CZAR ARRIVES AT LEITH

Lands in Scotland and is Taken at Once to Queen at Balmoral

RUSSIA'S RULER GREETED BY ROYALTY

Prince of Wales Receives the August Party and Immense Crowds Assemble to See the Spectacle.

(Copyright, 1896, by the Associated Press.) LEITH, Scotland, Sept. 22.-The Russian yacht Standard and the Pole Star were sighted at the entrance of the Firth of Forth at 10:30 this morning and the news was immediately telegraphed to the prince of Wales, who was in charge of the arrangements for the reception of the czar and ezarina, and who will accompany the Russian visitors to Balmoral.

The prince of Wales, the duke of Connaught, M. de Staal, the Russian ambassador to the court of St. James, Lord Rosebery and a number of high military officials in single file, arrived at the jetty from Dalmeny at 11 o'clock and were received by an escort of the Enniskillon dragoons. Rain was falling heavily and the sky and general surroundings were most forbidding, but in spite of this enormous crowds of people lined the way to the docks and greeted the arrival the royal party with the greatest en siasm. The prince of Wales were the thusiasm. uniform of the Kieff dragoons and the duke of Connaught was in the uniform of the Scots guards.

After inspecting the reception room, the royal party joined the duchess of Buccleuch and the countess of Lytton and embarked board the steamer Eantallon Castle in order to meet the czar and czarina. channel fleet, which lined the Firth of Forth, saluted as the prince of Wales and the royal party traversed the lines.

The Russian imperial yachts on their arrival were sainted by the fleet and immediately dropped anchor. The Eantallon Castle soon afterwards ran alongside the Standard, the latter having their Russian majesties on board.

The prince of Wales, the duke of Con-

naught and M. de Staal went on board and welcomed the ezar and ezarina to Leith. The greetings exchanged between the imperial travelers and the British princes were most affectionate. The party after-wards lunched together on board the Stand-

Though the weather was far from being all that could be wished for, there was no mistaking the fact that the people of Leith and its vicinity had turned out in great numbers, determined to give the imperial travelers a hearty welcome to the shores of Scotland. The whole harbor was full of merchant vessels from all parts of the world and they were all decked from stem to stern with bunting and placed in the neatest possible trim on both sides of the water so that after passing through the lines of powerful war ships, the progress of the Standard up the Firth of Forth was parade-like in the extreme.

The precautions taken affoat for the pro-ection of their majesties were unprecedented, it is believed, in usval annals boats, steam launchez and torpede boats of the smaller class, from the war ships Majestic, Magnificent, Repulse and Resolution, each detachment commanded by a lieutenant, formed a complete net around the Russian imperial yacht in order, os-tensibly, to prevent the shore boats from crowding about the Standard, but in reality to prevent any possibility of an attempt to commit a dynamite or other outrage. The shore boats were in such vast numbers of the water that there is no doubt that the precautions taken by the British naval au-

GUARDED BY TORPEDOES. The precautions adopted ashore we thorough, although few people give more than a passing thought now to the alleged lynamite conspiracy supposed to have been discovered by Scotland Yard. On the Eantallon Castle, ashore, on the train which was to take their majesties to Balmoral, at different places along the route at Ballater and about Balmoral itself were picked members of the Russian secret police and the most trusted members of the czar's Nihilist detectives. Other Russian detectives were on board the Standard and they were reinforced on landing by a picked squad of the best Scotland Yard detectives, who will remain attached to the czar and czarina's party until they leave Great

After luncheon their imperial majestic boarded the Eantailon Castle, accompanied by the British princes, and the proceeded slowly up the Firth of Forth, closely guarded by the swarm of picket boats, through the lines of the British fleet, all the war ships flying the Russian ensign. As the Standard passed each war ship fired a royal salute and the sailors manned the sides of the yards, as the case might be, with marines on parade and the bands playing the Russian national anthem bands playing the Russian national anthem. While the Eantalion Castle was approaching the jetty, she passed between guard lines formed by two cutters from each of the war ships in the Firth of Forth.

After the Eantalion Castle had passed

through the lines of cutters the cars were at another signal, dropped simultaneously and then the men-of-war cutters formed up in column astern of the steamship and owed her to the jetty.

The czar and czarina landed at the jetty at exactly 1:40 p. m. As they stepped ashore the troops presented arms and the massed bands played the Russian anthem.
The czar and czarina were escorted ashorby the prince of Wales and the duke of Connaught and were met by a large num field officers in full uniform. guard of honor was composed of picked blue jackets from the fleets, while the czar's es cort consisted of a detachment of the royal Scots grays (Second dragoons) of which the czar is colonel-in-chief. A detachment of 400 policemen and a regiment of High-landers lined the street leading from the jetty to the railroad station 400 yards dis-tant. The reception room of the station was made brilliant with flags and flowers. the Russian ensigns being entwined with that of Great Britain. The jetty to the spot here the state carriages from Buckingham palace mews were in waiting to convey the imperial and royal party to the station was carpeted and lined by blue jackets and marines on each side. The train in waiting was what is known as the "queen's special." a train specially built for the use of her majesty, and containing every convenience it is possible to place in a railroad car.

