FAVORABLE FOR THE GREEKS

Situation at the Gulf of Arta Helps the

ATHENS, April 19 .- While the incidents

of the day along the eastern portion of the

frontier have not been of notable im-

portance, the situation at the Gulf of Arta

and in the vicinity of the Albanian irontics

have become more favorable for the Greeks

taken the lead in the bombardment.

By an order received at Prevesa from Con-

has taken place at Prevesa during the bom-

Greek Minister Replies to the Note of

Turkey.

ATHENS, April 19 .- M. Skquzes, the Greek

ing that, "In consequence of the aggressive

were broken off." M. Skouzes in his note says: "In wishing

to make Greece responsible for the rupture of diplomatic relations the imperial government appears to loss sight of the fact that

at several points on the frontier. Owing to the conflict at the Prophet Elias, on March

"The royal government cannot let pass in

notified of the rupture of diplomatic rela-

tions and while the king's minister at Con-

stantinople was only notified at an advanced

fire at 5 o'clock in the morning on the Hel

sublime porte to the effect that Greece com-

mitted acts of hostility, the responsibility

for the consequences can in no way rest with

NO THOUGHT OF A BLOCKADE NOW

Powers Would Consent to the Return

of Colonel Vassos.

LONDON, April 19 .- The outbreak of hos

tilities on the Greek frontier has caused but

little sensation here. The government offi-

ceived no information beyond the fact that

war has been declared. The corresponden

of the Associated press understands that Turkey has no idea of territorial conquest,

for it knows the powers would not sanction

on Trikhala and Phanari. If these also are captured Turkey could compel Greece to comply with the demands of the powers. The Turkish fleet, however, is still in the

Dardanelles, where it is likely to remain as

reported that the powers, so far from block

ading Greek ports, will even allow Colonel

Vassos and his army to return to Greece if he desires to do so. In any case the Greek fleet would be able to harass Turkey at

many points, besides keeping open the sup

Another question of dominating influence

while content to see Greece and Turkey crip

long as the other Balkan states are kept

WARM WELCOME TO CECIL RHODES

Citizens of Cape Town Assure Him His Presence is Essential. Copyright, 1827, by Press Publishing Company.) CAPE TOWN, April 19.—(New York

World Cablegram-Special Telegram.)-Cecil

England was in the nature of an ovation.

He was presented with an address by the citizens, which was in part as follows:
"We take unbounded satisfaction in as-

suring you that the feelings expressed in

place here have not only been retained, but have deepened in the hearts of the people.

We cannot refrain from stating that we en

tertain the gravest apprehensions of po-

litical movements within the colony, the ob-ject of which is to circumscribe British su-premacy. They do not tend toward true and

lasting peace. Your presence is absolutely essential, and we earnestly hope that your

The Transvaal republic has sent six agents

to Dunbar, a port of Natal, to watch the movements of British war ships.

Pope Proclaims Four Cardinals.

day was largely attended. The pope elevated

the archbishops of Lyons, Rennes, Rouer and Santiago de Compostela to the cardinal

English Observe Primrose Day.

ROME. April 19 .- The secret consistory to

the great demonstrations that have take

pling each other for many years to con

ply line for the Greek army.

quiet.

long as the Greeks continue active.

steamer Macedonia.

the king 's government."

lenic position at Actium and sunk the Greek

"In the face of these facts, showing there

little foundation for the assertion of the

our of the fight, the forts at Prevesa opened

Hellenes.

POWERS TO PREVENT

European Concert May Pecome a Factor in Eastern Situation.

INTERVENTION TO STOP HOSTILITIES

Use Force To Prevent Matters from Going to Greater Lengths.

BUT LITTLE CHANGE ON THE FRONTIER

Turkish Army, Wearied with Fighting, Takes Much-Needed Rest.

EDHEM PASHA IS NEARLY CAPTURED

News of the Event Causes the Wildest Rejoieing at Athens - Greek Troops Are Advancing Toward Milouna.

(Copyright, 1897, by the Associated Press.) LONDON, April 19 .- In spite of the facthat the hostilities on the Greek frontier have caused but little excitement here, communications have been in progress all day long between the foreign office and Rome, France and Athens.

It is understood tonight that among the other matters considered is the expediency of ordering the international fleets to leave Cretan waters and to go in the direction necessary, by naval intervention. Should nate from the Italian foreign office, be acted upon, it is probable that only half the fleet of foreign warships would be withdrawn for such a purpose, the other half remaining to continue the Cretan blockade.

There is said to be a sharp difference of military opinion between the military powers-Russia, Austria-Hungary and Germany -and the maritime powers-England and Italy-as to the most expeditious and least violent methods of compelling a cessation of hostilities should the result be not reached by the exercise of diplomatic pressure at Athens and Constantibeple. The likelihood is that the force to be employed by Europe. if a resort to force becomes necessary, would be by sea, as the contingencies of military intervention might be more serious than

the Lostlities now in progress.
It is understood at the foreign office that the communication received here today from the marquis of Salisbury, after his interview with Queen Victoria at Nice, supporting the theory that the British government is using its utmost energy to persuade both the combatants to make a cessation of the combatants to make a cessation of the conflict at the stage which it has now reached. M. Handaux, who received the Greek minister to France today, is understood to have assured him that while France could not tolerate the indefinite prolongation of war, and would never consent to any essential modification of the existing territories of Greece and Turkey, she would contique for the present her policy of non-intervention, except so far as intervention might be necessary to prevent the spread of

TURKISH AUMY RESTS. The situation on the frontier has not, cording to latest advices, been materially modified today. Both the Turks and the Greeks are resting from the tremendous ex ertions of Friday Saturday and Sunday. The troops of Edhem Pasha were half dead with fatigue and hunger when the firing clacked last night. Most of them flung sleep. The Turkish commander-in-chief prudently decided to allow his army to rest today.

