IN CHARGE. Leader of the Opposition Will Ask for Statement in Chambers. MADRID, May 19.—The new cabinet ministers look over the portfolios this afternoon. The Spanish newspapers censure the governor of Hong Kong for permitting the American war ships to revictual and they say they cannot understand Great Britain allowing the United States to cut the British West Indies cables. The cabinet will present itself to the Chambers tomorrow when Senator Romero y Robledo will ask for a statement on the crisis. The Carlists and republicans want to prolong the budget debate until the end of June. The Epoca announces that the railroad officials have offered the government 250,000,000 pesetas in return for a prolongation of their concessions.

RAILROADS ARE BLOCKED

Special Trains of Volunteers Come Too Fast to Be Handled.

TWELVE ON THE SIDINGS AT ONE TIME

About Twenty-five Thousand Men Are Now at Chickamauga Park and at First Provisional Army Camps is Complete.

CHICKAMAUGA NATIONAL PARK, May 19.—With tonight's arrivals the three divisions of the First provisional volunteer army corps will be completed. The arrivals today completely blocked the railroad yards, but the officials of the various railroads are endeavoring to get the volunteers to relieve the congestion. Twelve trains of an average of fifteen cars each stood on the sidings of one road on noon today awaiting a clearing on the main track to the park, but shortly thereafter they began to move. They were at the park at 6 o'clock tonight, 1,000 men.

Today has been the busiest day at the park since the volunteers began to arrive and the forces of the various supply departments have been tasked to the utmost to dispose of the business promptly and without confusion. The quartermasters are busy in the matter of tents, uniforms, ammunition, food supplies, etc., but no ordnance for the artillery batteries or guns for the unarmed volunteers have been received. They are expected tomorrow.

The water supply is almost out satisfactorily, but a large number of additional wells are being sunk and as a guarantee against a possibility of a deficiency it is stated today that a recommendation has been sent to Washington urging that a standpipe be erected on the field and that water be supplied from the elevated Crawfish spring, which flows several millions of gallons of water daily and that this water be piped to the camps should they be lacking in supply. Ample storage room for 2,500,000 rations recently ordered here from Chicago was secured in Chattanooga today and the food supplies are now nearly stored, so that the orders for regimental supplies are promptly filled.

The following commands arrived today and were assigned to camp: The Fifth Pennsylvania, Colonel Richfield, 600 officers and men; the Twenty-first Kansas, Colonel Fitch, 1,027 strong; the Eighth Massachusetts, Colonel Pew, Jr., 966 strong; the Ninth Pennsylvania, Colonel Dougherty, 630 strong; the Twelfth New York, Colonel Leonard, 1,048 strong.

General Brooke, late this afternoon, gave out the information that he had been notified that three corps of the volunteer army would be mobilized and organized at this point, which means the concentration here of at least 80,000 men. It is said, however, that one of the corps may be sent further south soon as it is in condition to move. At least two of the corps are to be drilled and prepared for service at this point. It is said General Brooke will be in command of the First corps, General Wade of the Second, and General Wilson of the Sixth, all to be organized at Chickamauga.

Colonel Fred Grant arrived with the Fourth New York regiment, 1,076 strong, at 10 o'clock tonight. It will be assigned to the Third brigade of the First division, completing the First provisional army corps, to be commanded by General Brooke.

The thirty-first arrived at 9 o'clock and left at midnight for Tampa. The thirty-second arrived at 9 o'clock and left at midnight for Tampa.

PROBABLY CUT THE CABLES. Reported Bombardment of Santiago de Cuba Doubtless Done to Cover that Operation.

CHICAGO, May 19.—A special to the Daily News from Washington says: Although nothing official is given out at the Navy department, the opinion is cautiously expressed that the reported bombardment of Santiago de Cuba is probably true. A large number of American vessels are there and the cable from that port. There are three cables at Santiago de Cuba, two running to Jamaica and one to Hayti. They are British property, but they either have or will be cut by the United States navy.

The outlook for a naval battle within the next twenty-four hours is considered promising.

DEATH RECORD. Funeral of General Love. Although it was desired that the funeral services over the body of General W. W. Love should be private, a large number of the friends of the family were in attendance.

