Page.

Porces of the Sultan and of King George Ready for the Fray.

ENGAGEMENT PROBABLE AT ANY TIME

Turks Now Surround the Greek Regulars Near Grovena.

EDHEM PASHA DIRECTS THE MOVEMENTS

Orders the Generals of Divisions to Hold Themselves Ready for Action.

TURKEY CONTINUES WAR PREPARATIONS

Feeling Growing in Constantinople that the Powers Have Lost Control of the Situation in the East.

ATHENS, April 10,-1:30 a. m.-A private dispatch just received here from Kalabaka says that a band of irregulars, who were compelled to return to Greek territory, heard a sharp fusillade between the Greeks and the Turkish outposts. The official dispatches merely report that three Greek bands invaded the Turkish territory.

But the sensation of the incident is increasing here, and there is no telling what the effect of it will be in the present inflammable condition of the public mind.

LONDON, April 10 .- The correspondent of the Times at Grovena says at 5 o'clock this (Friday) morning, 500 Greek bandits crossed the Greek frontier near Mctsoro and Diskata, where they encountered the Turkish troops. The fighting lasted through the day, with some loss of life and a number of minor casualties.

The Athens correspondent of the Times says it is reported there that the invaders consisted of 2,500 carefully picked men who had been equipped by the Ethnike Betairia, The Daily Chronicle's Athens correspond-

ent, telegraphing at midnight, says: The following is all that is known here of the frontier affair near Krania and Grovena: The commander of the frontier post at Tsouffini telegraphed to the commander of the Eighth battalion at Evsones, near Trik kala, that the Turks, after a band of insurgents had crossed the frontier, attacked the Greek positions, namely, those at Fonika, Prilantza and Tomb of Bimbashi. The commander added that firing was still in progress. As, however, he only asked for one company of reinforcements, he did not consider the affair a grave one. SITUATION IS CRITICAL.

ELASSONA, April 9.-4 p. m.-A dispatch received at Turkish headquarters here from Grovena says that the fighting between the Greeks and Turks continues. The Turks, following out the instructions of Edhem Pasha, have surrounded the Greek regulars and a greater part of the Turkish division stationed at Grovena under Hakki Pasha is and grain stores. All the irregulars have left |

now advancing.

It is impossible to distinguish whether the invaders are supported by any substantial portion of the Greek regular army, as the Greeks have taken up a position in the middle of the field. The correspondent of the Associated press is informed that the moment the Turkish officers ascertain the presence of the uniforms of the Greek regu-lars in the ranks of the aggressors, Edhem Pasha will order the advance of the entire ous. In the meanwhile Edhem Pasha remains at the general headquarters awaiting news. He has already notified his generals of divisions to hold themselves in readiness for instant action, and the reserves have already left the encampment here in order to move closer to the first line of defense here and Krania is ten miles' march south

westward of Grovena.

The correspondent of the Associated preswas enabled this morning to make a close investigation of the Turkish line of defense. It revealed that everything is in excellent shape. The transport service is excellent Four thousand pack horses are employed and enormous masses of war stores, pontoons, cannon, medicines, ammunition and, in fact everything needed for a large army, has been gathered here.

LONDON, April 9.—A dispatch to the Evening News from Elassona, dated 3:20 p. m. today says: "The invading Greeks num-1,000 and are holding their own. grams are proceeding incessantly between Grovena and Constantinople."

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 9.—The war preparations throughout the Turkish empire continue to be steadily pressed, although there is not much change in the eastern situation. A very pessimistic feeling prevails here at the failure of the powers' attempts to coerce Greece. The blockade of the to coarce Greece. The blockade of the Piracus seems as far off as ever, and the war party is bringing pressure to bear upon the government with the result that the Porte has dispatched circulars to the rep resentatives abroad setting forth the Turks growing impatience at the prolongation

the crisis which is pressing heavily upon an already embarrassed exchequer.

The belief prevails here that the powers are losing their hold over the course of events and that their so-called concert is a

A new danger has arisen through the circulation in Constantinople and provinces of a pamphlet reciting alleged Christian atrocities on Mussulmans in Crete and this is inflaming the Turks against the Greeks so that the Grecian minister has drawn the attention of the Porte to the matter. The government has proceeded to lake the measures necessary to prevent outbreaks upon the part of the populace.

EXPLAINS ITALY'S POSITION

Hand with Reform. was crowded today on the resumption of the are splendidly equipped. debate started yesterday by the interpellation of Signor Imbrian), the socialist leader in the Chamber. The Marquis Visconti Venosta foreign minister, replied for the government, which had been charged by Sener Imbriani with following the "odious policy of leading free Italy to commit inconceivable acts of violence against Greece and to trample upon the laws of nations."

