LINCOLN FUSIONISTS IN LINE

Propose to Put Up Candidates for City Offices.

FARCE OF THREE SEPARATE CONVENTIONS

An Endeavor Will Be Made to Nominate the Strongest Men Possible on the Reform Issue.

LINCOLN, March 13.—(Special.)—Next Tuesday the fusionists of Lincoln will hold conventions for the nomination of candidates for the city offices. The farce of holding three separate conventions will be kept up, although the intention is only to nominate one ticket. In order to get the plan in good working order meetings will be held in all the wards tomorrow night. It is the intention of the fusionists to nominate the strongest ticket possible, and attempt to win in the election on a "reform" issue. As the ticket nominated by the republicans is mostly pledged for "reform" the campaign will be peculiar, each party claiming to be holier than the other, and each accusing the other of trying to get the offices under false pretenses. With one or two exceptions the candidates nominated by the republicans are exceptionally strong, and the fusionists only have hopes of getting one or two men in.

Prof. G. E. Barber gave the second in a series of lectures before the Latin students in the university chapel last night. Pompeii was the subject treated and the lecture was illustrated with many stereopticon views. This series of lectures is calling out many who are not students, but are interested in Roman history.

The Lincoln Medical college is preparing to close its year's work with commencement exercises on Wednesday evening, March 16.

SAMPLE OF POPULIST HARMONY.

Party Paper Puts Some Pointed Questions to Cornell.

LINCOLN, Neb., March 13.—(Special.)—The brand of harmony which is now on tap in the populist camp was still further widened today when the O'Neill Independent, one of the leading papers of that party in the north part of the state, was received. It contained an open letter from the editor addressed to State Auditor Cornell, as follows:

To Auditor Cornell: The Independent addresses you this open letter in no spirit of envy or ill will. We supported you for state auditor in 1896 and will do so again if you have been true to populist principles. But serious charges have been made against your official conduct for weeks by the republican press, and your failure to refute them has done you much injury, and the populist party is being blamed for your alleged misconduct. The following charges have been made against you by republican newspapers:

First. It is charged that before you assessed the railroads for taxation in 1897 you were furnished a private car free of charge by the Burlington railroad to take a trip to Hot Springs, S. D.; that you and your family and friends took the trip in that special car; and that the Burlington railroad footed the bill.

Second. It is charged that you took a trip last fall to New England on railroad passes, and that you had free sleeping car berths furnished you by the Pullman company, a corporation that had its faithful employes shot down like dogs, three years ago, for asking for decent wages.

Third. It is charged that you have filled a large number of positions under your control with your relatives, thereby being guilty of nepotism.

Fourth. It is charged that you demanded and received more railroad passes for yourself, your family and your friends than ever Eugene Moore did.

These are serious charges; you cannot afford to ignore them. If they are not true we want our populist brethren to know it; if they are true we want it known. If they are true you are unworthy of the office you hold. If they are true you cannot be renominated.

Declamatory Contest.

SHELTON, Neb., March 13.—(Special.)—The first declamatory contest of the High school of Shelton was held last night. The winning candidate will take part in a district contest to be held at Kearney, April 1. The three judges selected awarded first honors to Miss Daisy Fitzgerald; second to Bessie Mitchell; third, Katie Conroy, and fourth, Marvin Taylor.

Old Soldiers' Club.

JUNIATA, Neb., March 13.—(Special.)—The old soldiers of Juniata and vicinity organized an Old Soldiers' Croconole club this afternoon and will at once paper and nicely fit up a club room. The following officers were elected for the following year: President, J. Burwell; secretary, A. W. McCarty; treasurer, H. W. Bowers.

Quarrel at a Dance.

NEHAWKA, Neb., March 13.—(Special.)—At a dance here last night Charles Carraher of Union became involved in a quarrel with Frank Allen. Leaving the hall to settle their differences in the street, Carraher drew a knife and slashed Allen on the head several times, inflicting severe but not dangerous wounds.

Paper Found in an Old Clock.

ORD, Neb., March 13.—(Special.)—Some months ago an old clock was received from Indiana by M. D. L. Taylor, which is an old heirloom. In the back of the clock is a mirror, which Mrs. Taylor had occasion to remove the other day, and found there a paper bearing the date of 1811.

Nebraska News Notes.

Bloomfield people are now talking creamery.

An effort will soon be made to resurrect the disbanded camp of Sons of Veterans of Tekamah.

The corn which has been stored at the Lyons race track for two years past is being shelled out.

A prairie fire near Alliance consumed a quantity of hay and for a time threatened to invade the town.

Farmers in Chase county are all busy sowing spring wheat and report the ground in excellent condition.

Mayor Hamilton of Albion has issued an order to the chief of police to see that all [illegible] business are closed within the city limits on Sunday.

Stephen Gregory of Ord shot a fine specimen of brown eagle last week and had him in town for sale. The bird measured seven feet from tip to tip.

