

ESTABLISHED JUNE 19, 1871. FIRST BLOOD SHED

Life Fluid Let Loose in an Encounter in Mining District.

CLASH BETWEEN STRIKERS AND DEPUTIES

Member of a Band Receives a Bad Cut Over Left Eye.

FACE COVERED WITH STREAM OF CLARET

No Weapons Are Drawn but a Lively Scuffle Takes Place.

AFFRAY NOT OF A SERIOUS NATURE

Sheriff and His Assistants Have Difficulty in Inducing the Striking Miners to Return to Their Camp.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 13.—Injunctions by the court have put a stop to marches by the striking miners against the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal company for a time at least.

But in the execution of the injunction the sheriff and his deputies narrowly escaped precipitating serious trouble. As it was, the first blood of the strike was shed.

Henry Stewart, one of the sheriff's deputies, struck Jacob Mott, a drummer of the McDonald band, with the edge of a brass horn and cut a severe gash above his eye.

The slight of the blood wrought up the 1,000 idle miners to such a pitch that a desperate conflict seemed imminent. The deputies also were excited and noisy. The strikers were jeering and yelling and urging a rush.

There were enough of the miners to annihilate the deputies. Captain Bellingham, Sheriff Lowry, Chief Deputy James Richards and Superior Constable De Armitz were the cool men in the assemblage. To them and to Captain Bellingham belongs the credit of avoiding a riot.

When Bellingham saw there was danger of his men getting beyond his control, he commanded a halt and addressed himself to the task of restraining the more belligerent. So well were his efforts directed that he soon had restored comparative order.

Sheriff Lowry was called upon to perform, but he headed it well and by his coolness and good nature did much to neutralize the bitterness and strife invited by his subordinates.

He marched back to their camp. There were several other brushes with the deputies, but no actual collisions.

After the sheriff failed to camp the officers held a conference with their attorney and he advised them to quit marching until the court had heard the argument next Monday.

But the strikers were not to be deterred. They marched on to the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal company, as if they might injure their case if they were brought up for contempt before the court.

NO MORE MARCHING. The president of the miners orders that no marching should be done on any of the mines of the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal company until further orders, although marches may be made against other places.

At a meeting held at the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal company, it was decided that a march should be held and speeches made as a means of keeping miners of the company from going to work.

Two meetings will be held at the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal company, at which addresses will be made by George Harris of the Central Pennsylvania field, Mrs. Jones of Chicago, William Warner and Emerson of the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal company will be urged to be present.

The feature of the scene this morning was the fact that the women sympathizers had come in and participated in a daylight demonstration, and like their brethren, had the injunction read to them and they were ordered to cease using the streets.

There were no signs of trouble tonight. The strikers remained within their camp and while the deputies were on guard, they had little to do. In the morning they fortified their position, Sheriff Lowry swore in twenty additional deputies tonight and dispatched them to Plum Creek.

The sheriff and his men there will be trouble at any of the mines of the New York and Cleveland company, and is fully convinced the miners will do the right thing.

It is now known that the strikers and the men going to and from work, they will not be disturbed.

NIGHT OF ANXIETY. Last night was one of anxiety in the strikers' camp at Plum Creek and one of sleeplessness among the deputy sheriffs at Center. The campers had been warned that the sheriff would attempt to stop their marching.

The deputies as having been made by the strikers. At 9 o'clock nearly all the deputies retired, and it was not until 11 o'clock that the strikers appeared in the morning. They had hardly fallen into a doze before the pickets gave an alarm.

The strikers were confined in a body and they tumbled out of bed and were marshaled about the company's buildings at Center. The music of a brass band was heard and a column of strikers appeared. They were escorted home from the camp Emma Haas, the lame girl, who had been crowned by the strikers.

The deputies went to bed again, but they had very little sleep. At 2:30 a. m. the alarm was again sounded and they turned out, knowing that it would be hours before they would again be permitted to rest.

From that time until 4 o'clock there were no clashes between the deputies and strikers and several times a riot was narrowly averted.

MINERS WERE SULLEN. At 5 a. m. Sheriff Lowry and Deputy Sheriff Richards arrived across the country from Turtle Creek. They drove in the patrolling parties and in doing so gave them an understanding that argument would be up ahead. The action caused a lam of men that impeded their progress.

