VON LUETZOW AS A FORGER

Public Prosecutor Institutes Proceedings Against the Baron.

LIBEL TRIAL TAKES A SENSATIONAL TURN

Conclusion is Expected to Reveal the Doings of the Court Clique, Credited with the Downfall of Caprivi.

(Copyright, 1896, by the Associated Press.) BERLIN, Dec. 4 .- When the trial of Herr Leckert, Baron von Luetzow, Herr Ploetz, Herr Berger and Herr Faellmer, the journalists who are charged with libeling Count Botho zu Eulenburg, Baron Marschal von Bieberstein and Prince Alexander von Hohenlohe (an outcome of the czar's and Emperor William's toast at Breslau) was resumed today, the public prosecutor announced that he had institued proceedings against Paron von Luetzow on charges of

This latest development in an interesting case is the result of evidence taken yesterday, which tended to demonstrate that Baron von Tausch, the commissioner of the detective police, traced the incriminating article to the foreign office. It was subsequently developed that Baron von Luctzow was the author of the assertion that the false version came from the foreign office, and it was thus proved also that Von Luetzow was an agent of the secret police. This led to a clash yesterday between Baron Marschal von Bieberstein and Baron von Tausch. The former declared that the foreign office, for some time past and for good reasons, had refrained from employing the political police when inquiring into the authorship of articles, and the minister for foreign affairs

caused Von Tausch to ask for the protec-tion of the court pointing out the fact that he was not in the prisoner's dock, but on the witness stand.

The conclusion of the trial is awaited with The conclusion of the trial is awaited with great interest, as it is expected to reveal the doings of the court clique, which, dominated by Count Botho zu Eulenberg, the former minister of the interior; the latter's taste, and the hope is generally expressed it may be abandoned. It is admitted that the count marshal, and Rich-subject the present court marshal, and Rich-subject to the retiring American amendical compilings. causing the downtall of General Count von Caprivi, the predecessor of Prince Hohen-lohe, as imperial chancellor, as well as with being the instigators of the recent press war against Prince Hobeniche and Baron

Maradjal von Bieberstein. Then at length regarding his relations with the relation of length regarding his relations with you rauseh, but nothing of interest devel-

oped from his evidence.

During the day's proceedings there was a sensation in court. Baron von Luetzow stated that when he gave Tausch the information of the changes in the version of the speech, the commissioner of detectives was elated, and said: "I will inform Count Philip zu Eulenberg, the court marshal, in order to prove to him again that Baron

he said: 'I did everything by order of my employer, Von Tausch, who, when he found that Baron Marschal was sifting things, said he would be obliged to reveal Von Luetzow's name, but that Count Philip Zu Eulenberg, the court marshal, would protect

During the time that the confession was being read Von Tausch was indulging in hystorical shakes of the head. Von Tausch was afterward re-examined and he declared confession was a pack of lies from bc

The public prosecutor admitted that the machination were so complicated that it was impossible to see through them, but he sug-gested that Von Tausch might be charged as an accessory to Von Luctzow in the for gery.
The public is intensely excited over the

revelations of the methods employed by the tical police and over what Count Philip Zu Eulenburg is likely to do.

& HAMBURG STRIKE IS SPREADING General Cessation of Work in Many

Trades Now Expected. HAMBURG, Dec. 4 .- At a meeting of the central strike committee here today it was decided to declare a general strike, and a pamphlet was issued calling upon all quay laborers, engineers, barge men, lumpers and carmen to quit work in order to bring the business of the port to a complete

standstill. The majority of the quay laborers have obeyed the call, and the remainder will probably quit work at node.

A detachment of 200 polics from Berlin has been ordered to this city to assist the local force in maintaining order during the

LONDON, Dec. 4.—A special dispatch re-ceived here from Antwerp announces that the dock laborers there are refusing to un-load vessels arriving from Hamburg. A

general strike is feared.

LONDON, Dec. 5.-The Daily Telegraph this morning devotes three columns to its project for a subscription for a farewell Christmas gift to United States Ambassador Bayard. The list of subscribers for the day includes Sir Henry Irving and Dean Hole. The total amounts subscribed, in-cluding the original £100, with which the Telegraph opened the list, is f168. Sir Henry Irving writes in connection with his subscription: "The present you suggest would be a graceful compliment."

The Chronicle has another editorial this morning in deprecation of the project. An editorial in the paper this morning asks "What has Mr. Bayard done to be brought into ridicule in this manner? The sooner the proprietors of the Daily Telegraph acknowledge their mistake by withdrawing the

subscription, the better.'

PARIS, Dec. 4 .- Mme. Sarah Bernhard scored a fresh triumph in her assumption of the title role of De Musset's "Lorenzac rio." at the Renaissance theater last even ing. The play was presented with splendic cast and mounting. There is only one opin ion of Mme. Hernhardt's superb acting of the male part, but there is a different view of the value of the piece. Some of the critics think that the actress has only produced it as a proof of her versatility and as a stepping stone to the future assumption

of the role of Hamlet. Student Bloters Under Arrest. LONDON, Dec. 4.-A dispatch to the Standard says that the authorities frus trated an attempted students' demonstra tion in memory of the terrible Khodiskoe plain disaster last year, when hundreds of students were killed in the stampede at the time of the distribution of the souvenir mugs of the czar's coronation. The demonstra tion was prevented by arresting 100 of the ringleaders and troops had been sta-tioned at the cemetery where the victims

were buried. No New Trial for Captain Dreyfus PARIS, Dec. 4 .- The committee of

QUESTIONS TELEGRAPH'S TASTE.

