Infanta Maria Teresa, 7,000 13,000 Vizcaya 7,090 13,000 Cardinal Cisneros 6,548 15,000 Cataluna 6,648 12,000 Princess de Asturias 7,000 15,000 Emperados Carlos 7,000 15,000 UNITED STATES.

TATES

\$ 200 17,401

\$ 5,200 17,401

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Hrooklyn 19,250 18,979 121

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mphitrite 1,970

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ntonomoh 2,990

in could hope to do

y with her

Spain could hope to do little harm to this country with her present navy so long as we remained on the defensive and confined

our aggressive tactics to the capture of

Havana. Should we scatter our ships in an attempt to carry the war into the enemy's

TORPEDO BOAT DESTROYERS.

From the name torpedo boat destroyer the

n quite a similar way to the torpedo boat.

signed and built by the Thompsons of Clyde-bank to the order of the Spanish government.

They are superior to most of the English destroyers in the elaboratences of their

fittings. They are lighted throughout by electricity, and a number of electrical vantilating fans insure a supply of fresh air to

the people below the deck. This makes them more habitable, especially in the tropics, where, it is now reported, these vessels are bound. The vessels have a length of 220

feet, breadth 22 feet and depth of 13 feet. The displacement is 380 tons. The armament

consists of two 14-pounder rapidfire guns,

one mounted forward on top of the conning

tower and the other aft; two 6-pounder guns,

one in each broadside, and two automatic machine guos, 112-inch diameter, forward.

These are also equipped with two torpedo tubes, 14 inches in diameter, mounted on

the upper deck so as to fire off either side of the ship. Four torpedoes are carried, and there is of course a complete installation of

air compressing machinery for chavging them. These boats had eminently satisfac-

tory trials, attaining a speed of over twenty-eight knots without being forced to their

Firing trials of the guns were also carvied

out to the entire catisfaction of all the in-

specting officers. The terribly destructive nature of the fire, especially from the auto-

diameter being delivered by these guns, and

ceived at the New York navy yard.

400 tons, and the speed is thirty knots

them across the Atlantic at a moderate rat

of steaming, and the crew consists of seventy men. These are the boats we can truthfully

say we would like very much to have in our

As an example of how inestimably valuable

the type is regarded abroad, the number of those owned by the different countries is herewith given: Great Britain, 92; Argen-

herewith given: Great Britain, 92; Arger twa, 4; Brazil, 8; Chill, 4; China, 4; Denmari

4; France, 14; Germany, 16; Italy, 16; Japan, 5; Netherlands, 13; Russia, 15; Spain, 6. How

many of these are building it is difficult to

very quick work with this type, and a boar

reported building one month may be off and away the next. It is a pity some of them

can't come this way, for these thirty-knot flyers would be valuable as messenger de-spatch boats between a fleet off Cuba and the

haps we may succeed in purchasing a few-

some laying down for a South American re-

A FUGITIVE KING'S FETE.

Bonaparte Entertained His Philade

phia Friends in Princely Style.

was a magnificent mansion built after the

Italian manner in the previous century by

Governor John Penn and known as Lans-

downe House in honor of the marquis of

Lansdowne. Here Joseph Bonaparte," re-

cords William Perrine in the Ladies' Home

Journal, "established himself in rural case

until he had built his 'palace' at Borden-town, N. J. Toward the end of the summer

of 1817 Joseph had a little dinner party of

picused with what she thought his fluent conversation, his urbane manner and his

good looks, and who, perhaps, was somewhat inclined to sympathize with his complaint

that Napolcon had not been at all disposed

to let him have very much of his own way

picturesque summer gowns and made haste to attend. It was a brilliant afternoon fete

and Bonaparte was the center of attraction

as he stood on his lawn and welcomed his guests. But it is doubtful whether there

were at any time more than haif a dozen persons in Philadelphia, or for that matter

n the whole country, to whom he bore any-

He liked little children and they were some-

times in the habit of speaking of him as 'the good Mr. Bonaparte.' "

Insurance Company Wins.

ST. LOUIS, March 31 .- In the case of the

New York Life Insurance company against

Fred A. McMaster, administrator of the es-

ate of Frank E. McMaster, from the

ral court of appeals reversed the decision

of the lower court, which was favorable to

McMaster, and remanded it with instruc-

Illinois Banker in Trouble

ST. LOUIS, March 31.—A special to the Globe-Democrat from Enfield, Ill., says: W.

2. Ingram, president of the Springerton

bank, six miles from here, has been ar-

rested at McLeansboro and brought here

on the charge of embezzling 277 town-ship funds prepared for Superintendent A. A. Newman. The trial will be held at Springerton today. Another special says that Ingram's bank has closed.

St. Louis Gets Gold in London.

ST. LOUIS, March 31.-The Mississippi

Valley Trust company of St. Louis is daily

expecting the arrival of \$500,000 in gold from

Expecting the arrival of some in gold from the condon, which its correspondents, Brown, Shipley & Co., had been ordered to send on. This sum was held by Brown, Shipley & Co. to the credit of the Mississippi Valley Trust company, and because of the prevailing low rates of exchange it was deemed expedient to have the cold sent here.

tions to dismiss the bill.

United States circuit court of Iowa, the fed-

thing like close and confidential relations

Per

pase at Key West and the Tortugas.

cavy.

public.

Spanish destroyers are model craft of

## ADVANTAGE IS ON OUR SIDE

An Analysis of the Naval-Strength of Spai and America.

IN EVENT CF WAR

Superiority of the United States in Sumber of Ships and Guns. Spain's Dangerous Torpedo Boat Destroyers.

