Rector Succeds Wakefield on the

A meeting of the board of directors of the Transmississippi and International Exposition association was held at the Commercial club rooms at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. There were thirty-nine directors

The resignation of John A. Wakefield an a member of the board of directors was read and accepted, and the board proceeded to and accepted, and the board proceeded to find among the street railway conductors fill the vacancy by ballot. Nominations being in order, I. W. Carpenter nominated George W. Liringer. C. F. Weller nominated the claim of Fouth Omaha for representations over the manner in which the officials of the the claim of Fouth Omaha for representations. tion on the board and placed Thomas Hoctor in nomination. F. M. Youngs made an ap-peal for further representation of the laboring interests and nominated William Bell, one of the three men selected by organized

Mesers. Wharton and Bruce were ap-pointed tellers and the balloting commenced. The vote stood as follows: Lininger, 4; Rector, 21; Hoctor, 11; Bell, 2; J. W. Hartz, Council Bluffs, 1. Allen T. Rector was de-

A. T. Rector and I. W. Carpenter.

Tenders of rooms for the use of the exposition association were opened and read. These smarting under the defeat they have suswere as follows: Thomas L. Kimball, the tained and loss of employment, have made third floor of the Strang building at Tenth accusations of "selling out" and "treachery" and Farnam streets at \$50 per month, the against the leaders and denouncing all the board to place the rooms in repair and union officials for the manner in which the

sixteen rooms, at \$250 per month; Thomas Swobe, manager of the Mercer hotel, as many rooms in the Mercer hotel as may be necessary at \$300 each per annum; N. P. Feil for The Bee Building company, seven rooms on the fourth floor of The Bee building company, seven in the fourth floor of The Bee building company, seven at \$400 per month, with the privilege of additional rooms at specified prices. The tenders were referred to the executive committee.

Street a line of between 300 and 400 men can be seen at all hours of the day waiting for a chance to register for employment. Among them were many of the old employes who, after waiting five or six hours to reach the office, were told when they gave their names that they were not wanted. Every long at \$90 per month, with the privilege of additional rooms at specified prices. The tenders were referred to the executive committee.

The by-laws prepared by the executive committee were read. They were amended to provide that regular meetings of the board directors shall be held on the Friday folof directors shall be held on the Friday fol-lowing the first Saturday in each month and Francis H. Peabody and Mrs. Ole Bull. were then adopted.
Allen T. Rector, the newly elected direc-

tor, was introduced and made a brief address pledging his support of the exposition. J. C. Wharton introduced a resolution providing that the president, secretary and chairman of the executive committee be made committee to devise a plan for extending exposition throughout the transmissis its next meeting. The resolution was

down and the motion was lost by an overwhelming vote.
The board then adjourned until January

9, when tenders of an exposition site will be

MEETS WITH CARLISLE'S APPROVAL Exposition Subscriptions Satisfactory

to Secretary of Interior. WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.—(Special Telegram.)-President Cleveland will be formally notified on Monday by Secretary Carlisle that he has approved of the stock subscriptions made in favor of the Transmis- Chiengo Men Invite Cleveland and sussippi and International Exposition, to be held in Omaha in 1898, and has passed favorably upon the articles of incorporation led with the State department of Ne-

When Representative Mercer left the amended articles of incorporation and the required certification with the secretary, then acting Hon. W. E. Curtis, he was assured that immediate action would be taken. The Treasury department passed upon this matter today, and immediately recognized the gilt-edged character of the subscriptions, which amount to upwards of To make immediately available the sum of \$200,000, appropriated at the last session of congress, the sanction of the secretary of the treasury had to be had, therefore this action. Plans are being made in the architect's office for a building to cost about \$50,000, and the president in eration of the communication from the Treasury department will name the government commission to have charge of the government exhibit within a day or two. Should no wise interfere with the appointment among the honorary pail bearers. of commissioners, but would give them extended powers and wider scope in which t form and make the government exhibit and also larger and more commodious building for the same. The president will appoint representatives from the Treasury department, Fish commission, Geological survey, Postoffice department, Department of Agriculture and other departments mentioned in the act. These commissioners will be empowered to employ labor and help necessary for preparing the exhibit and carpen-ters and day laborers to set it up in the

government building in Omaha. There was no question as to the character of the stock subscriptions as filed by directors of the Exposition company and there was no doubt as to action that would be ment of the conditional taken by the secretary of the treasury. Available cash bala The fact, however, that the secretary passed serve, \$136,023,649. upon the stock subscriptions favorably to-day and transmitted a formal letter of their acceptance and certifying the articles of orporation makes it obligatory upon the president to appoint the commissioners reach the president on Monday and he will consult with heads of various bureaus, expecting to make exhibits in Omaha in 1898, for the purpose of appointing as commissioners the very best men who are in the departments. A number of them have gone where the state of the Meriden, where he has been recently employed, at 12:20, and wan discovered half an hour attentions the sidewalk, dying and covered with blood. There was a stab wound an inch and a half long in his back between the ribs.

through exposition work before at Atlanta, Philadelphia and Chicago, and it may be possible that some of these same men will have charge of the exhibit at Omaha.