Building operations promise to be fairly active in North Platte this season. Several new houses are already "in sight" and a number of residents are figuring on additions and repairs.

The Neligh Yoeman has changed hands, T. H. Pollock, who has conducted the paper for several years, selling out to James R. Carey of the Tribune of the same place, and the two papers will be consolidated.

Victor Kindblad of Oakland fell in a fit and bit his tongue quite badly. Blood poisoning set in and he has since been in a very bad condition, his tongue swelling to an enormous size and turning black and green. He may recover.

Mortgages filed and released in Dixon county during February: Farm mortgages, 26 filed, $23,310.25; 33 released, $21,927.56. City mortgages, 5 filed, $1,481; 7 released, $2,083.87. Chattel mortgages, 173 filed, $44,180.55; 98 released, $21,826.93. Sheriff's deeds in foreclosure, two farms.

The grocery and confectionery store of P. C. Boisen of Oakland was closed on chattel mortgages Monday. The claims are small, as is also the stock. Schenkbergs of Sioux City have a mortgage of about $50; J. R. Snyder, Omaha, $17.40, and a few other small claims have turned up.

Hood's Pills

Are gaining favor rapidly. Business men and travelers carry them in vest pockets, ladies carry them in purses, housekeepers keep them in medicine closets, friends recommend them to friends. 25c.

SUPREME COURT SYLLABI.

Eayrs against Nason. Appeal from Douglas county. Reversed. Ragan, C.

1. Though the record in which a judgment is pronounced discloses upon its face that the court had jurisdiction both of the subject matter of the suit and of the parties thereto, still a party made liable by such judgment, who has never appeared in the action, and who was never given legal notice of the pendency of such action, may, in a proper proceeding, either as a cause of action or defense, show that the recitals of the record that he was served with the process of the court are false.

2. Suit was brought to foreclose a real estate mortgage, the owner of the equity of redemption of the land involved made defendant thereto and constructive service had upon him by publication, he being at the time a resident of the state and actually present therein. He did not appear in the action personally or by attorney. After the decree the defendant died. Held, that in a suit brought by his heir against the purchaser of the land at the sale under the foreclosure decree, to quiet the heir's title and redeem from the mortgage, that the heir might show that the averments of the affidavit filed to secure constructive service upon his ancestor, that he was then a non-resident of the state and that service of summons could not be made on him in the state, were false.

3. There is no privity between an administrator and an heir so far as regards the decedent's real estate. (Dundas against Carson, 27 Neb., 634. Carson against Dundas, 39 Neb., 503, distinguished.)

4. A judgment dismissing an administrator's action to quiet title is not a bar to a subsequent action by the heir against the defendant in the administrator's suit to quiet title to the same real estate, which has descended to the heir from the administrator's intestate.

5. When it is not apparent from the face of a pleading that the action or defense is barred by the statute of limitations, then the bar must be raised by plea or it will be deemed waived.

6. But when a pleading discloses upon its face that the action or defense is barred by the statute of limitations, then such bar may be raised by objection that the pleading does not state a cause of action or defense.

7. Whether the time in which an action must be brought to quiet title to real estate where the defendant asserts title thereto by an unrecorded sheriff's deed which the plaintiff claims is void is prescribed by section 16 or section 6 of the Code of Civil Procedure not decided.

8. Under our code a party may maintain an action to quiet his title to real estate whether he be in or out of possession, and whether his title be a legal or equitable one.

9. In an action to quiet title the statute of limitations does not begin to run in favor of the defendant until some assertion of ownership or claim to the premises is made by him.

10. Plaintiff's action was to quiet title by having a sheriff's deed held by the defendant decreed void and canceled as a cloud. Neither party was in possession of the real estate. The sheriff's deed had never been recorded. The defendant asserted title under the deed. Held, that, so far as the petition disclosed, plaintiff's cause of action accrued at the date the suit was brought.

Horbach against Omaha. Appeal from Douglas county. Judgment. Sullivan, J.

1. A statute authorizing municipal authorities to drain, fill or grade lots or pieces of ground within the corporate limits "so as to prevent stagnant water, banks of earth or other nuisance accumulating or existing thereon," and providing for the assessment of the entire expense of the improvement against the property so drained, filled or graded, is not in violation of the provision of the constitution relating to special taxation for local improvements. The enactment of such a law is a warranted exercise of the police power of the state.

2. But where the owner of the land is entitled, by the terms of the statute, to notice and an opportunity to do the work himself, the city authorities have no jurisdiction to proceed with the improvement until such notice and opportunity have been given.

3. When the statue in such cases requires notice to the owner and no notice is served an assessment against his property to defray the expense of grading and filling the same is wholly void and will be canceled as a cloud on his title.

Martin against Foltz. Error from Dixon county. Reversed. Irvine, C.

1. Where a village ordinance provides for impounding animals found running at large and fixes certain fees which must be paid before the animal will be released, no lien is created for any fees or charges not included within those specified.