After reviewing from its inception the whole story of the Cretan crists, the foreign minister said: "From the outset, from among the various proposals having the com-mon aim of pacification in Crete, Italy has always supported the application of effectual reforms. Unhappily the work of reform has been interrupted by the insurrection caused by the tergiversation of the Porte. It is Italy's interest that there should not be a general war. Italy could not ignore affairs in the east, as connected with the question of the balance of power in the Mediterranean The government favors, therefore, a progres sive change to the advantage of certain ples which seek to escape from the Turkish yoke by obtaining national autonomy. But this principle must of necessity be recon clied with the exigencies of peace and with the European equilibrium. It does not suit Italy that the eastern question, instead of tak ing the form of gradual transformation to the benefit of the renascent nations, should assume the form of a partition between the mulitary and the maritime powers. Admiral Canevaro has worthly represented the loy-alty and support given by Italy to the con-cert. Italy has remained faithful to the con-

lent an ear the counsels of moderation, no humiliation would have been involved for her, in deferring to the wishes of Europe If Greece had deferred she would have at tained her object, namely the liberation of the Cretans. Nevertheless, if war cannot be avoided, if Greece means to embark in a blind adventure, it will be seen that the conduct of the powers is inspired by a spirit of prudence. The precent crisis should be sur-mounted and the desired reforms secured without infringing upon the status quo or the balance of power. In this way Italian policy will be attained. As responsible min-ister, I could not subscribe to the eloquent manifestations of sympathy with Greece and the Cretana and their cause in this Chamber because no government dare assume the re responsibility of isolated action in the east

rn question. Defending the action of Italy in Crete, the foreign minister recalled to the Chamber the fact that the country once before had sacri-ficed the national feelings by stopping Gen-

apologized and made formal administration of the Mississippi. The water from these Visconti Venesta concluded, amid cheers basins must all return to the Mississippi from the radicals, particularly from Signor above Vicksburg, and unless the levees on Frati, who was called to roder. The debate was adjourned until tomorrow

CRETANS SWARM AROUND KISSAMO. Intend to Attack the Fort Now Held by a Few Turks. LONDON, April 9.-The Times prints the

spondent: "The Cretans are now massing around Kissamo. They have mounted four guns and intend to attack the fort, which is held by 150 Turks. Yesterday they wrote to the captain of the Austrian war ship anchored in the bay, declaring that as the action of the international fleet had hitherto been hostile to them, they would repel foreibly any attempt of war ships to interfere with their designs at Kissamo. It is expected that the Cretans will direct their guns on the war ships if the latter open fire. The Austrian admiral will proceed to Kissamo tomorrow. It has been decided to remove the few Mohammedan families still located there and to blow up the few blockhouses in the vicinity of the fort, to prevent the Cretans from occupying them.

The correspondent of the Times at Ellassona says: "Accompanied by a staff officer I have visited the frontier post at Maluna Pass, which commands a splendid view of the two plains of Ellassona and Larissa. It is near the top of the mountain. The Turkish and Greek blockhouses are about thirty yards apart. We were received by the officers of the Greek post. At Eusoni agreeable and friendly, but they did not seem especially anxious for war. At Eusoni they were singing and dancing around the blockhouse. The soldiers made a fairly serviceable appearance, but do not give the

GREEKS DETERMINED TO RESIST.

mpression of absolute ignorance of fear and

ourage characteristic of the Turkish sol-

Blockade of Greeian Ports Expected to Beein Scon. LONDON, April 9.—A dispatch to the Daily Telegraph from Arta says it is reported there that the Turks are concentrating Joannis, and have seized all the flour mills and grain stores. All the irregulars have left Arta and are marching northward in three Arta and are marching northward in three

bands. ws learns that the powers will begin blockade of Greece simultaneously with a new proclamation to the Cretans. Every-thing indicates that Greece is firmly determined to resist. The Greek government is negotiating with the well known Polish sportsman and ex-aide de camp of King Humbert, Colonel Jaraczewski, to go to Athens to command the Italian volunteers 300 of whom are already in Greece. Several Prince Odescalchi is assisting the expedi-

MOSLEM MASSACRES AT TOKAT.

Have Perished Already. LONDON, April 9.-The Daily Chronicle oublishes today an extract from a letter written by an occasional correspondent in Asia Minor declaring that 2,000 persons have perished in the Moslem massacres in Tokat and that fresh outrages, probably as devil ish, are expected. The Kamidet regimen! has recently been moved and, it is said, is going to Erzeroum. All along the Syrian oast have been placed guards of Turkish soldiers to prevent the Armenians from escaping. Those at Seltoum are ready to rise, and, says the Chronicle correspondent, war seems inevitable.

GREEK BRIGANDS INVADE TURKEY.

lighting Has Been in Progress for Several Hours. ELASSONA, April 9 .- Noon-Bands of Greek brigands have entered Turkey at ish troops have been engaged with them and fighting has been proceeding since 5 o'clock this morning. At the Turkish head-quarters this news is locked upon as being of the gravest character in view of the exeltement here. Edhem Pasha has sent or-ders to have everything in readiness for an alleviance of the Turkish army in force. It

WAR PREPARATIONS CONTINUE.

among the bands that have entered Turkish

Posts Being Strengthened and Wa Material Being Forwarded, LARISSA, April 9 .- In spite of official in telligence received here yesterday saying that the powers have arranged to settle the Cretan question by a plebiscite of the island, there is no consation of war preparations Troops are being forwarded daily to the fron tier and the posts are being strengthened. The transport arrangements are admirable ROME, April 9.—The Chamber of Deputies | The troops are full of enthusiasm and they

INQUIRY INTO TRANSVAAL RAID.

with its investigation. LONDON, April 9 .- The parliamentary committee which is investigating the Transvanl raid held its sixteenth sitting today Dr. Jameson arrived with Sir John Will Dr. Jameson arrived with Sir John Wil-loughby, the military commander of the a decline of one-tenth of a foot being re raid. The former was again placed in the witness box.

