THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

ESTABLISHED JUNE 19, 1871. | OMAHA, WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 4, 1896. | SINGLE COPY FIVE CENTS.

M'KINLEY

Great Republican Champion Chosen President of the United States.

TRIUMPH OF THE CAUSE HE HEADS

His Election Made Certain by the Votes of His Countrymen.

SWEEPS THE COUNTRY EAST AND WEST

Magnificent Majorities Roll Up from the Eastern Strongholds.

SOUND MONEY AND PROTECTION WIN

Patriotic Principles of the Republican Party Enthusiastically Endorsed.

MAJORITY GETS BIGGER ALL THE TIME

Changes Made in Votes Only Swing New States Into Line.

POPOCRATIC BLUSTER REACHES ITS LIMIT

Claims of the Bryan Machine Smashed by Votes of Americans.

NO TELLING WHERE THE END WILL BE

Count Only Partly Completed, but Victory is Removed Far Beyond Doubt—Showing of the Vote.

Partial returns from the several states of the union received by The Bee up to the hour of going to press with its early edition indicate the result shown by the table printed herewith. McKinley's election is certain, the only doubt remaining being as to the size of his majority.

The pluralities in the states cannot be accurately given at this hour (3 a. m.), but roughly estimated they are for McKinley so far:

Connecticut, 10,000; Delaware, 5,000; Illinois, 70,000; Iowa, 80,000; Kentucky, 15,000; Maine, 40,000; Maryland, 20,000; Michigan, 35,000; Massachusetts, 100,000; New Jersey, 20,000; New York, 100,000; Wisconsin, 100,000.

The electoral vote is distributed as follows:

CONCEDED TO M'KINLEY.

State.	Electors.	Majority.
California	9	....
Connecticut	6	....
Delaware	3	....
Illinois	24	....
Indiana	15	....
Iowa	13	....
Kentucky	13	....
Maine	6	....
Maryland	8	....
Massachusetts	15	....
Michigan	14	....
Minnesota	9	....
New Hampshire	4	....
New Jersey	10	....
New York	36	....
Ohio	23	....
Oregon	4	....
Pennsylvania	32	....
Rhode Island	4	....
South Dakota	4	....
Vermont	4	....
West Virginia	6	....
Wisconsin	12	....
Total	274	....
CONCEDED TO BRYAN.		
Alabama	11	....
Arkansas	8	....
Colorado	4	....
Florida	4	....
Georgia	13	....
Idaho	3	....
Louisiana	8	....
Missouri	17	....
Montana	3	....
Mississippi	9	....
Nevada	3	....
North Carolina	11	....
South Carolina	9	....
Tennessee	12	....
Texas	15	....
Utah	3	....
Virginia	12	....
Total	145	....
CLAIMED FOR BOTH.		
Kansas	10	....
Nebraska	8	....
North Dakota	3	....
Washington	4	....
Wyoming	3	....
Total	28	....

The Times-Herald claims Illinois for McKinley by 77,000.

The Courier-Journal says that Kentucky has certainly gone for McKinley.

McKinley has carried Chicago and Cook county by 66,000.

The Des Moines Register claims Iowa for McKinley by 50,000.

McKinley has carried Maryland by 30,000. Five out of six congressmen are republicans.

LINCOLN, Nov. 3.—Precinct A of the Fifth ward of this city, Bryan's precinct, gives Bryan 102 votes to 199 for McKinley.

IT'S A LANDSLIDE FOR M'KINLEY.

Telegrams that Show the Result in Some Places of Special Interest.

GALVESTON, Tex., Nov. 3.—The Galveston News concedes the election of Bryan and Sewall electors, also the election of C. A. Culberson, silver democrat, for governor.

CHICAGO, Nov. 3.—Chicago, with one precinct missing, gives McKinley, 192,856; Bryan, 129,539; Palmer, 1,795; Levering, 1,374. McKinley's majority in the city will be about 64,000.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—Based upon the returns from one-fourth of the election districts above the Harlem, together with nearly complete returns from New York and King's county, which include New York City and Brooklyn, the plurality of McKinley over Bryan in the state of New York is estimated at 295,000.

SEATTLE, Wash., Nov. 3.—The returns are coming in so slowly that it is impossible to make any estimate of the result. The vote in Washington is very close.