2. In replevin, where the plaintiff has taken the property and the verdict is for the defendant, the judgment must be in the alternative for a return of the property or its value if a return cannot be had.

Cooley against Jansen. Appeal from Cass county. Reversed and dismissed. Harrison, C. J.

1. The title to lands of which a man dies seized which he has not devised and which during his life and at the time of his death was the homestead of himself and family vests in the widow for life and remainder in the heirs exempt from any liability for the payment of debts existing against either the husband or wife at the time of his death, except such as exist or have been created of the kinds and in the manners prescribed in the chapter of the statutes relative to homesteads; and this is true whether she, after the death of the husband, occupies the property as a homestead or not.

2. The right of an administrator to possession of the real estate of which his decedent died seized arises from its being subject to payment of debts of the decedent and is not of force relative to a homestead.

Cummings against Hyatt. Appeal from Custer county. Affirmed. Harrison, C. J.

1. A married woman who holds lands in fee is a freeholder within the meaning of the word as used in section 14, chapter xiv of the Compiled Statutes, relative to the signers of a petition to be presented to the proper board praying the calling of an election and submission to the vote of the electors of certain designated political subdivisions the question of the issuance of bonds in aid of works of internal improvements, it being therein prescribed that the signers shall be "freeholders"

2. The cause was submitted to the trial court with the stipulation of record that in regard to the required qualification of two of the signers of the petition the parties knew nothing and if the determination of the issues must hinge upon whether the two persons were such signers as required by the law or not, the case should be continued and testimony offered and received on the subject. Held, that the petition must be considered here on appeal as presented and in the absence of proof to sustain the allegations of the petition that these two persons were not freeholders, it must be presumed that they were, and they must be so considered in determining as to the number of proper signers of the petition.

3. "While it is within the province of the judiciary to declare invalid acts evidently not designed to subserve public interest, if the subject-matter of legislation be such that there is any doubt of its character, or if by any reasonable construction it can be held to be for the welfare of the public, the will of the legislature should prevail over any mere doubt of the court." (Board of Directors against Collins, 46 Neb., 411, followed.)

4. The use of water for the purpose of the irrigation of arid lands is a public use within the import of the constitution, and that this is true, coupled with the further facts that each person within the range of the operation of an irrigation ditch or canal could by payment of the customary rates command the services of the company running the ditch and thereby obtain the use of water and that the nature of the business was such as to make it subject to legislative control, warranted the legislature in designating such ditches or canals, works of internal improvement.

5. The taxation prescribed by statute and necessarily connected with the aid by political subdivisions of the state of a work of internal improvement is not objectionable in that it involves a taking of property for private use or without "due process of law."

City of Harvard against Stiles. Error from Clay county. Affirmed. Harrison, C. J.

1. A recovery may be had under a general allegation of damages for all injuries which necessarily follow as results of the act the subject of complaint. They need not be specially pleaded, and this is applicable to necessarily resulting permanent effects of the injuries.

2. "The extent to which leading questions may be allowed rests in the discretion of the trial court, and the rulings in that respect will not, in the absence of an abuse of discretion, be disturbed by this court." (Baum Iron Company against Burg, 47 Neb., 21, followed.)

3. Alleged errors of the trial court in the admissions of evidence examined and held without force.

Calmelet against Sichl. Appeal from Otoe county. Affirmed. Ryan, C.

1. When there is filed in the supreme court on appeal no pleading but a supplemental petition and the decree discloses the fact that it was rendered upon consideration of a petition and supplemental petition, the decree of the district court will be affirmed.

2. A second appeal to the supreme court is so far independent of a former appeal that pleadings filed in the original appeal cannot be referred to in that subsequently taken for the purpose of ascertaining what issues had been originally joined and presumably were tried, when there was entered the decree sought to be reversed.

LOOKING FOR NEW CRUISERS

Special Board Goes to New York Today to Examine Vessels.

MANY DESIRABLE CRAFT ARE AFLOAT

Everything from Large Liners to Steam Tugs Will Be Inspected as to Adaptability to Naval Purposes.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—Today, unlike last Sunday, when published statements of the desire for the recall of Consul General Lee and the protest of the Spanish government against sending relief supplies to Cuba caused much excitement among official circles, was comparatively quiet. There had been no information bearing on the doings of the court of inquiry on the Maine explosion received during the day or any other dispatches calculated to cause conferences between the heads of the various departments. There were a number of the experts of the War department ordnance office at their desks for a short time during the morning, while at the Navy department the board on auxiliary cruisers held a final meeting preparatory to the departure of the special board to New York.

Secretary Long was at the Navy department for a short time. He stated in the afternoon that there was no news of any nature for the press and added in response to a specific inquiry that nothing had been received from the court of inquiry.

