THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

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NONE NOW DISPUTES

William McKinley's Election is at Last Candidly Admitted.

EVEN SENATOR JONES CONCEDES IT

He Still Insists on a Hundred and Ninety Electoral Votes.

RAVES ABOUT COERCION AND MONEY POWER

W. J. Bryan Sends Congratulations to His Successful Rival.

BOWS TO EXPRESSED WILL OF THE PEOPLE

Popocrats Give Quit Claim Deeds to the Presidency, but Proclaim They Will Continue the Agitation for Free Silver.

Chairman Jones has conceded the election of McKinley; Mr. Bryan has dispatched a message of congratulation to his successful rival, and there is no longer any dispute as to the outcome of the election. Some of the pluralities may be changed by official figures, but not the result. It is fixed.

William McKinley's majority in the electoral college will be either 87 or 113. It depends on the vote of Kentucky. Both parties confidently claim the Blue Grass state by small pluralities. With its vote McKinley will have 280; and if it goes to Bryan he will have 180 and McKinley 267. The alignment of the states is now complete with this one exception. The figures:

CONCEDED TO M'KINLEY.

State.	Electors.	Majority.
California	9	6,000
Connecticut	6	40,000
Delaware	3	4,000
Illinois	24	100,000
Iowa	13	87,000
Indiana	15	20,000
Maine	6	46,000
Maryland	8	29,000
Massachusetts	15	120,000
Michigan	14	55,000
Minnesota	9	48,000
New Hampshire	4	35,000
New Jersey	10	86,000
New York	36	275,000
North Dakota	3	8,000
Ohio	23	50,000
Oregon	4	3,200
Pennsylvania	32	280,000
Rhode Island	4	20,000
South Dakota	4	600
Vermont	4	38,000
West Virginia	6	15,000
Wisconsin	12	40,000
Wyoming	3	200
Total	267	....

CONCEDED TO BRYAN.

Alabama	11	25,000
Arkansas	8	25,000
Colorado	4	110,000
Florida	4	10,000
Georgia	13	35,000
Idaho	3	13,000
Kansas	10	10,000
Louisiana	8	30,000
Missouri	17	60,000
Montana	3	15,000
Mississippi	9	....
Nebraska	8	5,000
Nevada	3	3,600
North Carolina	11	10,000
South Carolina	9	45,000
Tennessee	12	20,000
Texas	15	50,000
Utah	3	45,000
Virginia	12	12,000
Washington	4	3,000
Total	167	....

CLAIMED FOR BOTH.

Kentucky	13	....
Total	13	....

JONES GIVES IT UP AT LAST.

Concedes that Bryan Cannot Possibly Be Elected Now.

CHICAGO, Nov. 5.—Chairman Jones issued the following statement tonight: "The result of the presidential election is apparently no longer in doubt. It has been one of the closest contests that the people have been called on to determine in recent years. We have claimed the election on our advices from states that were admittedly in doubt, in which we knew there had been many frauds, and from which there were evidences of tampering with the returns. It seems now to be apparent that Mr. Bryan, after making the most brilliant campaign in the history of our country and having carried most of the states claimed to be doubtful, has not carried enough to assure his success in the electoral college. Bryan electors have been chosen from all of the states south of the Potomac and Ohio, except West Virginia, and all those west of the Missouri, except California and Oregon. He has 190 electoral votes, and this number may be increased by final returns from states yet in question. He has not obtained enough votes to carry the electoral college.

"Thus this remarkable campaign closes with the election of William McKinley. The result was brought about by every kind of coercion and intimidation on the part of the money power, including threats of lockouts and dismissals and impending starvation; by the employment of by far the largest campaign fund ever used in this country, and by the subornation of a large portion of the American press. The president-elect and his party are under the pledge to the American people to continue the gold standard and by its operation to restore prosperity to this country.

"As chief executive Mr. McKinley will have the cordial support of the millions of patriotic Americans who have cast their votes for William Jennings Bryan. They bow to the majesty of the office and abide by the result with none of the mutterings that would have come from the moneyed power had it been unsuccessful. They are confident the gold standard cannot give the promised prosperity, but will gladly welcome it if it comes. They will continue the great struggle for the uplifting of humanity and the maintenance of the dignity of our country in the establishment of the American monetary system. And the democratic party, aided by its present allies, will still uplift the bimetallic standard and bear it on to victory.

"JAMES K. JONES,
Chairman of the Democratic National Committee."

Later in the evening, Chairman Jones, in discussing the situation, said: "What defeated us, was the action of large employers in telling their men they need not return to work on Wednesday if McKinley was defeated. This unquestionably lost us thousands of votes, for the man with a wife and little ones cannot help being moved by a prospect which threatens to deprive him of work, and consequent means of support.