Representative and Mrs. Mercer feave for the west on Sunday morning and will be in meeting of Directors is Held.

Meeting of Directors is Held.

Meeting of Directors is Held.

Meeting of Directors is Held. Mercer requested him a second time to is sue a proclamation, but has not yet re-ceived his reply. The matter, therefore will remain in abeyance until Monday or Tuesday, when a definite answer may be expected from the president.

STRIKERS' LEADERS ARE LET OUT

Much Indignation Among the Street Car Men in Boston. BOSTON, Dec. 26 .- There is much indignation among the street railway conductors quested to take out cars on Thursday. According to the union officials every member of the conference committee, every officer in the union and 800 of the rank and file have ocen refused reinstatement, and many more dismissals are expected before the end is reached. So great has the indignation become that a public mass meeting has been called for Monday night in Faneuil hall, to which a number of prominent professors and business men have been invited. A special Secretary Wakefield requested that a committee be appointed to audit his books. On motion of J. C. Wharton the chair appointed a committee of three, G. H. Payne, will be answered by President Young. The make such alterations as may be necessary; strike has been handled. The men say they W. A. Paxton, jr., ten rooms on the fifth are practically at the mercy of President floor of the Ware block at \$960 per annum; Little and his officials, and there is slight W. A. Paxton, ten rooms on the sixth floor of the Paxton block at \$1,200 per year, including heat and jamitor service: J. J. Brown, the entire third floor of the Brown block, including heat and Douglas streets, consisting of street a line of between 300 and 400 men can General Byrnes, Rev. Father Scully, Dean Hodges, General Francis A. Walker, Mayor

LUMBER MEN DISCUSS TARIFF.

Favor a Duty of Two Dollars on Rough Lumber.
MINNEAFOLIS, Dec. 26.—Representatives of the lumber interest of the northwest met this afternoon at the West hotel in consippi states and report the same to the board | ference with Congressman Tawney of the ways and means committee and Congressman Fletcher and Congressman-elect Mor-F. M. Youngs, the labor representative on ris of the Sixth district over the duty on the board, introduced a resolution providing lumber, which is to be made a part of the that "all questions of paramount importance new tariff bill. In general it seemed that and the letting of all large contracts for a tax of \$2 on rough lumber was favored buildings, grading, etc., shall be submitted. The meeting was attended by the officers to the board of directors before final action and directors of the Mississippi Valley is taken by the executive committee. The Lumbermen's association in a body, in adresolution was generally discussed, the condition to a number of local lumbermen. S. sensus of opinion being against it, on the ground that it was too sweeping and would simply serve to hamper the executive committee. A motion to defer action was voted down and the motion was lost by an example of the congressman Tawney announced for Description. ber 31, as representatives of the lumber interests of the northwest. The lumber men propose an aggressive campaign to secure protection for their business and after making Congressman Tawny thoroughly fa-miliar with the need of such legislation, demonstrated to him today that they will make a strong fight before the committee for what they are after. In working for legislation the lumber interests have never been so unitedly together as they are in the present case.

CABINET OFFICERS CANNOT GO.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 26 - President Cleveland and Secretary Olney were waited upon today by a delegation from Chicago and inbe given mainly by Chicago gold democrata Germany against the wholesomeness of these on January 8. Mr. Cleveland expressed his regrets, and Mr. Olney practically gave the delegation to understand that it would be impossible for him to accept. The chief ob-stacle is the cabinet dinner, to be given by the president on the evening previous to the banquet in Chicago. All the members of the cabinet have been invited, but it is likely none of them can arrange to go. The Chi-cago men expect Assistant Secretary Hamlin and Comptroller Eckels will be present and invitations will be given to Henry Wat-terson, John P. Iriah of California, and ex-Minister Phelps of Vermont.

Funeral of Captain Lemon WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.—(Special Telegram.)-W. B. Taylor of Omaha was one of the honorary pall bearers at the funeral of the late Captain George E. Lemon today last Tuesday, be passed, he says it would Ex-Governor W. Pitt Kellogg was also

Olney Cannot Be at Chicago. WASHINGTON, Dec. 26 .- Secretary Olney has been obliged to decline the invitation to attend the Jacksonian dinner of the Chi cago gold standard democrats, because his Bureau of Education, Interior depart- attendance is expected at a cabinet dinner on January 7

Whitney Going South. WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.-Hon. W. C. Whitney, formerly secretary of the navy. passed through Washington tonight with a party of friends enroute to Alken, S. C. via the Southern railway.

Condition of the Treasury. WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.-Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, \$225,312,593; gold re-

Found Murdered on the Rondside. NEW HAVEN, Conn., Dec. 27 .- Thomas H. Fitzgerald, aged 50, a well known painter and musician, was murdered in Mendow street shortly before I o'clock this morning. He started to go to Meriden,

TALK IT OVER WITH ECKELS

Committee of Directors of the Chicago Bank Go to Washington.

