# TO COERCE GREECE

Powers Demand Withdrawal of Its Naval and Military Forces.

FORTY-EIGHT HOURS ALLOWED TO DO THIS

In Case the Demand is Not Complied with Hostilities Will Begin.

GREECE ASSUMES CONTROL IN CRETE

Issues a Proclamation Announcing the Occupation of the Island.

TURKEY LIKELY TO RECALL ITS MINISTER

Greek Minister at Constantinople May Also Be Given His Passports... Conflicting Reports from Sent of War.

LONDON, Feb. 17.-A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Vienna says it is reported the powers have addressed a collective note to Greece, demanding the withdrawal of her naval and military forces from the island of Crete within forty-eight hours, failing which, the porte of Piracus will be blockaded and general hostilities will commence.

LONDON, Feb. 16 .- A dispatch from Canea, of the foreign squadrons sent a joint note to Ismael Bey, the newly appointed governor of Crete, successor to Prince George Bercvitch, informing him that they had addressed an ultimatum to the commodore of the Greek flest, requiring him to withdraw from the waters. They requested the governor, Ismael Bey, to find a way of notifying the insurgents of this fact, and of summoning them to yield up their arms, also informed them that the powers had taken measures to prevent Greece from interfering in the affairs of

Captain Madato was sent to Platonia, where the outpost of the insurgents conducted him to the camp of the Greeks. Colonel Varsos detained him all night, and then declared that he did not recognize the Turkish vall, but would execute the orders of the king of Greece and occupy Crete. The Greek army of occupation has taken up a position between Galata and Platonia. H. M. S. Camperdown is watching the coast. Firing was heard all day in the western districts. The Greek commodore has not yet re-

plied to the ultimatum issued by the powers. The Hydra and two smaller Greek war ship appeared off Canea today. One of the small war ships departed from Canea harbor at sunset. The French cruiser immediately started in the same direction. Everything now depends upon the decision of the Grecian government, whose predicament | Crete. is unfavorable. Nothing can it. Ify Prime Minister Delyannis in continuing the

less struggle. King George could have hardly taken any other course than that of yielding to the storm of popular excitement and his position entitles him to much sympathy. The situation at Retimo is alarming. The consuls urgently demand the immediate landing of troops for the purpose of saving from pillage the houses of the Christians.

The Athens correspondent of the Standard says that the insurgents on the island of Crete are everywhere swearing loyalty to King George of Greece.

A dispatch to the News from Constantinople gives as the latest rumors there a report that the powers are trying to arrange a union of Crete with Greece and a ten-year agreement with Bulgaria, Greece and Servia to secure peace in Macedonia. Another dispatch says that the Turkish minister of marine has been ordered to prepare six ships

Sovereignty Over the Island. ATHENS, Feb. 16.—It is generally believed here that the Greek feature of the eastern question is now almost a thing of the past and that the landing of Greek troops on the island of Crete, as exclusively announced by the Associated press yesterday, is not likely to turn out casus belli between Turkey and Greece. The absolute decision of Greece to persist in the occupation of Crete and the

protection of the Christians of that island is founded on the declaration of the Cretans that they are prepared to shed the last drop of their blood in order to attain their national aspirations, to which they add they cannot be satisfied with anything short of a complete union with Greece. These circumstances and the policy of the Greek government has been carried out in every point,

An order of the minister of war, M.
Smolenitz, has been gazetted, appointing

Colonel Vazos aide-de-camp of King George, commander of the Greek army corps which landed yesterday at Platonics, a short distance from Canea. After explaining that the action of Greece is due to the fact that it is unable united by the sacred ties of religion,"

the order proceeds:
"The government consequently has decided order of United Workmen and Independent to occupy the island in the name of King order of Odd Fellow's lodges. He leaves George and raise his flag over the fortresses, of which you will take possession. All your actions shall be accomplished in conformity Charles R. Meeker, aged 88 years, father with the Greek laws, in the name of Kin George and on the responsibility of his government. So soon as you have landed you will publish a proclamation announcing occupation of the island by the Greek

GREEKS ISSUE A PROCLAMATION. This has been done. Colonel Vazos, after landing, issued a proclamation to the Cretan people announcing the occupation of the island in the name of King George of Greece and calling upon the Turks to surrender to the Greek forces. The reservists, who have been called to the colors, are rapidly registering at the different military centers. It is hoped, however, that the most serious difficulty to be encountered is a possible severance of diplomatic relations between

Greece and Turkey.

The annexation of Crete by Greece, a result foreshadowed, is now a fait accompliand it is not thought likely that the powers will do anything further in the matter than but falled they have done. In the meanwhile diplo-matic negotiations on the subject continue majority. between the ambassadors of the powers at Constantinople, who, in turn, are in constantinople, who, in turn, are in constant communication with the pope. Reinforcements of men, arms and ammunition are on their way from Greece to Crete and the land the constant of the con It is intimated that in due course of time the marines from the foreign war ships will be recalled and Greece will be allowed to At Philadelphia Salicd Illinois, for Ant-

will start for Larissa. Thesaily, with his regiment tomorrow, created the greatest enthusiasm in military circles. King George

and the royal family, with the government, are now in the highest possible favor with the people and Prince George is certain of receiving a grand welcome when he returns o the Pieracus.

