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THE MEN WHO MAKE OUR LAWS.

THE OMARA DAILY BEE

THE OMAHA DAILY BEE OF NEXT SATURDAY, JANUARY 2. WILL PRINT A COMPLETE LIST OF THE MEMBERS OF THE INCOMING NEURASKA LEGISLATURE WHICH IS TO MEET AT LINCOLN NEXT WEEK. THE ARTICLE WILL TELL ALL ABOUT THE MEN WHO ARE TO MAKE OUR LAWS AND GIVE OTHER IN-FORMATION USEFUL TO ONE WHO WISHES TO FORM AN OPINION OF THE CHARACTER OF THE NEW LEGISLATIVE BODY, EXTRA COPIES MAY BE ORDERED BY ADDRESS-ING THE BUSINESS OFFICE OF

THE UMAHA DAILY BEE.

OUR NEXT LEGISLATURE.

Dave Mercer has called on McKinley. That makes the new president solid for the exposition.

When will the school children of Nebraska get that \$12,000 of state school money swallowed up in Cadet Taxlor's bank? When will the millennium be have the chief features of the new

The collapse of Mr. Bryan's lecture tour, foreshadowed by recent events, is not likely to surprise anybody. Greater men than Bryan have failed to get a renunerative hearing.

Southern senators favor Cuban independence, but are opposed to annexation. They draw the line at greaser or mulatto senators from Cuba and at Kanaka senators from Hawaii.

There is not likely to be any serious commercial war with Germany. Neithe nation can afford to persist in a policy which is equivalent to cutting off their nose to spite their face.

Good roads are one of the necessities for the exclopment of the great west. That is why the good roads movement and the Transmississippi Exposition fit In so well with one another,

The ancient body of Andrew Jackson is likely to give one more emphatic turn in its grave next month, when William J. Bryan, posing as a Jacksonian democrat, lannehes that 1900 boom for the 'steenth time.

City Engineer Howell need not wait till January 1 to make his good resolution not to importune another franchised corporation for a "mutual friend," until he knows the holdup is sure to work.

The tariff hearings before the committee on ways and means are now in progress at Washington. The people were heard last November in an overalong protective lines.

have the opportunity to make a thorough investigation of the cost and resystem, a subject which the old board does not seem blg enough to tackle.

If the next legislature shall succeed in enacting a revenue law which will com pel every man and corporation, without favor or discrimination, to pay an equit able assessment on property actually owned it will have done much to bring prosperity to the state.

Resolutions passed simultaneously and without collesion by commercial bodies In Baltimore, St. Louis, Vicksburg, Miss., and Bosion condemnatory of the attitude of the senate on the Cuban question show that anti-jingoism is not confined to any one section of the country.

Auditor Moore declines to see anything good in the valued policy law. The law, however, is based simply on the principle of requiring fire insurance companies to do what they contract to do and what they are paid to do. If there is anything wrong with this

not long ago found it out.

The attention of our legislators is called to the fact that the constitution of Nebraska is most explicit in disqualifying members of the legislature for appointment to civil office under the state during the term for which they may have been elected. Legislative placehunters may as well, therefore, spare themselves the trouble of preparing bills to be acceptable. Yet not a few of intended to create official sinecures for these plans represented the careful proclamation from President Cleveland their own benefit.

NO EUROPEAN INTERPERENCE.

regarding Cuba is out of the question. Imaginary or are irremediable. The vague statements and conjectures metion from any European goverument in regard to Cuban afwhat substantial way could that country | ficial results. he of any help to Spain? It has no 25.550 money to lend, being itself a borrower, and there is not the slightest reason to tincily hostile to the United States.

European conditions will have any approbension of intervention from that the demands of the state to congress. quarter in connection with Cuban af-

THE CHARTER AMENDMENTS.

