THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

E. ROSEWATER, Editor.

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THE BEE PUBLISHING COMPANY.

STATEMENT OF CIRCULATION.

State of Nebraska, Douglas County. } ss.

George B. Tzschuck, secretary of The Bee Publishing company, being duly sworn, says that the actual number of full and complete copies of the Daily Morning, Evening and Sunday Bee printed during the month of October, 1896, was as follows:

1	20,637	17	21,296
2	20,596	18	21,279
3	20,672	19	20,929
4	21,259	20	20,922
5	20,841	21	20,810
6	21,059	22	20,921
7	20,681	23	20,557
8	20,695	24	20,191
9	20,783	25	21,460
10	20,799	26	20,803
11	21,499	27	20,895
12	20,867	28	21,089
13	20,869	29	20,951
14	20,854	30	21,102
15	20,823	31	21,212
16	20,901		
Total			619,474
Less deductions for unsold and returned copies			12,907
Total net sales			606,567
Net daily average			20,534

GEORGE B. TZSCHUCK.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence this 31st day of October, 1896.

N. P. FEIL,
(Seal.) Notary Public.

Vote "yes" on the constitutional amendments.

Bill Greene denies that he was drunk at Sidney. They always deny it, but they are not always the ones to judge on that matter.

The Montana and Colorado barrel of free silver is now on tap at Bryan headquarters and all who wear the Bryan badge can have their share by asking for it.

Tom Watson is disgusted with the treatment he has received at the hands of Bryan and his managers. So ought every honest populist to be equally incensed.

How much of that silver swag which was donated to the Bryan campaign fund is to be disbursed in Omaha? Watch and see the effect of free silver on the popocratic workers.

No man loses a residence for the purpose of voting by being absent from his home temporarily. No man entitled to a vote should permit any one to bluff him out of exercising the franchise.

The sound and fury of the silverites in their zeal for honest election methods remind the observer of a certain foreign gentleman who lived long ago and of whom it was said "He doth protest too much."

Nebraska cannot afford to be disgraced by the election of an habitual inebriate to congress, or to any other office for that matter. This is a pointer for voters of the Sixth congressional district.

A. E. Cady is a clean, capable and energetic man, who, if elected to congress by the voters of the Sixth district, will make a most efficient representative and will be a credit to the whole state.

The free silverites who said that the rise in wheat was only temporary are again disappointed at wheat going still higher and staying up. If their predictions about wheat are disproved so quickly, they cannot have faith themselves in their own ante-election claims.

Do you want to make sure of the Transmississippi Exposition? If so, vote for McKinley and Mercer. A vote for Bryan means suspense and uncertainty in financial matters and that would absolutely prevent the holding of the exposition in 1898.

A solid republican delegation in congress from Nebraska would be worth a great deal to the people of this state. The state that has a delegation of active, united and harmonious congressmen is sure to get just about all it goes after in earnest.

Every workingman in Omaha should vote "yes" on the constitutional amendments, particularly the last amendment ballot, which authorizes counties, cities and precincts to vote aid to mills and factories. What the wage worker wants is an opportunity to get steady employment at fair wages.

Do not fail to vote "yes" on the last proposition on the constitutional amendment ballot, which grants authority to the people to vote aid to factories and mills. That amendment carried will do more to build up Omaha as a manufacturing center than the Platte river canal or any other project.

A. J. Lunt is the regular republican nominee for councilman from the Fifth ward and should poll the full republican vote. Mr. Lunt is a young attorney of good reputation and tireless energy. As councilman from the Fifth ward he will devote himself faithfully to the promotion of its interests.

The complaint of Omaha workingmen that Governor Holcomb has not given laboring men a fair show in his appointments is well grounded. The weakest spot in the governor's record is his indifference to the demands of organized labor and his failure to recognize his obligation to the workingmen of this city for his election two years ago.

By making an X mark opposite to the word "yes" on top of the constitutional amendment ballot you save the trouble of voting separately on each amendment. If, however, you want to vote against any particular amendment you must place no mark at the top of the ballot, but make your mark opposite each amendment, "yes" or "no."

WHAT BRYAN CANNOT EXPLAIN.