The chief interest in the war toward which we seem to be drifting, says the St. Louis Brepublic, revolves around the navy, and comparison of the fleets of this country and waters, prepared to give battle to Spain's The chief interest in the war toward which comparison of the fleets of this country and of Spain is of paramount importance to en-be little doubt about the result being in able one to accurately forecast the result of a favor of the United States. Spanish-American conflict,

As the two navies are constituted at present, without taking into consideration the principal functions expected from the craft vessels that comprise the reserve of both can be in a measure determined. The obcountries, those that might be purchased was to provide scagoing fleets with the before the outbreak of war would prevent means of annihilating torpedo boats and renany foreign nation selling to this country dering nugatory their actions, but it is imor Spain, and the vessels that are not on possible to doubt that in addition to such the fighting strength of our pays but work a further employment of the destroythe fighting strength of our navy, but which patriotism would speedily place there, duties now ascribed to torpedo boats and the following are the comparisons:

which they are to check; for the destroyer, The new war ships Spain, it is reported, besides being desirned to be able to keep the has recently purchased, are not included in sea for as long a time as a week and to be capable of a burst of phenomenally fast speed, must also be fitted to fice torpedoes the below list, as their sale has not been confirmed; neither does it include those which are now being built. SPAIN. their kind. The Furor and Terror were de-

Displace-		
Pelaya (barbette)         9,300           Amirante Oquendo         7,000           Infanta Maria Teresa         7,00           Princesa de Asturios         6,648           Vizcaya         7,000           Alfonso XIII         5,000           Lepanto         4,825           Ensenada         1,030           Isla de Cuba         1,030           Aragon         3,342           Cantilla         3,342           Conde de Venadito         1,130           Don Antonio de Ulloa         1,130           Don Juan de Austria         1,130           Infanta Isabel         1,130           El Cano         524           Filipinas         760           Galicia         571           Margues de Molins         571           Martin Alorzo Finz         571           Martin Alorzo Finz         571		Displace-
Pelaya (barbette)         9,300           Amirante Oquendo         7,000           Infanta Maria Teresa         7,00           Princesa de Asturios         6,648           Vizcaya         7,000           Alfonso XIII         5,000           Lepanto         4,825           Ensenada         1,030           Isla de Cuba         1,030           Aragon         3,342           Cantilla         3,342           Conde de Venadito         1,130           Don Antonio de Ulloa         1,130           Don Juan de Austria         1,130           Infanta Isabel         1,130           El Cano         524           Filipinas         760           Galicia         571           Margues de Molins         571           Martin Alorzo Finz         571           Martin Alorzo Finz         571	Name of Vessel	ment (tons), Gu
Pelaya (barbette)         9,300           Amirante Oquendo         7,000           Infanta Maria Teresa         7,00           Princesa de Asturios         6,648           Vizcaya         7,000           Alfonso XIII         5,000           Lepanto         4,825           Ensenada         1,030           Isla de Cuba         1,030           Aragon         3,342           Cantilla         3,342           Conde de Venadito         1,130           Don Antonio de Ulloa         1,130           Don Juan de Austria         1,130           Infanta Isabel         1,130           El Cano         524           Filipinas         760           Galicia         571           Margues de Molins         571           Martin Alorzo Finz         571           Martin Alorzo Finz         571	Emprador Carlos	(turret ship) 9.000
Almirante Oquendo 7,000 Infanta Maria Teresa 7,0 0 Princesa de Asturios 6,648 Vizcaya 7,000 Alfonso XIII 5,000 Lepanto 4,824 Ensenada 1,034 Isle de Cuba 1,030 Isla de Luzon 1,030 Aragon 3,342 Castilla 3,442 Conde de Venadito 1,130 Don Antonio de Ulloa 1,130 Don Antonio de Ulloa 1,130 Infanta Isabel 1,130 Infanta Isabel 1,130 El Cano 524 Filipinas 760 Galicia 571 Margues de Molins 571 Margues de Molins 571 Martin Alonzo Finz 5 5	Pelaya (barbette)	9.900
Infanta Maria Teresa   7,0 %   Princesa de Asturios   6,648   Vizcaya   7,0%   Alfonso XIII   5,000   Lepanto   4,824   Ensenada   1,0%   Isla de Cuba   1,0%   Isla de Luzon   1,0%   Aragon   3,342   Castilla   2,342   Conde de Venadito   1,1%   Don Antonio de Ulloa   1,1%   Don Antonio de Ulloa   1,1%   Infanta Isabel   1,1%   Infanta Isabel   1,1%   El Cano   524   Filipinas   7,0%   Galicia   5,71   Margues de Molins   5,71   5,71   Margues de Molins   5,71   Margues de Molins   5,71   5,	Almirante Oquend	7,000
Princesa de Asturios 6,648 Vizcaya 7,690 Alfonso XIII 5,000 Lepanto 4,824 Ensenada 1,031 Isle de Cuba. 1,030 Isla de Luzon 1,030 Aragon 3,42 Castilla 3,42 Conde de Venadito 1,130 Don Antonio de Ulloa 1,130 Don Juan de Austria 1,130 Infanta Isabel 1,130 El Cano 524 Filipinas 760 Galicia 571 Margues de Molins 571 Martin Alonzo Finz 571	Infanta Maria Ter	030 7.070
Vizcaya     7,900       Alfonso XIII     5,000       Lepanto     4,824       Ensenada     1,030       Isle de Cuba     1,030       Isla de Luzon     1,630       Aragon     3,342       Castilla     2,342       Conde de Venadito     1,130       Don Antonio de Ulloa     1,130       Don Juan de Austria     1,130       Infanta Isabel     1,130       El Cano     524       Filipinas     760       Galicia     571       Margues de Molins     571       Martin Alorzo Finz     571       Martin Alorzo Finz     571		
Lepanto     4,824       Ensenada     1,625       Isle de Cuba     1,050       Isla de Luzon     1,630       Aragon     3,42       Castilla     3,42       Conde de Venadito     1,130       Don Autonio de Uiloa     1,130       Don Juan de Austria     1,130       Infanta Isabel     1,130       El Cano     524       Filipinas     760       Galicia     571       Margues de Molins     571       Martin Alorzo Finz     571		
Lepanto     4,824       Ensenada     1,625       Isle de Cuba     1,050       Isla de Luzon     1,630       Aragon     3,42       Castilla     3,42       Conde de Venadito     1,130       Don Autonio de Uiloa     1,130       Don Juan de Austria     1,130       Infanta Isabel     1,130       El Cano     524       Filipinas     760       Galicia     571       Margues de Molins     571       Martin Alorzo Finz     571	Alfanta VIII	***************************************
Ensenada 1,033 Isla de Cuba. 1,030 Isla de Luzon 1,030 Aragon 3,342 Castilla 3,342 Conde de Venadito 1,130 Don Antonio de Ulloa 1,130 Don Antonio de Ulloa 1,130 Infanta Isabel 1,130 El Cano 524 Filipinas 760 Galicia 571 Margues de Molins 571		
Isle de Cuba. 1,030 Isla de Luzon 1,030 Aragon 3,342 Carstilla 3,442 Conde de Venadito 1,130 Don Antonio de Ulloa 1,130 Don Juan de Austria 1,130 Infanta Isabel 1,130 El Cano 524 Filipinas 760 Galicia 571 Marques de Molins 571 Marques de Molins 571 Martin Alorzo Finz 5 511		
Isla de Luzon     1,630       Aragon     3,42       Castilla     3,342       Conde de Venadito     1,130       Don Antonio de Ulloa     1,130       Don Juan de Austria     1,130       Infanta Isabel     1,130       El Cano     524       Filipinas     760       Galicia     571       Margues de Molins     571       Martin Alorzo Finz     571	Ensenada	restriction to the second
Aragon 3,342 Castilla 3,342 Conde de Venadito 1,130 Don Antonio de Ulioa 1,130 Don Juan de Austria 1,130 Infanta Isabel 1,130 El Cano 524 Filipinas 760 Galicia 571 Margues de Molins 571 Martin Alorzo Finz 5 571	late de Cuba	************ 1,030
Castilla		
Conde de Venadito   1.130     Don Antonio de Uiloa   1.130   Don Juan de Austria   1.130   Infanta Isabel   1.130   El Cano   524   Filipinas   760   Galicia   571   Margues de Moline   571   Martin Alonzo Finz   571	Aragon	3.342
Don Antonio de Ulloa   1,130	Captilla	3,342
Don Juan de Austria		
Infanta Isabel   1,130   El Cano   524   Filipinas   760   Galicia   571   Margues de Molins   571   Martin Alonzo Finz)   571		
El Cano	Don Juan de Aust	ria 1.130
Filipinas	Infanta Isabel	1.130
Galicia	El Cano	
Galfeia	Filipinas	
Margues de Molin*		
Martin Alonzo Finz 571	Margues de Molir	18 571
	Martin Alonzo Fi	nz) 571
	And ton small r	