The board on auxiliary cruisers met in Assistant Secretary Roosevelt's room during the morning. There were present, in addition to the assistant secretary, Chief Constructor Hichborn of the Bureau of Construction and Repair, Captain Frederick Rodgers of the Naval Board of Inspection and Survey, Captain O'Neill, chief of the Ordnance bureau; Lieutenant Sargeant, recorder of the board of inspection, and Lieutenant Peters of the Naval Intelligence bureau. Lieutenant Commander J. D. Kelley and Naval Constructor Towresey, the latter now on duty at Cramps' shipyards, were expected, but their orders to attend had evidently arrived too late to permit them to do so.

Each of the bureau chiefs present was able to give the board some information incident to work that may be required to fit out any ships that might be obtained. Several of the members of the board as originally appointed to look into the matter are unable to leave the city at the present time, so it was determined that a special board, of which Captain Rodgers should be president, should be designated to proceed to New York to undertake the work in hand.

An office will be opened at 26 Courtlandt street, New York City, tomorrow morning, at which owners and agents for ships will be invited to make their proposals for turning over to the navy such vessels as are of value for conversion into war purposes.

MANY DESIRABLE VESSELS.

The naval officials say there will be no difficulty experienced in obtaining all vessels that are desired, as there are hundreds available. Thanks to the careful work of the naval intelligence office, the department keeps in close touch with the construction of all craft that could be utilized in the event of hostilities, and just now it has a record of forty such ships of all sizes and classes which will be inspected and examined if their owners desire to part with them. A number of these are vessels which have been constructed under the subsidy act of congress and are engaged in carrying the mails.

The vessels to be examined will include all classes, from liners like the St. Paul, to ocean going tugs which can be of material service for a number of purposes. Tonnage, draft, speed, conditions of boilers and machinery and other attributes will figure in the inspection which will be undertaken by the board before any chartering and purchasing is recommended. Both the ordnance bureau and that engaged in the work of construction and repair are ready to take their part in fitting out and equipping such vessels as may be required.

At the Washington gun factory there are now in various stages of construction no less than 150 guns of formidable character on which work is being done night and day with a view to their early completion. No new guns are being started, but the entire efforts of the factory are devoted to finishing those now under way. A naval officer said there will be enough of them when finished to constitute a fair armament for probably thirty or more auxiliary cruisers should such a large fleet be found necessary to supplement the regular war ships.

The gunboat Machias, which has just arrived at Norfolk from the Asiatic station, by way of the Suez canal, has been found to be in fair shape as a result of the examination by the naval inspection board. A thorough overhauling will be unnecessary in the present instance and it will be sent to Boston, where all necessary repairs can be made to it in about twelve days.

The ordering of the Helena and the Bancroft, now on the European station, to the United States, will leave Admiral Howell, commanding that station, with but one vessel, viz.: the San Francisco. No explanation for the action is vouchsafed by the officials of the Navy department, and Secretary Long, when asked today, declined to say anything about the step further than that the two ships had been ordered home.

ACTIVITY AT NEWPORT.

NEWPORT, R. I., March 13.—There has been the greatest activity today at the torpedo station preparing charges for torpedo outfits and in inspecting the defenses at the entrance to Narragansett bay. In the machine shops at the station the lathes cutting the shell for fuses and primers were run to their full capacity, while extra hands were in the fuse room loading and packing. Hands have also been taken on in guncotton and smokeless powder plants, which are pushed to their full capacity.

The new type of torpedoes which will be issued in a few days will require double the charges of those heretofore served to the navy. The torpedo boats Gwyn and Talbot had steam up today, ready to be turned over to the officers and crew, who are expected tomorrow.

Early tonight the torpedo boat Stiletto returned unexpectedly from New York, where it has been all winter for tests of its oil burning furnaces. It is assumed that it will be used for carrying smokeless powder to Newport.

The marine guard on the training station which now numbers seventy-five men is held in readiness for drafts and most of the general service men at the station have been already detached. For the defense of the bay the mortar battery at Fort Adams and the twelve-inch battery at Dutch Island are the two principal points at which work is being pushed. A vessel load of powder arrived at Fort Adams today and another lot is expected soon by rail.

SANTA CRUZ, Cal., March 13.—The powder works were run at full blast today making government powder. It is unusual for the entire force to be at work on Sunday.

THERE IS NO NEWPORT TORPEDO.

Whitehead is the Projectile Generally Used in the Navy.

NEW YORK, March 13.—Lieutenant Commander McLean was interviewed at the torpedo station today in regard to the report that the Maine had been blown up by a "Newport" torpedo. The commander is authority for the statement that there is no such thing as a "Newport" torpedo.

The station here is largely for experimental purposes in the way of trying and testing torpedoes, and it has at various times experimented with the Whitehead, Howell and Cunningham torpedoes. The Whitehead torpedo, which is the projectile in general use in the United States navy, although the Howell is used to some extent, is the auto-mobile device. In the center of the projectile, which is made in sizes of sixteen and eighteen feet in length, is a cylinder for the reception of compressed air, which feeds the mechanism in the tail of the torpedo.

