## STRIKE IS SPREADING

Fully Ten Thousand Men Are Idle and Their Ranks Increase.

EVERY COLLIERY LIKELY TO BE CLOSED

Great Majority of the Men Out Are Inclined to Be Docile.

All is Quiet at the Eckley Mine When They Arrive There.

STRIKERS DOFF THEIR HATS TO CAVALRY

Main Complaint of the Men is Agninst Company Stores\_Quiet Reigns in the Vicinity of Hazleton.

HAZLETON, Pa., Sept. 14.-Despite a Variety of alarming rumors and a morning movement by a body of miners which looked formidable, today passed off without serious disturbance in the strike region. Matters still wear such an uncertain aspect, however. that General Gobin declares that the re moval of the troops or any portion of them has not been contemplated.

The strike itself is spreading with great rapidity. Exact estimates of the number of men who have quit work are hard to obtain, but conservative figures place it close to 10,000, with indications that in a short time every colliery of importance in the region will be idle. Although some disposition has been shown by small bodies of strikers in the outlying districts to make demonstrations, they have been of a rather feeble character, and the great majority of the men are docile. These mines are now idle: Coxe Bros. & Co.,; Eckley, Beaver Meadow and Oneida, about 2 000 men; Lehigh and Wilkesbarre Coal company, Honeybrook and Audenreid mines, about 2,500 men; Frank Pardee's Cranberry and Crystal Ridge, 1,100 men; Lehigh Valley Coal company, Hazle mines, Yorktown, Janesville and Audenreid, 3,000 men; Calvin Pardee & Co.'s Lattimer and Harwood, 2,000 men. The men at Coxe's tion of joining the strike. Today was their pay day. Concerning the Drifton mine, of the same company which Stockton mines have expressed their intenthe same company, which was working to-day, one of the firm said they understood the men were going out. The collieries still working are the Derringer, Tombicken and Shepton of the Coxe company; Weston, Dodson & Co.'s Beaverbrook mine and J. S. Wentz' Silverbrook mine.
The first city troop of Philadelphia which

was dispatched at an early hour this morning to the scene of the reported outbreak at Eckley, found nothing for it to do when it reached that place about 1 o'clock this afternoon. Several hundred miners from Buck Mountain marched on the Eckley mines last night and brought out the men there. A few of the men who showed a disposition to continue work were roughly handled, and the mine superintendent, fearing trouble, wired to General Gobin for troops. He also sent word to Drifton and seventy deputies from that place and Roan Junction, near by were sent over. They kept themselves unde cover at Eckley, however, waiting development ments. Nothing further happened. The men at Eckley joined the ranks of the strikers. Meanwhile the cavalry troops were sen by General Gobin and had a wearlsome march over the mountains only to find everything at Eckley peaceful.

ANOTHER SCARE. The day had scarcely opened before an other annoying story came to brigade head-quarters by telephone to the effect that a gang of miners from Drifton had marche on Colliery No. 5 at Jeddo, with the expresse Intention of bringing the men out. Upon reaching the colliery John Markie, the superintendent, met them and after a conference with the men at the mines succeeded in turn ing them off without trouble. This was the only incident of the day which partook of the

nature of a demonstration. At Lattimer this afternoon a largely at tended and decisive meeting of strikers was held to receive the answer of the company to their demands. With a large body of strikers gathered in the open space before the company's store. Superintendent Blake appeared at the door and gave them their answer. It was short and to the point and was met with action equally as decisive demands had been formulated as follows:

We desire and wish the privilege of buy ing our provisions where we think proper instead of being forced to buy at the pany's store; we want a 20 per cent advance on all classes of labor; we demand the dismissal of all parties who took part on last Friday, September 10, in the shooting afray we demand that all classes of labor be paid the same for rock work as for coal on idle days; we demand that no man shall be dis charged for acting on this committee."

The company's answer to this was, first that the men are not and never have been obliged to buy exclusively at the company store; second, that the advance would not be granted because the company was paying the average rate of the region; third, the com-pany absolutely refused, without assigning any reason, to discharge anybody who particl-pated in the shooting; fourth, that the men suspended on idle days have the privilege of taking some other person's place, thus making good the difference in rate between rock and coal work; and, fifth, that no man shall be discharged for acting on the grievance committee.

Superintendent Blake made a short speech to the men, urging them to return t and arguing that they could gain nothing

'What do you say?'' he concluded. "Will you come back?" There was a moment's buzz and a chorus

of "No" went up. The superintendent atmpted no further persuasion and the men

CAVALRY'S JOURNEY.

The mountain journey of the cavalry to Eckley, although agreeably disappointed of its purpose, hid a salutary effect in that it deeply impressed the miners with the extent of the military power. The original intention to send the entire City troop was changed and only half of mat body, with an equal number from the Governor's troop, went to Eckley. They were commanded by Captain F. M. Ott of the latter organization. with Lieutenant McFadden of the Phila-delphia troop as adjutant. They were fully armed, each man carrying twenty rounds o ammunition and one day's rations. Passing through the main street of Hazieton to the Latimer road, good speed was made t Harleigh. Here the troops scattered about the nearby country in search of marching miners. None being found they marched of to Latimer, where a similar movement was executed. They remained at Latimer a half hour and Captain Out visited the Thirteenth regiment, which is quartered there. The presence of the cavalry at Latimer, where the bloody event of last Friday occurred. caused much excitement. The foreigners g thered in great numbers and watched the maneuvers of the soldiers. So far from there being any heatile demonstration many of the miners respectfully saluted the troops. Difton was reached about noon and a stop

for lunch was made there.