Dr. Jameson, in the course of the proceedings, in lignantly denied having told the officers that he had the queen's government at his back, remarking that it have been idiotic in him and absolutely un

Sir John Willoughby, in telling his story said he gathered from his talks with Dr Jameson that if he succeeded in entering Johannesburg, Lord Rosemead (the govern of Cape Colony and high commissioner f

South Africa) would do the rest.

Major Heany, the American, was next examined. He denied that the message that he look from the reform committee to Dr. Jameson, asking for a postponement of th latter's action, was submitted to or seen by Cecil Rhodes, as he expected Dr. Jameso: would refuse to postpone taking action.
Dr. Wold, of the reform committee, was the next witness. He said he had wanted br. Jameson to delay action because the cert. Italy has remained faithful to the con-cert and has co-operated in all efforts to Part of their plan was to seize the arranal promote the settlement desired and in at Pretoria and get a supply, which they every proposal calculated to render the po-needed badly, of arms and ammunition, but sition of Greece easier. If only Greece had the Boers get wind of the plot.

## COMPARING FLOOD RECORDS

Weather Man Moore Gives a Resume of High Water Conditions.

PRESENT RESEMBLES THE ONE OF 'NINETY

Waters from Present Breaks in Levees Must Return to Main River Above Vicksburg-Will Test Lower Levees Severely.

WASHINGTON, April 9 .- Following is a resume of the flood conditions in the lower Mississippi and the outlook as far as can be determined by comparison with previous eral Garibaldi. Signor Imbriani here inter-rupted with a violent and only partially in-telligible protest. He was called to order, between Memphis and Vickeburg, contained but as he persisted in speaking, the sitting in the main channel of the Mississippi and of the Chamber was suspended amid great the basins of the Yazon and lower St. Franthe basins of the Yazoo and lower St. Fran-When it was resumed Signor Imbriani cis, White and Arkansas rivers, which have apologized and made formal submission to been flooded by the breaking of the levees of the Mississippi. The water from these above Vicksburg, and unless the levees on mouth of the Arkansas and Vicksburg break, must pass by the latter point to the lower

In the flood of 1890, the last great flood preceding this and which this flood so far in the breaking of the levees and regions following dispatch from its Canea correspondent: "The Cretans are now massing rise at Vicksburg from the water returning from the crevasses on April 1 and rose 2.8 feet, at the rate of about 0.1 of a foot a day until April 25; this, notwithstanding the fact that the great crevasse at Pecan Grove, in northeast Louislana above Vicksburg, allowed an immense volume of water to flow through to the gulf without pausing. This lood, as is well known, caused numerous breaks in the levers on the Louisiana side nd inundated a very large region. The entire levee system of southeast Arkansas and Louisiana has been greately strengthened since that flood, and especially during the past few weeks.

EXCEEDS FORMER FLOODS. The volume of water between Cairo and licksburg, in the district flooded, as shown the gauge readings, is greater than that The river at any previously recorded. or any previously recorded. The lives of Vicksburg began to rise from the water returning through the Yazoo on April 5 and was then 49.2 feet on the gauge, which was 0.1 higher than the highest point reached in the flood of 1890. It has risen 0.7 in five days, being today 49.9. If the levees on the Louisiana side above Vicksburg hold it will, Judging from the previous flood, continue rising during the next fifteen days at least and reach a stage not less than two feet above that of 1890. Heavy rains have fallen during the past

wenty-four hours in the basins of the Ohio. umberland, Tennessee and lower Mississippi and light rains in the basins of the Mis-souri, Arkansas and the Ohio, Red, Cumber-land and upper Arkansas rivers have risen. The Mississippi has risen from St. Paul to Davenport, and from Arkansas City to the mouth the following reports have been received today from the Department of Agri-culture Weather Bureau officials in charge of the river districts:

RISE FOR ST. LOUIS. St. Louis: River at St. Louis will rise to Heavy rains have increased the quantity of deep water to an extent that the lower end of the graded streets are covered from sidewalk to sidewalk. The sidewalks are many places under water.

Memphis, Tenn.: Situation practically un

changed. The river has fallen 6.1 of a foot at this place, and 0.2 at Helena. Weather old south of here. The Sunflower river is clear of its banks and is rising at a rapid Vicksburg, Miss.: No material change in the river situation since yesterday. River here plaing fast; high winds last night. No

new crevasses reported, but much appre

hension in regard to the levees below. munication by Yazoo & Mississippi Valley road entirely suspended. Orleans: High winds of yesterda caused waves to wash over levees, also dis losed several weak spots that were at once repaired. River rose to 18.2 feet last evenig under influence of wind and rain; down 17.6 feet this morning; slight rise at

Natchez and Bayou Sara; stationary at WILLIS L. MOORE.