In front of the air cylinder is placed the warhead, which usually contains in the neighborhood of 220 pounds of gun cotton. When the torpedo is prepared for action it is placed in a firm tube. The firing tube being discharged throws the projectile a distance of fifteen or twenty feet, and the compressed air in the tank is released and supplies the motive power for the mechanism in the tail. Enough compressed air is stored to carry the torpedo 1,600 or 1,800 yards. The distance which the torpedo is intended to travel may be gauged by the adjustment of the mechanism in the tail of the projectile.

When the projectile strikes an object the gun cotton is exploded by detonation by means of a charge of fulminate of mercury in the form of a cap. The force of the discharge of 210 pounds of gun cotton is sufficient, if properly placed, to sink a war ship, as was demonstrated in the Brazilian insurrection when a single torpedo destroyed four compartments on the battleship Aquidaban, sinking that vessel, although it was able with its own steam to get from its moorings to the dock a few hundred yards away.

The Howell torpedo differs from the Whitehead only in the mechanism, while the Cunningham torpedo is powerful, swift and destructive, but uncontrollable.

Arnold's Bromo Celery cures headaches. 10c, 25c and 50c. All druggists.

HAS NO PROGRAM FOR THE WEEK.

Hawaiian Treaty May Occupy the Senate for a Time.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—There is no prepared program for the senate for the present week. If Senator Bacon is prepared to speak on the Hawaiian annexation treaty, it will be taken up promptly as indeed it will be if any senator is prepared to go on with the debate. It is not expected, however, that there will be much further discussion of this subject in executive session, and it is the object of Senator Davis, at a very early day, to move to lay Senator Bacon's plebescite amendment upon the table.

It is upon this motion that the managers of the treaty hope to secure a test vote, and Senator Davis said today that he was hopeful that this vote might be reached during the present week.

Senator Pettigrew is anxious and expects to get his 5 per cent land bill before the senate early in the week, and Senator Vest will make an effort to secure consideration of the quarantine bill.

There is a possibility that the census bill may be pressed for consideration. An entirely new census bill probably will be offered, providing for the immediate extension of the census machinery instead of making preliminary efforts.

The committee will probably be able to report the sundry civil bill during the week and if successful this may be pressed on the senate to the exclusion of everything else.

The program of the house this week, as mapped out, would be completely changed if any move is made in connection with the Spanish crisis involving legislative action. But as at present arranged it includes simply the consideration of the postoffice appropriation bill and the Virginia contested election case of Thorpe against Eppes, with the possibility that the naval appropriation bill, which will be reported on Monday or Tuesday, might be reached at the end of the week.

MAY ACCEPT WELLMAN'S OFFER.

King of Sweden is Grateful for the Offer to Look for Andree.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—The State department has received from Norway and Sweden King Oscar's conditional acceptance of the offer made by the government through Walter Wellman to carry northward on his steamer, which is to sail from Tromsoe, June 20, a party of Swedes to search for their countryman, Prof. Andree, in Franz Josef Land.

"The government of the king does not expect to send out a search expedition," says the minister of foreign affairs at Stockholm, "but if no news of Andree is received by July, gratitude would be felt if Mr. Wellman were to permit several persons familiar with the Arctic regions to accompany his expedition for that purpose. The government of the king has learned with deep gratitude the generous offer made by Mr. Wellman."

Yachts Must Carry a Manifest.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—With the view of avoiding difficulties in the future the Spanish legation wishes it made understood that customs legislation in Cuba does not contain any especial provision concerning yachts. The captain simply has to provide himself with a regular manifest certifying the vessel is in ballast. If the regulations are not complied with the captain shall be liable to a fine.

Prince Albert Attends Church.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—Prince Albert of Belgium, who is visiting here, attended early mass at St. Matthew's church this morning, and returned to his hotel. He remained there until 1:30, when he made a pilgrimage to Mount Vernon by way of the electric railway, returning at 5:30. The rest of the evening he spent quietly in his hotel.

THREATEN JUDGE WOODWARD.

Friends of the Lattimer Strikers Write Warning Letters.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., March 13.—Some of the anonymous letters sent to Judge Woodward during the Martin trial are being made public. The following is a sample of the letters received:

To Judge Woodward: Sir—I am ordered to interview or communicate with you. I have chosen the latter method. My purpose is to warn you of the fate that awaits you. I am a member of a secret organization sworn to end your life, and it will carry out its purpose even though its last member dies in the act. I have been chosen to follow you to the ends of the earth. My fate is as nothing to me. Should I fail another will be chosen. (Signed) JUSTICE.

ELMIRA, Feb. 29.—To Judge Woodward. Sir—Information reaches the public that you receive royalties on every ton of coal mined and that you are in sympathy with mine owners as well as with Sheriff Martin and his deputies. The public is deeply interested in the proceedings of this trial and wish the murderous wretches, if guilty, severely punished. You are accused of being biased in favor of the defense. Your life is in jeopardy if you are not impartial and absolutely free from bias. Do your duty and there can be no complaint. The oaths are being made. Beware. (Signed) FROM A FRIEND.

