largest majority ever recorded; elected our candidate for governor by the greatest majority ever given a candi-date for that high office; endorsed the St. Louis platform and declared for McKinley and Hobert by 50,000. The republican vote exceeds by several thousand the largest republican majority ever given, and the vote for the democratic candidate for gov-ernor is the smallest ever cast with one exception, the vote of 1894, which was only 3,000 less. We have kept pace with Ver-mont and proven to the country that the democratic platform adopted at Chicago will ail when met with argument and We have been aided in this contest by many democrats, who placed country above party, and who believe that you can not divide the people into parties upon a question of simple morals and common honwhat more could Maine have done for the and protection? J. H. MANLEY."

Hon. M. A. Hanna and Hon. William

Hahn, wiring from Chicago, say: "Congratulations on the glorious victory the
men of Maine have achieved for protection,
sound money and gool government. The
great victory in the Pine Tree state is an of a greater victory throughout the

republic in November. Murat Haistead, Portland, Me; the Veteran McKinley club, San Diego, Cal.; the Amerleus club, Pittsburg; the Cannonsburg, Pa., Republican club; Garfield club, San Diego, Cal.; W. D. Guilbert, F. S. Monett and S. B. Campbell, Chicago, Charles F. Joy wired from St. Louis: "With Maine discounting Vermont in setting the pace, what may we not expect November 3?"

BYNUM NOT OVERCONFIDENT.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—W. B. D. Bynum of Indianapolis, who is in the city to organize the campaign for Palmer and Buckner in the east, has arranged to open headquarters in this city in connection with length, the state committee. General Charles The Tracy of Albany will probably be in charge. am somewhat surprised at the result In Maine," said Mr. Bynum to a reporter.
"I hardly believe that any of our western states will furnish such a complete surprise in November. In fact, while I believe Bryan will be hopelessly beaten, the hardest kind of work is necessary to drive the false sentiment for which he stands out of the A number of western states, for instance, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri and Michigan, are still to be classed in the doubtful column, and we look to the east to make Mr. Bryan's defeat certain."
Mr. Bynum has secured Madison Square

Garden for next Tuesday night, and there Generals Palmer and Buckner will open the campaign in the east. Secretary Carlisie and other gold democrats are expected to speak at that meeting.

General Powell Clayton of Arkansas when

seen by a representative of the Associated press at the national headquarters said of the result of the Maine election: "The bat-tle was fought on the ground selected by the enemy and the glorious victory far exceeded our most sanguine expectations, as did the Vermont election. The result seems to indicate that a large number of democrats must have voted the republican ticket, or there was a very large number of quiet votes cast by men who think deeply

I think it clearly shows that surprises of the same character will be found to come from all of the states in the union nex November.

"Do you think that it will have such an effect on Mr. Sewall as to make him withdraw from the presidential ticket?" was

'No, I don't think so," said the general lckly. "I don't see anything for him to but to stay with his ship and go down

that Maine is in the extreme east, where we never had hoped for any but the most meager results for silver. The returns ought to add to the hopes of our friends all over

Chairman Babcock of the republican congressional campaign committee today said:
"The result of the election in Maine will be of very great value to all business and finan-Interests at this time. It restore confidence in financial circles and not only in this country, but throughout the world. We looked for a large majority in Maine, but hardly expected to equal the plurality given in 1894, when so many democrats refused to vote; but it has exceeded that plurality by about 30 p cent and no one can for a moment doubt that this vote in Maine indicates the sentiment

of the great northeastern states. The state there are large manufacturing and agricultural interests, the states whose neo de read and have an intelligent voting population, will, in my opinion join the procession and follow the lead set by Vermont The key of a situation in a campaign is

to determine which way the tide is setting. This is often extremely difficult to do. Two years ago at this time after the Oregon, Vermont and Maine elections, I recognized and claimed that they were indicative of the sentiment of the whole country and stated that I believed that that practically settled the contest; and my opinion and predictions were fully borne out by the result in Novem-This year the majorities in Vermor much more pronounced and larger than they were two years ago. From this I can draw only one conclusion, and that is that the great manufacturing and agricultural states will follow the example set by Vermont and Maine and give such majorities against free silver and repudiation that it will settle the question for all time to come."

Is "Agin" the Government. PIERCE, Neb., Sept. 15 .- (Special.)-The

populists have been worrying considerably about the German vote in this county, be cause they have been going into the republican party. Yesterday afternoon Robert Schilling of Milwaukee spoke to an audience of about 200 Germans in their native lan-guage at the opera house. The speaker did not advance any argument for the free coinage of silver, but rather sought to array section against section by telling them that they were being imposed upon by the east and that England would own this country in a short time. He was very bitter against the government and the flag and sought to provoke feeling against it.