As details come in it becomes more more apparent that the fighting in Milouna pass was of the most stubborn and savage The Turks fought like devils and the Greeks resisted in the spirit of their ancestors. The more inexplicable fact in connection with the whole engagement is the comparatively small number of killed. All the special correspondents agree on this point. The Turks appear to have fired as wildly with their rifles at Milouna pass as did at Arta, where the fighting con sisted of an artillery duel between the rival batteries on each side of the river, lasting about four hours in the afternoon. There they fired only one of five shots with effect, and their batteries were soon silenced by the Greeks, whose marksmanship was very nuch superior. The Turkish losses at Arta are believed to have been very heavy. On the Greek side there was not a man killed.

EDHEM PASHA NEARLY CAPTURED. Later (9 p. m.)—General Smolenitz, ex-minister of war, is in command of 14,000 Greeks at Reveni, not far from Tyrnavo, northwest of Larissa. At this point Edhem Pasha, closely pressed, was nearly taken prizoner. His plan was to force the pass of Reveni, to enter the plain of Larissa, and to cut off the retreat of the Greek army wit! his cavalry and thus take Larissa without resistance. But this plan was defeated. Gen eral Demopoulos, at the head of one Greek division, forced the Turkish line at Boughaiz. close to Tyrnavo, and General Mayromo chalo broke through at Konoskos. The two generals united their troops near Damazi. The news of this success at Reveni and of the im-minent fall of Prevesa has changed the dismay caused at Athens by the loss of Milouna

into the wildest rejoicing.
The latest advices tonight are that the Greek troops are advancing to reoccupy their positions at Milouna and at Grultzovall, the latter of which, it is alleged, was abandoned owing to a minunderstanding by the general in command, who interpreted as an order to retreat what was really intended as an order

Captain Tagardo, who was wounded a Grultzovali, shot himself in order to avoid falling into the hands of the Turks. The Greeks report that the Turks lost 7,000 killed and wounded at Reveni, but this estimate i probably excessive. The Greek engineers con structed a bridge at Pachyskalos to enable their troops to cross the river. It is said that the Turkish forces attacking Reveni numbered more than 10,000 men.

WORD FROM MINISTER TERRELL. Informs State Department of Condi-

tion of Affairs in Turkey. WASHINGTON, April 19.-After much effort, owing probably to some confusion in wire transmission, the State department officials have succeeded in translating the cipher cable di patch received by Secretary Sherman last night from United States Minister Terrell at Constantinople. The result was be any combination against Turkey.

the following official statement:
"The Department of State has received Turkey concerning the rupture of relations between that country and Greece and the Turkish declaration of war.

"Mr. Terrell states thatt he minister from Greece has been informed that he must leave before next Wednesday. He is not leave before next Wednesday. He is not permitted to communicate by felegraph with the Greek government. There are perhaps 40,000 men, subjects of Greece, in Turkey. All subjects of Greece are required to leave Constantinople within fifteen days. The note any desire for territorial acquisition Greek minister informs Mr. Terrell that the Greek government requires all subjects of Greece of military age reserved for military duty. The Turkish government asserts that regular Greek troops seized and were fortify-ing Analopsis in violation of an agreement prohibiting it, hence an attack by the Turks on the 16th. Turkish troops are scattered

The United States navy is prepared to to all that is necessary for protection of Greek Forces Are Advancing to Reoccupy American interests. Admiral Selfridge, the commander of the European squadron, con-sisting at present of four war ships, all in the eastern Mediterranean, has been expect ng an outbreak of bostilities and from time time has advised the Navy department of the outlook. He is now under general in-structions to look after American interests, and no attempt has been made or is likely to be made in the immediate future to give im precise directions as to his conduct. The novements of the vessels of the squadron will be left entirely to his discretion, the dopartment believing that as he is at the seat of war he is better prepared than anyone here to act to the best advantage. The first eign that the admiral has begun the disposition of his little squadron to meet the war epoch was the receipt of a cablegram at the Navy department today announcng the arrival of the United States cruiser Minneapolis at Syria. This is an island in the Greek archipelago, lying at the foot of the Aegean ses and at a point almost equal-

The officials of both the State and Navy de-partments, however, have little apprehension habitants of Elarsona have left the town en of ill treatment of Americans in either Tur-key or Greece, which is regarded as about the only possible cause of friction now. Possibly, at a later stage of the war, in the be rioting at Constantinople, or some of the larger Turkish cities, but that is not feared

It has been suggested that the president probably will be called upon to issue a proclamation of neutrality, now that the war has begun between Turkey and Greece. The officials have looked into the precedents in such cases and have concluded that the conof Salonica and the Dardanelles, to watch ditions at present do not require the issue the fighting, with a view to localizing it if ity proclamation is to guard American citizens against the consequences of infraction this suggestion, which is understood to ema- of the neutrality imposed upon natious not

