

ESTABLISHED JUNE 19, 1871. OMAHA, SUNDAY MORNING, JULY 18, 1897—SIXTEEN PAGES. SINGLE COPY FIVE CENTS.

VICTIMS OF SHYLOCK

English Money Lenders Combine Usury and Blackmail.

PARLIAMENT INQUIRES INTO THE PRACTICE

Select Committee of the House of Commons Discloses Feudalisms.

BULLDOZING TACTICS TOWARD THE IRISH

Government Leaders Give the Nationalist Party an Empty Court.

DR. JAMESON'S RIDE GOES MERRILY ON

Prince of Wales' Name Now Coupled with Chamberlain and Rhodes as a Promoter of the Raid That Failed.

LONDON, July 17.—(New York World Telegram Special Telegram.)—The House of Commons inquiry into usurious practices is eliciting some startling evidence that commonly usury and blackmail are combined. The case of the Scotchman, Kirkwood, who was arraigned before the bar of the House of Commons yesterday for refusing to answer questions put to him by the committee, affords a typical illustration. He is named in a document which is filed in the committee's records and which was submitted by the principal witness, Kirkwood, to the committee. Kirkwood then discovered that his client was a high government official, and he asked a writ against him for £200. The document was not a loan, but a blackmail. It was for refusing to acknowledge these facts, which were substantiated by the records of the court, that Kirkwood was arraigned before the bar of the House of Commons yesterday.

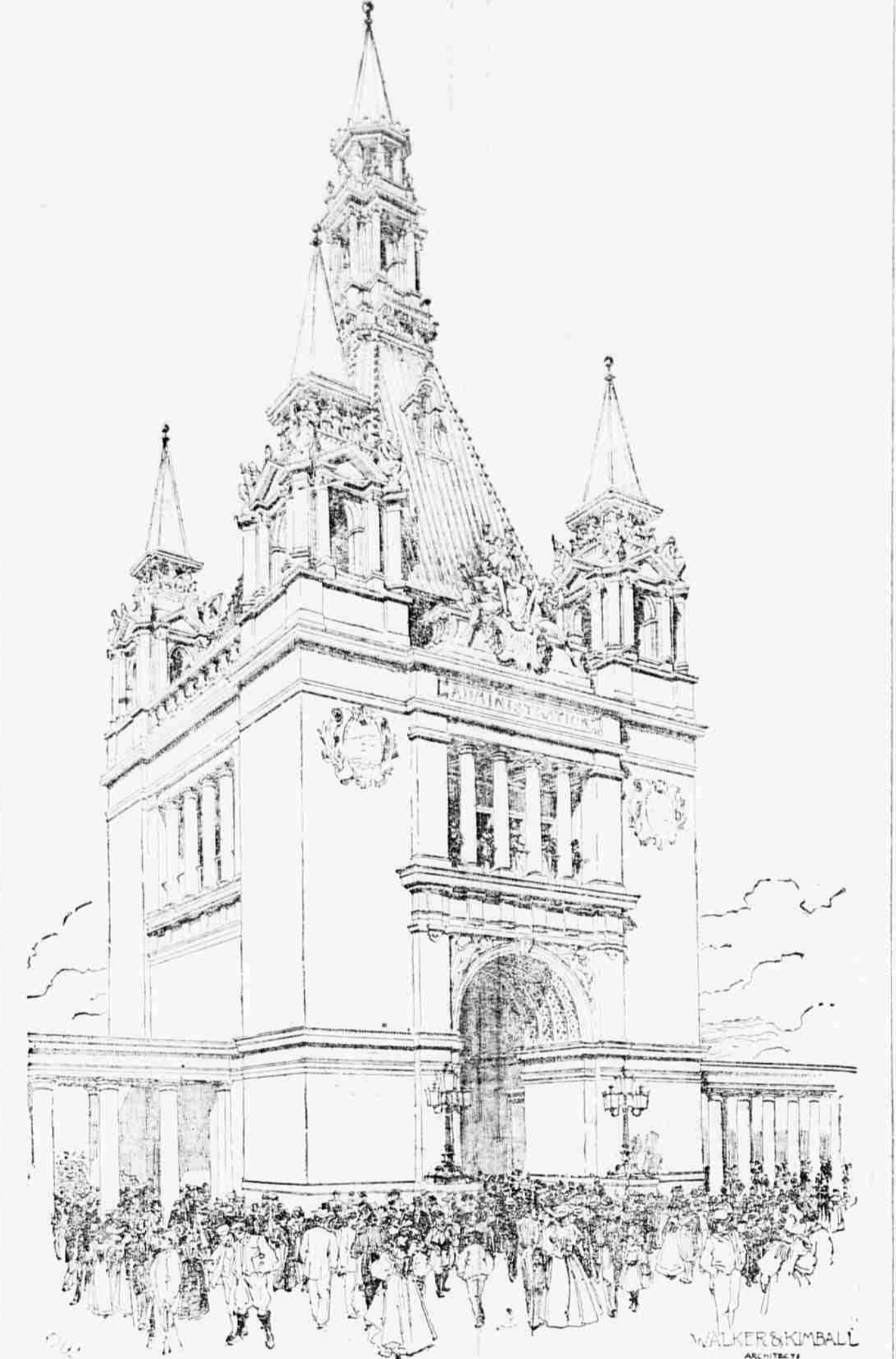
HOT WEATHER FOR LONDON.