BANK DIRECTORS VISIT THE COMPTROLLER

Every Effort to Be Made to Bring Order Out of the Chaos of the National Bank of Illinois Wreck.

which passed between the comptroller and the action into effect.

It is not yet definitely determined how of signatures having arisen.

liam D. Kerfoot, George E. Adams, William R. Page and Charles R. Corwith. They and inclination of the president. The bill is reached the Treasury department shortly becomptroller's office, the doors being locked

and the conference held in secret. The conference was an extended one. The directors stated to Mr. Eckels that they desired to make a statement as to their connection with the affairs of the bank and to The committee has been considerably ensince the letter written the directors by the comptroller in 1895. Mr. Eckels said to The directors thereupon explained that the bank's directors since the receipt of Mr. Eckel's letter had repeatedly tried to close of the country, the long political campaign and the trouble with the Diamond Match company had caused a failure of these negotiations thus far. They expressed a desire to do everything in their power to

aid the receiver in realizing the utmost from the assets of the bank.

Mr. Eckels impressed upon them that he would expect them to make every possible effort to realize from the Calumet read and at the best figure possible. The delegation a speedy realization informed the comptroller that they had no one to recommend for receiver and no proble object lesson. Edward Atkinson, Thomas Wentworth Higginson, George Fred Williams, H. test to make against the appointment of any one, and were perfectly willing to co-operate with any one Mr. Eckels might see fit to apoint as receiver, The delegation said that the directors were

very hopeful that the affairs of the bank would be completely settled within the next welve months, and that every obligation would be met and that the assets probably would be sufficient to leave the real estate This afternoon Mr. Adams, for the com-

littee, gave out the following: "We had a very pleasant interview with the comptroller. Our purpose was to show what we had tried to do to improve the udition of the bank since the receipt of the comptroller's letter a year ago. Out talk was mainly about the Calumet electric We feel that the comptroller will do all he can to realize all that can be possi-bly realized out of the assets. We feel opeful about the result. We made no uggestions about the receivership, either or any one or against any one."

Comptroller Eckels said this afternoon that he had decided to appoint National Bank Examiner McKeon, now in temporary charge of the falled National Bank of Illinois, permanent receiver of the institution. The appointment will be forwarded this

SEE MAGGOTS IN AMERICAN MEAT.

from the United States. WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.-There are general ndications that the war on American meat products in Germany is to be prosecuted Wamer at Cologne has this to say on the State. Notwithstanding the assurances of the United States government that all meat vited to attend the Jackson Day banquet, to products for expert are subjected to a strict products still goes on. At a recent meetdistrict of Cologne, the subject of adulterat ing German sausage with American disease beef was discussed. One speaker drew examined for maggots in Germany, but not so in America. Since in the former coun-(Germany) sausages were more adulter ated with American beef that was infested with maggots and with potato meat, the law in force in Germany against dishonest competition, it was said, should be applied in the case of sausages, which would rejuire the marking of the goods as to whethe they were of German or foreign origin and had been officially examined or not. Another speaker remarked that it made an immens difference to the welfare of the German people whether home or foreign meat was ised. He, therefore deemed it necessary that the origin of the meat used in the preparation of the sausages be given. A chemist present said the American beef was not so profusely infested with maggots, but that it came to Germany prepared with borax in an astonishing manner. On the exterior of the meat there was he asserted complete crust of borax, and the meat was actually pickled with it. If sausages con meat prepared in this way and offered for sale it was clearly a fraud in the sale of foodstuffs.

QUALITY OF STEEL ON WAR SHIPS Report of Board Which Investigated

Complaints Being Considered. WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.—Secretary Herbert today took up for consideration the rethe complaints for the Newport News constructors that steel of inferior quality had been supplied by the Carnegie works for the battleships Kentucky and Kearsarge. The report is a copious statement of the facts disclosed by the many tests made by the board, and the defective plates are fully dentified. The injury has demonstrated that the present system of inspection is inef-fective, and plates are shown to have reached the shipyards that never were inpected at all; at least they bore none of the inspector's marks. The board has not yet examined the plates for the battleship Illinois, but as far as it has gone the injuiry has revealed the necessity for another grangement in the inspection, and Secre tary Berbert will probably substitute ex-pert civilian inspectors for the inexperienced naval officers now employed acting under special board composed of a constructor and engineer and one line officer for the present steel board made up of line officers.