"But we have won a victory just the same, for I do not believe that any political party in this country will dare include the word gold in its platform in 1900. Whatever happens, however, we shall not abandon our fight for silver, which is a just one, and one that is bound to triumph.

"I think it will be the aim of the republicans to deprive us of an issue on this question, and I firmly believe that Mr. McKinley will bend all his efforts toward securing of an international agreement. He is friendly toward silver. There can be no doubt regarding that. His public record proves that, and if he is confronted with a free silver bill—as I have little doubt he will be—I believe he will sign it. I believe, moreover, that before the close of his administration, he will stand in about the same relations toward his party that President Cleveland does toward the democratic party. The western republicans will unquestionably urge silver legislation upon him, which, of course, will be bitterly opposed by eastern republicans. He cannot please one without giving deadly offense to the other, and, I think the result will be that he will alienate the republicans of the east."

Chairman Washburne of the populist national committee late this afternoon conceded the election of McKinley. "The returns today point to McKinley's election," said Mr. Washburne. "With the states west of the Missouri and south of the Ohio, we had 209 electors, not including Maryland or Delaware. We must hold all of them and carry either Indiana or Michigan, in order to win. If we lose California or West Virginia or any other state, it renders it necessary to carry both Indiana and Michigan, which, at this time, does not seem probable."

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—Senator Faulkner tonight said:

Chairman Jones has informed me that he will this evening concede the election of Major McKinley. The confidence which Senator Jones has inspired, and the manner in which he has conducted the campaign will warrant me in saying that none will question the propriety of his acting promptly in so grave a matter, when once he has become thoroughly satisfied from the returns in his possession that there remains no further hope for the success of that magnificent leader whose plume has been seen in the front of the line of battle in thirty states, and whose eloquent voice in behalf of the people's cause has inspired millions of his fellow citizens to strain every effort within the lines of legitimate controversy to secure a victory which would relieve them from the merciless exactions of a continuing contracting currency. The national democracy has been defeated, but by returns in our possession, and which will be shown by the final vote in the electoral college, twenty-six states, with 200 electoral votes, have endorsed its candidates, and have approved its platform. But, true to the great Jeffersonian principle, all must bow to the will of the people, as voiced by a majority of the electoral college.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 5.—Senator Tillman of South Carolina passed through the city this afternoon enroute for home from Chicago. He was interviewed by a Journal reporter. The senator was in good spirits, although he conceded the victory of McKinley. He declares the fight for free silver had only been started and would be continued. Bryan, he said, would be the democratic nominee in 1900 and would certainly win.

COLORADO.

DENVER, Nov. 5.—Almost complete returns from all counties in Colorado give Bryan 140,000; McKinley, 25,000; scattering, 2,000. Adams, democrat-silver-republican candidate for governor, received 83,000; Bailey, populist-silver, 67,000; Allen, gold standard republican, 14,000; Waite, middle-of-the-road populist, 3,000.

Congressman Shafortb, silver republican in the First district, and Bell, populist in the Second district, are re-elected by almost the entire vote of their respective districts. It is impossible to form any definite idea of the complexion of the legislature, as all kinds of fusions and combinations were made in various counties, and nearly every member elected was the candidate of two or more parties. Senator Teller will be re-elected without opposition.

CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 5.—Out of a total of 2,377 precincts in California, 2,251 give: McKinley, 144,952; Bryan, 138,756. There are 125 precincts yet to hear from, which in 1892 gave: Harrison, 1,792; Cleveland, 2,098; Weaver, 358. The following are the congressional returns:

First district, 363 out of 440 precincts give Barham, rep., 17,066; Cutler, dem., 15,221; Monteith, pop., 705.

Second district, 437 precincts out of 464 give Johnson, rep., 18,379; DeVries, dem-pop., 24,873.

Third district, 250 out of 287 precincts give Hilborn, rep., 19,838; English, dem-pop., 15,796.

Fourth district, Maguire elected.

Fifth district, complete returns from all precincts give Loud, rep., 19,440; Kelley, dem., 10,727; Kinne, pop., 9,009.

Sixth district, 317 out of 319 precincts give McLachlan, rep., 23,556; Barlow, dem-pop., 23,524.

Seventh district, 459 out of 485 precincts give Bowers, rep., 18,906; Castle, dem-pop., 19,133.

The legislature is strongly republican. Thirty-one votes on the joint ballot a majority of eleven in the assembly and twenty in the house, not only makes the election of a republican senator sure, but gives a strong working majority in both branches.

DELAWARE.

WILMINGTON, Del., Nov. 5.—McKinley's majority in Delaware will be from 3,900 to 4,000. Tunnel, for governor, 1,800; Handy, free silver, for congress, 2,400. The legislature is democratic.

