ALL READY FOR THE FEAST

Turkey and Plum Pudding Will Be Made to Suffer Today.

SCHOOL CHILDREN REMEMBER THE POOR

Those of a Religious Turn of Mind Will Worship in the Churches, While the Worldly Will Seek Other Attractions.

The stacks of turkeys, geese and game that litter the commission houses and markets, the unusual throng of buyers in the big stores and the hundreds of delivery wagons that hurry through the streets indicate that today Omaha people expect to enjoy, as usual, the big dinner that has become the typical feature of Thanksgiving day. If the dinner has come to dominate the day to the exclusion of the pious sentiments which it is presumed to celebrate it would seem as though the Almighty were disposed to frown on the wayward mortal spirit. For the weather that usters in this Thanksgiving is most effectively adapted to interfere with the culinary preparations for the occasion. Nothing creates more stagnation in the poultry and game markets than a flush of warm weather at this season. It dampens the hopes of shippers and the spirits of the middlemen. The retailer is compelled to buy with the greatest caution, for every fowl that is left on his hands is a dead loss. Then, too, the poultry and game cannot be kept in the same attractive condition that they might retain if there was a tinge of frost in the atmosphere. And, altogether, the weather of Tuesday and yesterday is the very worst that the dealers could have encountered. But, with the exception of chickens and rabbits, the market has held its own remarkably well. For one thing, the receipts have been lighter than has been the case for many years past. The shippers are disposed to go slow when the thermometer is ranging way above the freezing point and as a result the demand has fully kept pace with the supply.

PREPARING FOR THE FEAST.

The big stores and markets that do the bulk of the retail Thanksgiving business agree that the trade is about equal to that of last year. The demand for turkeys is about the same, while ducks and geese are in fair demand. The game market is strong, and the sale of venison and quail has been rather heavier than usual. Oysters are slow, the warm weather operating to weaken the demand.

It is in the large markets and department stores that the impetus of the extra trade is most perceptible. These have had all the business they could attend to for the past two days, and most of them are finding no small difficulty in delivering their orders. Extra delivery wagons have been put on and kept going early and late, but there are still many people who gave their orders Monday and Tuesday morning who have not received the goods.

Aside from the epicurean features of the day there will be the usual celebrations of religion and benevolence. Special services are scheduled in most of the churches, and the various benevolent institutions will make the usual effort to provide good cheer for those who are unable to procure it themselves. At 6 o'clock this evening the Young Men's Christian association will give a big dinner to its members and friends, and the hotels have especially elaborate menus in course of preparation.

The rain is an omen of disaster to those whose interest is bound up in the athletic controversy that is to be fought out on the foot ball field today. Fondly cherished anticipations that this would be the best and most exciting game ever contested in Omaha are staggered by the wet, murky atmosphere and the sloppy, miry field. But with a twist of the wind to the north and a touch of the frosty air that gives inspiration to the foot ball player these expectations may yet be realized.

The theaters have attractions on the boards for both this afternoon and evening, and the indications are that the houses will be crowded.

The public school children, as usual, remembered the poor. In all of the schools of the city the little folks were requested to bring provisions, clothing or anything which could be used to advantage in relieving want and suffering. They responded liberally, and though the contribution of each one was comparatively small, in the aggregate it amounted to many wagon loads and will serve to bring a ray of Thanksgiving sunshine to many a home that would otherwise be desolate. The provisions and clothing collected were turned over to the Associated Charities to be distributed.

AT THE CHURCHES.

Most of the churches of the city will observe Thanksgiving day. Union services will be held in some of the churches, and in all instances the exercises promise to be of unusual interest.

A Thanksgiving day special service, with a sermon by the rector and fine music by the choir, will be held in All Saints' church at 10:30 a. m. Contributions and thank offerings of all kinds, canned goods, groceries, etc., have been asked for and will be used in the decoration of the church. These will be divided between the Old Ladies' home and the Clarkson hospital.

Grant Street Christian—Sermon by the pastor, Charles E. Taylor, at 10:30 a. m.

The Christian Endeavor societies of the city will hold an early Thanksgiving service in the First Presbyterian church Thursday morning at 7 o'clock.

Castellar Street Presbyterian—Rev. S. B. McCormick will preach the Thanksgiving sermon Thanksgiving day at 11 o'clock, and a free stereopticon entertainment will be given in the evening.

The United Presbyterian congregations of the city will hold union Thanksgiving services in the First United Presbyterian church Thursday at 10:30 a. m. Rev. Alexander Gilchrist will preach.

There will be union Thanksgiving services in the First Congregational church at Nineteenth and Davenport, on Thursday at 10:30 a. m. Rev. Mr. Vawter of the First Christian church will preach. Kountze Memorial, First Congregational, First Presbyterian and First Christian will unite in holding the services.