William Jennings Bryan has proved himself a superb actor. In his role as a second Abraham Lincoln he has succeeded in playing to "the common people" and seeking their plaudits as the champion of the masses. He has proclaimed himself the emancipator of white slaves and the eternal foe of corporate monopolies and trusts.

Let Mr. Bryan on his last tour through Nebraska explain to "the common people" how it comes that his public career is so at variance with his professions. In the language of the bible which he delights in quoting, Do figs grow from thistles or grapes from thorns? Mr. Bryan was a member of congress from 1891 to 1895. He was in position to grapple with monopoly and curb the power of trusts. He was in position to arraign the federal courts and the executive for government by injunction and military invasion of states. Why did not this sworn enemy of trusts introduce into congress an anti-trust bill? Why did he not lead the war upon trusts from his place in the national legislature? Why did not this professed champion of the oppressed toilers stand up in the house and denounce the acts which he now calls judicial usurpation? Why did he not introduce a resolution to investigate the conduct of the federal judges whom he now characterizes as corporate tools? Why did he not introduce a resolution of censure or impeachment for the president whom he now accuses of wilfully violating the law and the constitution? That was Congressman Bryan's prerogative as well as his duty if he honestly believed what he now asserts. If he had the convictions on this subject which he now professes, why did not he have the courage to stand up for the rights of "the common people," and especially the men engaged in the Pullman strike, even if he had to stand alone? Why did he remain silent when the resolution approving the course of Grover Cleveland in sending troops to Chicago without waiting for the call or consent of Governor Altgeld was offered and passed in the house of representatives in his presence?

As the self-proclaimed foe of monopolies and trusts how did William Jennings Bryan come to select as his running mate on the presidential ticket Arthur Sewall, a notorious life-long monopolist, a national banker, a railroad director, a millionaire and plutocrat of plutocrats? Why did Mr. Bryan spurn the association of a poor man, Tom Watson, on his ticket while claiming to be the poor man's friend? Abraham Lincoln was also associated on his ticket with a vice presidential candidate from Maine, but Hannibal Hamlin was as poor as Lincoln, and had been a friend of "the common people" all his life.

These are very pertinent questions that must strike thinking men as proof positive that Mr. Bryan's candidacy has been a masquerade, in which the chief actor has personated the greatest of American commoners, while the silver multimillionaires, silver mine speculators and stock jobbers are footing the bills for his performance.

THE LAST APPEAL.

It is presumed that there are very few voters in the country who have not made up their minds how they will cast their ballots tomorrow. The extraordinary campaign of education that will close today has commanded the thoughtful attention of the people to the paramount issue to a degree unprecedented in our history. Never before in a presidential canvass were men of all classes and conditions so profoundly interested as they have been in this campaign and never before was there so much done by party managers to enlighten the people on public questions. It will go into history as perhaps the most remarkable political contest ever carried on in the United States.

In making a last appeal, therefore, in behalf of the cause represented by the republican party—the cause of sound money and national honor—little more need be said than to urge every voter who believes in that cause not to fail to record his opinion at the ballot box. There has never been so strong a demand as is now made upon the patriotism of those who desire to preserve the national integrity, credit and good faith. The decision at the polls tomorrow will determine whether this country shall maintain its high standing among the nations, or shall deteriorate in the respect and confidence of the civilized world. The proposition that we abandon our monetary standard and adopt a lower one, with the avowed purpose of paying creditors with an inferior money—a money of less value than we received—is a proposition of repudiation and dishonor. It contemplates placing the United States in a position that would bring reproach upon the American name. It means to proclaim to the world that the American people are not honest and honorable, that their professions of integrity and fair dealing are not sincere. The success of such a proposition would put an ineffaceable blot upon our history and subject us to the just derision of mankind.