CENTRALIA, Ill., Nov. 3.—Salem, the former home of Bryan, gives a democratic plurality of 202, a gain of 89 over the vote of 1892.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 3.—Returns from city and state are coming in slowly, but indicate republican gains, and especially in Louisville, which will give McKinley a majority of about 10,000.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.—Chairman Faulkner of the democratic congressional committee, Senator Gorman and a few other notable democrats are locked in democratic headquarters receiving the news. They refuse admittance to all, including newspaper men.

Senator Butler, chairman of the populist committee, is also receiving the returns behind closed doors. The republicans are bulleting the returns at republican congressional headquarters and are keeping open house. Chairman Babcock claims a McKinley landslide.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—Many arrests for illegal registration have been made, but except in isolated cases no intent to vote wrongfully was shown.

CARSON, Nev., Nov. 3.—It will be impossible to give complete returns from Nevada for several days, communication being slow, but indications tonight are that Bryan's plurality will be not as large as at first estimated. Probably it will not reach 2,000.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., Nov. 3.—McKinley carried Sioux Falls by eighty majority; total vote about 2,100. This indicates that the county of Minnehaha has gone for Bryan by a small majority. McKinley had a majority in Senator Pettigrew's ward.

CANTON, O., Nov. 3.—McKinley carries his ward by the following precinct pluralities: A, 110; B, 51; C, 115; D, 15; E, 291. This ward gave Cleveland 105.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 3.—Election returns are coming in slowly, but the indications are the democrats have made a clean sweep, electing the congressional delegation, and Bryan has carried the state by not less than 30,000 majority.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—The Journal, Bryan democrat, concedes Tennessee to McKinley by 20,000.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 3.—On the basis of gains in the first twenty towns in the state Wisconsin is republican by 50,000, and will probably be more.

DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 3.—The republican state central committee announces that seventy-six precincts in Michigan give McKinley, 3,647 plurality. Same precincts in 1892 gave a democratic plurality of 113. This ratio, it is claimed, if continued, will give Michigan to McKinley by 100,000.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 3.—The New York Herald says McKinley will carry Kentucky by 15,000, with a republican majority in the house, and that Breckenridge is elected.

FOR MEMBERS OF THE CONGRESS.

Representatives-Elect to the Fifty-Fifth Session of the Body.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—At 1:30 a. m. the returns from the various states indicate the election of 209 republican congressmen and eighty-five democrats. No returns have been received from Alabama, California, Delaware, Kansas or Washington. The present complexion of the house is 244 republicans, 105 democrats, 6 populists and 1 silver party.

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—The Chicago Tribune at 1:30 this morning claims that the next congress will stand: Republicans, 232; democrats, 111, and 13 independents, made up of populists and free silver republicans.

Following are the names of representatives in congress known to be elected up to the hour of going to press:

ARKANSAS.

Third District—McRae, dem., re-elected.
Sixth District—Brundige, dem.

COLORADO.

First District—John F. Shafroth, silver-rep., re-elected.
Second District—John C. Bell, pop., re-elected.

FLORIDA.

First District—S. N. Sparkman, dem., re-elected.
Second District—R. W. Davis, dem., re-elected.

GEORGIA.

First District— Joseph F. Doyle, rep.
Second District—James M. Griggs, dem.
Third District—E. R. Lewis, dem.
Fourth District—W. C. Adamson, free silver dem.
Fifth District—L. F. Livingston, dem., re-elected.
Sixth District—C. L. Bartlett, dem., re-elected.
Seventh District—J. W. Maddox, dem., re-elected.
Eighth District—W. H. Howard, dem.
Ninth District—F. C. Tate, dem.
Tenth District—W. H. Fleming, dem.
Eleventh District— W. G. Brantley, dem.

ILLINOIS.

Ninth District—Robert R. Hitt, rep.
Tenth District—George W. Pence, rep.
Eighteenth District—Walter Reeves, rep.
Nineteenth District—Andrew Hunter, dem.

INDIANA.

Eleventh district, George W. Steel, rep.

IOWA.

First district, Samuel M. Clark, rep., re-elected.
Third District—Henderson, rep.

KENTUCKY.