Union Thanksgiving services will be held at the First Methodist church in this city, to which all are invited. The sermon will be delivered by Rev. J. W. Robinson, D. D., pastor of Seward Street church.

The Union Thanksgiving services of the churches in the southwestern part of the city will be held Thursday at 10:30 a. m. in the Westminster Presbyterian church, Twenty-ninth and Mason streets. Rev. W. W. Everts, pastor of Beth Eden Baptist church, will deliver the sermon.

Knox Presbyterian church will observe Thanksgiving. There will be the usual elaborate Thanksgiving decorations, together with donations for the poor. Also a Thanksgiving poem, prepared for this occasion by James A. Stokes, will be read. The sermon will be delivered by the pastor, Rev. A. Leard. Music by the chorus choir.

Saratoga Congregational church, corner Ames avenue and North Twenty-fifth street—The pastor, Rev. LaRoy S. Hand, will speak at 10:30 a. m., drawing some illustrations from history.

Trinity Cathedral—Holy communion at 8 a. m.; morning service at 11 a. m., with sermon by the bishop.

The arrangement of Thanksgiving services at St. John's Episcopal church is as follows: 7 a. m., low celebration; 9:30 a. m., matins and litany; 10 a. m., high celebration, Rev. C. H. Young, celebrant, Father Wattson, preacher; 5 p. m., evensong.

Thanksgiving eve service in Trinity Methodist Episcopal church, corner Twenty-first and Binney, this evening at 7:30; special music is promised, as well as a spicy and up-to-date address by Dr. Sanderson, the pastor.

The Union Thanksgiving services of the churches in the southwest part of the city will be held in the Westminster Presbyterian church at 10:30 a. m. Rev M. Everts, pastor of Beth-Eden church, will deliver the sermon.

The congregations of the First Unitarian church, the First Universalist and Temple Israel will unite in a Thanksgiving service which will be held at Temple Israel at 10:30 tomorrow forenoon. The discourse will be delivered by Rev. Mary G. Andrews of the First Unitarian church, and the offerings will be donated to the Associated Charities.

There will be union Thanksgiving services of the Baptist churches of the city at the Calvary Baptist church, corner of Twenty-sixth and Seward streets at 11 o'clock a. m. Rev. T. L. Ketman, pastor of the First church, will preach the sermon.

Hemorrhages of the Lungs.

DE BOLT, Neb., Nov. 3, 1896.—My mother has been troubled for four years with hemorrhages of the lungs. Last winter she began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and the past summer she was free from this terrible trouble, which had afflicted her so long. She has not been so well for years as she has been since taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.—Miss Sena Young.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills.

GO SOUTH

Via the Wabash Railroad.

WINTER TOURIST tickets now on sale.
HOMESEEKER'S TICKETS on sale November 17, December 1, and 15.
THE WABASH is the short line and quickest route to St. Louis and points south. For tickets or further information call at Wabash office, 1415 Farnam street, (Paxton Hotel block) or write.

G. N. CLAYTON, Agent.

Burlington Route—California Excursions.

Leave Omaha via the Burlington Route—any Thursday afternoon at 4:35—in a comfortable tourist sleeper—and you reach San Francisco following Sunday evening. Los Angeles Monday noon. No transfers—car goes right through. Uniformed Pullman porter and experienced excursion conductor relieve you of all bother. EVERYTHING provided. Tickets, $40. Berths (big enough for two) $5.

Call at ticket office, 1502 Farnam st., and get full information. Or write to J. Francis, Gen'l Passenger Agent, Omaha, Neb.

LIBEL SUIT IS NEARING AN END.

Testimony Concluded at the Adjournment of Court Yesterday.

All the evidence in the suit of the World-Herald against The Bee has been introduced and all that now remains is to argue the case and submit it to the jury for a verdict. This will be done Friday, there being no session of the court today.

The greater part of the time in the forenoon was taken up in arguments by counsel on the admissibility of evidence showing the prevalence on the streets of rumors to the effect that the World-Herald was in bad shape financially and was on its last legs and about to consolidate with the Council Bluffs Nonpareil.

W. D. Percival, city editor of The Bee, was on the stand nearly the entire morning. He testified that he was city editor of The Bee at the time the alleged libelous article appeared and also testified that he had written it. He said the article passed through the hands of no one but himself, not being submitted to the inspection of the editor-in-chief or any one else. The witness named a number of persons who had told him the World-Herald was in financial straits. He also named former employes of the World-Herald who had left the employ of that concern with amounts running as high as $140 due them for salaries. The witness was allowed to testify, after a protracted argument by counsel for both sides, to the fact that there were general rumors on the streets previous to the publication of the article to the effect that the World-Herald was about to fail and could not last long; also to the effect that the paper was to be absorbed by the Nonpareil. He denied that there was any malice in the writing or publishing of the article, but asserted that it was based on a belief in the truthfulness of the reports which were in general circulation.