But republican victory means more than the maintenance of sound money and the preservation of national honor. It means also the restoration of a domestic policy that will give renewed life to American industries and create a demand for American labor. The party of free silver is also the party of free trade. Its candidate is an uncompromising foe to the principle of protection. For two years we have had partial free trade and everybody is familiar with the consequences. A change is necessary to the government and to the welfare of the people. There is need of more revenue and there is need of more work. Free silver would not put more money into the national treasury, but less; free silver would not increase demand for labor, but would throw hundreds of thousands now at work out of employment. A judiciously regulated tariff, such as the republican party is pledged to enact, would give the government adequate revenue and furnish work for the many who are idle. Free silver would be a wild and reckless experiment, condemned by all experience and certain to be fruitful of disaster. Protection has been tried and its merit demonstrated, as the unequaled progress attained under its operation for nearly a third of a century attests. We shall not again be prosperous until that system is restored, whatever monetary standard we may have.

If the cause of sound money and protection wins in tomorrow's election, and the signs point most strongly to its success, there is every assurance of a prompt recovery from financial distrust and industrial depression. Otherwise a worse condition of affairs than the country has yet experienced will ensue. That a majority of the voters of the country will not choose the latter alternative we confidently believe to be a foregone conclusion.

BRYAN BOODLE ON TAP.

The howl of the Omaha Bryanite organ about Mark Hanna's boodle is a cry of "stop thief" to distract the public from the boodle scheme of the silver millionaires. It is well known, notwithstanding all denials about the silver mine owners supplying money to support the cause of Bryan, that $10,000 was advanced to G. M. Hitchcock by Colorado silverites during the first part of the present campaign. How much of this money was used for campaign purposes and how much was set aside to grease the wheels of the Omaha Fake-Mill we have no means of knowing.

We are reliably informed, however, that $15,000 or thereabouts of silver boodle extracted from Montana, Utah and Colorado miners was brought to Omaha a week ago by G. M. Hitchcock with the explicit understanding that it was to be disbursed among the Bryan workers in Omaha, Lincoln and other parts of Nebraska. While this money has been held back till the last hour we have no doubt that it will be put in circulation within the next twenty-four hours. The Bee warns all republicans, and especially county and precinct committeemen, against the coming raid of the silver boodle men, who will seek to pull Bryan through by the purchase of venal voters. We have reason to believe that this has been the scheme of the silver trust from the outset.

CONTEMPTIBLE TACTICS.

David H. Mercer has been detained at Washington by the dangerous illness of his wife, who was prostrated with typhoid fever some two weeks ago. Rather than leave the bedside of his wife while her condition is critical, Mr. Mercer has taken his chances of defeat for re-election. The advantage given to his opponent by his absence, however, does not seem to satisfy the supporters of Judge Duffie. With cruel malice they are seeking to injure Mr. Mercer's candidacy by representing that he has made his wife's illness a pretext for purposely remaining away from Nebraska to save himself the trouble and annoyance of campaigning. To give additional color to these false reports they insinuate that Mr. Mercer on a former occasion deserted his friends during a campaign under similar circumstances. We mistake the temper of the people of Omaha and this district if they will permit the supporters of Judge Duffie to defeat Mr. Mercer by such contemptible tactics. Dave Mercer is not the man to shirk a duty or evade a responsibility. No man has been more anxious to be in the center of the fray in this state than he, and no man feels more keenly the affliction which compels him to remain away and deprive him of even casting his vote for William McKinley and the republican ticket.

BRYAN'S INCONSISTENCIES.

Mr. Bryan says the arguments of the advocates of sound money are full of contradictions. As a perpetrator of inconsistencies and contradictions in argument, however, the popocratic candidate is without a rival. The press of the country has been pointing this out from the beginning of the campaign and nothing has so well served to destroy the effect, with intelligent people, of Mr. Bryan's free silver deliverances.

At Fairfield, Ia., the question was propounded to Mr. Bryan whether it would be fair to the holder of our bonds to suddenly change his gold bonds or his bonds as good as gold into mere silver bonds. His reply to this was that it went on the assumption that gold and silver will not be maintained at a parity, "whereas we insist that under the free and unlimited coinage of silver at 16 to 1 we shall maintain the parity between gold and silver at the present legal ratio." Of course if this were the case the purchasing power of the silver dollar would be the same as the gold dollar; in other words, the free coinage of silver would leave us just where we are, so far as the value of the money is concerned. But Mr. Bryan has said that under free coinage the purchasing power of the dollar would be less. Last week this question was submitted to him by the New York Journal: "Is it true that as soon as we get free silver the purchasing power of the workingman's wages will decrease?" Mr. Bryan's reply was: "If you take the purchasing power of a single dollar, it will be less." Of course if a single dollar were reduced in purchasing power any number of dollars would be and in that case what becomes of the parity theory. At Lincoln, Ill., last week, Mr. Bryan said that the free coinage of silver "means that the purchasing power of the dollar will fall and when that commences the man who owns the dollar will be trying to get rid of the dollar." Manifestly this refers to the silver dollar, because under free coinage of silver nobody who had gold would want to get rid of it, so long as he could hold it for an advancing premium.