SAYS NEBRASKA CAN GROW BEETS

Says We Need Not Import It. WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.—Germany sent out in the season of 1895-96 of raw beet sugar 958,128 tons, against 1,016,042 tons in the preceding year. The home consumption was 668,860 tons, against 552,695 tons in 1894-95. The factories employed in making sugar numbered 96,458, and they consumed 11,790. 000 tons of beer root. The bad business of the preceding year forced the sugar makers to offer less for the roots, and this in turn caused the farmers to plant less. United States Censul Monoghan at Chemnitz sends these statistics to the State department to back up his statement that Germany's beet sugar industry has been making huge strides in a dozen years, in part owing to intelli-gent government aid, and also to the energy of the manufacturers, who believe in helping themselves. He says that intensive farm made as profitable in Nebraska and Ohio as n Germany, and he sees no reason to doub that America can productly make her own beet sugar and save the millions of marks that are annually spent in Germany for this

Committee at Work on the Proposed

WASHINGTON, Dec. 26,-It is the expectation of the friends of the movement for an international monetary conference that the question will be taken up in the senate soon after the bolidays, though it may be committee which was appointed by the caucus to fraft a measure has had the matter under emisderation and Senator Wolcott, who is chairman of the caucus committee, has prepared the draft of a bill which if it is not accepted as a whole will probably be used as the basis of whatever

action is agreed upon. The tendency among the members of the WASHINGTON, Dec. 28 .- A committee of committee is to leave the selection of the the directors of the collapsed National Bank of Illinois, located in Chicago, called upon Comptroller Eckels today for a personal conference regarding the bank's affairs. The directors thought a better understanding of the selection of the conference between the proposed by dividing the selection of the conference between the proposed by dividing the selection of the conference between the proposed by dividing the selection of the conference between the proposed by dividing the selection of the conference between the proposed by the selection of the conference between the proposed by the selection of the conference between the proposed by the selection of the proposed by the selection of the conference between the proposed by the selection of the conference between the proposed by the selection of the conference between the proposed by the selection of the conference between the proposed by the selection of the conference between the proposed by the selection of the conference between the proposed by the selection of the conference between the proposed by the selection of the conference between the proposed by the pr their own positions and that of the comp-troller would be ubtained by a personal in-to leave the number of members to the disterview than by correspondence. They also cretion of the president, depending upon the desired to see the originals of vertain letters action of other countries on this point. An desired to see the originals of certain letters appropriation will be provided for carrying that over fifty men were lost on the Spanish

of signatures having arisen.

The committee of directors included Willing for this country taking the initiative in recuring the conference, but the probabilities are that this will be left to the discretion fore 11 o'clock and were ushered into the the means for carrying the republican platform on this subject into effect and the members of the committee generally hold that Mr. McKinley will require only the means to proceed with to cause him to use his utmost endeavors to secure an international agreement.

them that he felt confident that the manage-ment of the bank had been very negligent. The directors the committee, has given the other members much valuable information collected by himself while in Europe last summer. He has told them that France was aggressively Eckel's letter had repeatedly tried to close negotiations for the sale of the Calumet Electric railway stock, with a view to realizing upon it, but the business conditions favorable, but that the emperor was the realizing upon it, but the business conditions stumbling block in the matter. He also stumbling block in the matter. expressed the opinion that England would be found much more tractable on the question than is popularly considered probable, an has suggested that a little pressure of business character might be brought t bear with good effect on England, going s far as to say that the payment of some the debts owed in this country to Englanin silver might bring the English people to a speedy realization of the importance of an agreement on the subject and prove a valua-

Belgian Minister is Recalled.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.-After seve cars' service in Washington as the repre entative of his government, Mr. Alfred L. Thoit, the Belgian minister, has been re called. Today he presented his formal let-ter of recall to President Cleveland and ex-pressed the regret he felt at being obliged America. The president responded in suitable terms, congratulating Mr. Le Ghoit upon his well deserved promotion, he having been transferred to St. Petersburg, and wishing him a set forms. wishing him a safe journey

News for the Army. WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.-(Special Tele gram.)-Lieutenant Colonel John I. Rodgers Second artillery, has been detailed as an additional member of the board on regulation of seacoast artillery fire.
First Lieutenant James L. Wilson, Fourth artillery is ordered to Delaware City, Del. to assume charge of construction of build lugs at Fort Delaware.

SENTENCE ON JULIO SANGUILLY

Havana Tribunat Gives Him Eight Years and He May Appeal. HAVANA, Dec. 25.-The rounited tribunal, which judged the proceedings against Julio anguilly, a native American citizen, charged with conspiracy against the Spanish government, met today after the adjournment for Christmas. The judges decided that with fresh vigor. United States Consul Sanguilly was guilty of a modified qualifi-wamer at Cologne has this to say on the subject in a report to the Department of days' imprisonment. The sentence will be published next Monday.