The officers visited the main office of the Coxe company and Superintendent Smith of the attempted raid of the Eckley mines yesterday afternoon. He said

other men at the mine, promptly quit work. Upon finding Eckley caim the troopers turned back toward Hazleton and reached camp again about 5 o'clock this afternoon.

O'DONNELL APPEARS. There were several arrivals here today. One was Hugh O'Donnell, who gained some notoristy as a strike leader during the Home-stead riots. He declared positively that he was here on private business and bad noth-ing whatever to do with the strike. A. S. Ambrose and Dr. Henry Baracas,

both editors of Hungarian papers in New York City, were among the new comers. They are in close touch with the strikers and have held conferences with the leaders. Dr. Baracas said that with most of the men the company store grievance took precedenover every other complaint. At Drifton, he TROOPERS TAKE A TRIP FOR NOTHING said tearly all of the threatened employes are Irishmen. They were to have held meetings to consider the advisability of going out today, but, said the doctor, they had received word from the anthracite operators not to do so, but to select from each mine a committee of six or seven miners and send aggerated. At Sabine Pass the following them to the officials of the mines with their are reported drowned: grievances. The men are considering the

auggestion. There were no additional deaths today. Four or five men who have been hovering between life and death ever since the shooting were unchanged, but all of the others were doing well and many already have been discharged from the hospital. The funeral of Jacob Tomashentas, the lad who was shot through the head and lingered until Sunday, occurred today in McAdoo. It was at-tended by one of the largest gatherings seen since the outbreak of the trouble. There was no demonstration and the service passed knees and wrist; Maud Williams had her feet

The only other incident in that quiet village was the failure of the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre men to return to work. Guards are still being placed around the houses of several of the mine superintendents and durng the day a sheriff's deputy was seen about the streets guarded by two soldiers.
Former State Senator King's stripping near Eckley closed down today at the re-quest of the Eckley miners. The stripping employed only a few men. Senator King came here tonight from his home in Mahoney City and made arrangements to re-sume work tomorrow. At a late hour tonight everything is quiet about the head-

quarters. BETWEEN COAL MEN.

Colonel Rend Etrikes J. J. Steytler in Face, Knocking Him Down.

CHICAGO, Sept. 14 .- A dispatch to the Tribune from Pittsburg says: A fight occurred in the office of the Monongahela house this afternoon between Colonel W. R. Rend of Chicago and J. J. Steytler, manager of the Blythe Coal company, in which the latter was badly worsted. Colonel Rend was talking with Jacob Pridgeway, a mililonaire operator, about some business arrangements and arranged to meet in the evening and settle the affair. As the men parted Steytler who was standing close by, remarked: "Snubbed again. It does me good to see ne man snub another.'

Read explained that there had been no snub and Steytler said: "Do you call me a Har? "Yes, you are a liar—confound you," re-plied Rend, and he immediately struck Seytler in the face, knocking him down. Steytler left the hotel, saying he was going to get a gun, and Rend, after arming him-

self, waited for Steytler to appear. When he came Rend asked him if he wanted to fight, offering to have it out there, or at any other time. Steytler would not fight. however, and the matter dropped.

AUSTRIA WILL MAKE DEMANDS. Satisfaction to Imperial Government

and Indemnity to Individuals. Copyright, 1897, by Press Publishing Company. VIENNA, Sept. 14 .- (New York World Cablegram-Special Telegram.)-I called tothe ministry of foreign affairs and aquired of the chief of the department what steps the Austrian government proposed to take in regard to the killing of its subjects at Hazleton. That official replied: "Our legation at Washington has cabled only that Hungarian workmen were fired upor without provocation and several killed. When further detailed reports arrive our government is resolved to demand satisfaction for the violent and causeless killing of Austro-Hungarian subjects, together with the severe purishment by American tribunals of those responsible and ample indemnity to the wounded and families of the killed."

MINERS ARE STONED BY STRIKERS. Mob Gathers at PR's Mouth When the Men Come Out.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 14.—The Darr mine on he Youghiogheny river, operated by Osborne & Steger of Cleveland, O., was the scene of a riot today which will probably result in the death of at least one man. The machine miners started to work on Monday and today a mob of diggers who were op-posed to the men working, gathered at the pit to give the workers a hot reception when they came out of the mine. As the miners began coming out they were stoned back into the pit and several shots were fired into the pit mouth after the retreating men. One man whose name cannot be learned, more daring than the rest, ventured into the open and was stoned unmercifully. He will proba

Mines Resume.

CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 14,-The coal min ers in the Massillon district held a delegate mass meeting today and decided to accept the new rate for mining at the expiration of the ten days' limit. Parts of the com promise agreement were rejected, however and a committee was appointed to confer with the operators. If the demands of the men are not granted in ten days the strike will be continued. Four hundred men at the Goshen mines returned to work today, noring the ten days' clause, and 400 others will resume tomorrow at the Midvale m'ces. All the mines in the Silver Creek and Clindistricts near Akron resumed operations today.

MARYVILLE, Mo., Sept. 14 .- (Special.) The directors of the Nodaway Farmers' Mu tual Fire Insurance company held their annual meeting here yesterday, and the following officers for the ensuing year were

Farmers' Mutual Elects Officers.

elected: President, Dr. S. Black, Burlington Junction: vice president, C. D. Hooker, Maryville; secretary, A. Shell, Burlington Junction; treasurer, Milton Gladman, Hop-kins; members of board of directors, William Blackford and James Hepburn. The company's headquarters for the next year will remain at Burlington Junction.

Is Recovering from the Wounds.

juries would prove fatal.

MARYVILLE, Mo., Sept. 14 .- (Special.)-Harry Vail, who was stabbed the latter part of last week near Clearmont by William Allen, is getting better, and it is thought he may recover. The trouble grew out of a quarrel over a trivial matter. his escape by going to Clarinda, la., where purchased a ticket for South Dakota, was thought for a while that Vail's in-

Loses a Second Barn by Fire MARYVILLE, Mo., Sept. 14.- (Special.)-Thomas Pugh, who resides near Guilford in this county, lost his barn and cribs and 6,000 bushels of corn by fire yesterday. Mr Pugh's barg was new, having been recently built to take the place of one that was burned down. It is believed the fire wis of incendiary origin, and suspicion is rested toward a person residing in the neighborhood.

MARYVILLE, Mo., Sept. 14 .- (Special Telegram.)-J. W. Bratcher was stricken down by the heat while on his way to his home in this city yesterday evening and died in a the only violence was a threat by the marchers to throw one worker who declined to go death at that time, but he had, it was thought, out in the breaker chute. He, as well as the fully recovered from the effects of it.

#### REPORTS ARE EXAGGERATED

Damage by Storm on Gulf Not So Great as Feared.

WORSE AT PORT ARTHUR THAN ELSEWHERE

Four Are Reported Drowned at Sabine Pass, but None Injured-Six Bodies Recovered at

ports received at Galveston were greatly ex-

CAPTAIN GREEN B. MOORE. CAPTAIN L. L. BETTIS. CAPTAIN GEORGE WOLFORD. ENGINEER WILLIAM RATCLIFFE.

These men were all on vessels which were sunk and up to a late hour today have not been accounted for and are believed to have been drowned. Along the Gulf & Interstate railway several were injured but none killed. At Win-

and hands injured; Mrs. Barger's limbs were

severely injured and people in the vicinity of Winnie were generally injured but none Port Arthur suffered the brunt of the blast and half the town is estimated to have been destroyed or badly injured. The wind came up about 4 o'clock and rapidly in-creased in force, blowing from the south and gradually working into the east. A and gradually working into the east. A number of people sought shelter from the storm in the roundhouse of the railroad and several were severely injured and two killed. Under a restaurant, a small frame structure, three more bodies were found. The wind blew with hurricane force about two hours. There were many miraculous es-capes and those who were killed were caught

under the ruins of the roundhouse and small restaurant. At Sabine Pass the greatest damage was At Sabine Pass the greatest damage was done and the only loss of life was among the shipping. There was no loss of life in either the new or old Sabine proper. The tugs Fannie Guilett and John P. Smith were sunk and the Norwegian steamship Ceres, 800 tons, was torn from its meorings at the wharf and blown five miles north, where it grounded in a few feet of water. The care grounded in a few feet of water. The captain and crew escaped ashore. Only slight damage was done at the old town of Sabine Pass. Two men who took refuge in a freight car had their legs broken by it being blown over. Others in the car were slightly in-These were the only two accidents At the new town several buildings were blown from their foundations and all hastily constructed buildings were demolished. No

one in the town was seriously injured, the casualty being confined to the shipping. Eight miles of the Texas & Sabine railway, north of Sabine Pass, is washed away. Twenty-five thousand feet of the export pier at Port Arthur is destroyed and the people of that town are so fear-stricken that they are leaving it as fast as they can get away. No estimate of the damage to property at Port Arthur and Sabine Pass has been obtained. The damage in the country to buildings and crops is severe. The losses to the farmers

hief officials of the road are now en route to Port Arthur.

EARLIER ADVICES.

KANSAS CITY. Sept. 14.—The fol-lowing was received over the Pitts-The following was received over the Pitts-burg & Gulf wires at 11:30 today from Shreveport from George M. Craig, general towns to agent of the road, who had just eturned from Sabine City:

"At Sabine City about ten people, includ-ing Betts and Moore, tug and lighter owners, were drowned. Three tugs, one schoone and nearly all the small boats anchored a he town were either sunk or stranded. All f the substantial buildings in both the old nd new town escaped. The water in the own to four. No names obtainable.