Yesterday afternoon the deposition of W. M. Wilson, a former advertising solicitor for the World-Herald, was read. He testified that he had been in the employ of the World-Herald in 1894 and 1895 and had been paid mostly in orders on merchants and other advertisers in the paper. He said that he became dissatisfied with this method of payment and left the employ of the paper. At the time he left he said he was paid in full.

Edward Rosewater was called to the witness stand and testified that the city editor had general charge of the department of the paper in which is printed all news of a local nature. The witness said he first saw the article in controversy in the morning paper following the day of its first publication. He said he did not see the article in manuscript or in any other form before it appeared in the paper. Mr. Rosewater was also questioned regarding the business conditions in this vicinity in 1896 as compared with 1895 and testified that there had been a gradual decline in the volume of business. He also testified that the advertising business was seriously affected by a decline in the volume of general business. Mr. Rosewater was questioned as to the effect of good or bad crops on general business and as to the effect of a presidential campaign. He said crops had only a remote influence on general retail business; he also stated that a presidential campaign, especially such a one as the last, had a serious effect on business and caused a general contraction.

This concluded the testimony on the part of the defense and the plaintiff called three witnesses to rebut certain minor points brought out in the testimony for the defendant, after which the evidence was closed.

The king of pills is Beecham's—Beecham's

The Overland Limited.

Via UNION PACIFIC.
Runs every day in the week.
Fastest train in the west.
Buffet smoking and library cars.
City ticket office,
1302 Farnam.

A Perplexing Problem.

Whether to take "Northwestern Line" No. 2 at 4:45 p. m. or No. 6 at 6:30 p. m., Chicagoward. "No. 2" arrives at Chicago 7:45 a. m. and "No. 6" at 9:30 a. m. Both trains are models of modern art, skill and luxury. NO EXTRA CHARGE ON EITHER ONE. Call at the City Office, 1401 Farnam street, and talk it over.

J. A. KUHN, General Agent.
G. F. WEST, C. P. T. A.

Six-Thirty P. M. Train.

of the
CHICAGO,
MILWAUKEE
& ST. PAUL RY.
Best service.
ELECTRIC LIGHTS,
Dining car.
City office: 1504 Farnam.

Holiday at Government Building.

The offices in the federal building with the exception of the postoffice will be closed today and this will be run on a regular holiday schedule. The carriers will make only one delivery and collection, the regular early morning round. The general delivery, stamp and registry departments will be open until 10:30, but the money order department will be closed all day.

Hunting His Lost Uncle.

Louis E. George of 527 Commercial street, San Francisco, writes to Postmaster Martin for information concerning the whereabouts of Frank George, an uncle, who resided in Omaha between 1867 and 1874. He hoped through his uncle to locate his father.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant
40 Years the Standard.

PEYTONS UP FOR A HEARING

Kennedy Identifies Them as the Men Who Robbed Him.

RECOGNIZED THEM BY THEIR FORMS

Mrs. Bayless Did Not Get a Good Look at the Robbers—Kennedy Objects to Telling the Nature of His Business.

The preliminary hearing of the Peyton boys, Frank and Emmett, who are charged with holding up and shooting Hiram B. Kennedy, better known as "Blanche" Kennedy, in South Omaha on the morning of November 13, was begun yesterday afternoon in Justice of the Peace Cockrell's court. The two men are charged with shooting with intent to do great bodily harm.

The hearing was somewhat delayed because of the failure of the sheriff to get the prisoners on hand at the time for which it was set—2 o'clock. In the interval the stuffy little court room was filled with all kinds and manners of "tinhorns," both of this city and South Omaha, who were interested in the case on account of the prominence of the principal in gambling circles.

The first witness called by the state was John McDonald, an architect, who was used simply as a means of introducing a plan of the flat at 407 North Twenty-fourth street, South Omaha, where the alleged assault and robbery occurred. When he was through Mrs. Emma A. Bayless, the landlady of the flat in which Kennedy had a room, was called. She was an exceptionally bright witness.

She testified that Kennedy had rented a so-called "back parlor" about two weeks before the affray happened. Upon the night in question, about 12:30 o'clock, she had prepared the room for its occupant, among other things leaving a lamp burning to its full capacity in the room so that its glare would fall into the hall through the door, which was left about one-third open. She then retired to an adjoining room.

HEARD A REVOLVER CLICK.

About 1 o'clock, and some three minutes before Kennedy came in, she heard the "burglars," as she called them, come in. They seemed to go first to Kennedy's room, where she heard the click of a revolver, judging from which she thought they were examining their weapons. In a few minutes the men came along the hall, and one of them stopped before an open door leading into the room which she occupied. He lighted a match and seemed to be examining the floor, but as he was in a stooping position she said she could not identify him. She said he was a small man.