Second district, J. D. Clardy, dem., re-elected.
Fifth District—Walter Evans, rep., re-elected.
Sixth District—A. S. Berry, f. s. dem., re-elected.
Seventh District—Settle, dem.
Ninth District—Samuel J. Pugh, rep.
Eleventh District—D. G. Colson, rep., re-elected.

MAINE.

First District—Thomas B. Reed, rep.
Second District—Nelson Dingley, rep.
Third District—H. L. Milliken, rep.
Fourth District—C. A. Boutelle, rep.

MARYLAND.

Second District—Barter, rep.
Third District—D. R. Booze, rep.
Fourth District—McIntyre, rep.
Fifth District—Murge, rep.
Sixth District—McDonald, rep.

MASSACHUSETTS.

First District—Wright, North Adams, rep.
Second District—Gillette, Springfield, rep.
Third District—Walker, Worcester, rep.
Fourth District—Weymouth, Fitchburg, rep.
Fifth District—Knox, Lawrence, rep.
Sixth District—Moody, Haverhill, rep.
Seventh District—Barrett, rep.
Eighth District—McCall, Winchester, rep.
Ninth District—Fitzgerald, Boston, dem.
Tenth District—W. L. Chase, Boston, ind.
Eleventh District—Sprague, Boston, rep.
Twelfth District—Lovering, Taunton, rep.
Thirteenth District—Simpkins, Yarmouth, rep.

MICHIGAN.

Twelfth District—Carlos D. Sheldon, rep.

MISSISSIPPI.

First District—J. M. Allen, dem., re-elected.
Second District—Sullivan, dem.
Third District—T. C. Hallings, dem., re-elected.
Fourth District—A. W. Fox, dem.
Fifth District—J. S. Adams, dem.
Sixth District—W. F. Love, dem.
Seventh District—Patrick Henry, dem.

MISSOURI.

Fourth District—Charles F. Cochran, dem. and pop.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

First District—Lalloway, rep.
Second District—Clarke, rep.

NEW YORK.

First District—Belford, rep.
Second District—Clancey, dem.
Third District—Wilson, rep.
Fourth District—Fisher, rep.
Fifth District—Bennett, rep.
Sixth District—Howe, rep.
Seventh District—Veshlage, dem.
Ninth District—Campbell, rep.
Eighth District—Mitchell, rep.
Tenth District—Cummings, dem.
Eleventh District—Sulzer, dem.
Twelfth District—McClellan, dem.
Fourteenth District—Quigg, rep.
Twentieth District—Southwick, rep., re-elected.
Thirty-first District—Alexander, rep.
Thirty-second District—Mahaney, rep.
Twenty-Third District—Foote, rep., re-elected.
Twenty-Eighth District—Payne, rep., re-elected.

OHIO.

Seventh District—Walter L. Weaver, rep.
Eighth District—Archibald Lybrand, rep.
Fourth District—J. McLean, rep.
Nineteenth District—Northway, rep.
Twentieth District—Beach, rep.
Twenty-First District—Burton, rep.

(Continued on Second Page.)

CHEERS WELCOME RETURNS

Republican Headquarters Receives the Joyful News.

MANY DOUBTFUL STATES MADE SURE

North, East, South and West Exceed the Most Sanguine Expectations of the Advocates of Sound Money and Protection.

CHICAGO, Nov. 3.—At the headquarters of the republican national committee elaborate preparations were made for the reception of election returns. A small army of accountants was on hand to tabulate figures received by telegraph on special wires and compare with them the votes of 1892 and 1894. The news was late in starting, and for a time very slow in coming. The first definite message came from Donald MacKay, chairman of the Oregon state central committe. It was as follows: "The city of Portland gives a majority of 5,000 for McKinley, and this means the state for the republican ticket."

Then ensued an hour of indefinite messages from all parts of the country. A message came from Baltimore saying that Chairman Rusk of the democratic city central committe conceded that city to McKinley by 15,000. "That means Maryland for us, I think," said Vice Chairman Payne, quickly. "We are going now and they will never catch us."

After this telegrams came in a shower that seemed never to cease. A howl of delight went up from the crowd in halls and rooms adjoining Mr. Payne's office when the telegraph instrument ticked off a message from Chairman Ferry of the Michigan state central committee: "Michigan is safe for McKinley by 50,000." This news was cried out of the window to the crowd below and a roar went up from the pavement.

