## IRISH WILL NOT SING CONSUL GENERAL LEE INTERVENES.

Decline to Join in "God Save the Queen" in Commons.

VICTORIA NOT POPULAR IN IRELAND

Her Neglect of that Portion of Her Realm | was carrying Spanish wounded into the in- Edhem Fasha is Said to Be a Creature of is Marked.

Miss Nancys of the London Press in a Wonderful Turmoil.

SALISBURY COMING IN FOR CRITICISM

Tory Papers Begin to Complain Because the Premier Lingers Along the Rivera at This Critical Time.

(Copyright, 1897, by Press Publishing Company.) LONDON, April 24 .- (New York World Cablegcam - Special Telegram.)-Following the example of the Canadian Provincial Assembly, a movement is being started on the tory side of the House of Commons to commemorate the queen's record reign by singing "God Save the Queen" in the House of Commons on her majesty's birthday. This Irish members to bury the hatchet for once soldiers of General Luque's column seized him a second Von Moltke. and join in this demonstration. They have, the chance to join the insurgents. Soon It is said now that Edhem Pasha is in however, steadfastly refused to take any part afterward twenty-one men of the battalion disgrace, that he has had little previous duce at the Comedy theater not later than in it, and if they do not actually raise a of Tarifa descried. Several of the latter experience in warfare, that he is a creature counter demonstration by responding with were recaptured and brought to Sancti Spir- of Izzet Bey, and he fell when that favor-"God Save Ireland," they will at any rate itus in cords to be shot. testify their disapproval by withdrawing in a body from the house. In these circumtensely unpopular, and that her record-reign | there, finds that country more disaffected than at her accession. Even if her neglect of the sister country did not show it, there is a Ireland and the Irish. Her intense superstition causes her to fancy that whenever any member of her family visits Ireland a stroke of ill luck follows. She has taken good care herself not to tempt fate in that way, and she has been in Ireland only twice in sixty years.

A profoundly painful sensation was caused in London this morning by the reported sud- United States pretty hard. In that regard den death of the duchess of York, who is it is popular here, but doubly so on account daily expecting her accouchement at York of the preference it makes in favor of Brit-Cottage, Sandringham. The origin of the ish goods. These preferential terms for canard is unknown, but it brought a rush of Great Britain and other countries disposed inquiries to Marlborough house, where it to receive Canadian products on favorable was declared to be groundless. The duchess rates, the finance minister explained in Paris, possibly, the most popular member of liament, would be in the form of reductions the royal family, and her death would prob- from the general list of one-eighth for the ably have put an end to the contemplated first year, and after that period they would

### CALL HIM JOHN.

A controversy has been started in the public press here as to the correct style of addressing our new ambassador, who, Mr Astor's paper declares, should be called "Hon." John Hay. Mr. Laird Clowes writes to point out that the only American entitled to prefix "Hon." is the lieutenant governor of Massachusetts, while several other authorities combine in correcting the Pall Mall Gazette, showing that Colonel Hay should be entitled to "excellency." By the way, the trouble at Washington over Sir Julien Paurcefote's claim to precedence has provoked little comment here, except in a few of the "jingo" papers, who scent in it a fresh derire on the part of Americans to

humiliate England. The setback of the Turkish army has caused immense elation among the Greek sympathizers here, and the hope is widely expressed that the little nation may after all hold its own against its big opponent. But in military circles it is recognized tha unless the Greek army can strike a decisive blow immediately the arrival of further Turkish reserves will place the result beyond doubt. The opinion is strong here that Lord Salisbury should force the powers to intervene now, while success is with Greece, in order to save her from the horrors of a Turkish conquest and prolonged misery of paying a heavy war indemnity. But Lord Salisbury is still on the Riviera, entirely out of touch with public sentiment here, while all the other ministers are touring or golfing, or indulging in some

other recreation away in the country. SALISBURY SHOULD RETURN.

Conclusive proof that dissatisfaction is beginning to be felt by the tories themselves at the culpable inertness of the government is afforded by the comments now daily made in the ministerial press on Lord Salisbury's absence from England. When this question was raised in the House of Commons a few days before adjournment for the Easter vacation. Mr. Balfoud did. not even condescend to reply, but now the tory Standard is demanding the instant return of Lord Salisbury because of the bad Impression created abroad by his apparent carelessness about the situation and the diplomatic delays and opportunities wasted by the time occupied in communicating with him. The telegraph is uscless to Lord Salisbury for really important matters, as it would not be safe to send confidential dispatches, even in cipher, over the French wires. Therefore dispatches have to be sent to him twice a day by the queen's messengers, causing delays which undoubtedly have hampered the effective action of England in the too changing phases of the

great difficulty. The superseding of Edhem Pasha and the obvious alarm at Constantinople have aroused the suspicion that press dispatches from the correspondents with the Turkish | our scalp wound and is thought to be fatally forces have been subject to so rigorous a censorship as to convey a false impression | brother, John Cannally of Port Huron, were of the real state of affairs. As it is impossible to send from Turkey, even in normal times, a cable dispatch containing anything distasteful to the authorities, the censorship now is certain to be even more severe. It is noteworthy, too, that while all the correspondents with the Greek army are enthusiastic partisans, those with the Turks are very restrained in their commen-BALLARD SMITH.