There is an obvious inconsistency in these statements of Mr. Bryan's, and we especially invite the attention of workingmen to the statement that free silver would decrease the purchasing power of their wages. Mr. Bryan did not say how much the decrease would be, but whatever the amount it would be, in effect to reduce their wages to that extent. What workingman who has regard for himself and his family's interests will vote for a policy that would thus affect him?

CONSPIRACIES MADE TO ORDER.

The Omaha Fake-Mill has gone off double shotted about another great conspiracy. This time it is a conspiracy to defeat the choice of the people by fraudulent registration and wholesale bribery of voters. The fakirs and mountebanks who have conjured up conspiracy upon conspiracy during the progress of this campaign assert that they know positively of a dozen names fraudulently registered and they assert further that hundreds of others are presumed to have been fraudulently added to registration lists.

If anyone knows of a single fraudulent registration it is his duty as well as his privilege to file complaints against registrars whom he knows to be conniving at frauds and against the men who perpetrate them. It is a penitentiary offense under the laws of Nebraska for any registrar to place upon the list of registered voters the name of any person whom he does not know to be entitled to vote at that precinct. It is also a penitentiary offense for any person to register illegally in any precinct where he is not entitled to vote.

Why do not the editors of the Fake-Mill who pretend to have positive knowledge of criminal attempts to falsify the registration cause the arrest of the parties whom they know to be implicated? Is not this cry of conspiracy rather to be interpreted as an attempt to cover up a conspiracy hatched in their own political councils? Is not this cry of wolf about Hanna's boodle merely a blind to conceal the distribution of the corruption fund provided by the silver bullionaires to carry Nebraska for Bryan and reform?

The people of Nebraska, and especially the citizens of Omaha, have long since ceased to be surprised at the periodic pretended discovery of conspiracies fabricated by the Bryanite Fake-Mill. They have been treated by that paper to too many forgeries, garbled quotations and monumental falsehoods to take any stock in its ravings. Nothing but the most desperate cause could have spurred it on to resort to such brazen lying.

Every honest republican desires to see an honest registration and fair election, and no republican of any standing will countenance any attempt to suppress a free expression of the popular will at the ballot box.

The enemies of Congressman Hainer are endeavoring to bring about his defeat through circulars distributed among German Lutherans of the Fourth district charging him in substance with having favored a duplicate of the Wisconsin Bennett law, introduced into the Nebraska legislature in 1873, which provides for the closing of all parish, parochial and private schools in the state. This charge is baseless and false in every particular. Mr. Hainer declares over his own name that he never favored such a measure, never advocated one of that character and never appeared before any committee of any legislature to advocate any change of our school laws. In fact, he never even heard or read of the existence of a bill favoring such change until the charges made against him came to his notice. Another report designed to injure Mr. Hainer is being circulated among Catholics of his district, charging him with being a member of the American Protective association. This Mr. Hainer also positively denies. Mr. Stark's chances for election must be very poor indeed if they have to be bolstered by such fakes.

All judges and clerks of election should be notified to be at their posts at least half an hour before 8 o'clock on the morning of Tuesday. There is always a good deal of preliminary work to be done before an election board is ready for business. The furniture of the booth has to be arranged, fires started, the poll-books opened and prepared, a quantity of tickets signed by the judges, the officers to be sworn in and other details to be arranged. Heretofore this work has too often been postponed until after the polls were opened, and great inconvenience has resulted to officials and voters. At this election every minute will count. There should be the utmost economy of time.