The War department is preparing to col lect all the technical information that may be derived from the war. Captain Seriven, the military attache of the United States embassy at Rome, has already telegraphed the department for permission to go to Turkey to watch the progress of the war, and the necessary permission will be given him. If he finds it desirable that some one should act in a like capacity with the Greek army the department probably will send Major Dorst, our military attache at Vienna, to the

Admiral Selfridge has cabled the secretary of the navy a request to have the cruiser Cincinnati, now at Mersine, under orders to come home, remain at the Mediterranean station for some time. She was to have been relieved by the Raleigh, but Secretary Long has given instructions that both ships shall emain there. This will give Admiral Selfridge a fleet of five ships, the San Francisco, the Minneapolis, the Marblehead, the Cininnati and the Raleigh, a number sufficient to insure the adequate protection of all American interests in southern Europe.

ESTIMATE OF THE COMBATANTS.

Views of an American Officer Who Witnessed the Russo-Turkish War. NEW YORK, April 19.-Colonel Francis V. Greene, U. S. A., retired, who was sent by this government to Russia during the last Turkish war to represent the War department, last night told of his observations of the Turkish army while in battle.

'The Turks are individually good fighters, said Colonel Greene. "They are fine soldiers very obedient, fanatics in their religion and fatalists. The Turk fights up to a certain point, and when he thinks matters are going against him he will run. Not for any lack of courage, but because he thinks fate is against him. The Turkish soldiers are well armed. During the Russo-Turkish war the Turks were better armed than the Russians. They are well clothed, but the commissary and transportation systems were fatally de-

"In numbers the peace strength is 125,000 Greeks and 150,000 Turks, and these can probably be increased to three times as many each side. In 1877 the Turks put over 0,000 men in the field in Europe, and over 100,000 in Asia, and they made a much stronger resistance than the Russians anticlnated. I think Russia put nearly 500,000

men in the field before the war was over. "Turkey is bankrupt, but so it was 1877, and that wen't stop it from fighting. It will probably manage to borrow enough money to buy guns and ammunition, and will get food out of its own country. "The Turks twenty years ago founght

entirely defensive campaign. There is no reason why they should not do so now. Their plan was to seize some important point and throw up fertifications, which they con-structed with remarkable skill, and then walt to be attacked behind their breast-works. They collected large amounts of ammunition and provisions in these forts and awaited attack. Sometimes their positions were turned. They were compelled to retreat and then they would abandon all their am-munitions and stores and fall back on another line of fortifications, twenty or fifty

miles in the rear." Colonel Greene was asked his opinion as to the relative strength of the armies of Greece and Turkey.
"There is no question," he said, "that the

Turks are more than a match for the Greeks, but the whole question is, what stand the great powers will take. They are all extremely anxious to keep peace because if the war is once started among the great powers it is impossible to say when it will end."

WAR IN BAD TIME FOR GREECE.

Ex-Minister Snowden Thinks that Conditions Favor Turkey. PHILADELPHIA, Pa., April 19.-Ex-Minister to Greece Snowden said today that he landed at Syrako, Epirus, and is now had recently received the following reply to marching on Filliplada. Numerous other a message sent to King George, approving the attitude assumed by that monarch:

Continuing, Mr. Snowden said: "There was never so ill an opportunity as the pres-ent for Greece to have a conflict with Turkey. Up to two or three years ago an advance of the Greek army into Thessaly would have meant a general uprising of Roumania. Bulgaria, Servia and Macedonia, and the overpowering of the Turks, for Roumania alone has a larger and better equipped army

than the sultan.
"Now, however, the situation is very difficult. Roumania has practically established an alliegisnee to Germany by having a Hohenzollern upon her throne; Bulgaria has almost become a Russian province and Servia's king is the son of a daughter of a Russian colonel, so that unless the peoples of these countries act contrary to the in-fluence of their leaders, there is not likely to

"The Turks can, and no doubt will, drive the Greeks back over the frontier. The Turkdispatch from the United States minister to ish army outnumbers that of Greece two to one and is better equipped. The entire army of Greece, including reserves, con-sists of about 80,000 troops, and I do not think it has been possible for them to have been equipped with the most modern munitions of war. Greece has a deplorable finantions of war. Greece has a depiotable man-cial condition and cannot stand a protracted conflict. I very much fear she will be badly whipped, but I do not believe the powers will allow the sultan to overrun Greece, or

to take possession of Athens." They Will Consolidate.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., April 19. The gen-ral society of the Sons of the Revolution met in special session today to consider the proposition of consolidating with the Sons of the American Revolution. Thirty-two states were represented, and the vote upon the question of consolidation stood 16 for

Their Positions.

BLOCK HOUSES ARE STRONGLY FORTIFIED

Both Contestants Straining Every Nerve to Gain the Supremacy-Edbem Pasha a Person of Wonderful Energy.

