CASE OF MGR. SCHROEDER

Continues to Agitate the Dignitaries of the Catholic Church.

RESIGNATION TO OCCUR DURING YEAR

This Step, However, is Conditional on the Approval of the Pope—Correspondence in the Celebrated Case.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—The case of Mgr. Schroeder continued to be the absorbing topic among the distinguished Catholic prelates assembled here to attend the annual meeting of archbishops. As the Associated Press stated yesterday, the official announcement that the case was referred to the pope was made with the understanding that Mgr. Schroeder would resign within the year. This understanding as to a future resignation has given rise to another animated controversy. Those who have pressed the charges against Mgr. Schroeder construe the promise to resign within the year as equivalent to a present resignation. Mgr. Schroeder insists, however, that he has not tendered his resignation, but in the interest of peace at the university has said he would make any personal sacrifice. The literal wording of that portion of Mgr. Schroeder's written statement to the board is as follows:

"I am ready to make that sacrifice and will send my resignation to his eminence, the chancellor, within or at the end of the scholastic year, but this resignation must be conditional on the approval of the holy father."

Another subject that has aroused much feeling is the published reports that Bishop Horstmann of Cleveland, who acted as attorney for Mgr. Schroeder before the board, abandoned his client. Bishop Horstmann today handed the following to the Associated Press:

In the report of yesterday's proceedings of the meeting of the board of directors of the Catholic university as found in the special report of certain prominent journals are statements which it is my duty to contradict so far as regards what is said about myself. I always have been and still remain the devoted friend of Mgr. Schroeder. I will ever be his defender. The words attributed to me in the report are absolutely false and by inferences are not only unjust to myself but also a calumny against Mgr. Schroeder.

The committee of archbishops in charge of Indian affairs was in session today, arranging the distribution of Indian funds. The general business of the meeting is closed and the archbishops and bishops are leaving for their homes. Rector Conaty of the university leaves today for Rome, N. Y., to preach the sermon on the consecration of the new St. Peter's church there.

OFFICIAL CORRESPONDENCE

The official correspondence relating to the case of Mgr. Schroeder, which has attracted widespread attention, became available today. The letter of Mgr. Schroeder submitted to the board of directors of the Catholic university is addressed to Bishop Horstmann of Cleveland, who acted as attorney for the monsignor before the board. It was written shortly before the final meeting of the board, dated yesterday and is as follows:

To the Rt. Rev. Bishop Horstman, Bishop of Cleveland: Rt. Rev. Bishop—When I had a few days ago, the honor to meet you I took the opportunity to inform you that during my last stay in Germany I intended to send from there my resignation as professor of this university.

As a matter of fact, the persistent hostility to which I have been subjected for years past, not only within the university, but constantly also in the English newspapers, Catholic and secular, made such a resolution not only advisable but also necessary on account of my own health and peace of mind. I had been suffering from neuralgia in the most painful manner after the close of the last scholastic year and my physician declared it my earnest duty to avoid excitement. You also know that I did not send my resignation and that I came back to Washington on account of the letters of Cardinal Steinhuber, in which he expressed his own and the will of the holy father.

When I followed this order I was convinced that his holiness intended me not to give up my position immediately. I therefore expressly told his eminence, the cardinal of Cologne, as well as my relatives and friends, that the next scholastic year would be absolutely the last year that I would stay at the university. When I arrived here on October 9 I was not a little astonished to hear that some members of the board had determined to demand my resignation. Before I had any chance to see you personally this intention of the board was proclaimed publicly in the newspapers.

The apostolic delegate about the same time communicated to me the dispatch he had received from Cardinal Rampolla. I repeated expressly to his excellency that under no circumstances would I or could I remain in Washington beyond the scholastic year. I at the same time remarked to his excellency that I would in no wise admit even any appearance of any well grounded grievance against me. I am, therefore, faced by a two-fold fact. On one hand, I cannot and will not change the resolution to leave the university within, or at least at the end of the scholastic year. On the other hand, the newspapers have published such charges against me which would be brought before the board that my character as priest and professor imposed on me the imperative duty not to send my resignation, if I am not vindicated in some way publicly against such accusations which I declare to be entirely false and calumnious.

In saying this I do not consider what has been said or written about my presence at the university being an obstacle to peace and harmony among the professors. I repeatedly expressed my views on this point to several members of the board. If I am a stumbling block I am convinced that I became such because I did what I thought and still think to have been my duty. But as a Catholic and a priest, I also realize the fact that on account of the sentiments and prejudices existing in regard to me in this house, peace will not be re-established without a sacrifice on my part. And I understand that from this standpoint members of the board may find it advisable for me to make that sacrifice.