CZARINA IS GENIAL. The czar wore the uniform of the Scots reys. He and the czarina were ushered into the reception room, where the members of the municipal councils of Leith and Edinburgh were present in full robes of office. The provost of Leith and Edinburgh welcomed the visitors to Scotland. The czar was cold in his demeanor, but the czarina won the heart of every one by her spontan-cous geniality. The imperial party and the cous geniality. The imperial party and the imembers of the royal family shortly afterwards left the room and entered the state carriages, which, in spite of the rain, were left open out of consideration for the pleasure which the multitude of spectators experienced in seeing the distinguished Russian travelers. Escorted by the Scots Greys, they traversed the gaily decorated and troops, liped output and streets for over a troops-lined quays and streets for over a cisi train in the railroad station, according to program, the imperial party was excerted on board the train at the junction of the bridge and the station. This was probably another precaution taken for the safety of the egar and czarina. There was great military display and much cheer imperial train drew away en

route to Ballater. The extraordinary arrangements to pre-vent injury to the royal guests created a pression. While everybody was in attire and the streets were profusely decorated, soldiers, detectives and police laca again.

with special Russian detectives were at every turn. Every foot of the railway tracks from Leith to Ballater was guarded and constant search of the nearby neighborhood was kept up prior to and during the trip of their majestles through this city.

WELCOMED WITH BAG PIPES.

BALLATER, Sept. 22.—The queen's special train bearing the czar and czarina and the members of the English royal family who accompanied them, arrived here at 7.95 o'clock this evening. After the formal reception by the municipal authorities the czar and czarina entered an open state carriage, and, escorted by the Scots Greys drove to Balmoral. As the imperial person ages started on their drive, the first bon fire was lighted on the mountain peak. Ar rived at the entrance of the castle ground: of Balmoral, the servants of the castle and the Ballater and Grathie volunteers led the procession of carriages with flaming torches. Three other bonfires on the adjoining peaks illumined the mountain side with a great area of light. Balmoral castle was reached pipes meantime sounding a shrill welcome and the torches carried by the servants being thrust high in the air, accompanied by foud cheering of all the attendants. Be-fore the Russian party disappeared within doors, the terchbearers marched past them

JAPAN'S SERIES OF DISASTERS

Fire and Earthquake Wipe Out Villages and Many Lives Are Lost. SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 22.—The city of disastrous conflagration on August 26, and floods and storms and earthquakes caused the loss of 2,500 lives and the destruction of millions of dollars worth of property in northern Japan The steamer Doric, from the Orient,

brought news of a series of catastrophies that have befallen the Mikado's realm that are unprecedented in its history. In Gifu prefecture 4,300 homes were blown down and along the Haji-Gawa 400 persons lost their lives. The severest storm occurred on August 30. Along the Isatsugawa eightyfour lives were lost. The great flood was preceded by a severe earthquake. Then followed a downpour such as has never before been experienced on the island. The European residents were panic-stricken and sought shelter on the highlands. The Minatogwa overflowed its banks at midnight of the 26th ultimo and the waters inundated streets and fields, sweeping away 300 houses and drowning 200 persons at Kobe. After twelve hours' work the broken embankments were repaired by sandbags. To make the fate of Kobe worse, a fire broke out late in the evening and fanned by the high wind, spread over the entire city. One thousand nine hundred blocks, including 2,260 houses, were destroyed totally and ten houses, two police boxes, one fire brigade station, four temples and one theater partially. The burnt area comprises ten streets. The total dam-

age by fire was 1,000,000 yen. On September 1, in Rokugo district, a terrible series of earthquakes shook the country. Nine people were killed there and more than forty at Hataya, Senya, Takanashi, Yokohori, Yokozawa, Nagashida, Shimsu and Fujik, where the disaster was especially great. The hills at Senya cracked. Fires broke out here and there. Water gushed out in many places and rumblings continue. At Obonai, eleven persons were killed. Rokuga the people killed number more than twenty and the houses overturned about and the houses overturned about A ferry boat at Hizuma capsized 1,000. and twenty Japanese and whites lost their lives.

EXPECT IMPORTANT BATTLE SOON.

British Forces Fellow the Dervishes Looking for a Fight.

MIOWERAT, near Dongola, Sept. 22 .- (via Kerma-on-the-Nile, Tuesday evening.)-It would appear from the reports of the scouts who have been following the trail of the Dervish force which retreated from El Hafir that an important and decisive battle, for this stage of the campaign, will be fought morrow morning or a little later.

The Anglo-Egyptian expedition is now en camped here awaiting early dawn in order move upon the positions occupied by Miowerat is situated about fivhe enemy. miles from Dongola and unless the unexpected happens the strength of the Der vishes in the Dongola district will be thoroughly overthrown. Spies in the employ of the intelligence department who have returned from the camp of the emir of Dor ola, report that Wad Bishara has decided o resist the Anglo-Egyptian advance the utmost, and has threatened with death any of his followers who retreat.