GIVES BOWLES A CLEAN BILL

Report of Commander Davis Given Out for Publication.

NO CAUSE FOR VETERANS TO COMPLAIN

Administration of Navy Yard Has Been Favorable to Them So Far as Is Consistent with Efficiency.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—Acting Secretary Roosevelt has made public the report of Commander Davis upon the results of his investigation into the conduct of the Brooklyn navy yard in its construction department by Constructor Bowles. The commander's report completely vindicates Mr. Bowles' management at every point, and Acting Secretary Roosevelt has accepted in full the conclusions reached. The case will not again be reopened. In his endorsement upon the report, which is of general interest in many points because of the policy laid down as to veterans, Mr. Roosevelt says:

The department fully sustains the conclusions of Commander Davis. Insofar as they relate to alleged political discrimination or the appointment of officers and the retention of unworthy in preference to worthy men, these charges are not only disproved, but are shown to rest upon nothing more substantial than malicious or maliciously concocted charges upon the belief of the less competent and less efficient than their superior officers are the proper holders of the positions.

Constructor Bowles will be especially called to that part of Commander Davis' report which shows that he has followed the recommendations of leading men and quarters men, but it is evident that he has done so judiciously, but that he has done so well.

The standard of work in the Brooklyn navy yard has been high. It has been raised under Constructor Bowles. He has absolutely disregarded all political considerations in appointing officers and the opposition to him evidently arises from the fact that he has done so.

There is no ground for complaint. The department of the navy and docks it does appear that Mr. Reed, a veteran, was discharged when Mr. Reed was a young man, but he was as good as the three non-veterans who were retained. Mr. Reed will accordingly be reinstated, and the law will be enforced, but because it is the policy of the department to retain the men who are equally efficient, and because it is the policy of the department to make a discharge, the legal rights of the veteran are not to be considered.

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CARLISTS ACTIVE IN LONDON

English Capital is One of Their Chief Strongholds.

DON'S FOLLOWERS PREPARE FOR A COUP

Openly Boast Their Ability to Enact the Boy King of Spain When the Hour to Strike Arrives.

LONDON, Aug. 13.—The Pall Mall Gazette this afternoon, in the course of a long article upon the increasing activity of the Carlists, says it is not generally known that London is one of the strongholds of the Carlists, thousands of active followers of the claimant of the Spanish throne being located in this city.

Their leaders seem to think that the fall of Don Carlos brings their opportunity near. During the last few days they have held many meetings to discuss the best means of assisting their colleagues in Spain in the event of a rising occurring.

Chevalier Lumby, head of the Carlisle club, in the course of an interview, is quoted as saying: "The Carlists are highly organized throughout Spain. When Don Carlos next lands, nothing but foreign interference will prevent him from reaching the throne. The few 10,000 volunteers in England ready to fight for him."

MADRID, Aug. 13.—Military precautions have been taken for some time past against the possibility of a Carlist or republican rising, and the steps taken have been increased lately, chiefly here, at Barcelona, Bilbao and at Seville.

FUGITIVE OF SENOR CANOVAS. Victim of the Assassins' Bullet is Said to be in the City.

MADRID, Aug. 13.—The funeral of Senor Canovas del Castillo today was a most touching and solemn ceremony. All the troops of the garrison lined the route along which the cortege moved, the flags were lowered and the public buildings, embassies, consulates and clubs were heavily draped with black.

More than a thousand wreaths were deposited in the death chamber, and a salvo of artillery announced the starting of the funeral procession, which moved slowly through an enormous crowd, in which all heads were bare and many eyes were weeping.

A peculiarly poignant scene ensued as the duke of Sotomayor, Marshal Martinez Campos, Marquis of Merizades and the other pall bearers lifted the coffin. Senor Canovas is a clear, firm tone, said: "I desire that all should know that I forgive the assassin. It is the greatest sacrifice I can make, but I make it for the sake of what I know of my husband's great heart."

Through the entire distance between the duke and the duke the road was strewn with flowers and laurel. Senor Canovas headed the cortege, which was formed by admirals and delegates representing all the principal bodies. The wreath of the queen rested upon the coffin, and other floral offerings were given in the same manner.