The Greek troops in Crete, it is announced, are advancing on Canea. The proclamation of Colonel Vazos, the commander of the Grecian forces of Platonics, was dated from the convent of Gonia, and

"Cretans, you are suffering from the present state of anarchy and are exposed to the excesses of a fanatical populace, excesses which have awakened the national senti-ment and have deeply stirred the Hellenic

people.
"This lamentable situation of a people of the same race and same religion, having common interests with ourselves, could not any longer be allowed to exist. The king of the Hellencs, my august master, has resolved to end this state of things by a military

cupation of Crete.
"In proclaiming this occupation to the inhabitants without distinction of religion or nationality, I promise, in the name of his majesty, to protect life and property and

to respect the religious convictions of the inhabitants, while bringing them peace and According to a dispatch received here from Crete this afternoon the Greek troops have attacked and occupied Fort Aghia, capturing 400 turks. Included among the number "Have

are 100 officers. The Napoli di Romana regiment started for Crete tonight. The Kalamata regiment will follow tomorrow. The Macedonia and Cretan committee have agreed to pursue a policy of united action in regard to the

# MAY RECALL TURKISH MINISTER.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 16 .- The council of ministers has been sitting at the yildiz kiosk all day long. As a state of war between Greece and Turkey practically exdated Tuesday, February 16, says that all ists, although it has not been officially dewas quiet there when the occupation of the clared, it is believed that the council will

> announce that Assim Bey, the Turkish minister at Athens, has been appointed a member of the council of state, also that he was given an audience and dired with the king at the palace last night, and that he is to return to Constantinople.

## CRETAN CHRISTIANS SATISFIED. Confident They Have Seen the Last

of Mussulman Rule, (Copyright, 1897, by the Associated Press.) CANEA, Feb. 16 .- The Russian, French, British, Italian and Austrian flags are floating over Canea today, and the fact causes general satisfaction here. The state of uncertainty which has so long prevailed is now at an end and the Christians believe themselves to be rid for all time of Mussulman rule. There are 450 marines ashore and they occupy the best positions in the town-the British being quartered in a large building adjoining the telegraph office. The Russian, French, English and Italian ships each furnish 100 marines to the party, and

the Austrian war ship contributed fifty men in the foreign garrison. The utmost order is maintained.

Shortly after landing the Italian officer. who is in command of the foreign force here, by agreement issued a summons addressed to the commander of the Greek army corps at Platonics, Colonel Vazos, to withdraw his troops and the insurgents were called upon to cease hostilities, pending the before taking decisive action in the matcalled upon to cease hostilities, pending the decision of the powers as to the future of ter.

To this the Greek commander replied: "I have come here with four battalions of Suppose Greek troops with orders to occupy country, and I must carry out my orders, pending further instructions."

be the price of sugar to the consumers?"

"It would be dearer by about one-half pending further instructions."

The orders of the foreign admirals being

could not interfere with the Greeks under Colonel Vazos. Later an officer of gendarmes was sent to Akrotarie to notify the insurgents of the joint occupation of Canea by the forces of he powers and calling upon them to lay lown their arms and cease hostilities. The insurgents' leaders promised to consider the natter, and it is understood will send a dele-

gation for the purpose to Canea .

A great massacre is reported to have occurred at Sitat, and the Italian war ship Daria has been hastily dispatched to that Hadepa and its vicinity are now orcements of Greeks will be landed on the

island today. The occupation of Canea was carried out by the foreign fleets with the consent of the Turks, and is not in any way likely to add to the complications at Constantinople. The commander of the Greek fleet was also formally notified of the joint occupation of this place. The Turkish authorities are demoralized and are simply following out the recommendations they received from foreign admirals, who are acting in accord, and consult upon every step taken. It is thought that the next departure will be the establishment of a provisional Christian government of Crete, pending the consent of the powers being given to the annexation of the island, although it seems as if that country intends to administer all parts of the island not occupied by the foreign marines. If the Turk is willing to accept the situation and permit the annexation of Crete to Greece, the foreign powers will promptly and Greece in turn will withdraw its fleet from Cretan

Ismail Bey, the Turkish official who has succeeded Georgevitch Pasha as governor of Crote, has been in communication with the foreign admirals and is understood to have entered a formal protest against the landing

Deaths of a Day. FREMONT, Feb. 16.-(Special.)-J. Robinson, a train dispatcher in the employ of the Elkhorn Railroad company, died at After his residence here this morning of pneu-Greece monia, aged 26. Mr. Robinson was the only son of Dr. J. W. Robinson, pastor of the situa-son was the only son of Dr. J. W. Robinson, pastor of the Soward Street Methodist Episcopal church. to tolerate any longer the "lamentable situa- Seward Street Methodist Episcopal church, tion of the Christians in Crete, to whom we Omaha. He was an expert telegrapher and a man of great honor and uprightness of character. He was a member of the Ancient

Charles R. Meeker, aged 88 years, father of County Attorney Charles W. Meeker, died at the residence of his son, from an

attack of grip. Mr. Charles E. Heuffman. elected county commissioner of this county died from Bright's disease, at his home near Lamar. He was buried today by the Masonic fraternity of this place CLIFTON SPRINGS. N. Y. Feb. 16.—Rev. John N. Murdock, D.D., LL. D., honorary secretary of the American Baptist Missionary union, died here today.