(Copyright, 1897, by the Associated Press.) HEADQUARTERS OF THE TURKISH
ARMY IN MACEDONIA, ELASSONA, April
19.—(Evening.)—The Turkish forces continue
to hold the Milouna pass, though it is reto ho ported that the Greeks are advancing or town will fall into the hands of the large making ready to advance to reoccupy the Greek force in the vicinity, which is wait the Greek archipelago, lying at the foot of the Aegean sea and at a point almost equality distant from Crete, where war has been actually going on for weeks. Athers and attending for the demolition of the remaining batteries. The Greek batteries has taken the lead in the bombardment.

By an order received at Prevess from Conthe entrance to the Dardanelles, so that it erful body of Greek troops to recapture them. is admirably selected, in the judgment of the Edham Pasha has entreuched himself on all Edhem Pasha has entrenched himself on all tion and a base of action in either direction where an American war ship may be needed strong bodies of troops are stationed in the habitants of Elassona have left the town en considerably in excess of the Turks. It is masse, and are pushing northward, many of reported here that a large body of Albanians, them going to Salonica. Evidently they fear that the Greeks will defeat the Turks and actually reach this place. Edhem Pasha, the Turkish commander-in-chief, he a marvel of energy and caution. He attends more assiduously to his duties than any member. Greek frontier with the avowed intention of pushing on to Larissa, has recrossed and is now ravaging Epirus. Arta is energy and caution. He attends more assiduously to his duties than any member. of his staff, receiving reports while on horse-back, and attends to triffing Cetails with as much care as to more important mouth that the public offices and official records to Konipote.

LONDON, April 19—An Albaratic Control of the public offices and official records to Konipote. much care as to more important movements. His manner is grave and imperturbable. It is curious to note how implicitly he is

is curious to note how implicitly he is looked upon by his troops.

LARISSA, April 19.—(5 p. m.)—The Greeks have defeated the Turks at Reveni, and two Greek brigades have entered Turkish territory in different directions and penetrated to Damazi, northeast of Zarkos. Another displays the control of the government over a million pounds. tory in different directions and penetrated to Damazi, northeast of Zarkos. Another division is trying to flank the Turks, who are have occupied several strategic positions treating in disorder. Heavy fighting is in rogress at Gruitzovall. It has been going since noon. The Greeks are trying to

apture the place. ATRENS, April 19.-A telegram received this evening from Arta says the troops have left that point for Janina. The sea off Pre-vesa is very rough. The firing there today

LARISSA, April 19 .- Crown Prince Conctantine has gone to Tyrnavo. CANEA, April 19.—Placards have been costed here, at Candia and at other towns the Island allowing the Greeks a fortlight to quit Crete. This is regarded as a omplete arrulment of the proposed scheme of autonomy.

With a view of anticipating an attack by 'olonel Vascos, Fort Issidin, Suda island and

the entrance to Suda bay have been placed under the protection of the powers. ELASSONA, (Headquarters of the Turkish rmy in Macedonia), April 18.-Evening The Turkish forces, as this dispatch is being forwarded, are holding their positions in the Milouna pass. During the severe fighting which began yesterday evening Greeks and Turks alike fought and behaved in the

post admirable manner. be fought tomorrow (Menday) will be of a decisive character. Turkish reports just received say the whole of the Milouna pass is now in possession of the Turkish traces. It is not in the confict at the Prophet Elliss, on March 23, the royal government drew the attention of the imperial government to the attention of the imperial government to the attention of the imperial government to the attention of the machine is now in possession of the Turkish traces. It is indeed to the prophet Elliss, on March 23, the royal government to the attention of the imperial government to the attention of the imperial government of the prophet Elliss. is now in possession of the Turks, who carried two Greek blockhouses at the point of ing to the spirit of moderation dictating this dition and the finances and membership of the bayonet. Late tonight information was step, the imperial government appeared discretized from the front that the Turks had occupied the whole extent of the Milouna day the Turkish army thout provocation.

Step, the imperial government appeared discretized from the association flourishing.

By previous arrangement council called upon President. pass and all the commanding heights from attempted to obtain possession of Analhia, Neckehe to Papalyyaya, as well as all the which was mutually agreed to be neutral Seckche to Papalyvava, as well as all the

The Turkish losses thus far are reporte to be slight—thirty killed and fifty wounded. The correspondent of the Associated prese counted 100 Greek corpses on the hill opposite the Turkish position. The Turks declare that the Gree's were drank during the fighting today, being constantly supplied with Kensu Rev has returned from Karva where

the fighting continued when he left there The Turkish lose at that place was 200 Kenan Dey says he counted nearly 1,000 lead Greeks.

The town of Elassona is deserted by its nhabitants, who have fled northward and oward Salonica, fearing that the fighting of

the Turks and Greeks will extend to this GREEK TROOPS ENTER ALBANIA

rregular Bodies Also Invade Part of Turkey.

ATHENS, April 19 .- At the second sitting of the Legislative Assembly last evening the house voted the various measures proposed class and the Turkish embassy have re There is no by the government and then adjourned sine die. The sitting lasted until 2 o'clock this morning.

the Greeks and Turks at several along the frontier. Colonel Manis, at the head of 25,000 Greek troops, has crossed the river Arkaphos on the frontier of Epirus and is now entering that part Albania after having driven back the Turkish advance posts. The bombardment of Prevesa was resumed at daybreak. The landing force has

not yet attacked the place. A dispatch from the Greek headquarters at Larissa this afternoon says that three important positions were occupied near Menexa today by the Greek troops.

