THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

ESTABLISHED JUNE 19, 1871.

OMAHA, FRIDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 18, 1896.

SINGLE COPY FIVE CENTS.

STEEL WORKERS AT CANTON

Edgar Thompson Employes Promise to

Support McKinley.

INTEREST OF THE WORKERS IN POLITICS

Republican Nomince Talks of the

Need to Labor of Good Work, Good

Wages, Good Money and

Good Government.

CANTON, O., Sept. 17 .- Major McKinley's

visitors today consist of the employes of

the Edgar Thomson Steel works at Brad-

dock, Pa. They came on a special train of

three sections of twelve coaches each. The

CARLISTS THREATEN SPAIN

Internal Troubles on Top of the Cuban and Philippine Disturbances.

PRETENDER CHOOSES OPPORTUNE TIME

Conditions Ripe for a New Revolt Against the Reigning Dynasty-Don Carlos Makes a Significant Statement.

(Copyright, 1896, by the Associated Press.) MADRID, Sept. 17 .- There are unmistakable signs in Carlist circles that Spain may soon have to face most serious internal troubles as well as the uprisings in Cuba. the Phillippine islands, and possibly Porto Rico. The Carlist deputies early during the present month took a determined stand against the adoption by the Chamber of the bill providing subsidies for the Spanish railroads. They claimed that the money thus appropriated could be better employed in Cuba than elsewhere, and protested against the whole policy of the government, financial and political, and thereby placed them selves on record before the people as being opposed to all the ills complained of by the suffering masses of Spain. Later, when the railroad subsidies were adopted, the Carlist deputies withdrew in a body from the Chamber.

Questioned at the time in the lobbles and elsewhere as to the probable attitude of the Carlis: masses, those deputies did not besitate to say that they could not guarantee Don Carlos, if patriotism demanded it. In fact, one Carlist deputy, Senor Sanz, openly proclaimed that the direction of the Carlists would soon pass into the hands of their mill tary leaders, adding that the Carlists were perfectly organized in almost every province and that they were prepared to take advan-tage of any favorable opportunity to take the field again in support of their chieftain. Don Carlos de Bourbon, duke of Madrid, who claims to be the rightful heir to the throne of Spain.

Other Carlist deputies publicly admitted that they retired from the Chamber in order to avoid any responsibility for the disasters which they foresaw were arising, as a result of the government's policy, and it became later that secret instructions were sent by Marquis Cerralbo, the principal agent of the pretender, to the Carlist organizations throughout Spain, notifying them to prepare for a call to arms in case of a good opportunity arising for reasserting the rights of Don Carlos by force o

The marquis of Cabriana, who showed at the Dardanelles, but to force a concert of the municipal corruption of Madrid, and the Dardanelles, but to force a concert of the powers to its own righteous and honor-able ends. that of the republicans, in protesting against the sending of further reinforcements o troops to Cuba, might be the signal fo grave events and serious internal struggles CARLISTS COURTED ARREST.

Then, to cap the climax, the Carlis deputies issued a manifesto explaining and defending their action in leaving the Chamber of Deputies, and declaring that their leader would decide when the prope moment had arrived to respond to the call of the nation which would summen them to save it. The manifesto also placed the Carlists on record as supporting the supremacy of the church, the throne and a parliament representing all classes, and advocating the freedom of the provinces in

BELL A NEW YORK SALOON KEEPER JOHN BULL AND UNCLE SAM Alleged Dynamiter Identified as a Resident of Gotham. LONDON, Sept. 17.-Edward Bell, the alleged Irish dynamiter recently arrested at English-Speaking Races Urged to Join Glasgow, was arraigned at Bow street police court here today. He is described as Edward Bell, allas Edward J. Ivory, an American and a hotel keeper of 211 Lexing- TOGETHER THEY WOULD OVERAWE EUROPE ton avenue, New York. Bell is accused of conspiring with others to cause an explo sion in the United Kingdom. After formal information of his arrest had been given by the pulice he was remanded for a week and will be removed to Holloway jail this afternoon NEW YORK, Sept. 17 .- The only Edward

J. Ivory in the New York City directory h given as doing business as a liquor seller at 2011 Lexington avenue and 2019 Eighth

About two weeks ago Ivory left the city on a vacation, leaving his saloon in charge of his head bartender. He is now supposed to be in Boston. The bartender wrote to him Armenian question and says: "If Great a few days ago and on Tuesday received a Britain, the United States and Italy preletter from Mr. Ivery telling him about certain matters concerning the saloon. The bartender is satisfied that the letter he received is in the handwriting of Ivory. An-other Ivory kept a saloon on East Eighteenth street. Some time ago he mysdisappeared and no one knows teriously where he is at present. In spite of the statements made by the bartender, quoted above, there is good rea-

are one and the same person.

GREAT BRITAIN MUST STAND ASIDE. Cannot Move Against Turkey Until the

Other Powers Consent.

LONDON, Sept. 17 .- The foreign office has given out the following semi-official note: The outburst of the continental press against Great Britain, which is accused of that their adherents in Catalonia. Navarre and elsewhere would not take to the moun-tains and orce more raise the standard of or contemplated by the government could give the slightest color to such assertions. The government cannot hold itself responsible for the natural horror inevitably spired in the minds of the public by the atrocities at Constantinople. The policy of Great Britain has, however, undergone no change whatever and the government is acting in complete accord with the othe powers, as it has hitherto done. Neverthe ess, it is becoming obvious that the public feeling in Great Pritain has been so out raged by the shocking events in Constanti ople that the government would never be upported in again siding with the porte. If the powers cannot see their way to dopt means to co-operate to end the carn age, the only course open to Great Britain is to stand aside and to hope for a more

satisfactory state of affairs." Satisfactory state of affairs." An editorial in the Daily News, liberal, commenting upon the semi-official state-ment issued by the government with re-gard to its policy in Turkey, says: It will be a bitter disappointment for everybody.

but the country must persevere. The true business of the government is not to force

HAVE NOT YET SEEN DERVISIES British Scouts Are Being Pushed For-

ward to Find the Enemy. (Copyright, 1896, by the Associated Press.)