TOPEKA, Kan., Feb. 16. The fight in Kansas for resubmission of the liquor queson was apparently lost today in the state egislature. The house sitting in committee of the whole had recommended the adoption of a joint resolution for the resubmission to the people in the form of a constitutional amendment. Today it came up, and falled of adoption by a vote of £2 ayes of 61 noss—not the required two-thirds majority.

At New York-Arrived-State of California, from Glasgow: Boyle, from Liverpool; Kalser Wilhelm HI, from Naples and Genoa.

be recalled and Greece will be anowed assume the administration of Crete, possibly werp.

At Boston-Arrived-Carinthia, from Liv. London-Arrived-Mobile, from Nev Liverpool-Arrived Sylvania, from

# SEARLES MAKES ADMISSIONS

Facts Being Gradually Wormal Out of Unwilling Witnesses.

RESULTS OF THE TRUST'S FORMATION

Raw Sugar Goes Down and Margin of Profit to Refiners Greatly Inerensed-Investigation of Rubber Company.

NEW YORK, Feb. 16.-Charles R. Flint, treasurer, and J. B. Ford and McMartin, directors of the United States Rubber company, were in waiting to be questioned by the joint legislative committee on trusts today, but were excused until noon.

John E. Searles, secretary and treasurer of the American Sugar Refining company, when he resumed the witness chair, was

"Have you those figures with you, Mr. Searles '

1.96 cents per pound.
"Is it not true that the average price of the raw material, after the trust was formed. dropped .97 of a cent a pound, while the charge of the refiner incresed .157 of a

cent per pound? "Undoubtedly, sir."
Mr. Searles contended that as the years was quiet there was completed on the night island of Crete was completed on the night of Monday, February 15. The commanders Monday, February 15. The commanders minister here, Prince Maraucordato, his fair basis of comparison for the five years passport. succeeding the formation of the trust. He CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 16.—The papers denied that there was a seven-fold capitaliza-

> capital out of the state instead of inviting it here should be investigated. He therefore propounded a long question to Mr. Searles, but the latter adhered to the purport of his statement of yesterday. In reply to another question, Mr. Searles said he could see no reason why the state should interfere with the business of the American Sugar Refining company, and in the same breath intimated that there were a number of companies and measures which might secure free coinage monopolits in this city that had no legal of gold and silver by international agreement.

BOOKS NOT FORTHCOMING. "Hive you given the matter of producing the books of the company any further thought, Mr. Searles?" asked Senator Lexow, "I have not," was the reply,

Lawyer Parsons disclaimed any know-edge of Mr. Shepard's promise, but he could answer authoratively after the directors' meeting tomorrow.

The committee conferred and Senator

Senator McCarron said to Mr. Searles: trust had not been consolidated, what would confined to preventing the landing of a added that as much labor is employed per could not interfers with the could not interfer and the solidation. In reply to Senator McCarron the witness said the price of sugar per pound in 1883 was 8.55; in 1884, 6.81; in 1887, 6.04; in 1888, 7.15; in 1889, 7.80; in

1890, 6.24, and at present is four cents Mr Searles said the company he represented was not a philanthropic institution and had always endento supply the e sugar at the smallest with. margin of profit to the American Sugar Re-fining company. A 10 per cent increase in wages of employes had been made after the organization of the trust and so remain to this day. This concluded Mr. Searles xamination for today.

L. N. Fuller was recalled. The essential part of his testimony was in the statement that the refiners, before the advent of the trust, gave employment to 25,000 to 30,000 10,000 to 15,000 of whom were dis charged after the consolidation.

RUBBER COMPANY CALLED UP. "We will now take up the United States Rubber company," said Chairman Lexow, and Charles R. Flint, on being sworn, took he witness stand. He said he was treasurer of the company and was also a member the board of directors. He stated that the company was incorporated in 1892, with a capital stock of \$50,000,000, under the laws of New Jersey. In reply to Senator Lexow witness said the trust purchased the plant of the New Brunswick Rubber company in the fall of 1892, for \$2,000,000. "After the acquisition of that plant," he said, "there was an appraising committee appointed to make a report as to the purchase of other properties. They made a thorough examination, and recommended the purchase fo

'What were the properties?" "The Wyoming Rubber company, the Mayer Rubber company of Milltown, N. J. the Elean Cande of New Haven, the Good year Metallic Rubber Shoe company, National Rubber company Bristol, R. I.; Boston Rubber company, Franklin; the American Rubber company of Cambridge Mass., and the Rubber Manufacturing and Selling Coat company at Chester." Witnessaid the purchase at the figures given di not influence all the stock of the corporation

"What concerns did you acquire in 1893? "The Woontocket Rubber company and the Marble Rubber company of Woontocket." Witness explained that the consolidated com pany controlled the cutire rubber output and competition was maintained with conerns in the trade.

Senator Lexow said he had knowledge to the effect that four instead of two acquisitions had been made in 1853, and the with news then recalled that in addition to the two already named the Lawrence Feltin Rubber company and the Hammond-Buckle Rubber company had been acquired at th "What is the capitalization of these con

"About \$40,000,000." COMPANY'S OUTPUT.