Julio Sanguilly was arrested with thirty others, including many members of well known families of Havana, and confined in Moro castle. An attempt was made to try him by court-martial, but, through the ef-forts of Consul Ramon O. Williams, San American citizenship was catab lished and he was given a civil trial. rosecution attempted to prove that Sanspecial attention to the fact that beef was gilly was the head of a local conspiracy an the chief resident instigator of the insurgent movement, and that he had been e pecially appointed by Jose Marti to assum ommand of the forces of Matanzas and Santa Clara, which were expected to rise it arms against Spain. The chief evidence produced at the first trial was in the shap of a document, alleged to have been signed by Sanguilly, the text of which, according to an expert government penman, could no be read, owing to the damaged condition o the paper. Sanguilly, however, was founguilty on December 2 and sentenced to lif mprisonment at hard labor in the mines of Ceuta, Africa. The case was appealed to the supreme court at Madrid. The grounds upon which the United States governm atervened in his behalf were that his trial y a military tribunal did not accord will terms of the Spanish-American and he was granted a new trial by the su preme court. The case excited much in terest at Havana, owing to the prominence f the prisoner and the questions involved and a large crowd was in constant ance in front of the building where the trial was held to witness the entry and parture of the accused. The trial has been going on for the past week. Sanguilly was prought from the Cabanas fortress under the escort of sixteen armed soldiers, and Azcuy and Sanchez, two witnesses, who were held for the purpose of testifying against the prisoner, were also brought to court by bert today took up for consideration the re-port of the special board which investigated the bench and Vice Consul General Springer There were five judges on who acted as censul general during the ab-sence of General Lee, was assigned to a

special seat near the justices. It is extremely probable that another appeal will be made to the higher courts, the defense during the proceedings having urged that the tribunal was illegally constituted, since six judges should have pre-sided, and not five. The attorney for the defense disputed the competency of the court to hear and decide the case, claiming the prisoner was sendicled to a trial by six udges, according to the law prevailing in 1821, when the Spanish-American protocol 1821, when the Spanish-American protocol was drawn. Defendant's counsel insisted that the prisoner would not be legally tried under the lawnof 1877. He made a motion to this effect; but it was overruled. The defendant's attorney then announced the defense would dater protest against this de-

Major Ochoa; while reconnoitering in the vicinity of Guaramanea, province of Santiago de Cuba, has bad a skirmish with the insurgents, during which nine of the latter were killed and the troops captured eight prisoners. Whiles the column was return ing to Gloria it was attacked by the enemy but the insurgents were dispersed, with loss to the troops of two men killed and five

On the banks of the Joaquibo river, province of Santa Clara, General Montaner ha had a skirmish with the insurgents, after wards capturing the enemy's camp and 125 horses. The troops engaged had five The insurgents recently explode a quantity of dynamite on the Calbaren rall-road at the moment an exploring engine was passing. The engine was deralled and an armor plate car attached to it was cap-sized, killing two and wounding five men of the escort. The soldiers composing the rest of the escort repulsed the enemy. An insurgent party last night near Rancho

Croyero, Havana, indulged in considerable firing, which lasted half an hour. The insurgents were finally silenced, but later they attacked one of the fortifications. They were, however, repulsed with serious losses Reports have been received to the effect that the insurgents attacked the town o Santiago de los Vegar. In this attack the Cubans are said to have used explosive dynamite balls with considerable effect.

The Austrian war ship, Franzburg, will

leave on Monday for Bermuda.

PLANS FOR BELPING OUT SILVER. CUBANS REPEL WEYLER'S MEN

International Monetary Conference. General Rivera Defends His Forts from an Attack by Spanish Forces.

considered first In a republican caucus. The OVER FIFTY OF THE TROOPS ARE SLAIN

Engagement is Denied in Official Circles in Havann, but the Source of the Information is Trustworthy,

CINCINNATI, Dec. 26 .- A special to the ommercial-Tribune from Key West, Fla., says: Reports from Havana tonight are that an attack was made on one of General Rivera's foothill forts yesterday by somof Weyler's forces, and that the Spanish were repulsed, the big dynamite gun belonging to General Rivera's command securing the victory for the insurgents. It is reported side and fewer in the Cuban ranks. All information is refused in Havana, where the officials say no such engagement took place. As the report came through the regular Cuban channels, it is believed here. Colonel San Martin's columns have been

burning and destroying plantations all through the section south and west of Arte misa, as far out as they dared venture. Dur ing the past week over 400 houses and many plantations have been destroyed, 400 head of cattle secured and a number of tobacco of cattle secured and a number of tobacce, fields and cane patches laid waste. Wey ler's orders are to spare nothing. A number of pacificos, it is reported, offered resistance to the taking of their cattle, saying their families would starve, and the were killed. Over twenty-five such instance, were recorded.

General Rivera's forces are increasing, an he has had accessions to his stock of arms and ammunitions this week, an expedition having landed on the south side of the island from Honduras or Mexico, it is presumed. An American correspondent, name not given, has succeeded in getting through the Spanish lines and joining Rivera's column. EUROPE WILL NOT ASSIST SPAIN

Sensational Story of a Paris Editor

is Spoiled. WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.-It can be dealed officially and authoritatively that any European government, either directly or indirectly, has made any representation whatever to the United States to restrain or prevent its free action in connection with the Cuban insurrection. A similar report was denied by authority several weeks ago and the latest denial results from the publica on of a Paris dispatch in the Londo