BARJA-ON-THE-NILE, Sept. 17 .- The expedition of Anglo-Egyptian troops, numbering about 15,000 men, under the Sirdar and General Sir Herbert Kitchener, arrived here today from Fareig, after a wearisome march of eight miles over a very bad tract of country. Intense heat prevailed, but the troops are all in first-class condition. The present stopping place is only fifteen miles from Kerma, where the dervishes are known to be concentrating a force of cavalry and infantry. scouts, however, have not sighted any dervishes today, although they were pushed forward a considerable distance. A furforward a considerable distance. ther advance will be made tomorrow. A fur This advance tomorrow will be to Kubudeh, or the third cataract of the Nile, which point will be occupied by the Sirdar and the main force of the expedition. Kubudeh is only about four miles from and within easy striking distance of Kerma, which is above the third cataract, and which dervishes have made the rallying point for heavy reinforcements of cavalry. Kerma has been looked to as the point where the rate is said to be about 15 per cent. first battle would occur, but the recon noisances thus far made have failed t develop any force of the enemy. It is no expected, however, after the desperate kind of fighting done by the dervishes at Ferkeh that they will retire from Kerma without a

TEXAS IS FLOATED AT HIGH TIDE. Battleship Which Went Ashore Near Newport Safely Taken off. NEWPORT, R. L. Sept. 17.- The United Hands for a Humane Object.

London Newspapers Continue to Agitate the Proposal for an Alliance

Between England and the United States.

LONDON, Sept. 17 .- The St. James Gazette this afternoon returns to the discussion of its proposition of a new dreibund to be formed by Great Britain, the United States and Italy for the settlement of the

The sented the sultan with a joint demand that certain conditions must be complied with in three days' time, it is highly probable that his Russian advisers would intimate fore ordering an investigation. to Abdul Hanald that he would have to

yield, and it is not impossible that the demand of the three powers would presently become that of united Europe. If Abdul son for the statement that Bell and Ivory Hamid was advised against his own interests

so strongly that he refused to yield to them. an Anglo-Itali fleet, with such American vessels as could arrive on time, could force the Dardanelles and dictate terms in the Bosphorus. The more existence of such an

alliance would probably be sufficient to con-vince, not merely the sultan, but persons and powers of greater weight, that the ities must end. atrac The article in the St. James Gazette con-cludes with the following statement:

"in the event of greater complications ensuing the new dreibund would enable us to face them with the material support of a fine pavy, whose addition to ours would make us equal to any possible combination and would give us the mural support of the gigantic civilized nations which no other state would care to have among its opponents."

An editorial in the Times, after remarking that for the present the indignation against, the Turks is confined to England and the United States, which abstains from all intervention in European questions, cails attention to the remarkable letter of Lord Hugh Cecil, the marquis of Salisbury's

Hugh Cecil, the introdus of callsoury of you, as an indication of the views of Lord Salisbury and the cabinet. Lord Hugh said in this letter that it would be dangerously misleading the Armenians for England to make them believe it alone could save them The Times also calls attention to the 'notorious fact that Russia will not tolerate

any coercion of Turkey," and appeals to the country to consider well the risks it will run in an agitation for action on the part of England. The Times continues by BRYing: "The government may be relied upon o do all that prudence and the means at its command will allow But it is useless to apur a willing horse and it may be fatal to both horse and rider to*spur him at an im-

A dispatch from Constantinople to the Times emphasizes the fact of the paralysis of trade there and to the jeopardized £400, 000,000 European capital engaged in enter-prises in Turkey. Dispatches from Berlin, Vienna and St. Petersburg to the Times reproduce semi-official articles given out at those capitals, showing that the powers are not disposed to assist in any coercion of Turkey.

The war office has doubled the force of police and sentinels who are guarding the powder magazines at Woolwich.

The Constantinople dispatch to the Morn-ing Post says: The grand vizier, Halil Rifat

States battleship Texas, which went ashore New Yo at the mouth of the harbor last night, was floated early this morning and is appar ently uninjured. Four tugs were required to get her into deep water and the work was accomplished after full an bour's steady NAME JO straining. Divers who were sent down and have Sound

STRA

State

county.

very good grace.

of its members to a state office

the

Grady.

GOLD MEN NOT SATISFIED.

plause as he appeared upon the platforn

proval of the platform and candidates o

the Chicago convention, adopting as his own the sarcastic observation of Governor

quotation Mr. Rockwell supplemented with the words of Senator Hill spoken in the Chicago convention: "We are democrats

and not revolutionists." Mr. Rockwell defended the bimetallic sys

tem as having the sanction of the consti-tution and of the founders of the demo-cratic party. "In spite of this," the

speaker added, "since 1873 any man could take gold buillion to the mints and have it

colned, but there has never been a day tha

PROFITS OF BOND SALES.

and syndicates who controlled the St. Louis convention realized fully that their inter-

csts were at stake. Two hundred and sixty-nine millions of dollars of bonded in

debtedness had been created, ostensibly to

maintain the gold reserve. In the sale of these bonds a great scandal had been

created, and it was currently stated and gen-erally believed that the profits of the Mor-gan syndicate on a single issue was about

\$16,000,000. While a senatorial committee was in session trying to ascertain the truth

Two hundred and

"The representatives of the monopolie

Et

made a thorough examination of the hull of the Texas report that they find that she is in no way injured and will not have to be docked. Captain Glass has his report of the accident ready to forward to the Navy

department. It is stated that there will be no need of a courtmartial to determine the responsibility. The officer in charge of the reversing gear admits that the blame of the reversing gear admits that the blame is his, as he misunderstood the signals. WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Captain Glass, commander of the battleship Texas, tele-graphed the Navy "epartment this morn-World's fair commissioner. ing from Newport that the ship went ashore last evening on the sands of Goat island while entering Newport harbor and that ern New York for many years. it was floated at 1:30 o'clock this morn-ing, apparently uninjured. The department will wait until full mail advices come be-

MORE OF HOLMES' VICTIMS FOUND.