The report that Dongola had been rece

ipled by the Dervishes is incorrect. The Aboukla this morning returned to longola, upon the instructions of Sir Her pert Kitchener and commenced bombarding the forts and earthworks. Fire was kept upon them until the forts were dismantled and the earthworks were rendered com-paratively useless. Therefore, even should the Dervishes succeed in reoccupying the place, they will find very little to protect them against the fire of the Anglo-Dgyptian

CAIRO, Sept. 22.—Official advices received here say that the scouts of the Anglo-Egyptian expedition report that the Der-vishes have halted at Gerada, five miles

REBEL BANDS DEVASTATING CUBA Const Towns Said to Be Crowded with

Starving Refugees. NEW YORK, Sept. 22 .- A dispatch to the Herald from Vera Cruz says: A correspondent in Pinar del Rio declares that Antonio Macco's negro rebel bands are completely overrunning the western portion of the provinces, burning settlements, assarsinat ing ail pacicos and outraging women. They blow up passenger trains and bridges with dynamite; destroying other foreign and native property, burning tobacco fields and cut down the coffee plantings and thus desolate the entire country. The coast towns are crowded with staving refugees, the sun is obscured by smoke by day and heavens are lighted by the burning of dids at night. General Woyler is frying reinforcements thre the province

b check the dire destruction. Letters received here from Santa Clara and other central Cuban towns assert that Captain General Weyler's amnesty decree is a farce. Rebels surrendering and ex-pecting the annesty therein are assaupecting the amnesty therein are assau-sinated. Though received by the Spanish military outposts with open arms and tem-porarily liberated, they are lavariably rearrested within a fortnight as spies or incendiaries, tried and convicted by a drum head court martial and shot.

Czar Discusses Armenta. BIRMINGHAM, Sept. 22.-The Post today says that at the expressed degire of the ezar important communications upon the Armenian question have passed between the marquis of Salisbury and M. de Staal, the Russian ambassador at London, in which pertain points have been agreed upon in the basis for a consultation between

the czar and the marquis of Salisbury. Only Three Victims This Time. CONSTANTINOPLE. Sept.

turbances occurred on September 18 a Gumashmaden, in the villayet of Kharput owing to an incursion of the Kurds. No details have been received Troops have been dispatched to the scene. Three Armenians were murdered at Angorao September 2015. per 14 on account of an outbreak of fire a that place.

American Ship Runs Agreend. SHANGHAL Sent, 22.—The American ship Luzon, Captain Pack, which left New York on May 12 for this port, passing Anferon August 18, has grounded on the bar at Woo Sung. It is probable that she will se floated after she has been lightened, but be drydocked before putting to

MARTINELLI AND HIS PLANS

Satolli's Successor Sails from Queenstown Next Sunday.

SPEAKS ENGLISH LANGUAGE FREELY

Declines to Discuss American Pol-Ities, but Talks Kindly of the United States and the

American People.

Copyright, 1896, by Press Publishing Company.) DUBLIN, Sept. 22 .- (New York World Cablegram - Special Telegram.)-His excellency, Most Rev. Dr. Martinelli, archthus without any incident. The queen and princess Beatrice received their imperial guests at the door of the castle and the warmest greetings were exchanged the baglin last evening, on a brief visit to the accompanied by Very Rev. Charles O'Driscoll of Bryn Mawr, Pa., American provincial of the Augustinian order. Father O'Driscoll studied theology under Dr. Martinelli at Rome and was present at his consecration. His excellency intends to leave Dublin tomorrow for Cork, where another branch of the community were in the majority and a routine nature.

The strement caused quite a sensation the reports of the various committees and of the reports of the various comm Kobe, Japan, was recently wiped out by a on the Campania from Queenstown on Sun- had succeeded in impressing upon his audiday for New York.

cember 6, 1863, and became a professor empire at stake.

January 6, 1865. After a distinguished The Berlin course he was ordained priest in March, 1871. Times quotes For sixteen years he filled the chair of theology at the Irish Augustinian college, Santa from an unusually well informed corre-Maria, in Posterula. In 1889 he was elected spondent which is said to have evaded the general of the order and on the conclusion of the term of his office he was re-elected for twelve years last September. His nomination as envoy involves his retirement from the generalship.

Dr. Martinelli is said to be learned, hum-ble, retiring, shrewd and true in his judgment of men and things, and may be trusted to repeat the successes of his predecessor, Cardinal Satolli. He is of low stature, dark omplexion, well marked features and pleasand countenance.

TALKS OF HIS MISSION. An interviewer, having called at the Au-gustinian convent, Thomas street, Dublin, famous as the scene of the execution of Robert Emmet a century ago, was received courteously by Dr. Martinelli, who spoke candidly, though with natural reserve on some topics. Questioned as to the duration f his mission, he replied he did not know how long he would remain in America as

delegate apostolic. "I go as any other delegate." he added. "No opinion of that kind can be formed, ex-cept in case of a temporary and express mission. I am there at the disposal of the holy father. There is no fixed term of office for an apostolic delegate

He went on to say in reply to further ques-ions, he intended to make Washington his headquarters. He would remain general of the Augustinian order until the Feast of Penticost, next year. Dr. Tomas Rodrigues Spaniard from the Philippine Islands, had been appointed vicar general locum tenens

The interviewer having ventured to refer to the American presidential election, his excellency smilingly remarked he was aware the election was pending, and added aware the election was pending, and added, But a delegate is only for ecclesiastical affairs, and the Holy See cannot interfere with that. We will take charge of the ec-clesiastical affairs of all Catholics without distinction of politics or nationality."

Questioned as to the length of Cardinal Satolli's stay in America after his arrival ne said: "I do not know exactly how long ne will remain. He is awaiting my arrival he said:

and probably after a week, more or less, he will leave for Rome. Cardinal Satolli will receive the cardinal's hat at the consistory to be held in November or December.