I am ready to do so and will send my resignation to his eminence, the chancellor, within, or at, the end of the scholastic year 1897-98. Meanwhile, I must enjoy all the rights and privileges that belong to my position as professor of dogmatic theology. I also expect that every member of the board will pledge himself to secrecy concerning this, my letter. I must also add that my resignation must be conditional on the approval of our holy father and I will notify his holiness immediately of the letter through Cardinal Steinhuber. JOSEPH SCHROEDER.

Another important document which figured in the case is a letter from Cardinal Steinhuber, dated at Rome, September 13, 1897. It follows:

This morning I had the opportunity to speak with our holy father, when I remarked that the hostility to you is due to the opinion that you caused the removal of Mgr. Keane from the post of rector. The holy father interrupted me saying: "Ma, questo non avero, non e affato vero" (but that is not true; it is not true at all). Entirely of his own accord the holy father expressed his views relative to the question you proposed to me, his views coinciding exactly to mine as already expressed to you. He says you must not leave until it becomes clear who your successor will be, if it be at all likely that a suitable substitute can be found. In a word, the holy father is opposed to your hasty departure and desires to know clearly beforehand what the consequences of such a step would be.

As Cardinal Steinhuber's letter was not an official communication, inquiry was made direct to the Vatican, and in response to this a cablegram was received by Mgr. Martinelli, the papal delegate, on Sunday, substantially as follows: "The holy father himself advised Mgr. Schroeder not to send in his resignation as a professor of the university. It seems that members of the board want to force him to do so. Your excellency may in a delicate way call their attention to the impropriety (sconvenienza) of such a measure."

Hold Joint Service.

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 22.—A joint service of Christians and Friends was eagerly entered into by both denominations today. The Friends spoke or prayed, as the spirit moved them. At times there were as many as a half dozen persons on their feet at the same time awaiting recognition from the chair. The Christians (Disciples) were equally as anxious to say a word of greeting on Christian union. The service was fervent, and for thirty minutes the two conventions sat together. President M. M. Davis of the Christian convention and President S. E. Nicholson of the Friends' convention sat side by side on the platform, and Friends and Disciples touched elbows in the pews. Both sides felt that the session had been too brief. The Friends and Disciples, after many mutual greetings, parted, and each turned to their own work, the Christians to wind up the last session of their great national convention and the Friends to their work in quinquennial conference.

FINISH THEIR BUSINESS AT YORK.

Congregationalists Adopt Lengthy Resolutions and Adjourn.

YORK, Neb., Oct. 22.—(Special.)—The Congregational association closed its forty-first annual session last night with an evangelistic service, conducted by C. S. Harrison, A. E. Ricker, A. F. Newell and C. G. Murphy. The meeting has been a very successful one throughout, and the delegates feel highly pleased over their visit at York.

The last business session of the meeting was held in the afternoon at the close of the Sunday school session. Reports were given by J. D. Stewart, state superintendent of Sunday school work, and S. I. Hanford of the state Sunday school committee. A. B. Fairchild, J. R. Bacon and A. E. Ricker were appointed as members of the finance committee for the coming year.

The matter of forming a state foreign missionary society came up for consideration with the report of the special committee which was appointed to investigate the matter. The committee recommended the organization, and also the adoption of a constitution similar to the one for the Illinois society. The organization was not perfected at yesterday's meeting, but will come up at the next annual meeting, to be held at David City, October 17 to 20, when the officers will be elected and the further details arranged.

The committee on resolutions reported the following:

Resolved, That we recognize with gratitude the kind providence of God vouchsafed to the Congregational ministers of our state during the last year in the preservation of life and health so that not one has been removed by death nor the labors of any been seriously impeded by illness.

That since much of the pleasure and success of our association has depended upon the conditions under which we have met, we put on record our appreciation of the hearty welcome extended to us by the church and citizens of York, and our thanks for the many things done for our comfort and convenience.

That our thanks are due and are hereby extended to those who have so efficiently served in office the last year and during the present association meeting.