CONDITIONS ARE NO

WORSE

Shows but Little Change. MEMPHIS, Tenn., April 9.-Notwithstand ing the high winds and heavy rain storms reported from the overflowed Mississippi delta last night, the situation in the floodstricken section, if not better, is certainly no worse tonight. The water which has been pouring through five big crevasses for more than a week, is rapidly flowing into the Mississippi again at a point twelve miles Krania in the vicinity of Grobina. The Turk- north of Vicksburg, and is sweeping southward with terrible force. The strain on the Louisiana levees will be something terrific for a week, and if they withstand the powerful pressure for that length of time all will

The Sunflower river, which traverses the ounties of Coahoma, Bolivar and Sunflowe in Mississippi, is on a rampage tonight. Two-thirds of the water from the Flower lake crevasse is rushing pell mell into thi stream, and a large area will be inundated from the overflow. The Tallehatchic and

Coldwater rivers are gradually falling. indications are that the big stream will continue to decline. The waters below the Arkansas midland levce are on a stand tonight. The number of refugees is increasing at Helena almost every hour. The steamer Maud arrived there late this afternoon with more than 100 flood sufferers, swelling the

list already there to 3,000 people.

At Rosedale nothing of special interest has curred in the situation. After a stormy that caused buildings to rock and sway like boughs of trees, the sun came ou cold north wind is blowing. In the Bogu-Phalia country much suffering is reported. The Rosedale relief committee will visit that section tomorrow and distribute provisions to the needy. At Greenville the situation has not changed. All the levees along the Missis-

ippi front safely withstood the terrific wind of last night. ported by the weather bureau tonight.

The railroads, with one exception, are gain open for business, and in good shape and all trains are being run on schedule

DECLINE THE GOVERNMENT AID

People of Red River Country Able to Help Themselves.

WASHINGTON, April 9.- The people of the abmerged district of the Red Rievr of the North have declined the government aid voted them by congress on Wednesday. When the flood came in the Red river \$250, 000 worth of property was destroyed at Fargo N. D., and fifty miles of fertile territory were inendated. An appeal was made to congress through the mayor of Fargo, and \$50,000 for the Red River of the North was added to the opropriation of \$150,000 for the Mississippool sufferers. After the passage of the resolution Representative Johnson of North Dakota went to the War department and placed Secretary Alger, under whose direc-tion it was to be distributed in communica-tion with the relief committees of Fargo. But yesterday the prospects along the Red River of the North were brighter and this

morning Representative Johnson received the following telegram from the mayor of Fargo: "Have declined aid from congress. Water receding fast. Damage not as great as expected."

OMAHA, SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 10, 1897-TWELVE PAGES.

GRAND FORKS, N. D., IS VERY WET Red River Drowns Out a Large Por-

grand forks, N. D., April 9.—The situation still continues to grow alarmingly worse, and the probabilities are that the surrounding country will be flooded as the river is still rising from one to two inches an hour. At 8 o'clock this morning the water had reached 45 feet 3 inches, considerably above the 1882 mark. From to 11 o'clock this morning the water has risen two and one-quarter inches. There are some few old timers who are of the be-lief that there will be a turning point sometime tonight, while others firmly believe that the water will continue to rise. The cedar paving blocks on lower South Third street, and on Demos avenue and the bridge are all torn up and floating. Business is almost entirely suspended. All the large blocks have from six to ten feet of water n their basement and ground floors. Residents and business men on Demos avenue have all removed to other quarters. On De-mes and Kitson avenues the water is within one foot of the Third street pavement. The Central and Belmont schools have closed on account of high water in their basements. which put out the furnace fires. The auxiliary pumphouse is nearly covered with water. The other pump house, while surrounded by water, continues to run day and night. It will require from five to seven feet more rise to put out the fires and stop the en-This great disaster has already assumed alarming proportions, causing suffering and distress. The people are just be-ginning to realize what a large amount of property loss there will be.

RIVER IS FALLING AT PIERRE. Ice Goes Out and No Damage is Done...

Rises at Vermillion. PIERRE, S. D., April 9 .- (Special Telelast night at nearly twelve feet, and has been falling slowly all day. The ice all went out quietly and no damage was done here. The first train for twelve days got into this city today. VERMILLION, S. D., April 9.—(Special

Telegram.)—Water still covers the bottoms from this city to Yankton. Great quantities of ties are here ready for rebuilding the Milwaukee track. The entire roadbed between here and Yankton is covered with water. It will be a month at least before trains can run west. Since this morning the James river has risen three inches. A six-foot rise is reported to be on the way down the river.

EIGHT HUNDRED ARE DESTITUTE. Many Persons Starving On an Island

in the White River. LITTLE ROCK, Ark., April 9 .- Governor lones today received a letter from people at Island 73, White river, in which it is said that the people there are in imminent danger of perishing. The people are on house tops, on rafts and on all manner of boats and are entirely without food. There are said to be thirty-five families around the island, and the letters state that unless they receive immediate succor they will certainly perish. One family near the island has just icat six children in the flood. A letter from C. B. Blackburn, inspector of Laconia levee district, gives a graphic description of the enferings of the victims in that district and urges the governor to help render them assistance. Eight hundred persons, he reports, are destitute and in immediate need of food.

WIRE TO GREENVILL GOES DOWN.