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PRESIDENT AND EXPOSITION

Chief Executive Will Do His Part in the Opening of the Great Fair.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—(Special Telegram)—As soon as it is definitely known here what arrangements are being made for President McKinley to open the Trans-Mississippi Exposition, a program will be decided upon to cover the Washington end.

Congressman Mercer today said the president would push the button and deliver an address through the long distance telephone. To this ceremony would be invited the whole Nebraska delegation in the city, together with representatives of Nebraska newspapers assigned to duty at the capital. Mercer said he had asked for the program, but had not received any definite information as to what would be expected from the president outside of the mere detail as outlined above.

R. B. Howell of Omaha, who came to Washington to take an examination for office in the navy, received pleasing information today that he had been commissioned junior second lieutenant.

William F. Gude, president of the society of American Florists, which holds its annual convention in Omaha during the summer, returned from the City last night. Mr. Gude stated that Omaha was a surprise to him in its push and enterprise being in marked contrast to the conservative spirit of the national capital. He thought the convention would be a success, but he said Omaha was pretty far away for many members and while there would probably not be as many delegates present as in attendance when conventions are held in the east, he was sure the enthusiasm would make up for all absentees.

Postmasters appointed: Nebraska—Theodore O. Jendry at Ashton, Sherman county, vice William A. Wilson, dead, and H. J. Wallace at Tanager, Otero county, vice W. Eschmeyer, removed.

Iowa—Alvah C. Chadam at Evanston, Webster county, and Alfred McLean at O'Leary, Plymouth county.

The secretary of the interior today affirmed the decision of the land commissioner in the case of James R. Conway against Amanda Harrison, involving lands in the Des Moines, Ia., land district.

George P. Tucker, employed in the interior department, was today promoted from a \$1,400 to a \$1,600 clerkship.

Los B. Dennis, formerly of Omaha, is in the city organizing a troop of cavalry to be known as the John Addair Porter Hussars, in honor of the president's secretary. The regiment will probably not be accepted until a second call for volunteers is issued.

HOUSE ADJOURNS UNTIL MONDAY

PASSES THE BILL FOR ARBITRATION OF LABOR TROUBLES.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—The adjournment of the house to Monday postpones until next week any possible consideration of the Hawaiian resolutions.

After passing the labor arbitration bill as amended by the Associated Press, a brief political tilt precipitated by a personal explanation from Mr. Tongue (rep. O.) the house adjourned until Monday.

NEWS FROM THE SPY.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—(Special Telegram)—Army orders were issued today as follows: Lieutenant Colonel David L. Brainard, chief commissary of subsistence, United States volunteers, will proceed to San Francisco, Cal., for duty with the expedition to the Philippines; Captain James Parker, Fourth cavalry, is relieved from duty at Peckskill, N. Y.; Major William B. Davis, surgeon, is assigned to duty at Port Myer, Va.; Major William H. Corbush, surgeon, is relieved from duty at Angel Island, Cal., and assigned to duty at Philippine Islands; Major Enoch H. Crowder, judge advocate, will proceed to San Francisco, Cal.; Captain Charles B. Ewing, assistant surgeon, will proceed to New Orleans, La.

The following named officers are detailed to represent the medical department of the army at the annual meeting of the American Medical association at Denver, Colo., June 7 to 10: Lieutenant Colonel Alfred A. Woodhull, deputy surgeon general; Major Curtis E. Munn, surgeon.

Leave of absence is granted Captain Eben Swift, Fifth cavalry, to enable him to accept the commission of major in the Seventh Illinois volunteers. Second Lieutenant Guy V. Henry, Jr., Fourth infantry, will report to General Guy V. Henry, United States volunteers, as aide-de-camp.

Leave of absence is granted the following: First Lieutenant Lester Hardeman, Tenth cavalry, to enable him to accept the commission of major in the Second Missouri volunteers; First Lieutenant George D. Moore, Twenty-third infantry, to enable him to accept commission of major in the Fifth Missouri volunteers.

The following named officers will proceed to San Francisco, Cal., for duty in connection with the expedition to the Philippine islands: Colonel Robert P. Hughes, inspector; Colonel John B. Babcock, assistant adjutant general; Captain William A. Simpson, Seventh artillery.