Do not deceive yourself nor allow any one else to deceive you. The shortest road to the restoration of confidence and prosperity is the road that has given us confidence and prosperity in former years. There was less money in the United States in 1890 than there is today, but we had all the money we needed to run factories and mills at full blast and carry on a profitable commerce at home and abroad. The coinage of more dollars will not make work or give employment to idle labor. The coinage of more dollars will not make capital venture into new enterprises.

Senator Hill hasn't taken back a word of his Chicago convention speech yet. In that speech he stigmatized the Chicago platform as threatening revolution and said he would never follow such a revolutionary step. Bryan following Hill said the silver men cared nothing for the assistance of the gold democrats. "We beg no more! We entreat no more! We defy them!" said Mr. Bryan. No wonder that Mr. Hill does not view open defiance as a very enticing invitation into the silver camp.

Tom Watson says he prefers to have his populist friends stay at home rather than go to the polls and vote for Sewall. Sewall would doubtless say the same thing about Watson if he gave utterance to his own honest conviction. The love lost between Sewall and Watson will not interfere with any political match-making.

Mr. Bryan's paper, the Omaha World-Herald, explains that it has no particular reason for objecting to the adoption of the constitutional amendment authorizing the legislature to provide for the introduction of the voting machine, but that it merely objects on general principles. The voting machine is a step in the direction of greater secrecy of the ballot and greater accuracy of the count, and therefore Mr. Bryan's paper is agin' it. Vote for all the amendments.

The order of the count must be indelibly impressed on the minds of the election officials. The all-absorbing interest lies in the election of president and next to that in the election of congressman and governor. The people have a right to expect prompt returns on these offices first. The local tickets, while also of great importance, will keep until the national and state tickets are counted.

The workingman who votes his convictions irrespective of whether his employer votes the same way or not is the workingman who makes the best and most useful citizen. He will vote against Bryan and free silver because he knows free silver cannot help him and if his vote is cast for the same ticket for which his employer votes, so much the better for both of them.

It is to be noticed that Mexican dollars have not gone to a premium in anticipation of their doubling in value with the election of Bryan. This is the best possible proof that not even Mr. Bryan's most intimate friends have the remotest idea that he will be elected or that, even if he were, his election would send silver bullion to $1.29 an ounce or anywhere near it.

VOTE FOR THE AMENDMENTS

One Cross Mark at the Top of the Ballot is All that is Necessary.

Twelve constitutional amendments are to be voted on at the election on Tuesday. The adoption of these amendments is of the utmost importance, first to bring the provisions of our constitution up to date, second to save the taxpayers the needless expense of $150,000 for a constitutional convention to revise the constitution, and third to abolish existing abuses and effect material economies in the conduct of the state government. Every one of the twelve proposed amendments commends itself to the intelligent voter.

Every voter will be provided with a separate official ballot for the constitutional amendments. This ballot is so arranged that the voter can vote for all the amendments by making one cross mark at the top of the ballot, as follows:

Proposed Amendments to the Constitution	Yes	X
	No	

Under the law requiring a majority of all votes cast, failure to vote for the amendments is the same as voting against them. Therefore do not vote "no" on any proposition. Vote "yes" at the top of the ballot and pay no attention to what follows. Above all things, do not fail to mark the separate ballot for the amendments.

THE REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

Ashland Gazette: Vote for J. H. MacColl, the farmers' candidate for governor.

Bayard Transcript: Vote for honesty and true manhood. Vote for John H. MacColl for governor.

O'Neill Frontier: The present secretary of state, J. A. Piper, has made a good and faithful officer, and will be re-elected by a largely increased majority.

Herman Review: Every farmer in Nebraska counts on Jack MacColl standing by them and their interests, as he is one of them, and a noble-hearted, loyal Nebraskan in every respect.

Central City Nonpareil: Secretary Piper has made an able and efficient officer. Some people objected to his decisions in the contest cases, but he was sustained on every point by the supreme court. Vote for him.

Fullerton Journal: Take no stock in the lies about Corbett; they have been proven false by credible witnesses and events which have transpired since. He has made the best superintendent of schools the state has ever had.

Cresco Courier: If any candidate on the republican state ticket is elected that one will be State Superintendent Corbett, and it will be largely because the people despise contemptible campaign methods, especially when employed against an efficient public officer.