UNITED STATES. Displace-ment (tons). Guns Name of Vessel.

| 6,315 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,271 | 9,27 

The United States navy further consists of the following seagoing battleships: Ore-gon, Kentucky, Alabama, Illinois and Wisconsin. The single turret monitors are the Ajax, Comanche, Catskill, Jason, Manhat-Montauk, Nahana, Nantucket, Passalo

and Wyandotte. Besides this there are the following unarmored steel vessels: Atlanta, Baltimore, Boston, Charleston, Chicago, Cincianati, Boston, Charleston, Chicago, Cincinnati, Detroit, Minneapolis, Olympia, Philadel-San Francisco and the recently

chased Brazilian cruisers. Then there are the following gunboats: Bennington, Concord, Helena, Machias, Wilmington, Yorktown, anapolis, Vicksburg, Newport, Princeton, Marietta and Wheeling.
In the special class are the training ship

Bancroft, Dispatch boat Dolphin and the dynamite cruiser Vesuvius.

Of torpedo boats the United States has

the Plunger (submarine), Foote, Rodgers, Winslow, Porter, Dupont, Rowan, Talbot and Gwyn. Outside of these there are at present eleven others being built which can be got ready for service in a short time. SUPREMACY ON PAPER.

This shows, therefore, that at the outbreak of war Spain would have on hand a fleet of thirty-two vessels including torpedo boats. These ships would represent a displacement of 76,002 tons, with 432 guns, torpedoes on every vessel of the fleet and an equipment that, pitting point against point, (would be superior to that of the

Whatever the comparison shows when figures are on paper, however, actually the United States navy is superior to that of Spain, for we have on our side all the elements that in the opinion of experts will constitute superiority in the naval battle of the future, the outcome of which is

largely problematical.

not the number of ships or the number of guns that will tell in the naval bat-tle of the future so much as the thickness of the armor and the caliber of the guns and, as of old the fighting spirit of the men. In all these particulars America has a decided advantage. From sources that are thoroughly reliable, it has been ascer-tained that the fleet which Spain would be ready to put to see in the event of an outbreak of war, within one week from date, would be five thoroughly efficient, well equipped armored cruisers and one ableited battleship.

This powerful fleet, it has been figured out, would have a total tonnage of 44,000 tons displacement, while the caliber and But ir of the guns would be as follows: etermi 2.5 inch, ten 11-inch, two 9.5-inch, one forty-eight 5.3-inch, twelve 4.7-inch, as either soldier or king.

"On one occasion only he gave a magnificent fete on the lawn of his princely estate,
and all the beaus and belies of Philadelphia
who had been invited dressed in their most

4-inch. FLYING SQUADRON.

the speed of the war vessels would average twen y knots an hour and the fleet could make the trip to our seaports therefore in very quick time. A hastily mobilized American fleet that could be gotten together at short notice to steam out and report the movements of the squadron of Spain would consist of the cruisers Columbia, New York and Brooklyn. Behind them would be a fleet of thirteen vessels, including the moni-The total displacement of this fleet the United States could mobilize at short notice would be 84,500 tons. Their speed would be from twelve to twenty-two knots per hour and they would mount guns of the following number and caliber: Twelve 13-inch, eight 12-inch, thirty-eight 8-inch, twenty-four 6-inch, twelve 5-inch, twenty-two 4-inch. Assuming that the United States adopted the most aggressive tactics at the outbreak of war, the first act of the coun-try would be to seize Havana harbor, first sinking the two Spanish war vessels there. The capture of the defenses of Havana harbor after that would not be a difficult undertaking. If Havana were captured upon Spain would be thrown the obligation of making a counter move that would even up matters or of acknowledging herself beaten. throwing up the sponge and retiring from the field as a claimant of Cuba. The United States could well afford to let Spain make the next move after Havana had been cap-tured. The United States fleet would be able to turn its entire attention to meet-ing the Spanish squadron and could concentrate quickly on any point that the squadron of swift cruisers sent out to re-connoiter the Spanish fleet reported the hos-

tile ships were making for.