That we commend to his future Christian associates Rev. C. S. Harrison, who is about to remove from Nebraska to become identified with a newer community as financial agent of Kingfisher college, Oklahoma. During the past twenty-three years he has been an arduous laborer in all Christian ways. He has been a pioneer missionary, an evangelist, a church builder, a promoter of academy work, a temperance leader and an author, and it is with pleasure we put on record our high regard for him as a man and as a minister, and our appreciation of his efficient services.

That with no desire to encourage a sectarian spirit that is in any sense odious, we, nevertheless, feel that our churches often fail to understand and appreciate the particular work they are called to do as Congregational churches, and therefore we urge upon them the wisdom and duty of acquainting themselves carefully with the distinctive principles and aim of our denomination and of following out such principles in all ways, as far as possible.

That the faithful and efficient services of Rev. H. Bross as superintendent of home missions, and of Rev. J. D. Stewart as state superintendent of Sunday school missions deserves special mention.

That we reaffirm our devotion to the cause of holy missions, and since it is imperative that our work be constantly advancing toward self support we recommend that our churches set apart one Sunday in each year as a "rally day," when a great effort should be used to secure a large collection for home missions; and that we show due appreciation of the brave work being done in foreign fields by giving to foreign missions also.

A resolution was also adopted recommending the appointment of a member of the examining board of Chicago Theological seminary for this state. Rev. A. F. Newell was selected as the member for the ensuing year.

Liberal Congress of Religions.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Oct. 22.—The meeting of the Liberal Congress of Religions today was given up to a "conference of competitive religions" and was quite interesting on account of the participation of representatives of Hindooism, the Parsi religion, Mohammedianism and Buddhism. The foreign visitors were dressed in the costumes of their nations. Dr. H. W. Thomas of Chicago introduced Dr. Lewis G. James of the Cambridge School of Comparative Religions, who spoke on "The Heart of Religions is the Same Throughout the World." Dr. James introduced Swamsi Saradananda of India, who addressed the congress on "Hindooism." Jehangier D. Gala of Bombay spoke on the religion of Zoroaster, which is the religion of the Parsis. Emin L. Nabokeff spoke on "Mohammedanism." Grendi of Bombay spoke on "Buddhism."

ENDEAVORERS MEET AT BEATRICE.

Twelfth Annual Convention of the Nebraska Union.

BEATRICE, Neb., Oct. 22.—(Special Telegram.)—The twelfth annual convention of the Nebraska Christian Endeavor union began its session here today and will continue over Sunday. Including those who arrived tonight, over 200 are already here and as many more are expected tomorrow. The main addresses and the principal business will be conducted in the First Presbyterian church. Large local committees are in readiness everywhere to receive and care for the visitors.

The opening session was presided over by Vice President Rev. George W. Dell of Nebraska City. The service began with a song service, conducted by E. O. Excell of Chicago. At 3 o'clock Rev. H. N. Dunning led a devotional service in a brief address on spiritual earnestness. He was followed by Rev. F. A. Warfield of Omaha, who lectured on "Storage of Power." At 6 o'clock there was a lunch by districts when the various district committees were appointed.

The services tonight were presided over by President A. D. Harmon of Bethany and began with a song service, followed by a devotional hour, led by Rev. W. M. Taylor of Blue Springs, who spoke on the subject, "What Helps Me Most in the Service of Christ." At 8 o'clock Rev. A. N. Hitchcock of Chicago lectured upon the subject of "Ruin and Rescue." The day's session closed at 10 o'clock with a joint meeting of the advisory and executive committees.

REFORMED PRESBYTERIAN SYNOD.

Rev. McDill of Omaha Accorded Privileges of Floor.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Oct. 22.—The Associate Reformed Presbyterian church synod met again this morning, with Moderator Young presiding. Rev. Edgar McDill of the United Presbyterian church of Omaha was accorded the privileges of the floor. Rev. E. W. McElree of New Wilmington, Pa., delivered an address as the delegate of the United Presbyterian church, conveying fraternal greetings to which Moderator Young responded. Reports from several of the standing committees were presented and discussed. Tonight's session was largely attended by citizens. A conference on home missions was the most important business and the mission work of the church was detailed by several speakers, showing that an aggressive policy had been followed and many important advances made. One hundred and sixty delegates are now in attendance.

Universalists Adjourn.

CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—Capital punishment and the use of fermented wine at communion were denounced at the Universalist general convention today. Capital punishment was emphatically condemned by several speakers, who were enthusiastically applauded, and the convention put itself on record as disapproving of this form of punishment by the passage of a formal resolution. Although there were no dissenting voices when reference was made to the official condemnation of the use of wine at communion, it was decided that such an important step should not be taken without careful consideration, and the resolution proposed was laid on the table for action at the convention of 1899. Resolutions were adopted expressing sorrow over the death of George M. Pullman. The convention adjourned sine die and will meet in Boston in 1899.