'It is difficult to get detailed losses. Three-fourths of the export pler, a temporary structure, was washed out, the railway pler was damaged to the extent of \$100, \$50 famaged was wrought to the principal hotel nd the Taylor bayou bridge, situated three niles from town, was demolished. Among he steamers which went down was Linds-

ley's steam pile driver." At noon today a special train carrying President A. E. Stiiwell, General Manager Robert Gliham, Vice President E. L. Mar tin, George Matthews, head of the building department, and Judge J. D. McTrimble, one of the solicitors of the Pittsburg & Gulf allway, left Kansas City direct rrive at its destination about 3 o'clock to

Arthur. It is expected that the train will omorrow afternoon. A special to the Star from Port Arthur Cx., says: Six bodies have been recovered here the resuit of Sunday night's storm, while at Sabine Pass, the recovered death list numbers ten

and many are missing. Many were injured, but not seriously. Telegraph and train com-munication was cut off until today. On all of the streets today wrecked buildings fences household goods and debris filled the sidewalks and roadways and on every elde were other evidences of the havoe of the storm, while the houses left standing all showed signs of the action of the wind. Many of the Kansas City, Pittsburg & Gulf rail road buildings were either totally wrecked o wisted from their foundations and business houses suffered considerable damage. less of property will reach \$50,000.

BURIAL OF VICTIMS. HOUSTON, Tex., Sept. 14.—The funeral rain bearing the bodies of the victims of he Port Arthur hurricane was taken to Beaumont this afternoon, where they were interred. Every business house in that elly was closed and nearly the entire population turned out and joined the cavalcade to the cemetery. None of the injured have died. nor are likely too. The damage to shipping at Sabine Pass is greater than was first thought. Two schooners laden with lumber re practically wrecks and it will be nearly mpossible to save the ship Ceres. Nothing has yet been heard of the pile driver with six men aboard, which evidently careened out it sea. The number drowned, not including the above six men, was five. Two bodies were recovered this morning and three have

not yet been found.

Caught by Reserve Faifure. ST. LOUIS, Sept. 14.-F. P. Carleton & Co., ommission men of 206 North Third street, vere caught for about \$20,000 by the failure yesterday of the Reserve Commission com-pany of Chicago, and will close temporarily until they can make arrangements for nev Chicago correspondents. Two other sma

Accidentally Shot Through the Heart. RAPID CITY, S. D., Sept. 14.—(Special Telegram.)-Charles Stannard, proprietor of the Rapid City marble works, accidentally shot himself through the heart this morning while duck hunting twelve miles this city. He was crossing a ditch in a buggy when the gun exploded.

CHICAGO, Sept. 14.-Juror John E. Fowler, whose illness yesterday caused an

# President of Brown University Will

Remain with the Institution. PROVIDENCE, R. L. Sept. 14.-E. Benjamin Andrews has withdrawn his resigna- Four New Cases Are Discovered at New tion as president of Brown university. To-

night the students are celebrating the event and the university will reopen tomorrow with renewed activity and vigor; President Andrews' letter to the officials is as follows:

Brown University, Sept. 14, 18st.—To W. V. Kellen, J. H. Stines and R. G. Hazard, Committee: Gentlemen—The resolution of the corporation of Brown university on the 1st inst. communicated to me by you has been carefully considered. I take pleasure Port Arthur, is the enterfully considered. I take pleasure in assuring you that the action referred to entirely doses away with the scruples which led to my resignation. At the date, however, when you laid the communication before me I had undertaken to perform the coming year certain work which, after learning the judgment of the corporation points in the storm belt show that the reports received at Galveston were greatly exaggerated. At Sabine Pass the following my resignation. But being now free to give

one week ago Dr. Anderson, secretary of the corporation, admitted that he had received a letter from Dr. Andrews renewing his remeeting September 1 requesting Dr. Andrews to withdraw his resignation. Secretary Anderson announced that he would issue a notice for a meeting for a time which seemed most convenient for the purpose of electing a new president or a tem-porary one. This was taken to mean that Dr. Andrews had finally decided to take

charge of another educational institution.

The students appointed a delegation to wait on the president and ask him to address them from the steps of his residence. Dr. Andrews thanked the students for their interest in him, but declined to say anything, reserving until thapel tomerrow morning whatever of importance is to be announced.

COURT DECIDES THE CRAVEN CASE. School Teacher Will Not Get a Slice

of Fnir's Estate. SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 14.—The famous case of Angus against Craven, by which the executors and heirs of the fate Senator James G. Fair sought to quiet the title of Mrs.
Nettle B. Craven, a school teacher of this thave said to you heretofore. Of course city to two pieces of preperty on Sanson it is an unpleasant task to have to report it is an unpleasant task to have to report it. and Mission streets, valued at \$1,000,000, was finally decided for the plaintiff and the inter-

in Jefferson county alone will approach \$150,one which they would have had in hand
within thirty days had the storm been delayed that length of time, but now the crops
are completely ruined.