The militia is on duty in Wilmington, ready for an outbreak. The trouble is over the board of canvassers, which is in session all night. It is alleged the democrats are attempting to count out the republican county ticket.

DOVER, Del., Nov. 5.—The canvassing board for Kent county met in the court house here today for the purpose of counting the vote. The board, after arguments, decided to throw out the First and Third districts of East Dover Hundred, and also Milford Hundred, which will change the political complexion of the senate, which, at the seating of J. Frank Allee of Kent, would make that body stand, republicans, 4; democrats, 4. These figures will, by throwing out the districts named above, result in the election of Samuel R. Meredith, democrat, and thus give the democrats a majority of one in the senate. The house is surely democratic. The canvassing board of Sussex completed its labors at 7 o'clock tonight. The republicans elected Johnson, sheriff, and two court commissioners, giving them control of the latter body. The republican electors have a majority. Tunnell and Handy have 274 majority.

INDIANA.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 5.—Complete unofficial returns from every county in Indiana show McKinley's plurality to be 20,364.

Chairman Parks Martin of the democratic state committee said today that the returns that had been received at the democratic headquarters did not include the populist vote in a good many parts of the state. Asked for his opinion on the result in Indiana, Mr. Martin said: "On the face of the returns the republicans have carried the state by from 12,000 to 15,000."

"What about the legislature?"

"We have not figured on that, but I think we can control the lower house if we cannot have a majority on joint ballot."

Allen W. Clark, who has been the leader of the free silver movement in this state, said: "I think we are gone up."

Official figures cannot materially change the McKinley plurality of 20,364. The legislature, according to present figures, will be republican on joint ballot.

IOWA.

DES MOINES, Nov. 5.—The returns by counties in Iowa were completed today. The total vote is in excess of 510,000, estimating the prohibition and Palmer votes together at 25,000. Of these votes 286,701 were cast

(Continued on Seventh Page.)

M'KINLEY DRAWS THE MORALS

President-Elect Sends His Thanks to His Campaign Manager.

OBLITERATION OF SECTIONAL LINES

People in Their Majesty Have Repudiated Dishonor and Affirmed Devotion to Law and Order—The Day in Canton.

CANTON, O., Nov. 5.—President-elect McKinley tonight sent the following dispatch to Mark Hanna at New York:

CANTON, O., Nov. 5.—To M. A. Hanna, Waldorf Hotel, New York: Your telegraphic message, announcing the result of the election, is received. I beg you to accept my hearty thanks for your great services in the cause of sound money and protection in the campaign now closed and gloriously won. They were most generous and effective and will receive the warm approbation of your countrymen everywhere. I will be pleased to have you convey to your associates of the national committee my high appreciation of their efficient services.

The people in their majesty, ignoring party lines, have declared their detestation of repudiation and dishonor, in whatever specious guise they may be presented. They have with the same mighty power affirmed their devotion to law and order and their undeviating respect for justice and the courts. They have proclaimed their unfaltering determination to support and uphold the constituted authorities of the country and have thereby given new vigor and strength to our free institutions. They have, indeed, again consecrated themselves to country and baptized the cherished ordinances of free government with a new and holy patriotism. The victory is not to party or section, but of and for the whole American people. Not the least of the triumphs of the election is the obliteration of sectional lines in the republic. We have demonstrated to the world that we are a reunited people in purpose as in name. We have manifested in the great cause the spirit of fraternity and brotherhood that should always characterize our common and equal citizenship and have proven conclusively that in a country of equal privileges and equal opportunity the insidious doctrine of hate or of class or sectional distinctions cannot prevail.

Let us, as Americans, straightway devote ourselves to the upbuilding of America; to the peace, honor and glory of our common country. Party dissensions should no longer divide or rack the public mind; nor the zeal or temper of either side deter any citizen from patriotic devotion to the good of all.

WILLIAM M'KINLEY.

M'KINLEY TAKES WALK AND DRIVE.

President-Elect Will Go to Cleveland Next Week for Rest.

CANTON, O., Nov. 5.—Major McKinley went about town today for the first time since the election and was warmly greeted by those who saw him. He took a walk early in the day through the residence section and about noon drove to his mother's home with a liberal share of the flowers which had been sent to his house. Driving or walking, he was kept busy acknowledging salutations from all sides.

Major McKinley this afternoon determined to take a trip to Cleveland within a day or two. Mrs. McKinley accompanies him. They go for much needed rest.

The reports that cabinet slatemakers were busy throughout the country caused much good natured comment here today. It can be stated positively that all cabinet comment is purely conjectural. Any personal inclinations Major McKinley may feel toward particular men will not be communicated to his closest friends.