PASADENA, Cal., Feb. 20.—Judge Woodward: I have traveled much and my sympathy has been aroused in favor of the much-abused foreigners. See that justice is done.

A FRIEND.

The above was written by a woman. Another woman, writing from Mahanoy City, Pa., makes a plea for Sheriff Martin and his deputies and says the men at Lattimer were on the same footing as the "Molly Maguires." A [illegible] at Rome, N. Y., writes: The trial was a farce from beginning to end. Yours, Ezra the King.

UNITED STATES.

Shoots His Wife.

PITTSBURG, Pa., March 13.—Because he said she had been too free with other men Zenas Anderson, a negro ex-convict, deliberately killed his wife, Pauline, today. The murder occurred after repeated threats from the vengeful husband to bring retribution to his wife. After firing five shots into her prostrate body, with his 3-year-old daughter as the only witness of the tragedy, Anderson walked nearly eight miles in his attempt to escape. After a sensational chase the murderer was captured, when he made two attempts to drink laudanum, which he had purchased two days before with suicidal intent.

Destructive Earthquake.

CHICAGO, March 13.—A special to the Record from Tacoma, Wash., says: An earthquake has destroyed the town of Amboina, capital of Amboina island, one of the Mauloca group. Late in January, according to meager details received at Hong Kong, a frightful earthquake occurred, without the usual preceding rumblings. A great crack opened in the earth and many houses were swallowed before the occupants could get out. Hundreds of natives were killed and 300 injured. Some died of fright.

MANY PEOPLE CANNOT DRINK

coffee at night. It spoils their sleep. You can drink Grain-O, when you please and sleep like a top. For Grain-O, does not stimulate; it nourishes, cheers and feeds. Yet it looks and tastes like the best coffee. For nervous persons, young people and children Grain-O, is the perfect drink. Made from pure grains. Get a package from your grocer today. Try it in place of coffee. 15c and 25c.

ELEVEN LIVES ARE LOST

Crowded Lodging House in New York is Burned.

FIRE OCCURS AT AN EARLY MORNING HOUR

Distressing Calamity Comes Upon the Bowery Mission, Which is Conducted by the Christian Herald.

NEW YORK, March 13.—Eleven men lost their lives by a fire which swept through the Bowery Mission house at 105 Bowery early this morning and left it a blackened shell. Their bodies, now at the morgue, are so charred that most of them may never be recognized. The dead are supposed to be:

ELLAS CUDDAH, 29 years old, address not known.

JOHN F. MORAN, Stapleton, S. I.

— M'DERMOT, 25 years old, address unknown.

JAMES O'ROURKE, 42, Philadelphia.

WILLIAM SOUDAN, 38, Pottsburg, N. J.

SEVEN BODIES, unidentified.

The injured, all of whom will recover, are: Robert Aahman, 68 years old, badly burned about feet, at Gouveneur hospital; Lieutenant Graham, fireman, burned about the hands; George Wilson, 24 years old, burned about face and hands, at Gouveneur hospital.

The property loss was $15,000.

There were 250 lodgers in the building when the fire started and so rapidly did the flames spread that many were unable to escape.

At first it was rumored that the loss of life was much greater, but after searching the ruins very carefully the police and firemen discovered eleven charred bodies.

No. 105 Bowery is one of the best known lodging houses on that thoroughfare. It is called the Bowery Mission house and is conducted by the Christian Herald. In the basement of the building there is a cheap restaurant, while the ground floor is used exclusively for mission purposes, gospel services having been held there daily for several years. The four upper floors were fitted up as a cheap lodging house with accommodations for 150 males, who paid 15, 20 or 25 cents each, according to the location of the rooms. Last night almost every bed was taken.

INMATES ARE AROUSED.

At 1:30 this morning one of the lodgers discovered flames coming from a wash room on the third floor, but before he had time to rouse the lodgers the fire was noticed on the street. By this time the flames were bursting through the roof, when an alarm was given and the inmates aroused.

Many of the lodgers became panic stricken. They rushed into the hallways and fell over each other in their efforts to reach the street. Those on the lower floors got to the street safely by the stairways, while those on the upper floors groped their way through the blinding smoke to the mteal fire escape in front of the building. The majority of them only saved portions of their clothing, while several of them were naked.

Those who made their way to the street by the fire escapes were superficially burned by the heat of the ladders, which in many cases had become redhot.

In a few minutes the firemen were busy deluging the building with torrents of water. They finally succeeded in keeping the fire within the limits of the three upper stories.

A large detail of police was quickly summoned to the scene in charge of Inspector Cross, and the reserves were called from the downtown precincts. This force of officers had difficult work to keep the vast crowd in check, as well as to help the unfortunate lodgers.