A few minutes after she heard Kennedy coming up the stairs. When he arrived at the top she heard him say something, but she did not know what. Then a shot from a pistol was fired. She rushed out into the hall screaming and saw a couple of men scuffling, one of them presumably being Kennedy. The other man stood in a doorway and ordered her to "shut her mouth or she would be shot." Her son led her away and she saw nothing more. She testified that the "burglars" had gone out of a kitchen window, because she had found that open afterward, although she had closed it when she went to bed.

"Blanche" Kennedy was called next. He talked readily enough except when the question of his business was raised. He told the story of the row substantially as it has already been published. He was not willing to admit that he was a gambler or was running a gambling establishment at 2411 N street, South Omaha, although he admitted as much in his cross-examination.

"What do you do?" was asked.

"I am running a club room for another party," was the response.

"What is your business?" was the next question.

"Is that right?" demanded Kennedy of County Attorney Baldrige, who was conducting the examination.

DECLINES TO ANSWER.

"I won't advise you. You can answer as you please," answered the county attorney.

"Well, I refuse to answer," was the final response of Kennedy.

"For fear of incriminating yourself?" was demanded.

"Yes."

Kennedy said that he was in the gambling rooms when the Peyton boys entered at about 12:30 o'clock.

"What were they doing?" asked the defense.

"Trying to get action on a little money."

"What do you mean by that?"

"Playing."

"Playing what?"

"Faro bank."

Kennedy testified that he left the room in the neighborhood of 1 o'clock, the Peytons going a short time before. He was accompanied to his lodging place by one of his employes named Stevens. Stevens left him at the foot of the stairs and he went upstairs. As he pushed open the door of the hallway on the second floor, two men appeared before him, both armed with revolvers, which were shoved in his face. He pushed one aside and then the other was discharged. The bullet hit him in the fleshy part of the neck. He thought the larger man, or Frank Peyton, fired it. Then he cried out: "Don't shoot any more. Take what you want."

Kennedy said that by this time he had been pushed out on the landing. The man whom he identified as Frank Peyton took his stud and a roll of bills, $552 in all, which he had in his inside vest pocket. He said that Frank then said, "Take his revolver," which Emmett did, shooting him in the scalp at that moment. By this time a crowd had congregated and the men fled through the hall and Kennedy fled just as fast down the stairs.

IDENTIFIES THE PEYTONS.

Kennedy identified the Peytons almost positively as his assailants. He said that they had handkerchiefs over the lower part of their faces concealing their moustaches, but a light from the third floor gave him a partial view of their features, as they fought on the stair landing. He identified them especially by their forms. He denied that he had told Chief of Police Brennan of South Omaha or anybody else that they were not the men, but he did state that he never intended to tell the chief of his suspicions, as he proposed to work up the case himself. He swore that he told Stevens and several other of his friends on the night of the affair that the Peytons were his assailants.

Kennedy was questioned on the point of how the Peytons knew that he had any money on his person on the night he was robbed. He said that just before he left he changed a $50 bill and flashed a roll then. The two accused Peytons were not in the room at the time, but another brother was.

Adjournment was taken until Friday at 9:30 o'clock. Kennedy will in all probability be called to the stand again as County Attorney Baldrige announced his intention of further questioning him.

HIS OPINION OF THE TWO MEN.

Burch Writes Concerning Elliott and Hutsonpiller.

A little light has been thrown upon the characters of Murderer Charles H. Elliott and his victim, Gay Hutsonpiller, by a letter which was received yesterday morning by Chief of Police Sigwart from George Burch, who had both under his direction while they were connected with Buffalo Bill's Wild West show. Burch writes from Coatsville, Pa. Regarding Hutsonpiller, Burch speaks highly. He says that he knew him several years and that he always bore an excellent character and reputation. He writes as follows: "He was an honorable and honest young man, and was respected by all the men who knew him."

Burch's opinion of Elliott was of an opposite character. Regarding him he says: "After acquaintance with Elliott, I stamped him as a low character. If it is true that he murdered Hutsonpiller, the worst punishment that your law may give this murderer will serve him right."

Throat Diseases commence with a Cough. Cold or Sore Throat. "Brown's Bronchial Troches" give immediate relife. Sold only in boxes. Price 25 cents.

TOUR OF THE RAILROAD AGENTS.

Inspecting the Lines of the Burlington Road.