To give Spain the benefit of the doub regarding the outcome of an attack on Havana admit that the harbor could only slockaded and not captured, the oppos

ing fleets at this point would be as follows SPAIN.

## WALL ADVERTISING

Old Time Row Revived in an Action for Damages.

Chicago Firm Undertakes to Collect Damages from an Omaha House Which Painted Out a Sign.

Charles Shiverick & Co. in an action to recover the sum of \$1,000, alleged damages. The suit grows out of the ownership of a

dead wall and the right to use the same. Three years ago the R. J. Gunning com-pany painted the picture of a huge bull retreated under shell fire. upon the east side of the building occupied by Charles Shiverick & Co., at 1206 Douglas street. After the completion of the work the picture was painted out by Shiverick and again painted on by the Gunning people. This occurred a number of times until the painters and material men of the city began to think that the difficulties were likely to prove a bonanza to them. Their hopes, however, went down several the payme points when arrests and litigation followed. Suits innumerable have been brought and tried as a result of the painting. Now, WASHI however, the affairs have taken a new turn and apparently the parties who did the first painting have weakened, as they have sought the courts in an effort to secure damages. They allege that they leased the dead wall and that while Shiverick owned a portion of it he was not in absolute control, as it was a party structure.

Heffelfinger Loses. In the case of Harry S. Heffelfinger against the Richardson Drug company, the jury has returned a verdict, finding for the

defendant. At one time Harry S. Heffelfinger was in the drug business in this city and dealt with the Richardson Drug company, running an account. Later on he was arrested on the charge of obtaining property by false pre-tenses. On the trial he was acquitted and then he turned around and sued for \$10,000 alleged damages to his reputation. The case went to trial in Judge Baker's court and has occupied a greater portion of the time during the last week. The jury in deliber-ating over the issues found for the defendant and concluded that Heffelfinger did not sustain any damages.

Still Suing for the Children. Ben Dodd and Susan B. Horn have filed petitions in the office of the clerk of the district court praying that their children be

matic guns, was very apparent, a perfect hail of projectiles of one and a half inches in continued so long as the person firing the gun kept his finger pressed on the trigger, pociety and are two of a number that have been recently brought by the same parties. The children were turned over to the society some months ago, at which time it was agreed the whole of the operations of loading and firing being automatically performed by the cherky of the recoil, quite the same as the guns from the Colts' works, recently rethat the little ones were to be furnished with homes. The officers of the company con-tend that they have performed all the con-These Spanish destroyers are fitted with ditions of their contract.

steam stearing gear, steam capstan, four cylinder triple expansion engines and four French (Normand) bollers. The propellers are three-bladed manganese bronze. Murphy Says It's a Mistake. John Murphy, charged with burglary, committed in the night time, is on trial before There was a report that the Spanish gov-erement had ordered sixteen of this type of Judge Slabaugh of the criminal court. Murphy is accused of having entered the residestroyer. There is little doubt that six of dence of Effic Kelley on December 19, 1897. The information charges that he looted the them are ready now-namely, the Furor, Tercor, Audaz, Osodo, Pluton and Proserpina, all built by the Thompsons. The last four are a trifle larger than the first two, being house and carried away household goods to \$128 The prisoner says the charge is untrue and that the whole other respects the boats are quite similar. They store 100 tons of coal, sufficient to carry trouble ariseo by reason of a case of mis-

> Judge Scott has granted decrees in the following cases: Mary Clement against Charles Clement and Rosine Karbub against Fred Karbub. Cruelty and desertion wa charged and proven in both cases. Thomas McCague, as receiver of the Ger

Thomas McCague, as receiver of the Ger-man Savings bank, has brought suit to fore-close a \$12,000 mortgage given by the late Charles Goodman, as president of the Ne-braska Investment company, and afterward assigned to the company. The property is at Sixth and Dorcas streets. The trial of the case of Sarah Lan

against Arthur Lone has been continued on the call of Judge Scott's court. An order hes been issued requiring the husband to pay into court the sum of \$50 alimony one-half to be paid on April 15 and the balance on May 1.

The suit of the Western Bank Note com pany against the Transmississippi Exposition association has been dismissed. Los spring the plaintiff sucd Dion Geraldine Lost who was then in the employ of the defend In the suit the exposition association was made a party to the suit, the contention being that it owed Geraldine money. "About four miles from Philadelphia there

The suit of A. P. Christopherson against the Omaha Street Railway company has been dismissed, both parties having entered into a stipulation. Last August the plaintiff was a passenger on the Hanstom park line and fell off one of the cars. He sued for \$15,500, alleging that the fall, which caused a fracture of the skull, was due to the negligence of the company's employes.

WIRE AND ROD TRUST IN CHARGE Notices Posted in One of the Big Lansdowne. Among the guests was Dr. Benjamin Rush's daughter, Julia, who was

Cleveland Mills. CLEVELAND, March 31.-The newly formed wire and rod trust will tomorrow take charge of the big Cleveland plants of the H. P. Nail company, American Wire company and Consolidated Steel and Wire company. The following notice was posted at the H. P. Nail works today:

on April 1 the H. P. Nail company will cease to exist, the works having been sold to the American Steel and Wire company. All employes are herewith discharged at the end of March. Anybody desiring employment with the new company must make application on or before April 9.

One thousand hands are employed at the works. While no notice was posted in the American or Consolidated mills, it is said the same conditions will go into effect in these mills. There are about 1,200 mes employed at the American Wire works and 800 at the Consolidated mill. The new trust will control about 75 per cent of the output of rods, wire nails and wire products.