That Tired Feeling

Makes you seem "all broken up," with out life, ambition, energy or appetite. It is often the forerunner of serious illness, or the accompaniment of nervous troubles. It is a positive proof of thin, weak, impure blood; for, if the blood is rich, red, vitalized and vigorous, it imparts life and energy to every nerve, organ and tissue of the body. The necessity of taking Hood's Sarsaparilla for that tired feeling is therefore apparent to every one, and the good it will do you is equally beyond question. Remember

Hood's

Sarsaparilla

VETS CONGRATULATE

McKinley Receives a Deputation of Soldiers at Canton.

Sound Money Nomince Tells Men Who Fought for Union They Have a Chance Now to Fight for Nation's Honor.

CANTON, O., Sept. 15.-This was the day for the formal congratulation of the Grand Army men of Stark county to Major McKinley. The morning dawned with a light rain falling and heavy clouds portending bad weather during the day. The fortuni opening of the county campaign occurs Priday and the attraction of notable speakers and big parades appeals to residents of Other congratulatory telegrams came from the country outside of Canton to make their visit to Canton on that day. In view of these conditions it was not thought a large crowd of the veterans would be present today. But when the dining room of Can ton post was thrown open at noon there were more than could be accommodated till extra preparations were made. And there was also a shortage in reception badges. More than half of the membership of the order was in line in today's parade. Colonel J. J. Clark made the address and Governor McKinley responded at some

> reception of the old soldiers was most enthusiastic. The Women's Relief corps and thousands of Cantonians followed the parade to the McKinley home. Every post in the county and many from adjoin-ing counties were represented. Major Mc-Kinley was given an ovation and was interrupted by cheers at short intervals. Colonel J. J. Clark presented the delegation in a stiring speech

Mr. McKinley said in reply:

Colonel Clarke, My Comrades and Fellow Citizens: It is a very great honor to me, and one which I shall always cherish, to receive a call from my old comrades of the war, living in this neighborhood. (Applicate), You are here today, not as soldiers, but as citizens—citizens of the best government in the world—made better because of the services you rendered it nearly a third of a century ago. (Renewed applicate). I bid you welcome to my home and express to you in response to the generous and grateful message delivered by Colonel Clark, my most profound gratitude and thanks. It was a great thing to have been a soldier in the late war. It is an evidence of the highest patriotism and love, for patriotism means to be willing to give up life, health or strength if our country demands it; and you were willing to do so and you attested your patriotism upon many fields during that war. (Cheers). Happily we are a reunited country.

FROM BOTH SIDES. Mr. McKinley said in reply: FROM BOTH SIDES.

Coming to this city to give me congratu-ations, not only are those who served on the union side during that great struggle, out also the men who sorved on the con-ederate side. Both have been here to tender congratulations and give me assur-ances of support. (Great cheering). Now all are citizens of a common union; and all ready to battle for the union and for the honor and integrity of the government of the United States. (Enthusiastic cheering). "No, I don't think so," said the general quickly, "I don't see anything for him to do but to stay with his ship and go down with it. That is what I should do in his case. His withdrawal would put the democratic party in a very peculiar position, as 't would piace them clearly in the populist ranks."

JONES IS SATISFIED, TOO.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—Senator Jones, chairman of the democratic committee, left for Washington today. When asked for an opinion as to the result of the Maine election, he said: "When we consider that before the democratic national convention was held the democratic national convention was held the democratic of Maine held a convention and nominated a gold ticket and that subsequently they met and reversed this action, declaring for silver, and that this was followed soon by an election at which the party cast 3,000 votes more than it did two years ago, I think it shows a marvelous gain for silver. Instead, therefore, of feeling disheartened over the result, I feel greatly encouraged. It must be remembered that Maine is in the extreme cast, where Thank God, all sectional lines have be obliterated (applause), and men from parts of our common country are tod great pleasure to shake each one of my old comrades by the hand. (Great cheering.) When the handshaking was reached there

was a great rush. The delegation from Somerset, Pa., over 2,000, was approaching and it was feared there would not be time for all to get to McKinley FARMERS PLEDGE VOTES. The Pennsylvanians had five bands and many banners and emblems. This delega-tion of farmers came over 250 miles. State Senator Norman B. Critchfield made the senator Norman B. Critchfield made the introductory address, and in doing so said:

The question to be acttled is whether the depressed condition that during the last three years has brought desolation and suffering in many once happy homes shall continue, or whether the burden that oppresses the people of this country shall be lifted and the light of other days be made to shine in places where how there is only darkness. By far the largest proportion of the money that is employed in the business operations of the country is paid for labor and from the wage carners of the land the largest proportion in the end comes to us to pay for the product of our farms. Not only must the wage carners come to us for the means of subsistence, but all other classes are subject to the same dependence. Who then can be more interested in keeping the money of the country good than we are. We want a dollar that will lose none of its value in our hands; a dollar that will be none to pay as when we received it. We want a dollar that can be exchanged for any other dollar at any time or place that we may want to use it. Those of its who are unfortunate enough to be paying interest know that just as certainly as the value of the dollar decreases, so certainly the rate of interest will increase.