JACKSON, Miss., April 9 .- At 10:35 a. m. oday all wire communication with Greenville, Miss., was lost. The sudden cutting off of it may be significant. The city has Mississippi river flood. Startling rumors are

Henry Rains Raise the Rivers. ST. LOUIS, April 9.-Nearly 1.25 inches of rain fell here vesterday and as a result rivers in this section have risen. The Missouri shows an advance of 0.6 of a foot at Boonville, while here the Mississippi rose 0.5 to 27.8, or 1.2 feet under the danger line. The local signal observer, Dr. Frankenfeld, makes the following prediction today: "The river at St. Louis will rise for the next two or three days; It will probably reach twenty-nine feet by Saturday night or Sunday morning. The upper Mississippi will fall slightly. The Missouri will continue to

ise, except in the extreme western portion VICKSBURG, April 9 .- By noon today the eiver will reach fifty feet on the gauge. relegrams from Tallula report the levees safe as far as heard from. The rise is in creasing here, being three-tenths of a foot in twenty-four hours. A private levee at Sargents Point broke yesterday, overflowing about 2,000 acres of land on the Kellogg planta-tion, which has already been planted. This was on land outside of the main line of the

ST. PAUL, April 9 .- A Mellette, S. D. special says: The surrounding country is looded; railroads are washed out and there en no mail for two weeks. The James iver has risen seven feet higher than ever before, and is a mile wide. It washed out the three large iron bridges in this county. A large amount of live stock perished in the lood. All farm dwellings along the river botton are swept away.

Snow at Indianapolis INDIANAPOLIS, April 9,-The heavy rain and snow storm which prevailed from 3 o'clock until 9 o'clock today did much damwas not the wind that caused the damage

but the heavy, water-laden snow. It accum-ulated on the poles until either the wires broke or the poles toppled over under the weight. Fve inches of snow fell, but it is fast disappearing. Winona is Flooded. WINONA, Minn., April 9 .- The river here s about at a standstill, having come up only half an inch since yesterday afternoon. registering sixteen feet, six inches, nine inches under high water mark of 1880. Lake

Winona has come up to the level with the viver, and the entire south side is flooded. While causing great inconvenience, the high water will result in but little permanent LEAVENWORTH, April 9.—The river urther north has fallen on an average of our inches since last night, and the crisis for the present at least is believed to have been passed. The current is still swift and is cutting into the banks badly, but no serious

damage can result at the present stage. PIERRE, S. D., April 9.—The river reached ts highest stage here last evening, about twelve feet, and has fallen about six inches, with very little ice running this morning. This city received its first mail for twelve days by handcar from the Medicine creek

CAIRO, April 9.- The streets of Cairo are coded. The heavy rains have raised the water until it first filled the gutters in the downtown business streets, then overflowed the sidewalks and finally covered the floors of several business houses and is still rising.

River Rising at St. Paul. ST. PAUL, Minn., April 9.—The river is on still going up, although slowly. The government officials do not view this with any sp-

UNIVERSITY LOSES HEAVILY

Globe Savings Bank Failure Puts it in Straits.

EIGHT HUNDRED THOUSAND IS MISSING

President Spalding Restrained from Taking Anything from Vaults-Trustees of Institution Held Partially Responsible.

CHICAGO, April 9 .- Warrants for the ar rest of Charles W. Spalding, president; A. D. Avrill, vice president, and C. E. Churchill caphier, of the defunct Globe Savings bank have been sworn out by Frank E. Stone of the firm of Stone & Francis, depositors in the institution. Mr. Stone went before Justice W. T. Hall and a complaint charging the officers of the bank with embezzlement was drawn up. The three warrants were issued and will be served sometime today The officers may have some difficulty in findhours or more.

Churchill, being officers of the bank, "corruptly, willfully, fraudulently and feloniously did receive from Frank E. Stone the sum of he died early this morning. He was picked \$200 in lawful money, on account of his firm, which was in no way indebted to the bank at that time." The deposit, it is alleged, was made on March 24, and after that date

KNOCKOUT FOR THE ARBUCKLES. the sum of \$35 was withdrawn. The com-plaint further charges that when the deposit was made the bank was insolvent, whereby gram.)—The river reached its highest point and because of such insolvency the money was lost to Stone & Francis, making the officers guilty of embezzlement. The com-plaint was similar to the one on which E. S. Dreyer was arrested at the instance of the depositors in the former's bank.

On Sunday afternoon a meeting of de-positors of the Globe Savings bank will be held. Mr. Stone and other depositors have held. Mr. Stone and other depositors have sent out a notice to the depositors of the Globe Savings bank to attend the meeting, in all probability the American Sugar Rewhen action will be taken "to form an fining company, or Sugar trust, bought the organization to investigate and probe the stock of the Woolson company and did so failure of the bank, and take such other ac- for the purpose of retaliating against the Artion as will protect their interests in the buckles for attempting to enter the sugar premises."

SPALDING ENJOINED. Acting on the suggestion of the trustees of the University of Illinois, Receiver Leman of the Globe Savings bank has begun a suit for injunction in the circuit court to restrain President Spaiding from taking anything out of the vaults of the Globe Savings bank, or the vaults of the Globe Savings bank, of the values of all Globe Safety Deposit company, which were used by the bank. This action is said to have been taken because it is not known where the bonds belonging to the endowment funds, valued at \$400,000, are being kept. Mr. Leman, in speaking of the suit, said he did not know what was in the vault boxes, but he wanted to be on the safe side, and for that reason he secured the injunction to prevent Mr. Spaiding from having access to them. It is said that in the vaults of the safety deposit company Spalding was supposed to keep the bonds belonging to the endowment fund.