The next chairman to report with definite assurances was Bixby of Minnesota, who said that his commonwealth wanted Mr. McKinley and wanted him to the tune of 30,000 to 35,000. This came in a few minutes before 8 o'clock and Vice Chairman Payne at once sent out a telegram to Chairman Hanna in Cleveland and to various state chairmen: "McKinley has carried Chicago by about 80,000. Returns from Michigan, Illinois, Iowa, Kentucky and Minnesota show that these states are safe for McKinley."

General William Osborn, secretary of the New York committee, sent word that McKinley had carried Maryland and West Virginia by 25,000 and New York by 300,000. The west spoke up once more and Iowa sent word that Bryan would be 80,000 to the rear when the final roll was called. Then came the south with a promise of 20,000 votes to the good in Tennessee and a safe majority in the democratic stronghold of Virginia.

At 9 o'clock Vice Chairman Payne sent the following message to Chairman Hanna: "We now claim Ohio by 50,000, Indiana by 40,000, Michigan by 40,000, Wisconsin by 80,000, Illinois by 100,000, Nebraska by 15,000, Iowa by 15,000, Minnesota by 35,000, Kentucky by 20,000."

AT DEMOCRATIC HEADQUARTERS.

Early Reports Raise Hopes Which Are Very Quickly Shattered.

CHICAGO, Nov. 3.—Chairman Jones and other members of the democratic executive committee, including Secretary Walsh, Committeeman Johnson of Kansas and Campau of Michigan, received returns in Chairman Jones' office, where an Associated press wire has been run. Chairman Washburne of the populist national committee was also present, as were also Senators Teller of Colorado and Tillman of South Carolina. The first returns received at the democratic national headquarters were from Rutland, Kan., and gave a vote of 611 for Bryan and 71 for McKinley. The early returns from the eastern states showed republican gains in about every instance. But little interest, however, was manifested in the returns from states admittedly republican. The first surprise came from Baltimore, which showed a big majority for McKinley, indicating that the state had gone republican. Every report from the middle western states was eagerly watched for, and much gratification was expressed at the first report from Michigan. This was from Gratiot county, giving Bryan 890 plurality. This county gave Harrison a plurality of 1,376 in 1892.

"We have no reason to lose heart," said Chairman Jones, after reading the returns from New York and eastern states. "All this early stuff is what we have been expecting." The first really bad news began to come in at 7:30 p. m. on the returns from states south of the "line." Other early returns from both Tennessee and Kentucky showed large republican gains, as did the first returns from Illinois outside of Cook county. Two precincts in Bloomington, the home of Vice President Stevenson, gave McKinley 200 plurality. The returns from Michigan, however, were more encouraging. At 8:30 p. m. Chairman Campau claimed the state by 25,000.

At 9 p. m. Chairman Campau of the campaign committee expressed great confidence in the result. "Returns from Ohio, Michigan and Indiana look very well for us," said he, "especially from the two former states. The only thing that we are surprised at so far is the returns from Illinois outside of Cook county. These seem to indicate that the state has gone for McKinley. The returns from Baltimore look rather bad, but we expected early returns to be unfavorable. Nothing definite will be known before midnight."

At 9:15 Secretary Nelson of the democratic state central committee had received no reports from county chairmen. Press reports indicate a majority of 50,000 for McKinley in Cook county, and this was generally conceded by the committee. No reports from outside of Cook county had been received, but the committee still claims 25,000 for Bryan. The vote by precincts runs 10 per cent below the registrations. Altgeld in sixty precincts has run 2,000 ahead of Bryan, and on this basis the committee claims his election, even though Bryan should lose the state by 20,000. Secretary Nelson says he will concede nothing until he has received reports from his own chairmen, and these are not expected before midnight.

At midnight Chairman Jones gave out the following statement: "There is no foundation for the claims of the republicans. There is at this time, midnight, no reason to think that any one of the states claimed by me for Bryan has failed to vote for him. While misleading republican claims are being sent out in many sections, private advices assure us that each one of these states has gone for Mr. Bryan. For two hours the most extravagant claims as to Kentucky and Indiana have been telegraphed all over the country, while within the last few minutes our committees assure us that both are safe for us. Mr. Bryan is certainly elected."