WHERE HE LEARNED ENGLISH. The interviewer having remarked on Dr. Martinelli's command of the English language, his excellency laughingly replied:
"I knew it a little better some time ago.
You know I had been fifteen years teaching as professor at an Irish Augustinian col-lege at Rome. We always spoke in Eng-lish to students, but in 1859 I was appointed general of the order, so I lost some practice at the language. I hope, however to be able to recover the lost ground," He stated he had been in America for three months in 1893, visiting the American province of the Augustinian order. Asked as to his impres-sion of America, he said: "Well, you can say I was pleased, very much pleased, when there for the liberty and good will I enjoyed. In every street car, train and publi place I went, from everybody. I got the greatest signs and proofs of esteem mor than in Catholic countries, you may say, i

Questioned as to how long he intended to remain in New York, he replied he did not know, but if the passage across the Atlantic was as rough as that from Holyhead o Kingstown he would require some time to rest in New York, whence he would proceed direct to Washington.

LONDON FEARS FOR ITS GOLD.

BALLARD SMITH.

Bank of England May Again Advance Its Rates. LONDON, Sept. 22.—The Westminster Ga-

zette this afternoon says that there is increasing probability of an early advance of the bank rate, which was 2% last Thursday, to 3 per cent, adding that, apart from the gold withdrawn from the bank yesterday, £100,009 was bought in the open market for the continent, and that a slight further decline of French checks would bring within sight the probability of gold exports to

Paris. Continuing, the Westminster Gazette re marks: 'Indeed, it is held in some quarters that the directors of the Bank of France will not only refuse to allow more gold to go to the United States, but will seek to recoup from Lendon the amount already

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.-All information received of late at the Treasury depart-ment in regard to gold imports indicates that the movements are likely to continue for some weeks to come. Importations at Boston have begun and altogether the out-look is regarded by government officers as quite favorable.

Already the gold engaged or on the ocean, if added to that now in the treasury, would make the reserve aggregate approximately \$122,000,000. The total importations since the present movement began is about \$38,000,000 and it is fully expected that this sum will be increased to \$50,000,0000 or more

Longest Reign in England's History LONDON, Sept. 22 .- All the English papers this morning have long patriotic articles and editorials, the occasion being Queen Victoria's reign becomes the longest in English history. A number of poems incident to the occasion are published by Sir Edwin Arnold and others.

HONOLULU. Sept. 15 .- (Per Steame,

Dorle.)-Princess Kaiulani has accepted the appropriation made her by the last legislaand has given a written promise to ollow the suggestions of the Dole governJINGOES ARE TAKEN ABACK.

Cold Water Thrown on War Enthusiasts at a Mass Meeting in London. LONDON, Sept. 22 .- Mr. John Lowther member of parliament for the Hammersmith division of Shoreditch, was the principal speaker last evening at a meeting called to express sympathy with the Armenians and to impress upon the government the necessity of taking steps to prevent any further massacres.

To the actorishment of the Jingoes who had called the meeting by the distribution throughout Shoreditch, and its vicinity of placards, headed by a blood red cross, below which were the words, "Abdul, the Bloody Murderer or Maniac," Mr. Lowther, who is a conservative and an ardent imperial federationist, and who is believed to have the ear of the government, promptly threw cold water over the war enthusiasts, and also, incidentally, definitely defined the position of the government in the matter.

Oublin branch of the Order of St. Augustine, Britain at the present moment is confronted by an agreement between the three of which he is general. His excellency is great central powers of Europe, with Turkey, that if Great Britain attacked Turkey alone, no matter on what excuse or pretext,

the Augustinian order exists, and to sail when the meeting adjourned Mr. Lowther ay for New York.

Dr. Martinelli was born in the parish of Creat Britain than a useless display of St. Anna, near Lucca, August 20, 1848; was received into the Order of St. Augustine Detime place the very existence of the British

The Berlin correspondent of Times quotes the Constantinople Zeitung Vossische censorship of the Turkish officials and which says: "Last Wednesday and Thursday everything was ready for a general massacre of Christians and a bombardmen; of Constanti-nople should the European war ships at-tempt to pass the Dardanelles. There were forty-eight guns placed in position on the heights above Pera and the Turkish fleet in the harbor was cleared for action. The street patrols were composed exclusively of palace troops while the Sopatschis and Kurd-

cruising off Otchakoff at the mouth of the Dneiper, under orders, on receipt of a Dneiper, under orders, on receipt of a telegram from the Russian ambassador at Constantinople, to join the admiral leaving bere with the remainder of the fleet and o direct to Bosphorus. The whole fleet has been placed on a war footing and has embarked three battallons of infantry and troops. The south of Russia has also been placed on a war footing.

IRVING REVIVES "CYMBELLINE."

His Galvanizing of Jachimo. (Copyright, 1896, by Press Publishing Com-LONDON, Sept. 22.-(New York World Cablegram-Special Telegram.)-Sir Henry in his place. He did not know when the regular election of general of the order would take place. That would depend on the Holy Sec. Approached on the labor question, so important to America, and asked whether he had any special instructions in reference to that question, he replied: "No. The world already knows the views of the pope on the labor question. I have no special mission in connection with it."