E. A. Churchill, cashier of the suspended Globe Savings bank, whose arrest on a warout yesterday, surrendered himself today and furnished bonds for an appearance. President MANY PERSONS ARE A. D. Averill, for whom warrants Out, have not yet put in an appearance.

Developments today have brought cut the fact that a far greater amount of University

of Illinois bonds are lost by the suspension of the bank than had been supposed. Tw years ago the state legislature appropriated \$423,000, of which, according to the banking laws, enough was to be drawn out monthly to meet the current expenses of the university. It appears, however, that in con-sideration of 2½ per cent interest on the fund the university trustees allowed Treas-urer Spalding to withdraw the whole sun from the treasury. This is admitted by mem-bers of the board. Thus not only are \$400. 00 worth of school bonds missing 000 in each is tied up, a total of \$823,000. BONDSMEN MAY OBJECT.

To add to the complications it is said that should President Spaiding be unable to ac-count for the funds his bondsmen will refuse to be held responsible, their defense being that a private deal of that kind between the university board, the state treasury offi cials and Treasurer Spalding is sufficien cause to release them from their obligations There is gross carelessness charged to the university officials during the latter part of Mr. Spaiding's term as treasurer of the in-stitution. It is said his accounts have not een audited for over two years. His term expired the first part of March, but owing to a disagreement between the trustees as to his successor no election for a new treas-urer has been held. Nothing definite about Mr. Spalding's accounts can be learned until next Tuesday. In the meantime the case assumes the aspect of a chase between the University of Illinois and the Chicago Title and Trust company, assignce of the sus-pended bank, to see who can get first claim

n the property of Mr. Spalding. Later in the day Vice President Aberill surrendered himself and was immediately re-leased on bonds. Treasurer Spalding is not in the city, but, in a letter written to a friend today, he says he will return on Monday. In the meantime the officers are looking for him.

Mr. Spaiding was appointed treasurer of the University board four years ago, at the solicitude of ex-Governor Aligeld. Two years ago Treasurer Spalding's term expired, but he was reappointed and it was but a short time after his reappointment that the legistime after his reappointment that the legislature appropriated \$143,000 to be devoted to
deiroving the expenses of the university.

NASHUA, N. H. April 9.—The news that
warrants have been issued for the arrest
of President Spaiding, Cashier C. E.
Churchill and Vice President A. D. Avrill of
the defunct Globe Savings bank of Chicago,
the stock of which is largely owned in this the stock of which is largely owned the stock of which is largely owned in this state, was no great surprise to the Nashua stockholders. While no open charges of criminal conduct have been made there have been many complaints of mismanagement on the part of the bank officials, and, when about two weeks ago a request that the stockholders contribute an assessment of 50 persons was made a compittee of two was per cent was made, a committee of two was appointed to look into the bank's affairs. Among the older holders of stock in New Hampshire are the Nashua Savings bank, Wilton Savings bank, Milford Savings bank, New Hampshire Banking company, two banks at Keene and several private in-dividuals. The banks, however, are not as heavily involved as are the individual in vestors.

BODY FOUND AFTER FIVE MONTHS Pauline Bauer's Remains Recovere from the Mississippi.

ST. LOUIS, April 9.- The body found in the Mississippi Thursday has been identified as that of Pauline Bauer, who disappeared last November. Miss Bauer was a telepragh operator. Just before her disappearance she complained of continued annoyance from an unknown man. When, five months ago, her hat and jacket was found upon the river bank the murder theory was suggested and worked upon, but no clues were found. The body, though badly decomposed, shows a wound on the skull. Miss Bauer was the guardian of her younger brothers and sisters. Her unexplained disappearance has prevented the administration of the estate.

Found Dend in an Old Building. FARGO, N. D., April 9.-John Burns, harness maker of Glynn, Minn., was found the up grade again. From midnight to 7 dead in an old building on Pacific avenue, o'clock it rose the tenth of a foot and is this city, about 8 o'clock this morning under still going up, although slowly. The govern-circumstances indicating murder. The coroner is holding an inquest this after-

## BEE BULLETIN.

scant for Nebraska-Generally Pair; Warmer

trigands Cross the Frontier. tecords Briefly Compared.

Bank Officials Under Arrest. ours of the Legislature.

 Lamont Surprises Railroad Men, Foster Asked to Withdraw. Republican Enthusiasm in First Ward.

4. Editorial and Comment. 5. Evans to Reselnd Certain Pension Order

Some Facts About Sugar Making. 6. Conneil Bluffs Local Matters. Sensations in Iowa Senate.

7. Commercial and Financial News. 8. Fusionists Already Scent Defeat.

Howell and a Poor Man's Coal. 9. Details of the Gamblers' Plot.