TENNESSEE CONCEDED TO BRYAN.

State in Doubt for a Time, but Went as it Was Expected To.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 3.—Returns, though only partial, show a large vote by both political parties for president, with the democrats holding their own or increasing as compared with 1892. The best information obtainable at midnight is that Bryan has carried the state by a safe majority without counting the up river and dark counties, which cannot be heard from. The republican committee admits that Bryan has carried the state. As between Taylor, dem., and Tillman, rep., for governor, the vote is close and both parties claim a victory, with chances favoring Taylor. Figures cannot be given because returns from none of the counties are complete.

THE NEXT PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

WILLIAM M'KINLEY.

CONGRATULATIONS FOR M'KINLEY.

Telegrams Announce the Result and Bring Messages from Friends.

CANTON, O., Nov. 3.—Major McKinley spent his afternoon with Chairman Hanna and his party, who, with the local committee, were photographed on the McKinley porch with the major as the central figure. At 4 o'clock Mr. Hanna and his associates left for Cleveland. Mrs. McKinley accompanied him to the train.

At 6 o'clock returns began to come in and preparations were made for reading them aloud in the McKinley library, the doors being open to all who chose to come in. The major sat at his desk, smoking a cigar, listening attentively to each bulletin, but showing no outward concern as to the result.

One dispatch from Joseph Manley at the New York headquarters said: "Maine's majority for McKinley would reach 50,000," and this was soon followed by another Manley dispatch, saying: "New York state will give you 200,000 majority." The major himself smilingly read a telegram from Max Pracht of Oregon, saying: "Oregon is yours and the fullness thereof."

At 7 o'clock Major McKinley retired for his supper, while the reading of returns proceeded. Up to that time he had made no comment on the returns further than to say that the bulk of them came from the east thus far.

When favorable returns from Omaha and other towns in Nebraska were read he sat impassive and apparently oblivious to the exclamations of approval from friends crowded about him. In the parlor across the hall Mrs. McKinley and her near relatives and friends received returns.

By 8 o'clock the character of private dispatches and general returns reaching the McKinley house was such that a feeling of absolute confidence took possession of those centered in the major's library. The officials at the Chicago headquarters sent frequent private messages to Major McKinley, each one swelling the total of states claimed for the republican candidate. The detailed returns which were read as they came appeared to bear out the claims from the headquarters and the spirit of victory achieved was on every lip. Governor McKinley had joined his wife and mother in the parlor across the hall, which was closed to the general public.

At 8 o'clock the major's nephew, Mr. Saxton, emerged from the parlor with a private dispatch just received. It was from Garret A. Hobart, vice presidential candidate, who at this early hour felt that victory was won and telegraphed his congratulations. The message read as follows:

Congratulations with all my heart on the glorious achievement under your magnificent leadership. The manhood of the republic has asserted itself, and the nation's honor and integrity will never again be assailed by the same forces.

Mrs. Hobart joins me in congratulations.

GARRET A. HOBART.

There was a round of applause from a group within the library as Mr. Hobart's words were read. Soon thereafter Major McKinley came from the parlor and joined the crowd in the outer room. His face now wore unmistakable looks of satisfaction and he smiled and chatted with those about him on the favorable character of the reports. He was not yet ready, however, to express his own judgment on the result, although it was evident that he shared the general feeling of confidence that he had carried the day.

Another dispatch to Mr. McKinley gave the estimate of Dr. Jamison, chairman of the republican committee of Illinois, as follows: "Our reports up to the present time (8:40) indicate that we will run over 100,000 for McKinley and Tanner. It may be better because the reports thus far are from democratic precincts largely. I still believe that we will make it 150,000; it will be over 100,000 anyway.

About this time word came from Cleveland that the Tippecanoe club, which has a national reputation, has just started, 1,000 strong, to congratulate the next president.

At 12:30 Mr. McKinley received a tremendous ovation from his Canton townspeople. He took a position on the top of the porch of his residence and waved his salutations to the enthusiastic concourse. The midnight was made as light as day by the hundreds of flambeaux and acres of red and green fire. Major McKinley made no address. For an hour the remarkable spectacle proceeded. The whistles of all the factories joined in one long continued screech which echoed throughout the town. Mingled with this was the booming cannon, the firing of guns and pistols, the shouts from thousands of throats. The crowd was massed solidly for three squares down Market street.