Cause of Kempel's Death. Upon looking over the letters belonging o the man who was found dead at his nome near Twenty-fourth and Cuming it was found that his name is Henry Kempel and not Henry Campbell as was first re-ported to the coroner. Carl Wilhelmsen, brother-in-law of the dead man, was somebrother-in-law of the dead man, was some-what suspicious as to the way Kempel came to his death, so an inquest was held. The testimony showed that Kempel was seen for the last time on Sunday, and was found dead in bed Tuesday morning. When found Kempel was dressed as if he had just prepared to go somewhere. His watch and chain, some rings and \$76.63 were found and nothing was disturbed about the house. The jury brought in a verdict of death vby natural causes.

Dental College Commencement. The second annual commencement exercises of the Omaha Dental college will be held at the First Congregational church tonight. The program will consist of an address to the class by E. J. Cornish, an address by Dr. W. H. Christie in behalf of the faculty and the presentation of the diplomas. The music will be furnished by a string quartet composed of students of the coilege. The graduating class consists of C. S. McLeran, J. J. Peterson, C. B. Rich, James J. Biscard, R. H. Blanchard, W. R. Clark, Benjaman T. Fisher, John Mack and F. W. Slabaugh.

LOCATING THE DERVISH FORCES. PAVING ALREADY OUTLINED

British Succeed in Finding Them Without Tipuble.

CAIRO, March 31.—F. is announced in a dispatch from Atbara Cast. an important reconnoissance wa started by the Anglo-Completed Early. Egyptian troops on Wednesday. Eight squadrone of cavalry, four Maxim guns, a battery SUIT THAT GROWS OUT OF THE METHOD of horse artillery, two battalions of infantry and the whole of the mounted troops reconand the whole of the mounted troops reconnoitered the dervish position eighteen miles from Atbara this morning and encountered 500 of the enemy's horsemed, whom they drove in and, pressing forward, found Mahmoud's position in the heavy bush and strongly entrenched, with pits filled with riflemen and protected by a thick zeriba. In the center was a small hill with three tiers of entrenchments filled with spearsmen. The An old law suit that has been in most of entrenchments filled with spearsmen. The last three years has been revived and has now made its appearance in the county court, where the R. J. Gunning company has sued the county of the attack. The artillery opened fire at 1,000 yards. The effect was apparently good, but it was difficult to judge to a certainty, owing to the thick bush. The Maxims also swept the front of the section. The dervishes, however, did not reply, evidently awaiting an attack at close quarters. Having ascertained the enemy's position the reconnoitering force retired, followed by the

> JAPAN ASKS AMERICAN SUPPORT Rumor to that Effect Circulated in

London. LONDON, March 31 .- It is reported here that Japan has asked the United States to join Great Britain in supporting Japan's refusal to withdraw from Wei-Hai-Wei after the payment of the Chinese war indemnity, in view of the possibility of Russia seizing

WASHINGTON, March 31 .- At the Japanese legation here it is stated that no advices have been received in the line of the London rumor. The rumor is not credited at the legation. The only communication re-ceived here has been the recent official announcement by Russia regarding its occu-pation of Port Arthur and Japanese mail adexcitement. Japan, it is believed here, is more concerned about the payment of the indemnity than any territorial occupation of Wei-Hai-Wei, needing the funds. vices show that was known and discounted Wei-Hai-Wei, needing the funds for its largely increasing expenditures to add to its naval strength,

Conservatives Retain the Sent. LONDON, March 31 .- As a result of the election yesterday for a member of Parliament to represent the east division of Berkshire, n succession to Sir George Russell, bart. deceased, the conservative candidate was re-turned. The polling was as follows: Captain Young, conservative, 4,726; H. Almer, liberal, 3,690; conservative mapority, 1,036. At the last election Sir George Russell was elected without opposition.

London Hitch in Chinese Loan. LONDON, March 31 .- The Globe this afterncon says it understands there is a hitch in connection with the Chinese loan owing to the Stock exchange committee refusing to brought into court forthwith. The suits quote it until the emperor of China are against the Nebraska Children's Home ratifies it. Russia and France, the Globe adds, are straining to prevent the ratification, and it is possible the matter may yet require the intervention of Germany and Great Britain.

Audaz Badly Damaged. QUEENSTOWN, March 31 .- The Spanish orpedo boat destroyer Audaz, which was seriously injured while on its way to Spain, necessitating its putting into Waterford for shelter and assistance, arrived here today, escorted by the Osado, its sister ship, and entered the dockyard in the west passage It will take a month to repair the Audaz.

Austria Hopes for a Surplus. VIENNA, March 31.-The Austrian budget ibmitted in the lower house of th Diet today. The estimated revenue is 722, 271.982 florids and the expenditure is estimated at 717,946, 604 florins.

Li Hung Chang to Settle Boundary PEKIN, March 31.-Li Hung Chang has been invested with full powers to proceed to Port Arthur to delimitate the territory recently released to Russia by China.

EMPIRE STATE ACTS PROMPTLY Legislature Appropriates a Million

Dollars for Defense. ALBANY, N. Y., March 31.-Governor Black has sent to the legislature an emergency message advising an immediate appropriation of \$1,000,000 as a contingent war fund. Governor Black's mesmage sava:

Governor Black's message says:

Events are now transpiring of so grave and general import that the attention of every enlightened people is fixed upon our own. The crisis which our national government meets involves those deep considerations which affect the future of a race. To aid that government by approval and support, to sustain its hand when raised for justice and fair play is the duty of every state. No hour has ever been so full of peril that New York has faltered while it passed. Because of her past history and her present greatness she should be the first to understand the meaning of today. After long reflection and with an earnest desire to do that which ought to be done, and to refrain from that which ought not to be done, I recommend that before you adjourn you take such action as desirable to provide against such ursent needs as the future may disclose. I hope the day is still remote which shall consume the means you set apart. But if the time should come when forbearance and national self-respect can no longer stay together there can be but one answer to the duty thus arising. I believe you will, not in haste or in anger toward any other people, but in the deliberate purpose to defend your own and as a sign of hope to the struggling and distressed, realizing that patriotism without preparation is as fragile as a dream, so act that the general enlightened sentiment of the world will justify you.