11. Bits of Feminine Gossip. 12. "A Modern Parrhasius."

IOWA MAN HAS A FATAL FALL

Broken to Pieces by Falling from Douglas Street Bridge. Thomas Dinnen, from Maquoketa, Ia., while intexicated, either jumped over or was thrown over the Douglas street bridge last ing Spalding. Since the failure of the bank night shortly after 1:30 in the vicinity of he has been "prostrated." Friends say he Eighth and Douglas streets. Dinnen was is under medical care in the city. At the taken to the station, where it was found Plaza hotel, where he lives, it was said last that his left leg was fractured in two places night he had not been there for twenty-four and that he was badly injured about the face and hands. A search of his person re-The complaint charged Spalding, Avrill and vealed the fact that he had been robbed of all his money and jewelry. He was later removed to the Clarkson hospital, where

Another Turn in Litigation Relating

to the Sugar Trust. TOLEDO, O., April 9 .- In the Arbuckle Wooleon injunction suit today the circuit court today overruled the plaintiff's motion for a new trial and granted fifty days in which to file a bill of exceptions. The common pleas courts some time since dissolved the injunction to restrain the defendants

is being rau in the interest of the Sugar trust and not for the benefit of the Woolson company; that the declines in coffee were made for the purpose of forcing losses upon Arbuckle Bres. and driving them out of the sugar business. But the court holds that the plaintiffs are not prescuting the case in good faith for the interest of the Woolson Spice company, but to protect their greater interests as Arbuckle Bros., coffee roasters, and therefore, though an ordinary stock-holder might have relief, the plaintiffs can-

This decision, though it affirms the de-cree of Judge Morris of the common pleas court, is placed on different ground. Judge Morris decided that the plaintiffs had not made proofs of the facts. The court now holds that they have proved the facts, but

the law is against them.

The question whether one corporation may deliberately cut the price of its product for the purpose, not of benefiting itself, but of injuring a competitor or some third person, is one which should be decided by the su-

MANY PERSONS ARE MISSING.

Greater Than First Reported. KNOXVILLE, Tenn., April 9 .- Of the lfty-two guests who were sleeping in the hotel Knox yesterday morning, when the fire broke out, only thirty-five have been accounted for. The hotel register was de-

A. E. WEEKS of Locke, N. Y., drummer, G. W. ROBERTS of Pulaski, Tenn., lightling rod agent. A. E. WILLIAMS, Springfield, Mass., re ired merchant. The work of searching for the remains

he ruins was begun late this afternoon and he developments already indicate that the list of dead will be much larger than at first thought. Charred remains were found in different localities of the ruins. E. A. Williams of Springfield, who was beyond doubt, burned, was 63 years old, and was traveling south for his health. Large rewards have been offered for the bodies and a large force of men is at work tonight

clearing away the debris.

Of those injured, perhaps only one will lie. J. C. M. Bogle of Tennessee, a civil engineer, ites in a very critical condition at the city hospital. He inhaled flames and his limbs are burned badly. Messrs. Kephart, McMillan, Hogan, Kreck, Hudson and Hicks, all of Knoxville, who are the most

painfully hurt, are recovering.

The total property loss sustained will foot up \$1,611,000; total insurance, \$614,209.70. Many of the firms burned out have secured temporary quarters and the wholesale houses especially have never stopped filling orders.

WILL LIVE TOGETHER AS SISTERS Young Women's Associations Fine That They Cannot Unite.

DETROIT, Mich., April 9.—The important usiness feature of today's session of the International Association of Young Women's Christian Associations was the report of the adjustment committee, appointed two years ago, to confer with other Young hristian associations in regard to uniting the two bodies.

Miss H. F. Morse of Orange, N. J., chair-man of the committee, reported that it had been found wholly impracticable to amaigamate the associations. The chief reason for this is inability to come together on the evangelical question. The association now in convention requires that its active members be members of churches; the other association has no such rule. Charity is a leading feature of the latter, and while the ormer works in philanthropic lines, spiritual and temporal education are its distinguish-ing traits rather than dispensing of alms. Miss Morso's report stated that the committees had agreed to recommend that the associations aid each other in certain ways, such school shall render it impracticable for such school shall render it impract and they in all events are not in conflict with each other. The report will doubtless be adopted at tomorrow's business session. This afternoon's program included an address by Prof. Graham Taylor, warden of Chicago Commons, and Prof. J. M. Coulter sue bonds for that purpose. The bill was

Southeastern Alabama.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., April 9 .- A special o the Advertiser from Ozark, Ala., says: A tornado passed over a portion of Dale A tornado passed over a portion of Dale county last night, leaving wreck and disaster in its path. Many houses were demolished. Mrs. Powers was caught by the falling timbers of her home and died before she could be rescued. The rest of the family were rescued. This is the only fatality reported. For many miles the farmers are suffering, everything they had having been swept away by the wind or ruined by the torrents of rain. The citizens of Ozark have sent several wagon loads of supplies have sent several wagon loads of supplie to those in need.

Movements of Ocean Vessels, April 9. At New York-Arrived-Germanic, from by cities of the metropolitan class and was made necessary by an omission in the new from New York.

At Moville-Sailed-Circassia, for New York.

At Moville-Sailed-Circassia, for New Sork.

## TURNS BACK CLOCKS

Biennial Fiction of Noon All Night Again Enacted at Lincoln.

LEGISLATURE NOT READY TO ADJOURN

Twenty-Fifth General Assembly Extends Its Fitful Existence.

END OF THE SESSION BRINGS CONGESTION

Great Rush to Get All the Party Bills Through on Time.