Thinking Portion of London's Public Looks Askance at the Gift Scheme. blegram-Special Telegram.)-My inquiry this afternoon at the United States embassy whether Mr. Bayard had anything to say concerning the "national Christmas gift," for which the Dally Telegraph is now soliciting subscriptions, elicited the reply: "No. I have nothing to say on the subject. The

ovement is not my affair." was informed also that Ambassador Bay ard has not attempted to interfere with the discretion of the proprietors of the Daily Telegraph in promoting this unpre-cedented project, of which he first learned on seeing it in the columns of that journal. Considering the absolute noveity of the scheme to make a gift to an ambassador by public subscription in the country to which he is accredited, it is additionally noteworthy that only one London paper this morning indulges in any comment re-specting it. The Dally Chronicle treats it as an outrage on diplomatic etiquette on the part of the Daily Telegraph, express-ing the hope if Mr. Bayard did not him-If intervene to stop it, pressure would brought to bear from an authoritative official quarter to that end. But, judging from the reply given to my question today, it is apparent Mr. Bayard does not feel called upon to put an extinguisher on the tary authorities for "consideration by court undertaking, probably deeming it the proper martial." Cespedes landed in Cuba with

best possible intentions, not only toward Mr. Bayard personally, but to the American nation, and it is remarkable that of thirty new subscriptions announced this morning, over twenty are small sums from persons in hum-ble vocations. The only notable men who have so far subscribed are Lord Mayor Faudel-Phillips and Sir Edwin Arnold, each of whom sends 45. But the former is married to the sister of the proprietor of the Daily Telegraph, while the latter is its editor. The total subscriptions today, amounting to only 123, are no gauge of Rayard's popularity among wealthy aristocratic Englishmen, who ticles, and the minister for foreign analis accused the commissioner of detectives of period of the year, and have probably not yet fomenting suspicion against himself. This period of the year, and have probably not yet learned of the existence of the fund. At the same time I feel bound to say that alike in the political and social clubs of the West End, where the present American ambassa-dor's efforts on behalf of close Anglo-Ameribaseador would be a graceful complimen, well deserved, and the lord mayor of London announces he had already arranged to accord that honor to Mr. Bayard at the Mansion house next spring, when Lord Salisbury hopes to be present. BALLARD SMITH.

NO CHRISTMAS GIFT FOR BAYARD. London Chronicle Opposes a Very

Unique Proposition. LONDON, Dec. 4.—The Chronicle this norning discusses the proposal of the Daily field. Telegraph to take public subscriptions for a farewell Christmas gift to Mr. Bayard, the United States ambaesador. The Chronicle, while admitting the Daily Telegraph's gen-

urnalistic advertisement, to say nothing of e reflection that such a suggestion cavers a payment of an official for exceeding his

'Let us in the familiar Angle-Saxon way give him a dinner. The most distinguished gathering we are able to furnish would be a greater compliment than a subscription, place ng him on a par with a popular cricketer." The Daily Telegraph this morning prints etters from the secretaries of the work-nen's and trades societies, approving of the aggestion of a Christmas gift to Mr. Bayard. he lard mayor of London, George Faudell-hillips, writes, donating 5 guiness, and dding: "I intend to invite his excellency to a farewell banquet at the Mansion house, at which Lord Salisbury has signified his hope Many other letters are published, the first list including Sir Edwin Arnold, with a sub-

scription of 5 guineas. KAISER ADOPTS A NEW TONE.

rges Officers to Endeavor to Remain Friendly with Civilians BERLIN, Dec. 4 .- The Hanover Anzeiger ays that Emperor William yesterday visited the military school there. Speaking to the officers his majesty alluded to the Brussewitz affair, saying that the occurence had affected him most painfully. He exhorted the officers always to be conspicuous of the high duties their uniform demanded of them, and added that they should above all bear in mind that the uniform should not be a cause for antagonism between officers and citiens, and that such a distinction should not be drawn by the demeanor of the officers. In conclusion, his majesty expressed the hope that the officers would always endeavor to

remain friendly with civilians. Austrian Officers Get Off Lightly. LONDON, Dec. 4 .- A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Vienna contains a sensational account of the offensive conduct of two officers at a restaurant at Olmutz, who de-mended an apology, but refused to fight an editor, who had published an account rigarding them. Subsequently they lay wait and attacked and wounded the editor with their swords. The officers were ar-rested, but the colonel of their regiment ex-

nerated them. Emperor to Visit Jerusalem. BERLIN, Dec. 4.—The Lokal Anzeiger ublishes a Constantinople dispatch reporting that the emperor and empress of Germany will visit Jerusalem on Easter Sunday, 1898, to attend the consecration of the Evangelical church built on the site given o the late Emperor Frederick by the sul-tan. The dispatch adds that the emperor and empress will thence proceed to Cairo at the khedive's invitation.

Severe Gales on British Coast. LONDON, Dec. 5 .- Violent gales have oc arred along the coasts, with several casu alties at Brighton. The chain pier there has been deetroyed and the shore is strewn with wreckage. There were exciting scenes at Dover. The Ostend packet found itself unable to make the harbor and notified those on shore by the firing of rockets. Another

PARIS. Dec. 4.—The customs committee

ssel is reported to have gone ashere east

of the Chamber of Deputies heard the minis er of commerce, M. Boucher, today. He said the government thought the export bounties adopted by the committee were too high, and that the government intended to press the bill before the Chamber. The comittee, nevertheless, decided to adhere to its own bountles.