Categoral regular decident of the money question in "Cymbeline" tonight was a scomplete as it was unexpected. Note of the cities believed he could galvanize the play into success, or make anything serlously good of Jachimo, hitherto a part given only to a leading man at the best, but his reception was more enthusiastic than at any recent premiere at the Lyceum, more so than at that of "King Arthur," or even of "Thomas a Beckett." Irving's triumph in "Cymbeline" tonight was | question he said: Except that as Sir Henry announced to night, it would soon be succeeded by "Sam Gene," by previous arrangement, it is obvious "Cymbeline" might be certain of a pro-longed run. Miss Ellen Terry was a charm ing Imogene, and the old New York favor Frederick Robinson, made a decided

feature of Belanois. In addition to my former announcement of the domestic event expected to the dowager duchesa of Mariborough, (Lady William Beresford), the practical official announcement was made today to friends o the young duchess of Mariborough, that the same happy event is now expected at Blen-

helm palace. The racing arrangement between Pierre Lorillard and Sir William Beresford, previously noted in these cables, is now fully perfected. The partners are to build a racing practice track at Newmarket on Amer

Mr. John Edwards Brooks, former owne of the yacht Tosca, was married today at fashionable St. George's church, Hanover Square, to Mrs. Jessica Emerson Mercer. English lady noted for her beauty and complishments. Watson is building a accomplishments. Watson is building a large steam yacht for Mr. Brooks, on which the newly married coupie will make a tour of the world. Mr. Brooks has taken a house in Park Lane, next to that of the duke of Westminster, and they will settle in some English country place after their re

BALLARD SMITH GLADSTONE APPEALS TO POWERS

Thinks France and Russia Will Surely Befriend Oppressed Armenia. LONDON, Sept. 23.-The Chronicle this morning prints a long letter from Mr. Gladstone, appearing in today's Figare, in which he eloquently appeals to the European powers in behalf of the Armenians, expressing a conviction derived from experience in Egyptian and Bulgarian affairs that neither France nor Russia will hinder the cause of Armenia "against the great assassin, who for more than a year has triumphed over the diplomacy of the six powers. They, in truth, have been laid prostrate at his feet. There is no parallel in history to the humil-iation that they have so patiently borne."

Pays Kate Field's Funeral Expenses. HONOLULU, Sept. 15 .- (Per Steamer Doric.)-Kate Field's effects will be shipped to San Francisco by the next steamer. A check has been received from H. H. Kohlsnet Chicago to pay all expenses connected with the funeral and the transportation o her effects. Mr. Kohlsaat says four different places have been designated as Miss Field's last resting place, and until something definite is learned as to her wishes, the re mains will be retained at the Honolulu re ceiving vault.

American Humane Society. CLEVELAND, Sept. 22.-The tweatleth annual convention of the American Humans association was called to order in this city today by President John G. Shortail, with several hundred delegates present, repre senting all the principal cities of the coun-try. After an address of welcome by Mayor Robert E. McKisson of Cleveland the annual reports of the secretary and treasurer of the organization were read. Rev. S. P. Specher, D. D., of this city, then made an address on "The New Status of Animals."

Building Boom at Casper. CASPER, Wyo., Sept. 22 .- (Special Tele gram.)-Today in the presence of a great gathering of people the corner stone of the new Odd Fellows hall was laid. The hal is a three-atory brick building, and when completed will cost \$20,000. At this date twenty buildings are in the course of construction, and the prospects for the further erection of buildings are bright.

Killed by a Derrick's Fall. BUFFALO, Sept. 22 .- By the giving way of the leg of a derrick that was being used o hotst stone, Martin Budack, aged 21, was instantly killed and Martin Haller and John Kurker were fatally injured today. An Kurker were fatally injured today. An enormous stone that was being holated fell squarely on Dudack. The other men were struck by the derrick timber.

BANKERS HOLD CONVENTION

Billion Dollars Represented by Leading Financiers of the Nation.

ANNUAL ADDRESS BY PRESIDENT PULLEN

Resolutions Declare the Present ar Opportune Time to Fix Once for All the Value of the

American Dollar.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 22.-There assembled in the Olympic theater today the representatives of more wealth than ever before came together in this city at one time. It was the first session of the twenty-second annual convention of the American Bankers' association. Delegates were present from all parts of the country, representing the most prominent banking institutions, whose capital is at least \$1,000,000,000. The convention will be in session three days, during which time there will be a general discussion of

when brief statements will be made by delegates of the general condition of banking in their various localities. Following this will be a discussion of at least twenty practical banking questions.

On Thursday, the last day, officers for the ensuing year will be elected and installed. The remainder of the day will be given up to the discussion of clearing house questions. Elaborate arrangements have been made for the reception and entertainment of the visiting bankers. The entire northern portion of the Planters' hotel parlor floor has been fitted up as the association's convention headquarters. In addition, the St. Louis, Noonday, University, Mercantile, Country and Jockey clubs have been thrown open to the delegates and their wives, the badge of

the association entitling the wearers to all membership privileges, About 200 delegates had assembled at the Olympic theater at 10 o'clock, the hour set for the convention to open. On the plat-form were the officers of the association ish cavalry, though apparently unarmed, and members of the local committee on ar loitered in the streets waiting the word of rangements. President E. H. Pullen of New which declares a portion of the Russian Black sea fleet, consisting of four ironclads, three guaboats and several torpedo boats, is cruising of Otchakoff at the mouth of the Russian Cyrus P. Walbridge delivered an address of welcome on behalf of the six Cyrus P. Walbridge delivered an address of welcome on behalf of the city of St. Louis. He was followed by Mr. W. H. Thompson, president of the St. Louis clearing house, who welcomed the delegates on behalf of the local bankers. President E. H. Pullen then delivered his annual address.