With the acquisition of the four concerniby the United States Rubber company in 1893 witness said the average output of the company was from 60 to 65 per cent of the total product in the United States. Thoumber of stockholders had increased from 200 to 2000 to 2 number of stockholders had increased from 300 to 3,000 and an equal number of preferred stockholders. "Since the organizatio; it has been our endeavor to earn all the money we lawfully can for our 5,000 stockholders. The preferred stock is non-cumulative," added the witness.

Witness could not recall the amount of the capital stock of the acquired corporations but promised to furnish it to the committee with this data. Mr. Filint answered a number of questions as to the location of the company's offices, books, etc. Mr. Lexow finally inquired if it was no

a fact, while not so in name, that Mr. Flini practically is the head of the United States

ried out the instructions of the board of di-

rectors:

"How many of amalgamated concerns have permanently closed?"

"Three—the Colchester Rubber company, the Franklin Rubber company and the Para Rubbber company." "Now, will you swear that the element of shutting off competition was not considered when the \$12,000,000 worth of stock was is-

"That may have been one of the elements."
At this juncture an adjournment was taken until 10 o'clock tenorrow, when Mr. Flint's examination will be resumed.

STILL CONFINED TO HIS BED. President-Elect Denfed to All Callers

nt Present. CANTON, Feb. 16, President-elect McKiney is kept in bed by his doctor this morning by his attack of influenza, which is epidemic here. It is not believed he will be able to take his contemplated trip to Cleveland tomorrow. Mrs. McKirley is also confined to her room, but is expected to be able to be out tomorrow. It is not thought Major McKinley will recover for several days.

The news that Major McKinley was ongreeted with the question by Chairman able to see visitors has caused a cessation of the stream of callers to the house, but there were several who rang the bell this morning in the hope of being favored with an audience, but all were informed that "I have," he replied.

Senator Lexow then questioned Mr. Searles as to the margin of profit between the raw and refined material during the five years preceeding the creation of the sugar trust.

Mr. Searles, in reply, said that the average tander of the president-elect and the physician had forbade anyone seeing the physici tending physician of the president but said: "Major McKinley is better today but said: "Major McKinley is but said: "Major McKinley is better today but said: "Major McKinley is but said: "Major McKin margin of profit for the five years preceding | said: Turkish Council of State Discussing the trust was .8534 of a cent per pound and the Question.

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Turkish Council of State Discussing the trust was .8534 of a cent per pound and soever. He must remain quiet for several days, and may not be able to go to Clevelend until the latter part of the week. He is still in bed, but the rest he has received during the past three days has been very beneficial."

Dr. Phillips at 9:30 tonight said: "Gov ernor McKinley is doing nicely. He is get-ting along very satisfactorily. He has been able to sit up part of the day and is quite comfortable. He will be able to be about in a few days, but will not be able to see callcrs this week. He may be able to go to Cleveland the latter part of the week, if his condition continues favorable." Mr. Hanna came down from Cleveland tonight and is a guest at the McKinley home.

Wyoming Legislators Instruct Their Representatives in Congress. CHEYENNE, Wyo., Feb. 16.—(Special relegram.)-In the Wyoming legislature today the republicans, by a full party vote, defeated an unqualified free silver resolution introduced by the democrats, and substituted a resolution to vote and work for

In the lower house of the legislature the death was announced of Mrs. Frank Lowe, wife of representative Lowe of Fremont county. Mrs. Lowe died at Denver, where she was undergoing medical treatment. Speaker Kelly appointed Messrs. Hall and

yesterday?"
"Yes, sir."
Senator Lexow then called attention to the statement of lawyer Ed M. Shepard, who promised to have the books in the possession of the committee last Friday.
Lawyer Parsons disclaimed any know.

and auditor reported the time allowed as not sufficient to properly do the work. In the senate J. P. Jeffrey was elected

esistant to the chief clerk and Claude Corey esistant to the engressing clerk for emainder of the session. Senate bil Senate bill No. 8, appropriating \$20,000 for building an addition to the insane asylum at Evanston was passed. House bill, providing for the com-pletion of the penitentiary at Rawlins, was also passed. At 11 o'clock the regular order was suspended and the Coleman-Pickett contest case taken up. On motion of Senator McGill a special committee of five renators was appointed to whom the entire matter was referred for hearing evidence and mak-ing recommendations to the senate. Presi-dent Abbott appointed Messrs. Taylor, Apelget. Fox and Meyer, republicans, and

# CYLE STILL BELOW GOODYKOONTZ.

Populist Caucus Gives No Evidence that the End is in Sight. PIERRE, S. D., Feb. 16.—(Special Tele ram.)-The joint ballot today did not show that the caucus last eight had any effect. The vote was: Pickler, 48; Kyle, 21 Goodykoontz, 24; Plowman, 10; Hinckley, 8

No change is looked for before the next The senate today considered a number of committee reports and passed bills abolishing the office of engineer of irrigation; allowing resident aliens to hold pro perty in state; storage warehouse bill, charging a license of \$5 per year, and de-manding signatures of both husband and

wife to chattel mortgages; The house committee reported favorably on the bill to abolish the office of engineer of Irirgation, to regulate the lobbyists, and making notes and mortgages not listed calaries of county attorneys, a specific saltry for each county. A resolution was adopted to allow the introduction of no new bills except general appropriation and ap-portionment bills after the fortieth day of the session.