The Kansas City, Pittsburg & Gulf railway will at once repair the damage inflicted
upon its property at Port Arthur and push
the ship cannal to an early completion. The
content of the road are now en route to

Nother West at a tached thereto were also
not become alarming and you may tell the
people of the country that we are still feeling hopeful of our ability to control whatever cases may appear in New Orleans."

The same rigid attention is being given to
the suspicious cases as obtained in the treatment of those which are declared to be yeldently unexpected by the defendant's counteel, who asked for and obtained a stay of
proceedings for thirty days.

Neither Mrs. Craven nor her daughter were in court when the case was decided. When questioned as to what if any action they proposed to take in the premises, the plaintiff's attorney declined to discuss the subject at present, but it is generally believed that the grand tury, now in session. will take the matter up immediately.

MANY INJURED IN A COLLISION. Two Motor Cars Collide in Chicago

the Suburban electric railway collided while running at full speed along the stretch of single track on Harlem avenue, south of Harrison street, in La Grange this morning The accident happened just before 7 o'clock, when traffic was heavy, and nearly all the passengers with which both cars wee crowded

were injured. The motormen J. Murphy and John Jameson, will die. The following were seriously injured; Conductor J. E. Harvey.

August Manetz. John Donnelly Frank Bratty. Richard Schaudel. William Otto. Roy Bloom. Thomas Roberts. Eliza Meredith. W. S. McKee. Charles Whitsell.

W. R. Ryan. Augusta Tupel On account of a heavy mist which hung over the tracks the motorman of the southbound car, which was to have passed the northbound car whee the double track ends. failed to notice that he had left the double track. Before he could reverse his trolley and run back the northbound car came along at full speed, the cars colliding with terrific

UTAH PLANS FOR A BIG EXHIBIT.

Each of Three Main Buildings. SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Sept. 14 .- (Special Telegram.)—Utah's Transmississippi Exposition commission had an important ses sion this evening and decided to ask for 1,000 fest of space in each of the Mining, Agricultural and Manufactures buildings, or 3,000 feet in all. If this is granted it is proposed to make some very fine d'wolays. The purpose is to make a speci. 'ature of the mining exhibit and to excel all other states in the variety of mineral displayed. The state legislature appropriated \$8.000 for the commission, but this sum will be greatly increased by individual conteinuions. creased by individual contributions.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 14.—The fiftleth anniversary or golden invite of the great council of the United States, Improved Order of Red Men, formally began at the Continental hotel today with the only open session of the convention. There were 231 delegates present, representing every state in the union except Mississippi. Mayor Warwick, in a felicious address, welcomed the delegates. Besonies was made by Warwick, in a felicious address, welcomed the delegates. Response was made by Great Incoannee Hon. Robert T. Daniel of Griffin, Ga. Then followed a secret business session, during whice one of the great sachems of the different states was admitted to the council, bringing the total up to 23. The report of C. C. Donnalley, great chief of records, showed that since 1876, when the council last met in this city, the membership of the order had increased from 25.54 to 155.56. The session will last three days. three days.

Embalmers Meet. DETROIT, Sept. 14 - More than 200 prac

ical embalmers are already enrolled on the list of delegates to the National Association of Embalmers, which opened its first annual convention here inday. President Frank Merrilgof Detroit presided. The profession is represented by delegates from all parts of the United S ares and many from Canada. Mayor Maybury delivered an address of welcome and Waiter N. Northwood of Texas responded. One of the most interest with the content of the most interest with the content of the most interest. adjournment of the Laetgert murder trial and walter N. Northwood of Texas responded. One of the most important subjects to be discussed will be the methods of arriving at such a perfect development of the knowledge of embalming that victims of smallpox may be disinfected, preserved and shipped with safety to humor.

dies of welcome and Walter N. Northwood of Health. This caused much more alarm than did the discovery of the first case, which was regarded as sporadic development of the knowledge of embalming that victims of smallpox may be disinfected, preserved and shipped with safety to humor.

## WITHDRAWS MIS RESIGNATION. YELLOW FEVER SITUATION

Decide to Spare Neither Time Nor Money in Attempt to Stamp Out the Plague-New Cases Elsewhere,

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 14.-The books of the Board of Health show the following reexpitulation in the yellow fever situation: There had been reported to the board for nvestigation twenty-six cases, which the at investigation twenty-six cases, which the attending physicians could read suspicious to the university my undivided service I have withdrawn my resignation and have notified the secretary of the corporation to that effect. I am, gentlemen, yours with sincere esteem,

E. BENJAMIN ANDREWS. This move is entirely unexpected. About report could be made upon them; there were no reports as to four cases, and four cases had been pronounced genuine yellow | September 13, says; signation. This was believed to be an fever, though one of the latter was classed answer to the request of that body at its as of mild type.

The most serious of the four yellow fever cases is located in the neighborhood of the cient moisture the conditions would have French market. The locality is far from a cleanly one, is populated by a poor class of people, many of whom are foreigners, and might be considered dangerous ground. For that reason especial pains were taken by the Board of Hesith to quarantine the in-fected house. Officers from the police force were detailed to take charge of the neighborhood, a restaurant, a bakery and a sho next door to the premises in which the sick ness was found were closed and a disin-fectant was sent to the scene to be used Of course the report of new cases daily is creating alarm in some quarters, but thus far the disease has shown but little malignancy, as witness the record of one death out of fourteen cases and none of the practicing physicians are yet on record as ex-pressing a fear of an epidemic. OLLIPHANT'S IDEAS.