IOWA DECLARES FOR SOUND MONEY.

McKinley and the Entire State Ticket Receives an Enormous Vote.

DES MOINES, Nov. 3.—(Special Telegram.)—At 10 o'clock the republican state committee gives out an official claim that McKinley will carry the state by 87,000 on the basis of returns thus far received. Secretary Turner said: "The committee is gratified at the assurance that its former claim—75,000 plurality—will be more than justified. We are now certain of electing every one of the Iowa congressmen."

At the democratic headquarters no statement could be had. It was claimed the returns thus far received were chiefly from the cities, where the democrats expected republican gains. The democratic committee represents that the returns from the country would still carry the state for Bryan by a small plurality. The Palmer and Buckner vote in the state will be very light, probably not over 5,000. Sound money democrats voted for McKinley. The state vote will be 25,000 larger than ever before cast.

REPUBLICAN GAINS IN IOWA.

AVOCA, Ia., Nov. 3.—(Special Telegram.)—The republican majority in Knox township is 25, a republican gain of more than thirteen over the vote of 1895.

COUNT IS VERY SLOW IN KANSAS.

Governor Morrill Runs Far Ahead of the Rest of the Ticket.

TOPEKA, Kan., Nov. 3.—At midnight there are no returns whatever from this state and it is impossible to make a prediction of any character concerning the result. The officials at the various state political headquarters still maintain the claims made before the election and positively refuse to discuss the question beyond that point. The count is proceeding unusually slowly, which is accounted for by the apparent scratching of all candidates, except Governor Morrill, republican, who is apparently running far ahead of his ticket. The Kansas election law necessitates the marking of each and every candidate even if ticket is voted straight. The state is in doubt.

MEAGER RETURNS FROM MISSOURI.

Even in the City of St. Louis Very Little is Known of the Result.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 4.—It is doubtful if the complete returns for St. Louis will be received before noon today (Wednesday). At 1 a. m. only sixty-eight out of 428 precincts had been returned and five out of twenty-eight wards in the city have not been heard from at all. The returns from the state outside the city of St. Louis are even more meager and incomplete. It is reported here that St. Joseph will give several hundred majority for McKinley.

NATION'S HONOR IS PROCLAIMED.

Mark Hanna Says the Verdict Will Be Plain to the Whole World.

CHICAGO, Nov. 3.—Mark Hanna wires the Associated press at 1 a. m. as follows: "My opinion is that McKinley is elected by a majority that will settle the issues of this campaign and guarantee to the civilized world that the United States can be depended upon to maintain her honor and integrity."

In South Dakota.

YANKTON, S. D., Nov. 3.—(Special Telegram.)—Bad weather in the northern part of the state prevented as large a vote as was expected. In the southern part the weather was fine and a full vote was polled. Meager returns are indefinite. The previous claims of the republican state central committee are upheld by the scattering returns.

LAWRENCE COUNTY'S VOTE.

LEAD CITY, S. D., Nov. 3.—(Special Telegram.)—Fusionists carried Lawrence county, national, state and county ticket. Estimated majority, 3,000 to 5,000. On this basis fusion has gained 500 to 700. It is the heaviest vote in the county's history.

STATE IS RATHER CLOSE.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., Nov. 3.—(Special Telegram.)—Returns are coming in very slowly. The indications are that the state is very close. Senator Pettigrew's home ward and home town go against him for McKinley. Returns so far indicate republican loss.

LOOKS LIKE A LANDSLIDE

Douglas County Rolls Up a McKinley Majority.

REJECTS THE FREE SILVER DOCTRINE

Indications that the Republicans Have Elected Mercer and Every Man on the City and County Tickets.

With the closing of the polls last night the hottest political campaign in the history of the city was brought to an end, yet the climax was not reached. All last night the principal streets of the city contained a howling mass of people, who cheered and tooted thousands of tin horns as news of the result of the count progressed and was announced.

The Bee, as usual, had erected a large canvas upon which were thrown the bulletins as they came in over the telegraph wires. A powerful lime light was brought into play and as news of republican majorities was received the thousands of people who had gathered about The Bee building cheered until they were hoarse. When the picture of Major McKinley was displayed the enthusiasm knew no bounds, and the din that arose might have been heard for miles around.