Grave Full of Human Bones Discov ered in the Woods Near Wilmette.

lation CHICAGO, Sept. 17 .--- In the dense wood between North Evanston and Wilmette a grave has been found full of human bones The discovery was made by A. H. Parker of Evanston, who with his wife has been mak ing frequent excursions into the wood during the last two months. Mrs. Parker some weeks ago declared the place was a grave, and urged her husband to investigate it. He at first refused, but finally consented just to show his wife that she knew noth-ing about graves. He dug long enough to turn up a few ribs and a thigh bone, and then called on the p-lice for help. This afterpoon several bones and a skull, supposed

from its size to be that of a woman, were found. The investigation was stopped by darkness, but will be resumed tomorrow. The spot is only a few your from the house in which H. H. Hoimes lived at Wilmette, and it is thought by the police that the bone may be those of some of his victims. The

bones had evidently been intered within two years, and were apparently placed in the grave without a coffin, and no clothing of any sort was found. From the sizes of the bones it is thought they must be from sev eral people.

ANNUAL REPORT OF COTTON BELT.

Poor Showing on Account of the Prevalling Silver Agitation. ST. LOUIS, Sept. 17.-The advance sheet

of the fifth annual report of the Cotton Belt or St. Louis Southwestern Railway to be submitted by President Fordyce at the annual meeting here, October 6, shows the following results for the year ending June 30: Gross earning, \$4,904,489; operating expenses. (including betterments). \$4,132,-374; net earnings, \$772,115; total income to endorse the candidacy of one of its own over operating expenses, \$782,192; income, \$260,042; deficit, \$177,850, as compared with surplus of \$306,000 in 1895.

President Fordyce says in his report: "The very short cotton crop of the past seison as compared with the previous year has been the principal cause for the diminished net carnings of your property. This, how-over, would have been largely overcome by the growth of business already established and the development of new industrics on the line but for the almost unprecedented derangement of the general business of the country, caused by the spitation of the free sliver craze." net carnings of your property. This, how-

the gold standard men from nominating third ticket. silver craze.'

UNION PACIFIC'S LARGE SURPLUS. platform committee was the reason an-

DDLE GOLD AND SILVER	lead. It only remains for some strong an courageous nation to take the initiative, an what nation is more competent than ou own?"
ork Democrats Try to Ride the Two Horses at One Time.	In conclusion Mr. Rockwell said: "If w shall be true to our principles, true to or convictions, and go manfully forward i this battle, we shall succeed in making thi
OHN BOYD THACHER FOR GOVERNOR	a government of the people, by the peopl and for the people, instead of a governmen of trusts and monopolies by trusts and mo nopolies and for the benefit of trusts an monopolies."
Money Candidate Heads the e Tieket and the Platform adorses Bryan and the Chicago Declaration.	NO MENTION OF SILVER. At the conclusion of his speech the chair man called for the report of the committe on resolutions and it was read by Mr. York The first plank in the platform is as for lows:
	"The democratic party of the state of Ner

BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 17.-For governor. ohn Boyd Thacher, the present mayor of John Boyd Thacher, the present mayor of cratic party at the national convention at Chicago on July 7, 1896, cordially approves the nominations there made, pledges to Wil-Albany, ex-state senator and New York's For lieutenant governor, Wilbur F. Por liam J. Bryan and Arthur Sewall its hearty and active support, and declares as its de-liberate judgment that never in the history ter of Watertown, ex-commissioner of the court of claims and political leader in northof the democratic party has a platform been written which embodied more com-pletely the interests of the whole people, as For judge of the court of appeals, Robert listinguished from those who demand legisla-C. Titus of Buffalo, judge of the supreme court and former district attorney of Eric

ion of 1896." The platform: An unequivocal endorsement In subsequent sections the platform de of the Chicago platform and ticket and a nounces the Raines excise law as infring-ing upon the rights of the citizens and acdenunciation of the republican state legis uses the republican state administration of extravagance; alleges that the legislature This, in brief, is the work of the demohas prostituted its powers to partisan ends in legislating democrats out of office; ad-vocates the improvement of roads and urges cratic state convention which closed its labors in this city today, if merely the per-Mr. Yorke moved the previous question functory work of the convention is looked at. It is, however, a significant fact that the state organization leaders who have heretofore controlled the conventions of this on the adoption of the report. Henry D Purroy objected, but was ruled out of order The convention voted viva voce on the adop party are still at the helm. Senator Hill. Senator Edward Murphy, ex-Lieutenant Gov-ernor W. F. Sheehan, Richard Croker and each one of the smaller lights of the party tion of the previous question, which the chair decided was carried. Mr. Purroy appealed from the chair's ruling. When his name was reached in the roll call Mr. Purroy produced from his pocket the manueach one of the smaller lights of the party who serve under these men's banners are un-doubtedly satisfied with the work of today's convention. It had been predicted up to last night that these leaders would prac-tically be read out of the party in order to make room for more youthful aspirants. The result of the convention today is this: A ticket made up of strict organization men-has been nominated: the selection of the script of a speech, which he proceeded to read, the convention all the time calling upon him to be seated. His speech was a protest against the application of the gag rule. At its conclusion Mr. Furroy said he would vote aye upon the adoption of the report of the platform committee. The

has been nominated; the selection of the report leaders who did not attend the convention has been adopted for chairman of the state roll call sustained the chair's decision and the platform as reported was unanimously ommittee; the national committeeman to be adopted. selected next week to be a man favorable to the organization leaders, and the plat-form is not as radical as it was intimated SOUND MONEY STATE TICKET.