Major McKinley's touching an electric key by which the new Niagara furnace at North Tonawanda, N. Y., was put into operation was an interesting event of the afternoon. The furnaces had been connected by wire with the McKinley house, so that a touch of the telegraphic key at this end sent an electric spark which lighted the fires of the furnace.

The flood of congratulatory telegrams and letters is unabated. The following are among those received:

Governor-Elect Tanner of Illinois—Allow me to congratulate you and the country upon your triumph in the election. To the loyalty and devotion of the workers upon the farms, in the shop and factory in Illinois the republican party owes its deepest gratitude and kindest acknowledgment. Our triumph over socialism and all the organized disturbers of the peace and good order of society is marked and significant.

Hon. Benjamin F. Tracey, Former Secretary of the Navy—I send you my warmest congratulations upon your magnificent victory—a battle well fought and gloriously won.

Governor Cleaves of Maine—Please accept my sincere congratulations on your triumphant election as president of the best republic in the world.

Bishop Newman of Chicago—God has saved our nation again. The American people have been loyal to him and you will be true to our country.

Bishop Leonard of Ohio—Accept our sincerest congratulations. The God of nations guides us.

General R. A. Alger of Michigan—The nation has spoken. Patriotism and integrity have crushed repudiation, sectionalism and anarchy.

Other dispatches came from D. Appleton, publisher, New York; Senator Nelson, Governor Upham, General Lew Wallace, Senator Sewall, the American Chamber of Commerce of Paris, France; J. G. Sithurman, president of Cornell university; Hon. Joseph C. Breckinridge, Bindger Homann and a multitude of others.

Sir Henry Irving cabled from England: "My most true and respectful congratulations to you, sir, on the splendid honor conferred on you."

Mrs. Brice telegraphed from Newport: "Congratulations from your friend, the enemy."

From the ranch country came word from Buffalo Bill, overland by pony relays, thence by wire, conveying good wishes.

Four bicycle riders, who left Indianapolis Tuesday night as soon as assurance was given of McKinley's election, arrived this morning. They had ridden night and day along muddy roads and their uniforms were coated with mud. The major saw them and received a congratulatory message from a large Indianapolis establishment.

The information from Washington as to favorable treasury conditions made a most favorable impression here.

A representative of the Associated press called on Major McKinley tonight and found him in the library chatting with a number of friends.

"To what do you attribute your success, Major McKinley?" was asked.

"Oh, I don't care to be interviewed, but I will say that the patriotic efforts of the men of both the old parties have brought about the result. Ardent and devoted as have been the efforts of the republicans everywhere, equally pronounced and helpful was the attitude of the sound money democrats. Then the press of the country, the intelligent and enthusiastic efforts of the great journals of both parties have been a mighty factor in the result and aid to the republican cause."

At 11 o'clock a dispatch from Mr. Bryan at Lincoln was received at the McKinley home, conveying his congratulations to Major McKinley on his election. As the major had retired, it was determined not to deliver the dispatch to him until morning.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 5.—Jacob Rosenburg, president of the Wool Men's association, today sent the following message to Major McKinley: "The wool men of California send their congratulations."

England to Evacuate Cyprus.

LONDON, Nov. 5.—The Graphic asserts that it learns on reliable authority that the marquis of Salisbury has decided to evacuate the island of Cyprus and that it is understood that this decision has cleared the way for common action of the powers in Turkey.

And the Next Day it Snowed.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 5.—The first snow of the season fell last evening and this morning. About an inch of it covered the ground, but the sun soon melted it.

BRYAN CONGRATULATES M'KINLEY.

Admits His Defeat and Says the Agitation Will Be Continued.

LINCOLN, Nov. 5.—"The fight has just commenced." Thus spoke William J. Bryan tonight when asked if he considered that the result of the election had been a serious blow to bimetallism. He had just sent a message to Major McKinley, conceding his election, and tendering his congratulations. Mr. Bryan surrendered at 8:30 o'clock. He had just received the signal and responded within the next ten minutes with a telegram to his successful rival. This signal was a brief message from Senator Jones, chairman of the democratic national committee, informing him that he did not consider it wise to longer withhold the concession of McKinley's election. This message was received by Mr. Bryan a few minutes after he had returned with his wife from an evening stroll and in the presence of a dozen callers, gathered in the parlor and reading room of their unpretentious residence. The receipt of the telegram created no scene whatever, and one unacquainted with the facts would never have suspected from the surface indications the importance of the occasion, or that the chief actor in the drama had more than a passing interest in it. He handed the telegram to Mrs. Bryan, who was standing near him and, without a word, except to explain the purport of the message, sat down at his desk and penned the following telegram:

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 5.—Hon. William McKinley, jr., Canton, O.: Senator Jones has just informed me that the returns indicate your election, and I hasten to extend my congratulations. We have submitted the issue to the people and their will is law.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN.