ROME, April 24.- The Opione states that a plot was in existence on April 16 to assassinate King Humbert, and that a man named Gudini, a friend of Acciarito, who attacked the king on Thursday last, has been av-

Asks for the Release of Jose Dumas. a Native of New Orleans. HAVANA (via Key West), April 24 .- (New York World Cablegram-Special Telegram.) -Jose Dumas, a native of New Orleans and a resident of Havana, has been arrested be cause of letters found in the possession of Dr. Dumas, his brother, of the insurgent OSMAN PASHA TAXES THE VACANT PLACE army. General Lee has asked for his release. The doctor is a French citizen. He surgents' hospital and when the tusurgents wanted to kill taem he pleaded and saved their lives. He then arranged to surrender HOW TO ADDRESS COLONEL JOHN HAY the wounded to General Valdea and did so but on his return he was ambushed by Vaidea | HE GOES DOWN WITH THAT INDIVIDUAL and badly wounded. The Spanish soldiers recognized him and said, "This is the man who cured our companions; let's let him go." The captain said: "No, we'll take him in, but our chiefs will see that justice is done. The doctor was promptly tried and sen tenced to be shot. It is understood here that Major Sandoval's mission to the United States is to lay before President McKinley papers that were captured with Rivera prov-

> of the members of the junta. THOMAS G. ALVORD, JR.

ing connection of the New York junta with

the expeditions of arms and men that have

been sent to Cula, with a view to the arrest

HUNGER DRIVES THEM TO DESERT. Spanish Soldiers Go Over to the In-

surgents in Sounds.

force in Havana province. On Wednesday afraid to send his best generals, such as tion from the French by Henry Guy Carlestances the policy of persisting in such a the Alcalda at Guanchacao notified Colonel Achmet, Fuad and Reschid Pasha, to the ton. demonstration is much questioned, as it Tejerizo, commanding the town, that General front, they being instead kept in the would only accentuate the fact that, as far Castillo was at Noria, three miles away, with most remote provinces. No remarkable as Ireland is concerned, the queen is in- 5,000 men. Troops were immediately sent development, however, is expected from the

Managua, killing and wounding eighty-three by the sultan's jealous determination to di-THOMAS G. ALVORD. of the troops.

GIVES PREFERENCE TO ENGLAND. Canada's New Tariff Offers Retalia-

tion to United States. OTTAWA, Ont., April 24 .- The new tariff announced by the government will hit the be one-quarter of the rates in the general tariff. These reductions would apply to all schedules except those imposing duties intended for revenue on such articles as wines, tobacco, cigars and cigarettes. DUCHESS OF YORK IS NOT DEAD.

No Truth in the Report Sent Out from

London. LONDON, April 24.- There is no truth in the report that the duchess of York is dead. The press association this morning announces that a rumor was in circulation that the duchess of York, wife of the heir presumptive to the throne, died at Sandringham house at 3 o'clock this morning during confinement. An investigation of the report showed it was without foundation. Inquiries made at Sandringham elicited the statement that the duchess was quite well and it s understood that the alarming rumor which spread all over London originated yesterday in the announcement of the death of the dowager duchess of Bedford.

Wealth Could Not Save Him. GUADALAJARA, Mex., April 24.-Jose S. Gutlerrez was legally shot here for the murder of his brother-in-law, Jose Bobadilla, a millionaire merchant of this city. The crime was committed three years ago and created a stir throughout Mexico, owing to the wealth and prominence of the parties concerned. Gutierrez made a long and desperate legal fight, but his guilt was clearly shown and he was sentenced to pay the full penalty. He met his death without any outward signs of fear.

Shah of Persia Dangerously III. LONDON, April 24 .- A dispatch to the Exalarmingly ill, Muzafer Ed Din was born March 25, 1853, and succeeded his father, who was assasrinated on May 1, 1896. Muzafer Ed Din is the second son of the late shah.

Edhem Pasha Reported Dead. LONDON, April 24 .- A special dispatch rom Athens says it is rumored there that Edhem Pasha, the Turkish commander-inchief, has succumbed to a wound which he received in the recent fighting with the

Greeks in the Milouna pass. Market Dull at London. LONDON, April 24.—The stock market ruled dull and prices varied little all day. Owing to the inactivity of operators trading was generally light.