WORK OF THE CONVENTION. He declared that the great increase in membership during the year had been due to the protective work of the association, by which already many skilful professional bank criminals had been brought to jus-Henry Scores a Fresh Triumph in grace" would have been abolished in every state in the union. The question of express money orders was one of competition and he thought their sole effort should be to re-

strain the competition within legal limita tions. On the political phase of the money 'The American Bankers' association, dur ing its twenty-two years' history, has stood for honesty-individual honesty, official honesty, national honesty. It has always stood for honest morey-for an honest dollar, worth 190 cents and accepted as such in all markets of the world. In the past it has utterance to these views-it has issued its Stohr of the Chicago Great Western declarations in print and scattered them General Traffic Manager Bird of the broadcast all over our land. We should occupy the same position today, and, far

rom desiring to modify our past record, we

hould conform and reiterate it with "In times of prevailing business depression, widespread discontent and general un-rest, the various elements among the people that in prosperity cannot combine forces, readily coalesce. Dishonest money because it is dishonest, attracts the disorderly, lawless and revolutionary elements -the socialist, the populist, and the an-archist. The issue today is not exclusively honest money, but the very existence of government and the preservation of law, government and the preservation of law, life and liberty are at stake. Banks, especially national banks, have been as-sailed by the vituperations of ignorance and passion. The banks rallied to the support of the government in the darkest hour of its history, and supplied the money necessary to defend its honor and life. Through the national bank system, subsequently estab-lished, a market was opened for United States bonds, yielding the money necessary for the prosecution of the war for the pres-ervation of our Union, and a currency provided that has never been excelled safety, universal acceptance at par, and im-

nediate redemption. "Ninety-three per cent of the business of is country is transacted by checks and her negotiable instruments. Eliminate banking facilities, national banks and thei circulation, and substitute dishonest money as the vehicle of trade, financial ould speedily result. Cotton and cereals ould not be produced—if produced, could be marketed-transportation be paralyzed, the wheels of industry cease to revolve, enterprise and develop-ment be checked, and the whole land HONESTY IN DISHONESTY.

"Many sincerely believe, it is true, and pity it is true, that the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 and the payment of the existing obligations public and personal, in that metal would be for the highest good of the country. We respect their sincerity in honestly vocating dishenesty, but regret their hallu cination on the subject, and are sorry to se them in such disreputable company. The question has flually been referred to the question has finally been ballot box for settlement.

"We live in a land that has been and i the recipient of the Divine blessing. W live in a land of civil and religious libertyfull of churches, free schools and of Bibles—and we cherish implicit fa in the honesty of the American people, Seir common sense, their ready discrimi-nation between right and wrong, truth and falsehood, in their faithful performance existing contracts, in their respect for th country, their loyalty to her highest in terests, and their willingness to sacrifica their lives rather than suffer her honor to be tarnished by disbonesty. There is a Go who presides over the destinies of nation Let us do our duty and then trust Him is the present crisis of our beloved country for the preservation of its honor and libert nseparable, for, as Burke said: 'What inseparable, for, as Burke said: 'What is liberty without wisdom and without virtue? Such liberty is the greatest of all possible evils, for it is vice and folly, and madness, without tuition and without restraint.' "From liberty without honor or virtue, from dishonesty, from lawlessness, from anarchy and ruin, good Lord deliver us!" At the conclusion of Mr. Pullen's address the reports of the executive council and the reports of the executive council and protective committee were road by Chair-man Joseph C. Hendrix, president of the National Union bank of New York. The reort of the executive council was a declara tion in fayor of the existing gold stand ard. It states that, in its opinion, the ex-isting commercial depression is immedi-ately due to the attacks which threater o overthrow the present gold standard of alue, and adds, in part: "We further be lieve that our full measure of national pros-perity will not be gained until the whole world understands that the dollar of the

United States is 100 cents' worth of gold,

would involve."

and that the nation intends to keep it at that value.
"We believe that an opportunity is presented by the issue of this political cam-paign to give a lasting definition of the dollar as a money unit, to permanently settle the foundation of our monetary system and to remove the menace of an over turn of values and far-reaching ruin and distress which a descent to a silver basis

The treasurer's report was read by Mr. Hendrix in the absence of that officer, Mr. William H. Porter of the Chase National bank, New York. It was followed by the William H. Porter of the Chase National bank, New York. It was followed by the report of the auditing committee. Secretary Branch then read his annual report. The report says that the close of the year 1896 shows the largest member-ship in the history of the association. In 1889 the association had 1,870 members. This was the maximum number until the pres-ent time. The membership had shrunk as low as 1,638, and the association, by the

Since September 1, 1895, 646 members have been added to the list and forty-seven lost, a large proportion of the latter having either resigned or liquidated.

Mr. F. W. Hayes, president of the Preston National bank of Detroit, read the report of the committee on express money orders. There was no discussion and ad-journment was then taken for the day.

secretary's reports, had made a net loss of 412 members from 1889 to and through 1895.

The delegates and their families then took carriages and were driven to the union station, where lunch was served, after which they made a sight-seeing trip.
This evening the representatives of the rust companies attending the convention will meet in the Planters' and form a na-tional association of their own.