The World-Herald displayed returns by the aid of a stereopticon, but the result was not satisfactory, owing to the fact that the operator was unable to get a focus that would bring out the figures with any degree of distinctness.

Down at the office of the Postal Telegraph company a stereopticon was in use and another large crowd gathered around the corner.

The telephone company grouped its telephones and supplied its patrons with the election results while they sat in their homes.

Early yesterday morning the Bryanites marshaled their forces for the fight, going upon the theory that victory was to perch upon their banner in this city. At noon they felt sure that their candidate would win out by a good-sized plurality, but early in the afternoon they gave up the fight, and in many of the wards pulled off their hustlers and sent them home. Soon after this the carriages that had been hired to haul voters to the polls were driven to the stables and the field was abandoned completely, being left in charge of the McKinley forces and the sound money democrats. Men who had bet their money on Bryan made a desperate attempt to get in out of the wet by hedging that their favorite would carry Alabama or some southern state that the republicans never claimed.

BRYANITES LEAVE THE FIELD.

When the polls closed at 6 o'clock there was scarcely a polling place in the city where a Bryan man could be found, yet everywhere the republicans were in high spirits. They felt that they had scored a victory, and that while they had rolled up a grand vote for the nominees on the national ticket, they had done the same for the state ticket and had elected nearly, if not quite, every man on the legislative, county and state ticket.

So far as the result is concerned it now looks as though the completed count would give the entire republican ticket in this county a plurality of 500 to 1,000.

The indications are that Mercer has carried the county by 2,000 over Duffie, with a chance that another 500 may be added to his plurality.

The official returns, so far as received, show the following:

One precinct in the Second ward gives McKinley, 127; Bryan, 155. The same precinct in 1894 gave Majors, rep., 105; Holcomb, fusion, 157.

In the Third ward one district gives McKinley, 135; Bryan, 47. The same precinct in 1894 gave Majors, rep., 62; Holcomb, fusion, 71.

In the Fourth ward six precincts give McKinley, 921; Bryan, 466. The same pre-

(Continued on Second Page.)

NEBRASKA IN DOUBT

Returns from the State Come Slowly, Preventing Accurate Statements.

STATE WILL PROBABLY GO FOR M'KINLEY

Count as Far as Reported Shows the Republican Candidate Leading.

UNUSUALLY HEAVY VOTE WAS CAST

Totals of Two Years Ago Are Exceeded Almost Everywhere.

FOUR REPUBLICAN CONGRESSMEN SAFE

Slow Count Retards the Report, but Partial Figures Favor the Sound Money Side of the Question.

Only 200 out of the 1,600 precincts in Nebraska have been heard from up to the hour of going to press. So far as received these returns give the McKinley and Hobart electors over 1,000 plurality. If this majority is kept up the republican presidential ticket will carry the state by a small margin.

Not only does the count seem to be retarded by slow counting, but the total vote polled is much heavier than two years ago, when 216,696 votes were cast in the gubernatorial election. Nearly every precinct heard from shows gains for both McKinley and Bryan over the vote for Majors and Holcomb in 1894 with which it must be compared. As usual the precincts first reported are those from the towns. So close is the contest that almost complete returns from all Nebraska counties will have to be had before a reliable statement of the approximate majority can be given.

The closeness of the vote on president indicates that the vote on the state ticket will also be close, as well as close contests for congress in three or four of the congressional districts. Three out of the six congressional districts appear to be safe for the republican candidates, with probabilities that four, if not all six, will go republican.

On legislative tickets nothing whatever is obtainable at this hour.

PARTIAL RETURNS FROM COUNTIES.

ADAMS: Hastings—Out of sixteen precincts in Adams county, six precincts give McKinley 1,177; Bryan, 1,046. The First and Second wards in the city are the only ones turned in. For governor: MacColl, 878; Holcomb, 339.

BUFFALO: Kearney—Five out of twenty-nine precincts in Buffalo, give McKinley, 655; Bryan, 547.

BURT: Tekamah—Ten out of seventeen precincts in Burt county give McKinley 424 plurality.