Assurances are given by members of the Douglas delegation that the charter amendments which are being prepared by them are solely in the interest of the taxpayers and will in no way be perverted to promote partisan advantage or personal ends. It is furthermore given out that the delegation contemplates the introduction of an entirely new charter, simple in form and clearly defining the powers, duties and limitations of each officer and department of the city government. Inasmuch as the legislature will convene within a week it would seem proper and timely to charter made public to enable all who

law can be framed that will satisfy city and county owe it to their con- there, stituents to take them into their confidence. If the proposed changes are in the interest of the citizens and taxpayers they will have the backing of public opinion, however obnoxious the vestigation by a special council commitreforms may be to parties interested in tee. These charges were so grave that perpetuating existing abuses. It stands | Manager Yost of the Telephone comto reason, however, that some sugges tions may be elicited by public discussion worthy of consideration and mistakes or defects should be pointed out in time to have them corrected before the charter is introduced into the legis-

be largely attended. A number of commercial bodies have already appointed has since denounced in unmeasured delegates and there is being manifested | terms. a very general interest in the conference eastern and middle states. This is well. for whether the deliberations of the conference shall exert any influence moon congress or not, it is desirable that an expression of views on the highly important subject of the currency should be made at this time by representative, business men of the country

It is not proposed that this conference shall formulate a measure or detailed plan of energiesy reform. Its oblect, as explained by those prominently identified whelming demand for a new tariff with the movement, is not to press any special views, but to draw together influential business men of all sections to The new Board of Education will study the present condition of the monetary interests of the country and to talk over the possibility of such a reorganizasults of our expensive kindergarten tion as shall be for the good of the whole country. Says one of the organizers of the movement: "The idea is to do for the general business of the country what wise and experienced business men would do in considering the conditions of any great corporation which was involved in perplexing difficulties and to present a simple and uncomplicated scheme for its reorganization from a business standaciat." As to formulating a plan, it is intended to leave that to a commission of experts, who shall give as much time as is needed to ascertain facts and to present to the country;

plan for an entire reorganization of present methods. Criticism of our currency system is much easier than to devise practicable plan for remedying the alleged faults and defects, as the consideration of the subject in and our of congress for years attests. It would be an almost hopeless task to attempt to give in detail all of the plans of currency reform that have been proposed during the past eight or ten years principle it is strange the people have They have come from organizations of bankers, from treasury officials, from business men, and in almost endless number from members of congress. The house banking and currency committee has at every session of the last four or five congresses been literally flooded with measures for reforming the currency, most of which were so crude and impracticable as to receive no attention and none of which proved

well digested and carefully considered

It is possible that the coming conthat are being sent out from Paris have ference may be able to point out a so- The proposed traveling libraries would been shown to be largely the inventions lution of the vexlag problem, but there without question be a useful innovation. of the fertile correspondent of the Lon- is not much reason to expect such a It is merely a question whether the don Times. Not only has it been author- result. One thing is certain, if the con- state should by expected to furnish initively stated that our own forence shall have nothing better to reading matter to different communities or N and rith Sts. government has received no inti- propose than the retirement of the within its borders or whether the local government legal tender notes and the authorities should not supply this service fairs, but trustworthy advices from which is the essential part of the has regarded public libraries as purely abroad say that no government of Eu-scheme of most currency reformers, it local institutions. on should be rope has had any thought of intervening would as well not meet, for the people or of making any suggestion or recome will not accept any plan of that charmendation either to the United States or | neter. However, the conference should in session at Baltimere includes within Spain. The statement that Austria is not be discredited in advance. Rather its membership nearly all the real behind Spain gets a color of plausibility is it to be hoped that such a meeting of from the fact that the Spanish queen representative business men as is United States, yet it is safe to say that that the traction is of the house of Austria, but in promised will have practical and beneficiation among the whole number there are not selves.

WHERE PROTECTION IS WANTED. The people of California are hoping for believe that it would lend to the Spanish a liberal degree of protection from the cause soldlers or ships of war, since it new tariff. That state was carried by needs all it has of these for its own set the republicans chiefly on the protection waxes enthusiastic over the possibilicurly. It is not improbable that Austria Issue and it now reasonably expects sympathises with Spain, but it is not that its interests will receive Just conlikely that this sympathy is so strong sideration from a republican congress intimate, however, that the present facas to induce her to take any step dis- and administration. California has a variety of products that are affected favor-It would be simply impossible to ef- ably or unfavorably by the tariff. The feet a concert of the European powers San Francisco Chronicle says that the Net daily average. GEORGIS II TZSCHUCK.
Subscribed in my presence and response to the United States should adopt toward me this lat day of December, 1881.

Seat.) Notary Public.