Many naked and injured were cared for by people in the vicinity and about fifty of them were accommodated at the Eldridge police station, some three blocks away. Several of the most destitute were brought to the station house in patrol wagons and on their arrival they were partially clothed by members of the force and kind-hearted neighbors.

After the fire had been extinguished sufficiently that a search was possible the police and firemen entered the building and the work of searching for the victims was begun. Several bodies were found near the windows on the two upper floors, where they had been stricken down in attempting to make their way to the fire escapes.

ALL ARE NAKED.

So many bodies were found in the early stages of the search that it was thought over forty must have been killed. However, the officers fortunately overestimated the loss of life and eleven bodies in all were found. Some of these were discovered in the small rooms they had occupied, while others were found in the hallways and on the stairs of the fourth and fifth floors. All of them were naked and most of them were burned and charred beyond recognition.

It is thought by the police that only one of these bodies will eventually be identified. This one is designated as No. 10. It was found in a room on the fifth floor. In the same room there was a satchel and it is thought its contents may lead to the identification of the body.

As soon as the bodies were carried to the street they were transferred to the police station and by 4:30 this morning the police relinquished their search.

Coroner Zukka, after looking at the bodies at the station, gave a permit for their removal.

Manager Sardonsen of the Christian Herald, who has direct charge of the mission and the lodging house, called at the Eldridge station later and told the officer in charge that he would bury the dead.

The loss on the building is placed at $7,000 and the contents damaged $5,000; loss entirely covered by insurance. The building, which belongs to the Chester estate, is leased by the Bowery mission.

John N. Wyburn, superintendent of the Bowery mission, under whose direction the lodging house was conducted, said today:

"When I arrived at the scene the firemen had it under control, and the policemen were removing the dead bodies. I started at once to ascertain the cause and the exact place where the fire started. I found to my satisfaction that it originated in the lavatory on the third floor, and probably was caused by a lighted cigarette thrown carelessly among a lot papers.

"It is strictly against the rules of the house to smoke in the building. But it is known to be the habit of many of the lodgers to do so, and on account of this the night clerk is supposed to inspect the lavatory every hour, and he made an inspection shortly before the fire was discovered.

"There were 165 names on the hotel register last night. Two-thirds of them were sleeping on the third and fifth floors. Nine of the bodies were found in their beds, and it is supposed the men never woke from their sleep."

SHOOTS HIS WIFE AND HIMSELF.

San Francisco Broker Commits a Double Crime.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 13.—About 5 o'clock this evening Andrew Schuller, a financial broker, fatally shot his wife and then committed suicide at his office, 420 California street. It is believed the fatality was caused by a dispute over business affairs.

Schuller, who was 70 years old, had been separated from his wife, a well preserved woman, for over two years. She had been married before, her former husband, Eugene Owles, who died in 1892, leaving her a valuable estate. She frequently accused Schuller of having diverted greater portions of this property to his own use and she stated tonight that the object of her visit to his office today was to obtain some money he had promised her. What passed between them in the office is not known.

Suddenly two shots fired in rapid succession were heard and J. C. Bunner, a well known civil engineer, occupying an adjoining office, rushed into the hallway just in time to see Schuller, pistol in hand, pursuing his fleeing wife. She fell to the floor and as she lay prostrate the enraged man fired three shots at her. Schuller then ran back to his office, while Bunner assisted the wounded woman to the street door, where officers were summoned. Mrs. Schuller was taken to the Branch receiving hospital and Bunner and a policeman returned to the office of her husband. As soon as they knocked on his door a shot was heard and on entering he was found dead on the floor.

An examination made at the hospital showed that Mrs. Schuller had been struck by three bullets, two penetrating the lungs and one passing near the spinal cord.

SPORTING NOTES.

Military Athletes Arrive.

NEW YORK, March 13.—The troops who will take part in the Military Athletic league tournament at Madison Square garden this week began to arrive today. Early in the afternoon the Second battery, Captain David E. Wilson commanding, reached the garden. About 4 o'clock troop C, under command of Captain B. T. Cleighton, met and escorted the Sixth cavalry of Fort Meyer, Va., to the garden. The outside of the building resembled a parade day.

The commanders of the Sixth cavalry are Captain Cheever, First Lieutenant Gallagher, Second Lieutenants Nisson and Short. There are sixty-four men in the company and the special train upon which they arrived was made up of passenger coaches and eight cars containing the horses. The Sixth cavalry and the Fifth artillery, light battery D, will be quartered in the garden.

Dog Show Opens Tuesday.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 13.—The second annual dog show, under the auspices of the Kansas City Kennel club, will open on Tuesday next and continue for four days. A great array of prize dogs, winners at great shows in all parts of the country, are entered. The show will, it is claimed, rival any ever held in the country. There are twenty Great Danes booked, among them being Sandor Von Inn, who beat Leo G in New York; eighteen rough coated St. Bernards, including La Prince, the $10,000 beauty; thirty-three rough coated collies, including prize winners Lady Gay and Domino II; besides thirty-nine pointers, thirty-three English setters, over forty Cocker spaniels, twenty-five poodles and Irish and Gordon setters, terriers of a dozen breeds and bulldogs by the dozen. The cash prizes aggregate upwards of $2,000.