This message was first submitted to Mrs. Bryan and then, after being amended in some slight particulars so as to conform to suggestions made by her, was given to the press. While writing the message and after it was completed, Mr. Bryan chatted pleasantly with the newspaper correspondents who surrounded him, indicating by his manner that he felt relieved to have the matter definitely determined, even though the result was against him. He also showed very plainly that Senator Jones' message was no surprise, as indeed it was not, for those who have been in his confidence knew he had practically given it up since the night after the election. He has, however, felt that it would be both discourteous and unwise to give out any intimation to this effect until the national committee had spoken.

Mr. Bryan had announced that he would tomorrow issue an address, but he declined to make any statement tonight or submit to an interview, further than to say that the fight for silver had just begun. It is known to be his purpose to devote much of his time in the future to educating the people to the acceptance of his views on the financial question, and it is his intention to sound the keynote in the paper which he will issue tomorrow. He will dwell upon the effects of a single gold standard and will urge the advocates of bimetallism to maintain their organizations and use the utmost endeavors in behalf of this cause until it wins at the polls. Mr. Bryan also declined to outline his future plans or to give his opinion as to the causes which led to his defeat. It is certain, however, that he will be tempted by none of the flattering offers which are coming to him to leave Lincoln. He will remain about his home for the next few weeks recuperating, for while in no way exhausted by the duties of the campaign, he confesses to a feeling of languor as a result of the arduous labor of the past four months. It is also believed that Mr. Bryan considers that the result of the election has in it much to encourage the advocates of independent action by this country on the question of free coinage of silver.

Mrs. Bryan received the news with quite as much composure as did her husband. She has never felt the same confidence of success that he felt and has, from the first, while not without hope, been prepared for the news which Senator Jones' brief message tonight brought.

VICTORY FOR TRUE BIMETALLISM.

British Advocates of Double Standard Issue a Timely Manifesto.

LONDON, Nov. 5.—A meeting of members of the Bimetallic league was in session all this afternoon, engaged in the work of drawing up a manifesto. Members from Birmingham, Manchester and elsewhere were in attendance. The manifesto was issued tonight. It is signed by Messrs. A. L. Denham, H. R. Greenfield, Robert Barclay, H. C. Gibbils and H. MacNeil. It claims that McKinley's election is a victory for international bimetallism and quotes the money plank of the St. Louis platform. Continuing, it says:

In these circumstances and in view of the strong agitation for free silver or international bimetallism in the United States, and the fact that this agitation is likely to be maintained and developed, a genuine and determined effort upon the part of the new government may be confidently anticipated to bring about an international bimetallic agreement for the opening of the mints of the various countries to silver as well as to gold. The recent contest has brought to the people of this country the vital importance of the monetary question and the grave dangers which threaten the industrial, commercial and financial interests of Great Britain so long as it is not settled on international lines. The attitude of this country in past efforts to arrange a settlement is mainly responsible for the attempt just witnessed to induce the United States to act alone and for the consequent unrest and disturbance in commercial and financial circles. Therefore, it is earnestly hoped that this country and the other great powers of Europe will heartily co-operate with the United States in its endeavor to place the metallic money of the world upon a permanent, sound and scientific basis.

SOME CHANGES IN THE SENATE.

Upper House of Congress Has a Safe Republican Majority.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—Later returns indicate slight changes in the next senate from the table sent yesterday. The five doubtful states yesterday were Delaware, Kansas, Kentucky, North Carolina and South Dakota. It is now reasonably certain Delaware will have a republican legislature, the only claim to the contrary being of irregularities in Sussex county. Kansas will elect a fusion or independent senator to succeed Peffer and Kentucky, on the face of the returns, will elect a republican to succeed Blackburn.

North Carolina's legislature is in doubt, with chances favoring the success of the fusionists, who, in this state, were made up of republicans and populists. Until the legislature actually chooses Senator Pritchard's successor, it cannot be told whether North Carolina's new senator will act with the republican majority and he is not classified in either the republican or independent column, but in the doubtful list. South Dakota is still in doubt, with the chances favoring a fusion independent. The senate therefore on this estimate would stand: Republicans, 44; democrats, 32; independents and populists, 12; doubtful, 2; total, 90.

Hanna Congratulates California.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 5.—Chairman McLaughlin of the state republican committee today received the following dispatch from M. A. Hanna: "You have done your work well and I congratulate California." Chairman McLaughlin has requested every town in the state to hold ratification meetings next Saturday night.

Orders Conditioned on Election.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Nov. 5.—The Spaulding & Pepper Manufacturing company has started up its factory in Chicopee after a few weeks' shutdown, pending the result of the election. The company had a large number of orders conditioned upon the republican victory.