Nominations for governor being in order some weeks ago it would be. Those who are inclined to be extremely radical in their advocacy of silver display Albany county presented the name of John Boyd Thacher, Albany county presented the name of Congressman Sulzer. The galleries checred wildly, but the delegates re-ceived them apathetically. Jefferson county some little disappointment tonight over the platform, but as a whole it is taken with a The state committee, as presented the name of Wilber F. Porter

constituted, contains a majority of strictly state organization men and in the selection this afternoon of Elliott F. Danforth to be of Watertown. In seconding the nomination of Mr. Thacher, Senator Grady warned the con-vention that the nomination of a Tammany chairman, Calvin J. Hudson to be secre-tary and an agreement to make Frank S. Campbell of Bath the national committee nan (Sulzer being meant) would put i he power of the opposition to make it uppear that the issue was whether or not man as soon as Senator Jones has notified the committee of the resignation of W. F. Shechan, it has evinced a desire to conduct the tiger should rule in state polities. The only desire of Tammany, he said, was to see a candidate nominated who would help the Chicago ticket. It was 2:09 o'clock when the roll call

members, William Sulzer, was not due to began and as it progressed there was much applause. The vote as announced was: Thacher, 233; Sulzer, 90; Poiver, 20. any personal objection to him, but rather, as was explained by Senator Grady, because

it was believed that Tammany would embar-rass itself and be accused, in the event of Mr. Bryan's defeat, of selling out the na-On Mr. Sulzer's motion the nomination of Mr. Thacher was made unanimous. Elliot Danforth said in a few words that tional ticket to secure the election of onhe desired the nomination of Wilber F Porter for lieutenant governor. There were everal other endorsements at once and It is very generally conceded tonight among the more prominent of the delegates that the selection of Mr. Thacher and Mr. Porter will not be successful in preventing the selection from from the selection within a few minutes the nomination had

been made by acclamation. The same course was taken in nomi-nating judge of the court of appeals, Judge R. C. Titus of Buffalo being chosen. Presidential electors were selected and the convention then adjourned sine die. The state democratic committee met im-Delay in perfecting its work by the

first section arrived at 11:04, and the others shortly afterwards. Fully 2,000 men were in line in the parade, which marched to the music of the Sheridan, Sable and St. Thomas tion for private benefit, than given to the country by the democratic national convenbands. There were cheering and hurrahing all along the line. At the McKinley home hearty congratulations and assurances of

support were offered by J. L. Jones of the clerical force of the company, who was the spokesman of the party. Major Mc-Kinley responded, and a handshaking reception followed. Mr. McKinley's speech was as follows:

ception followed. Mr. McKinley's speech was as follows: Mr. Jones and My Fellow Citizens: Many delegations have waited ucon me in the last two months. All have been welcomed and their visits have been inspiring, but somehow when an assemblage of working-men comes to pay me a visit it attracts my interest and touches my heart. (Cheers.) I lid you welcome to my city and to my home. I can well appreciate why the workingmen of this country should have a deep and profound interest in the outcome of the present national contest. (Cries of 'We have.') I cannot fall to remember that one thing which stands be-tween your labor and the labor of Europe, the one thing which stands between your workshops and the workshops of the world, is a wise patriotic. American, protective policy. (Great cheering and cries of 'Right you are.') I am very slad to have this large delegation of the employes of the great Edgar Thomson steel works of Brad-dock. Pa., at my home. (Applause and cries of 'We are glad to be here.') You have come, as your spoke man has stated, to bring me your good will and that of your spokesman has described represent-ing all creeds, all colors and all classes; men who belong to the republican party and those who have heretofore belonged to other partles, how acting together for what they believe the common good. (Cries of "What's the matter with McKinley? He's all right.') PREAKING OF PARTY TIES. This is distinctively the people's year.

PREAKING OF PARTY TIES.

all right.") PREAKING OF PARTY TIES. This is distinctively the people's year, when old lines are effaced and men hereto-fore opposed meet upon a common platform to sustain the honor of our country. (Ap-plause.) Polliteal parties are only the agents of the people. They are only what the people make them, and are entitled to their confidence only so long as they serve their highest and best interests. (Ap-plause.) We are all concerned, no matter what may be our occupations, in our coun-try's welfare. (Cries of "That's so.") Whatever political views we may have, however we may differ on mimor questions of public palley, we are all of one mind in the conviction that something or other is the matter with the country. (Applause.) We may differ in our diagnosis, we may differ about the treatment in detail, but we do not disagree upon what is essential in better conditions of the past. One thing above all else that is wanted at this june-ture is the return of public and private confidence. (Applause and cries of "Cor-rect.") Its absence is our fundamental trouble. Upon that there cannot be two opinions, and that my fellow citizens, no class of people know heater than you. We know the very day and the hour when this

administrative and financial matters. circumstances, Under s to tha

er ordinary ci say, if the had been ha Spanish governhands free. thes ment manifestations would have been fol lowed by repressive measures, including probably the arrest of the defiant Carlist deputies. In fact, it is said that this was what the Carlists were anticipating, as it might so have aroused the people that an insurrection throughout Spain would have followed. But Premier Canovas claimed not to regard the attitude of the Carlists in serious light, and gave it out that the government was confident that the pope, the clergy generally and the House of Austria would bring pressure to bear on the Carlist chiefs and prevent any uprising. I was also intimated that Don Carlos had promised the pope and Emperor Franci Joseph of Austria, within whose domain pretender resides, not to do anything h would be likely to hamper the the Spanish government in its task of suppres sing the insurrection in Cuba, and preparin for the possibility of embroilment with the United States.

