THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

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KING AND EMPEROR

Rulers of Italy and Germany Cross Legs Under the Mahogany.

WILLIAM PROPOSES TOAST TO HUMBERT

Expresses His Gratification that the Dreibund is Unshakable.

FOUNDED IN THE INTERESTS OF PEACE

Italy's Sovereign Replies Guardedly and Pays a Compliment to the Kaiser.

SAYS HE WILL BE TRUE TO HIS COUNTRY

Italy Will Stick to the Dreibund, but Will Not Impair Its Relations with Other Powers.

HAMBURG, Sept. 5.—Emperor William, in proposing the toast to King Humbert at the banquet at the kerhaus last night, said:

"The whole German fatherland greets in your majesty an exalted prince, a close friend of my father and a true ally, whose presence again shows us and the world how unshakable and firm stands the Dreibund, which was founded in the interests of peace, and which, the longer it lasts, will more firmly and deeply strike its roots into the minds of the people and bear fruit accordingly."

King Humbert replied in French. He said: "I am glad of the opportunity to give you fresh testimony of the friendship between our governments and states. Your majesty has set your reign a noble task by devoting your constant efforts toward peace, the maintenance of which will be the unanimous wish of our governments. I think I shall always remain faithful to my country's mission by giving loyal support to the accomplishment of this work, the greatest and most beneficent for all the nations, and the progress of civilization."

Emperor William then conferred the decoration of the Order of the Black Eagle upon Count Tanza di Bozo, the Italian ambassador to Germany.

The toast proposed by King Humbert is considered to be so worded to make it understood that while Italy will adhere to the Dreibund, it does not mean to impair its relations with other powers; and it was evidently his view to emphasize this fact. During the reception, King Humbert held a long conversation with the military attache of the French embassy.

An open air service for the troops was held today, which was attended by the royalties present at the maneuvers and at which Emperor William announced that Queen Margueritta had been appointed chief of the Eleventh battalion of Chasseurs. The queen then making a brief address, the program ended by a march past and playing the Italian royal hymn.

NEWS FROM INDIAN UPRISING.

No Fighting of Any Importance Has Yet Occurred.

PESHAWUR, Sept. 5.—No fighting of importance has yet occurred between the government forces and the tribesmen who have taken part in the uprising. The enemy is concentrating at various points and it is estimated that 17,000 of them are now on the Samana range, but they appear loth to attack the government troops. It is reported that the followers of Haddan Mullah in the Shabadakar district are deserting him and the Afridis are returning to Khyber pass. The British troops are massing along the disturbed line and several columns have been sent out in different directions.

A slight skirmish has occurred near Nangu, from which point a small column was dispatched and scoured the districts of Atagamir, Nawamila and Namir. They found the enemy's posts deserting, there was some firing, but the enemy refused to be engaged at close quarters.

The Subaldar commanding the Mullagori Novies and forty of his company, which formed a part of the garrison at Fort Lundi-Kotal, arrived at Jamrund on Friday and were given an enthusiastic reception, the entire garrison turning out and cheering as they entered the town.

The Mullagoris cut their way through the enemy after the capture of Fort Lundi-Kotal and marched to their own country, where they buried their dead and reassured their friend. They then proceeded to Ramrund.

LONDON, Sept. 5.—The Times this morning publishes a dispatch from Simla saying that further evidence has been obtained of the desire of the ameer of Afhanistan to prevent his subjects from joining in the frontier disturbances. The British agent at Cabul submitted, at the ameer's request, a written statement showing the points upon which he laid especial stress. The ameer replied to this statement in his own handwriting, emphasizing his previous statements that his subjects do not dare to openly take part in the fighting, but they have been drawn away secretly by the Mullahs, whose conduct he strongly condemned.

Not the least doubt is entertained, the dispatch says, of the ameer's desire to fulfill his obligations loyally. He has issued orders that his troops be withdrawn from the various outposts that they may be brought under control of officers who will be able to prevent them from joining in the fighting.

An important step has been taken by Maharaja Sir Bir Shamsher Jang Bahadur, who has forbidden the circulation in the kingdom of native newspapers, which he considers hostile to the British government. He has thus set a good example to the native states generally and to the government of India, which is considering measures to check seditious writing.

SULTAN AND CZAR COME TO TERMS.

Reach an Agreement for Their Mutual Benefit.

LONDON, Sept. 5.—The Constantinople correspondent of the Standard says he is credibly informed that the sultan has been in direct communication with the czar and that the correspondence has resulted in the making of mutual arrangements by which the sultan agrees never to use his influence against Russia in Central Asia and the czar pledges himself to uphold Turkish rights in Europe.

Assassin Will Be Executed.

BARCELONA, Sept. 5.—Barril, the anarchist who on Friday evening attempted to assassinate Chief of Police Portas and Assistant Chief Teixador as they were leaving the circus, was tried by court-martial today and it is expected that he will be executed tomorrow. It is stated that two accomplices of Barril also fired at the officers, but succeeded in making their escape.