The London Times dispatch was denied ot only at the State department, but in diplomatic circles, which declared the story to be newspaper gossip. Mr. A. von Bruenng, the secretary of the German embass said today relative to the statement that Germany was already prepared to espous Spain's cause, that so far as the embassy here was concerned, no such intimation had been received. He discredited the whole 'We have not heard a word concerning Cuba," said he, "for three months." The dispatch printed in the London Times

nd which is discredited at the State depart bore a Paris date and was to the effect that "the United States has been could dentially informed in the most friendly term that the European powers could not remain passive in the event of the United State abandoning the attitude of President Cleve land and his cabinet. Should the United States presume to exercise pressure uno Spain by recognizing the Cuban insurgent or encouraging them in their resistance, i has been informed that Europe generally night become uneasy at the idea of such an extension of international action by the United States, inasmuch as it might at a given moment threaten almost all the power whose possessions are in proximity to the United States, and might tempt the spirit enterprise and encroachment that is inspiring the senate committee on foreign

"If," continues the dispatch, "I am correctly informed, the United States has been concurrently informed that Germany is quite prepared to side with Spain in th of the United States showing that he is disposed officially to side with the Moreover, academic conversations are frequent in some circles in regard to the action of the powers to form a syndicate against the invasion of socialism, which invading all political quarters. was during these pourparlers that the friendly warning to the United States originated, Senator Cameron's resolutions for the recognition of Cuba being regarded in some quarters as revolutionary.

CLARA BARTON AND THE CUBANS.

Regrets She Cannot Aid and Gets Caustic Letter from Mr. Fortune. JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Dec. 26 .- A fee days ago Joaquin Fortune, a well known Cuban leader in Jacksonville, wrote to Miss Barton, president of the American Red Cross society, for aid for the insurgent wounded in Cuba. The reply has been received from Miss Barton. It is dated at Washington, December 20, and says: Washington, December 20, and says:

It is not possible that you will attribute any inaction on my part to want of sympathy with or respect for the all-engrossing subject which you bring before me, but I understand that, holding the position that I do, I am the last person in all our country who could not independently in a cause at once so delicate and so national. The proper and necessary conditions given, I trust that there will be no lack of sympathy found in the American Red Cross. Lioping for better days for you and all lovers of humanity, I remain, most sincerely yours.

CLARA BARTON, President American National Red Cross.

Mr. Fortune wrote a caustic letter in re-Mr. Fortune wrote a caustic letter in re-

Miss Clara Barton, Washington: Noble Madam—I am in receipt of your favor of the 20th Inst. in answer to my appeal to the American National Red Cross in favor the American National Red Cross in favor of my suffering countrymen in Cuba. It is a conclusion so extraordinary that I am fully warranted in bringing it to the knowledge of the American people, that they may know that existing circumstances of a nature that you do not disclose make it impossible for the highest institution of charity in this country to offer add to charity in this country to offer aid to an American neighbor and friend. It is my duty as a Cuban to bring this fact before the American people that they may decide conscientiously if such sentiments are consistent with American charities and American these of relicion.

sistent with American charities and American ideas of religion.

And I, therefore, joyfully publish your letter and my answer, giving both to the public press that this great people and their congressional representatives during their holidays may reflect on what these existing circumstances mean, feeling assured that the seventy millions, who are just, and brave, and generous, will not tolerate conditions against the handful who are neither just nor brave nor genwho are neither just nor brave nor ger erous. JOAQUIN FORTUNE.

PHELPS SAYS OLNEY IS CORRECT Ex-Minister to England Upholds th Secretary of State.
BURLINGTON, Vt., Dec. 26.—Hon. E.

Phelps, ex-minister to England, gives his following language: "I have no doubt that action has yet own taken on the informahe position of Secretary Olney, sa recently | tion. published, is entirely correct. The question which government shall be recognized in ountry where an attempt at revolution a progress is certainly for the executive thetermine and not for congress. Legisla ion by that body can under no provision in the constitution decide it. They can, a of the constitution decide it. They can, a course, pass resolutions upon this subject if they please, but they in no rest ontrol the discretion or action of the pres

"Besides, no government can be recognized The government recognized by other governments when a dispute ! respect to it exists is always de facto gov ernment. The recognition by other na-tions of a government now in existence must always continue until it is actually subverted and a new one put in its place When it is over-brown and another established, the new one becomes entitled to

The rebels in Cuba have no organized government, nor even an abiding place which they can call their own. They are merely a guerrilla force, which would New York.

FEW LEFT....

This week will be a good time to secure bargains in

STOVES AND RANGES

As before taking inventory January 1st we will make special prices on

Radiant Home Stoves.

Genuine Round Oak Stoves, Garland Stoves and Ranges, Monitor Steel Ranges.

MILTON ROGERS & SONS.