All the shops in the city were closed, and a very large proportion of the populace that thronged the streets appeared in mourning. The cortege was escorted by the military band, and the services lasted from 4 to 7:20 p. m. The remains of Senor Canovas were deposited in the family vault in the cemetery of San Salvador, and the coffin was accompanied by a large crowd.

LONDON, Aug. 13.—A requiem mass for the repose of the soul of the late prime minister of Spain, Senor Canovas del Castillo, was celebrated this morning in the Spanish church. The altar was draped with black, and the Italian ambassador, General Ferrer, and most of the ministers; Henry White, secretary of the United States embassy; Lord Glenesk, proprietor of the Daily Post, and twenty other dignitaries were present.

MADRID, Aug. 13.—Prince Bismarck in his telegram of condolence to Senor Canovas says: "I have never bowed my head to any one, but I bow it every time I hear the name Canovas."

INTRIGUES OF AFGHAN AMEER. Troubles Again Loom Up in the East Indian Sky.

LONDON, Aug. 13.—The news of the suspected Afghan intrigues is very seriously regarded here. The English newspapers published in India had already discussed the possibility of the ameer's complicity. It was reported some time ago that he had sent several thousand copies of his book on the recent war to the native regiments, while numbers of letters appeared in the Indian press glorifying the Afghan victories.

The faithful to be prepared, and asserting that the riots at Chitpur were really a preliminary trial of Mohammedan strength, chiefly organized by the highly educated and influential members of the community.

While the authority of the Afghan ameer over the frontier tribes is very weak, it is still considerable in the Punjab, and General Ghulam Haidar, commanding at Asmār, who was in constant communication with the ameer, had led the attack on Fort Shahdada last Saturday. The ameer's chief and most trusted commander, and taking into consideration the symptoms of unrest near Peshawar since the attack on Camp Mataf, the Indian government will be well advised if it makes preparations to meet all eventualities.

Two reserve brigades have been concentrated at Rawalpindi, the government forces in the Punjab will be strong enough to make operations possible in any direction, and the whole of the Punjab is in the hands of the British.

General Buller has two full brigades in the vicinity of Peshawar. Another reserve brigade is between Marat and Yawalpur, and this is exclusive of the Tachia Field forces.

INTERNATIONAL ANARCHIST PLOT. Documents Captured by the Italian Police.

LONDON, Aug. 13.—A dispatch from Milan says three anarchists were arrested there this morning and that the police seized a number of documents, bombs and explosives. The documents captured by the police, it is further stated, include letters from Cesareo Rossi, the assassin of President Carnot, and Pietro Acciaro, who attempted to assassinate King Humbert in April last. Other arrests are expected to follow. The Italian police say they have conclusive evidence of the existence of an international anarchist plot.

POSTPONEMENT OF DUEL. Paris, Aug. 13.—The seconds of Prince Henry of Orleans and General Albertone had a brief conference today, but they postponed the discussion of the proposed duel between the general and the prince, in consequence of the intervention of Prince Victor Emmanuel, count of Turin, the second nephew of the king of Italy, who claims precedence over all others in the matter. The count is a major of cavalry in the Italian service.

Water in the day the seconds of the count of Turin and Prince Henry of Orleans had a two hours' conference. It is expected that a decision will be arrived at by the end of the week.

THE BEE BULLETIN. Weather Forecast for Nebraska—Generally Fair, Cooler.

1. Blooded in the Mining Districts. Commander Bowles is Excused. Spanish Strikers Active in London. Modern Woodmen of America Have a Lively Encounter.

2. Chicago Shoots Out Cincinnatis. Wheat Drops Two Cents at New York. State Takes Control of School Lands. Editorial and Comment.

3. Veterans Leave Camp Clarkson. Doings of Local Democrats. Council Bluffs Local Matters. Mountain Climbing Party's Adventures. Commercial and Financial News.

4. Free Press Exposition. Farmers' Meeting. Lighting Complexes' Improvements. Corn Still Reigns as King. Library Board's Registration Plan. Hits of Feminine Gossip. Latest Champion Poker Story.

FIGHT FOR RECORDS

Modern Woodmen of America Have a Lively Encounter.