Prominent Chicago Citizen Finds

Death in Lake Michigan CHICAGO, Sept. 22.-Edson Keith, for forty years one of the prominent and influential citizens of Chicago, threw himself into the lake at the foot of Thirteenth street early yesterday morning while temporarily early yesterday morning while temporarily break out as long as the National Guard is incane as a result of chronic dyspepsia and on the ground. The troops have gone into insomnia. He disappeared from his home camp in the base ball park. General Brooks at 1906 Prairie avenue about 6 o'clock yes- will not decide upon what disposition shall terday morning, but no indication of his fate was discovered until this morning. The evidences of Mr. Kelth's acts were not so conclusive were they that all hope was abandoned and the lake is now being dragged for the recovery of the remains.

While the family and friends of the dead merchant had recently grown assessment. merchant had recently grown apprehensive regarding his physical condition, the dis-covery this morning came with paralyzing suddenness. In the light of the tragedy it Marion mines are working small forces was then recalled that Mr. Keith had for at the old scale of \$2.50 a day. It is said some days been so peculiarly depressed as the mine owners have arranged to bring to suggest mental troubles. His recent con-dition was recalled and it was found that there was no ground to doubt but what temporary insanity had followed his long months of sleeplessness and aggravated dyspepsia,

lake.
Mr. Kelth is best known through the wholesale millinery and notion firm of Ed-son, Keith & Co., but he was also a member & Co., elevator owners. He was 63 years old.

and that the victim had found relief in the

ALL DENY REBILLING PRACTICES.

Railroads Testify to the Interstate Commerce Commission. CHICAGO, Sept. 22.-The interstate commerce commission today resumed its in- day vestigation of charges against various western roads of rebilling. The purpose of the commission is to discover if any of the roads are furnishing storage for grain for speculative purposes. General Freight outsiders. Agent Simmons of the Cedar Rapids road, A disag Burton Johnson of the Chicago & North-western, President Harris of the Chicago, western, President Harris of the Chicago, near resulting in the declaration of a boy-Burlington & Northern and Thomas Miller cott against the militia. After a stormy of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy on the witness stand today. All stoppage of grain for milling and cleaning purposes, but denied rebilling practices. Freight Manager Johnson of the Rock Island admitted to the stoppage of grain in transit at various points, but denied the boldly, unhesitatingly and repeatedly given road in the stoppage. Freight Manager utterance to these views—it has issued its Stohr of the Chicago Great Western and eago Milwaukee & St. Paul also disclaimed any such practices by their respective roads

IS KNOWN TO HAVE FOUR WIVES

George S. Horton in Juil on n Charge Has Made More Trouble. LIBERTY, Mo., Sept. 22 .- George S. Hor ton, aged about 30, was married to Miss Maud Smith of this place last spring and just afterward was arrested for living with another woman with whom he had come here in the spring. He was sentenced to jail for ninety days, which sentence he is still serving. The other woman's maiden name was Sophronia Collins and Horton was married to her at Montezuma, Ia., in 1889. He was afraid to show this fact arrested, as it would have shown him to be

a bigamist. It is said that Horton has been mar-ried this year to two other women. Miss Maggie Ramey of Carthage and Miss Nellie Desha of Neodesha, Kan. Another marriage was to Miss McVay of Highland, la., some time ago. It is not known whether Horton has other wives. He will be prose

GRAND ARMY REUNION IN TOPEKA Preparations for a Monster Encamp

ment to Be Held Next Week. TOPEKA, Kan., Sept. 22.-A, force of fifty men is now busily engaged in cleaning up the grounds and setting up 1,500 wall tents in preparation for the Grand Army reunion beginning here next Monday. There will be ample tent room to accommodate 12,000 people, besides which there will be room in the buildings on the grounds to accommodate half as many more. Monda September 28, is the first day of the fall festival here and they will join in the Grand Army parade, a feature of which will be a realistic representation of an ocean steame which will be 266 feet in length.

SAD END OF A FORMER LINCOLN MA Family Sickness Worries Him and He

Shoots Himself Through the Heart. GUTHRIE, Okl., Sept. 22.-John Daniels the wealthiest man in Guthrie, committed suicide this evening by shooting himself through the heart in the presence of his wife. He is supposed to have lost his reason through worry over the serious illness of members of his family. Mrs. Daniels has been sick all the summer and two weeks ag their only son was stricken with typhol fever, thus causing Mr. Dantels increase anxiety. Tonight both mother and son are in a critical condition as a result of the The family came here from Lin coln, Neb., four years ago.

New Steamers for the Atlantic WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.-United States Consul Piatt at Belfast, Ireland, reports to the State department that the Atlantic Transport Steamship company, whose stock is principally owned in the United States and whose vessels ply between New York and London and Baltimore and London. had contracted with Holland & Wolf of Belfast for two twin-screw steamships with a freight capacity of 10,000 tons each an accommodations for 250 passengers. The will be equal to the best Atlantic liners and will cost \$750,000 each. They will be completed in one year.

Venezuela Paying for Emigrants. WASHINGTON, Sept. 22. -According

United States Consul Plumacher at Maracatbo, the Venezuelan government has isued a decree offering to allow to any firm or individual who may undertake to bring immigrants into the country the costs of passage. For adults the allowance is 120 bolivars from Europe and 30 bolivars from the United States

LEADVILLE IS QUIET NOW

Numbers of Idle Men Loaf and Excitedly Discuss the Situation.