14th and Farnam Sts.

speedily be annihilated if drawn into a general engagement with the much superior Spanish army. It proves its existence by its dexterity in averting an engagement It would be abourd to say that such a fore constitutes a government, or that the Span ish government in Cuba has been over thrown, or that any diplomatic relations could exist between these rebels and the government of the United States.
"If this country interferes by arms in

that contest, it must be assisting the re-bellion in Cuba to displace the Spanish gov ernment and to set up another, and this would be a declaration of war against a country with which we are, and always have been, at peace. It would be a gross violation of international law, which n puntry can afford to perpetrate "It would in my judgment be fatal to that

restoration of business prosperity which i now our most vital necessity. CUBAN JUNTA HAS PLENTY TO DO.

Keeps Busy Denying Statements Mad-by Captain General Weyler. NEW YORK, Dec. 26 .- At the headquarers of the Cuban junta today, General Estrada Palma and his secretaries were kept ousy answering questions as to the disposition of the patriot forces in Cuba and denying reports that General Macco's death was war. In talking of affairs General Palma stated that the Cuban army was now as strong in point of numbers and enthusiasm as it ever had been, and that the Cubans have full faith in General Riverla, who has succeeded Maceo in command. The Cuban forces in the province of Pinar del Rio, he said, are encamped on the mountain tops and could afford to laugh at General Weyodge and scatter them and wind up the

"General Riveria," said General Palma has 5,000 armed men under him at present and with provisions enough to last for six months in his mountain stronghold. It is simply idle for General Weyler to make such sweeping declarations. There has been and there will be no general laying down of arms on the part of the Cubane, such as has been reported. As for Dr. Zertucha's charges that Maceo was driven to death by despair by reason of non-sup-port accorded to him by Cuban allies in this country, it is simply infamous and unworthy of contradiction." General Palma said that he had heard nothing definite about the reported adventure of the Three Friends.

NEW SCHEME TO ASSIST CUBA. Able-Bodied Men Willing to Fight. Plan to Establish Colonies.

EL RENO, Okl., Dec. 26.-Cuban sympa-

thizers here have formed an oathbought organization which contemplates fighting for the insurgents without violating the United States neutrality laws. The members, composed of able-bodied men, are to go to Cuba as colonizers, and to purchase or lease land for the "cultivation, manu-facture and sale of tobacco." After Cuba is reached, say the bylaws, which have been adopted, "other civic enterprises, to be decided upon later, may be entered into."

The minimum membership of the colony shall not be less than 100 nor more that 200, and the membership fee, to be paid after arriving in Cuba, is set at \$100. The colonists are to provide themselves with firearms at their own expense "for personal shall embark, going as individuals.

SPAIN ORDERS ANOTHER WAR SHIP. Will Have an Armed Cruiser Better

Than the New York. WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.—An interesting item in the last publication by the Naval the American government Intelligence office is the statement of the kindly and he referred naval construction that the Spanish government has in hand. It appears that orders have been given to a big Italian firm near Genoa to build immediately an armored cruiser which will be named the Pedro Aragon. She will be on the lines of the erack cruiser Guiseppe Garibaidi II, which Spain has purchased and rechristened the Ligistobal Colon. The latter is to be delivered by the builders to the Spanish gov ernment complete next February. Only fifteen months are allowed for the construction of the Aragon. Both of these ruisers are to be supplied with the tutbular collers in vogue in the French navy. When Inished the vessels will be slightly more formidable than our best armoved cruiser

UPHOLD CLEVELAND AS TO CUBA. Chiengo Business Men Pass an Em phatic Resolution. CHICAGO, Dec. 26 .- At one of the largest neetings in its history, held by the Comnercial club of Chicago at the Auditorium onight, Marshall Field offered the following esolution, which was unanimously adopted mid great applause:

he New York.

SIEZURE OF THE THREE PRIENDS.

Revenue Officials Again Capture the WASHINGTON, Line, 26,-The secretary of the treasury has received official notice opinion on the recognition of Cuba in the of the seizure of the Three Friends. No

> Mob Mashes a McKinley Horn. Commercial Tribune from Franklin, Ind., ays; The McKinley Marching club of says. The McKinley Marching club of Ruscola, Di., carrying a mammoth horn to Washington afoot, suffered an outrage at Trafrigar, six miles west of nere, about noon. While the carriers were at dimer at the home of Dr. Byers, the mab sent a delegate to Dr. Byers, the mab sent a delegate to Dr. Byers house to give the men just ten minutes to loave town. The men just ten minutes to loave town. The most tore off and burned the flag and massed the hern into a shapeless mass. An effort will be made to patch it up in order to continue the journey.

Movements of Ocean Vessels, Dec. 26. At New York Arrived New York, from Southampton; Rotterdam, from Ratterdam, Sailled Lu Cascagne, for Havre; Etruria, for fiverpool; Anchoria, for Glasgow; At Southampton-Salled-St. Louis, for New York. At Philadelphia—Sailed—Indiana, for Liv-

erpool. At Hayre-Sailed-La Normandie, for

SENOR ANDRADE RETURNS

Venezuelan Minister Comes Back to His Post in Washington.

PROBABLY HAS A COPY OF THE TREATY

Hands the Reporter a Copy of a Caraens Newspaper Showing the Feeling in that Country

Over the Agreement.