Russia Prepares to Invade Armenia LONDON, Dec. 5.-The Craphic has a dispatch from Sebastopol containing a description of military preparations in the Caucasus feast, Mr. Hitt said he was on his way to or an expected invasion of Armenia by Russian forces. The dispatch says foreign to the capital at this time was to take some tourists are not allowed to traverse the military reads, no matter what plenary pass-ports they may have. his hearers that within a month the presi-dent would issue a proclamation that would

Victoria to Visit Ireland. tions has rejected the petition of Mme.

Dreyfus for a new trial of her husband Captain Alfred Dreyfus, who was drummed out of the French army on conviction as a 1837, in connection with the celebration over the property of the property o

REFUSE HIM A CIVIL TRIAL

LONDON, Dec. 4.—(New York World Ca- Oscar Cespedes, an American Citizen, in Danger at Matanzas.

WAS TAKEN WITH ARMS IN HAND

Supreme Court of the Province Holds that He is Outside the Pale of the Protocol of 1787.

Copyright, 1896, by Press Publishing Company.) HAVANA, Cuba, Dec. 4 .- (New York World Cablegram-Special Telegram.)-Oscar Cespedes, an American citizen, imprisoned in San Severino captie, Matanzas, has been de-

nied a civil trial. The Matanzas supreme court holds, accordingto an extract from its decision, printed in La Lucha, that Cespedes, having been captured with arms in hand in open rebelion against Spain, is not entitled to a civil trial under the protocol of January 12, 1877. The case, therfore, is sent back to the mintime for him to speak is when asked to accept the presentation.

The proposal is undoubtedly made with the Trujilla's fillibustering expedition, June 23 of this year, and shortly afterward joined Later to gobble Cuba, and is now talking conservatively on the question. this year, and shortly afterward joined La-cret's insurgent forces in Matanzas prov-servatively on the question. cret's insurgent forces in Matanzas prov-

> Madrid dispatches quote Premier Canovas having assured the queen at yesterday's binet council of his confidence that Presi-

province, near Nazareno, in reconnoitering the coast settlements of Naranjo, Sabana, Lamar and Baylem, General Melguizo surprised an insurgent camp near Ayilon, his troops dispatching twenty-

five pacificos with their bayonets and side arms without losing a man. The Asturias battalion, after a two hours' engagement" near Santa Catalina, killed wo rebels, captured the prefecture, seized a pospital and burned many buts.

Dr. Casuso, a Cuban political prisoner in Cabanas castle, in a letter to the afternoon newspapers of today, pleads innocent of the charge of disloyalty to Spain.

order to prove to him again that Baron order to prove to him again that the enumage.

The confession of Baron von Luctzow Improper, because expedition, to was part of the pedes belonged, criginally was part of the expedition organized in New York by Lyte and ambassador represents the sovereign, and pedes belonged to kepeliton. The proposal is not find the Cabado, Camillo Echarte, Segundo Corvison, Lorenzo Hernandez, Frederico Hernandez, Jose Vadot, Franscisco L. Padron, Crescentos Cabrera, Martini Quierdo, Paulito Lesca, Antonio Marcal Public Publica Cabrera, Martini Quierdo, Paulito Lesca, Autonio Mayol, Pablo Rrujillo, Autonio Fer-nandez, Abelardo Medina, Jose Perex-Arocha Fernandez and Carlos Muecke Andres Fernandez was the pilot.

FIVE HUNDRED SPANIARDS HURT.

other Desertion. CINCINNATI, Dec. 4 .- A special to the Commercial Tribune from Key West, Fla., says: Passengers by steamer from Havana onight say that a train with 500 wounded Spanish soldiers arrived there today. was said most of them came from the vi cinity of San Cristobal, and Candelaria. No definite statement could be had, as to what definite statement could be had, as to what battlefield they came from. Rumors prevailed on their arrival that Weyler has sustained another defeat. Counter statements were also made that the vanguard of Macco's army had been defeated. Moreover, it was announced that Weyler is on the eve of attempting to storm some of the hill tops where Maceo is entrenched, and this had raised great expectations in Havana.

This afternoon it was current rumor on

This afternoon it was current rumor on the streets there that another garrison of Spaniards had deserted over to Macco with their arms, ammunition and stores. The place was not given, though it is supposed to be near Palacios. Over 450 men were in the garrison. Late in the afternoon guerrilla fighting was reported across the bay from layana. Just beyond the line of forts a small party of insurgents made a dash into the suburbs. They succeeded in killing three Spanish soldiers, capturing one captain and fring several houses. They lost five men

Several American correspondents at Havana itspoken ones because their reports do not please him.

CLEVELAND ASKED TO AID CUBA. Friends of the Insurgents Address on

Appent to the President. ST. LOUIS, Dec. 4.—The following letter has been sent to President Cleveland. It was signed by the committee appointed at the mass meeting of Cuban sympathizers held in this city November 21.

held in this city November 21.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 2, 1895.—To his excellency, Grover Cleveland, President, Washington, D. C.—Sir: The press reports that have been published for months past and are being daily published from the island of Cuba, indicate that the war being waged by the Cuban people for liberty on the one side, and by the forces of the Spanish government for their subjugation on the other, has degenerated into a bloody and merciless system of extermination in which women, children, the aged and infirm and other noncombatants are subjected to inhuman and barbarous treatment by the Spanish soldiery.