Friends' Conference.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 22.—The important question which has been the subject of debate in the Society of Friends of America for many years—the question of conferring legislative authority on the conference—has been practically settled in favor of the innovation. The plan adopted is the one submitted by the special committee yesterday, the only material change being that each yearly meeting is to have two delegates instead of one. The plan now only needs the approval of the yearly meetings to become a law of the church.

Christian Missionary Alliance.

CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—At today's session of the Christian and Missionary Alliance convention Dean A. C. Peck of Denver led the praise meeting. Addresses were made by Rev. A. G. Hammond, Broadhead, Wis.; Rev. W. F. Meninger, district superintendent of the alliance, and Rev. Dr. Nowall, Louisville, Ky.

American Sunday School Union.

CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—Today's conference of the officers and missionaries of the American Sunday School union opened with a lecture by Rev. H. A. Torrey of the Bible institute on the "Doctrine of the Love of God." After the state conferences W. R. Newell lectured on "Thessalonians."

Women Will Occupy Pulpits.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 22.—In twenty Baltimore churches women will occupy the pulpits the coming Sunday in accordance with arrangements announced today at the meeting of the national board of managers of the woman's home missionary society of the Methodist Episcopal church. Today's proceedings were taken up mostly with a discussion of Indian and other western missions. Invitations for the next national convention have been received from Omaha, Minneapolis and Evanston, Ill. A committee has the matter in charge and will make a selection.

WORK OF THE VISITING NURSES.

First Anniversary of the Association Pleasantly Observed.

The first anniversary of the Visiting Nurses' association was celebrated with fitting ceremony in the rooms of the Commercial club last night. The rooms were filled with nearly 100 women, many of them society leaders, who have interested themselves in working among the lowly during the past year.

A review of the year's progress was read by the secretary, Miss Kosters, whose figures showed that the proceeds of the different entertainments and benefits given for the association amounted to $761. The membership dues and donations added $350 more. Of this amount $400 has been expended by Miss Anna Millard as the need arose, and further expense for nurses and medicine left the balance on hand $385.

Miss Millard then gave a report of the work done by herself and her two associates. Three hundred sick persons have been visited during the year and in the busiest month, last July, 600 different calls were made, as many as twenty visits being paid in one day.

Mrs. S. R. Towne, the president of the association, then spoke of plans for the future, and Dr. Bridges, who has had opportunity to observe the work done, gave some professional advice. He said that a nurse with her constant attendance could teach the art of healthful living as no doctor could hope to do. Rev. John Williams then urged the women not to let the work have the appearance of a fad, but to give to it their unceasing personal service.

A musical followed the business session. The principal numbers were given by the Euterpean club, one-half women, under the leadership of Prof. Baetens. The "Cinderella" march by Papimi was rendered and "Larghetto" by Spohr followed. Miss Lillie Eicher of the club, also contributed the violin cello solo "Traumerei" and Mrs. Cotton sang the "Midsummer Dream," of D'Hardelot, and pleased the audience with the encore "Dainty Little Love."

The dining rooms were then opened and the association later adjourned to meet at the home of Mrs. S. R. Towne on next Thursday afternoon. The list of new officers submitted by the nominating committee and endorsed was as follows: Mrs. S. R. Towne, president; Mrs. R. H. Clarkson, vice-president; Miss Flora Kosters, secretary; and Mrs. Thomas Kilpatrick, treasurer.

SOUTH SIXTEENTH STREET PAVING.

Property Owners Demand that the Improvement Be Made.

The resolution by which the time for the completion of the South Sixteenth street repaving contract is extended to next year has not been signed by Mayor Moores and it is very probable that it will be vetoed. The property owners on the street are up in arms and declare that if the entire street cannot be completed this year they at least want to have as much work done as possible. They assert that there is every probability that one side of the street can be paved this fall. President Bingham opposed the resolution when it was before the council and as some of the other members are now inclined to agree with him the mayor's veto will probably be sustained.

Small pill, safe pill, best pill. De Witt's Little Early Risers cure billousness, constipation, sick headache.

Divorced from His Wealth.