Three times Major McKinley began to speak and each time was leave to the cases. introductory address, and in doing so said

Three times Major McKinley began to peak, and each time was interrupted by cheering, and when he concluded. vas unusual cagerness to shake his hand. Richard Kerens, national committeeman from Missourl, was at the McKinley home today. His state will send the first hig delegation of farmers from the west October 5, from along the Santa Fe road. Mr. Kerens says with four tickets in the field in Missouri republican success is highly probable. Everything east of the Alleghenies, he says, is safe without any additional work, and the western situation is

WILL INSIST ON GOLD PAYMENTS Colorado Mine Owners Not Satisfied

entirely satisfactory.

with the White Metal. VICTOR, Colo., Sept. 15 .- One of the principal owners in one of the greatest gold producing mines in the Cripple Creek district of the United States made the following statement today: "On account of the continued statements of the eastern press that Colorado is a silver producing state, and for that reason is for Bryan and Sewall, the owners of gold mines in the state who pro-duce annually more than \$20,000,000 of gold are forming a close corporation for the pur-pose of demanding of the smelters that they receive money for their product either in gold coin or bullion. In a few days the ownrs of gold mines will meet in Victor, Colo., perfect the organization and sign conracts. Fifteen mine owners representing several of the biggest gold mines in Colorado with an annual production of \$5,009,000, are neading the movement. The gold will be used in paying off employes and will thus to into circulation instead of into the

Senator Allen Not Discouraged. MADISON, Neb., Sept. 15 .- Senator William V. Allen, who was temporary chairman of the St. Louis populist convention, and later chairman of the populist notification ommittee, said today: "The result in Maine was anticipated, as that state was be-lieved to be under the complete domination of the money power. It will have the effect west and uniting all discordant elements."

Official Returns from Arkansas LITTLE ROCK, Sept. 15 .- Official returns from sixty-one out of sixty-five counties give Jones, democrat. 71,645; Remmel, re Hood's Pills care the Operate. 25 cents.

ler, prohibition, 1.643. Jones' plurality, 45,224; Jones' majority, 33,316. The indications are that Jones' majority in the state will be considerably less than at first estimated. publican, 26,410; Files, populist, 11,280; Mil-ler, prohibition, 1,643. Jones' plurality,

PROGRESS OF THE STATE CAMPAIGN BRYAN IN BLUE GRASS REGION

Republican Enthusiasm Continues to Increase Throughout Nebraska. WAUSA, Neb., Sept. 15 .- (Special.)-The night. A large delegation, headed by the band, arrived from Bloomfield on a special train. Hon. J. M. McPheely addressed the growd in the open, the hall being much too CHIEF SPEECH OF THE DAY AT LEXINGTON PATRIOTISM BOTH PAST AND PRESENT small to hold them all. Much enthusiasm was shown. This is the largest crowd ever

ren here before. PULLERTON, Neb., Sept. 15.—(Special.) Judge Ben S. Baker made a powerful speech last evening to one of the largest and most enthusiastic audiences ever assembled this city. The republican cause in county was greatly advanced by the Judge's splendid effort. The meeting throughout was enthusiastic and orderly.

OAKLAND, Neb., Sept. 15.—(Special.)—

nother very large and enthusiastic repu and this time without the aid or consent of any other tawn in the county. Dr. C. A. Swenson, president of Bethany college of Lindsborg, Kan., was the principal speaker with P. O. Hedlund to assist. There was heavy rain the evening previous, and all foreneon the weather was threatening, but at 2:30 p. m., the time for the speaking, for 600 people were all comfortably filled nd many were standing. DAVID CITY, Neb., Sept. 15.—(Special.)