President Olliphant of the Board the appearance of new cases, but the me ment has not yet come when we could throw up our hands and admit that the feve venors today by Superior Judge Slack, sitting as chancellor in equity.

For five long months the trial of the case dragged along before a jury to which it disappointed if other cases appear daily for dragged along before a jury, to which it was finally submitted upon three decisive in the extended intercourse that has been in the building on the market, which putting the building on the market, which say. That is, of course, to be expected from the extended intercourse that has been in to be able to do by October 1. There is a was finally submitted upon three decisive induced by the court last after wrangling for ten hours, yesterday annouseed its inability to agree upon a verdict, and was discharged by the court last night. Judge Slack intimated that he had reached his decision at that the had reached his decision at that the that referred rendering it until today. When the case was called today Judge Slack denied a metion for a new trial and rendered his decision to the effect that the pencil deeds purporting to have been signed by James G. Fair, by means of which e Mrs. Craven sought to sustain her title to the property in controversy, were forgeries, and that they had never been acknowledged to the property in controversy, were forgeries, and that they had never been acknowledged to the property in controversy, were forgeries, and that they had never been acknowledged to the property in controversy, were forgeries, and that they had never been acknowledged to the property in controversy, were forgeries, and that they had never been acknowledged to the property in controversy were forgeries, and that they had never been acknowledged to the property in controversy, were forgeries, and that they had never been acknowledged to the property in controversy were forgeries, and that therefore the acknowledgements attached thereto were also to be expected from the intercourse that has been in the extended intercourse that has been in the control what the extended intercourse that has been in the control what the extended intercourse that has been in the title to do by October 1. There is a disposition on the part of the places of the intercourse that has been in the control what the extended intercourse that has been in the fever in New Orleans is concerned, that the part of the

disinfectants, for the authorities have come to realize that the situation, while alarming, is certainly such that only watchfulness manhood and womanhood.

OFFICIAL CONFERENCE. A conference was held this afternoon a with Disastrons Results. the St. Charles hotel. Members of the Board of Health, representatives of the Parish Medical society and city officials, including Mayo Flower, were present. The situation was di cussed in all its phases for two hours behin i closed doors and a resolve was made to spare neither effort nor money in controlling the

disease. Under instructions from the superintend ent of the rallway mail service, the postoffice authorities today fumigated all out-going mails in order that letters and packages be not sent back by the authorities of that green is a more desirable color than quarantining cities and towns. Complaints carmine, besides saving the government have been reaching here from many points about \$10,000 in the difference in cost beof delays in getting mail, but it is thought this system of fumigation will, in the future, relieve all sources of complaint of this

The Louisville & Nashville railway sent special train to Atlanta, giving people on the coast an opportunity to go to the Gate City. The train took about twenty women and men from Biloxi and a number have left New Orleans for that point. The railroad company, however, refuses to allow passengers to take any baggage of such nature as o be a good abiding place for germs

This afternoon a new case of fever was twenty-five only three persons in Barclay have had the sickness and the percentage of death has been what is usual in yellow fever epidemics. There were several new cases today at Ocean Springs and of the number ill at Biloxi fifteen were reported as suffering with yellow fever. At Ocean Springs in capturing three standards. The enemy is Dr. Wasdin of the marine hospital staff is visible in strong force at Saraghari and it receiving the best of attention and it is hoped is feared that, flushed with their success he will pull through in a few days.

Springs for Pascagoula today. A case of yellow fever exists at that point. A number of immunes at Ocean Springs are to be sent to Cincinnati in a special car Surg on White has been at the detention camp for the past two days superintending its construction. As soon as it is ready a large number of people will be taken away from Biloxi and Ocean Springs and yellow

fever thus deprived of fresh material to feed

JACKSON, Miss., Sept. 14.—This has been nessed by an immense concourse of people another day of excitement and anxiety to Beautiful wreaths were sent by the emperor the people of Jackson. Yesterday the ex-

odus commenced to the surrounding were reported last right to be considered susjects by Dr. J. M. Purnell, the fever expert from Vicksburg, who has been sta-tioned at Edwards by the State Board of Business at Jackson is at a complete standstill.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Sept. 14.-The board of health of Charleston today established strict quarantine against New Orleans, Mo-bile and the other fever infested cities. Health officers have been placed at Branch-ville and Yemassee and passengers, household goods and other classes of freight from the city in the future.

Charleston Establishes Quarantine.

Three Cases at Mobile

MOBILE, Ala., Sept. 14.-Three cases yellow fever were officially announced today
by the Board of Heath. This caused much
more alarm than did the discovery of the
first case, which was regarded as sporadic
The people who can are leaving for points
of safety. Some \$700 worth of tickets to
At New York.

At Rotterdam.

Attrived.—Rotterdam, from
New York via Boulogne.

#### THERE MAY BE SHOWERS TODAY. Long Predicted Drop in Temperature

Comes at bast.