Prince Nicholas of Greece, the third son f King George, has been ordered to the front in command of a battery of artil-

The latest advices from Arta show that the rains have been followed by six days of hot, fine weather and the river Arakophos which alone separates the opposing armies Later in the day confirmation was re eived of the report that a large Greek force is rapidly shrinking. The hill roads are im had crossed the river Arkaphos. The Greek proving. It is at this point that the se verest fighting is expected. battleship has been taking part in bombardment of Prevesa. Firing p Firing recomis whether the Greeks can engineer an up-

menced at 10:30 a.m. today.
A body of 700 Greek insurgents bands of Greek "insurgents" have entered

Dispatches from Tyrnavo, northwest 'Hearty thanks for your approval. Pre-cious to me. Have six powers against us. of Reveni and Boughazi lasted throughout Sunday. The Greeks captured two Turkish posts, one of which was retaken later by the Turks. The fighting was of a desperate character, hand to hand, and the Greeks are re ported to have advanced into the Damaz plain and to have occupied Vigila, which commands it, after capturing a battery of

A second engagement occurred at Grultzo

vall, where the Turks, according to the last reports, were attempting to recapture that post from the Greeks. A dispatch from Arta, filed at 11:30 this orning, announced that fighting continues between the Greeks and Turks at the en-trance of the gulf of Arts and elsewhere in The Turkish batteries that vicinity. Hamiduleh and Pantacros are replying feebly. The crossing of the river Arakphos by the Greek army under Colonel Manes, num bering about 25,000 men, was attended by severe fighting, during which the Greek ar-

tillerymen distinguished themselves. This Greek force is now in Epirus. Dispatches from the frontier received here this evening say that the Turke in considerable force have been attacking Revent not far from Tyrnavo, northwest of Larissa, which would indicate that the Greeks have not advanced far into the Damazi piain. It is added that the Turks were repulsed at Reveni. A still later dispatch from Gruitzo-vall admits that the Turks have recaptured

that place. In the second engagement at Gruitzovali, the Greeks, commanded by General Mas-trapas, were able to form after giving way before the Turkish assault. Another Greek brigade, under the command of General Minepoul, is hurrying to reinforce General

LONDON, April 19.-Primrose day, the at niversary of the death of Lord Beaconsfield was observed today with the usual display of his favorite flower. The decoration of the PARIS, April 19.-At a cabinet meeting beld this morning it was decided not to mod- | Beaconsfield statue surpassed all records.

At the request of the Greek minister at Constantinople, Prince Mayrocordato, the French embassy there has been authorized to take under its protection the Greek Cath- Amendment Froviding for it Inserted in olics in Turkey.

At the close of the cabinet meeting M. Hanotaux, the minister of foreign affairs, received the Greek minister to France. Indian Bill.

MEASURE AS AMENDED PASSES SENATE

Goes Through in About the Same Form as it Had When it Left the House_Other Senate Business.

WASHINGTON, April 19.- The senate the name of one candidate for the passed the Indian appropriation bill today. It is substantially the same as passed the house and occasioned little division, save on the amendment opening the Uncompaligre Indian reservation. Resolutions of inquiry were agreed to asking the secretary of state as to the operation of the reciprocity treaties made under the McKinley act. Mr. Vest introduced his resolution declaring stantinople at neen today the Gulf of Arta was officially closed to all but Turkish ships. Colonel Manos, with 25,000 men, having illegal the recent order of the secretary of the treasury relative to imports arriving known Sioux Falls lawyer, was arraigned after April 1. The senator gave notice of under an indictment charging him with crossed the Arakphos under the protection of the Greek artillery batteries, is now in Epirus, where, it is believed, his force is pressing the resolution tomorrow and it may afford another test on the tariff. After charges that a year ago, at the time of the the executive session the senate adjourned as a mark of respect to Representative Milli-

estimated at upwards of 2,000, who had crossed the Greek frontier with the avowed at resolution intention of pushing on to Larissa, has re-A resolution for a committee of five senators to inquire into the issuance of land patents to the Pacific railroads and to the California & Oregon railway and the amounts of subsidies paid to the Pacific Mail Steamship companies was tavorably reported, but, on suggestion of Mr. Stewart of Nethe Daily Chronicle, dated midnight, says General Smolenitz, in command of the vsda, went over. During debate on the Indian bill Mr. Allen

establishment of an Indian supply warehouse at Omaha. Mr. Gear of Iowa said this was designed

to take the warehouse from Chicago. If this were to be done he would propose Sioux City. Ia., as well as Omaha, as an Indian supply around Damazi, including Viglia. Three thousand armed peasants have joined the troops. It is alleged that 22,000 Turks attacked Revent. It is feared that a massacre It led to extended debate as to the relative merits of various cities as supply points

for the Indians, which resulted in the Allen amendment being agreed to. An amendment by Mr. Hoar for two addiional federal judges in Indian Territory was MAKES THE TURKS RESPONSIBLE. adopted. After a contest an amendment by Mr.