Visiting Americans Think It Just Comfortable, However.

LONDON, July 17.—This week England has been having the first really hot weather of the year. In London there have been several sunbaths, and a good many horses have died from the heat. Straw has been appearing in all sorts of places, and everywhere is heard the complaint that the weather is worse than that of the tropics. Although the mercury has not yet gone above 75 in London, visiting Americans are luxuriating in the temperature and are praising London as a summer resort, owing to the establishment of the railroad connection.

In spite of the beautiful weather and the very exciting contents, Henry has been almost a failure this season as compared with other years. The chief reason, probably, is the rebellion which has sprung up at the expense of the extension of the line by the hotelkeepers, clubs and lodgers. This state of affairs has retarded very much in the same way as the jubilee speculators did comparatively few Americans were to be seen among the operators of the regatta. But a number of Harvard men, whom Mr. Nathan has been entertaining handsomely, have been in evidence and intensely interested in everything.

FOR THE TRANSMISSISSIPPI EXPOSITION AT OMAHA, 1898.



ADMINISTRATION ARCH.

The attractive features of the Administration Arch give promise of the beauty which may be anticipated. The drawing shows a beautiful building designed along the free classical style, which dominates all the buildings on the main court, but the few decorative details are more prominently in the other buildings. The Administration Arch is 400 feet long and 100 feet high. It is intended to be used as a general headquarters for the reception of distinguished visitors, besides giving a finished effect to the architectural ensemble of the main court. It is much taller than any of the other buildings on this court and forms the central figure of the group of buildings facing the lagoon. In general effect the building is a solid rectangular mass with four rectangular piers supported by a high fluted Doric column and a pediment. The drawing is in black and white, and while it gives the silhouette and detail in strong lines, it leaves the color effect to the imagination. On the building itself, color will be used freely. In the lower all the half lights and under the arches color will be used with freedom and strength. The contrast between the lower solid portion of the building and the roof will also be emphasized by color.

THE BEE BULLETIN.

Weather Forecast for Nebraska—Bismarck, Neb., July 18, 1897.

- 1. Usury and Blackmail go Together. German Farmers in Hard Lines. 2. Protection Provided for Farmers. Transmississippi Congress Adjourns. 3. Ready to Leave School Lands. State Officials Disclose Responsibility. Mine Owners Ready to Sign. 4. Last Week in Omaha Social Circles. 5. Baltimore Boats Chicago Again. 6. Council Helps Local Matters. 7. Hay War on the Big Sioux Reservation. 8. Finals in the Local Tennis Games. 9. Colorado Counting to the Exposition. 10. Utah's Great Golden Jubilee. Work on Street Paving is Delayed. 11. "Sirensburg." 12. Editorial and Comment. 13. "Boys in Wall Street." Prospect of a Great Epidemic. 14. Excess from the Ante-Rooms. 15. Commercial and Financial. 16. Weekly Gossip of Sporting Gossip.

THERMOMETER CLIMBING HIGHER.

Successes in Other More Touching Ninety Degrees. Hour. Deg. Hour. Deg. 6 a. m. 73 1 p. m. 80 7 a. m. 74 2 p. m. 80 8 a. m. 74 3 p. m. 80 9 a. m. 75 4 p. m. 80 10 a. m. 76 5 p. m. 80 11 a. m. 78 6 p. m. 81 12 m. 79 7 p. m. 82

SMALL TRICK CONCERNING THE HOWLING SWIVELS AND THEIR BODIES.