Bad Storms in Europe.

LONDON, Sept. 5.—The Daily Chronicle's Berlin correspondent says that fearful storms have occurred in western Silesia and that the rivers are rapidly rising and threatening fresh inundations. Several persons have been killed by lightning and a number drowned.

New Woman Awheel.

LONDON, Sept. 5.—A number of women cyclists gathered at New Bridge yesterday and rode to Oxford, where they attended the dinner of the Rational Dress congress, at which sixty persons were present. The dinner was presided over by Viscountess Harberton, the president of the congress. A large crowd gathered to witness the arrival of the bicyclists at Oxford. A detachment of police kept the route of the riders clear.

Weyler Is Disgusted.

HAVANA, Sept. 5.—Captain General Weyler returned to Havana greatly disgusted because of the erroneous interpretation of his edict referring to the gathering of cattle, large numbers of oxen and cows having been slaughtered in consequence of the misunderstanding of his orders. During his tour General Weyler deposed the mayors of several towns and sent various military commanders to Cabanas castle. At Guinas and other towns he caused the release from custody of a number of merchants and reconcentrados who had been falsely accused. Captain General Weyler has issued an order prohibiting the planting of tobacco within the boundaries of the military cultivated zone.

Deadly Epidemics in Cuba.

HAVANA, Sept. 5.—During the month of August 500 persons died in Guinas from epidemic diseases. The mortality is due to yellow fever, malaria and dysentery. It is estimated that thirty-seven out of every thousand sick soldiers in the hospitals throughout the island die. It is estimated that from twenty to twenty-six deaths occur on the steamers which carry sick and disabled troops from Cuba to Spain. The bodies of those who die enroute are thrown overboard. Three deaths occurred on one of these steamers recently before it left port.

Ledochowski Will Remain.

ROME, Sept. 5.—A formal declaration has been made by the Vatican that the statement that Cardinal Satolli has been designated by the pope to succeed Cardinal Ledochowski as prefect of the propaganda is pure fiction. It is declared that Cardinal Ledochowski has no idea of leaving his post.

AS TO CONSUL LEE'S ABSENCE.

He's Likely to Return to Cuba When His Time is Up.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—Assistant Secretary Day of the State department, who returned to Washington today, was asked whether or not it was true as reported that Consul General Lee, now on his way to the United States, would not return to Havana when his vacation is over.

Judge Day replied that the regular thirty days' annual leave had been granted to General Lee and that so far as he was aware there was no reason to suppose the general would not return to Havana when the thirty days had expired.

The understanding here is that General Lee's visit at this time is merely on personal business, although it is probable his presence here will be taken advantage of by the officials for consultation regarding affairs in Cuba. He is expected to return to Havana about the 1st of October.

Classification of Sugars.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—The Treasury department has prepared the regulations governing the sampling and classification of the imported sugars and molasses under the new tariff law, and they will be formally promulgated tomorrow. One of the principal and most important of the changes made in the old regulations, which were made in 1883, is a provision requiring that the re-sample of sugars shall be taken at the time the original sample is taken.

Evans is Better.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—The condition of H. Clay Evans, commissioner of pensions, is greatly improved tonight. His physicians expect that he will be able to resume his duties in a few days.

HOT BLAST AGAINST BACHELORS.

Woman's Rescue League Says They're Not Fit to Hold Office.

BOSTON, Sept. 5.—The recent manifesto of Mrs. Charlotte Smith, against the bachelor politician, was the subject of much attention from the Woman's Rescue league of this city yesterday. As a result, a set of resolutions was passed, setting forth that—

"The American bachelor politician shirks his duty to the human family when he fails to provide a home for some good woman before he engages in the profession of politics, therefore, he is not to be trusted after he has entered the political arena, where temptations surround him on all sides and that unfortunately modern society has heretofore given the political bachelor too much latitude by ignoring his private life.

"Resolved, That as far as practicable, a list of bachelor politicians who are aspirants for public office be obtained in the states of Massachusetts and New York and formal protests be sent out against their election or re-election by the Woman's Rescue league, on the ground that they are ineligible to hold public office."

The league extends its congratulations to ex-Mayor Edwin Upton Curtis of Boston on his approaching marriage, and recommends for him a two years' vacation from politics in which to enjoy his honeymoon.

FUNERAL OF MRS. JOHN DREW.