Mott Approves Contract.

BALTIMORE, March 13.—Chairman Mott of the League of American Wheelmen racing board has issued the following notice:

The contracts of Henry E. Ducker, manager of the National Track association team, with E. A. McDuffie and Dudley Marks, manager for Tom Linton, are approved.

Registered: No. 1000, New York department, Frank Waler; No. 5000, district E, W. W. Hamilton; No. 5001, district E, S. G. Meixell.

Chicago Wins at Whist.

MINNEAPOLIS, March 13.—In a contest for the American Whist league challenge trophy Chicago last evening defeated Minneapolis by six points. The total score for the first half was 156 for Chicago and 153 for Minneapolis. In the second half Chicago made 153 points and Minneapolis 150.

Offer a Purse for a Fight.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., March 13.—The New Haven Athletic club has offered a purse of $5,000 for a twenty-round contest between "Kid" McCoy and Gus Ruhlin, to take place at New Haven May 1. The offer was telegraphed to the managers of the pugilists tonight.

High Water in Ontario.

DETROIT, March 13.—A special to the Free Press from London, Ont., says: Heavy rains of the last few hours have caused the lower sections of the city to be overflowed and many people have been driven from their homes. Parties are engaged in rescuing people from their homes with boats. The damage will be considerable.

Badly Frozen in Alaska.

VICTORIA, B. C., March 13.—Confirmation has been received here of the report sent to the Associated Press some weeks ago that W. C. Hayward, the correspondent of the London Daily Mail, has been badly frozen on Chilkoot trail.

PICTURES FROM LIFE.

Many Women Have Passed Through the Same Experience and With Equally Happy Results.

She had once been a beautiful and attractive woman. Her friends adored her; even strangers admired her. She was still young—but why had her friends deserted her? It is the usual story. She had lost her health; her complexion had faded; as a result her disposition was soured. How could she attract or hold friends? Impossible.

* * * * * * * * * *

A year later.

She is the same woman, but how changed! Hosts of friends surround her; her eyes are sparkling, her cheeks glow; her complexion is superb—she is happy.

Do you wonder what made the change? Read, then, the experience of Mrs. Belle Hoffa of McEwensville, Pa.:

"Some six years ago," she said, "I was troubled severely with disease of the kidneys and I will never be able to tell how much I suffered. I tried all kinds of remedies, but could find no permanent relief. Finally I allowed myself to be persuaded by Mrs. Simon Cameron to try Warner's Safe Cure with the assurance that it would relieve me. She had suffered in the same way for many years and had found great help by its use. I am happy to say that Safe Cure benefited me from the time I began using it. I was entirely free from all my pains and have been in perfect health ever since. I cannot say too much for Warner's Safe Cure as I believe it gave me the perfect health I now enjoy."

DEATH RECORD.

Famous Silver Miner.

DENVER, March 13.—E. C. Bassick, locater of the famous Bassick silver mine near Silver Cliff, Colo., died in this city last night of heart disease. He was 66 years old. He lived at Bridgeport, Conn., and came to Denver last week to attend the trial of the suit of Alexander Barclay and others against the Bassick Mining company, which was set for hearing tomorrow.

Mr. Bassick was a poor man in 1877, when he located the Bassick mine, out of which he took $450,000, afterward selling the property for $300,000 cash, and $1,000,000 stock in the company which took possession. The mine has not been operated for nearly a dozen years on account of litigation.

Lieutenant O. W. Lowry.

NEW YORK, March 13.—Lieutenant Oswin W. Lowry, U. S. N., died today in this city of pneumonia, after a week's illness. He was born in Ohio in 1852 and was appointed to the naval academy in 1868. From 1882 to 1884 he was acting superintendent of the house of reformation at Randall's island, having received a leave of absence for that purpose. At the close of that period the permanent superintendency was offered him, but he returned to active service in the navy. His last sea duty was on the cruiser Columbia and on the monitor Amphitrite. He leaves a mother, several sisters and one brother, Prof. Charles Lowry at Chicago.

Physician to the Queen.

LONDON, March 13.—Sir Richard Quain, bart., physician extraordinary to her majesty, president of the general medical council and editor of "The Dictionary of Medicine," is dead. He was born October 30, 1816, was a fellow of several learned societies and the author of numerous medical and scientific works.

Mrs. Joseph Ballard Carter.

LONDON, March 13.—Mrs. Joseph Ballard Carter, mother of Mrs. Ronalds, died here today at the residence of her daughter.

Swedish Poet Topilus.

HELSINGFORD, Finland, March 13.—Zacharie Topilus, the Swedish poet, historian and literateur, is dead.

FIRE RECORD.

Excursion Steamboat.

ST. LOUIS, March 13.—From a fire