Hon. D. A. Scoville spoke to a large and intelligent audience in the court house last night. The meeting was opened with singing by the Ladies' McKinley quartet, after which Mayor Hall, president of the McKinley club, introduced the speaker. The first part of his sweeth was devoted to a conpart of his speech was devoted to a con-sideration of the coinage laws of the United States. He then called the atten-tion of his hearers to the sophistries and misleading arguments and statements of the democrats and populists of the stat-by quoting from the Chicago platform the speeches of Mr. Bryan in the past and at the present and editorials from the World-Herald, showing they could not all be true. WILCOX, Neb., Sept. 15.—(Special.)—The Wilcox McKinley club held a very success

ul meeting Saturday evening. E. D. Insel f Holdrege nominee on the republican cket for state senator from this district and Hon, J. W. Gillman of Minden, nominee for

state representative for Kearney county made very able addresses. HASTINGS, Sept. 15.—(Special.)—There was a large crowd out last night at the court bouse to hear the political speaking. Hon, J. N. Clark spoke about the Chicago platform and William R. Burton followed upon the tariff, which he said should be the principal issue and that the democratic the principal issue and that the democratic party was seeking to avoid it. At the Railroad Men's Sound Money club room L. A. Payne spoke in the absence of Judge Hayward of Nebraska City. Mr. Payne commenced with the money question from the beginning of the Christian era and fol owed it up to the present time. He showed ow silver had always fluctuated and tha gold had never fluctuated but twice and both times the fluctuation was caused by

BLAIR, Neb., Sept. 15.—(Special Tele grem.)—J. K. Cubison of Kansas City, Kan. spoke in Germania hall here tonight. The ball will only hold about 600 people and it was packed to overflowing and many had to go home for want of room. The audi-ence consisted principally of voters. Several prominent persons have spoken in Diair during different campaigns, among them W. J. Bryan. Cubison is considered a better orator than Bryan by those who greeted him there could not be many free silver men left. He also showed the cause of the hard times was not from the want nard. It is admitted to be the ablest ar-gument ever presented to the citizens of gument ever pro Blair by anyone.

Blair by anyone.

O'NEILL, Neb., Sept. 15.—(Special Telegram.)—One of the largest and most enthusiastic rallies seen in this city or county for years was held here tonight. There was a torchlight procession two blocks long hended by the band, the McKinley Drum corps also being in line. After blocks long hended by the band, the Me-Kinley Drum corps also being in line. After the procession paraded the principal streets of the city to the music of the bands and the cheering of the hundreds along tv line of march they repaired to the court house, where they were addressed by Hon. A. E. Cady. Mr. Cady delivered an cioquent address, which was liberally ap-plauded and which will do much good in this county. Hon, Jack MacColl and Charles E. Casey arrived on the evening train and addressed the audience for a few minutes after which the meeting closed amid grea

ELKHORN, Neb., Sept. 15.—(Special Tele gram.)—Keiner's hall tonight was packe to suffocation by an audience that assemble to listen to John L. Kennedy and Judg Clarkson expound sound money an kindred political doctrine under the auspices of the Western Douglas County McKinley, Hobart and MacColl Campaigs elub. At least calculation 600 people It tened to the speakers. It was impossib for all who came to gain admittance t the hall, but instead of returning home ide and applauded to the echo the man illing points emphasized by the speake n favor of sound money and protection, a against free silver and repudiation. beding the speaking the club mer marched through the streets of the town keeping step to the music of the Elkhorn and Waterloo brass bands. The member of the club carried torches and burned alon the line of march several thousand Roman andles. It was by far the largest politica feature of the parade was the showing made by the Woman's McKinley, Hobar and MacColl clubs of Waterloo and Elkhorn The Waterloo women marched like veterand and wore the regulation McKinley and Hobart campaign caps and Napoleon cape; They carried Japanese lanterns. The Elk norn women, as an earnest of their sen timents, carried brooms along the line march. Many of the transparencies carri in the parade bore mettees as appropriawere original. seemed to strike the spectators best were 'Free Coinage, 16 to 1, Nit'' "McKinley the Advance Agent of Presperity;" "Mills Not Mints;"

"What About Free Trade i BRYAN VOTES WILL BE SCARCE

Hundred and Fifty Thousand Plu rallty for McKinley in Ohio. COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 15.-Hon. W. 8 Matthews, chairman of the Ohio repub lican state executive committee, has made stimates on McKinley's plurality in Ohio at the November election, based on returns ceived at the headquarters, and his lowest

figures are 150,000. To Give Gamble a Reception. PIERRE, S. D., Sept. 15 .- (Special.) -Th McKinley club of this city is drilling for street parade with torches on the occasio of the speech by Congressman Gamble to They expect to have about 40 with their men well drilled. The member of each ward are organized in companie with their own officers, and all are preparing for the occasion.

Organize a Colored Republican Club The colored voters of the southeastern ection of the Third ward held a short session at 1004 Douglas street for the purose of perfecting the organization of a

Wyoming Jadicial Nominee. CHEYENNE, Sept. 15 .- (Special Telegram.)-The democrats of the First Wy oming judicial district, comprising th counties of Laramie and Converse, held convention here today and nominated . W. Whitehead of this city for district judge against Richard Scott, the republican nomi-

McKinley club held a big rally here last Candidate of the Silver Forces Does Some Talking in the Rain.