WRECKED BY A CYCLONE.

Omer, Mich., Struck by a Wind: Three Persons Fatally Injured. SAGINAW, Mich., April 24 .- A special to the Courier-Herald from Omer. Arenac county, says that a cyclone struck that town at 5:30 this evening, completely demolishing the general store of W. R. Clouston, whose residence was also torn down and his shingle

mill wrecked. Mr. Clouston received a seriinjured. Mrs. John J. Balkie and her in the upper portion of the store building when it collapsed. They were buried under the debras, but escaped serious injury. J. A. Campbell's building under course of construction was blown down and completely wrecked. The Hagley residence was blown to pieces and not a board can be found within 200 feet of its former location. Mr. and Mrs.

Hagley were blown sixty feet into the air and both were fatally hurt. Mr. Clouston's less is \$1,200 on buildings and \$3,000 on stock. The Presbyterian church was damaged to the extent of \$500. The cyclone was followed by a terrific rain. The cloud was funnel shaped and took a northcasterly direction. When it reached the woods trece were uprocted and carried into

Commander-in-Chief of the Turkish Army Suddenly Removed.

Izzet Bey.

New Commander Will Be Hampered by the Sultan's Jealousy.

WANTS TO DIRECT OPERATIONS HIMSELF

No Remarkable Development, as the Result of the Change, is Expected in the Conduct of the Campaign.

(Copyright, 1897, by the Associated Press.) LONDON, April 24.-The last few days have developed a dramatic situation. The sudden removal of Edhem Pasha, the Turkish Telegram.)-Hunger is driving Spanish sol- of the glowing accounts which the corrediers into the insurgent ranks. A World spondents in the field sent out of Edhem would be, of course, a startling innovation. courier from Placetas brings the news from Pasha's brilliantly conceived plan of cambut the unique character of the occasion thoroughly reliable sources. Troops have paign, which was represented as working public and private, have been made to the Spiritus for provisions. Last week fourteen the impression that Turkey had found in

> ite of the sultan went down. It is also appointment of Osman Pasha to command A large number of Spanish soldiers are the Turkish forces operating against the reported moving toward Guines and Bata- Greeks in Thessaly, as, apart from the danrect the military operations from the Yildiz klosk. The great value of Osman Pasha's

> > VIRTUALLY A PRISONER. Osman Pasha has virtually been a prisoner n the Yildiz kicek. The sultan dreaded his popularity, although he used it as a protection, always having Osman Pasha accom-

the army.

pany him on his weekly drives upon the occasion of the Selamlik, when the sultan himself, a sallow, scared, miserable-looking figure, sat facing the horses, with his grizzled, resolute-looking old marshal opposite him. In his position of palace marshal Osman Pasha had to seal every dish served the sultan and never left the grounds of the palace without imperial permission.

Said Eddin Pasha who Ahmid Hifiz Pasha in command of the Turkish army at Janina, is the general the sultan sent to Crete in December last to carry out the reforms there in accordance with the sultan's ideas. The ambassadors, however, demanded Said Eddin's recall, and after a threat from the powers of serious measures if the demand was refused, the sultan yielded and Said Eddin was recalled.

Advices received here from Constantinople say the war news in Turkish newspapers is very meager and altogether fails to give an idea of the Greek's stubborn resistance, or of the Turkish losses, which must be conequally reticent, and the foreign embassies are destitute of impartial news, and will be until the military attaches arrive at the

TURKISH ARMY. The cabinet council at the Yildiz kiosl yesterday discussed the enrollment of volunteers and decided that as the treaty of Berlin forbids the use of irregulars, all the volunteers must wear the Turkish uniform and serve under regular officers appointed volunteers, one-half have accepted these conditions and the others, who refused, have the entire number of Turkish troops under arms as being 357,000, of which 217,000 are

From Athens it is said that discontent exists there with the fact that King George has not yet started for the front. His reserve is considered excessive.

The feeling at Athens against Russia still runs high. The Greek government has rechange Telegraph company from Paris mys jected Russia's offer to protect the Greek he shah of Persia, Muzafer Ed Din, is orthodox in Turkey, Russia's cagerness to do so having caused doubts as to her motives, and the government of Greece has now begged Great Britain to protect the orthomake sacrifices of money as well as blood.