Berry of Arkansas was agreed to, limiting the rolls of tribes to certain designated classes. At 1:50 p. m., on motion of Mr. Davis, the ninister of foreign affairs, has sent a reply senate went into executive session on the to the note which Assim Bey, the retiring erbitration treaty, and at 2:15 p. m. ad-Turkish minister, handed to him, announc- journed,

FEDERATION OF LABOR MEETS. attitude of Greece, diplomatic relations be-tween the king of the Hellenes, the sultan of Turkey and their respective governments

Executive Council Holds a Session at the National Capital.

WASHINGTON, April 19 .- An important meeting of the executive council of the American Federation of Labor is being held in this city at Federation headquarters. Greece, far from proceeding to acts of hos-tility against Turkey, has had to suffer dur-cil are in attendance: President Samuel ing the past few days from repeated acts of aggression upon the part of the Turkish army Guire, Second Vice President James Dun-

By previous arrangement the executive council called upon President McKinley at the white house, where a conferen which was mutually agreed to be neutral territory. It was all owing to the persistence of the Greeks that this attempt to interest of wage earners were discussed. A petition was presented asking for the par-don of E. W. Clark, who is confined in silence the fact that before it was officially Thomaston prison, Maine, under charge of mutiny. The executive council, while urging the appointment of no particular person for office, urged upon the president the inadvisability of appointing persons to important offices to administer commissions in the interest of labor who were not in sympathy with labor organizations. It was decided to push before congress all the labor

bills endorsed by the association. President Compers was authorized to en ter into arrangements with the National Union of Wood Workers, unions of th couthern states and of the intermountain states and Pacific coast with a view of the appointment of special organizers among the

CHAPMAN MUST PAY THE PENALTY

Supreme Court Affirms the Sentence of the Lower Tribunal. WASHINGTON, April 19 .- The supreme court today refused the application for a writ of certiorari and habeas corpus applied for by Elverton R. Chapman, the broker an advance to Athens. It probably will first attempt to capture Larissa, and then march tion investigation as to whether senators who refused to testify in the sugar speculahad speculated in Sugar stocks while th Wilson tariff bill was before that body. Chief Justice Fuller, who delivered the opinion, held that the senate under its constitutional right to censure and expel mem bers had the right to investigate any alleged improper conduct of senators and could compel witnesses to give testimony. The sentence of the supreme court of the District of Columbia to thirty days in jail and \$100 fine was affirmed and Chapman's application for writs of certiorari and

habeas corpus was denied. Brokers McCartney and Seymour, Messrs Havemeyer and Searles of the sugar trust, Correspondents E. J. Edwards of the Phila-delphia Press and John S. Shriver of the New York Mail and Express, all refused give testimony before the favestigating com-mittee and are affected by the decision. Mr. Chapman is the only recalcitrant witness who has been tried by the courts, his being

rising in Macedonia and the Sporades a test case, islands. Russia and Germany are mean-Considering Dunlon's Case. WASHINGTON, April 19.-President Mc-Kinley had a consultation with Attorney General McKenna today about the case of Joseph Dunlop, proprietor of the Chicago Dispatch, who was sentenced to two years' imprisonment for sending obscene literature through the mails. The attorney general in his report on the case said the only mitigating circumstance in Mr. Dunlop's case was his physical condition and the fact that his life World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—Cecil might be je-pardized by confinement. Dunlop Rhodes' reception here on his return from is said to have had two apoplectic strokes since his sentence. It is probable that Mr. McKinley will reach a decision on his application for pardon within a few days.

> News for the Army. WASHINGTON, April 19 .- (Special Telegram.)-First Lieutenant Richard M. Blatchford, Eleventh infantry, has been ordered before the board at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., for examination for promo

Leaves of absence: First Lieutenant Frank Harrison, Second cavalry, months; First Lieutenant Frederic H. turther service will add brilliancy to your linearity. two months: First Lieutenant U. G. McAlexander, Thirteenth infantry, four months; First Lieutenant John T. Thompson, Ordnance department, fourteen days.

Cabinet Considers Eastern Troubles. WASHINGTON, April 19.-The president and Secretary Sherman were in consultation several times during the afternoon. It is gathered unofficially that they had under consideration a telegram from Minister Ter-rell at Constantinople regarding the protecate, and formally proclaimed the previously named bishops of Buffalo, Cheyenne, Wil-mington and Mobile. tion of American interests and the protection of Greek subjects which has been intrusted to our minister to the porte. Secretary of the Navy Long was also with them.

WASHINGTON, April 19.-Representative Holman of Indiana is better today, but still in a dangerous condition.

Every voter is entit o vote for nine councilmen, bu must vote All councilmen are se elected at 1 Impression large. There is a ge that each ward ele ts own councilman. This is a ike. Vote for e from each nine councilmen. ward. There are two candidates Blackmail Saloon Men and the Keepers of in each ward, except the Third, where there are three. Each voter should see to it that he marks a cross after

LAWYER IN LEAGUE WITH THIEVES

conneil in each ward.