The letter then refers at length to the previous rebellions and of their barbarous character, and concludes:

In a spirit of Christian charity, we appeal to you, in the name of humanity and American civilization, to make effective the repeatedly expressed will of the vast majority of your fellow citizens by granting to the Cuban people the rights of beiligerents, which, we believe, will at once mollify the horrors of this war and tend to its speedy termination. its speedy termination.

PROMISES A PRO-CUBAN MESSAGE Congressman Hitt Says Cleveland

Will Take a Decided Stand. CHICAGO, Dec. 4.—Congressman Robert R. Hitt, chairman of the house committee on foreign affairs, was entertained this afternoon at the Union Longue club, at an informal luncheon. At the conclusion of the Washington, and that the object of his visit have a decided effect. As to his own position he caid he always had held to what seemed

HAVANA EDITORS WANT WAR. WANTS A NEW CERTIFICATE Say that Diplomacy Has Entirely Failed in Its Parpose.

HAVANA, Dec. 4 .- The Daily Commercio has the following editorial on the outlook Treasury Department Asks Information as for Cuban affairs and the attitude of for-

eign governments toward the insurrection; "Spain during two years has treated the rebels and their accomplices like gentlenen. We have made sincere protests full of lignity to the United States against their fingoes calumniating Spain and calling us bloody tigers in spite of the noble conduct of the army toward the Cubans. These proceedings and the language of the press are reflecting upon the Yankees."

The Commercio protests against the insulting anti-Spanish attitude of the American

press and its favorable attitude toward the insurgents, and says: "Spain has gained no consideration through diplomacy and must in future depend upon material force to command respect for its rights. Time has shown this date of November 30, but which had to run and teaches us to sharpen our nails for the

fray."
The paper criticises the inconsistency and vacilitating policy of the New York papers and of the London Times and says: "Americans are totally incapable of good faith, and it is time the Spaniards were convinced that only the army and navy will avail to settle the question. We suggest

that a restored Spanish neet and 300,000 men will be able to go anywhere." The Commercio notes that Senator Morgan

An editorial in La Lucha deals with the exhortation by the London and Paris press to Spain to deliver a decisive blow against insurgents, as the settlement of the Venezuelan question and England's recog-nition of the Monroe doctrine makes medi-ation in Cuba from Washington probable as abinet council of his connected that I will introduce that I will introduce the Spanish of in no wise unfavorable to the Spanish ation in Cuba from Washington probable as an indirect result of the Monroe doctrine.

La Lucha says of this view: "The English that I will be a lost its account and good lost ster of war, Senor Azcarraz, had another conference with Lieutenant General lich press has lost its screnity and good long conference with Lieutenant General sense and its boasted impartiality. Other sense and its boasted impartiality. A British firm has obtained a contract from the Spanish government to construct in Havana harbor a naval dry dock capable of receiving ships of 10,000 tons, to cost \$505,000, and to be completed within eleven months.

defeat of Castillo's rebel force in Havana McKinley to the presidency will give an province, near Nazareno, impetus to the Monroe doctrine, La Lucha

ENLISTING RECRUITS FOR CUBA Companies of Fifty Men Being Organ-

DENVER, Dec. 4.—A special to the News from Aspen, Colo., says: A man giving the name of Ransome, who claims to be an agent of the Cuban junta, in New York city, has hospital and burned many huts.

General Lono, the military governor of Havana province, has gone to Pinar del Rio to command a column operating on the north coast. General Barraquer temporarily succeeds to the governorship. One company of Havana volunteers left today for the field. Another agent follows him and arranges for sending the men to New York, where they are collisted and shipped to Cuba. Itan-some says he has had no trouble in securing fifty names here, and states that companies have been sent from quite a number of towns in Kansac, Missouri and other states.

Will Only Pay American Claims, LONDON, Dec. 5 .- The Constantinople corespondent of the Daily Mail hears that the Porte has decided to de "ne the payment of all claims for indemnity for massucres except those advanced by Americans.

Killed on the Rail d Tracks. posed to be Gus Wilbur of 134 West Fulton street, Grand Rapids, Mich., was killed on the railroad tracks here yesterday.

Street Car Scheme for Paris PARIS, Dec. 4.—The municipal council has approved the principal of the proposal for the construction of a metropolitan street

BOMBAY, Dec. 4 .- The plague is spreadng and several Europeans have been at

tacked, two of them dying yesterday. MARK HANNA GOES TO WASHINGTON.

Inauguration and Headquarters. CLEVELAND, Dec. 4.-Chairman M. A. Hanna, accompanied by National Committeeman Henry C. Payne, left Cleveland this afternoon via the Pennsylvania route. Mr. Hanna stated that he would probably remain in Washington about a week, although the vast amount of work to be covored might necessitate a longer stay at the capital. While there, in addition to the apcontinent of local committees in connection nent location of the national headquarters and many other matters will be decided upon. Mr. Hanna said there was but little doubt but that Washington would be selected for the permanent headquarters. In the meantime, and possibly for a couple of months, temporary headquarters will be maintained in Cleveland under the super-

vision of Major Charles F. Dick. Charles G. Dawes of Illinois, who was prominently identified in the republican headquarters in Chicago during the recent campaign, was a visitor at Mr. Hanna's office this morning, and, after a conference with the chairman, departed for Canton to have had friendly warnings that Weyler is call upon President-elect McKinley. There contemplating deporting some of the mpre outspoken ones because their reports do not effect that Mr. Dawes will be made the private secretary of the president-elect. A gentleman who is in close touch with Major McKinley said that Mr. Dawes could unoubtedly have the position, if he desired it.