Brigands Release Captain Marriott.

LONDON, Nov. 5.—Captain Marriott of the Norfolk regiment, who, while out shooting in the vicinity of Smyrna, was captured by brigands and held for $50,000 ransom, has been released.

CONFIDENCE COMES BACK

Wheels of Industry Quickly Set in Motion Throughout the Land.

M'KINLEY HIMSELF STARTS A BIG FACTORY

President-Elect at Canton Touches a Button that Starts the New Niagara Iron and Steel Furnace at Tonawanda, N. Y.

CANTON, Nov. 5.—Electric connection was made this morning between Major McKinley's home and a large factory at Tonawanda, by which, at exactly 2:30, the major touched a button and set the factory wheels in motion. Immediately there came 3,000 spectators who enthusiastically applauded the start. In an instant there followed the following message:

Hon. William McKinley: The new Niagara furnace has been started by yourself and by the principles you represent, upon what we hope is a career of usefulness in this community. As this act is typical of a widespread starting of the wheels of industry, the Tonawanda Iron and Steel company and its employes and assembled guests unite in congratulating you on your election, and in expressing the hope and belief that your administration will bring peace and prosperity to the whole nation.

WILLIAM A. RODGERS,
President.

GENERAL RESUMPTION IN OHIO.

Idle Mills Open Up and Hundreds of Men Are Put to Work.

CINCINNATI, O., Nov. 5.—Special dispatches indicate a revival in business throughout the Ohio valley, as well as here.

The Big Four, Chesapeake & Ohio and Baltimore & Ohio railways all ordered their shops opened today and enlarged forces at those already running.

The Ensign Car works at Huntington, W. Va., resumed.

The car works at Mount Vernon, Ill., got an order for 300 cars from the Louisville & Nashville road and resumed work.

The Niles tool works and other shops at Hamilton announced increased forces.

Furnaces at Ironton, Ashland and other river towns announce that they will go in blast soon, but no dates are given.

The Griffith Wood works and the Powell Brass works, both large concerns employing many men, announced today that they would resume at once.

Others claimed they had conditional orders on which they will enlarge their forces immediately.

The Packet company closed a contract here today for building a new $65,000 river steamboat. The plans were made and the contract drawn up two months ago. The closing of it was conditional upon the result of the election.

The big cooper shops at Raridon, O., have resumed work to their full capacity.

One and probably two of the idle mills of the Dayton Pipe company, this county, will start up as soon as repairs now in progress can be completed.

The Burgess iron works, which have been working a short force, will employ a full force.

TRAVELING MEN START OUT.

Ten Thousand Expected to Leave Chicago This Week—Rushing Cars.

CHICAGO, Nov. 5.—General Passenger Agent Ruggles of the Michigan Central says that his road has today checked more commercial baggage than on any other day in 1896. The same statement was made by General Passenger Agent Eustis of the Burlington. Traveling men of all commercial houses in Chicago are starting out by hundreds. General Passenger Agent Hafford of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul estimates that 10,000 will leave Chicago this week.

Prepirations are being made by a number of the roads to reopen carshops that have been closed or running on short time for months. Cars will be needed by almost every large eastern or western road and the construction of them is now to be rushed.

A Chicago firm which makes a specialty of keeping a record of car construction, estimated today that orders for from 40,000 to 60,000 freight cars would be placed within the next sixty days.

Peoria Industries Pick Up.

PEORIA, Ill., Nov. 5.—The Peoria Cordage company today put on a night force.

The Cutler & Pryor stove works announce that they will resume operations Monday morning next.

Monroe Siebling of the Peoria Rubber Manufacturing company announced that they will resume operations on the 15th, with a force of 350 to 400.

Selby, Starr & Co., manufacturers of agricultural implements, will resume Monday next.

The Peoria Grape Sugar company will resume by Monday next with several hundred men.

Harvester Works Employ More Men.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Nov. 5.—The settlement of the presidential election is having a cheerful effect on industrial circles in this city. The Milwaukee Harvester works was the first institution to start the ball on the road to prosperity by employing 300 additional men, and 200 more will be added within a month.

Railway officials report a great rush for mileage books by the traveling agents.

Even Colorado Builds Railroads.

DENVER, Colo., Nov. 5.—The laying of rails on the Golden Circle railroad in the Cripple Creek mining district was begun today. Syl T. Smith, president of the Florence & Cripple Creek railroad, who is in Chicago, wires that he has floated bonds there for the construction of not only the Golden Circle but also of the Florence Southern, extending from Florence to the Silver Creek district.