Solver be induced to take such a position my bear and southern California raise sheep, time and her refusal would prevent a union of the safeguarded against Canada. Central mover be induced to take such a position and southern California raise sheep, time and her refusal would prevent a union of the safeguarded against Canada. the continental powers, assuming that a nets, besides manufacturing a variety of concert of those powers would be possi- articles. These sections are threatened ble under any circumstances. But is it directly by Canada, Mexico, Hawaii conceivable that Germany and France and Japan, while their eastern market is would unite against this country in the competed for by Europe and the West interest of Spain, or that Russia and Indies, "California must have protec-Italy could be brought together for such | tion," says the Chronicle, "have plenty of a purpose? No one at all familiar with it and get it soon," and it urges the gathering of a tariff convention to present

> Other far western states want prote lion as earnestly as California. Idaho. Oregon, Montana, Utah and Washington are all deeply interested in what the next congress shall do for their various interests in the new tariff and undoubtedly they will make their wishes known at the proper time. Although some of these states did not give their electoral vote to the republican party, but mistakenly east it for the cause of free sliver, the special interests of none of them will be ignored by the republican conficent. gress. The tariff bill which it will frame will in the broadest sense be a national measure, intended to encourage the industrial developement of all parts of the country. The far western states have suffered even more relatively than other sections from the operation of the exist ing tariff. Nearly all their more imporare concerned to give expression to any tant interests have been severely injured objections they may have to any material by it. They have learned better than change in our manicipal government. They ever knew before the value of the While it is not to be expected that any principle of protection and it is safe to say that nowhere will that principle be everybody, the representatives of this in the future more firmly a thered to than

> > NO WHITEWASH.

Charges affecting the integrity of City Engineer Howell have been under inchamber when they were made that if true the engineer should be dismissed and if false he should be vindicated.

The testimony before the council cornmittee has fully established the fact that Engineer Howell had solicited a subship of not less than \$100 a month THE CURRENCY REFORM CONFERENCE. for the manager of the Electric Lighting The conference that is to meet in Inquestion of currency reform promises to asked from the city by the water works company. These concessions Mr. Howell

While the conclusions which the inamong business men, particularly in the vestigating committee has reached have not been divulged it is currently reported that an effort will be made in the men council to whitewash the engineer Such action would set a pernicious example, besides reflecting upon the coun-The assumption that Engineer Howell has rendered service to the city by suddenly changing front on the water works question does not exeme conduct that deprives him of public con-

> his subordinates. The latest argument advanced in favor of a crefew law is that the practice was originated in the reign of William the Conqueror and that the present epoch, in view of the recent election, is another reign of William the Conqueror. This is not worthy of serious consideration. The present is the era of William the Conquered as well and neither of these modern Williams would be likely to have anything to do with a Curfew Bill.

Treasurer Bartley is more convinced than ever that the depository law is a vicious piece of legislation based on wrong financial principles that in practice work nothing but loss to the state. And he seems to have neglected nothing to make the law a failure and to throw upon it responsibility for loss which, had the treasury officials been vigilant and conscientions, the state would never have sustained.

G. M. Hitchcock is certainly an appropriate toastmaster for a free silver traveling men's banquet. Didn't Hitchtook travel all over the silver states to see Bullionaire Marcus Daly, Banker Moffat and the other disinterested silver mine owners last fall for the purpose of raising wind for the Bryan campaign barrel? If that does not make a free silver traveling man, what will?

Nearly all the defeated republican candidates for re-election to the house of representatives are said to have strings out for some appointive office at the hands of the incoming republican administration. It is indeed hard to be an ordinary, plain ex-congressman.

We would like very much to have a study and consideration of the subject announcing the Transmississippi Exposi- States senate.

by practical financiers and business tion to the world and inviting foreign The London Chronicle is undoubtedly men. Such an experience might well nations to participate, but if Mr. Clevecorrect in the opinion that anything like persuade one that the alleged faults of land does not want to issue it a proclaconcerted action by the European powers our currency system are either largely mation signed by President McKinley may serve the purpose.

substitution for them of bank notes, at the local expense. So far Nebruska

The American Economic association a dozen who were not during the recent campaign staunch advocates of McKinley. and opponents of free silver and a debased currency.