CHICAGO, Feb. 16.-Lyman J. Gage lef or the east at 1 o'clock today, accompanied by Mrs. Gage. It is understood they will stop at Washington for a day or two.

Treamery Company's Prosperous Year VERMILLION, S. D., Feb. 16 .- (Special.)-At the annual meeting of the Olsen Cream ry company of this county, the secretary ported that 37,000 pounds of milk are eing received per week, and that during he year past 2.083,317 pounds had been re-sived, for which \$18,374.40 had been paid. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Solomon Anderson, president: C. H. Jacobson, treasurer: A. S. Anderson, secretary; Ole Stene, J. P. Peterson, S. Benkey and H. Jacobson, hours of trustees.

CHEVENNE, Wyo., Feb. 16.—(Special Telegram.)—Suit was commenced here today n the United States court by William Atche son of New York to set aside a judgment for \$6,000, obtained in the state courts by Ches-ter B. Bradley, a prominent attorney of Casper, against the Syndicate Improvement inpany, of which Atcheron is a stockholder is alleged that Bradley's judgment was obtained by irregular means. An order was issued restraining Bradley from collecting

Disease Among Jackson's Hole Horses JACKSON, Wyo., Feb. 16.—(Special.)—A fatal disease is prevalent among the horses in the Jackson's Hole region, over fifty horses belonging to stocknen in this vicinity having died recently. The animals affected show a gradual loss of energy, accompanied by fever. The glands of the throat become inflamed and finally bleeding from the lungs takes place, followed by death.

TOPEKA, Kan., Feb. 26.—By a unani-mous vote the state scripte adopted the concurrent resolution proposed by United practically is the head of the United State. States Senator-elect Harris, declaring the States Senator-elect Harris, declaring the proposed arbitration treaty to be neither necessary nor wise, and injunical to the The witness said that in issuing stock certificates for the \$12,000,000 he morely cartificates for the \$12,000,000 he morely cartificates.

# RHODES DOES NOT RELISH IT

South African Dictator Dislikes to Be Cross-Questioned.

MANIFESTS IMPATIENCE ON THE STAND

Solemn Parliamentary Inquiry May Yet Be Enlivened by the Temper of the Promoter of Jameson's Raid.

(Copyright, 1897, by Press Publishing Company.) LONDON, Feb. 16 .- New York World Cablegram-Special Telegram.)-The South African committee appointed to prosecute the most momentous inquiry ordered by the British Parliament since the impeachment of Warren Hastings begun its sittings today to investigate the origin of the Jameson raid and the admin- ment fix a date for putting the reforms int istration of the Chartered Company of South Africa. Admission was strictly limited to members of both houses of Parliament, the individuals charged and a certain selected number of representatives of newspapers The prince of Wales arrived a few minutes past noon, when the proceedings were timed to begin, but he had to wait patiently with the rest of the throng for nearly an hour before the members of the committee took their places. The prince seated himself be hind the horseshoe table arranged for the committee, his back being against the cor-ner of an immense map of England's South African dominions, of which it could be seen that Rhoderia comprised the largest part. Rhodes was in the room when the prince entered, but though they had frequently met and Rhodes was twice the prince's guest at Sandringham, no sign of

ecognition passed between them. Rhodes is a man of striking presence, quite six feet in hight, of upright, athletic figure and gives unmistakable evidence of one accustomed to command. His face is a familiar type in the sculptures of imperial Rome, the profile showing will and intelsetual force expressed in the finest lines while the full face conveys a vivid impres tion of power and determination. The nervous tension from which he was suffering was almost painfully patent. To a man of his excessive pride the position of being placed on the defensive was intolerable. He spoke to none of his friends, but gazed abstractedly out of the window toward the towers of Westminster Abbey.

RHODES IS IRRITATED. As the committee filed into the room past the prince of Wales, it noted that alone among them. Mr. Chamberlain stopped to hake hands with the helr apparent, although Rhodes was then called to the witness chair and he flung himself into it in an irritable (ashion, that showed how near his patience already was to the breaking point. His demeanor was in turn defiant and dreamy, with an occasional outburst of irrascibility that amounted almost to rudeness. Had be followed tip a virtual confession of guilt for the raid concerned, by offering in palliation the crying grievances of the Uitlanders, and made a clean breast of the whole businers, sympathy would have been in his favor, but of the session laws of 18201. and providing a penalty for failure to comply with the law.

Mr. Kelly introduced bruse bill No. 152, providing for a just mathed of distribution of water received from parmership ditches. The ways and means committee introduced house bill No. 154, which is the general appropriation bill. The committee appointed appropriation bill. The committee appointed to audit the accounts of the state treasurer, and auditor reported the time allowed as not sufficient to properly do the work.

In the senate J. P. Jeffey was elected was guize and auditor reported the time allowed as not sufficient to properly do the work.

Sympathy would have been in his favor, but instead, he chose to fence with straightforward questions, expressing complete ignominated in the raid. One point in his favor was that he steadfastly declined to infavor was that he steadfastly declined to increase the city and says it expects to see steps taken promptly to correct the filth of the jail. The paper says it is impossible to believe that the authorities are aware of the facts, otherwise they would remedy the defects of the prison, which are repulsive to human sentiments and contrary to morality and religion.