Declares the Lane is Clear in This Campaign and That His Nomination Knocked All Hope Out of Republicans.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Sept. 15.-Kentucky hospitality and southern enthusiasm were showered upon William J. Bryan today in his trip in the Flue Crass region. The greatest demonstration tendered him in the south was at Lexington, where he addressed some 15,000 people at the fair grounds. A procession, unique in its character and impressive to a large degree, passed before him as he was on the speaker's stand. The farmers of the surrounding country got into Lexington early this morning, and came in a typical southern way, riding the entire. distance on horses. While Mr. Bryan was addressing the audience the horsemen were seen entering the gates of the fair grounds, riding in double file, and carrying appropriate democratic campaign banners. took twenty-five minutes for the parade to

file past the nominee, and every one of those tried to outdo his neighbor in yelling and cheering. Mr. Bryan spoke to the farmers, and it was a speech intended for farmers. It was nearly 3 o'clock when Mr. Bryan arrived at the driving park. His appearance was the signal for the greatest ap-He was introduced to the audies by Hon, C. J. Bronston, state senator and andidate for congress.

Mr. Bryan left Louisville this morning at

Tago clock, making speeches en route at La Grange, Eminence, Versailles, Midway and Lexington, completing the day's speaking at Maysville, Ky. At Versailles Mr. Bryan was the guest of J. C. S. Blackburn, Mr. Bryan retired immediately after his third speech last night and would see no one As a consequence he got a good As a consequence he got a good

night's rest. The same special car used yesterday was taken by the party and on board, managing the tour, was Urey Woodson, national committeeman from this state. There was no demonstration of any kind when Mr. Bryahleft Louisville. On board the train were reception committees from Eminence and Exercises to the committee of the co Frankfort and at every place reception committees came aboard to welcome the nominee to their towns. Short stops were made at Anchorage, Beards and Peewee Valley. The first speech from the platform of the car was made at La Grange and in it.

Mr. Beven said he had found his visit to Mr. Bryan said he had found his visit Kentucky was unnecessary, as the silver sentiment predominated before his coming. He was applauded wildly by the 700 people present. After leaving La Grange Engineer Ben Schultze of the Louisville & Nashville train, to which the car was attached, gave Mr. Bryan one of the fastest rides he has in his entire campaign, sending his train along at a trifle over eighty miles an

SPEAKS IN THE RAIN. At Eminence it had started to rain, but nearly 1,000 of the citizens of Henry county had flocked about a little speaker's stand heard him tonight. He took up the fign-cial matter and dissected it in great shape, also W. J. Bryan, and by the cheers that a ten-minute speech, devoting himself for the most part to answering the statement silver men left. He also showed the cause made by his opponents that in consequence of the hard times was not from the want of the greater production of silver than of money, but on account of the repeal of of gold the white metal had depreciated the McKinley law and the enactment of the Vilson bill. Many farmers were in from the country and several from Kennard. It is admitted to be the ablest argument ever presented to the cilizons of the production of gold had increased more rapidly than the production of silver and that the gold price of silver bullion had fallen more than at any other time. said that the price of silver was affected by the law of supply and demand and that when the United States repealed the Shorman law and stopped the purchase of 54,000,000 ounces of silver that it had decreased the price of silver because it lessened the demand for it.

During his speech the rain began to fall in torrents and Mr. Bryan told his audience stand in the rain, but immediately there were shouts for him to go on, rain or no rain The rain was still falling when the train pulled into the little hamlet of Bagdad, and but a small crowd dared the storm to look at the candidate. In this crowd was a young woman who, with some temerity, looked at Mr. Bryan and said: "My name is Bryan and my folks are from Culpepper county, Va.

am glad to meet you," said Mr. Bryan "and I think that with his best smile, I secure the vote of all my kin folks I will have a pretty respectable showing." This was the last step before Frankfor as reached where the candidate was billed speak half an hour. In his speech a Frankfort Mr. Bryan emphasized his state ment of last night that those who did no believe in the free colnage of silver, demo crats or republicans, should vote the straight publican ticket. The rain was falling progress when the train pulled into Frank ort and Mr. Bryan was conducted to the platform in the courthouse square under at umbrella, which was knocked aside every minute by the efforts of his southern his speech of fifteen minutes the rain con

tinued to pour rown.
but his audience of 1.500 people stood the wet and yelled for him to go on. Mr Bryan said that he wished circumstances were such that he could address the people assembled on the issues of the campaig: but that under the circumstances he coul not do any more than present himself and give his pledge, which he had already given through his letter of acceptance, that he was in hearty accord with the declara-tions contained in the Chicago platform He eulogized Senator Blackburn as on who is in the front of every fight for the people and in consideration of the audience that was enduring the storm said goodby He was loudly cheered throughout.