Our bounty-repeal contemporary tles of chicory growing at the present factory price of \$9 per ton. It falls to tory price is \$9 per ton beenuse of the bounty law. The way to encourage new industries is to encourage them.

It Was Londed.

The democratic senators who hate Cleve land have attacked him in many different ways, but they niways retire with an expression like that of a man who has kicked a hat with a chunk of granite under it.

Mystery of Corporations.

The corporation must give up its mystery. s business must be better understood. Its Meers must cease to bleed it. Its stockolders must be protected from the tricks of those who manage only nominally for thom. The familiar spectacle of officers getwho manage only nominally for ting rich and corporations going into bankraptey must pass away. Corporations must be as free to go before the legislatures as individuals and must have the same treatment.

Touching" Solleitude of Sons-in-Law

The fallure of the Illinois National bank rems to have been a case of too much son-law. The president of the bank, it apcars, had one son-in-law in the banking nd another in the browing hustmess, and h ank's funds. Another loan of \$2 475,000 was rade on Calumet Electric bonds, which are, perhaps, worth half the amount loaned. This illegal loan was concealed from the bank examiners by false bookkeeping. This swindling business may be called magni-

Tilden's Puzzling Will.

There is an old saving that the physiclan who prescribes for himself has a fool for a doctor. Something similar might be said regarding men who draw their own len is one in point. Mr. Tilden was one of the most accte and able lawyers of his day, but he has formulated a will which has been constant puzzle to executors and attorneys ounced certain provisions of it invalid and operative. Mr. Tilden would never have rawn such a document for any of his clients.

The officials of the Carnegle Steel comcany show their faith in the dawn righter times in the business world by announcing to their employes that a 10 oc cent condagent bonus, which they have been receiving, will be continued. The announcement says. "The present condition of business does not warrant the payment but we hope that early inrol such vast Interests as the Carnegie works is worth more, on the subject business prespects, than the epinions of respecting trust pays any attention to of the confirmed pessimists who see them. nothing ahead but a prespect of dull times.

Progress in Civil Service Reform.

President Cleveland, and would win its Ap-pomattox under President McKinley, he not aly expressed opinions and hopes in which nest good citizens concur, but he set an exdent example in the use of metaphorical anguage. The popular synonym for deteat a Waterloo. Mr. Schurz might have said that the esemies of civil service reform yould meet their Waterloo under McKuley, estead of which he rung in a contemporans, homemade American word (two of them lead), which is even more conclusive in and and suggestion than its Belgian rival and carries its idea visitly into every American est. We have excellent battles in our history, with resounding names. It is well that we should be taught to use them more freely in our daily business of conveying our

Shipping Corn to India.

The first cargo of corn ever sent from th' tidence as an officer and must destroy the untry to India is about to be shipped from respect in which he should be held by

To meet the impending familie in Hinestan the British government has pur-ished 149,000 business of cern in this coun-y, and it will be loaded for one of the

orts of India. This experiment, backed by a government like Great Britain's, has much promise in it. The corn will be distributed by agents, and not only will much of it be utilized imnediately as food, but much will be planted the hope of producing a crop to alleviate respective want.

If this country can ever market its corn abroad its revenues will receive an enor-mous lift. Great efforts have been made to overcome eastern prejudices against one of the most wholesome and valuable of foods These prejudices removed, a new career will egin for the western farmer.

IOWA PRESS COMMENT.

Sioux City Tribene: It is now Senator Allison who could consistently cry "Save me from my friends." The intense desire upon their part to have him honored by a abinet position is approaching the hysteri-

Sioux City Journal: Two young farmer living in Central lowa have imported a large number of hogs from Texas and will put them on their farm. The genuine nom on their farm. The genuine rn "razir back" hog is guaranteed indestructible, and these farmers hat they will get a breed of hogs that southern will est up lowa corn in unlimited quan-tities and not discord the fever just before cing marketed.

Des Moines Lender: If the property that scapes taxation in Iowa could be reached escapes taxation in lows could be reached and taxed as it should be lows would have plenty of money with which to carry on her state government. The trouble is that the resessors do not do their duties. Many housands of men who have moneys and redits do not report the same, excusing homselves on the grounds that others do not do so. Possibly if we had county as seasors appointed, and not elected, with auhority to appoint their subordinates, bet eg work might be done.