The Burlington is at present engaged in giving a course of practical instruction on its various lines west of the Missouri river and their advantages to the representatives of its passenger department who seek for business in other parts of the country and seldom have an opportunity to inspect the road they represent. The party was made up in this city Tuesday afternoon, when traveling passenger agents, general agents and assistant passenger agents from the east and the south met here. They left on the Denver Limited train at 4:35 o'clock in the afternoon, occupying two special Pullman cars. The party is under the care of General Passenger Agents Eustis, Francis and Wakeley, and will spend the next two weeks in going over the western branches of the Burlington system.

Among those in the party are: J. N. Merrill and A. E. Martin, Atlanta; L. J. Bricker, Kansas City; D. K. Torrey and H. H. Dalton, St. Joseph; F. M. Rugg, St. Louis; H. E. Heller, Allentown, Pa.; W. J. O'Meara, Boston; J. M. Bechtel, Burlington; W. M. Shaw, Cincinnati; G. W. Vallery, Denver; H. F. Ruger, Helena, Mont.; E. J. Swords, New York City; Sidney Coolidge, Chicago; A. S. Crawford, Galesburg; F. P. Wyne, Chicago; A. J. Spur, Cleveland; E. L. Wright, Peoria; William Laugherty, New York; H. L. Harmon, Kansas City; C. W. Alexander, Kansas City; H. S. Jones, Omaha; W. H. Lyman, St. Paul, in addition to General Passenger Agents Eustis, Francis and Wakeley. The party was in Denver yesterday and from there goes to Salt Lake City.

NEW FORM OF MILEAGE ADOPTED.

Different from Anything Heretofore in Use.

The Elkhorn has just adopted a new form of mileage book for the use of advertising men after January 1, 1897. The feature that distinguishes it from the mileage books now in use is the enclosure of all written and printed matter within the book. The book has three covers made of durable linen cloth, and the contract with the holder of the book, his signature and the stamp of the agent, are enclosed between these covers. The object is to preserve the written and and printed matter from being entirely obliterated.

It is a fact that advertising men carry mileage books for a longer time than do commercial travelers, and with the use of the present form of mileage book the matter that should always be legible is frequently obscure while the book is still in use. The new books will be for advertising men alone, the commercial travelers continuing to use the books bound in cardboard. There will be two different forms of books. The 500-mile book will be of one color, and that good for 1,000 miles of another color.

REFUSES TO GRANT OMAHA A RATE.

Freight Committee at St. Louis Takes Action.

J. O. Phillippi, assistant general freight agent of the Missouri Pacific yesterday morning received a dispatch from St. Louis to the effect that the freight rate committee of western roads, now in session there, had disagreed over the proposition to give better rates on packing house products from Omaha to Texas common points.

The matter will now go before the Board of Administration for consideration, the arguments for the change in rates being made again before that body. It was necessary that the matter should have received the unanimous approval of the rate committee in order to obviate the necessity of another hearing before the Board of Administration.

At present Kansas City enjoys a rate on packing house products to Texas common points 7 cents less per 100 pounds than the Omaha rate. The proposition under consideration, and which has just failed to secure the unanimous approval of the rate committee, provides for cutting this difference of 7 cents in half, equalizing the rates from Kansas City and Omaha.

EXTENSION IS NOT CONTEMPLATED.

Elkhorn Will Not Build West from Casper.

General Manager Bidwell of the Elkhorn was yesterday afternoon shown the dispatches from Casper, Wyo., and the quotations from Casper papers to the effect that the Elkhorn was about to build an extension westward from that point. The new town of Wolton was said to be the terminus desired, necessitating the construction of sixty miles of railroad. The whole story originated from a recent visit of the Elkhorn's right-of-way agent to Casper.

General Manager Bidwell emphatically denied that there was any intention of building. He said the reports were absolutely without foundation. "It is true," he added, "that our right-of-way man was in Casper a few days ago. He was there to see about the building of some sheep pens. There is nothing in the story at all. The Elkhorn is not contemplating any extensions whatever."

Conductor Holds His Job.

The Illinois Central has just reinstated a passenger conductor who was dismissed a short time since on the complaint of Governor Bradley of Kentucky.

Governor Bradley put his feet on a seat in a coach in which he was traveling from Louisville to Central City. This is contrary to the road rules and the conductor told the governor to remove his feet. The governor disregarded the order and Conductor Dugan, catching hold of the gubernatorial trousers, pulled the feet from their elevation. His discharge followed.

Railway Notes and Personals.

W. W. Root, traveling freight agent of the Big Four, is in town.

P. Whitney, townsite agent of the Elkhorn, went east last night.

F. E. Browne, representing the Hoosac Tunnel freight line, is in the city.

General Passenger Agent Lomax of the Union Pacific came in from Chicago yesterday morning.

D. O. Ives, general freight agent of the Burlington's lines in Missouri, returned to St. Louis yesterday morning.

Paymaster Beans of the B. & M. will spend his Thanksgiving day with his mother in Minooka, Ill., for the first time in nine years.