Immediately on receipt of the message bill in conformity with its suggestions was introduced and passed unanimously. In the senate the reading of the message was fol-lowed immediately by the reporting of the assembly's appropriation bill, which was passed by a unanimous vote. The bill was engroused and sent to the governor, who signed it as soon as it reached him.

The National guard of the state will now be prepared for war on a minute's notice.

Germany Has a Score to Settle. BERLIN, March 31, Germany has commenced diplomatic representations to Spain relative to the Cannamaba case and the German cruiser Geir, on its way to Bahia, has been ordered to get ready to proceed to Cuba if satisfaction is not quickly forth-

German version of the Cannamba case is that some Cuban insurgents, during the night of March 18, attacked a German refinery at Cannamba, (also written Can-namaber, belonging to the firm of Fisher & Schmidt, Trinidad, province of Clara. The kisurgents are said to have rifled the safes, burned the buildings, killed four persons and wounded ten occupants of

WASHINGTON, March 21 .- The State department has no record whatever concerning the Cannamba case. The German ambussador made no mention of it in his call at the State department today.

Spain Contracts for Projectiles. BIRMINGHAM, Eug., March 31.-The Kynochs of this city have undertaken to deliver 200 huge projectiles weekly to Spain Militia Brigadier Resigns.

CHICAGO, March 31.—At the request of Governor Tanner, Brigadler General Harris Governor Tanner, Brigadler General Harris
A. Wheeler, commanding the First brigade
of the Illinois National Guard, has forwarded his resignation. No definite reason
for the request in now known, but it is
understood that it grew out of the permission granted by General Wheeler to the
Seventh regiment to parade in Chicago on
St. Patrick's day. General Wheeler declined to say anything at present.

CITY PREPARES TO ISSUE THE BONDS

Council Has the Ordinance Rendy for Passage that There May Be No Delay in the Work When Started.

The special district improvement bonds to cover the cost of paving thirteen districts will be issued by the city next month. The ordinance authorizing the bonds is prepared and will be passed by the council as soon as possible in order that the proceeds of the bonds may be available to pay for the work as soon as it is completed. The tracks. After these and the intersections ing shows the amount of bonds that will be issued to cover the cost of paving in the FARMS FOR POOR FAMILIES. districts designated: Sixteenth street, Pierce to Vinton... \$22,000 Sixtenth street, Howard to Leaven-

worth Twenty-fourth, Lake to Patrick avenue
Farnam, Thirty-sixth to Fortieth...
Davenport. Thirty-eighth avenue to
Thirty-ninth
Wirt. Sherman avenue to Twentyfourth fourth
Sherman avenue, Locust to Wirt...
Twenty-fifth, Indiana to Cuming...
Twenty-sixth avenue, Half Howard to
St. Mary's avenue
Dodge, Sixteenth to Seventeenth...
Hickory, Twenty-eighth to Twentyninth

The bonds will run from one to nine years and bear interest at the rate of 41/2 per cent NO PARKING ON CAPITOL AVENUE.

Park Board Decides to Abandon the Flower Beds Pending Paving.

At a meeting held yesterday afternoon the Board of Park Commissioners resolved by a unanimous vote that the parking in the center of Capitol avenue between Seventeenth and Twentieth streets should be dis continued until such time as the property owners accumulated sufficient public spirit to have the sireet repayed and put in a passable condition. Not a dollar will be ex-pended on this street this year. The action was sugested by Captain Palmer, who caid that he was opposed to

paying out money to beautify a street when the property owners would not keep the remainder of the street in a passable condition. The old wooden pavement had rotted out years ago, and it is now almost impossible to drive a vehicle over the street. The other members vigorously endorsed the view advanced by Captain Palmer and it was agred that no further action should be taken to keep up the pavking until the street was

J. M. Woolworth submitted his proposition to donate the land in Oakhurst addition required for the Central boulevard in case the city should relieve him from the payment of any special taxes on account of the improvement, fill Thirty-fifth street to grade and perform some additional considecations. The matter was referred to the committee on designation of grounds. Miller's herd of twelve deer for \$200, which s considered a very nominal price for the

inimals. In ceply to an inquiry from Manager Kirkendall of the Department of Bulldings and Grounds of the exposition it was decided that Twentieth street should be macadamized for a width of forty feet in the exposition grounds

After some discussion the board adopted a set of rules and regulations for the gov eroment of the packs and boulevards.

LEGACY OF DEAD ADMINISTRATIONS Council Called On to Provide for Blue

ders Made Long Ago. One of the financial problems that mayor and council must take hold of in the immediate future grows out of the irregularities that have occurred in connection with the assessment of special taxes under previous administrations. These are cases in which the tax has been successfully disputed in the courts and the council must de-vise some way in which the taxes can be legally reassessed or make arrangements to

take care of the outstanding obligations in some other manner. City Treasurer Edwards has just prepared a statement of the facts in one of these cases, in which it is necessary that action should be taken. This is on account of a special tax which was assessed during Mayor Cushing's administration to fill a of nuisance lots in Kountze's fourth mentary addition. It appears that the contract for doing this work was let for least three times what it was worth. least three times what it was worth. The result was a general protest on the part of the property owners affected, who declared that they could have done the work themselves for one-third what the city proposed to tax them for it. Soem of them paid, and among these was S. H. H. Clark, who planked down \$604.97. The owners of two of the lots most seriously affected took the matter kite the courts where it was the matter icto the courts, where it was held that the cost of the job was exorbitant and the tax was consequently knocked out. The amount of the tax with interest is now \$3,375.90. It is stated that the only course that the council can pursue is to re-levy such a part of the tax as would represent a reasonable estimate of the cost of the improve ment and pay the remainder out of general fund.

No Increase in Fire Apparatus. The additional apparatus which Fire Chief Redell has suggested as being desirable for the adequate protection of the city will have to be dispensed with for this year, at east. The members of the Board of Fire and Police Commissioners state that the idea the most they can expect is to acquire the apparatus belonging to the exposition as-sociation after the exposition is over. The members contend that if the city furnishes men to man the apparatus the exposiwhen it has served their purpose.