MICHIGANDERS VISIT CANTON.

Urge General Alger for the Position of Secretary of War. CANTON, Dec. 4 .- Major McKinley did not leave the house this morning, being engaged with his mail and in conversation with Congressman Dingley, and in greeting many callers, the majority of whom merely called on social missions. Congressman Dingley left at 2:05 o'clock for Washington. Charles G. Dawes reached here from Gleveland shortly after noon and took lunch at the McKinley home. Congressman R. W. Taylor of this district called with his friend, Mr. Laughlin. prominent pottery manufacturer of East

A large delegation of men prominent in Michigan politics arrived on a special train this afternoon. They drove direct to Major McKinley's residence, where a conference was held. A member of the party said in a many words that they were here in an enleavor to advance the charges of General Alger for the war portfolio.

Hon. Charlee H. Dadd of Portland, Ore.

state chairman of the republican state cenral committee in that city, was granted an audience during the day.
Staff and field officers of the Eighth regi-ment, Ohio National Guard, which is to esort Major McKinley to Washington, met oday and during a call at the major's home were photographed with the major in the

No Ohio Man for the Cabinet. NEW YORK, Dec. 4.-Congressman Charles S. Grosvenor of Ohio is in the city. In an interview today he said: "I do not think Mr. Hanna or any other Ohioan will be in the cabinet."

Charge of Husband Poisoning BUFFALO, N. Y., Dec. 4.-United States Commissioner Fairchild today held Mrs. Olive Sternaman for extradition. She was accused of poisoning her husband, George H. Sternanan, who was buried at Gayuga, Ont., and whose remains were afterward disinterred and subjected to examination, which showed the presence of arsente. The prisoner will be taken to Canada immediately. Mrs. Ster-naman took the decision bravely, and said that she feels certain of acquittal at the hands of a Canadian jury, w.

to Exposition Officers.

SECRETARY CURTIS STATES THE CASE

Calls for a Statement as to the Character and Standing of the Directors and Solvency of Subscribers.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4 .- (Special Tele gram.)-Congressman Mercer is in receipt today of the following letter from Acting Secretary of Treasury W. E. Curtis, bearing the gamut of various departments before reaching Mr. Mercer:

Sir: Referring to your communication of 5th Inst., you are advised that this office has received a certificate signed by Gurdo W. Wattles and John A. Wakefleid, as pres has received a certificate signed by Gurdon W. Wattles and John A. Wakefeld, as president and secretary respectively, of the Transmississippi and International Exposition association, relative to the amount of subscriptions, etc., made in aid of the exposition to be held in the city of Omaha, Neb., authorized by act of congress approved June 10, 1896. This department desires in addition thereto such evidence as would be competent under the laws of the state of Nebraska to establish the fact of the existence of such corporation, the election of its officers and directors, a statement of their names and the offices to which they were elected, etc. A certificate should be furnished by the proper officer, also, showing the amounts of subscriptions of stock in good faith, contributions, donations and appropriations from all sources and that said subscriptions of stock have been made in good faith by solvent persons and corporations to the best of the knowledge, information and belief of the official so certifying. Respectfully yours,

W. E. CURTIS, Acting Secretary,

The selection of the directory, embracing as it does names of many of the best known ana harbor a nival dry uses the second state of 10,000 tons, to cost \$505,300, and to be completed within eleven nonths.

Today's government reports announce the lefeat of Castillo's rebel force in Havana province, near Nazareno.

The province of the many be expected to the servative body. Senator W. V. Allen, who arrived today, said to The Bee correspondent that on Moniay he would introduce an impetus to the Monroe doctrine. La Lucha expresses the belief that the new president covering the amount appropriated at the last session, and would continue tacking amendment to every appropriated bill and the last session, and would continue tacking amendment to every appropriation bill the servative body. Senator W. V. Allen, who arrived today, said to The Bee correspondent that on Moniay he would introduce an amendment of the urgency deficiency bill the servative body. Senator W. V. Allen, who arrived today, said to The Bee correspondent that on Moniay he would introduce an amendment of the urgency deficiency bill the servative body. Senator W. V. Allen, who arrived today, said to The Bee correspondent that on Moniay he would introduce an amendment of the urgency deficiency bill the servative body. Senator W. V. Allen, who arrived today, said to The Bee correspondent that on Moniay he would introduce an amendment of the urgency deficiency bill the servative body. Senator W. V. Allen, who arrived today, said to The Bee correspondent that on Moniay he would introduce an amendment of the urgency deficiency bill the servative body. citizens of Omaha, gives excellent satisfac-

inclining his ear to everyone; gentle though firm, in his conduct of the nation's