The railroad weather reports yesterday morning showed that it was misty and cloudy all over the state. Where rain was reported it was very light.

B. H. Bennett, traveling passenger agent of the Northwestern, returned yesterday morning from a trip through the east, Montreal being the most eastern point visited. He says travel is rapidly improving. He reports a good outlook for California travel during the next six weeks.

The little boom to the Union Pacific on account of the washouts the Great Northern and the Northern Pacific recently sustained in the northwest has come to an end. Both of the roads report that their damaged tracks are in good condition again, and train service is no longer interrupted.

J. B. Frawley, general agent of the Union Pacific's passenger department in Kansas City, was at headquarters yesterday morning. He says that the joint office of the Union Pacific and the Alton roads in Kansas City has proved to be a great success. The new office is doing a good business, and the consolidation is saving money to both roads.

October and November reports of the Oregon Short Line will make glad the hearts of the reorganization committee and stockholders. The volume of business was greater in October, and is still as good, than for many previous months. One day last week the Short Line received orders for 183 box cars. Live stock is moving at a lively pace, and other goods are moving both ways.

Cradle and the Grave.

The following births and deaths were reported at the health office during the twenty-four hours ending at noon yesterday:

Births—John Minkler, Third and Pacific, girl; L. D. Ludlan, 2202 Clark, girl; Max Fogel, 710 North Twentieth, girl; Albert Johnson, 1810 North Seventeenth, boy; D. V. Fisher, 3419 Ohio, boy.

Deaths—Bettie Bates, 40, Twelfth and Dorcas, dropsy of heart, Holy Sepulcher; Frank McConville, 30, 318 Poppleton avenue consumption, Laurel Hill; Mort Remington, 84, 623 South Nineteenth, old age, Blair, Neb.; Matilda Hanson, 2, 1402 South Fourteenth, Forest Lawn; Eliza Robbins, 75, 1013 South Twenty-third, enlargement of liver, Prospect Hill.

PICNIC FOR THE BURGLARS

Continue Their Raids on Stores in the Heart of the City.

TWO PLACES ENTERED WEDNESDAY NIGHT

Evidently Take Their Time to Look Around for Valuables—Police Refuse to Give Out the Reports.

The city is still being torn wide open by burglars and crooks.

This is a positive condition at the present time, despite the daily assertions of the authorities to the effect that no burglaries are being reported at headquarters.

"Were any burglaries reported today?" was asked of Captain King of the police, who is in charge of the day force, yesterday morning.

"None," he answered.

Last night the crooks made a good haul in Gillan & O'Brien's saloon at Fifteenth and Harney streets. They entered by way of the side door. After tearing off the outer door they opened another door by drawing an inside bolt with a pair of nippers. After they got in they seemed to have all kinds of time on their hands to do whatever they pleased.

They first searched the cash register and found a key which unlocked the vault door. The proprietors themselves never knew that this key would open the safe. With this key the burglars opened the vault and searched it thoroughly, and in different places found $52, the sum total of money that was there. They then selected some of the finest liquors and cigars in the establishment and carried them off.

The store of Barkalow Bros., almost across the street, at 407 South Fifteenth street, was entered through a back window. Cigars, and whatever other property suited the burglars, was taken. No money was stolen because none was left in the store. The same place was visited in a similar manner some time ago, when about $300 worth of property was stolen.

Both of these cases were reported to the police, but the latter have decided that it is inexpedient to give such cases publicity. Therefore reporters are daily informed that no burglaries have been committed during the previous night. Even patrolmen are no longer taken into confidence, except those upon whose beats the robberies occur. The detectives alone are given the full lists of the jobs done.

The detective force has been inadequate to the demand upon it. It has been of late assisted by a special squad of patrolmen dressed in citizens' clothes, but this combined force has been unable to cope with the crooks. Jobs are committed in the heart of the city. No one is arrested, even on suspicion. A few days ago a half-dozen suspicious characters were captured and a couple of these were sent to the county jail, but the work goes on.

James W. Carter, a negro who is suspected of committing some of the jobs that were done in Council Bluffs a few days ago, and was arrested in this city Tuesday night, was taken across the river yesterday afternoon. He agreed to go without requisition papers. It is believed that he has had a hand in some of the work done in this city.

The police are finding consolation in the fact that but little money is being stolen. As a matter of fact, this is due almost entirely to the foresight of the merchants of the city. They have become frightened at the work of the crooks and will leave little or no money in their places over night. It is no fault of the burglars that money is not taken, because in almost every case there is evidence that they have examined every drawer in the establishment in their search for coin.

HE KICKED IN THE LOCKED DOOR.

Roth Must Answer in the District Court.

Alexander Roth was yesterday morning bound over to the district court by Police Judge Gordon to answer to the charge of malicious destruction of property. The man was arrested and prosecuted at the instance of his stepmother, Mrs. Sarah Roth.