Sionx Falls Attorney on Trial for Re-ceiving Stolen Property. SIOUX FALLS, S. D., April 19.—(Special relegram.)-The most sensational trial which the United States court has known in years was begun today, when Joe Kirby, the well receiving stolen goods. The government robbery of the Highmore postoffice, the rob-bers were working in connection with Kirby; that immediately after the robbery they sent the stolen stamps to him; that he was in continual communication with them while they were robbing other offices, and that he acted as their feace. It will be remembered that after working up the case Inspector Fosness went to Kirby's office one night and found there two packages of stamps corresponding in number and denomination with those steller from the two offices. The case of the government is circumstantial. Attorney J. D. Elliott is prosecuting, while the defense is handled by Alkans, Bailey, Voorbees and D. R. Bailey A jury was occured today and the taking of evidence begun. Judge Carland over-ruled a motion to dismiss and placed bail-

Stewart Will Remain in Jail. RAWLINS, Wyo., April 19 .- (Special.) - A number of people in this city who have been endeavoring to secure the pardon of Mack Stewart, now confined in jail at Parral, Mex., under sentence of death for murder, have been notified by the State department that nothing can be done to save Siewart's life. Stewart, who was a former resident of Rawlins and moved to Mexico some years ago, while intoxicated shot and killed a Mexican policeman who was endeavoring to ef-fect his arrest. The State department reports that the American consul at Chihushua reported that Stewart had a fair trial. It seems that this was the second man Stewart had killed within two years. In the first case he was liberated through the efforts of the consul. The secretary of state is now of the opinion that the department is not warranted in taking further action in Stewart's behalf.

iffs in charge of the jury.

Lander's New Postmaster. LANDER, Wyo., April 19.-(Special.)-Word was received here today of the appointment of James A. McAvoy as postmaster of this city. Mr. McAvoy is a representative man of this county, having been ely time: elected county clerk and having lived here since 1868. At the present time be is trustee of the State university. He is a careful business man, reliable in every paricular and his appointment gives great rat isfaction to the people of this city.

Burglar Caught.

gram.)-A burglar entered L. Schalk's book store early this morning by breaking in the glass in the front door. He carried away about \$30 worth of goods, all of which the robber, were captured by Officer Hanks. Some livery stable employes gaw the thie depart and gave the alarm.

Rasbeek Succeeds Fitzpatrick. CHEYENNE, Wyo., April 19 .- (Specia Telegram.)-The resignation of T. H. Fitz patrick, superintendent of the Cheyenne & Northern railway, announced last week, was ccepted today, and J. A. Rasbeck, formerly rain master on the Denver & South Park appointed to fill the vacancy.

State Brand Commissioners. PIERRE, S. D., April 19.—(Special Telegram.)-Governor Lee has appointed as state brand commissioners F. W. Stewart, Bufralo Gap; John E. Hamma, Sturgis; Noah Newbanks, Pierre.

Alleged Murderer Captured MONTREAL, April 19.-Joseph E. accused of the murder of Joseph A. Stick ney, cashier of the Great Falls Nationa hank, Sommersworth, N. H., was captured here tonight by Detectives Campeau and O'Keefe in a house of ill repute.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

The Parnellite convention summoned John Redmond meets today in Dublin. A national movement is on foot looking o the union of the Congregational and

'hristian denominations. Five remaining members of the Cuban forces commanded by Zarrago have been captured, and it is believed Zarrago has urrendered.

Globe, the celebrated trotting horse, owned by A. Fenneman of Baltimore, died yesterday. He had a single mark of 2:14% and a double mark of 2:12. M. M. Baker, a linetype operator in Se-title, set \$5,872 ems in eight hours, estab-ishing a new world's record for machine composition.

The French cruiser Fulton arrived at the Narrows at 16 o'clock last night. She comes from Martinique to be present at the Grant monument ceremonies The new gold fields discovered on the Lon-dyke river, Alaska, are said to be much richer than at first supposed. Recent dis-coveries show as high as \$225 to the pan. The rumored appointment of the duke of Leeds are the next governor general of Canada is creating intense excitement in temperance and prohibition circles at Toronto.

Russia, through its minister in Washington, has invited the Illinois Steel company to bid on the armor plate for two war ships. The contract would involve a sum of £3,060,000.

The Mexican House of Deputies ha passed the new extradition law, substan-tially as reported to that body by the mixe-commission representing the departments of foreign relations and justice.

fully two minutes when he appeared in the first act of the "Naval Cadet."

January 26, 1896. A snowslide occurred at the mines of the Consolidated Mining company, four miles north of Brigham City Utah, resulting in the death of Fred Wolhaupter. Ed Maw and William Turner. David Russell and John Dalton were also covered by the slide, but were taken out alive.

Prof. R. O. Becker, a music teacher of Marion, O., has received a letter from his father at Leipsic, Germany, notifying him that the German army authorities demand his return to his native country and are taxing his father \$2.000 yearly for his ab-sence. Prof. Becker is an American citi-

along the borders of Thesaly and can not quickly concentrate for decisive battle. This may enable the Greek army to fight them in

for but one councilm = each ward. Police Commissioner Herdman's Part in the Campaign for Fusion Success.

TACTICS PURSUED BY HOWELL STRIKERS

Disorderly Resorts.

BECOMING DESPERATE IN EFFORTS TO WIN

Another Vigorous Attack Made Upon the Street Laborers.

BARRELS OF BOODLE BEING DISTRIBUTED

Pushers of Howell's Cause Resort to All Kinds of Political Trickery to Win Votes for Their Chief.