r.Waire." Senator Allen, who was accompanied by his secretary. Dell Mott of Madison, when asked as to the course of the senate upon the Cuban question, thought that little would be done. "I have not, however, changed my opinion in the least from last session," he said. "I believe we should recognize the independence of Cuba. My impression is that the message of President Cleveland will not say anything as to Cuba, and I am more than ever impressed with the thought that Cleveland is holding up the subject in the interest of easiern commer cial corporations. As for an extra session do not see that the matter can be settled intil we know the complexion of the senate on March 4. Surely the necessity for an exon March 4. Surely the accessive of an ex-tra session would not be urged if the repub-licans are in relatively the same condi-tion as now. Without a clear majority in favor of tariff legislation, it seems to me

the height of folly to attempt tariff re-NO COMPACT ON M'HUGH. Senator Allen denies that he has entered into a compact with Senator Thurston on the McHugh confirmation. As to the latter, he said he had not made up his mind how to proceed; that he had received many let ters and talked to many men about the sub ject, hearing the pros and cons of confirma-tion, but that he was still in doubt as to what course to pursue, "Whatever is done," said he, "will be done for the best interests of all concerned, and I believe both senators from Nebraska will work for that end." Representative Updegraff of Iowa arrived today, W. S. Bowen of South Dakota, clerk to the senate committee on Indian affairs. ame in from the west this afternoon.

Comptroller Eckels stated today that in all probability a receiver for the First Naional bank of Sioux City would be appointed

Supervising Architect Aiken today sent out dvertisements inviting proposals for put-ing interior finish in the basement and first story of the new public building at Omaha. Bids will be opened January 5. Orville H. Martin of West Liberty, Ia., has en appointed a clerk in the railway mail service.

WHEAT TAKES A TUMBLE AT LAST.

tion at Chicago. CHICAGO, Dec. 4 .- Wheat today suffered the biggest drop that has been experienced for some time. The May option, which closed yesterday at from 83% to 84% cents, fell steadily today until it came dangerously near the 80c mark, closing at from 80% to 81 cents, a decline of almost 3 cents. Very little ex-citement accompanied the drop. Liquidation by large holders mainly caused the sag.

Will Admit the Colorado Roads. CHICAGO, Dec. 4.—Transmissouri lines erminating in Colorado have decided to come members of the new Western Traf become members of the new Western Traf-fic association. An agreement has been reached, the result of which will be the en-largement of the association to embrace all western reads between Chicago, St. Louis and Colorado common points. A committee has been appointed by the Col-orado roads of the Western Freight asso-ciation and perfect arrangements made for the admission of the Colorado lines. There is a probability that another member will be added to the board of administration so as to give the Colorado lines representa-tion.

Troubles in the Business World. aler in hardware and agricultural im piements, with branch stores in several nearby towns, filed a deed of trust today to J. C. Birkhead for the benefit of creditors. The liabilities are about \$250,000, local banks and creditors being preferred. Assets are largely in excess of liabilities.

MIDISLETOWN, Conn. Dec. 4.—Porticous & Mitchell, dry goods dealers, announced today that on March 1 the business here will be closed No cause is given. This company is a branch of a concern having stores in Norwich Conn., New York state, Michigan and Illinois.

ATLANTA, Ga., Dec. 4.—Peacock, Dunwoody & Hough, retail dry goods dealers, doing business on White Hall street, this city, made an assignment this morning to wills E. Ragan. Liabilities, \$50,000; assets \$71,000. dements, with branch stores in severa

sets \$71.000.
ELDORADO, Ark., Dec. 4.—Armstrong & Co., general merchandise, failed today. Assets and liabilities about \$60,000.

THE BEE BULLETIN.

Weather Forecast for Nebraska-Generally Pair; Cold 1. Haron von Luctzow a Forger.

American Invader Caught in Cuba. Pointer to Exposition Managers. Secretary Francis' Annual Report.

2. Minister Andrade is in Washington. South Dakota Contest Commences. Hundreds Poisoned at Milwaukee.

3. Popocrats Handling Out the Places. Iowa Traveling Men's Convention. Flood at Chippewa Falls Recedes.

4. Editorial and Comment-5. Union Depot League is Born.

Tom Sharkey Still in Red. 6. Council Bluffs Local Matters. Growth of Sabbath School Movement.

7. Commercial and Financial News. Last Week's Business Reviewed. 8. Profits in Raising Sugar Rects. 9. Organizing the Big Exposition. Lonely Death of an Old Lady.

Elliott Denies His Guilt.

Little Consolation for Contestants. 10. Bits of Feminine Gossip. 11. Extent of the Industrial Awakening.

With the Ladies of the Harem. 12, "Kindness of Goddard Goodenough."

CALL FOR A CURRENCY CONGRESS. All Cities of Over 8,000 Inhabitants

Asked to Send Delegates.

1NDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 4.—The executive committee in charge of arrangements for the currency reform convention, to be held in this city on Jenuary 12, today issued a formal call for the convention. The call recites that the convention shall be composed of representative business men, chosen from boards of trade, chamber of commerce, commercial clubs, or other similar commercial currency reform convention, to be held in nercial clubs, or other similar commercial bodies in cities of 8,000 or more inhabitants, according to the census of 1890, the basis of representation to be according to popula-tion. The convention is called, it is re-cited, for the purpose of considering and suggesting such legislation as may be deemed necessary to place the currency system of the country upon a sound and permanent basis. The call asserts that the necessity for such legislation is generally conceded by

arrived today, said to The Bee correspondent that on Moniay he would introduce as amendment of the urgency deficiency bill to covering the amount appropriated at the last session, and would continue tacking the amendment to every appropriation bill until favorable action was taken. "After the amount appropriated by the bill is secured, then it will be time enough to increase the appropriation, if such action is deemed advisable." said Senator Allen.