Reports of Victory Confirmed.

MADRID, Feb. 16.—Official dispatches from his replies on some of the mose notorlous transactions connected with the conspiracy His friends offer the excuse that being a customed to big projects, he never troubles about details, and he himself even declared

that he had never read the blue book, dealing with the raid. The general effect of his first day's examination has not been, on the whole, favorable to his reputation, and it is confidently predicted that when Mr. Labouchere's tur ross-examine him arrives, there are certai o be exciting scenes, as Mr. Rhodes had great difficulty in restraining his tempe when being questioned by Sir William Ha court, who treated him with the greates BALLARD SMITH. msideration.

## CECIL RHODES MAKES STATEMENT. Says Jameson Marched Into Trans-

vanl Without Orders. LONDON, Feb. 16.-The committee appointed by Parliament to inquire into the Transvaal raid met today in Westminster bail. While the general public was exluded, the hall was crowded with members of Parliament, women, thirty reportere, and others interested, including the prince of Walcs, the earl of Selborne, the duke of detained in a car Abercern, Canon Wilberforce, James Bryce, plague is abated. M. P., Munroe Ferguson, M. P., Sir Elli shmead Bartlett and other men of promi

Cevil Rhodes, when called, read a long statement, which he said covered the whole round, and recited the grievances against e Transvaal government. "After long efforts," the statement continued, "the peop gairing of redress by constitutional means, ecided to take extra-constitutional means such change of government as could give the majority of the population, possessing nore than half of the land, paying ninetetwentieths of the taxes, a due share in th government.

"I sympathized with them and ga a land owner was largely interested. As a citizen of Cape Colony I suffered under the persist nt unfriendly attitude of the Transvaul to ward Cape Colony. I assisted in the move-ment with purse and influence, and acting within my rights place! the troops under Dr. Jameson's orders on the borders of the Transvaal, prepared to act under certain circumstances. I did not tell the Chartered company in London anything in regard to the raid. Dr. Jameson went without my authority. All my actions were greatly in-fluenced by my belief that the policy of the present Transvaal government was to in-troduce the influence of another power (Germany) and thereby complicate the situation. Sir William Vernon Harcourt examine Mr. Rhodes at length. The latter refuse to answer questions relative to the smugglin of arms into the Transvaal. Asked why, i he acting within his rights in sending troop to the borders of the Transvaal, he had no informed Sir Hercules Robinson, the gov thor of Cape Colony. Mr. Rhodes asked

"Do you want an answer?"
"Yes," said the liberal leader,
"Well, remarked Mr. Rhodes, "I think you
must get that answer from Robinson."
(Laughter from Mr. Labouchere). The examination of Mr. Rhodes lasted until be committee adjourned and developed little hat was new. The committee will meet again on Friday next. Mr. Rhodes' manner during his examination was very abrupt and defiant reased by Sir William 35 to what right is had to send troops to the Transvaal. Mr. Shedes replied: "I have very probably lone wrong; but, there is another movement new, which has much support, namely be incursion of the Granks."

he incursion of the Greeks. That's wrong PARIS, Feb. 16.-A yellow book detailing the negotiations of the powers in Turkey was published today. The dispatches show the enity of the powers and the doubts of M. Cambon, the French ampassador, as to the sincerity of the sultan. The French minister for foreign affairs, M. Hanotaux, the ter for foreign affairs, M. Hanotaux, the publication also records, telegraphed to M. Cambon on November 16, last instructing him to leave Constantinople unless he of tained the arrest of Mazehar Bey, who he held responsible for the arrest of Father Salvatore. The last dispatch from M. Cam-bon, on February 19, announced that the bon, on February 10, announced that the ambassadors at Constantinople had signed the scheme for the Turkish reforms.

## LOCAL OBJECTION TO THE REFORMS.

with Cuba Threatene MADRID, Feb. 16 .- (New Ye Cablegram-Special Telegram.)-1 waited upon Premier Canovas the finance minister today and p a rong representations in behalf of the ing and the agricultural intere-22 depreciating what they term sive" concessions to the Unit o the colonies in the conten eforms and treaty of com-United States. Both the present assured the delegation will be done for some time feet without due investigation, parliamentary and other-wise, to determine the feasible limits of

the new policy.

The council of state has approved the reforms with unimportant alterations concerning the powers of the colonial council is regard to appropriations, and taxation. The government will not undertake to deter-mine what share of the Cuban debt shall be borne by Cuba until the war ends when the whole amount expended in consequence can be ascertained. Nor will the governexecution until pacification is very far advanced in the far western provinces.

ARTHUR E. HOUGHTON.

# YOUNG MORGAN BURNS GETS FREE

Court Rids Rim of a Very Objectionable Matrimonial Partner. Copyright, 1897, by Press Publishing Co LONDON, Feb. 16 .- (New York World Cablogram-Special Telegram.)-Young Walter Spencer Morgan Burns, who was divorced oday from the former Mrs. Wade, a well known figure about London, Paris and Monte Carlo, is the son and, it is understood, the only son of Mr. Burns, head of the London house of Pierpont Morgan. She must be ten or fifteen years older than he, and the fact of her name having been prominently and publicly connected, not only with the Due d'Orleans, but also with, next to Lord Rosebery, the most prominent peer of the liberal party, made a scandal in business circles especially, and his grief is much sympathized in by popular sentiment. The wife's improper character before the marriage was openly alluded to by the young man's lawyer and her goings-on at Monte Carlo after the ceremony were set forth, and further testimony was introduced, touching her improper conduct at about the same time at Marseilles and elsewhere. She made no defense. The boy is only 23 and the whole case is much like that of young Bradley Martin here a few years ago.