First Lieutenant Hollis C. Clark, Twenty-fifth infantry, is relieved from duty at New Hampshire college and will join his regiment. Major Jacob A. Augur, Fourth cavalry, is detailed as a member of a board appointed to meet at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., for the examination of enlisted men for promotion, vice First Lieutenant Thomas H. Slaven, Fourth cavalry, relieved. Major Sanford C. Kullberg, Fourth cavalry, is relieved from duty in the office of the adjutant general of the army, and will join his regiment. Captain Daniel H. Brush, Seventeenth infantry, is relieved from duty at the University of Illinois, and will join his regiment.

Cut Rates from the Coast. CHICAGO, May 19.—Roads out of San Francisco are making further reductions in rates. The Southern Pacific announces that it will meet the rates of the Canadian Pacific by the Shasta route, through Portland and the Santa Fe has determined to make the same rates over its road. The other transcontinental lines will take similar action.

Japanese Diet is Opened. YOKOHAMA, May 19.—The emperor of Japan opened the Diet today.

Over five hundred confidential communications from eminent medical practitioners in the United States and throughout the world have been received testifying to the remarkable and unique value and efficacy of "APENTA" NATURAL MINERAL WATER; both for continuous use by the constipated, the gouty and the obese, and as an occasional laxative.

Of all Druggists and Mineral Water Dealers.

FOR AN INVASION OF CUBA

Regulars Are Ready to Move, but the Volunteers Are Not.

FIFTY THOUSAND TO BE SENT TO ISLAND

Plans Decided Upon Some Time Ago Are Unchanged—Regulars May Make Preliminary Landing Soon.

NEW YORK, May 19.—A special to the Times from Washington says: The plans for the invasion of Cuba by the United States forces remain unchanged. The elusive formations of the Spanish squadrons have been of no importance. The determination to dispatch to the island as soon as practicable an army of not less than 50,000 men competent to meet and cope with the forces of Blanco still stands. But the time has not yet come when it is practicable to do this, yet come when it is practicable to do this, yet come when it is practicable to do this.

The dispatching of an expedition, made up almost entirely of regulars, from the Tampa camp to make a landing on the Cuban coast, throw up fortifications and clear the way for the coming of the army proper later on, is not likely to be long delayed. It is not settled that this will be done by the regulars, but it is being done in favor of the project. It is urged that we went into this war largely in order to save the reconcentros from starving, but that as a result of our present plans we are making starvation sure, and make it likely that some of the insurgents will suffer the same.

A force of 5,000 regulars landed at an available spot in Cuba would, it is contended, be able to do something toward relieving this suffering by establishing a base of supplies which could be drawn upon by the insurgents. The project is being done in favor of the seizure of a landing place with out delay that the undertaking is becoming more difficult every day and that the regulars could not be better employed than in providing fortifications to protect the debarking of the main army when it is ready to move.

The longer the occupation of a landing place is delayed, it is pointed out, the more time Blanco has for throwing up fortifications and mounting batteries along the coast which will cause trouble when the regular invasion begins. The advocates of this movement believe it would be easy for force of the strength mentioned to hold its own with the protection the blockading squadron could afford.

There is no prospect, however, that even a preliminary movement of this nature is likely to be undertaken immediately. For the present, at least, all military movements will await the result of the maneuvering of the squadron.

There is much excitement in the city. The regulars and volunteers were called out and the batteries erected on each side of the harbor entrance. The number and caliber of the guns are unknown, but it is known that there are twenty-one torpedoes in the channel electrically connected with the shore.

The cruiser Mercedes, whose boilers are disabled, has been anchored so it can reach the channel for 300 yards.

The merchant ship Barcelona, mounting four small quick-firing guns, is in the harbor. Several coasting steamers and schooners are at the wharves.

A few days ago the German steamer brought 15,000 bags of rice to Santiago de Cuba. Rice and sardines are the principal food supplies.

Last night, when about sixty miles from Havana, the steamer Adula, seven large steamers, moving in two columns, crossed the Adula coast going west. They were evidently war ships, but their nationality could not be identified. The Adula brought 225 passengers.