In an interview with Don Carlos, publishe yesterday, the pretender is reported to have denied that he has entered into any engage ment with the pope or with Emperor Francis Joseph not to attack the Spanish regency. Don Carlos is also quoted as adding that while it is true that patriotism enjoins a peaceful attitude upon his part, at present, the same patriotism might counsel a change of opinion, for, he concluded, he is per-fectly free to choose the opportune moment to reassert his rights.

The publication of this interview has again set the hearts of the Carlists beating with expectation, and it is more than likely that a serious reverse to the Spanish army in Cuba would be followed by an outbreak of the Carlists, who are admitted to be bet-ter prepared than ever before to take the with hope of success. Don Carlos, through his marriage to the Princess de Rohan in 1894, was enabled to command a large fortune, and there is no doubt that this money and other funds for a long time past have been used to prepare for another attempt to place King Charles VIII. on the throne of Spain.

If Spain loses Cuba, which seems to than likely, the Carlists claim that the downfall of the present regency will follow immediately, and that Charles VIII, will be triumphantly placed upon the throne with little or no trouble.

The Spanish ministers, however, claim to be well able to cope with the Carlists and to the record of geographical work of the past be well able to cope with the Carlists and to suppress the insurrections in Cuba and the Philippine islands at the same time. OBJECTS TO THE USE OF SILVER.

Bank of England Stockholder Attack

Depreciated Currency. LONDON, Sept. 17 .- The semi-annual meeting of the Bank of England was held today and Mr. John H. Jones, a stockholder made an attack upon the silver currency He said that though the bank was a free gold institution, he could not help thinking that there was in connection with the En-glish silver currency, which is a legal tender up to 40 shillings, something inimical to justice and something which ought to be very quickly altered.

was rather disreputable, he continued It was rather disreputable, he continued, for this nation to mint and buy sliver at 2 shillings 6 pence an ounce and sell it at 5 shillings, the silver currency thus being fasued at 50 per cent under its value; and, in his opinion, the government of Queen Victoria in this matter was as disgraceful as the government of Queen Elizabeth. Mr. Jones further said that he could not understand the policy of taking \$20,000,000 in silver out of the rocks of Nevada and stor-ing it in the vaults at Washington, or the policy of shutting the mints of India and de-

policy of shutting the mints of india and de-priving the people of one of the boons of Providence for the benefit of the civil serv-

ice employes of India. In conclusion, Mr. Jones said he would like to know how long the silver-using countries would be content with using a depreciated currency which not only thiured them, but which enabled their spricultural produce to

Duke of Fife After Mar Lodge.

LONDON, Sept. 17 -- The Dally Mail says the Bank of England to make no further It is reported that the duke of Fife, son-inlaw of the prince of Wales, is negotiating with one of the Vanderbilts for the sale of Mar lodge, Braemar.

fight. governor of the has been dismissed. CHOICE BIT OF ITALIAN SCANDAL The insurgents have burned the tobacco plantation of San Lorenzo, Matanzas, be-longing to the Arroyo company, this city.

of Ex-Premier Crispi (with Stealing Jewels.

ROME, Sept. 17 .- The charge of theft of FIND BOMBS IN CONSTANTINOPLE ewelry brought against Signor Luigi Crispi, a lawyer and a natural son of the former Police Arrest Leaders of the Arme premier, is creating a sensation. It ap pears that the lawyer had an intrigue with the Countess Cellare, and had a latch key to her house. In April, 1895, jewelry valued at about 30,000 lire (\$6,000) was stolen from discovery of bombs and other explosives and incriminating documents in an Armo the apartments of the countess and sus-picion pointed to the lawyer. But the ponian house in the Dauborg Scutari. Two o the leaders and many of the members o lice refused to prosecute him, and he after wards threatened to bring legal proceedings against the countess, claiming that she had simulated the robbery. The charge against young Crispi is now revived and is being investigated. It is alleged that a political friend of the ex-premier, when the charges the Armenian committee have been arrested in connection with the discovery and have confessed their guilt. They have also de-nounced many of their accomplices to the police. The police have a hope of being soor able to unearth the whole plot. were first brought against the lawyer, of fered to recoup the countess for her losses, admitting that young Crispi was a klepto-maniac. The accused lawyer is now at Buenos Avres

maniac. The Buenos Ayres. GEOGRAPHY AND ROENTGEN RAYS

British Scientists Told of Importance of Recent Discoveries.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 17 .- At the meeting of the British Association for the Advancement of Science today the presidents of the ter sections made their opening addresses. Spain and Italy.