## VILE PRISON PEN IN HAVANA. Dark, Nasty Hole, Without Ventila-

tion, Cleanliness or Conveniences. HAVANA, Feb. 16 .- A local newspaper describes the Las Recogiuas, house of refuge, the only woman's fail in the city, as a filthy and improper place, in which are found black and degraded women and criminals with bloodstained hands, together with ladies of high social standing, arrested on political charges. All of the inmates were compelled to associate during the day in a large court, where the washing and cooking is conducted At night they are gathered in dark, nasty rooms without any sanitary conveniences. In these rooms seventy-four women of all sorts are quartered, though there is space

MADRID, Feb. 16.—Official dispatches from Manilla confirm the first reports of a Spanish victory over the insurgents in the Philippin slands. The naval commander of the clauds telegraphs that he has bombarde te coast in the vicinity of the scaport town Cavite, a fortified city of the island of Luzon, ten miles from Manitla, destroying the trenches and inflicting severe loss or

### the enemy. European Sanitary Conference.

VENICE, Feb. 16 .- The sanitary conference pened today in the ball room of the roya tlace. The task before the conference i the completion of the work of former conferences at Venice, Vienna and Paris, and t examine how far the precautionary measure adopted to prevent the spread of the choler; are adaptable to prevent the ravages of the subonie plague. Count Bonin was appointed

CALCUTTA, Feb. 16 .- The government ha forbidden the pilgrims from Bombay an Sind to embark on any ship from any por in India. All the pilgrims who have al eady arrived at seaport towns with a vie letained in a camp of inspection until the

### Ravages of the Plague LONDON, Feb. 16 .- A dispatch from Bom

bay says 1,835 deaths occurred there during the week ending February 12, of which 813 were due to the bubonic plague. At Poona forty-seven cases of the plague were reported as compared with forty-three cases during the week previous. At Karachi 269 deaths wer

SALEM, Mass., Feb. 16.—The will of Willard B. Perkins of Colorado Springs, Colo. but formerly of Lawrenceburg, Mass., has been proved in the Essex county probate court. It contains a bequest of \$10.00 to the Colorado college of Colorado Springs, for an addition to the building and \$14.00 to found free scholarships; \$5,000 is be queathed to the Young Men's Chirstian association of Colorado Springs; \$2,000 to the City of Colorado Springs, the Income to be used for purchasing prizes for members of the graduating class in the High school yearly; \$6,000 each to Columbia college, New York, and the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, the income to be expended every fourth year for a traveling scholarship in the architectural department. All the residue of the estate is to be given to the treasurer of the Ladies' Charitable union of Lawrence for the use and benefit of the general hospital. but formerly of Lawrenceburg, Mass., ha

OWATONNA, Minn., Feb. 16.-The second lay of the buttermakers' convention opene clear and bright. Each train brings delegations and the hotels and convention halls are thronged by buttermakers, machine and supply men. The New York delegation of thirly arrived this morning and the Chicago butter and egg board of trade men came later in the day.

The program this afternoon consists largely of reports of the secretary and treasurer and appointment of committees. Tonight's program will include papers on "Sampling and Testing Milk" by Prof. E. H. Farrington, Madison, Wis.; "Cost of Production," by Prof. T. L. Hacker of the Agricultural school;" "Creamery Management," by H. B. Gurler, DeKaib, Ili. lear and bright. Each train brings dele

# Investigation Called Off.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 16.-Six mem pers of the Kansas legislative committee sent here to investigate jointly sent here to investigate jointly with a similar committee from the Miscouri legistature the workings and charges of the Kansas City stock yards packed their grips today and left for home, refusing to take further part in the work assigned to them. Senator Morrow, the other member of the Kansas committee, alone remained behind. The Kansas members stated that they were here simply as missionaries and that they have no power or desire become to any fixed agreement. The Missourians arged the Kansas bill was too stringent and endeavored to compromise, but to my avail.

Oregon to Senworthy.
SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 16.—The battle-ship Oregon, from Acapulco, Mex., at her

# Spanish Business Men See The grade DENVER IS CORDIAL

Gives the Transmiss'ssippi Exposition Committee a Warm Welcome.

RECEIVES VISITORS WITH OPEN ARMS

Mass Meeting Held in Legislative Hall o the Capitol.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR BRUSH PRESIDES

Gives His Warm Endorsement to the Plan for the Big Show.

## MAYOR M'MURRAY WELCOMES DELEGATION

laims of the Exposition Fully Set Forth by the Visitors from Nebraska-An Informal Reception Follows.