LONDON, July 17.—(New York World Telegram Special Telegram.)—Mrs. Bradley-Martin is filled with delightful anticipation over a prospective visit in the family of her daughter, the widow of Colonel Martin, recently deceased. She is the most devoted mother in the country. The marriage of the famous American woman's daughter to Lord Craven makes it possible for that nobleman to surround the expected bride with extravagant luxury. The girl's financial resources were low when Mr. Bradley-Martin settled £100,000 on him as the husband of his daughter. The woman who married young Sherman Martin, Mr. Bradley-Martin's son, who died, married recently Mr. Watney, a big property man with considerable means. She had married young Sherman Martin, because his family was not satisfied with his choice of a wife. Many stories were about the affair, which culminated in young Martin's being sent away to travel. He died before returning home.

EMPEROR WILLIAM IS DISPLEASED.

Emperor William is greatly displeased with the decision of the court of arbitration which deprives his brother-in-law, Prince Adolph of Schaumburg-Lippe, of the right of succession to the regency in Lippe-Detmold. The regency is worth £40,000 a year. Emperor William, who is comparatively poor, has given back to him to finance his military duties. The emperor's telegram to the prince, after the decision by the king of Saxony in favor of Count Lippe-Schaumburg, has caused a great sensation among the German aristocracy. It contains the following sentence: "Detmold could never have a better and worthier master and mistress than you." Special offense has been given by this reference to the prince's widow, her conduct being a familiar topic of court gossip. But the tenor of the whole telegram and the fact that the emperor addressed his brother-in-law with the familiarity of private correspondence shows that he did not intend his dispatch for publication.

SULTAN FINALLY CLIMBS DOWN.

LONDON, July 17.—The report called on Thursday by the Associated Press that an international conference on the seal controversy would be held at Washington in the autumn, as confirmed by an official paragraph issued today by the British authorities, and which will be printed here tomorrow. The statement says: "The publication of an isolated dispatch which has been daily republished, such as it may be regretted, has not retarded the progress of the negotiations in London. As there seems, however, to be some misapprehension of the subject, it is pointed out that the communications now passing there is no question of altering the regulations now in force on the Bering sea or of imposing fresh restrictions. Mr. John W. Foster, on behalf of the government is urging that experts representing the governments interested should meet and compare the results of their investigations with a view of arriving at an agreed state of facts. This is the sole object of the proposed meeting. An idea that the conference will deal with the question of revising the remuneration is entirely misleading. Conference between the representatives of the United States, Canada and the foreign and colonial offices are proceeding almost daily."

SHERMAN'S DISPATCH IN COMMONS.

LONDON, July 17.—(New York World Telegram Special Telegram.)—Michael Davitt intends to ask the under secretary in the House of Commons Monday if the allegations in Secretary Sherman's Bering sea dispatch are accurate, and what measures the British government has taken to enforce the regulations agreed upon for the protection of the seals under the Paris agreement. The time of the dispatch is bitter recanted by English politicians, but although I have talked with numbers of them on the subject in the House of Commons lobby during the last few days, not one seemed to fear that any serious diplomatic complication could arise over the controversy.

ACCIDENT TO EMPEROR WILLIAM'S EYE COMES THROUGH HIS WILLFULNESS.

BERLIN, July 17.—(New York World Telegram Special Telegram.)—The injury to the emperor's eye was the result of a characteristic exhibition of personal vanity on his part. He was informed that it would be unsafe if not impossible to lower one of the heavy steel masts of the Hohenzollern's yacht, unless it were in dock and under a derrick. He exclaimed that nothing was impossible to him, and said that if the naval engineers aboard were unable to devise means of lowering the mast while the ship was afloat, he would teach them how. Accordingly he drew up a scheme for unshaping it by means of saws attached to the bow and to the other masts. It was while a steel hawser was being raised up under his personal direction that a rope snapped and the end struck him in the face. His eye was seriously injured, and he was withdrawn to his own cabin by three men. He himself did not obtain any relief. It was while a steel hawser was being raised up under his personal direction that a rope snapped and the end struck him in the face. His eye was seriously injured, and he was withdrawn to his own cabin by three men. He himself did not obtain any relief.