It appeared in the evidence at the preliminary hearing that Roth had had trouble with his parents. Last Monday they refused him admittance to the store, 720 North Sixteenth street, but, nevertheless, he persisted in his endeavor to get in. Finally Mrs. Roth locked the door, and, as young Roth himself testified, in his anger he kicked in the door.

ON ACCOUNT OF MAN IN THE CASE.

Two Women Engage in a Spirited Fight.

Minnie Green and Anna Lee, two colored women employed in a disorderly house in the burnt district, Tuesday night quarreled over a colored lover, John Williams. During the affray the Green woman broke the other's arm. The former lives at Twelfth and Chicago streets and the other resides in the house in which she is employed.

Anna Lee is unwilling to prosecute her opponent, but the police have decided to take a hand in the case. During the day warrants were issued for both on the charge of disturbing the peace by fighting.

Wants the Dog Killed.

A vicious dog, the property of James C. Orton, 2429 Hamilton street, was yesterday morning ordered by Police Judge Gordon to be killed. The complainant in the case was George J. Fox, living at 1214 Harney street, who alleged that he visited Orton's house on business a few days ago while the family was away and ran against the dog. He swore that the animal bit his leg so badly that he was compelled to secure medical treatment.

It is not alone in fairy stories that beautiful maidens emerge from the slimy scales of serpents and dragons. In the fairy stories, the beautiful maiden is condemned to the life of a reptile because of some carelessness, or the vindictiveness of the fairy. In real life, disease condemns women to loathsomeness because they have been careless or unfortunate, and because they do not take the proper steps to free themselves. Impure blood and sluggish circulation is the cause of the most distressing skin diseases, eczema, pimples, blotches, watery and mucous eruptions. If the blood is purified and enriched, the "skin" disease disappears. Many a woman has freed herself from embarrassing and disfiguring diseases of this kind by taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It not only purifies the blood completely, thereby cleansing and brightening the skin, but it fills the blood with life-giving properties, and builds up the whole system. It rounds out the hollows, thereby rubbing out wrinkles, makes the flesh firm and solid, brightens the eyes, reddens the lips, and gives the lustre of health to the hair. It makes beauty by making health. It makes a woman attractive by making her wholesome.

Whenever there is a clogged condition of the liver and bowels, Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are the best things to use. They start the healthy, natural action of the digestive organs, and assist Nature in removing poisonous and effete matter. They may be absolutely depended upon to cure constipation, and so to cure biliousness, sick and bilious headaches, sour stomach, foul breath, heart-burn, palpitation of the heart. They are tiny, sugar-coated granules. It takes forty of them to fill a little vial.

Bee, November 25, 1896.

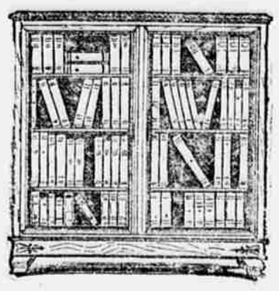
ULSTERS

The largest stock of Ulsters in the country is here. Read that again. We carry more ulsters, more different ulsters, more low priced ulsters and more money saving ulsters than any one store in America—no matter where. At $3.75 we sell the celebrated Vermont Grey ulsters—$5.00 anywhere else. At $5.00 we sell a heavy Chinchilla ulster worth $7.00 in other stores. At $6.00 we sell a splendid ulster made from Domestic Frieze. At $7.50 we sell Worumbo ulsters that sell in other stores for $11.00 and $12.00. At $10.00 we sell a genuine Irish Frieze ulster which last year was worth $15.00 and may be worth $20.00 next year. At $10.50 we sell the well known Shetland long fleece ulsters which used to be considered good value at $22.00 not so very long ago, and at $13.50 we will sell the finest Melton ulsters in the market—a garment that sells in New York City stores for $22.00 to $24.00 today. We buy more ulsters, we show more ulsters, we sell more ulsters than any place except the ulster factories and when you see the kind o ulsters we sell and the way we sell them you won't be a bit surprised.

Open Thanksgiving day until noon.

Nebraska Clothing Co
OMAHA.

OVER THE PRECIPICE.



Do you remember the Quaker who advertised for a coachman, and asked the 26 applicants one question: "How near can you drive to the edge of a precipice?" The answers were much alike. One man said 8 feet, four said 4 feet, and a dozen said 3 feet. Five men put it at 1 foot, two men asked for only 6 inches, and one said "on the edge itself." One man only remained, and he was leaving the room quietly when the Quaker called him back. The man apologized for leaving, but said he was not the man for the situation, as he could be depended upon to drive "as far from a precipice as possible." He was the man the Quaker wanted!