STREETS PATROLLED BY STATE TROOPS

Unnatural Calm of the Kind that May Precede a Storm_City Council Asks a Martial Law Proclamation.

LEADVILLE, Colo., Sept. 22 .- Over 1,000 members of the militia of the state of Colorado, under command of General Brooks, are on duty in this city. Some of them are doing guard duty at the Maid of Erin and other mines where attempted destruction of property is apprehended, but the main body is encamped near the Denver &

Rio Grande railroad depot. The streets are filled with idle men, who are excitedly discussing the situation, but no violence has been done by the strikers or their sympathizers since the attacks upon the Coronado and the Emmett mines early yesterday morning, in which it is now known that at least six men were killed.

No attempt has yet been made to resume operations at any of the mines which are closed in consequence of the strike, but it is believed that, as many of the miners are desirous of returning to work, some of the mines will soon be reopened under the pro-tection afforded by the presence of the

troops.
All saloons are closed and Sunday quiet prevails throughout the city. Every one realizes that the unnatural calm is of the sort that forebodes a storm, but it will not will not decide upon what disposition shall be made of his forces until after a conference with Sheriff Newman. There are

have disappeared. Under martial guard the Emmett and the miners from Missouri and hope to have the troops kept here until the new men can be put to work.

The city council held a special session today at which a committee of citizens appeared and asked that all vagrants and sus-picious characters be driven from the city. The council postponed action until the regular session this evening, when it was de-cided not to take such action, but Instead of Keith Bros., wholesale hats, and of Keith to ask the governor to declare martial law once and the request was officially made right. There is grave fear on all sides tonight. that unless martial law is at clared serious acts of violence will occur. President Amburn of the miner's union

has disappeared. Secretary Dewar, whose wife says he has not been seen at home-since last Saturday, was in the city yester-Three of the men killed in Monday morning's riot, Meir, Benson and Mahoney are said to have been identified as Cripple Creek men and it is believed by many that most of the lawlessness was committed by

A disagreement between an employing baker and the bakers' union today came meeting of the union tonight, however, it was decided to furnish the troops with

bread. ODD FELLOWS MARCH IN PARADEL

Second Day of Session of Sovereign Grand Lodge at Dallas. DALLAS, Tex., Sept. 22,-The second day's ession of the Severeign Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows was opened with the biggest parade ever seen in Texas. It was over two miles long. The 5,000 Odd Fellows and Daughters of Rebekah who were in line, in carriages, on floats or afoot, were viewed by nearly 50,000 people along the line of march Every available vehicle in the city was in use and private cariages had to be used in order to convey the grand representatives

and officers. The parade started at 10 o'clock. After participating in the parade, the grand representatives got together at 2 o'clock, when the journal of yesterday's proceedings was taken up.

drill of Cantons was given this afternoon. MURDERS YOUNG WIFE AND BABES.

Charles Pfeiffer Kills Off His Family and Then Hangs Himself. INDIANAPOLIS, Sepe. 22.-Charles Pfeiffer, a telegraph operator employed by the Indianapolis Belt road, was found hanging dead to his doorway this morning at his home in Brightwood. In the house his wife and child were found dead. Pfeiffer had cut

their throats and then hanged himself.

Pfeiffer was 22 years old and had been married three years to Jane Kirk. She was 19 years old. They had lived happily and no one suspected that there was trouble pending. This morning Pfeiffer's mother went to the house, suspecting nothing, and when she opened the door she discovered the three dead bodies. The child was 2 years old. Pfeiffer had been employed by the Belt road for four years and had a good reputation.

Deaths of a Day. BALTIMORE, Sept. 22.-Colonel William B. Hughes, U. S. A., depot quartermaster at Baltimore, died suddenly at his residence

n this city.
HAMBURG, Sept. 22.—Frau Katharine Klafsky-Lohse, the prima donna, well known in the United States, is dead. JUNIATA, Neb., Sept. 22.—(Special.)— Grandfather Newsham died at his home northeast of town, after a short illness, Saturday at the age of 85 and was buried in Juniata cometery yesterday.

Mrs. Thomas Stover died suddenly at her home northwest of town Saturday night.

She was for several years a resident of DEADWOOD, Sept. 22.—(Special Telegram.)—C. H. Enos, for many years mayor of Lead City, died today at Hot Springs of heart disease. He was prominent in busi-

ness and mining circles Killed by a Jealous Husband. DALLAS, Tex., Sept. 22,-W. H. Gise, a calous husband, killed Charles Shropshire in Harry Brother's warehouse this morning. The dead man received the contents of a revolver in his body and his head is almost severed. The slayer used pistol and knife. Both men were armed. There were no witnesses to the killing, but Gist claims it was in self defense. A telegram from Gist's wife to Shropshire precipitated the trouble that had been brewing. Gist is

under arrest. Founds a School at Peoria. CHICAGO, Sept. 22.—The Record today says: "The University of Chicago has just received another endowment, the richest, perhaps, ever made in the state of lilinois. The money is not to be expended in Chicago, but in Peoria. Mrs. Julia Bradley, an aged woman of Peoria, pas bestowed all her immense fortune, estimated at more than \$2,000,000, upon a school to be built in Peoria. Active work stready has been

Lieutenant Lang's Leave Extended. WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.-(Special Telugram.)-Leave of absence to Second Lieutenant Clarence E. Lang, Second artillery, has been extended six months on account of