ROCK ISLAND FORCES INVADE FULTON

Arrive on a Special Train Made Up for the Occasion.

FULTON TURNS HOSE ON VISITORS

Opposing Forces Come Together and Several Heads Are Broken.

ONE MAN IS PROBABLY FATALY HURT

Many in the Crowd Carry Firearms and More Serious Trouble is Narrowly Averted—Details of the Fray.

FULTON, Ill., Aug. 13.—(Special Telegram)—Stumors have received from Fultou of another invasion of Rock Island Woodmen, a warning telegram this evening caused a vigorous fire alarm and call for help, which brought hundreds from Lyons and Clinton, Ia., in addition to Fulton hosts. When the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy special with 500 Rock Islanders arrived here with Judge Gask's decision, dissolving the injunction on the removal of Head Clerk Hawes' office, Modern Woodmen of America, the track was promptly torn up to prevent their escape. Lines of hose had been laid by the firemen and upon arrival of the Rock Islanders the hose was cut and a bloody fight followed. A partial list of the injured is:

City Marshal Bennett, Fulton, head cut, dangerous.

L. D. Plank, J. Sonberg, James Carrier, B. Bare, W. F. Flanagan, all of Fulton, all the head and body.

Engelhart Schmidt, Rock Island, injured on the head and body, probably fatal.

Walter Fowler, Rock Island, head and arm cut.

A. Spencer, face cut.

A. Manheim, Rock Island, dangerously cut on the head.

Con O'Brien, Davenport, face and mouth cut and torn.

J. Carey, head cut. Many others were seriously hurt.

Several shots were fired, but most of the injuries were inflicted by clubs and stones. Deputy Sheriff Farley at once swore in armed deputies, penned the Rock Islanders in their train and later Head Attorney Johnson of the Modern Woodmen of America and Engineer Mitchell of the special and others were placed under arrest. An injunction has been received from Master in Chancery McPeck at Sterling and served on Attorney Johnson and others. The books and property were removed to the Woodmen office and quiet partially restored. The arrested parties are still held. Fulton is celebrating with cheering crowds and the inevitable brass band.

TOLD BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS. Another Account of the Bloody Encounter at Fulton.

FULTON, Ill., Aug. 13.—The long standing fight between this town and Rock Island, Ill., for location of the headquarters of the Modern Woodmen of America, culminated today in a hand-to-hand fight between scores of partisans of the respective towns, in which a number of persons were seriously injured.

The contest between the two towns dated back several years. At the recent convention of the order, held at Dubuque, Ia., it was decided to move the offices and books of Head Clerk Hawes to Rock Island. Then there was a lull, but the factions were by no means reconciled. The citizens were desirous of having the headquarters remain in this city, and applied to the court for an order restraining the removal. A temporary injunction was granted and the controversy went over until the fall term of court. This was not the first time the courts had been called upon to interfere between the warring towns. The slow process of law was not satisfactory to the Rock Islanders, so they determined to take matters in their own hands.

Will Bennett, city marshal of Fulton; head cut, believed to be fatally hurt. James Garner, head cut.

W. H. Flanagan, head badly cut. Ed Bare, head and arms injured. Chris Miller, Lyons, Ia.; head cut. P. J. Carey, Moline, Ill.; head badly injured.

Arnold O'Brien, Rock Island; injured in arm. Albert Spencer, Rock Island; face cut. Walter Fowler, Fulton; head cut. Charles Weinberger, Rock Island; head cut. Thomas Burns, Rock Island; head cut. R. Winter, Rock Island; cut over right eye.

G. W. Sample, Rock Island; head cut, considered serious. Andrew Lumbum, Fulton; head injured, condition serious.

L. V. Eycckhart, Rock Island; head cut. A score of others were more or less bruised and cut. The free fight lasted for an hour or more—clubs, clubs and missiles of every description being wielded industriously by the opposing forces. The Fultonites finally Farley effected the arrest of Head Attorney Johnson of the Modern Woodmen, one of the Rock Island party, and a number of his companions. The railroad track on each side of the case that brought the Rock Islanders was torn up by the Fultonites, the latter aiming to cut off the retreat of their enemies.

The scene of the fighting bears every ev-