Major Darwin, secretary of the Roya Attending the Astronomical Congress Geographical society, in his address reviewed BAMBERGER, Sept. 17 .- Profs. Hagen of Washington and Leuschner of California are attending the astronomical congress

The loss is \$150,000.

ninn Committee Who Confess.

the Atlantic Ocean.

the conditions were yet extremely critical.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Sept. 17.-Mrs. Demetrius Callias, formerly Mrs. P. T

Barnum, sailed for New York today bound

Barnum's New Husband Dying

ALEXANDER SULLIVAN ON THE WAY dent of the mathematical and physical sec-tion, in his address discussed the extent and hiengo's Notorlous Citizen_Now value of the developments in relation to Prof. Roentgen's recently discovered radia-

CHICAGO, Sept. 17 .- Alexander Sullivan tion of light. ABBE PROULX IS SENT TO ROME on an Atlantic liner, homeward bound across the ocean, is yet unaware that his famous

Prelate Will Treat with the Pope wife has had a stroke of paralysis. Mrs. About Manitoba Schools. Sullivan's physicians and friends decided in

MONTREAL, Sept. 17 .- Premier Laurier has selected Abbe Prouls, vice rector of Laval university, as an ambassador from Canada to the pope to try to settle the difficulty about the separate Roman Catholic schools in Manitoba. Abbe Prouix left for Rome on the steamship Havre from New York last Saturday, but his mission only became known today. It was he who succceded in the settlement of the great Jesuit estate question some five years ago.

SAFELY LANDS ITS FILIBUSTERS

Ardandhu Evades Spanish Searchers Long Enough to Discharge Cargo. opyright, 1896, by Press Publishing Company. KINGSTON, Jamaica, Sept. York World Cablegram-Special Telegram.) The Ardandhu, a reputed filibuster steamer, which was reported to have been chased from Cardenas on September 8, arrived here yesterday evening. In the meantime its party was successfully landed in Cuba.

Barnum, sailed for New York today bound for Constantinople. She was summoned thither by a cablegram from the secretary of the British ambaissy at the Turkish cap-ital saying: "If you wish to see your bus-band alive, come at once." Mr. Califas has been alling all summer. He is a Greek and his marriage with the famous showman's widow was one of her social sensations of last year. Bank of England Makes No Change. LONDON, Sept. 17 .- The Evening Standard this afternoon says: "The decision of

Blast Drilled Into by Them VICTOR, Colo., Sept. M.-Dan McLeod and Frank Ledbetter were killed today by advance in the rate was received with much relief on the Stock exchange. In couse-quence there was a better feeling and prices are recovering." an explosion in the Independence mine. They drilled into a blast that had failed to 1 80 of.

Earnings for Year Exceed ister of police is dismissed on account of the by Nearly Five Million Dollars. recent massacres. The sultan upholds the police minister and refuses to accept the NEW YORK, Sept. 17.-The report of the resignation of the grand vizier. government directors of the Union Pacific

road for the fiscal year ended June 30 shows: **YELLOW FEVER VICTIMS IN CUBA** Gross earnings, \$14,083,348; decrease, \$515, Over Eleven Hundred Patients in the 189; operating expenses, \$8,765,942; decrease, Hospitals Throughout the Island. \$659,150; surplus, \$4,735,676; increase, \$77.

HAVANA, Sept. 17 .- According to the The directors report the physical condition of the company to be excellent in every respect. The report says with regard to the illicial returns the number of men suffering from yellow fever in the military hospitals throughout the island is 1,155. The death negotiations for the settlement of the gov-ernment debt: "The representatives on the committee charged with the reorganization La Lucha this afternoon says the go of the property may somewhat later in the year assume a more definite attitude and de ernor of the Spanish bank is responsible for the actual monetary conflict. He went to the palace yesterday in order to confine more clearly the part which they will be willing to take in reaching a satisfactory adjustment of the government claim." It fer with Captain General Weyler, but he vas unable to see him and it is rumored the is intimated that on certain conditions

Flower that "the platform was just suited to the candidates, and the candidates to the platform." He attributed the financial supplementary report with recommendations may be filed. panic of 1893 to "a false and mischievous financial system, and in that connection FORTUNE IN A SOLID LUMP OF GOLD.

quoted the words of Senstor Hill uttered in the senate that year, as follows: "The paramount remedy for all our financial Chunk Worth Eighty-Five Thousand cvils is a return to the system of bimetal lism which existed prior to 1873." Thi

is Brought from Carlboo. NEW YORK, Sept. 17 .- The largest chunk of gold that has ever been in this city was

wheeled down Broadway today. It was CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 17 .- The police taken from the Grand Central depot to the announce they have made an important United States assay office in Wall street in a common express wagon, guarded by five detectives. The big lump weighs 4,737 ounces, and it is worth \$85,000. It was shipped to the assay office by the Bank of Montreal, Canada, and belongs to the Cariboo Mining company of British Columbia.

he could do the same with sliver. Notwith-standing the makeshifts of the Bland and ARRESTED ON A GRAVE CHARGE. Sherman laws silver has been and still is discredited; gold is the sole standard, and

General Carlos Roloff Accused of Be by it silver and all other property must be ing a Cuban FillBuster.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.-General Carlo Italians Drink Spanish Healths. ROME, Sept. 17 .- The Italian journalist Roloff, a Cuban, was arrested today on the tonight tendered a banquet to their Spanish charge of aiding and abetting the sending of filibustering expeditions to Cuba. He brethren who had come to Italy to witness brendren who had come to fully to witness the launching of the new Spanish war ship Christobol Colon, at Genca. The Marquis Visconti Venosta, the Italian minister of foreign affairs, who was present, in pro-posing a toast to the royal family of Spain said he did so in the certainty that per-nament harmony would prevail between Spain and Italy. was formally held in \$2,500 ball by United States Commissioner Alexander. Roloff is said to be a major general in the army of General Gomez, and he came to this country about two months ago for the purpose of fitting out a filibustering ex-pedition to aid Cuba. He is charged with eing connected with the Laurada expedition and others.