E. E. Rogers was indiscreet on the train between Lincoln and Omaha yesterday and as a result must continue his journey to Hanthorne, Ia., on foot. His error is an old one and lay in trusting in the purity of a stranger's motives. The latter confided to Rogers that he was on his way to administer his brother's estate in Omaha, from which he would be recompensed in a comfortable manner. In the meantime he felt a need for $14 and Rogers was so impressed with the urgency of it that he entrusted the stranger with that sum, which, in fact, was Roger's whole means. He was assured of its return on the train's arrival in Omaha. But the stranger disappeared in the neighborhood of the Magic City.

Subscribe for The Sunday Bee and read Anthony Hope's great story—"Simon Dale."

CONFIRMS HAMMOND'S STORY

Investigation of the Alleged Ill Treatment of a Private.

TESTIMONY SUSTAINS ALL THE CHARGES

Captain Lovering is Shown to Have Kicked, Sworn at and Used His Sword Upon the the Private.

CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—The story told of the treatment of Private Charles Hammond by Captain Leonard A. Lovering was confirmed today by the court of inquiry now in session at Fort Sheridan. The testimony of both the principals in the case was taken, as was that of one witness, Lieutenant Bernard, and the statements of each corroborated in the main the evidence of the others.

It was shown that Hammond was dragged from the guardhouse over macadamized roads, up and down stairways, all the way to the room where the summary court was sitting. It was also shown that Captain Lovering did swear at, kick and use his sword upon the stubborn prisoner. Captain Lovering asserted that his actions toward Hammond were in furtherance of the maintenance of good discipline and admitted practically everything alleged against him by Hammond. The latter said that he refused to appear before the court because he expected punishment when he returned to his own post and did not consider that the Fort Sheridan court had any right to try him.

Private Charles Hammond, U. S. A., gaunt and thin and showing plainly the effects of his fourteen days' confinement on a bread and water diet in the guardhouse at Fort Sheridan, appeared before a court of his superior officers today and told them of the circumstances of his disobedience of the orders of Captain Lovering and of the subsequent and drastic measures taken by that officer to enforce his commands. But few spectators were present to witness the opening of the court, as the officers were at that time engaged in the regular drill on the parade ground. Reporters chiefly constituted the audience when the court opened.

When Private Hammond was ushered into the presence of the court two small holes in the back of his jacket were visible reminders of the alleged dragging on the morning of October 9. Under oath he testified as follows:

"On Friday I refused to go to work and was ordered from the guard room into a cell. Saturday at 9:30 I was told that I would have to appear before a summary court. I told the officer of the guard that if he wanted me he must carry me there. Captain Lovering came there with two members of the guard, the order was given to the sentries to step in and drag me out so that my back would strike on the doorsill. The sentries took hold of me and threw me to the floor, and as I was dragged out Sergeant Barnard tried to hold me down onto the sill so that my back would be scraped. I was dragged to the guard room outside and as I went through the door Captain Lovering put his heel over my head and threatened to stamp me in the face. Then I was allowed to walk back to my cell. Later Captain Lovering returned to my cell with four sentries and gave the order, 'Go in and jerk that man out.' The door was unlocked and twe sentries stepped in and threw me. Captain Lovering kicked me in the side four times with his feet while I was down, and as I went over the sill again he gave me a violent kick in the shoulder. He slapped me over the right side to the left and prodded me twice more with his foot and gave me three more violent kicks about the shoulders.

"During this scene he cursed me constantly, using the vilest kind of oaths as he sneered, 'Now, will you get up? Will you walk now?'

"Lovering then ordered a rope and gave orders to have my feet crossed and tied at the ankles. I placed my hands behind my head and then Lovering and the sentries began to drag me. He prodded me in the right hand with his sword and then in the shoulder. I was dragged to the guard house and out to the porch, where with one hard jerk they started me down the stone steps on my back and across the road. The sentries were reinforced by two others. I was dragged over pavements and roads to Company D's steps, up the steps, then down again, across the pavement and under the tower to Company A's steps, and finally up into the adjutant's office.

"Lieutenant Colonel Bainbridge ordered the rope untied just as I was called before the court. At 2 o'clock I asked to be taken to the hospital, where the doctor sponged the blood from the sword stabs. On Monday I was called before Captain Richards and have since been in solitary confinement on bread and water."