PUBLISHES DIPLOMATIC PAPERS. Documents Passing During Woodford's Stay Made Public.

MADRID, May 19.—A red book has been published containing diplomatic documents referring to the events beginning with the arrival of General Stewart L. Woodford, the United States minister, at San Sebastian, and ending with the rupture of peace.

Conciliating the Insurgents. LONDON, May 19.—It is reported here that the Spanish governor of the Philippines is consulting many of the insurgent chiefs with high appointments, while other chiefs are succeeding in federating the rival tribes.

Torpedo Boats at the Canaries. LONDON, May 19.—Mail news received here today from Las Palmas, Canary islands, under date of May 7, says two Spanish torpedo boats arrived there that evening.

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COVERED WITH SALT, AS AFTER A LONG VOYAGE.

Only old men and boys are available at Las Palmas for handling cargoes. All the rest of the men have been conscripted.

Pipe on British Soldiers. GIBRALTAR, May 19.—A number of British soldiers while out boating yesterday afternoon attempted to land on Spanish territory, whereupon a sentry fired upon them and wounded one man.

Heavy Shipments of Coal. PITTSBURGH, May 19.—Nearly 2,000,000 bushels of coal were shipped south today by water, most of it for New Orleans. About the same amount is expected to go out tomorrow.

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MADRID, May 19.—A dispatch from Havana says Santiago de Cuba was bombarded, but "no great damage has been done."

Columbia Puts Into New York. NEW YORK, May 19.—The cruiser Columbia passed in at Quarantine at 8:16 a. m. It anchored off Tompkinsville.

PUSHING THE REVENUE BILL. Two-Thirds of the Measure is Read by the Senate and Generally Adopted as Reported.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—While several important passages in the war revenue measure were passed over today for future consideration, excellent progress was made by the senate in the consideration of the bill. Two-thirds of the measure have been read, the amendments generally having been agreed to.

Mr. McLaughlin (dem. S. C.) opened the discussion of the bill today with a carefully prepared speech touching all of its features. He expressed the hope that the bill would pass as reported by the committee on finance, with the exception of the stamp clause, which he thought unnecessary.

The proposition to place a stamp tax on proprietary articles and perfumery now in stock aroused a lively discussion. It was regarded as a retrograde legislation, and the paragraph has not been disposed of finally.

Physicians Who Treat Women Often Lack Discernment. THEY DO NOT GRASP THE DEPTH OF THE SUBJECT.

We often read of women who patronize the physician for a so-called slight ailment and seem to be always sick and yet are able to be cured. But at length these women abandon the physician and take up with one or more of the numerous bottled remedies so widely advertised. The real truth of the matter is that the physician does not divine the true state of affairs, and the bottled remedy does the most direct aid. When a woman suffers with leucorrhoea or womb displacement or painful monthly sickness she goes to the doctor in the hope that she will get a medicine that will help her, and she almost invariably fails. She takes up with the stomach doses of commerce with the same hollow feeling. And here too she fails. The whole plan of treating women with a woman means is radically wrong and all women who suffer realize that such is a fact. There is only one method whereby women may cure herself of the distressing condition known as female troubles and that is by local application. There is a remedy recently introduced that has worked wonders in curing all forms of womb trouble.

It is called Hazeline, put up in the form of a suppository which is applied directly to the diseased part. Any woman can apply it herself and it needs no doctor's assistance of any kind. Druggists in Omaha at 1523 Farnam street, 125 South Fifteenth street and at 1515 Dodge street; keep Hazeline in stock, but if any woman has a woman's ailment to ask for it or cannot induce her husband or brother to call and get it for her, she may send one dollar to the Hazeline Co. South Bend, Ind., and she will receive prepaid one box of Hazeline. Every woman who suffers should try this marvelous remedy. It has never failed. Write to this firm for the book "How to Cure Female Troubles" that their method of treatment is just what every woman needs. The book is mailed free to all.

AMUSEMENTS. The Creighton. Patton & Burgess. O. D. Woodward, Amusement Director. Tonight, 8:00. The Woodward Stock Co. Presenting, FANCHON. Specialties—Biograph, Bert Gagnon, Sigfried. Sunday, CAMILLE. Specialties—Giguere &