Aged and Well-Beloved Actress is Laid to Rest.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 5.—Funeral services over the body of Mrs. John Drew were held today in St. Stephens' Episcopal church and the aged and well-beloved actress was interred in the family lot in Glenwood cemetery alongside the grave of her husband, John Drew. The services at the church were conducted by Rev. James Miller, assistant rector, and consisted solely of the burial service. There were no pall bearers and at the grave the reading of the committal was the only ceremony. At both services there were large crowds in attendance. Prominent among the mourners, in addition to John Drew, her oldest son, Mrs. Hitchings, her sister, Miss Hitchings, a niece, and E. Barrymore, her grandson, there were present Joseph Jefferson, Denman Thompson, Francis Wilson, Sol Smith Russell, George Holland, Willie Collier, Macklin Arbuckle, Eleanor Barry and Fanny Macintyre; also the members of most of the companies in town and nearly all the local theatrical managers. The floral offerings were lavish and came from the leading theatrical organizations in the country.

GERMANS HAVE A CELEBRATION.

Commemorate Their First Settlement in America.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 5.—The anniversary of the first settlement of the Germans in America at Germantown, Pa., was celebrated here today with the largest demonstration of the kind ever known in this city. Over 100 German societies participated. All the railroads brought excursions. There were parades in the morning and over 40,000 people assembled in the zoological gardens in the afternoon. Carl Schurz was the orator of the day, with speeches by Mayor Tafel, ex-Mayor Caldwell, Collector Bernard Bateman and others, together with exercises by the Turners and music by a union chorus of the musical societies. After his address Carl Schurz was made an honorary member of the Pioneer society. Mr. Schurz spoke on foreign citizenship, holding that citizenship was higher than partisanship. He argued that any party that could depend on the obedience of citizens would become corrupt. He said bosses were as dangerous as monarchs, that bosses were really the chiefs of brigands whose only object was booty.

Bodies Recovered.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., Sept. 5.—The bodies of Mr. and Mrs. Forest H. Parker, who were drowned in Chain lake on Saturday, were recovered last night. Mr. Parker and his wife went rowing in the morning, Mr. Parker taking a gun with him. Not returning about noon a party went in search of the missing couple. The boat was found floating bottom up at the end of the lake. When Mr. Parker's body was recovered it was found that the nose was broken and the face badly disfigured, which seemed to indicate that when the gun was discharged it had exploded or kicked badly, and that Mr. Parker had been knocked overboard and had probably overturned the boat.

CLEARING SKAGWAY TRAIL

Sylvester Scovel with Two Tons of Blasting Powder Goes at It.

MAKING GOOD HEADWAY AT THE WORK

Exaggerated Reports Sent Out by Townsite Boomers About Discouraged Prospectors Selling Their Outfits for a Song.

SEATTLE, Wash., Sept. 5.—The following letter has been received from Skagway, Alaska, dated August 28:

"Sylvester Scovel of the New York World landed yesterday morning at Skagway by a specially chartered tug from Juneau, with two tons of blasting powder and the necessary tools to equip seven complete crews for rock work on the Skagway trail, and as fast as horses and men could get at it, it was started to the front. In the evening there was a meeting at the foot of the first hill, attended by over 500 miners, who organized for the work in front of them and elected an executive committee, consisting of James Christie of Portland, president; Philip Adams, secretary; C. A. Cramer of Seattle; and Mr. Heacock and Mr. Day as superintendents, who selected experienced men for the work on the rock hills and veteran loggers for the work of corduroying the muddy places.

"There were thirty Canadian mounted police also on the trail. They have pitched in with a good will and say that the building of this trail now will enable them to get in the seventy tons of provisions in time to build and provision the mail stations in their territory so that they can operate dog teams all winter, and they agree to deliver the mail every two weeks from the Klondike to the American line. Work is in progress for fifteen miles along the trail and all travel and packing has been suspended until it is completed.

"There have been some kickers as usual, but they are so much in the minority that they have had to submit. While I believe this trail will be complete in ten days so that travel can be resumed, don't start for this point expecting to get over for at least thirty days, as it will take that long after the trail is completed to get all the miners over who are now there. There would never have been so much trouble for small parties, but the swarm of people, 95 per cent of whom were tenderfeet, and knew nothing about packing and mountaineering, has been the cause of congestion at this point.

FALSE REPORTS SENT OUT.

"The first reports about this trail were inspired by interested parties who are trying to start a town here and who are also interested in the whisky business. Not nearly so many discouraged prospectors are selling their outfits for a song as has been reported, but a good many who started for the Klondike have given up that idea, have turned townsite buyers and are erecting all kinds of buildings and establishing themselves for the winter as best they can. One week ago lumber could be got for $27 per thousand. Now it is $50 and none for sale even at that figure. Rubber boots, heavy shoes and oil clothing are in demand and fetch big prices. Hardware of all kinds sells well. The Alaska Pacific Express company has made arrangements to open an office here and has appointed H. E. Battin, formerly of Portland, agent. The steamship Queen of Seattle, steamships Alki and Danube of Victoria, have landed over 500 passengers, 800 tons of freight and 300 horses and mules since August 25, and still there is more to follow. The Klondike excitement has turned the whole attention of the whole world this way and will result in opening this territory as nothing else would have done.