Wahoo Wasp: Secretary of State Piper has made an excellent officer and will be re-elected by a good majority. Some of the demopops are complaining because Mr. Piper put the democratic electors on the ballot. The supreme court sustained Mr. Piper and the people will sustain him also.

Chappell Register: The republican convention recognized the Swedish part of our inhabitants by nominating Ole Hedlund for state auditor. Mr. Hedlund has for the past four years been Auditor Moore's deputy and has shown himself to be an honest, painstaking official. See that your "X" is opposite his name.

Chappell Register: For secretary of state Joel A. Piper is the republican candidate. Nebraska has never had a secretary that has filled the office in a more successful and honest manner than he. He is very popular with all who become acquainted with him. In all his rulings, where appeals have been taken, he has been sustained by the courts, thus showing a level, honest head. He should receive the vote of every republican and many others.

Syracuse Journal: Hon. Jack MacColl, the man whom destiny has selected to be the next governor of Nebraska, is a fine, whole souled gentleman, who makes friends wherever he goes, and if he only had the time to travel all over the state, not only every republican, but every intelligent democrat, would vote for him. He is an earnest, sincere man, honest in every fiber of his being, and will make an ideal governor of this great commonwealth. Let every republican and every democrat who loves the state and wishes to see it prosper vote for Jack MacColl.

Gibbon Beacon: No man stands higher in the estimation of all who know him than Charles E. Casey of Pawnee county, candidate for state treasurer. He is the soul of honor and stands by his principles regardless of consequences or the importunities of friends. A little instance which happened at the republican state convention illustrates the man. After Mr. Casey had received the nomination some who had supported him went to him and said that now he was nominated he could afford to buy a keg of beer for some of his friends to drink. Mr. Casey replied that he was not of the beer-buying or beer-drinking kind; he would furnish all the lemonade his friends could drink, but nothing stronger. The treasurer of the state of Nebraska should not only be an honest, honorable, capable man, but one who knows when and how to say no, and that kind of a man is Charles E. Casey.

WINNERS IN RACE FOR CONGRESS.

Friend Telegraph: A vote for Hon. E. J. Hainer for congress is a vote for the hardest worker Nebraska has ever had in congress.

Atkinson Graphic: In the interest of good government let every prohibitionist in Holt county vote for A. E. Cady for congress. You have no earthly chance to elect either of your nominees, and a vote for them only increases the chances of the populist nominee.

Steinauer Star: Hon. J. B. Strode, our candidate for congress, has represented this district for the past two years and has given general satisfaction to his constituents. Mr. Strode is an able and honorable representative and the voters of this district will see that he is re-elected by a rousing majority.

Battle Creek Republican: By all means vote for Ross Hammond for congressman. He is one of the most capable and deserving men on the whole ticket. Elect him and the Third district will be looked after by a tireless worker who possesses the strength, ability and inclination to champion the masses of the people in an emergency. Vote for Hammond.

Auburn Post: The only charge that the opposition has yet brought against Congressman Strode is that he has not been a noisy congressman and that the world has not heard from him in eloquent speeches. Judge Strode is not a man of mouth and eloquence, but a man of words and deeds. There is not a harder worker in congress than Judge Strode. He is a man who attends strictly to his business.

Talmage Tribune: Jesse B. Strode has nearly completed a canvass of the First congressional district, and from all points have come reports of enthusiastic meetings. Mr. Strode proved himself a faithful servant in the last congress, and his work will be indorsed by an overwhelming majority at the polls. He stands squarely upon the republican platform, is an earnest and able advocate of the two great factors in American prosperity—protection and sound money.