DASH THROUGH DARDANELLES. The rumor in Athens today that the Greek these may try to run the gauntlet of the bring infringement Turkish ships and forts in the straits. If only two of them succeed in getting through, the effect of their appearance in the Bosphorus would be incalculable. It is quite ceraguinst them.

rom lack of medical supplies. The chloroform is already exhausted and nurses, medicines, clinical thermometers, lint and sur-

gical appliances are needed. The attitude of the various Balkan states s closely watched in political circles. Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria is playing his own game and is determined to profit to the utnost by Turkey's stress, apparently heedless

of advice even from Russia. The Servian minister at Paris, in an interview describes Servia's attitude as being one trouble, as it is in the interest of the porte o grant what we ask." The Servian miniser did not think the war would last long. He said the Greeks must not reckon on a

rising in Macedonia ROME BREAKS WITH TURKEY. According to advices from Rome, relations between the Holy See and Turkey are en- Liverpool; Normania, from Hamburg Vationn is directed toward inducing the pow- Liverpool.

ers to end Turkish rule in Europe, with the view of a great revival and reorganization of the Christian eastern churches.

A telegram from St. Petersburg says the fact that the war has not produced discord among the powers and has not modified the One of the Possibilities of the War in the program of the imperial visits is regarded in official circles as a solid guaranty of the locallzation of the war and as a safeguard of peace. This statement, however, forms a contrast with the news from Toulon today, anouncing that the entire French Mediterrancan squadron was taking on board provisions, coal and ammunition in order to sail for the Levant tomorrow if necessary. LONDON THEATRICAL GOSSIP.

Notes of Plays and Players in England's Capital City. (Copyright, 1897, by the Associated Press.)

LONDON, April 24.-The theaters generilly have had a prosperous week. Brandon Thomas has written a new comdy entitled "22 Curzon Street, Mayfair," which is said to be exceedingly funny and strong in situation. Some time since a play called "No. 6 John Street, Adelphi," was produced at the Vaudeville, and another named "No. 117 Arundel Street." There is, of course, no such number on Curzon street any more than there was any 31 in the same thoroughfare, which was the residence of Becky Sharp. Herbert Standing will produce the new comedy. After his engagement at the Empire the

ment on his own account at the Strand. C. Richards will give a matinee at the opyright, 1897, by Press Publishing Company.) commander-in-chief, and the fact that he Criterion on Tuesday, April 27, when he pressed in political and diplomatic circles HAVANA, (by Way of Key West), April has been replaced by Osman Pasha, the here will submit and original farcical comedy 24.—(New York World Cablegram-Special of Plevna, has caused great surprise, in view written by Mrs. Lancaster Wallis. The it will not remain local very long. It is piece will be produced by Hugh Moss. The rehearsals of Sir Arthur Sullivan's

ater, A. Roberts will again resume manage-

Albambra, Sir Arthur returning from the has been held to warrant it. Appeals, both to be sent daily from the front into Sancti like a machine, and which gave the world Riviera for the purpose. Two Alhambra favorites, Signor Legani and Signorina Elia have been engaged. Charles Hawtrey has arranged to pro-

> terious Mr. Bugle." The new play for the Vaudeville, "Never The insurgents are gathering a strong stated that the sultan has hitherto been Again," is of American origin, an adapta-

August Mrs. Riley's new play, "The Mys-

British War Ships for Delagon Bay (Copyright, 1897, by the Associated Press.) LONDON, April 24 .- The developments is South Africa are creating much excitement here, especially in the case of the sudden dispatch of the Cape of Good Hope squadron bano. General Castillo is reported to have gers of swapping horses at the present crit- of British war ships to Delagoa Bay. It is well founded belief that the queen dislikes defeated the battalion San Quintin, near ical juncture, Osman Pasha will be hampered the general impression that Great Britain is preparing for some important move. According to one statement, the government learned that several German war ships had presence at the front is his popularity with been ordered to Delagos Bay, and, consequently, it was determined to forestall the Germans. The Globe, however, believes the explanation is that Great Britain will possibly obtain full control of Mozambique, under the Portuguese flag, in return for cancelling the large compensation which Portugal will be compelled to pay Great Britain, as a result of the Delagoa award. Great Britain would thus administer Mozambique as she does Egypt, and the paval demonstration was intended to ward off the opposition of

the other powers. Stir in Asto Circles. (Copyright, 1897, by the Associated Press.) LONDON, April 24.—The appearance of Louis Stuyvesant Chanler at Dublin on Tues day as an ardent Redmondite in a speech breathing no end of threats against Great Britain, has caused annoyance in Astor circles. Mr. Chanler is spoken of in Dublin as "one of the Astor family," and his speech was accepted by his audience at the rotunda as a sort of prophesy of the immediate return to the policy of physical force, which, it is also openly asserted by the members of other sections of the Irish nationalists, is the real reason why the convention was called. Mr. Chanler, a few years ago, rented a house from the duke of Leeds, near Newsiderable. The Turkish authorities are market, and then went to Cambridge for a course of study. He became a prominent member of a debating society and finally took the stump for the liberals during the