Davenport Democrat: A republican was elected recorder of Adams county, this state, by a majority of just one vote. It required days to make the recount. In futur campaigns in Adams county the importance of one vote will play a prominent part. In the history of this country a governor has been chosen by no larger majority; as for United States senators this has been the case many times. It is also claimed, we believe, that a single vote has settled the presidency of the United States. More than once it has controlled the United NOW FOR BUSINESS.

Rent Character of the Work of Tariff Revision.

Washington Star (ind. rep.) the hearings on the tariff question appointed by the ways and means committee. Some old sneers are revived, and made to do duty again, about the flocking to Wash ington of interested parties and agents of rusts bent upon realizing on campaign con ributions and all that. One might suppose ndeed, that congress must be utterly with-nt scruple, and the American people given

Talk of this description is utterly without excuse. It is a slander both on congress and the country. The tariff is purely a business question. When the people decide at the polls, as they have just done, for a revision of the schedules on protection line their will must be carried out. And there is but one way by which this may be done. other words, from business men them-

man's bidding in the premises. It hears representatives of all the different industries and so collects a great deal of value. ries, and so collects a great deal of valuable information bearing on the work it has in hand. This then is carefully eifted, and the new bill grows out of the wiu-nowed data. There is no other way by which a new tariff bill could be so intol-Much is always allowed for partisan ex-

aggeration during a holty contested fight. Stump speakers on either side are apt to draw on the superlatives in their vocabulary tion. But all of that should cease when the campaign closes. The most absurd thing is to go on employing the language of the stump after the excitement is over. When the people have rendered their decision, and the work they have ordered begins, cheap lenunciation and cheaper misrepresentation ere wholly out of place.

It is not at all likely, however, that any-ody will be deterred from presenting himself here because of these tactics. As all legitimate business interests are more or less involved, all should be represented. The desire is to make this revision of the tariff so complete that the work will stand for a long time; and in order that this end may be accompleted the versus of the tariff so complete that the work will stand for a long time; and in order that this end may be attained the ways and means com-mittee should be favored with the fullest nformation on all matters directly or even emotely in interest.

MONUMENT FOR THE BRAVE. Tribute to the Memory of the Fort Phil Kearney Victims.

Congressman Mondell of Wyoming has stroduced a bill providing for the erection f a monument to the memory of the vic tims of the Fort Phil Kearney massacre. and appropriating \$5,000 for that purpose. The bill is a meritorious one, and should scrive the support of all western members of congress.

was just thirty years ago yesterday that terrible massacre occurred. Colonel Fetterman and eighty-six soldiers were led nto an ambuscade near the fort, and all ruthlessly alaughtered by the Sloux under Red Cloud. It was one of the mosshocking massacres that ever marked the distory of the frontier, and sent a thrill of horror along the entire border. As the News recalls the fact, it has never been surpassed by any similar occurrence except the Custer massacre on the Little Big Horn In 1876. The men fought to the bitter end urrounded by hundreds of Sloux they sold their lives as dearly as possible, but valor was hopeless against the desperate odds with which they contended, and not a man was left to tell the story of the fight. officers and men were buried at the post. It was a sad holiday week for the remnant f the little garrison at Fort Phil Kearney. Thirty years have passed, but the memory that bloody conflict is fresh in the minds of all old residents of the frontier. The ground where it occurred is historic, and t is fit that a monument should mark the not, and tell to future generations the sames of those who fell in defense of the rontier. By all means let this bill pass nd a monument be creeted to the men who fell at Fort Phil Kearney on that fatal December day in 1866.

GEORGIA SETS THE PACE.

Chicago Tribune because at last it has an anti-trust law on the statute books. Georgia should tempe its joy with the reflection that other states have anti-trust laws and that no self-

Chicago Times-Herald: The enforcement of the Georgia law will be latched with much interest in all the empire states, and it is to be hoped that the empire state of the south will be more successful in this When Mr. Carl Schurz, in scaling of the progress of civil service reform, declared that the cause won its Gettysburg under the cause won its Gettysburg under is, but its enforcement has been sadly Perhaps there are no trusts in

Buffalo Express: The governor of Georgia has signed the anti-trust bill passed by the legislature. This bill, which now becomes a tw, is as specific and sweeping as its framers could make it, and one of its prosions is that a person or corporation inired by a trust is permitted to bring suit damages. Curiously enough, when the nciple involved is considered, agriculural products and live stock in the hands of producers or raisers are exempted from the operation of the law.