"On board the steamer Queen, on this trip, are two parties, one organized in Chicago, consisting of four gentlemen, comprising a doctor, lawyer, commission merchant and assayer, all under the guidance of L. L. Bales, who has spent the past eight years in Alaska as trapper, hunter and guide. They will stay along the coast in the Alexandrian archipelago this winter, and in the spring will thoroughly prospect the Copper river country. The other party is headed by E. H. Fisher of Los Angeles, Cal., and will push into the Copper river country this winter.

"J. M. HAGERTY."

Advices received by the steamer Rosalie, which left Skagway Monday last and arrived here today, say that when the trail was opened Monday morning, 2,000 men and horses were striving to get over. Soon the path was in as bad a condition as before it was repaired. Where the road had been cordoroyed over the miry places the logs slipped out and horses went floundering into the mire, many of them never to emerge.

These statements were made today by Harry Fredericks, well known in this city, who spent some weeks at Skagway, returning today. He says that hundreds of men at Skagway have given up all hope of getting through this winter and will stay till February at the foot of the pass. Hundreds are coming back from the trails, stopping at Skagway for the winter. A few of the more venturesome will try to go over when the first freeze occurs and covers the bogs with ice.

CHEATING UNCLE SAM.

A letter to the Seattle Times from John W. Troy, at Skagway, tells how the "Yankees" on the steamer Bristol cheated Uncle Sam of the duty on their horses. When the Bristol arrived, passengers who owned foreign horses were startled by the announcement that a duty of $30 a head would be levied. The manifest of the officers of the Kingston, on which steamer the horses had been shipped to Victoria, had been turned over to the Bristol and was in the possession of the purser. It was easy for the American managers of the Bristol expedition to fit out these horses of foreign birth with Seattle shipping receipts and American clearance papers. The passengers were more than willing to pay the Bristol people $10 for each horse, when by so doing they avoided the payment of $30 to their own government.

Frank J. Crampton of Mount Vernon, Wash., is one of the passengers down from Skagway on the Queen. He went up to look over the situation and took a trip over both passes. He says that the killing of horses is caused largely by novices who do not know how to load them. In many instances the pack-saddles are allowed to wear great holes in the horse's backs. The men who are fixing the trail will be the first to profit by it. This has been decided by the vigilance committee, and no man can go on the trail with packs without a certificate from the secretary that he has done so much work on the trail.

One man whom Mr. Crampton saw had gotten nearly all of his outfit over when the trail was closed for travel. The committee refused to let him take the remainder of his pack over. His entreaties did no good. In desperation he went back and got a Winchester rifle and two revolvers and held up the committee and went through.

At Dyea and the Chikoot pass the conditions are much the same as on the Skagway trail.

RICH GOLD STRIKE IN MEXICO.

Missouri Capitalists Will Work the Claim at Once.

SEDALIA, Mo., Sept. 5.—J. W. Corkins, a Sedalia capitalist, and Leo Cloud, an expert mining engineer of Cincinnati, O., representatives of a St. Louis and Cincinnati syndicate, will leave here tomorrow for the west coast of Mexico to practically verify the value of gold placer and quartz mines, which have recently been secured by the syndicate through concessions and mineral land grants from the republic of Mexico.

Messrs. Corkins and Cloud will go direct to Hermosillo, and from there to the gold fields in the new Eldorado, located in the Yequi Indian country, which has just been opened to entry to white men. This part of Mexico has been explored but little by the whites, but if the reports of the syndicate's prospectors are true, the inland mountain ranges along the west coast of Mexico are richer even than those of the Klondike. The placer mines are said to be marvelously rich in scale and nugget gold, while the quartz rock in the upper ledges contains veins of free milling ore which assays from $50 to $2,500 per ton. The syndicate succeeded in keeping the discovery secret while securing its mining patents and concessions, and if the reports received here are substantially correct, the syndicate will be able to turn the tide of fortune hunters from the gold fields of Alaska to the Eldorado of Mexico.

PLENTY OF GOLD AT LAKE WAWA.

Prospectors Visit the Region and Come Back Enthusiastic.

SAULT STE MARIE, Mich., Sept. 5.—The party of gold seekers on the yacht Mary Bell returned from Michipicotan last evening after having been in the new gold fields but three days. They say the newly discovered eldorado is fully as rich as has been reported. There were fourteen in the party and all responsible business men of this city. Each of them secured claims upon which the gold quartz promises big returns. In all the party will make application for 4,000 acres which was prospected and staked out while they were there. Many samples of quartz in which free gold as large as a pin head can be seen were brought back with them. The specimens were secured from different places on their claims which are scattered about. When the party arrived Tuesday night there were but six prospectors on the ground at Lake Wawa, and they secured good locations. They are jubilant over their finds and say that the auriferous deposit is evidently an immense one. Veins of beautiful white quartz carrying free gold exist almost everywhere in the Lake Wawa region. The original find is an extremely rich one beyond doubt.