last campaign. Speculation in Windows pyright, 1857, by the Arsociated Press.) LONDON, April 24.-The queen's diamond jubilee, after being the object of all sorte of speculation, has now been the basis for a confidence trick. Swindlers have been tak by the government. Out of 20,000 Albanian the route to be followed by the procession ing photographs of prominent houses along and have been forwarding them to Americans been sent home. An official report gives price for windows, but demanding a good deposit in advance. Several people have been victimized to the tune of about \$250 each. The predicted slump in the window market has already begun, and large numbers of windows and houses were offered at auction on Thursday. With the exception of

one-fifth of the reserve price, Warning to the Transvani. (Copyright, 1997, by the Associated Press.) LONDON, April 24 .- A Blue book, pubished today, contains a grave warning to dox Greeks. It is understood that in a mes- the Transvaal, in a dispatch from the secsage, which the king is preparing, he will retary of state for the colonies, Mr. Chaminvite all Greeks throughout the world to berlain, to the British high commissioner in South Africa, Lord Rossmead, dated March allen immigration bill as a breach of the war ships were preparing to make a dash London convention, Mr. Chamberlain rethrough the Dardanelles caused much in grets that in spite of the repeated assurances terest in military and naval circles. It of President Kruger of his respect for the was pointed out that the bombardment of convention, the British government has been German prestige when the station house was small ports on the Albanian and Macedonian so frequently obliged to complain of incoasts does not require powerful ironclade, fringement of the convention or action on that the penalty of death would be the punsuch as the Psara, Hydra and Spetzai, and the part of the Transvaal, calculated to ishment for so doing, the question of sex

Hay Cordinlly Received.

(Copyright, 1897, by the Associated Press.) LONDON, April 24.-The reception acorded to Colonel John Hay, the new Amertain that with their present armament the ican ambassador to the court of St. James, Turkish war ships would be poweriess has been most cordial. The newspapers have been most eulogistic and it is emphatically The Greek army at present is suffering the case of "le roi est mort, vive le roi." There have been many allusions to Colonel Hays' dignified reticence, compared with the volubility of his immediate predecessor.

Rev. Thomas Sherman Very III. CHICAGO, April 24.—After several weeks spent in the Mercy hospital, this city, Rev. Thomas Sherman, S. J., son of General William T. Sherman, has been given a leave or absence by the head of the Jesuit order until September, in the hope that his shat tered health may be restored. It now do of strict neutrality. He added: "Bulgaria velops that Father Sherman was forced to is in the same position as ourselves. She is give up active missionary work over a month nore insistent, but there is no danger of ago, and it was stated at the hospital last night that the priest was still in a condition bordering on the critical. Overwork is assigned as the main cause of the young priest's illness.

Movements of Ocean Vessels, April 2: At New York-Arriver-Bilttanic. tirely suspended. The whole interest of the At Queenstewn-Arrivel-Etruria, from

## SHAKEUP IN EUROPE

Levant.

GERMANY'S INTERESTS ARE AT STAKE

Possible Political Readjustment of Present Alliances.

BALKAN STATES MAY YET MAKE TROUBLE Bulgaria Has a Hankering for Macedonia

Herself. PRINCE FERDINAND BUYS WAR MATERIAL

Purchases a Supply of Quick-Firing and Heavy Guns\_Powers Will Attempt to Confine Greece to Narrow Limits.

(Copyright, 1897, by the Associated Press.) BERLIN, April 24.-The war between Greece and Turkey monopolizes public attention in Germany. The opinion is exthat the war will not finish soon and that stated in government circles that Germany's interests have already been vitally engaged, 'National" ballet began this week at the and it seems to be a foregone conclusion, whatever the final volume of the present troubles, that the political readjustment of the oriental question will also lead to a readjustment of the powers' alliance. The entente between Germany and Austria on one side and Russia and France on the other, will, it is believed, become much closer in the near future. The pour parleurs between Prince Fohenlohe, the imperial chancellor, and M. Hanotaux, the French minister for foreign affairs in Paris, while only touching upon the mutual attitude of Germany and France in the oriental question, were significant, as also is the visit

of Emperor William to Vienna and that of Emperor Francis Joseph to St. Petersburg. A diplomat who was a member of Emperor William's suite during the trip to Vienna said to the correspondent of the Associated press; "The main efforts of the powers will Two letters from Mr. Gladstone since Monday be turned toward keeping Greece confined to narrow limits, but the success of their endeavors is doubtful. If Turkey utterly routs Greece, all will be well, but if Greece meets with even a temporary success, all will be chaos, as there are good reasons to suspect that Bulgaria, Servia and Montenegro are only waiting for a chance to break loose, Greeks into Macedonia." and especially Bulgaria, which is bankering after Macedonia herself." FERDINAND BUYS GUNS.