FINED FOR TEARING DOWN A FLAG.

TORONTO, July 17.—Peter Martin, who tore down the stars and stripes from the city hall yesterday, was fined \$1 and costs or thirty days in jail as a disorderly in this morning's police court.

SEEN THROUGH BRITISH EYES.

LONDON, June 17.—A somewhat pessimistic view of the Debt settlement in the west is taken by the Spectator, which says: "Collectivism hitherto has been confined to France in the United States, particularly the Germans, but the new movement means a native collectivist party. Such a party seems to be in process of formation, and may portend great changes in the character of American politics. It is likely to exercise considerable influence throughout the world so long as it lasts."

DOE TO HIS PERSONAL VANITY.

Accident to Emperor William's Eye Comes Through His Willfulness.

LONDON, July 17.—(New York World Telegram Special Telegram.)—The injury to the emperor's eye was the result of a characteristic exhibition of personal vanity on his part. He was informed that it would be unsafe if not impossible to lower one of the heavy steel masts of the Hohenzollern's yacht, unless it were in dock and under a derrick. He exclaimed that nothing was impossible to him, and said that if the naval engineers aboard were unable to devise means of lowering the mast while the ship was afloat, he would teach them how. Accordingly he drew up a scheme for unshaping it by means of saws attached to the bow and to the other masts. It was while a steel hawser was being raised up under his personal direction that a rope snapped and the end struck him in the face. His eye was seriously injured, and he was withdrawn to his own cabin by three men. He himself did not obtain any relief.

Give Warning to Mussulmans.

CANEA, Island of Crete, July 15.—In consequence of the increasing turbulence of the Mussulmans and the almost incessant outbreaks and disorders, the admiral of the foreign fleet has issued an order admonishing the Mussulmans and announcing that if a single European soldier is harmed they will bombard the town.

Vote Confidence in Ministry.

PARIS, July 17.—The Chamber of Deputies today, by 324 to 114, voted confidence in the government's eastern policy.

SOME SNIFF WAR IN THE AIR.

NEWSPAPER CONTRIBUTORS THINK IT IS TIME TO FIGHT.

LONDON, July 17.—(New York World Telegram Special Telegram.)—The London press is taking a decidedly hostile view of the Bering sea dispute. The Spectator says (Sherman) sends the British government as if its ministers were a set of mean, unfeeling, thieving scoundrels. It is absolutely essential that Lord Salisbury should refuse to consider the question in any manner until he has received an apology for such wanton impudence.

THE SPEAKER SAYS.

The Speaker says: "Secretary Sherman is an old man. We hope for his sake that the dispatch was drafted by some subordinate, who was for the time being depressed by the heat. The language is quite strong enough to justify a suspension of all diplomatic relations if that were worth while."

THE MORNING POST'S EDITORIAL.

The Morning Post's editorial yesterday suggesting that the time would come when a certain class of Americans would force a war presents the true position as the majority of the English people, who firmly believe that the United States is seeking a war with Great Britain.

PEOPLE HERE LOOK WITH A CERTAIN AMOUNT OF CONTEMPT UPON AMERICAN PRESUMPTIONS.

People here look with a certain amount of contempt upon American presumptions. They are convinced that the republic is a miracle which could not stand a heavy blow from the outside. They are confident that in case of emergency England would do all that was necessary.

LET ME SAY AS ONE WHO KNOWS THE AMERICANS.

Let me say as one who knows the Americans well, that they are not moved by any considerations of kindred, as is so often falsely asserted in our press, on the authority of some few stragglers among us whose policy is to enter into society and be considered fashionable. These people only form a microscopic minority among their countrymen, and have neither influence nor ability to make their ideas prevail at home. The moment for action will be taken when it is law. The American will have the cork popping. The longer it is postponed the more difficult it will be.

FIX AMOUNT OF INDEMNITY.

ATHENS, July 17.—It is stated on reliable authority that the powers have fixed the indemnity to be paid to Turkey by Greece at \$1,000,000 and have assigned a man-power to the Turkish a more liberal line of frontier. Turkey and Greece have long ago settled the question of the compensation between themselves.

EDWARD MARSHALL.

ST. LOUIS, July 17.—(New York World Telegram Special Telegram.)—Miss Maudie, who while defending her father killed her brother, Herbert Coyle, was acquitted today.

GIRL WITH AN ANTIPODEAN.

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