Prospectors say that where the veins are laid bare the gold particles can be seen everywhere in the quartz. When the party left Saturday at least 200 prospectors had arrived and they passed several parties going in. The shores of Lake Wawa were dotted with tents and within the three days they were there a lively mining camp had sprung up. The distance from the south of the Michipicoten river to Lake Wawa is not to exceed seven miles and the party experienced no difficulty in getting in and out. With their camp equipage the trip was made in about three hours. The road is a well defined one. The reports which the Mary Bell party brought has set the two Soos wild with excitement and an exodus to Klondike Junior will begin tomorrow.

A townsite is being surveyed at Lake Wawa and preparations are being made to care for the hundreds of people who are certain to flock to the region in the next few weeks. The next steamer leaves the Soo tomorrow afternoon and will hereafter make three trips weekly. Another boat will be put on the route if necessary and arrangements are being made to build a dock at Michipicoten. Tomorrow's boat will take up a big crowd of people, many of whom will have to sleep on the deck.

YELLOW FEVER IN MISSISSIPPI.

Quarantine Established at Ocean Springs, in that State.

MOBILE, Ala., Sept. 5.—State Health Officer Saunders, having reported the result of the examination of the fever which has been prevailing for some weeks at Ocean Springs, Miss., on the bay of Biloxi, or Gulf of Mexico, fifty-six miles from Mobile, eighty-four miles from New Orleans, the disease being pronounced yellow fever, the Mobile Board of Health tonight declared a rigid quarantine against Ocean Springs. All persons coming from that place or neighborhood are to be detained at a station established outside of the city limits.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 5.—The Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana Boards of Health have been at Ocean Springs since yesterday afternoon. An examination of the prevailing disease was made a week ago. There have been several hundred cases there, but very few deaths, and a board of experts declared the disease dengue fever. Since then mortalities became more frequent, and the symptoms looked more like yellow fever, and the alarm became so great that the health authorities again gathered. This time they were accompanied by Prof. A. L. Metz, chemist of the Louisiana board, who analyzed the evidence in several cases. The verdict tonight was yellow fever, and various points on both sides of the town are rapidly declaring quarantine.

OCEAN SPRINGS, Miss., Sept. 5.—Mr. Hunter, secretary of the Mississippi Board of Health and secretary of the executive committee, reached here tonight from Jackson, via New Orleans. The members of the Louisiana State Board of Health have been hard at work all day long working in conjunction with the representatives of the Alabama board and the Mississippi organization in a determined effort to settle the vexed question as to the identity of the pernicious fever which has operated so greatly to the disadvantage of Ocean Springs. These investigations were extensive, as the visiting medical experts visited a large number of persons now down with the fever. Examinations of these patients were made, and bacteriological tests made of the blood and matter vomited. Doctors Archinard of New Orleans, and Wasdine of the Mobile U. S. M. S., who is also an expert microscopist, were all day making the tests, reporting from time to time to President Oliphant of the Louisiana board; Dr. Saunders of the Alabama and Dr. Haralson of the Mississippi boards. In the meantime Prof. Metz, assisted by Chief Sanitary Inspector Woods and Superintendent Will, collected a series of specimens of water, well and cistern, of the bay oysters and also made a number of photographs showing the existing condition of the town's sanitary arrangement and drainage. Prof. Metz appears to be of the opinion that the prevailing complaint is due in a measure to a pollution of the water in the bay fronting the town. The drainage of Ocean Springs empties directly into the bay, and the rains wash a large quantity of fecal matter into the water and upon the area in which the oysters consumed by the town people are temporarily bedded. It is feared that the oysters absorb poisonous germs and communicate them to the persons eating them.

The result of the investigations of Prof. Metz will not be made known until his return to New Orleans, as his analysis will not be made until then. There has been an extensive inquiry into the history of the persons who have died and also into inception of the fever.

Accounts vary among the citizens of Ocean Springs. It is claimed and contradicted that the first cases of the fever were noticed among a number of Cubans here who were said to be engaged in attempts to fillibuster. These Cubans recovered but the fever spread. There are several cases at New Chicago, near here. An investigation will be made there tomorrow.

The air of mystery which has shrouded the several physicians has not conduced to the comfort of the people, although pending the report of the board of health it would have been unwise to have discussed the matter. The news of Pass Christian declaring quarantine against Ocean Springs and Biloxi occasioned considerable surprise here, because in the absence of a verdict from the investigation committee such action was not warranted by the facts as then known. The condition of the sick today has not developed anything at all exciting or suggestive.

Train Wreckers Caught.

DENVER, Colo., Sept. 5.—A special to the Republican from Trinidad, Colo., says: Word reached here tonight that the posse which had taken the trail of the Gulf passenger train hold-up had captured the men in what is known as the Cimarron country. No details of the capture could be learned further than it had been made without much resistance.