The visit of Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria to Berlin was an event of more than ordinary importance. The prince's audience with the emperor was not satisfactory. His Greeks abroad, and quantities of drafts of rince Ferdinand, however, was apparently not discouraged, for he entered into negotiations with Berlin financiers for raising a Bulgarian loan, and also entered into negotiations with the Krupps for a supply of quick-firing and heavy guns.

will propose at the international postal congress at Washington will be the raising of the the letter weight from fifteen to twenty grammes. This is opposed by France and Belgium, they being the two main transit countries who would lose largely thereby, as the fees would not be increased with the increased weight and increased work. In fact, Germany proposes to remit entirely the transit fees hitherto paid for those countries. On the other hand, the proposals to raise the limit of postal money orders to ,000 francs (\$200) and to reduce the fees thereto, as well as to increase postal packages to 5 kilos, are looked upon as certain

to be accepted. BISMARCK RECOVERS. Prince Bismarck has quite recovered his health and has notified his Hamburg adnirers that he will accept an ovation and

torchlight procession on May 10, the anniersary of the Frankfort peace of 1871. German immigration for the month of March has again diminished, being only 1,938 persons, as compared with 3,120 perions during March, 1896. The indictment of Dr. Peters, the German

African commissioner, whose trial on charges of ill-treating African natives has commenced in private before the disciplinary court for German protectorates, charges him a small window, which cold at \$165, all the firstly, with arbitrarily hanging a negro boy lots were withdrawn, no one bidding above in 1891, and with hanging a girl in 1892; sec ondly, with unjustly making war upon Chief Malamia in November, 1891, and thirdly, with furnishing incorrect reports the superior authorities. Dr. Peters protested that he was not guilty and affirmed that he believed that he held the power of life or death over all the blacks of the station, except those who were members of the German colonial forces. He admitted having undertaken ex-6, in which, referring to the Transvaal tensive campaigns contrary to his instructions, but he contended the situation was then dangerous, as an attack upon the part of the Warongos was feared. He claimed he inflicted the death penalty in order to save broken into, as he had previously annouced being quite subordinate.

Peters admitted that he had flogged three egroes, but he denied he had executed his oncubine for faithlessness, explaining that she was executed for conspiracy with a native chief against the expedition. Licutenant Pachima and Janeschek testified on the parof Captain Peters. The trial closed today with a verdict sentencing Captain Peters to pay the cost of the trial.

GET READY FOR A BOMBARDMENT Foreign War Ships to Be Sent to Saloniea.

BERLIN. April 24.- The correspondent of the Staats Zeitung of New York has cabled the following message to his paper: The war news causes excitement here and particulars are eagerly awaited. It is expected the Greek fleet will bombard Salonica, in which case the powers will have to provide for the safety of their legations and war ships of the powers will be sent there. Austria has already ordered the battleship Kron Prinzess Stefanie to that port.

The report that Grumbako Pasha, the well known German officer, who, with Rusto Pasha organized the Turkish artillery, would lead the artillery to the frontier, is not true. Grumbako Pasha went to the scene to observe the fighting for the suitan from an independent point of view.

#### THE BEE BULLET ather Forecast for Nebraska-

1. Irishmen Refuse to Sing. Sultan Deposes Edhem Pashi General European Shakeup I

Greeks Are Eager to Fight.

2. Populists Oppose a Prohibit Relley's Experiences with Spaniards. 3. Beatrice Citizens Struggle with Flood.

Creston's Water Works Dam Gives Way Levee Cutters at Work in Louislana 4. Last Week in Omaha Social Circles. What the Musicians Are Doing. Co-Operative Home Hullding Notes.

5. Octave Thanet Stands by Her Guns. Gardeld Club Has a Joillification. Allen and Mercer Are Busy. 6. Council Bluffs Local Matters.

lowa Legislative Grist. Cleveland on "Present Problems."

7. Echoes from the Aute Room. Base Ball Games of a Day.

10. Woman: Her Ways and Her World. 11. "Three Partners." 12. Editorial and Comment.

13. Grant's March Through Missouri. Why He Was Called the Tanner.

Chronology of a Dead Week. 15. Commercial and Financial News.

16. "Aaron in the Wild Woods." Amusement Notes and Gossip.