Twelve hours have made decided changes in the appearance of the streets and about the capital there was every indication that the commencement of another congressional session is at hand. Senator Thurston came in this afternoon from Canton, O., where he had a long and eminently satisfactory talk with Major McKinley. Regarding his probable course upon Judge McHugh's confirmation, Senator Thurston was decidedly non-committal, stating that he would talk over the situation with republican members of the senate before committing himself to any definite policy. Upon the question of an extra session, he said that he believed the policy of the republicans would be toward such a course, regarding the limits of the country in a matter of much time of the country, in a matter of much duty with duty of the business men, and says:

It is the right and duty of the business men, and the paint of the country, in a matter of much title amount appropriated at the introduce decided changes in the appropriation. If the capital there was every indication that the commencement of another congressional season is at hand. Senator Thurston was decidedly talk with Major McKinley and the conditions which domanded its enactment when introduced being vitally changed by the result of the election.

The paint of the country is the country in a matter of much title amount and duty of the business men, and duty of the business correctly in a matter of much title with a business colicitude the policy of the republican members of the existing laws on the subject of the paint experience of the substi

ment of delegates be sent to H. H. Hanna, chairman of the executive committee a WOMEN DISCUSS THEIR TROUBLES

Grievances Aired at Second Day's Ses sion of National Council. BOSTON, Dec. 4 .- At the second day's sossion of the national convention of women there was a large attendance. The reports made were of a most entertaining nature and the greetings from the several councils were encouraging and enthusiastic. For the Indianapolis council Mrs. Elizabeth Vinter Price reported, directing attention to the fact that this council has petitioned the Indiana legislature to pass an act requiring that a woman be placed on all boards of government institutions in which both

men and women are confined. Mrs. Mary Bull of Quincy, Ill., reported that the work of the Quincy council had been divided into four distinct department-philanthropic, literary, social reform and educational-and the work of each was out

Mrs. Augusta L. M. Hunt of Portland, Me detailed the work done in that city an-referred to several matters in which it i noped to enlist the attention of the legisla Chief among these is the suggesti that after a will has been probated it may be examined by any one upon the pay-ment of a small fee, newspapers being prohibited from publishing any item will excepting such as refer to public be

idence council. The first work done by th council was the formation of organ charity in the city of Providence. The through the legislature, the council eeded in raising the age limit of chillabor from 19 to 12 years, and in the appoint ment of both men and women as factory in spectors.

A greeting from Miss Mary Desha of the committee on "Equal pay for equal work was then read. In this Miss Desha states that work for this cause was delayed pending the passage of the "married woman" perty rights bill" by congress Mrs. Helen Campbell of Detroit, for th ommittee on domestic science, followed after whom Mrs. Kate Brownlee Sherwood reported upon the subject of patriotic in

Helen M. Gardner of Boston read a paper on divorce reform, which excited much comment among those present. Miss Agnes Hitt, president of the National Woman's Relief corps, spoke on the work of that organization, and Mrs. Annie White Johnson read a paper upon dress reform.

NO EVIDENCE AGAINST BEEF TRUST Chicago Grand Juror Tries to Start

an Investigation, but Fails.

CHICAGO, Dec. 4 .- Richard J. Collins, on of the members of the present federal grand jury, has been making efforts to bring abou an investigation of the alleged beef trust, but has failed. He called upon the district attorney to present evidence to the jury, but that official said he had none to present. Mr Collins, who is in the meat business, and has given evidence on a former occasion against the sileged beef combine, said he knew the evidence could be secured and asked what had become of his testimony given before a former jury. He was told it was available, but that it was of too vague a nature to warrant an indictment and even if indictments were found, no con viction could be had under the evidence give by Collins. Two witnesses had been sum moned by Collins, one of whom said he knew nothing about anw trust, and the other said he had heard of such a thing, but it was not interfering with him or with anybody che, as far as he knew. The witnesse were allowed to go after they had declared themselves, and gave no sworn evidence It is likely that a further effort will be madto secure the indictment of Armour Swift Morris, and others who are alleged to forn the combine, but the district attorney's officpays that without additional evidence there is no chance of an indictment.

Iwo Kensas Roads Paid a Dividend. TOPEKA, Kan., Dec. 4.—The blennial report of the State Board of Railroad con missioners shows that only two of the rail-roads operating in Kansas paid a dividend during the year ending June last. These two were the Rock Island and the Burling-ton roads. The Burlington has only 129 relies of track in the state.

ECRETARY FRANCIS' REPORT

Pension Administration and Indian Problems Dealt With.