HITCH COMES ON APPROPRIATIONS

House Refuses to Accede to the Senate Amendments and Conferees Struggle Long to Reach an Agreement.

LINCOLN, April 9 .- (Special.)-The legislature gave up the entire day today to the task of dying decently and in order and it. succeeded in but an indifferent manner. Both houses confined all their attention to the work of passing bills on third reading. In the senate thirty-six bills were read the third time and all passed but five. Work was commenced at 9 o'clock and the monotory of the proceedings was broken only by the roll calls. There were many incidents during the day. Early in the forenoon Lieutenant Governor Harris announced from the presiding officer's desk that the order of bills on third reading should cease promptly at noon, the time fixed for final adjournment, The announcement drifted through the corridors and reached the office of Speaker Gaffin and Governor Holcomb at about the same time. The enforcement of the order would have endangered the ruccess of several party measures, and shortly afterwards the lieutenant governor ordered the custodian of the senate to turn back the hands of the clock. The custodian turned back the clock until the hands pointed to 8:30. Later in the

day the clock was again turned back. The most difficult bills to pass were those which had been pushed to the front as distinctively party measures. The transfer witch law was one of the party measures which fell by the wayside at the last moment. Just before it was reached a motion was made to postpone all bills not yet acted upon. The lieutenant governor again pro-tested, saying that it was a short bill. The motion was insisted upon and the lieutenant governor said with some heat: "Weil, if you want to kill this bill, why go ahead and kill

KILLED IT DECENTLY. The senate then proceeded to kill the bill in a most summary manner. It was placed on its final passage and only eight senators voted for it

The last bill passed by the senate was the initiative and referendum. The bill was never read in the senate except by its title. It was never considered in committee of the whole. On its final passage, it was read hur-riedly in an undertone by the reading clerk, no one paying any attention to its provisions. It received eighteen votes, one more than necessary. It was remarked that the vote of Howell of Douglas was the last one

cast for the bill. At 9:30 o'clock the legislative halls and corridors were thronged with people who gathered out of interest or curiosity to witstroyed, and it will, perhaps, never be known how many lives were lost. Those known to have perished in the flames are:

ness the closing proceedings. A committee consisting of Ransom, Beal and Osborne, was sent to notify the governor that the legislature was about to adjourn and to whether he had any further communications to make. While the committee was absent Graham of Frontier moved that house roll No. 320, one of the guaranty bond bills defeated in the afternoon, be recalled and the vote reconsidered. The motion was lost. When the executive committee returned and reported that the governor had no further communication to make, Ransom again moved that house roll No. 320 be recalled and the vote reconsidered. Steele of Jefferson and Mutz of Keya Paha entered vigorous protests and after a spirited attack from Gondring of Platte the motion was lost,

The conference committee on the appro-oriation bills reported at 10 o'clock. The result of the conference was evidently a com-promise in which several salaries were cut and several increased. The report included a great many items, but it was agreed to by

At midnight the clerk of the enrolling room sent word that the appropriation bills could not be finished until some time tonorrow. While no formal recess was taken the senators went home with the understand ng that they would meet again at 8 o'clock in the morning. BILLS THAT WENT THROUGH.

The long list of bills passed today is sumnarized below: House roll No. 24 failed to receive the votes necessary to enact it into law. It required all butchers in the state to keep a record of all branded beef slaughtered by them, and also to exhibit for ten days all hides of branded cattle so slaughtered. The bill was one which the cattlemen of the western part of the state were particularly anxious to have passed, as it was designed for the especial purpose of circumventing the cattle rustlers.

House roll No. 234, introduced by Gaylord

of Buffalo at the request of W. R. Jackson, superintendent of public instruction, was passed. It provides that the board of edu-cation of a city, or the board of trustees of a high school district, by a two-thirds vote of the entire board, or a district board of any school district when authorized by a two-thirds vote of those present at any annual or special meeting, is empowered to make provision for the transportation of pupils residing within said district to any other school to which said pupils may law-House roll No. 578, a bill of especial interest to the city of Omaha, was passed. It of the University of Chicago.

TORNADO CAUSES ONE DEATH.

Wind Works Serious Damage in defeat the bill, but the amount was cut from \$250,000 to \$100,000. The bill was passed without the emergency clause.

House roll No. 61, by Curtis of Douglas, received the necessary seventeen votes to make it a part of the statute books. It makes a slight change in the law relative to the creation of new counties. Under this law only a majority of those voting on the prop-callon is required to carry it. House roll No. 639, one of the claims bill, was passed with numerous amendments. House roll No. 615, the salary appropria-tion bill, was passed and sent to the con-

House roll No. 653, another bill of interes only to the city of Omaha, was passed. It was an act to validate renewal bonds issued

York.

At Queenstown—Sailed—Cephalonia, for New Boston. Arrived—Umbria, from New York for Liverpool, and proceeded.

At Liverpool—Sailed—Nomadic, for New York.

At Naples—Sailed—Fulda (from Genoa), for New York, via Gibraitar.

Charter.

House roll No. 575 was passed. It makes a slight modification in the law governing the purchase of supplies for the use of the State institutions. It authorizes the Board of Purchase of Supplies to make abnual contracts for supplies and to have the same delivered monthly. The effect of the same property of the same property of the same of the same delivered monthly.