17. Omaha Greeks Go Home to Fight. K. C. P. & G. Seeks a Gateway. 18. History as it is Written. Taking the Earth's Temperature

19. Weekly Grist of Sporting Gossip. 20. In the World of Whirling Wheels. Life Among the Zuni Women,

GREEKS IN TURKISH TERRITORY Cut Off Ottoman Army and Put It in

Precarious Position. (Copyright, 1897, by the Associated Press.) LONDON, April 24.- The dominant note of everything in London is war. It is discussed eagerly by all classes, from cabinet ministers down to the riff-raff of the east end, although all but the specialists are muddled as to the whereabouts of most of the places named. In consequence, there is such a demand for war maps that the publishers have seen unable to supply it.

The comments heard show a curious state of affairs. The sympathies with the combatants run on party lines, the conservative lauding the Turks and the liberals hoping for Greek success, while in Ireland, where one would expect universal sympathy for Greece, there is an amazing amount of plaudits for Turkey on the ground that the Turks are such good fighters. The comments on the war are becoming more or less heated. have added fuel to the fire. He says that the six powers, "with the incomparable maladroitness which has distinguished them throughout, have said, in acts, to the Greeks, 'You shan't carry on your work in Crete. We will do the war work of the Turks there.' It is thus they have driven the

Continuing, Mr. Gladstone remarks: "It is an incredible shame that the incomparable bungling of the powers and sacrifices of honor, decency and humanity in order to preserve peace, have caused war."

The war has opened wide the purses of the passed through London for Greece during

the past three weeks. A prominent London banker said: "We only represent four United States and Canadian banks, from which these small drafts The principal innovation which Germany a fair proportion of the sums forwarded by other American banks, which, we think, is undoubtedly the case, the total amount of money sent to Greece from America is already very close upon a £1,000,000. Besides these American contributions, the Greek merchants of London are forwarding large

ubscriptions of money and material." The Dally Chronicle and the Star have pened funds for the wounded and the amounts subscribed will be sent to the crown

princess of Greece. Regarding the course of the war, the As of three of the powers in London believe the war will be over in three weeks, and that when the Turks capture Larissa the sultan of Turkey will appeal to the powers to intervens in the interests of peace. In the meanwhile, it is said that Great Britain has declined to agree to the proposition of Count | youd Salonica, thus cutting off communica-Muravieff to abstain from intervention until one of the belligerents appeals for help, the marquis of Salisbury being of the opinion that such an appeal will never be made, and that in the meantime circumstances may arise necessitating action upon the part of

PRAY FOR SUCCESS OF THE ARMY.

Imposing Scene at the Holy Friday Celebrations. ATHENS, April 24.- The holy Friday procession here yesterday was one of the most dramatic incidents of the war, moving vast crowds of Athenians on an overwhelming wave of emotion. The various processions, all carrying lighted candles, converged at about 2 o'clock a. m. on Constitution square. As seen from a balcony above the sea of heads the spectacle was fairylike. As far give way. The Greeks retreated in good as the eye could reach there were myriads order on Karacles, where they are enof lights and all around was solemn silence. The metropolitan, robed in gorgeous golden vestments and wearing a resplendent gold that the military operations in Epirus will tiara, headed the procession of the clergy in the center of the aquare, the choristers chanting prayers in unison. A moment later the metropolitan, in a loud voice, prayed with issa continues, but the tranquility of the defend the national honor and fight for the

glory of the cross," All heads were bared and all eyes were streaming with tears as the metropolitan pronounced the benediction.

The metropolitan returned to the cathedral where a solemn mass was celebrated, and all those who had taken part in processions proceeded either to the church or to the cathe dral to take part in the religious services dismissal from the imperial service and to The king and queen of Greece and the whole official world were present at the cathedra-

OSMAN PASHA'S PLAN OF CAMPAIGN

Will Cencentrate All Turkish Forces in Thesauly.

LONDON, April 24 .- It is stated in a dispatch from Constantinople this evening that Osman Pasha's plan of campaign is to recall all the Turkish forces in Epirus, leaving only a strong garrison at Janina and abandoning the rest of the province. The Turkish army in Epirus would thus be able to effect a junction with the army in Thessaly by marching northward round the mountains dividing the two provinces. Osman Pasha would eventually have the whole Turkish force at his disposal and would be able to deal a de

Hold Volunteers Back ROME. April 24.-The departure of voluteers for Greece is being prevented by the police of the various towns.

# EAGER FOR THE FRAY

COPY FIVE CENTS.

Greeks of All Classes Anxious to Meet Turks in Eattle.

FOREIGN VOLUNTEERS ARRIVE AT ATHENS

Two Thousand Come from Italy Under Garibaldi Brothers.

APPRECIATE THE SYMPATHY OF AMERICA

Encouragement from This Side Gratefully Received in Greece.

REPORTS OF SUCCESS ARE CONFIRMED

Ministers of War and Marine Substantiate the Stories of Victory on the Frontier at Many Points.