Paving on Jackson Street. to the list of public improvements that are assured for this year. P. E. Her owns a ma-jority of the frontage in the district, and as he has signed a petition for repaying it settles the matter. The Board of Public Works will receive bids for the paying as the thirty days designated by the charter have expired.

Mortality Statistics. our hours ending at noon yesterday:

Births—S. T. Swanberg, 1402 Boulevard under false pretensed. street, girl; Patrick Murphy, 2516 Patrick avenue, boy; R. L. Whyte, 2624 North Niceteenth, boy. Deaths-Jessie Staples, 33, 2510 Davenpor

Forest Lawn. Completing the Transfers. President Jordan and Secretary Gillan of the Board of Education have signed the deed by which the Dodge street school property is conveyed to the city. The con-

sideration is stated as \$20,000. Mayor Moores has not signed the deed which will convey the city lot at Ninth and Howard

streets to the board, as the warrant fo \$5,000, which forms a part of the considera tion, has not been issued and no transfer can occur until this is done. The council will probably make the necessary appropria-tion at its next meeting and the deeds will then be acknowledged and delivered.

Removing Charles Street Park. It is understood that the city authorities will take action within a few days to have the fence and other improvements at the old Charles street ball park condemned and removed as a public nuisance. There have been several complaints that the place in its present condition is an eyesore and a place of refuge for tramps and footpade It is directly where it must be passed by a large proportion of the exposition visitors on their way to the grounds, and as it is not being used for any purpose it is considered advisable to get it out of the way.

Collecting Dog Tax. City Clerk Higby has issued 450 dog tags

to date. A good deal of trouble is experienced on account of the failure of the apamount of bonds is not so large as would plicants to be able to give a proper description of their canines. The ordinance provides that a description of each dog many vides that a description of each dog many be entered in a blank on the license. Many of the applicants are also unable to under are deducted only a comparatively small area of the new pavement remains for the property owners to pay for. The followclerk for the tag.

Free Land on Which to Grow a Crop

for Summer. The Associated Charities this season will cultivate some twenty acres of the Douglas county poor farm. At the last meeting of the Board of County Commissoners Superintendent Wright of the poor farm was instructed to assign to the Associated Charlties such portions of the farm as the county

did not desire to cultivate. In speaking of the plan, Superintendent Wright said: "I shall assign not less than twenty acres. It will be divided into onehalf acre tracts and one tract will be given to a family for cultivation. These tracts will be given out to the first who call, pro-yiding they are endorsed by the Associated Charities. Last year the county adopted this plan, but not a large amount of the land was cultivated, owing to the fact that the title to much of the land was in con-troversy. Now that all the legal complications have been adjusted, nothing remains to be done but to parcel out the land. with the authority given me by the councy commissioners, I shall try to have every available acre of the poor farm under culti- and it all related to the captain's duties in conducting the field work of the duties in conducting the field work of the captain's It is understood that the cap-

toes and other vegetables.
"Last year we raised a large quantity of vegetables, but not enough to run the house, although we would have had pienty if the number of inmates had not increased during the latter portion of the winter. With ninety acres under cultivation, if the season is favorable, I can raise enough vegetables to supply the house during the next year, and all of this can be done at little expense, as there are enough inmates to do the work and care for the crop."

About the same number of Pingree vegeplanting planting is approaching and Secretary Laughland of the Charities is devoting his

The number of acres that will be put under cultivation by the poor will be about the public as far as possible. This is from instructions by the board, and consequently 200. The land used will be about the came as that last year, although three or four As a consequence, if burglaries, holdups and The number of acres that will be put big plots have been withdrawn for various other crimes are not given out for publicareasons. Whatever loss has been sustained tion it will be because of the censorship in this way, however, has been fully made that the chief has established over such up by the county commissioners in turning matters on orders from the board. over to the Associated Charities the occupied portions of the poor farm lote which have reverted back to the county The families who have been living on the plots which cannot be used this year will be given plots on the county land.

Secretary Laughland estimates that about the same number of poor families will apply for plots as last year. Some 300 will be pro-vided for, each having about an acre o land. In this way these families will be made almost self-supporting. Last year the same number raised produce valued at between \$6,000 and \$7,000, enough to supply their wants. In some cases even the families of last year did more than supported them-selves, for several this year are renting plots from owners of the land for gardens.

The Ascociated Charities has received 500 packages of vegetable seeds, sent by Congressman Mercer from Washington at the re-quest of Secretary Laughland. The secretary proposes to add further to the seed supply by means of an appropriation of \$200 from the county commissioners. He intends to make a request for that amount in the near future. Last year the board appro-priated \$100.

PAYING OFF POOR FARM CLAIMS

Itors Ready to Hand Out. The forces in the office of County Auditor Tate are busy preparing the warrants in payment of the poor farm claims. The warrants will be written out during the aftermoon and then they will be passed over to County Clerk Haverly and Chairman Kierstead of the Board of County Commissioners for their signatures. This morning all holders of judgments and claims will be paid off, providing they call. The warrants in payment of the judgments will be in the possession of Albyn L. Frank, clerk of the district court, and will be turned over when the judgment creditors cancel their claimo, which have not been sued upon, will be delivered by the county clerk.

There will be no delay in the payment of

the poor farm judgments and claims, as the money is in the tressury and every obligation will be liquidated as soon as the war County Treasurer Helmrod, NEW CITY DIRECTORY IS OUT.

Contains Over Six Thousand Mor-Names than Last Year's. The Omaha city directory for 1898 has

made its appearance. In general style and chants' bureau of the Commercial club to arrangement it is similar to the 1897 di- come here and buy their spring and summer rectory, the only noticeable change being stocks of goods. A still greater number is f purchasing new apparatus cannot be con- the substitution of a bright red cover that expected during the remainder of this week. makes the volume somewhat more conspicuous. The most significant feature of the new directory is the fact that it contains the largest number of comes ever pub-lished in an Omaha directory. It gives the tion people ought to make them a present of names and addresses of 51,248 individuals, it when it has served their purpose. lished last year. This indicates that the population of the city is fully 20,000 in ex-The paving of Jackson street from Six- cess of what it was a year ago. The husi-teenth to Seventeenth streets has been added ness directory and the tabulations of local churches, societies and other convenient in used, but carefully corrected to date.