Schooner Sinks.

SAVANNAH, Sept. 5.—The three-masted schooner Agnes I. Grace of Bangor, Me., capsized and sunk this morning twenty miles east of Tybee. Her crew came ashore in a boat and landed at Warsaw Island this afternoon.

RESUME WORK IN THE MINES

Prospect for Men Returning This Week is Encouraging.

EXPECTATIONS HIGH IN MINING CIRCLES

Plan Suggested for Agreeing Upon a Scale of Prices for Next Year —Creates a Friendly Feeling.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Sept. 5.—Expectations are high in coal mining circles over the probable resumption of work in the mines throughout the country.

In anticipation of a settlement at Columbus next Wednesday, another plan has been suggested by a representative of one of the largest operators which will be agitated immediately after the men return to work. It will be formulated and submitted to the joint convention of operators and miners, which it is proposed to hold next December. In order to come to an understanding on all questions at issue separate wage scales are to be formulated for each mine. The scale is to provide for the rate to be paid for the entire year and any special concessions that are to be made are to be agreed upon by the miners and the operators and so specified in the scale. The scale is to be an adjunct to the uniformity agreement, which is expected to be in force. The proposition will be made by the operators in the hope of putting all the safeguards possible against a probable strike. It is well known that there are not two mines in the entire district where the conditions are exactly alike. The uniformity agreement covers the general points, but even with it in existence, some operators would be subjected to difficulties, while others have special advantages. The scale is to cover all these points, the primary object being to avert differences, create a more friendly feeling between the employes and employers.

Philip Stambaugh, a cousin of President McKinley and a partner in the firm of Osborne, Saeger & Co., was in Pittsburg this afternoon. He said the men formerly employed in the Eclipse mine, on the Wheeling division of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, will be asked to go to work tomorrow morning at the 65-cent rate. He was not prepared to say how many men would go to work. David VanEman, manager of the Pittsburg and Chicago Gas Coal company's mines at Snowden and Gastonville, announced more than a week ago that he would resume work in his mine tomorrow morning. Notices were served on all the men living in company houses to vacate and the ten-day limit expires in the morning. At the mines it was stated yesterday that more men would go to work.

Mr. Van Eman could not be seen but it is generally supposed that no effort will be made to resume until after the Columbus convention.

President Knight Returns.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Sept. 5.—President Knight of the Indiana district has returned from Columbus, where was held the meeting of the National Executive Board of Miners. Mr. Knight has been away from Indiana so much since the strike began that he cannot say with what favor the proposition of the Pittsburg operators will be met by the Indiana miners. He believes it contains the basis of a settlement, but he declares that "no adjustment of the strike that neglects the interests of any district involved in the strike will be agreed to."

Working with De Armitt's Men.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Sept. 5.—There was a report at Turtle Creek today that agents of the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal company were working among the foreign strikers endeavoring to get them to return to work at the 54-cent rate on the promise that half of their wages which are being held back by the company would be paid on September 25 and the other half on October 25. Steps were at once taken to offset this move and the campers' missionaries report that none of the men will go back to work until the strike is settled.

LETTER CARRIERS' CONVENTION.

Arrangements All Perfected for the Meeting This Week.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 5.—The annual convention of the Letter Carriers' association will convene in this city tomorrow. About $7,000 has been raised and the committee of arrangements has left nothing undone to insure a week of pleasure to the delegates. A special train conveying the Philadelphia and New Orleans delegations with a number of carriers from other places came by way of El Paso and Los Angeles, arriving here tonight. It was met by a local committee and the visitors were warmly welcomed. Another special train of 300 delegates will arrive at 6 a. m. tomorrow. On this train are National President J. V. Parsons, Chairman S. F. Stevens of the executive committee and other national officials. All the delegates to the convention will arrive tomorrow. At 11 o'clock this morning the carriers will be the guests of the state board of trade. During the afternoon there will be a parade followed by an evening reception at Odd Fellows' hall and at 11 p. m. a trip through Chinatown. The New York Letter Carriers' band will be the feature of the parade.

The ladies' auxiliary contingent has procured elegant quarters and will provide for the entertainment of the wives and daughters of the visiting delegates.

Veterans at Gettysburg.

GETTYSBURG, Pa., Sept. 5.—The veterans and friends of the Seventy-third New York and One Hundred and Twenty-fourth New York regiments and the veteran firemen of New York spent all of today on the battlefield. In the afternoon the veterans of the One Hundred and Twenty-fourth held an informal meeting at their monument at Devil's Den, which was opened with prayer by Rev. T. Brittain, who also made an address. Brief historical sketches of what the regiment did here in battle were given by Colonel Wygant, who commanded the regiment after Colonel Ellis was killed; Dr. Thompson, the regimental surgeon; Under Sheriff Howell and other veterans of the regiment.