Besides these fortunes, which came in rapid succession. Tabor made from \$2,000, 10 \$3,000,000 out of the Morning Star. Matchless, and other Lendville mines, and at one time it was raid his daily income was greater than that of any other man between New York City and Nevada. In 1880 the city of Denver was a prosperson considered unifeir and unjustifiable, it may be considered unifeir and unjustifiable at the city of Denver was a prosperson considered unifeir and expenses of the city of Denver was a prosperson considered unifeir and unjustifiable at the city of Denver was a prosperson considered unifeir and unjustifiable at the city of Denver was a prosperson considered unifeir and unjustifiable at the city of Denver was a prosperson to the city of De caped conviction on technical grounds ace. It has been driven out of one state. Nevertheless, it can go into almost any state in the union and transact business. If the states had proper laws against trusts it could easily be broken up, but until they do the trusts will continue to flourish and flaunt themselves in the public view.

PERSONAL AND OTHERWISE.

Lord Salisbury turns the scale at 252 ounds. Mr. Gladstone weighs less than 117

It is suggested in Alabama that Miss Mary

Remus" is a composite of three or four old negroes whom he knew as a boy and that negroes whom he knew as a boy and that hes "Brer Rabbit" stories are for the most part plantation takes.

When Mr. Gladstone confesses that he southern part of the state, and, like Tahor,

empting to read them. Dollar gas, which, under municipal con-

paid Phitadelphia a net profit of more \$150,000 last year, besties furnishing and a steady decrease of supplies and funds than \$600,000 worsh of free gas for t lamps, is likely to yield still better. The supreme court of Michigan, like

Homer, has been found guilty of nodding. Is has just discovered that a judge's charge, Is his just discovered that a judge's charge, which it sharply criticized as too fully expressing his opinion of the merits of the case, proves to be an exact repetition of a former charge by the same court which it at that from found fault with for not going far enough.

Mine. Nordica possesses several thars,

out the last one, which was recently pre-ented to her, contains 203 diamonds, which ange in size from one and a half to oneof the larger stones, and the total weight of the diamonds in the tiars is about 202

Fritdjof Nansen, the artic explorer, is a man of extraordinary physical strength. At Tromso, the other day, when at the feast of welcome, he was proposing the health of Captain Sverdrup, he auddenly lifted his shirmate un and held him aloft with one arm so that everybody in the crowded hall could get a sight of his comrade. He will not wear his great cross of the Order of St. (Olaf because his crew received only a pairry nilver medal aplece. "It might at least nilver medal apiece. "It might at least \$8,000 per year and one of the best berths in the state service.

RISE AND FALL OF TABOR

There is a disposition in certain quarters How Colorado's Thirty-Day Senator Found in interpresent and give partises color to and Lost a Fortune.

ONE OF THE ROMANCES OF THE WEST

A Dushing, Meteorie Career as a Mining Millionnire Comes to an End ... The Woman Who Succeeds to His Properites.

No. 4,507, Mrs. Laura D. Smith va. Peter made it. McCourt and E. E. Edbrook. Petition for Kausas City Star: This is rather an un plaintiff is granted."

The entering of this order in the records dent passed unnofficed by the casual frequenier of this hall of justice, but to those man of real spirit would not ease to submit who have kept track of the fortunes and to. It is much easter to reverse the process, which wiped out of existence the last dollar of the once magnificent fortune of former Senator H. A. W. Tabor and the first apperrance in business circles of a woman whose wealth was made by a lucky turn of

The petition of Mrs. Smith was one pray mer streets, and the Tabor Grand Opera house, the handsomest theater in the west under a foreclosure aggregating \$800,000.

On the day this property passed from his hands Mr. Tabor was allowed to remove from the box office of the playhouse one large iron safe and a beautiful lifesize oil painting of Richelieu and Julie. ing for an order from the court giving her sainting of Richelieu and Julie, representing nem in the scone where the great chancellon of France celles the king's brother, which was presented him by the citizens of Denver on the opening of the house by Emma Abbott, September 5, ISSL. These two articles are all that he retained out of property and cash which fifteen years ago amounte to more than \$6,000,000.