Colonel Snyder asked Hammond why he left his barracks at Plattsburg, N. Y. The witness replied, "I had some private business in Chicago, and as the inspector general was at the barracks I knew the request for release would be refused. I had no intention of deserting, and reported at Fort Sheridan so as not to be so ranked. I expected to be confined, but thought I would be returned to my post and after sentence returned to duty."

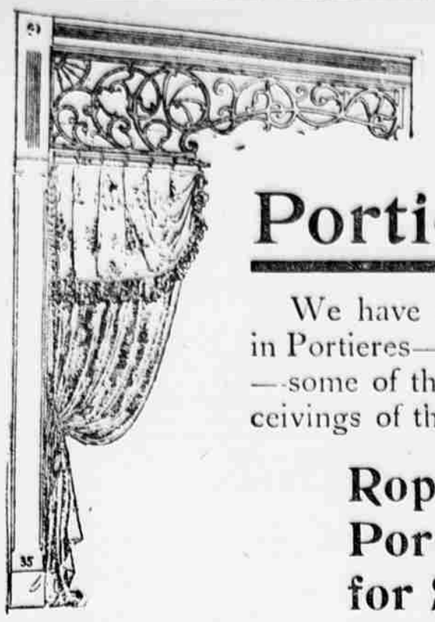
Captain Lovering was then called. He made no attempt to deny any of the accusing witnesses' statements. He admitted that by his orders Hammond had been dragged from the guard house, and he also admitted that he had struck the soldier and pricked him with his sword. None of this treatment, Captain Lovering said, had injured Hammond in the least, as was proven by the surgeon's report, and the methods used were in his opinion necessary for the discipline of the army.

Lieutenant Bernard, in charge of the guard at the time of the affair, was then called, but his testimony introduced no new feature. The court then adjourned until tomorrow.

Want Themselves Set Right.

The statement made by Ike Kulakofsky that he was ejected from his old store, 1902 South Tenth street, is denied by the firm now doing business at that point. The members assert that they bought the building, stock and fixtures of Mr. Kulakofsky, and that it is untrue that they rented other buildings to prevent Kulakofsky from occupying the same.

There are others—but none "just as good" as Dr. Davis' Anti-Headache.



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Tapestry Curtains in a full line of colors at $2.50.

Oriental effects in Tapestries, very new, at $5.00, $5.50, and $8.00 a pair.

Three-eights inch Extension Rods, extending to 44 inches, complete with brackets--13c.

One-half inch Extension Rods, extending to 5 feet, with projection brackets, suitable for lace curtains--25c.

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Music and Art. 1513 Douglas

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BAILEY,

13 Years Experience. 3d Floor Paxton Blk. 16th and Farnam.

Dis kid can't rite, but he kan make his mark—5c—an he's done it at de registrasion terday—he's goin' ter vote—see—Somebody's goin' ter git left—but it ain't my dad—for he's too many—see—an' dat five-cent Stoecker cigar of hissen jis brings de people his way—dey cudent vote bonds enuf ter keep my dad frum makin' dis de best five-cent cigar ever—it's no joke when I tell yer it's as good as mos of de ten centers—an when it comes ter de odder five centers—why dey simply ain't in it—as de dealers sell it ders no reason why you can't smoke be best when yer smoken.

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OMAHA
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Have you registered yet—Drex L. Shooman registered so he could vote for the exposition bonds. You should do likewise—then you'll have money left to shoe boy and he'll get the best shoe he ever the boys with—it's only $1.50 for each had on his feet at that price—or even $2.50—these $1.50 shoes are in blacks only—different toes—all sizes and widths—a shoe that for school wear cannot be beat—better than any $1.50 shoe we've ever sold and we've always sold the best $1.50 boys' shoe ever sold in Omaha—We know these shoes will outwear any two pair at the same price—and outwear lots of shoes that you'll have to pay more for—we've a way of giving value with our shoes that's very acceptable these times.

Drexel Shoe Co.,

1419 FARNAM STREET

New fall catalogue now ready; mailed for the asking.

We would like to have every lady in Omaha examine our new chatelaine watch—it is full jeweled American movement—with beautifully tinted and decorated dial and gold hands—encased in a 14-kt. gold filled case—warranted to wear twenty years—warranted to give perfect satisfaction for time and durability—and at a price within the reach of all—$15. We engrave and print all our own plate and embossed work—100 cards with copper plate for $1.50—100 cards printed from your own plate for $1.00—Wedding stationery—engraved in the latest artistic effects—$10 for the first 100—$3.50 per 100 after that—Your mail order will receive our most careful and prompt attention.

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