CEDAR: Hartington—Five precincts in Cedar county give McKinley, 311; Bryan, 428.

CHEYENNE: Sidney—Sidney precinct complete gives Bryan 12 majority. Count proceeding slowly, no reports from outside precincts.

COLFAX: Schuyler—Four out of fourteen precincts in Colfax county give: McKinley, 388; Bryan, 459. Three out of fourteen give: MacColl, 152; Holcomb, 214. One out of fourteen gives: Hammond, 58; Maxwell, 98.

CUMING: West Point—On account of slow counting no returns can be given; probabilities are a majority in the county for Bryan of 400.

DAWES: Chadron—Chadron precinct: McKinley, 253; Bryan, 232. Cannot get any more tonight.

DAWSON: Lexington—Four out of twenty-two precincts in Dawson county: McKinley, 374; Bryan, 470; MacColl, 380; Holcomb, 459.

DIXON: Ponca—Two out of sixteen precincts in Dixon county give: McKinley, 71; Bryan, 68; MacColl, 79; Holcomb, 70; Hammond, 71; Maxwell, 69. Counting slow; no more tonight.

FILLMORE: Geneva: Five out of sixteen precincts in Fillmore county give: McKinley, 607; Bryan, 612.

GAGE: Beatrice—Thirteen out of thirty-two precincts in Gage county give: McKinley, 1,263; Bryan, 1051. This does not include the city of Beatrice, which gives McKinley 501 majority. No figures on state ticket yet reported.

HALL: Grand Island—Seven out of nineteen precincts in Hall county give: McKinley, 1,072; Bryan 822. Four city precincts give: MacColl, 572; Holcomb, 441. Two precincts give: Andrews, 390; Southerland, 172.

HOLT: O'Neill—Six out of thirty-four precincts in Holt county give: McKinley, 229; Bryan, 392.

LANCASTER: Lincoln, Nov. 3.—Twenty-nine out of fifty-four precincts in Lancaster county give McKinley, 4,765; Bryan, 3,681. Thirty-three precincts out of the county give McKinley a majority of 1,050. So far as heard from McKinley's plurality in Bryan's own ward is 300, Bryan lost his own precinct by 97 votes.

LINCOLN: North Platte—Five out of forty-nine precincts in Lincoln county, including one precinct in North Platte: McKinley, 285; Bryan, 155. Two precincts outside North Platte: MacColl, 66; Holcomb, 8; Cady, 56; Greene, 7. Very close in North Platte.

MADISON: Norfolk—Intense interest was manifested in today's election. Both sides were eager and very much in earnest. Voting began early, and by noon two-thirds of the vote was polled. Total vote of Norfolk precinct, including the city of Norfolk, 1,254, out of which the republicans will have at least 200 majority. Democrats concede 150 in the precinct. The chairman of the republican central committee says Madison county will give 350 majority. Aside from intense excitement there was no disturbing feature in Norfolk.

MERRICK: Central City—Nine precincts out of eleven give McKinley 821; Bryan, 874.

ROCK: Bassett—Bassett and Newport precincts in Rock county give McKinley 121; Bryan, 72. A storm is raging. No returns from county precincts will be in tonight. McKinley and MacColl are sure of 100 plurality in this county.

SARPY: Papillion—Five out of eight precincts in Sarpy county give McKinley 347; Bryan, 654. Papillion precinct gives MacColl 120; Holcomb, 184. Two precincts give Mercer 214; Duffie, 260.

Gretna—Forest City precinct polled 324 votes, the largest ever polled here: McKinley, 73; Bryan, 245; Holcomb, 296; MacColl, 71; Mercer, 75; Duffie, 245; Richland, precinct polled 250 votes: McKinley, 68; Bryan, 182; Mercer, 64; Duffie, 162; Holcomb, 168; MacColl, 61.

STANTON: Stanton—Six out of ten precincts in Stanton county give McKinley, 485; Bryan, 617. The state ticket so far as counted is running the same.

VALLEY: Ord—Four out of sixteen precincts in Valley county give McKinley, 324; Bryan, 324; Cady (two precincts), 208; Greene (two precincts), 272.

WASHINGTON: Blair—City of Blair gives McKinley ninety-six majority, with eleven other precincts to hear from.

YORK: York—Eight out of twenty pre-