Sets Fifteen Hundred Men to Work.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 5.—"We will put 1,500 more men at work on the construction of the Kansas City, Pittsburg & Gulf railway at once," said President A. E. Stillwell of that road today. "We began tracklaying south of Mena, Ark., yesterday at the rate of three-fourths of a mile a day. We received cablegrams from Europe buying our securities this morning."

Powder Works and Lumber Mill.

SANTA CRUZ, Cal., Nov. 5.—Today machinery was ordered for a fuse factory to be built at the powder works at a cost of $50,000. It will give employment to many men.

As a result of the election, the Lompleta lumber mill, which has been closed many months, will resume operations soon.

Woolen and Cotton Mills Open.

IPSWICH, Mass., Nov. 5.—The woolen and cotton mills of the Ipswich corporation, which have been shut down for some time, will start on full time early next week. Employment will be given to about 1,000 hands.

Banks Pay Out Gold Freely.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 5.—Local bankers in separate interviews today united in saying the result of the election has been to make the Kansas City money market easy and that business men who have been cramped, due to the banks contracting their loans, need have no more trouble in that respect. Local banks had universally withheld their gold up to the conclusion of the election. Today they began paying the yellow metal out to all their customers who desired it. An inventory taken a few weeks ago showed that most banks here had from $150,000 to $250,000 in gold and one or two had more.

HANNA INTERVIEWED ON RESULT.

Gives Out Figures and Thanks National Democrats for Their Aid.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—Mark Hanna, chairman of the republican national committee, arrived in this city from Cleveland this morning and is registered at the Waldorf. Mrs. Hanna and her daughters have been here for the past month. Mr. Hanna was accompanied by Colonel S. T. Everett, a Cleveland banker. On his arrival at the Waldorf Mr. Hanna was greeted by a host of friends and held an informal reception. He was in the best of spirits.

At 2 p. m. Mr. Hanna gave out the following statement:

Sufficient returns have been received to satisfy me that the following states have been carried for McKinley and Hobart without doubt: California, 9 votes; Connecticut, 6; Delaware, 3; Illinois, 24; Indiana, 15; Iowa, 13; Maine, 6; Maryland, 8; Massachusetts, 15; Minnesota, 9; Michigan, 14; North Dakota, 3; New Hampshire, 4; New Jersey, 10; New York, 36; Ohio, 23; Oregon, 4; Pennsylvania, 32; Rhode Island, 4; South Dakota, 4; Vermont, 4; West Virginia, 6; Wisconsin, 12; Wyoming, 1. Total, 265. This insures their election by a majority of 81 in the electoral college if every other electoral vote goes against us.

Another most significant feature of this victory is in the fact that McKinley and Hobart's election has been secured by a plurality of over 1,000,000 of the popular vote, the largest ever given.

I am confident that we shall secure the other two electors in Wyoming and the thirteen in Kentucky. The North Carolina eleven votes are in doubt. The importance to the country of the result cannot be overestimated, and is a matter of congratulation to all loyal citizens of the United States. Incendiary utterances and pretended claims, which question the accuracy of this statement should not disturb the public mind.

M. A. HANNA, Chairman.

The foregoing statement was issued after an hour's executive deliberation at republican national headquarters, Mr. Hanna, Mr. Osborne, Joseph H. Manley, General Powell Clayton and Colonel N. B. Scott participating.

Later in the day Mr. Hanna said to a reporter: "During no part of the campaign had I any doubt of Major McKinley's election and the success of the principles involved in the national platform." He was eager for the latest news from Indiana and the vote of other states, but declared nothing could change the result.

Mr. Hanna was asked how the president-elect would stand on the tariff question. He declined to speak for Major McKinley, beyond repeating a statement made by the president-elect to the Marquette club in Chicago, in February last, when he said he was not an advocate of a schedule, but of the principle of protection.

Mr. Hanna's attention was called to the rise in American securities in London since his election. He regarded this as a very good augury and thought the rise would be a permanent one.

Mr. Hanna paid a tribute to the national democrats. "They were," he said, "a very important factor in the election, and I don't think any man appreciates their services more than I do. They worked just as hard for the same results. There were no breaks in the line anywhere, and they were loyal from the outset. The value of their services cannot be overestimated."

Bryan and Altgeld were taken up and Mr. Hanna gave it as his opinion that their final trip through Illinois and the other middle western states had redounded to the advantage of the republican ticket.

Mr. Hanna will remain here a week, to wind up the affairs of the national committee and then return to Ohio for a long rest.

COMPELLED TO DECLINE THE GOLD.