Coopers' Strike Nearly Over.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Sept. 17 .- The strike of he coopers of this city will probably be ended by tomorrow night, with a victory for the men. The Southern Cooperage com-pany has granted the increase of wages de-manded by the workmen and the latter have returned to work. This action, it is be-lieved, will cause other employers to grant the demand for an increase. None of the strikers have returned to work except in the shops where the raise was granted.

best to withhold the facts until one of his Found After Thirteen Years closest personal friends, who will go to New SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 17-Lillian Swan. ork to meet him, should break the news. Regarding the story that a cablegram from or Daiy, the mulatto girl who was kidnapped Mr. Suilivan caused his wife's illness, it is learned that the only cablegram from him from her home in Washington, D. C., thirteen years ago, and who recently discovered received at the family residence came Mon-day, two days after Mrs. Sullivan was her identity and the whereabouts of her relatives, is to be returned to her eastern home. Chief of Police Crowley has sucstricken. The cablegram only said: "Good-by till I see you." Dr. Edith Fyffe, one of Mrs. Sullivan's ceeded in securing transportation for her as far as Chicago, and he will pay out of his own pocket the amount of fare from Chicago physicians, reported that the patient showed some further improvement today, though

to Washington.

Jury in French Case Disagrees.

ASHTAND, Ky., Sept. 17.-The jury in the French case disagreed after being out the Prench case disapreed after being out thirty hours. The defense has been in-sanity. A new jury will now try him on a charge of murder in the second degree. He has been twice convicted of murder, the first time receiving a life sentence and the second time seventien years. The other juries disagreed.

Could Not Get the Bonds. LOGAN, O., Sept. 17.-Lawrence L. Cul-ver, the former banker, charged with embezzlement and under \$20,000 bond for his appearance September 21, could not secure bond and he was sent to fail. He was cap-tured on board a Vanialia train at Terre Haute last Monday after being a refugee ever four years. over four years.

ediately after adjourne atter the time set for the reassembling o and selected Elliot F. Danforth as ention. he chairman of the state committee to suc the democratic state convention before that body was called to order today. Business ceed James W. Hinkley, and Frank Camp-bell to succeed William F. Sheehan as nathen proceeded with expedition. The re-port of the committee on credentials having been adopted the committee on permanent ional committeeman. organization reported, naming ex-Congress man Hozea H. Rockwell of Chemung for per-

This

SHEEAN PROMPTLY RESIGNS.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17 .- William F. Shee han, in furtherance of a purpose to resign his place on the democratic national com-mittee if the Buffalo convention endorzed manent chairman. The report was accepted without dissent. Mr. Rockwell was greeted with much apthe Chicago platform and candidates, as intimated by him in a statement heretofore published, today sent the following letter to He was introduced by Temporary Chairman amea K. Jones, chairman democratic na In opening his speech on assuming the hair Mr. Rockwell gave his unqualified aplonal committee, democratic headquarters,

thicago: "Dear Sir: 1 respectfully tender my resigation as representative of the state of New York on the democratic ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 17.—Senator Hill ruly

was seen tonight, but he refused to say anything regarding the action of the Buffalo

convention or the candidates nominated. ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 17.—John Boyd Thacher, the democratic gubernatorial nominee, decided late tonight he would make public a statement during the carly part of next week, as he wishes it to be published before the state convention of the gold democrats in Brooklyn on Thurs He will either make his statement at a mass meeting in this city on Monday or Tuesday night of next week, when the democratic national and state tickets are to be ratified, or else in a letter to the voters of the state. He has decided to follow the

confine himself to the state issues. IT'S JUST A WALKAWAY FOR BRYAN

His Managers Claim All but Nine of the States in the Union.

CHICAGO, Sept. 17 .- The press bureau at national democratic headquarters tonight issued the following statement:

Based upon the present outlook, the fol-owing estimate of Bryan's majorities in lowing estimate of November is made

Alabama fortana fortana fortaka forada forth Carolina for formation orgin. uth Carolina. uth Dakota...
 i.i.i.
 fourth Duiloota...

 50 or
 Tennessen

 50 or
 Tennessen

 50 or
 Utah

 50 or
 Utah

 50 or
 Utah

 50 or
 Washington

 15,900
 Washington

 15,900
 Wieconsin

 20,000
 Wyoming

 50,000
 Wyoming
exus

Iaryland ichigin 1 Minnésota . Misstestpol 6,000

These estimates give Bryan thirty-six out of forty-five states with 324 electoral votes. HARRISON WILL MAKE ONE SPEECH.

Too linsy with Literature and Law to Attend to Politics.

CHICAGO, Sept. 17 .- Ex-President Harri-

son has asked the republican national committee to make no appointments for him to speak. A letter was received from the general's private secretary today explaining that the expresident's contracts for literary work and an engagement in a law suit early next month would prevent his accepting in-vitations. General Harrison stated that he would deliver one speech in Marion county, Indiana, and that would be the extent of his campaigning in the state.

COMPLETE RETURNS FROM MAINE.

Republican Plurality Foots Up to Nearly Forty-Nine Thousand. FORTLAND, Me., Sept. 17 .- Complete reurns of Monday's election are at hand. The total vote was: Powers, republican,

3.573; Frank, democrat, 34,841; republican plurality, 48,732 against 12,593 in 1892.

Sibley Nominated for Congress.