In the purchase of furniture the whole question is: "How near do you want to drive to the precipice of unwise economy?" If you want $5.00 Morris Chairs, or $8.00 Chamber Sets, you must go to some house which is not a furniture house. We can be depended upon to drive you as far from that edge of the precipice as possible.

Our furniture lasts a lifetime. You can't wear it out. It is the cheapest of all reliable furniture in this country.

Our reduced prices on Book Cases are $2.50, $3.00, $3.50, $4.00, $4.50, $5.00, $6.00, $8.00, $10.00, $12.00, $13.00, $15.00, $17.00, $18.00, $20.00, $22.00, $24.00, $25.00, $29.00, $30.00, $32.00, $35.00, $40.00, $50.00, $65.00, $75.00, $80.00, $100.00.

CHAS. SHIVERICK & CO., The lowest prices on good furniture, 12th and Douglas.

NOTE—White Iron Beds, $2.50; Oak Rockers, $1.00; Oak Dining Chairs, 95 cents.

It's Interesting

To note the class of men who have their garments made by Nicoll the Tailor

There's the—
Banker
Doctor
Lawyer
Merchant
Clerk
—and even the Office Boy.

They realize the saving in wearing Nicoll's garments.

Pants to order $4 to $12.
Suits to order $15 to $50.

Samples Mailed.

Nicoll THE TAILOR
Branches in all Principal Cities.
207 South 15th St. KARBACH BLOCK.

THE Stoecker CIGAR ALL DEALERS SELL IT.

WOOD'S ICE KING We are Exclusive Agents, for Wm. T. Wood & Co.'s Celebrated Ice Tools.
Jas. Morton & Son Co., Write for Catalogue. OMAHA, NEB.

Ex-MADAWASKA TRADE MARK

PATRONIZE HOME INDUSTRIES

By purchasing goods made at the following Nebraska factories. If you cannot find what you want, communicate with the manufacturers as to what dealers handle their goods.

BAGS, BURLAP AND TWINE.

BEMIS OMAHA BAG CO.
Manufacturers of all kinds of cotton and burlap bags, cotton flour sacks and twine a specialty. 614-616-618 S. 11th St.

BREWERIES.

OMAHA BREWING ASSOCIATION.
Car load shipments made in our own refrigerator cars. Blue Ribbon, Elite Export, Vienna Export and Family Export delivered to all parts of the city.

IRON WORKS.

DAVIS & COWGILL IRON WORKS.
Iron and Brass Founders.
Manufacturers and Jobbers of Machinery. General repairing a specialty. 1501, 1503 and 1505 Jackson street, Omaha, Neb.

INDUSTRIAL IRON WORKS.
Manufacturing and repairing of all kinds of machinery, engines, pumps, elevators, printing presses, hangers, shafting and couplings. 1416 and 1418 Howard St., Omaha.

PAXTON & VIERLING IRON WORKS.
Manufacturers of Architectural Iron Work, General Foundry, Machine and Blacksmith work, Engineers and Contractors for Fire Proof Buildings. Office and works: U. P. Ry. and So. 17th street, Omaha.

NIGHT WATCH, FIRE SERVICE.

AMERICAN DISTRICT TELEGRAPH.
The only perfect protection to property. Examine it. Best thing on earth. Reduces insurance rates. 1504 Douglas street.

SHIRT FACTORIES.

J. H. EVANS—NEBRASKA SHIRT COMPANY.
Exclusive custom shirt tailors. 1311 Farnam.

One Thousand for One.
(Trade Mark.)
ACCIDENT TICKETS.
THE INTER-STATE
Casualty Company of New York.
gives THREE MONTHS' insurance,
$1,000 for $1.00,
to men or women,
between 18 and 60 years of age, against fatal Street Accidents afoot, or on Bicycles, Horses, Wagons, Horse Cars, Railroad cars, Elevated, Bridge, Trolley and Cable cars, Steamships, Steamboats and Steam Ferries. $100,000 deposited with the Insurance Department of the state of New York for the security of the insured.
For Sale by
Chas. Kaufmann,
1302 Douglas Street.
Tel. 566 Omaha, Neb.

MEN BE MAN
We send the French Remedy CALTHOS free, (in U. S. U. S.) and a legal guarantee that CALTHOS will STOP Discharges and Emissions, CURE Spermatorrhœa, Varicocele and RESTORE Lost Vigor. Use it and pay if satisfied.
VON MOHL CO., 332 B, Sole American Agents, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Set Teeth, $5.00
Teeth Extracted without pain
Alloy and silver filling, $1.00.
Pure gold fillings, $2 up.
Gold Crowns, 22 kt., $5 to $8.
RELIABLE WORK.
BAILEY, the Dentist.
THIRD FLOOR,
PAXTON BLOCK
TEL. 1085.
16th and Farnam Sts.