Arrested for Murder.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Sept. 5.—John Taylor, cook at the Selkirk mine, has been arrested by a detective at Sandon for the murder of a sheriff in Arkansas four years ago while resisting arrest for cattle stealing, and taken to Nelson, where officers are awaiting him. He took his arrest very coolly and made the damaging statement that he had been expecting to be arrested, but not for murder. His whereabouts were located through his writing a letter on a letterhead of the Selkirk mine.

Postoffice Clerks to Meet.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 5.—Nearly all of the delegates to the eighth annual convention of the Association of Postoffice Clerks, which assembles here tomorrow, have arrived in the city. About 300 delegates from the different cities of the United States will represent the 12,000 members of the association. They will remain here until Friday, and in addition to the regular business session a program for the entertainment of the visitors has been prepared by the members of the local union.

Hurt in a Collision.

OAKLAND, Cal., Sept. 5.—Two huge cars collided on the Haywards electric line, smashing one of the cars and seriously injuring two passengers. A disused transfer switch caused the accident. Mrs. Perves, one of the injured, may die, and Mrs. Guild was badly hurt.

Movements of Ocean Vessels, Sept. 5.

At Havre—Arrived—La Gascogne, from New York.

At Queenstown—Sailed—Campania, from Liverpool for New York.

COOL WAVE CONTINUES AWAY.

Temperature Remains at the Uncomfortably Heated Point.

Hour.	Deg.	Hour.	Deg.
5 a. m.	80	1 p. m.	96
6 a. m.	80	2 p. m.	97
7 a. m.	81	3 p. m.	98
8 a. m.	78	4 p. m.	97
9 a. m.	82	5 p. m.	94
10 a. m.	88	6 p. m.	91
11 a. m.	92	7 p. m.	90
12 m.	94	8 p. m.	88
		9 p. m.	86

The Chicago and Omaha weather offices seem to have another guess coming in the call for cooler weather. Four days in succession has a cool wave been promised, and just as many days has the weather been hot. The maximum temperature was 98 degrees. The official register at the local weather office shows a trace of precipitation yesterday.

PRESIDENT M'KINLEY AT CANTON.

Goes to Church and on the Whole Spends a Pleasant Day.

CANTON, O., Sept. 5.—President and Mrs. McKinley are having a delightful little visit here in their old home. The weather is delightful, the nights pleasantly cool and the days not oppressively hot. The city is at its best in appearance, the trees lining the streets in rich fall foliage, and the pretty lawns dotted with late summer blooms. A drive through these scenes, such as the McKinleys always take, was indeed a delightful experience. The president went to church this morning, accompanied by his aged mother and her sister, Mrs. Abigail Osborne of Cleveland. The trio rode to the church in Mother McKinley's modest carriage and occupied the old pew from which they were seldom absent when in the city. The service was in the First Methodist Episcopal church, of which the president is a director, and the sermon delivered by Rev. Dr. C. E. Manchester, his old comrade in arms and pastor of the church during McKinley's last residence here.

The president and Mrs. McKinley took dinner with Mrs. Barber and spent most of the afternoon at the Barber home. Later, President McKinley went to his mother's home, chatted with a few neighbors, who dropped in, after a short drive returned, took lunch and settled down for an evening at the old homestead. Scores of old friends and neighbors dropped in to pay their respects. Congressman R. W. Taylor of this district also called.

According to present plans the president and Mrs. McKinley will remain here until tomorrow evening, when they will leave for Somerset, Pa., the summer home of Abner McKinley, the president's brother. They remain there a day and may remain longer, depending upon circumstances after they arrive. They will reach Washington the latter part of the week.

WEEK'S PROGRAM AT NASHVILLE.

Tuesday is Iowa Day and Many Hawkeyes Will Attend.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Sept. 5.—This week will be a rousing one at the exposition. There will be two public holidays—Monday, the 6th, Labor day, and Saturday, the 11th, Nashville day. A large attendance is expected during the entire week, for besides these public holidays, with special features of entertainment, there are other special days of moment.

Tuesday is Iowa day, and an excursion of Iowa people, including many prominent citizens, will arrive tomorrow morning and remain two days. Tuesday the delegates to the United States Veterinary Medical association will come and remain three days.

Nashville day, Saturday next, is to be the star day of the exposition. With good weather the attendance is certain to be the largest during the exposition, the elaborate program and varied exercises will serve to bring in thousands from adjacent counties and towns along the lines of railroad.

This week also is to be somewhat of a military week; thousands of troops will be here and all will participate in the parade and exercises on Saturday. The First battalion of the First infantry of Alabama goes into camp tomorrow under command of Major J. S. McMullen. The First regiment of the Ohio artillery will arrive Friday and go into camp; companies of state troops will also go into camp. These troops are gathering for next week, which is to be "military week."

Last Thursday's attendance was 8,242; Friday's, 8,289, and Saturday's, though not yet given out, exceeded these figures.