ERIE, Pa., Sept. 17.-Hon. J. C. Sibley was formally nominated by the democratic party as its candidate for congress from this district today. The conferees from Eric and Crawford counties met at Connegu-ville and complied with instructions im-parted by the democratic convention of the Twenty-sixth congressional district. The populist conferees met at Union City last Saturday and placed Mr. Silbey in nomina-

"Other nations are only waiting for us to take the

trouble. Upon that there cannot be two opinions, and that my fellow citizens, no chass of people know better than you. We know the very day and the hour when this confidence was first staken, and from that hour distrust and doubt have hung over the business of the country. It has been argravated from a variety of causes, but none greater than the assault which has been made by the allied political organiza-tions upon the credit and currency of the country. (Applause) This new menace must be averted before we can hope to have any permanent prosperity. We know that the present monetary standard has not stood in the way of our prosperity in the past. (Cries of "No, no, free trade has.") You know that we were prosperous in 1892, and had been for the preceding ten years. You know that we have not seen any real meas-ure of prosperity since. (Applause.) Busi-ness is so sensitive, so quick to scent dan-ger, that any legislation or proposed legis-lation or change of policy which would de-range or alter or unsettle values is felt long before the apprehended blow is given. So that from the very hour it was deter-mined by the American people that the re-rubilean party, which with but a single in-terruption had been in control of the gov-ernment for more than thirty years, was to go out of power and another party with a different policy was to come in, that mo-ment every business man of the country assumed an attitude of waiting and of fear-and anxiety. (Applause.) While business men were waiting to know exactly what terislation was to be business was lan-guishing from one end of the country to the other and labor was without work. Then we commenced living from hand to mouth ever since (great applause and crites of "We have"), and as an old com-rarde said to me a few days ago, "The dis-tance seems to be getting greater with each succeeding year." (Laughter and applause.) LOSS TO LABOR. course of Senator Hill in his campaign and

LOSS TO LABOR. According to a census recently taken by a newspaper in New York it appears that in July, 1892, 577 employers of labor in the United States gave work to 114,231 hands. How was it in July, 1896? (Cries of "Not so good"). The same employers gave work to 78,799 hands: 35,531 men who had been employed in 1892 were thrown out of em-ployment in 1892 were thrown out of em-ployment in 1892 were thrown out of em-ployment in 1892 were thrown out of em-employed in July, 1896; the carnings of the 78,709 hands amounted to 33,-927,060. In July, 1896, the carnings of the 78,709 hands amounted to only 42,469,712, a loss to labor in a single month in those establishments of 81,67,000, or 40 per cent. (A yolce, "Pennsylvania knows it"). Yes, and Pennsylvania, like all the rest of the country, will yote this year with knowl-edge. (Cries of "Right!") in 1892 the monthly average of wages paid in these establishments was \$31,59; in 1896 only \$31.

edge. (Cries of "Richt (right!") in 1892 the monthly average of wages paid in these establishments was \$3.50; in 1896 only st. My countrymen. I am one of those Amer-teans who believe that the American work-shop should be protected so far as possible from the foreign workshop to the end that American workingmen may be constantly employed at American wages. (Tremen-dous cheering and cries of "What's the matter with McKinley? He's all right"). Nor do I want products cheapened at the spense of American mathood. (Applause). Nor do I think that it is economy to buy goods cheaply abread if thereby it enforces. Such goods are the dearest that the Amer-tean workingmen may be constantly enployed at American wance. (Tremen-dous cheering and cries of "Right you repose of American mathood. (Applause). Nor do I think that it is economy to buy goods cheaply abread if thereby it enforces. Such goods are the dearest that the Amer-tean people can buy. (Cries of "Right you are Mafor"). James G Blaine (applause), that effied statesman, in 1844 spoke words of widem which seem singularly applica-be to our present situation and to the present hour. He said: "A policy that would abandon the field of home trades and workingmen of the United States, was prove disastrous to the mechanics and workingmen of the United States, the softent amount for the necessities of age. The reduction of wages, inevitably workingman of the United States of the date is undustly reduced when an in-districtions main is not able by his earlings to live in comfort, elsecte his children and workingman of the United States of the power to do this. It would hereive the workingman of the United States of the date is the future to he home trades of age. The reduction of wages, inevitably the density is available with order the power to do this. It would hereve a great and in the sorrowful degrafication of labor workingman of the United States of the power is do the word is would hereve the right of mainfain just relations between the two has of another is a

But, my countrymen, as if the business conditions were rol had clough and hars onough to base, we have thrust upon us at this most critical time in the business upon busines

was in session trying to ascertain the truth or faisity of this statement the republican leaders of the St. Louis convention pre-pared the gold plank of their platform, wired it to J. P. Mcrgan & Co. for approval, received a reply that it was eminently satisfactory, and adopted it. It is the first square declaration of any platform in favor of the single standard and in opposition to the use of silver as havful money. The rethe use of silver as lawful money. The re-publican party demands the maintenance of the gold standard in violation of all its

Farmers, he alleged, were the principal sufferers, and they constitute fully one-half of those in the United States following gainful occupations. To do justice to them would be to benefit all. He added: "Every monopolist, every oppressor of labor, is en-gaged with Mark Hanna in forwarding your

land shot and beat and starved into sub-

his money and his work secured McKinley's nomination and he expects them to secure his election. With him are engaged the his election. With him are engaged the great trusts and monopolies and railroad corporations. It is their boast that their money and their power cannot be beaten. These are the men who are so zealous for the interests of labor."

Rockwell held that it is not necessary to wait upon Europe before proceeding to estab-

'Who is Mark Hanna?

"Go ask the sailors on the great lakes. The men whom his organized thugs in Cleve-

mission.

"Go ask the miners of Ohio, Michigan and West Virginia. Every dollar of the millions which he has accumulated is tainted with the sweat and blood of oppressed and down-trodden labor. He glories in the fact that

tion as their candidate for congress.

past teachings and policy, and in violation of the constitution. Again 1 say we are democrats; we are not revolutionists." Mr. Rockwell argued that silver had not depreciated in value; instead of that, he held, the purchasing power of gold had in creased through legislation hostile to silver.

interests by keeping down values and prices for your benefit.