The municipal campaign is now drawing to a close. The contest has been very warm and more than usual interest has been manifested. Each of the contending forces is marshaling its battalions for the final struggle, and the usual crowds of ward workers have been congregating on the street corners

and forming around the headquarters. The reputlicans feel more than hopeful of electing the entire ticket in spite of the preposterous claims that are being made for Howell and the bantering of the gamblers, who are trying to bolster up their candidate for mayor by offering to put up money

on bets that he will carry the city. The greatest trouble that the republican committee has had to contend with has been the lack of campaign funds. The assessment of cardidates has been very light and no contributions have been made by anybody outside of the candidates themselves. On the other hand, the fusionists have had money to burn. Besides the \$1,500 which is contributed toward Howell's election by the gamblers, over \$2,500 has been milked out of the brewers, liquor dealers and keepers of lawless resorts. These parties have been unblushingly solicited in the name of the po-

lice commission. POLICE HOLD UP SALOON MEN. Commissioner Lee Herdman has special charge of this branch of the Howell campaign. In making the tour of the saloons and dives, the touching committee openly promises that in the event of Howell's elecion the town will be run wide open, night

and day. While the majority of the saloon men have ome down with the tin, a few who see far enough ahead and scent the danger of a opular uprising in favor of the rigid enforceient of law, have revolted against this

ioldup. One man from whom the committee got little satisfaction was Joe Karpeles, who, with his brother Morris, runs a saloon at 112 South Fourteenth street. The mem-bers of the committee arrived at Karples' place Saturday and tried to hold him up for \$19, as a contribution to the Howell campaign fund. Joe didn't see it that way and asked them what was the matter with their collecting the money from their candidates. He asked them to tell who they were, but they replied that their names did not matter, but they represented Mr. Howell. They added that if Howell elected the saloons would be run on the wide open plan and it was for their interest

to help elect him. Karpeles answered that they were run alogether too wide open now to suit him. He had to pay \$1,000 a year for a license, while there was a bar operated right over his salcon by people who did not pay a dollar of license. He grew somewhat indignant at this point and the touching committee ex-itedly requested him not to speak so foud, as they did not want people to get onto what they were doing. Karpeles replied that he did not care a red who heard him. He had paid for his license and he did not propose to be held up by any political candidate. This settled it and the committee withdrew,

WOULD NOT BE HELD UP. Just before they visited Karpeles the mem-bers of the committee dropped into a North Sixteenth saloon and asked for a contribution of \$10. Here they got a frost that made their stay very brief. The saloon man very positively assured them that he paid \$1,000 a year for his license and he proposed to run his saloon as he saw fit. Moreover he proposed to vote for whomever he pleased and in this case it would be Frank E. Moores. The manipulation of the street cleaning gang in the interests of the gamblers' candidate goes merrily on. Joseph V. Kaspar, one of Street Commissioner Kaspar's foremen, has been around to all the members of the blue barrel brigade and asked them how they proposed to vote. When he found a man who was for Moores he attempted to get him into line for Howell by assuring him that if he would work for Howell he would see that he was retained on the pay

Ed Mullery, a well known labor leader, who lives at 3324 North Twentieth street, says that the statement made by Ed Leeder relative to Frank E. Moores' part in the dump strike is absolutely false. Mr. Mullery says that the facts are that during the dump strike a committee was appointed to solicit funds to aid the strikers. Mr. Moores was one of the men called upon, and he promptly headed the list with a subscription of \$10. During the smelter strike he also made lib-eral contributions to the cause of the strikers, and he always displayed equal liberality in buying tickets for entertainments in which the labor organizations were interested. The man Leeder, who poses as his accuser, tion and is in no position to speak for those

NOT WORTHY TO BE TRUSTED. Lenders of the Fusion Machine Have

Already Betrayed the People The republicans of the Ninth ward held their closing rally of the campaign at Secretary Gage has ordered the dismissal of Albert E. Conti. one of the immigrant inspectors at Philadelphia. Conti is said to have cloped on Sunday from Washington with the wife of F. Grimm, a veteran Treasury department clerk.

James J. Corbett appeared in New York last night for the first time in public since his defeat by Fitzsimmons. The ex-champion was greeted with cheers that lasted fully two minutes when he appeared in the first time in public since the importance of the issues of the present campaign. He warned all who had any fully two minutes when he appeared in Twenty-ninth and Farnam streets last night.

notion of voting the fusion ticket that the men who had been elected to the legislamen who had been elected to the legislature on promises of protecting the interests awarded \$5,000 damages from the Third Avenue Street Railroad company. New York, for the death of her father, General Thomas Ewing. The general was knocked down and fatally injured by a cable car on Lapuary 25, 1885. best interests of Omaha at the instigation of the Douglas county delegation was reviewed by the speaker, and he said that if the news were sent out from Omaha tomor-row morning that the fusion ticket had been elected this city would be placed in the same category as "bleeding Kansas." The speaker declared that the question at issue is not one of men, and he reminded his hearers that the voters of Omaha are about

to enter into a three-year contract with a set of men to be their officials. Judge Fawcett disposed of Howell in a very few words, saying that Howell had be-An order was issued by the United States supreme court in the case of Joseph Isaigl, late consul of the Turkish government at Boston, charged with embezzlement, directing that the mandate of the court refusing his petition for a writ of habeas corpus be held at once, instead of waiting the usual thirty days.