There was no rain yesterday, but the

weather men say that there may be showers

today. The long looked for change in tem-

perature came yesterday and the cooler wave drifted in and hung on most of the day.

The wind was from the south and at no time

did the mercury go above 86 degrees. The table that accompanies this item tells the

HOT WEATHER HURTS THE CORN.

Prematurely.
WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—The weekly

crop bulletin, issued by the Agricultural de-

The week has been excessively hot and

for the most part dry in nearly all districts

east of the Rocky mountains. With suffi-

been most favorable to corn, but in mest of the important corn states the corn crop,

n the more cortherly sections. In Ne-braska recent rains will improve late corn

and with favorable conditions in Iowa during

the next two weeks some of the late corn will make fair yield, the early crop having

been rapidly ripened under the excessive heat of the last two weeks, with some derr-

ment to quality. In Kausss most of the carly corn has been cut and the late planted

is suffering from drouth. Subsequent weather conditions will have but little ef-

ENDORSE THE SKETCH PLANS.

Cabinet Board Passes on the Designs

of the Architect.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14 .- (Special Tele-

been seriously and permanently injured.

partment for the week ended at 8 a. m.

Hour.

Hour. Deg. 5 a. m. . . . . 74

11 n. m..... 80

12 m . . . . . . . . 50

tale of the temperature.

2 p. m. . . . . . . . . . . . George W. Donne Objects to Being Used as 3 p. m. . . . . 86

4 p. m..... 80 5 p. m..... 86 

President of the Board of Trustees for the

Agreed to Furnish Gillespie a Copy of

In Some States Causes It to Ripen INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE IS PARTISAN

Chairman Suggests to Mr. Donne that the Populists Were Entitled to Gillespie's Place as a Fruit

The first result of Governor Holcomb's arbitrary removal of Superintendent Gillespie of the Nebraska Institute for the Deaf and more particularly the late planted, has of the Nebraska Institute for the Deaf and suffered seriously from drouth and is being Dumb, to make way for a populist political prematurely ripened. Much of the crop is now safe from frost and cutting has begun of the Board of Trustees by the resignation of the Board of Trustees by the resignation of Hon, George W. Doane, president of the

board. ing in the transfer of the Deaf and Dumb institute from Prof. Gillespie to his successor, Prof. H. E. Dawes, but President Doane. though recently appointed to a place upon it by Governor Holcomb, is not meeting with the other members. Mr. Doane is a free silfect upon the crop in Missouri, where it has ver democrat, and politically in harmony with the governor, but he could not retain his position on that board after the recent occurrences in connection with this institute. He resigned the place in the following

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—(Special Telegram.)—The cabinet board has passed upon the sketch plans of the government building at the Omaha exposition favorably and work will now go rapidly forward toward putting the building on the market, which

Selma Van Buren county, Josie Stump. AMERICA LEADS IN TELEGRAPH.

the World. of the world's telegraph system has now

European mileage. Postage Stamps Will Be Green. WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—The secretary of the treasury and the postmaster general fter consultation with the president, have ecided to change the color of the current -cent postage stamps from carmine to green the shade now used on government notes The 10-cent postage stamp, which is now printed in green, will be changed to some other color, possibly carmine. It is thought

tween the two inks.

Fifty-Nine Thousand Men and Ninety Guns Ready for Business SIMLA, Sept. 14.-There are now 59,000 men and ninety guns, including Maxims, mobilized on the frontier and in the gar risons. Everything is ready for the advance from Shadbakdr. The men are in splendid

The lower Mohmands on the border are anxious to submit on any terms; but the main body is still determined to fight. It is reported that the mullah of Haddah has falled to raise the gathering he expected and will retire to Tirah.

Fort Gullstin is still hard pressed by the enemy. In a sortic the garrison succeeded ne will pull through in a few days.

Surgeons Carter and Dunn left Ocean attack Fort Gulistan so fiercely that the smill garrison will be unable to hold out

> BERLIN, Sept. 14 .- The funeral of Captain Von Hahnke, son of the chief of Emperor William's military cabinet, who met his death by drawning in July last while accompanying his majesty on his trip to the north-land, took place today with full military honors and in the presence of large number mony, which was most impressive, was wit-

> Ambassadors of Powers Meet. CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 14.-A meetle of the ambassadors of the powers was held reached on the preliminaries of the Greeo-Turkish treaty of peace, based upon the marquis of Sallsbury's proposals. These facts have been communicated to the Turkish minister for foreign affairs, who has been requested to meet the ambassa-dors tomorrow, to resume the formal nego-tiations for peace.

and empress and by Prince Leopold of

Board of Steam Vavigation. EW YORK, Sept. 14. The National Board of Steam Navigation held its twenty sixth annual meeting in the Fifth Avenu sixth annual meeting in the Fifth Avenue hotel today. The executive committee recommended that congress should be asked to pass a law making uniform regulations regarding the height of bridges above maying ble rivers and the length of spans. The board appray d this recommendation. New Orleans was selected as the place for the next annual meeting, but the date was no fixed.