DROPS OUT ON ONE SPEECH. At Midway, where Mr. Bryan arrived at 11:30 a. m., the party left its special car for another on the Cincinnati Southern railroad and made the short trip to Versallies in the latter. It was raining hard when Midway was reached, but quite a crowd was gathered there unmindful of a wetting. The people wanted a speech and made frequent importunities, but Mr. Bryan decide hat the atmosphere was too damp for talk ing and went away without gratifying his expectant admirers. Versailles was reached at 12:30. Mr. Bryan was met at the station by a band and a number of horsemen, who escorted him to, the residence of Senator Blackburn. On the way he made a short speech from a stand creeted in the center of the principal stage. It was raining all the time he spoke, but he held his 500 auditors. A large party were entertained at Senator Blackburn's residence. Open house was kept and everyhedly was asked inside. At 1:30 Mr. Bryan, Senator Blackburn and the others of the Versailles party returned to the special trains and proceeded to Lex-

the others of the Versallies party returned to the special train and proceeded to Lexington, where they sprived at 3 p. m.

Mr. Bryan oppied, his speech before the vast audience that, gathered at Lexington with a few words of praise of the farfamed Blue Grass region and its people. From the two sampaign clubs that had marched to the deput to receive him the nominee accepted two handsome silver badges which he nomined to carry to his padges, which he premised to carry to hi Colored Voters McKinley club. Grant Lewis he asserted that the money question was presided. At the preliminary meeting last night much interest was shown. There will be a further meeting Thursday night of the legislation of 1873. Ever since that this week to complete the work of the organization. that was at that time repealed, but at in time had they been able to pass a bit through both branches of congress. The had been compelled, time and time again to compromise, he declared, and each tim they had found that their enemies, afte forcing a compromise, had commenced the next day to undermine that which the had compelled the people to accept. Th speaker added:

against Richard Scott, the republican nomines. Mr. Whitchead has not practiced law for twenty years.

Minister Talks Politics.

WEEPING WATER, Neb., Sept. 15.—(Special Telegram.)—Rev. J. E. Harris delivered a political address here this afternoon to a small audience and one tonight, which a large number attended. The speaker had the "Seven Financial Conspiracies" memorized and repeated it almost word for word.

cretly for its repeal. Then the sliver sentiment had grown until in February, 1890, there were prospects of the passage of a free coinage law, our friends again forced a compromise and substituted the Sherman law for the free coinage of silver, and no sooner was the Sherman law passed than our opponents began to try to secure its repeal. Senator Sherman, in his book recently published, known as "John Sherman's Recollections," expressly states that he secured and favored that bill in order to prevent the passage of a free comage law, and that he was ready to vote for its repeal the next day if that repeal could be secured without substituting free coimage, Great applause). I call your attention to these facis to show you that during all these years, instead of meeting open and frank and candid one mies, we have had to fight those who, under the guise of being friends of free coimage, firends of pimetallism, have by steath sought to fasten the gold standard upon the American people, (Great applause).

ISSUE IS DIRECT

Mr. Bryan asserted that in this campaign,

Mr. Bryan asserted that in this campaign for the first time, the issue was direct and that in this campaign, for the first time, the gold standard managers had failed in their endeavors to write the platforms of both of the leading parties and to conduct the campaign on other issues. He then entered into a comparison of the repub lican and democratic platforms. Mr. Bryan was stopped for a few minutes by the rain, When it let up a little he proceeded: My friends, let me say that the majority My friends, and did rule at Chicago and wrote the platform That was democratic. (Great applause, For once the convention took strong, open For once the convention took strong, open, unequivocal grounds in favor of the immediate restoration of free coinings at the ratio of 16 to 1. (Applause.) And what was the result? Why, my friends, four months ago the republicans thought that all they had to do was to nominate their candidate and election was sure, but just as soon as the Chicago platform was written, as soon as the democratic party appealed to the hearts and consciences of the people, then the hope of the republican party was changed to despondency and despair. (Tremendous applause.)

Here the procession began to pass by the

Here the procession began to pass by th stand and Mr. Bryan was interrupted for twenty-five minutes. When it had passed he continued:

twenty-five minutes. When it had passed, he continued:

Fellow citizens, I have been interrupted in the midst of speeches before, but I can say to you that of all this is the most pleasant interruption of which I have recollection. (Applause), I noticed one motto, drawn with letters not altogether according to the latest patterns, but which presented a sentiment that ought to find a lodgment in the memories of all, that is "High Money, Low Times." (Applause). I chillenge you to find in any of the speeches that will be made this year by the opponents of free silver a single sentence that contains as much of political economy and common sense as is contained in that phrase. (Applause). I saw another motto, "Our Barns Are Full, But Our Pockets Are Empty" (applause), and in that sentence is epitomized twenty years of farming history. Nature smiles upon your husbandry, your soil gives forth in rich profusion, but according to the experience of the farmer, with all that he can do, with his industry, with his economy, with all his patient toil, he finds that the lond of the American farm grows harder every year. In olden times under the rules of those who waved and swept the sabre as they said by right divine, complaint was answered with the times under the rules of those who waved and swept the sabre as they said by right divine, complaint was answered with the lash, but now the just complaint of the tolling millions of the United States is answered by charges that they are anarchists and socialists. (Great applause.) My friends, there is one unfortunate thing in connection with the use of the word anarchist, as applied to those who are banded together to restore the money of the constitution. Anarchy is a thing not to be considered in a land like this; anarchy can have no home among the people who have the ballot to right their wrongs. (Great applause). And the unfortunate thing about this country by men who are doing more to overthrow our government than any anarchist who ever carried a red flag. I say that when this word anarchist is applied to the toil, the danger is that it will make the name respectable because of its association. (Uproarious applause and loud cheering).

I protest against the use of that name

name respectable because of its association. (Uproarious applause and loud cheering).

I protest against the use of that name for the purpose which deprives it of all its terrors. My friends, those who are opposed to us cannot afford to place the farmers of this country and the laborers of this country in the position of enemies of the government, because they are the only friends that any government ever had. (Applause) My friends, these very men who are abused and despised by those who doubt the capacity of the masses for safe government, these are the very people who in time of emergency must protect their reallumniators from themselves and their associates. There is not a syndicate that has preved upon the public, which would not rather try its case against another syndicate before the common people of this country than before a jury made up of a syndicate. (Applause).

There was one motto that impressed me more deeply than any other metto and I want you to carry that motto home with you when you leave this place and bear it upon your memories every day so that you may read it when you rise up and again when you go to bed; so that it will be a part of your political life. It is a short motto and contains but few letters. It is "We Mean Business." (Great applause.)

MAYSVILLE, Ky., Sept. 15.—"An easy MAYSVILLE, Ky., Sept. 15.—"An easy

MAYSVILLE, Ky., Sept. 15.—"An easy day" was the way Candidate Bryan charac-terized the campaigning experience which ended tonight at Maysville, At nearly every place where he spoke the rain fell heavily and the big assemblage that heard him here tonight stood in a driving storm. The nominee reached here at 7:15 and after spending a few minutes went back to his special train and left at 8:10 for Lexington, where he will take a Queen & Crescent at 1:45 for Harriman, Tenn.

OVATION TO SENATOR WOLCOTT.

Colorado Springas Turas Out Enmasse to Hear Republican Doctrine COLORADO SPRINGS, Colo., Sept 15 .- Teh demonstration which was accorded Edward O. Wolcott, junior senator from Colorado apon his arrival in this city this afternoon surpassed anything ever given any political speaker who has ever visited this city housands of people greeted the senator a the depot and paraded the streets for an hour and a half. At 8 o'clock, the coliseum, scating 4,000 people, was crowded. An over-flow meeting of over 5,000 in North park was addressed by Mr. Wolcott at the conclusion of his coliseum speech.

MacColl's Fine Campaign Work. LEXINGTON, Neb., Sept. 15.—(Special.)— Hon. J. H. MacColl returned Saturday night from a week's trip in the republican valley and left today for O'Neill. He will spend about ten days in the north and northwestern parts of the Sixth district and will put in the balance of the cam-paign in the eastern and southern portions of Nebraska. A gentleman who has been accompanying MacColl speaks in the high-est terms of the vigorous, steady work MacColl is doing upon behalf of the repub-lican ticket and states that MacColl is not Hean ticket and states that MacColl is mak ing hosts of friends and leaving hactive workers in his personal behalf hind him wherever he goes, and that the size of MacColl's majority will be a prise even to his most ardent friends.

Senator Palmer Going to New York SPRINGFIELD, III., Sept. 15 .- Senator John M. Palmer, candidate for president of the national democratic party, will leave this city Saturday for New York, where he will open the campaign on September 2 a Madison Square Garden. Fusion Talk in Texas.

DALLAS, Tex., Sept. 15 .- The republican ate campaign committee is in session here. The question of fusion will come up at tomorrow's session. The populist camaign committee also is helding sessions

MINERS OFFER TO RUN THE MINES.

Leadville Strikers Say They Can Af ford to Pay Three Dollars a Day. LEADVILLE, Colo., Sept. 15.—The miners nion today published a card offering t ease all the downtown mines, drain an operate them, paying to the owners a 2 er cent royalty and paying the \$3 scale for all labor. It offers to furnish a \$100,000 cuarantee bond.