DENVER, Feb. 16 .- (Special Telegram.)-The Transmississippi Exposition committee now visiting the western states in the interest of that great enterprise arrived in this city this afternoon and was cordially received. Arrangements nad been made for meeting in the legislative hall of the captol, at which the committee would address the members of the general assembly in favor of an appropriation of \$50,000 in order to secure a proper display from Colorado. The meeting was called to order by H. P. Steele, ex-president of the Chamber of Commerce and the vice president for Colorado of the exposition, who named Lieutenant Governor Brush as the presiding officer, Before taking the chair the lieutenant govrnor warmly endorsed the exposition cheme, but said he feared the bill was stronger than the pocket book was full, Mayor McMurray extended a cordial welcome to the visitors and spoke in compli-mentary terms of the resources of Nebraska and Omaha's commercial greatness, G. M. Hitchcock of Omaha was then introduced and made a strong and convincing presentation of the claims of the exposition on Colo-rado and the mountain states, and pointed out the industrial advantages which would result therefrom. He read a letter from Hon, W. J. Bryan, in which the benefits of the exposition were briefly but forcibly pre-sented. In conclusion Mr. Hitchcock made

an eloquent plea for the assistance of Colo-rado in an enterprise that would be so advantageous to the state as well as the whole John L. Webster followed in a similar strain and dwelt particularly on the advantage of the exposition in inducing immigration and the investment of capital. W. S. Poppleton and G. W. Wattles were the last speakers, and urged the duty of the people of Colorado to join in an enterpriso in which all of the transmississippi states

were so deeply interested.

At the conclusion of the speaking an informal reception was held and the Omaha visitors presented personally to members of the general assembly. As to the effects of the meeting, no opinion can be ventured at this time. There is no disposition to an-tagonize the arguments in favor of the exposition, the only objection urged being the condition of the state treasury.

# EXPOSITION PROMOTERS DEPART.

Third Delegation Starts on Southern Tour This Evening. Another party of exposition promoters started from Omaha Monday night to visit the tates lying to the north and appear before their legislatures for the purpose of exploiting the exposition and showing why the legislatures should make liberal appropriations for displaying the resources of their states. The party was under the leadership of Chairman Z. T. Lindsey of the executive committee and comprised the fol-lowing gentlemen: L. C. Crofoot, I. W. Carpenter, president of the Carpenter Paper company and a director in the exposition, and C. M. Harl of Council Bluffs. The party left Omaha at 6:15 o'clock over the Sioux City & Pacific, and was to be increased at Sioux City by the addition of a promi-ment citizen of that place. From Sioux City the party proceeded direct to Dulush, Minn., reaching that point at 1:30 p. m., yesterday. The members remained in Du-iuth until 11 last night, when they started for St. Paul, reaching the state capital this morning. Here the party will appear before the legislature, and start omorrow morning for Bismarck, From Bismarck the party will go to Pierre, S. D., and will return to Omaha, reaching here Saturday night of this week. The delegation will travel in the private car of General Manager Bidwell of the Elkhorn. The delegation which will visit the south-re states has been made up and will start this evening to visit the legislatures of the southerr transmississippi states. This our will include a visit to the capital of the Republic of Mexico, where a strong effort will be made to interest President Diaz in the exposition, with a view of securing an exhibit from that country. This party will be under the guidance of C. S. Mentgomery. unsellor for the Exposition association, and will include Postmaster Euclid Martin, E. J. Cornish, member of the Board of Park Commissioners; Rev. S. Wright Butter, and Judge Cornish of Lincoln. This delegation will go direct to Jefferson City, Mo., to appear before the Missouri legislature, and will then proceed to Little Rock, Ark., where the legislature will be enlightened regarding the exposition. From Arkansas the party will proceed to Austin, appearing before the legislature of Texas, and the route from there will probably include Galveston and Laredo. From here the delegation will proceed to the capital of Mexico.

In Mexico the party will be under the guidance of Postmaster Martin, who teleraphed to the secretary of state for credentials before leaving Omaha. The dele-gation will appear before President Diaz and will enlighten him regarding the exposition with a view of securing his co-operation in occuring a large exhibit from the dominor

The Department of Ways and Means is receipt of a large number of letters daily from business men and business men's or-ganizations all over the state, stating that hey are taking an active interest in the xposition and a liberal appropriation by the egislature of Nebraska. Some of these writers may they are circulating petitions ad-dressed to the legislature, and others report the passing of resolutions by organizations favoring the exposition and an appropria-

Superinterdent of Construction Geraldine has arrived in the city and has been in close consultation with Manager Kirkendail of the Department of Buildings and Grounds. The latter announces that the preliminary office work and consultation will probably fully occupy the time of Mr. Geraldine and himself for the next week or ten days and that nothing in the way of employing assistance of any kind will probably be done within that time. Mr. Kirkendall has been besieged with applications for positions from prefes-sional men, architects, engineers, etc., mechanics of every trade, laboring men and men with grading outfits. All of these have been turned away with the statement that matters are not yet in proper shape for

## putting any men at work. DULUTH TAKES HOLD IN EARNEST.

first long sea cruise, passed in this afternoon. The Oregon has been absent about five weeks and during her voyage has practiced with her guns and has been tested as a fighting machine and seagoing craft. The vessel proved satisfactory in every respect.

Business Men Endorse the Exposition Without Stint.

DULUTH. Minn., Feb. 16.—(Special Telestration)—The exposition representatives met a large party of the leading business income. Business Men Endorse the Exposition