Minden Gazette: Congressman Andrews will be re-elected by a larger majority next Tuesday than he received two years ago. He has made a splendid campaign, and in doing it he has discussed the issues before the people in a gentlemanly way, relying upon the truths of history and the logic of facts, trusting in the intelligence and integrity of the people, instead of resorting to frantic appeals to the prejudice of one class or one nationality against another. His record in congress has been thoroughly consistent with his promises to the people who elected him. We all know him to be a man of the strictest integrity, morally incorruptible, and intellectually the peer of any man in congress. Principles count more with him than his election to congress. The one term which he has already served with credit to himself and honor to his party, has but little more than thoroughly introduced him to official life, and he will start in upon his second term well equipped to accomplish for the people of the Fifth district, legislation which an entirely new man could not. With the administration and the heads of different departments in the hands of a hostile party, his work was very satisfactory, and as a faithful servant should, and we believe will be, remembered by the voters next Tuesday. Vote for Andrews.

Albion News: Ross Hammond is a young, vigorous, able man, consistent and straightforward in politics. Maxwell is a man nearly 80 years of age, decrepit and feeble, who was a republican so long as they would keep him in office, and who is now the candidate of a conglomeration of populists, democrats and prohibitionists. He is too feeble to leave his home, and has not done so during the whole campaign. If elected about all he could do would be to draw his salary. We want something more in our congressman from the great Third district.

Wahoo Wasp: The Fourth congressional district of Nebraska is exceedingly fortunate in having been represented in the past four years by one of the ablest and most energetic men in congress, Hon. E. J. Hainer, has given prompt, efficient and valuable services. Are they appreciated? There is not a question or doubt as to his re-election but we desire to call especial attention of the voters of this district to statements made derogatory to the official or personal character of Mr. Hainer. Look out for any false statements liable to be made by the opposition. Vote early for your faithful representative, E. J. Hainer, for congress.

VOTE FOR THE AMENDMENTS.

Sutton Advertiser: The constitutional amendments submitted for adoption should not be overlooked next Tuesday. When you vote for the new judges of the supreme court make that vote effectual by voting for the constitutional amendments that provide for additional judges.

Albion News: Vote for the constitutional amendments. There is no politics whatever in these. They are, most of them, approved by voters of all parties. If some of these do not carry it will necessitate the calling of a constitutional convention, which will cost the state many thousands of dollars.

THE CHEAP DOLLAR.

Food for Thought for the Workingman with a Job.
Chicago Tribune.

Mr. Bryan said in a letter to a New York newspaper that if free silver should be successful "the purchasing power of a single dollar will be less." That is explicit. Every man who thinks he gets too much for his money today should vote for Bryan.

Cheating Labor.
Chicago Chronicle.

In a letter to the Evening Journal of New York Mr. Bryan answers the following questions:

"Is it true that as soon as we get free silver the purchasing power of the workingman's wages will decrease?"

The essential part of Mr. Bryan's answer is in these words:

"If you take the purchasing power of a single dollar it will be less."

What does the Chicago workingman think of that admission by the man who sets himself up as the candidate of the "toiling masses?" The purchasing power of a single dollar will be less, and of course the purchasing power of ten or twenty or any other number of single dollars will be less.

What does the workingman think he could get out of a dollar which Bryan admits would buy less meat, potatoes, flour, sugar, coffee, clothing, school books and other necessaries and comforts than the dollar he now gets on pay day? Does he really think that a dollar which would buy less, on the average, of the things he wants would be better for him?

Even if the Bryan dollar would buy only 5 per cent less than the present dollar, instead of 40 or 50 per cent less, it is a strange sort of thing to offer to the workingman as a thing to make him better off.

Are You Willing to Divide?
Kansas City Star.

The man who has a job which he is certain of keeping as long as he does his work properly, who gets regular wages or a sure salary every time pay day comes around, has not been able to extract much encouragement from the promises held forth by the free silver advocates. Mr. Bryan himself has treated very gingerly the subject of the reduced purchasing power of the laboring man's wages under free coinage. The nearest he has come to a specific declaration on that subject was in a speech at Bloomington, Ill., last week. This is what he said there:

"If you take the purchasing power of a single dollar it will be less, but when you remember that at the present time a great

A BIG BLUFF

WILL SELL A GOOD MANY INFERIOR SUITS OF CLOTHES TO PERSONS WHO ARE TEMPTED BY RIDICULOUSLY LOW PRICES FOR A WHILE.

A VERY GOOD LOOKING SUIT MAY BE MADE TO SELL FOR A FEW DOLLARS, AND YOU CAN'T TELL TILL YOU WEAR IT A WHILE THAT IT'S ABOUT HALF COTTON.