Subtreasury Deluged with Deposits of Yellow Metal.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—Information received at the Treasury department shows that large amounts of gold are being offered at the several subtreasuries in exchange for currency, the stipulation being made as to legal tenders. One million in gold was offered, and the subtreasurer telegraphed the secretary for instructions, stating that the current work of the office was somewhat behind owing to the late flurry, and further that the payment of that amount of currency would leave the subtreasury there inconveniently short. Instructions were returned, authorizing the acceptance of half the amount offered. At New York, the subtreasury, it is understood, has given notice that it would receive gold today in exchange for currency. There are about $6,400,000 in assay office checks outstanding, which are now being deposited for currency, and all of these will be received. The demand for currency, and especially small bills, in anticipation of a revival of business, is exceptionally heavy, and it is expected that several days will elapse before the officials will be in a position to meet all demands. The treasury officials anticipate no further withdrawals of gold for export and regard the financial situation as greatly improved.

United States Treasurer Morgan today sent the following letter to all assistant treasurers of the United States:

Referring to the instructions communicated to you by my letter of November 23, 1895, authorizing you to receive gold coin in exchange for paper currency, I have to say that the department desires to be informed in advance of any large transactions, in order that steps may be taken to accommodate the depositors if the stock of notes and silver certificates available in the cash of this office will admit of the exchange being made. The payment of express charges by the government on remittances of gold to the offices of the treasury and on the currency returned therefor will be discontinued. Gold coin below the least current weight will be received as heretofore in exchange for paper currency under the regulations now in force. The short weight coin, of course, will be received only on its ascertained weight.

Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $232,675,895; gold reserve, $114,957,108.

NEBRASKA RESULT PLEASES BRYAN.

Looks for Reform of the Ballot Law in the Next Legislature.

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 5.—Mr. Bryan still refuses to be interviewed on the general election, saying that until the returns are finally determined it would not be proper for him to express an opinion, but he gave out the following on the situation in Nebraska:

"The result in Nebraska is very gratifying. We have had great obstacles to overcome, and yet, in spite of all these obstacles, we have secured a majority of 10,000 or 15,000 for our electoral ticket and have elected the entire state ticket, and also at least four, and possibly five, members of congress out of six, and elected a good working majority in both branches of the legislature. The democrats, populists and silver republicans have worked together in perfect harmony and they share the victory together. The gold standard democrats by collusion with republicans secured a place on the ballot as "democrats" and deceived a few voters, but the attempted fraud was called to the attention of the voters and the evil effects reduced to a minimum. It is sad to say that almost the entire Palmer vote was almost unanimously for the republican syndicate. I am proud of Nebraska and grateful to the friends in this state for their loyalty. No cause ever had more devoted supporters than the silver cause. Having control of the legislative machinery in this state we shall be able to so reform our ballot law as to prevent the frauds which have been perpetrated under it, and we shall also be able to secure legislation which will protect the voters from coercion and intimidation. The people of Nebraska have cause for rejoicing. The good effect of our victory in this state will be felt for years to come."

Mr. Bryan declines to express an opinion on the result of the election even to his intimate friends, but it is evident from his manner that he considers the chances all against him, but regards it improper to give out an opinion as matters stand. So his friends here still profess to be hopeful. The excitement has already subsided.

Miners Ask Higher Wages.

SPRINGFIELD, Nov. 5.—The miners of the Springfield district met today and demanded an increase of wages.

RETURNS COMING IN SLOWLY

Figures on the Election from Nebraska Considerably Delayed.

NO CHANGE IN THE RESULT IS SHOWN

Reports from Counties Indicate that the State Republican Ticket is Lost with the Presidential Electors.

Complete returns from Nebraska counties are coming in very slowly. About half the counties are complete on president. This makes it impossible to say exactly what lead the Bryan electors will have, but the estimate of 9,650 appears good. Holcomb for governor is running somewhat ahead of Bryan. The balance of the popocratic state ticket seems to be elected, but the figures at hand are not complete enough yet to warrant an estimate of the pluralities of any, further than the statement that none will run far behind the head of the ticket.

In the First congressional district Jesse B. Strode is re-elected over Jefferson H. Broady. In the Second district David H. Mercer is re-elected by 1,520 majority over Duffie, fusion. The other districts are still incomplete, but show that the fusion candidates have likely won.

Figures received up to 10 o'clock last night were:

County.	1896 McKinley.	1896 Bryan.	1894 Majors.	1894 Holcomb.
Blaine	87	61	65	62
Boyd	502	655	443	616
Boone	1,366	1,099	974	1,126
Brown	388	319	404	355
Butler	1,351	2,336	1,252	1,103
Cedar	1,012	1,474	804	984
Chase	242	246	309	233
Clay	1,679	1,758	1,713	1,687
Dixon	929	1,320	747	950
Dodge	2,521	2,676	1,725	2,143
Douglas	12,344	11,713	10,642	10,114
Dundy	276	287	280	273
Franklin	823	1,092	810	966
Garfield	147	222	166	167
Grant	86	95	70	109