Movements of Ocean Vessels, Sept. 14. Philadelphia-Arrived-Illinois, from

# DISRUPTS THE BOARD

a Political Tool.

CANNOT ENDORSE GILLESPIE'S REMOVAL

Institute Besigns.

GOVERNOR PROVES FALSE TO HIS PROMIS

Committee's Report.

of Victory.

The brand is in session in this city assist-

letter, which was sent to the governor about ten days ago:

putting the building on the market, which Acting Supervising Architect Kemper hopes to be able to do by October 1. There is a disposition on the part of the government officials to have the government building one of the first completed and occupied on the exposition grounds. To this end every effort

Mr. Doans was seen yesterday and asked about his resignation and he said: "When I first saw a paragraph in the papers announcing that the governor had turned out Prof. Gillespie and appointed Prof. Dawes to take charge of the institute here I could not believe it. I waited for definite confirmation of the fact, which came within a few days. This action was so much at variance with what I considered honorable and just that I could not consent to remain a member of the board and be placed in the light of acquiescing in the change. I therefore wrote out my resignation and sent it to the gov-

THEY NEEDED THE OFFICE. Contains Over Half of the MHeage of here during the summer Mr. Mutz called upon me at my office to talk over the matter. WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.-The total length undoubtedly knew that I was friendly to Mr. Gillespie, for there were plenty of pen reached 4.900,921 miles, exclusive of 180.440 ple here to assure him of the fact. His conversation was of such a nature as to lead One of the features developed during the day is that people of mature age have been attacked. Heretofore the disease has been confined principally to children of tender age, from boys and girls not yet according to the disease has been age, from boys and girls not yet according to the disease has been age, from boys and girls not yet according to the disease has been age, from boys and girls not yet according to the disease has been age, from boys and girls not yet according to the disease has been at the confined principally to children of tender age, from boys and girls not yet according to the disease has been at the confined principally to children of tender age, from boys and girls not yet according to the disease has been at the confined principally to children of tender age. rom Zurich, says they show that notwith-tanding the steady increase in the duilding was without a flaw, and that I didn't believe of telegraph lines all over Europe, America they could find a thing out there which was leads the world and has almost double the not susceptible to explanation. I tried to impress him with the importance of the work at the institute and the superior qualifications of Prof. Gillesoie, but he replied that there were other men in the state who could do just as well. He went on to suggest further that the populists had won in the state election last fall and were entitled to have their man in the place as superintendent. This brought the thought to my mind that that being the watchword of the investigating committee it probably would not be a difficult matter for it to trump up something

> Prof. Gillespie and furnish the governor an excuse for appointing a new man. "I admitted to Mr. Mutz there were eral institutions in the state where his argument would hold good, but I contended then, as I have always done, that the educational institutions of the state must be kept aloof from politics if the most satisfactory results were to be obtained. Mutz then left me and I have not seen him

which would seemingly make a case against

GOVERNOR BREAKS A PROMISE.

"After the committee completed its work and returned to Lincolo, the governor called the Board of Trustees in special session in this city and came down himself to attend the meeting. While in the city he called upon me and we talked over the matter. I explained to him as I did to Mr. Mutz, that I thought it was a mistake to think for a moment of making a change is the head of this institute. I told him that I thought there was nothing in the committee record which Mr. Ciliana and the committee of the committee tee's report which Mr. Gillespie could not satisfactorily explain, and he replied that if Prof. Gillespie was given an opportunity to explain that it would have to be done in a few days, because the time was approaching under the new law when an appointment would have to be made.

"I suggested that he furnish Prof. Gillespie a copy of the committee's rep rt for exam-ination, and he replied that the committee had not yet submitted its report. I asked him if he considered the idea of making a change before the report was submitted, and he said he had a copy of the findings. The governor then teld me that he would get a copy of the report and the Board of Trustees and Prof. Gillospie should go over it together to derive a mathicactory explana-tion of the apparent discrepancies. I am sure that this statement will be vouched for by every member of the Bantd of Trustees. The pext information I received within a few days afterward was that a new super-intendent had been appointed, and that, tre, without Prof. Gillesone being furnished copy of the committee's report.

This being the situation I did not care to be a member of a board which was to be used for any such purpose as the governor

and the committee seemed to wish.

DISMISSED AT NEBRASKA CITY. "And as to the new superintendent, I have only this to say: He was a teacher at the Institute for the Blind at Nebraska City for one year. One of the fir, meetings held by the board after its app intment was at Ne-braska City in consultation with Prof. Jones, superintendent of that institute. We went there, as is provided by law, to approve cer-tain appointments and changes he wished to nake at the close of the school year. One of the first recommendations he made to the board was for the removal of Prof. H. E. Dawes. We asked why that was, and he told us that Mr. Dawes did not progress in the work and seemed to lack onthu lasm, and he did not believe Dawes was a proper man for the position. Upon that explanation the board approved the recommendation and Mr.
Dawes was let out. He was very indignant
if the action, and I am told be carried the matter to the governor and tried to have the action of the board set aside. I don't know what the result was of his conference with the governor, but he did not go back to Ne-braska City, but he shortly afterward went