WE OFFER YOU THE BEST READY-MADE CLOTHING IN THE WORLD—THE BEST WE KNOW HOW TO MAKE—WARRANTED ALL WOOL—GUARANTEED IN EVERY RESPECT—AND WE CAN FIT YOUR PURSE AS WELL AS YOUR FIGURE.

IT WOULD DO YOU NO HARM TO LOOK OVER OUR ASSORTMENT. YOU ARE WELCOME, AND WE WOULD LIKE TO PROVE THE WORTH OF OUR GOODS OVER ALL OTHERS.

B&K TRADE MARK

BROWNING, KING & CO.
S. W. Cor. 15th and Douglas Sts

That's Another Story.
Somerville Journal.

If Abraham Lincoln really told all the stories that are attributed to him, it is hard to see how he found time to do anything else.

Superlative Nerve.
Chicago Times-Herald.

What a magnificent advertisement for somebody's nerve tonic Mr. Bryan would make. Think of his offering the country a 50-cent dollar for a $50,000 job.

Mexicanizing America.
Philadelphia Record.

The siren song of cheap silver will never seduce American workingmen into Mexicanizing themselves by giving their support to a scheme which would measure the value of their wages and savings by a 50-cent dollar.

The Impact of Thrift.
Globe-Democrat.

The people of this country are not longing for the day when, as Secretary Carlisle says, "thrift and economy will be punished by confiscation and indolence rewarded by spoliation." Therefore, they are going to vote Bryanism down by one of the biggest majorities on record.

Well, What About This?
New York Sun.

The managers of the Chicago & Alton railroad allowed all their employes who could be spared from duty to have the happiness of hearing Mr. Bryan at Bloomington on Tuesday. Coercion! Intimidation! Is there no limit to the insolence of corporate wealth? Where is Jones? Jones ought to proclaim against the Chicago & Alton. What surer way is there of forcing a man to vote for McKinley than to let him hear Bryan?

Bryan's Farewell.
Chicago Post.

Bryan bade farewell to Chicago Thursday night in a voice as hoarse as that of the raven that croaked the fatal entrance of Duncan under the battlements of Macbeth. For three days he had done his best to stir the elements of discontent and class hatred to a pitch of animosity bordering on the fury that moved the mobs that preceded the Haymarket massacre. But he spread himself out too thin trying to cover the whole city. Only the colossal conceit of the man wishing to exhibit himself to multitudes prevents that concentration of harangues upon the same people that moves them to wild lawlessness.

Pile Up the Votes.
New York Independent.

The indications are that we shall have phenomenal pluralities in the east for McKinley, and large majorities in the middle west. There will be more than enough electoral votes to make him president; but every man who has a vote ought to give it to the cause. The pluralities cannot be too large. We want to settle these issues forever. We want the moral weight of an overwhelming vote to show the mind of the country; to convince Mr. Bryan and his supporters that their cause is utterly hopeless; to assure the world that we are not a nation of fools or knaves, and to emphasize the power of the public conscience.

GOOD ADVICE FOR THE VOTERS.

Auburn Post: Voters, do not forget that the republican state platform comes out squarely in favor of mutual insurance and that all the republican candidates are standing upon that platform.

Sutton Advertiser: The sugar beet industry alone is of more practical vital interest to the farmers of Nebraska than free coinage of silver and the republican party stands pledged for this new industry.

Tecumseh Chieftain: A vote for William Jennings Bryan is a vote to make the United States supreme court subservient to party interests. If you don't believe it, read the plank in the Chicago platform referring to the supreme court.

Friend Telegraph: Since the election of four years ago thousands of voters have regretted that they cast their vote. Do not let that occur with you again. With a dollar worth 100 cents and protection this country cannot be otherwise than prosperous.

Hebron Journal: The standing of the state of Nebraska is an issue in this campaign. We are given credit for too much intelligence to believe that unlimited coinage of silver at 16 to 1 will secure bimetallism. Having the intelligence, we are credited with too much honor to vote for a depreciated and dishonest dollar. Let us show the American people that Nebraska will not disappoint them on the 3d of November.