NEW YORK, Dec. 26 .- Senor Jose Andrade, Venezuelan minister to the United States, accompanied by James J. Storrow counsel for Venezuela before the United States boundary commission, arrived here on the steamer Caracas and left for Washington this afternoon. When the steamer reached her pier, Minister Andrade was me by the Venezuelan consul and some of the officers of the consulate. When asked as to the truth of the reports which have been but the beginning of the ending of the printed in reference to the boundary treaty being acceptable to the Venezuelan government, Minister Andrade said: "I have written and telegraphed all I have to say and I understand it has been published in your papers. I cannot say anything more on this question." He was then asked if it was true he had come empowered by President Crespo to signify the acceptance of the treaty by Venezuela, and he replied: "That

ls a matter I cannot discuss,"

He also said there was no sign of disturbance in Venezuela; everything was very peaceable and he did not anticipate any trouble when the Venezuelan congress would meet. When pressed to say some thing more about the treaty, he showed the reporters a copy of a Venezdelan paper, which, he said, expressed his views on the matter. This newspaper, the Venezuelan Herald, had several articles on the treaty them:

Minister Andrade is going to Washington and takes with him a copy of the agree-ment. It is in essential particulars the same treaty offered by Venezuela forty years ago to Great Britain, which Great Britain refused. Under the fifty years clause, the only tersitory which Great Britain will have is the settlements be-tween the Essequibo and Pomeroon rivers. The fifty years clause will exclude Great Britain from the Orinoco country and the Cuyuni river, which is the portion of the country that Venezuela has been especially desirous of keeping.

Unwarranted attacks have been made on the government but they

the government, but they are based on no solid argument, and it surprises us not a little to see such a rumor concerning th boundary question after everything

The United States has been the friend and representative of Venezuela, or, to put it exactly, through its friend, the United States. Venezuela has negotiated the

Mr. Storrow was also disinclined to talk of the boundary question, but said the treaty was satisfactory to the Venezuelans. He said a couple of correspondents attacked the treaty in the papers, but, to use his own words, "they went off half-cocked," When the more intelligent and better class of senses to the seacoast, from which they people read the memoranda several articles were published in the papers, two of them by former ministers to England, and the public opinion was remoulded. Mr. Stor the treaty and consider that it is about the best arrangement that could be made. Crespo's feeling in regard referred written by President Cleveland. letter President thanking him for the interest the Americans had taken in the Venezuelan matters. Mr. Starrow said it was nonsense for any person to say there was any chance for a revolution in Venezuela. He denied there was any

> he would not have come away. HONEY AND WATER FOR SMALLPOX

possibility of an outbreak, and said had there been any likelihood of such a thing

Young Girl Accidentally Makes an CITY OF MEXICO, Dec. 26.-The condition of the British consul, Mr. Carden, who has been dangerously ill, is improved today, and he is in no immediate danger.

Heavy shocks of earthquakes are reported as occurring on Christmas day at various interior points. No barm was done. Experiments made with smallpox patients in Oaxaca show that by administering honey dliuted in water to smallpox patients the pustules of the worst variety disappear and the fever is immediately diminished! The matter attracts much attention. The remedy was accidentally discovered by a young girl Resolved. That this club heartily and fully who was down with the disease, who secretly policy regarding Cuba.

was accidentally discovered by a young girl who was down with the disease, who secretly policy regarding Cuba. with the astonishingly curative results, and it was then tried on soldiers sick with the

> DIVULGING OF STATE SECRETS. Sensation in One of the British Gov-

LONDON, Dec. 27.—The Observer, referring to the recent systematic divulgence of confidential information by persons employed in one of the departments of state, says: The sensation has developed unexpected surprises. It is apparent that secrets of the British acryice have been divulged with impunity not only to foreign governments, which pay large sums for information of a certain character, but also to a certain British newspaper. Recent occurrences indicate that the revelations are of great importance and that the practice of furnishing information of this nature is spreading to other departments. Certain it is that these revelations have created consternation in official circles and

the culprits. Travelers Balse Money for a Home. NEW YORK, Dec. 26. The Commercial Travelers' fair la Madison Square Garden closed a successful two weeks' run tonight. One hundred thousand people visited the fair and nearly \$15,000 was realized. The money will assist in the construction of a national home for the widows and orphans of commurcial traveers, at hinghampton, N. Y.

it is felt that the time has come to expose

Both men and women are apt to feel a little blue, when the gray hairs begin to show. It's a very natural feeling. In the normal condition of things gray hairs belong to advanced age. They have no business whitening the head of man or woman, who has not begun to go down the slope of life. As a matter of fact, the hair turns gray regardless of age, or of life's seasons; sometimes it is whitened by sickness, but more often from lack of care. When the hair fades or turns gray there's no need to resort to hair dyes. The normal color of the hair is restored and retained by the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor. Ayer's Curebook, "a story of cures told by the cured."
100 pages, free. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

The Blue and the Gray.