HOW HE CONQUERED FORTUNE. When a young man of 25 years Tabor was fighting grasshoppers and stavvation on small claim in eastern Kansus. Becom-ng disgusted with that kind of life, and learning from returning trappers of the rich gold discoveries made along Cherry reek in 1858, he packed his wife and fe clongings into a prairie schooner and, in ISSI, started for the new El Dorado. For many years he followed with indifferent success the fickle goldess through the exsiting days of Golden, Central City Hawk, Breckenridge and Buckskin Joe.

This discouraging and monotonous exist-ence was followed until 1877, when he again found himself stranded in Oro City, a placer camp, near the head of California gulch. Rumors of the rich carbonate dis-coveries on Fryer, Iron and Carbonate hills were beginning to be heard. So he sold his last yoke of oxen, and with the proceeds opened a little store on the site where Lead-

This was early in the spring of 1878, and in April of that year August Riche and George F. Hook, two sheemakers who had been prosppecting for a long time with poeresults, applied to Tabor for a "grub stake," agreeing to divide, share and share alike, in anything they might find. Tabor supplied them with the necessary articles, and the cobblers went directly to the top of Fryer hill and began digging. Every one laugher at them for wasting their time and stake in so unpromising a place. They persisted in their work, having to make frequent requisitions upon the store for supplies which were always granted.

About May 1, after reaching a depth of wenty-six feet, they encountered a vein of ich carbonate ore, and in that hour the famous Little Pittsburg mine became a real-ity. The first wagon load of ore taken out sold for \$215, and the yield during the last ball of the fellowing July was at the rate of

ENORMOUS PROFITS.

When the ere body had been thoroughly dereloped its richness was a revelation to every In September Taber and Riche bought Hook's interest for \$98,000. The mine paid \$100,000 a month in dividends for many months, and then Tabor sold his half interest to Senator J. B. Chaffee and D. H. Moffatt for \$1,990,990.

He immediately entered into partnership He immediately entered into partnership with Marshall Field of Chicago, and bought up the Chrysolite and adjoining claims. The last five dividends paid out of this property amounted to \$1,000,000, and its production during the cleven months prior to April 1, 1880, at which time he sold his interest for the first one was \$1,000,000. \$1,500,000, was \$3,100,000. In the meantime he had become interested

in the famous Robert E. Lee mine, which has produced more rich ore than any mine on the continent outside of the Comstock of Nevada. The average daily output of the Lee during its best days was \$15,000, or the startling total of \$5,475,000 a year. On the 13th day of January, 1880, this mine gave its owners in the twenty-four hours \$128,000, a um never equaled by any mine in the world Much of this ore ran as high as 11,000 ounces in sliver to the ten, and as the white metal was then worth in the neighborhood of \$1.25 an ounce, the enormous profits can readily

be imagined.

Besides these fortunes, which came in

idence in its future induced him to comhere in that year and begin the erection of La Veta place, a terrace, "out on the prairie," as the town folks declared, which cost him in the seighborhood of \$1,000,000 and at that time was the handsomest residence west of Chicago. This he immediately followed with the Tabor block and the Tabor Grand Opera house, at a cost of the nearly \$2,000,000

TURN OF THE TIDE. Fortune came quickly, as did his finan-cial troubles, and five years ago he was compelled to seek assistance from a New Page Jones the daughter of the late commander Catesby R. Jones of the confederate navy, be requested to name the new battleship Alabama.

York insurance company. They advanced him \$400,000. The panic of 1833 increased him \$400,000. The panic of 1833 increased him \$400,000 and a second mortgage for battleship Alabama. atticship Alabama.

Joel Chandler Harris says that his "Uncle into possession by settling the first and fore closing her own.

When Mr. Gladstone confesses that he has bought 35,000 books even his greatest admirers will want to know how much his intellect was affected by the strain of attention to the strain of attention to read them. side of the mountain, hoping with ever blast to open up the yein.

the couple nailed up the entrance 34 cents a ton in the price of coal en- Enterprise and began preparations to tram out of the camp in search of other work.

The old Concord coach which came from Invango that night brought Mr

new location sought for.