Nelson Gets Into Trouble.

Peter Nelson resides at the comer of Thirtieth and Charles etreets. He was formerly employed as a laborer at the Omaha-Grant smelter. Recently, however, he has not been The following births and deaths were reported at the health office during the twenty-

> Suing for an Elevator. An action has been begun in the federal court by the Equitable Trust company as receiver to secure possession of an elevato and warehouse located at Sutton and another elevator at Lyman, this state, which are said to be unlawfully held by Peter Griess, Fred C. Matteson, John J. Bonekemper, Henry Griess, the First National bank of Sutton and the Sutton National bank.

Authorities Finally Decide that Something thould Be Done.

BOARD, CHIEF AND CAPTAINS CONSULT

Resolve to Make an Effort to Give the City Protection and to Provent the Public from Getting the News.

In an attempt to cover up the inefficiency of the police department Chief Gallagher has appointed himself ecosor of what news relating to crime in Omaha shall be given each day to the public. He has also determined upon another "special effort" to bring to an end the carnival of crime that is terrorizing the people of the city by day and night.

When Captain Haze made up the monthly assignment of beats yesterday he shifted about somewhat the walks of officers in the residence portions of the city. He also made an effort to bring under closer surveillance beats in the more central districts. where the festive highwayman and the stealthy burglar may be expected to go abroad. The new arrangement is sanctioned by the chief of police and he hopes to eee good results follow.

But Chief Gallagher is not the only head of the department who is beginning to realize that something must be done to give he residents and business concerno the residents and business concerns of the city protection against crime. The Board of Fire and Police Commissioners is taking a hand in the matter to the degree that individual members are giving their personal attention to the active management of the police. Many of Chief Gallagher's orders will hereafter be submitted to the board for approval before they go to the captain in charge of the department's field work, and this is also true of the conduct of the detective branch. Chief Cox has willingly con-sented to keep in close touch with the board on all matters where his department should be of service to the police; in fact, there is apparently a "coming fogether" of contend-ing powers for a common good.

WHAT THE CAPTAINS-MUST DO. Captain Haze was in conference with the chief of police yesterday for more than two hours. Just before he called on the chief department. It is understood that the cap-tain has been given to understand he must require stricter discipline among officers, and that with the assistance of Captain Mostyn he must inaugurate a more efficient discharge of all police duties by subordinates. There instructions the captain related to the chief, and they were talked over in digeneral way. While the authority for this shaking up cannot be traced directly, it is understood that Governor Holcomb The impeachment of memmoving spirit. bers of the Board of Fire and Police Com-missioners has made the latter sensitionally table gardens will be in operation in this city under the direction of the Associated Charities this year as last. The time of fixed under the crust of the reform that

has just received its impetus.

It is given out in about so many words by energies toward the securing of the neces-eary seed. Chief Gallagher that he will keep every crime that is committed in the city from covered within the last two months, but in spite of this there were leaks; now it is the tion of the chief to stop the leaks, if such

a thing is possible WILL RESTORE THE FINES.

Captain, Haze announced yesterday afternoon that the Board of Fire and Police Commissioners had determined to re-catablish the old system of fining the keepers and in-mates of houses of questionable character which was in vogue for some time several years ago. Chief Gallagher had officers out yesterday taking a census of this clare of the population and it is very certain that the imposition of fines will begin immediately. Under the old arrangement keepers of houses of ill-repute were each fined \$16.50 a month, inmates \$8.50 each and the keepers of houses of assignation \$40. It is understood that under the new regulations the old scale of fines will be inaugurated and that those affected by the departure will be compelled to pay their fines regularly the first of every month to the clerk of the police court.

HYMEN HAS TAKEN A VACATION.

Neither Marriage Nor Giving in Marringes in Omnha Just Now. The depressed condition of the marriage department of the county judge's office is something that surprises the officials in charge. As a rule the applications for licerse to wed run from five to ten per day, but since last Saturday not a party has appeared to ask for one of the documents of which County Judge Baxter is custodian. Why this condition exists no person about the office will say. Outsiders, how

ever, attribute it to the war scare. One peculiarity about the marriage market is the fact that Mondays and Tuesdays are the big days and very frequently on these days applications will run from ten-to fifteen. Lost Monday and Tuesday, however, not a person weddingly inclined vis-ited the office. Looking through the rec-ords of the office the information is gleaned that it is years since five days have passed without a liccuse having been issued.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS IN THE CITY

Take Advantage of Excursions to Buy Goods in Omaha. A considerable number of country mor-

chants are in the city, taking advantage of the excursion rates secured by the Mer-The jobbers of the city who make up the membership of the merchants bureau are pretty well satisfied with the results of the excursions. Not only are a good many of their customers coming in, but they are buying considerable bills of goods. The merchants report that business in the country has picked up considerably during the

Graber Sues an Insurance Company A \$50,000 damage suit against the Imperial Insurance company of London has been in-situted in the federal court by William S. Graber. The case was originally brought in the district court of Lancaste, but was transferred to the United

last year.

but was transferred to the Unite? 2 A court.

The action is brought to secure compensation for an aleged false arrest. In 1897 Graber was living in Colorado Springs, and he was arrested on May 4, 1897, for setting fire to the building in that town, occupied as a postoffice, and was charged with arson. He was given a trial and was dicharged. He wants \$50,000 to pay for the humiliation he suffered from the arrest and for the eleven days he was in custody and also der sires \$233 as attorney's fees for the lawyer who defended him.

Postal Clerks Changed.

C. W. Henderson, a railway postal clerk living in this city and who has been run-ning between Sloux City and Omaha, has been assigned to clerical duty in the office of Chief Clerk Sherer in this city, during the period in which the railroad mail is be-ing weighed.