PROPOSES A PACIFIC ROADS COMPROMISE

Suggests that the Government WILL Gain by Accepting a Lump Sum Now in Full Settlement in Order to Avoid Delay.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4 .- The annual re-

port of Secretary of the Interior Francis was made public today. It deals with all the affairs of the various branches of the Interior department during the past year and makes a number of important recommendations. It proposes a solution of the vexed problem of the bond-aided roads, deals exhaustively with the pension administration, reviews the progress of the Dawes commission, and touches upon various other matters of especial significance in the west. The report opens with a discussion of the ublic domain. It shows that the total number of acres disposed of up to June 30 last was 946,000,000, leaving public domain still vacant estimated at over 600,000,000, not including the Alaska area of over 369,000,000 acres. Since the homestead act was passed, on May 20, 1862, there have been 162,891,132 to railways and wagon roads since the first grant was made reach 85,729,751 acres. There also have been 339,659,752 acres disposed of by pre-emption cash sales, scrip, locations, military bounty land, warrants, townsites, desert land, timber culture, timber and stone entries, Indian allotments and dona-tions to settlers. There are yet due to railroads and wagon roads under their grants 114,736,639 acres, of which not more than 60 per cent is available for patenting under 60 per cent is available for patenting under the conditions of the grants. The total grants of lands to the various states and territories up to March 12 last aggregated 181.858,630 acres, in addition to agricultural college scrip for 7.830,000 acres. The total of all lands segregated from the public do-main aggregates 946,219,160 acres. The re-port says: port says:

COUNTRY RAPIDLY SETTLED. "These figures demonstrate that the country is being settled with rapidity, and that the public domain is being diminished by great strides. If the rate of disposition of the last thirteen years, which is 25,000,000 acres, is continued for thirteen years to come, there will be little of the public domain outside of Alaska in possession of the government at the expiration of that time. Of the 114,000 acres granted to railroads but not patented there can be no objection to but not patented there can be no objection to but not patented there can be no objection to transferring possession and control of what-ever portion has been earned by complying with the grants and that may be available thereunder (estimated at 70,000,000 acres), thereunder (estimated at 70,000,000 acres), with as much promptness as pessible, but until these grants are adjusted no additional ones should be made. During the year 15,357,844 acres were patented to railroads under congressional grant."

Discussing forest reservations, the report says no permits to cut timber on public lands should be granted for any purpose other than to supply the needs of actual settlers in the neighborhood of the forests where timber is to be cut, and should be accompanied by impassible safeguards.

of the Des Moines river land claims over 117,632 have been paid, and the remainder vill be paid by the end of this calendar

Secretary Francis urges upon congress the necessity for legislation for the reclamation and disposal of lands within the arid regions. Unless the Carey act could be amended so as to give the state power to pledge lands for their reclamation he says it would be better to place the lands under the direction of the states only so far as may be necessary of the states only so far as may be necessary to secure their reclamation for the benefit of actual settlers. All applications made by persons who had paid the double minimum price for lands lying east of Duluth, along the Northern Pacific railroad grant to have the execus of \$1.25 per acre refunded have been suspended to swait the final location of the eastern terminus of the Northern Pacific by a count of computert jurisdiction. The by a court of competent jurisdiction. The department has been unofficially informed

that a suit will shortly be brought for that

UNCLE SAM'S PENSION BILL The total amount paid by the government n pensions, and the cost of disbursing the ame for the last thirty-one years, is \$2,304,-17,769. This lacks only a little over \$346,-12,500 of being equal to the high water mark of the interest-bearing public debt. The present number of pensioners, which is 970,678, is greater by 4,666 than in 1893. when the maximum annual cost was reached, and is greater than ever before. This is due to the death of old soldiers, and the ontinued payment of allowances to their leirs, while the amount paid is decreased through the death of invalid pensioners leav-ing no dependents. The pension policy for the government has been to make the pension list a roll of honor, rather than to save money to the government; the effort has been to defeat the designs of impostors, while ecognizing the claims of the needy and de-erving. General public sentiment, howserving. General public sentiment, overn-ever, is that the obligation of the govern-ment is confined to those who fought for its and those dependent upon naintenance, and those dependent upon them. The total number of our pensioners n foreign countries was 3.781, who were paid \$582,735. The commissioner of pensions has been directed to accept from pensioners re-siding in Germany only such declaration and other papers of claimants as may be made before a United States minister or consul or

ther consular officer of the United States

The State department has been requested to instruct our rpresentatives abroad to make the natarial fee 25 cents, the compensation in vogue here. Increase of from \$8 to \$12 per month is recommended for all wholly

lisabled and destitute Mexican war sur-Under the head of Indian affairs the secretary repeats the recommendation of his predecessor for a commission of three, one of whom shall be an army officer, to take the place of the commissioner and assistant commissioner of Indian affairs. With regard to the dispute over the Uncompangre Indian reservation in Utah, in which val-uable deposits of asphaltum have been disovered Secretary Francis expresses the opinion that the commission which treated with the Indians for the allotment of their lands totally misunderstood the agreement of 1880 by which the Uncompangres were removed from Colorado. The Indians declined to pay \$1.25 an acre for the lands alloted to them, because they were led to selieve the purchase money would come out urnishes them \$50,000 per annum. s not the case. The purchase money This The purchase money would not disturb the trust fund, but would event-The commission as dissolved last February.

VALUABLE INDIAN LANDS. "It is my judgment," said the secretary, "that some legislation should be enacted whereby the people of the United States can at an early date have the benefit of these valuable and useful deposits. If the lands containing them were owned by an individual or a corporation, instead of the government, business methods would be pursued in disposing of them; they would he sold to the highest bidder at public auc-tion, or by scaled bids, or would be leased. or the right to work the deposits would be granted for a consideration in the shape of a royalty or otherwise. Such lands are different from agricultural, timber or coal nds. It is claimed a considerable portion the Uncompanire and Unitah reservalons, known as the lava beds, contain a ubstance called 'claterite,' which with a ciution recently discovered, makes a val-