It was finally decided to put in one of two more shots of dynamite. When the smoke cleared away after the first explosion of the control of the c Swickheimer could hardly believe eyes, for there before him was a wall o karata. Its cost is in the neighborhood of rock so full of mineral that there could be no mistake as to its value. The mine was casily developed into a producer, and after taking out over \$500,000 in profits it was sold to a foreign syndicate for \$2,000,000

> Soft Berth for a Journalist. ALBANY, N. Y., Dec. 29.-Governor Morton has appointed Colonel Ashley W. Cole. his private secretary and a former New York City newspaper man, as a member of the State Railroad commission. The salary is

PASSING OF WILLIE.

A THE RESERVE THE PROPERTY OF THE PERSONNELLE AND ADDRESS OF T

Chicago Record: Well, It can't be helped. This benighted nation will have to worry along without William Waldorf Astor. Chicago Post: Now and then Father Knickerbocker does have a piece of luck Willie Wallie Aster to longer claims relationship to him.

Chicago Tribune: Mr. Astor has become an Englishman and the queen is to be congratulated on obtaining so thoroughly propriate a subject. Now it is Bayard's

Chicago Chronicle: Astor in expatriating himself is said to be only following the example of his great assestor. But the original John Jacob did not make his money a Regland and come over here to spend i He did not even spend it over here after he

usual thing for an American to do, and particularly one who has been as lucky as Mr. Astor. But, looking at the matter from of the district court of Arabahoo county a all sides, it would appear that Mr. Asite a few days ago, writes the Deaver correspond- tather an object of compassion than consuma-It is doubtfut whether he will achieve he ambition to became a full-edged English be adopted by John Bull,

CURRENT COMICALITIES,

Detroit Free Press: Artie-Durling you have no tiles how anxious I was while you were coming down the rope ladder. I was so afraid you had not fustened it see curely above.
Suste—You needn't have been alarmed,
dear, Pana fied the knot for me.

is a naisance."
"Do you er-find that celebrated prob-lem about one plus one equals one." asked the young man.
"I said mental arithmetic, not sentimen-tal," said the young woman, with great sald the young woman, with great

Cincinnati Enquirer: "I want to tell you that I gave that sleeping car perfor a talking to that he will not seen forget."
"An! Another Davy Crockett."

"Another Davy Crockett, I said. Wasn't it Davy on whom the story was told about ealling flown a coon?"

NOCTURNAL WAR. New York Journal.

New York Journal,
When night lets down her curtains gray
And shrouds the earth in sweet repose;
When balmy evening zephyrs stray,
All seemed with the fragrant rose;
When nature less in voiceless rost,
Close folded 'neath night's chon wing;
When to each weary, troubled breast
Sweet dreams their consolation bring—
Au! then how herce, how willd the wrath
That emmandes from every pore
As through the moriar, brick and lath
You hear some follow boarder—snorel

THE OLD VEAR.

Lillian Frances Menter in New York Herald. Bless the old year! He's almost gone; hear him utter a dismai mean: 'Pm weary-Pm lonely-Pm wasting," sold he:

Will no one breathe a blessing on me?" Thou poor old man, with the snew white hair, I'll bless thee," said a lady fair; "For thou in thy youth didst bring to me My beautiful babe in its purity!"

"Riess the old year!" the young man cried;
"In merry spring he brought me my bride—
The richest gift to mortal given—
Brought her from the gate of heaven!"

"Bless the old year!" the sick one said, And gently raised his drooping head; "It's hours are post, and I shall be From pain, from grief, from anguish free!" The mourner breathed in tones of sadness, "Hess it, the it brought no gladness; I learned on earth no home to make; Itless it for its lessen's sake!"

"Bless the old year?" oried the child with "In its merry hours I was happy and free; It has brought me frolle for every day; Bless the old year ere it passes away!"

Hiesa the old year! Come one and all; Answer to his lonely call; Let it so be the last sound he shall hear Shall echo a blessing! Bless the old year!

This is Delightful



It's a good time to buy a good suit—a suit to make New Year's calls in. The man who dresses in a Browning-King suit can wear it anywhere, at any time, and be as well dressed as any of them, and better dressed than most of them. Just previous to inventory we are anxious to close out a number of lots, among which we are sure you will find something to your liking. You can make no mistake here-we won't allow it if we know it.