Copyright, 1897, by Press Publishing Company.) ATHENS, April 24.—(New York World Cablegram-Special Telegram.)-The most intense enthusiasm continues to prevail here. Foreign volunteers arrive daily in increasing numbers. Yesterday the Garibaldi brothers reached the city, with more than 2,000 followers, eager to get to the front. The entire police force of Athens has been ordered to join the forces now with the crown prince. Greeks, wild to fight, are pouring into the city from every foreign land, save Turkey, where they are prevented from leaving the sultan's territory. Queen Olga alone would keep the enthusiasm here at fever heat if only by her visits to the hospitals, where she daily attends the wounded.

The World correspondent interviewed wounded men in all the hospitals here today. To a man they were eager to return to the fight. The newspapers are printing special editions every hour. In them is expressed the bitter feeling which pervades Greece against Germany, which country is blamed here for Turkey's declaration of war. The bitterness is enhanced by the appearance of several German military officers in the ranks

of the enemy. Prince Mayrocordato, lately Greek minister at Constantinople, tells the World correspondent that he has no fear of Greeks in Turkey being massacred at present. Such a course, the prince says, would imperil the existence of the Ottoman empire. Prince Mayrocordate also said to the World correspondent that the Greeks now in Turkey are eager to avail themselves of American protection, and that the sympathy expressed in America for the Greek cause is appreciated by the Greeks everywhere. The tone of some of the New York papers was, however, much resented. Prince Mavrocordato warmly expressed his gratitude to the World for its

attitude. GREEK SUCCESSES CONFIRMED. The latest news from the front obtained majesty strongly dissuaded the prince from \$5 to \$50 are coming from the United from the ministers of war, marine and forengaging in warlike enterprises, and plainly States and Canada for the Greek defense eign affairs by your correspondent before warned him of the unpleasant consequences. fund. Probably close upon \$5,000,000 have leaving for the front confirms the news of ie general success of the Gree the bombardment of Platamona and Katerina the eastern division of the Greek fleet dostroved immense quantities of stores and munitions of war intended for the invading come; but if these represent anything like army. In engaging the forts which were guarding the approach to Salonica the western division of the Greek fleet also destroyed

a great amount of stores at Agiasaranta. The Greek army about Epirus is everywhere successful, advancing beyond Philiplada on the road to Janina. In the mountain passes bordering on Theasaly there is desperate hand-to-hand fighting. The Greeks are holding their own against great odds. Continuous fierce onslaughts of the Turks, who are "fighting like devils," have been met and repulsed. In these mountain passes the Greek artillery is doing terrible execuociated press learns that the ambassadors tion in the herdes of Turkish cavalry. If these horsemen reach the plaine it is feared they will ravage the peaceful homes there. Fierce guerrilla wer is being waged along

Macedonian insurgents are reported as having destroyed the railroad and bridges betion with Constantinople. Crown Prince Constantine on Thursday went to the front of battle. His troops cheered him repeatedly and everywhere received him with greatest

enthusiasm. GREEK FORCES LEAVE LARISSA.

Evacuate the Town After Spiking the Guns in Position. ATHENS, April 24.-6:30 p. m.-Larissa has been completely evacuated by the Greeks, who spiked their guns in position

and carried away all of the movable cannon and munitions of war. Midnight.-A special dispatch received from the frontier asserts that the Turke, while attacking Mati, were repulsed several times yesterday. At 6 o'clock in the evening the Greek forces were obliged to trenched. From Arta the Greeks occupied the heights of Pontepigadia. It is believed

soon be terminated. The excitement and disquiet at Athens because of the sudden abandonment of Lar-

city is unbroken. The foreign war ships have been signaled off Phalerum.

REFUSES TO EXPEL THE GREEKS. Practically Bulgaria Renounces

Turkish Authority. CONSTANTINOPLE, April 24.-As previusly announced in these dispatches, the Turkish government some days ago called ipon Bulgaria, as the vassal of Turkey, to break off all diplomatic relations with Greece and to expel the Greek consuls and Greeks from Bulgarian territory. The Bulgarian government took the matter under consideraon, and it is now announced, has declined to comply, declaring that it will observe acutrality during the war between Turkey, and Greece. This refusal of Bulgaria to acknowledge its vassulage to Turkey is regarded as being a very important departure and as foreshadowing the declaration of the independence of Bulgaria.

The ambassadors of the powers at a meeting just held have decided to address identleal notes to the Turkish government asking that the Greeks employed by the foreign ministers, consulates and hospitals and all Greek ecclesiasts be permitted to remain in Torkey. The ambasendors ain propose that he foreign consulates use their good offices s behalf of the Greeks who represent interexts in the foreign capital, and finally, they will recommend that in any case the Turkizh government should observe moderation