ROBBED AND KILLED BY TRAMPS.

Poor Workman in Pennsylvania Loses Money and Life.

BEAVER FALLS, Pa., Sept. 5.—Charles Gower is dead at this place with a bullet wound through his heart, the result of a hold-up by tramps.

Gower, who had secured work at Newcastle, Pa., as a moulder, prevailed on five of his fellow workmen to board a freight train for Allegheny City to help him pack his goods and move his sick wife and three small children to his new home at Newcastle. The men were riding in an empty ore car on the Pittsburg & Lake Erie road and were not disturbed until just before this place was reached early this morning. They were then confronted by three tramps with revolvers who ordered "hands up." Gower's companions were fleeced of all they possessed and when they reached him, Gower began to explain that he only had $9 which he was taking home to his sick wife and children. The ruffian who had him covered became impatient and fired his revolver, the bullet going through Gower's heart. As the train slowed up for this station, the robbers jumped off and escaped in the darkness. Every effort is being made to capture the miscreants.

KILLED IN RAILWAY SMASHUP.

One Life Lost by the Wrecking of an Excursion Train.

WATERVILLE, Me., Sept. 5.—An excursion train on the Maine Central railroad was wrecked this morning thirty-two miles west of Etna station. One person was killed and thirty-two wounded. The dead:

MARTIN PAYNE, aged 21, of Plymouth.

Seriously hurt:

Charles Geschel, baggagemaster at Newport station.
Frank C. Billings, East Newport.
Arthur Fish, Dexter.
Mrs. J. W. Townsend, Newport.
Joseph Welch, St. Albans.
Oscar Butters, Newport.
W. H. Earle, Plymouth.
Mrs. Wilbur Miles, Newport.

The train was carrying excursionists from Dover and Foxcraft to the Etna camp-meeting.

KILLED BY AN EXPLOSION.

Boiler Bursts, Blowing Two Young Girls Into Eternity.

MORTON, Ill., Sept. 5.—A terrible explosion occurred here this evening at 5 o'clock. The electric light plant owned by Byer Brothers & Co., valued at $14,000, was completely demolished by the bursting of the boiler from some unknown cause. Two girls, aged 5 and 9 years, were killed outright and two boys, aged 4 and 12, were seriously hurt. They are the children of Mose Byers. Three of Mr. Moschell's family and many others were slightly hurt by flying missiles.

Colorado Democrats Meet Today.

DENVER, Colo., Sept. 5.—The action of the democratic state convention, to be held in this city tomorrow, in regard to the nomination for justice of the supreme court, is entirely problematical. Some of the prominent workers of the democratic party have been agitating for an endorsement of the nomination of Judge Charles D. Hoyt by the silver republicans. A damper has been thrown upon this proposition by the fact that Judge Hoyt has not seen fit as yet to decline the nomination of the Wolcott-McKinley faction of the republican party.

FIGHT ON GOMPERS

United Labor League of Western Pennsylvania Dons War Paint.

ATTACKS THE LABOR LEADER FURIOUSLY

One Speaker Calls Him a "Plughatted, Greasy Tool of Capital."

ASSERTS HE IS A DISGRACE TO LABOR

Resolutions Are Adopted Disapproving of Gompers' Utterances.

INIMICAL TO THE CAUSE OF THE MINERS

Lively Meeting is Held in Which Remarks Are Heard About Putting Somebody Out of the Window.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 5.—The United Labor League of Western Pennsylvania at a largely attended and exciting meeting tonight gave expression to an open revolt against Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, and many reflections and ugly charges were made. It was on account of expressions made by Gompers in reference to the recent convention of labor leaders at St. Louis. He is credited with making unkind remarks about the gathering and casting reflections on those who were foremost in the meeting. Gompers had a few defenders in the meeting and at one time there were remarks about somebody being thrown out of the window.

During the discussion on a proposition to take some action on the St. Louis platform, M. P. Carrick, president of the Brotherhood of Painters and Decorators, referred to Gompers as a plug-hatted, greasy tool of capital. He said, among other things, President Gompers through interviews and otherwise had proven himself no true friend of labor. "Gompers has said that Debs and Sovereign are trying to disrupt trades unions," said he, "It is said that he is doing his utmost to accomplish this. I want to say that it was not the trades unions that came to the assistance of the miners in their great fight, but the great mass of organized labor and citizens who have no interest in organizations. Business men, politicians, sewing girls, shop workers and people from all crafts came to the relief of the miners and their cause would have been utterly lost had it depended on trades unions and such men as Gompers. It is time to call a halt on labor fakirs who sit in their offices and thank God that they are not like the poor workingman of the country. Gompers is a disgrace to labor and I believe it is high time to call down the would-be aristocrats of labor and kick them bodily out of the movement."

When President Carrick finished he was greeted with round after round of applause.

The following resolution