The city council tonight adopted reso-lutions instructing the mayor to employ an unlimited number of policemen and if he finds that they cannot preserve the peace, then to call upon the governor for

Ticket Agents at Atlantic City ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Sept. 15. erty-first semi-annual meeting of the Amercan Association of General Passenger and Ticket Agents began in this city today and will continue three days. Some of the best known railroad men in the country are in

NEW FALL JACKETS AND CAPES

If you want a Jacket or Cape you might as well buy the latest style-as some old out-of-date affair that has only its price to recommend it-Our new fall and winter wraps offered you the pick of both the paris and London Fashions-and the prices are right-

Ladies' Boucle Cloth Jackets \$7.75 Ladies' Plush Capes edged with Thibet Fur \$4.75 Ladies' Black Clay Worsted Capes, big value \$3.25

We also have a big supply of Boys' School Clothes and Shoes at way down prices.

THE STATE

THE NEW STORE

1511 DOUGLAS ST

WILL NOT CARRY LINCOLN LATEST NEWS FOR THE ARMY.

Congressman Strode Casts a Rather Dull Horoscope for Bryan.

NEBRASKA AGAINST THE "BOY ORATOR"

of the Citizens Sets Strongly in Favor of Sound Money and Protection for American Industries.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15 .- (Special Telcgram.)-Congressman Strode of Lincoln reached here tonight from New York. says Bryan cannot carry Nebraska.

"The fight that the Bryan men are making," he said, "is a very peculiar one, especially since Mr. Bryan's return from the cast. They have dropped argument altogether and are simply appealing to passion. They know the people of our state have suffered through the past three years from short crops and the farmers are generally getting low prices because of the fact that the world's market is being largely supplied by parts of the world where wheat can be produced very cheaply.

"The consequence is they are simply appealing to that class of people with attempts to arouse prejudice. Their cry is 'Wall street and London.' They do not attempt to make ar-'Wall street far as relates to its general effect on the country, though I cannot believe that such Chaplain William H. Scott, extended one

I think that yesterday's election in Maine will convince the farmers that the republican party is the friend of the agriculturist will reason that the same difficulties exist there as are present in Nebraska, and they will vote for sound money and protect

The majority for McKinley and Hobart will, in my judgment, be anywhere from Judge Strode will hold a consultation with Chairman Bahcock and Representative Mercer at the republican headquarters temorrow

and will leave for home Thursday. A letter was received at the republican congressional headquarters today from Samuel C. Sample, a well known republican of Butte, Neb. He speaks of Boyd and Holt counties as being "darkest Nebraska, as having always given populistic majorities. He says he has made a careful canvass of both counties, and is warranted in saying that the republicans will carry both, this being an indication of the fe this being an indication of broughout the state, the republicans will surely earry the state.

RICHARD ROWE'S CASE IN COURT

Brother of ex-County Treasurer Applies for a Writ of Habeas Corpus. ST. PAUL, Sept. 15.-The habeas corpus ense of Richard W. Rowe was before the United States circuit court of appeal this morning. He is a brother of Chester W. Rowe, who was treasurer of Poweshick county, Iowa. The brothers went to Mexico, and it was then found and charged that they had looted the treasury. Chester became a naturatized citizen of Mexico and so could not be extradited, but the Mexican law provides that a crime committed by such a person, which is a continuing crime within Mexico, may be punished as though committed on Mexican soil. Some \$4,000 in American money, the proceeds of the em-bezzlement, was found in a safety deposit vault in Mexico, and this was held to be a continuance of the offense committed in the United States. Chester Rowe was convicted and sent to prison for a term of welve years. Richard Rowe dited and has been fighting the lower courts. He is now under indictment as an accessory, and claims that he cannot indicted for an offense of that

TROUBLES IN THE BUSINESS WORLD. Chicago Loses a Wholesaic and Retail

Liquor Establishment. CHICAGO, Sept. 15 .- B. J. Northam Co., wholesale and retail dealers in liquors with several establishments in the down town districts, was closed today by the sheriff on a judgment for \$25,500 in favor of the Atlas National bank. The failure of the Allas National bank. The failure is attributed to the action of a New York firm taking out a replevin for \$500 worth of champagnes, forcing the bank to protect its security. It is believed the assets will run between \$140,000 and \$150,000 and liabilities 25 per cent less.

Movements of Ocean Vessels, Sept. 15 At New York—Arrived—State of Ne-braska, from Glasgow; Westernland, from Antwerp; Massachusetts, from London, Sailed—America, for London; Trave, for Bremen, etc.; Civic, for Liverpool; Servia, for Liverpool—Arrived—Norseman, from Boston. At London-Arrived-Potomac, from New Bremen-Arrived-Halle, from Balti-Saale, from New York, Queenstown-Arrived-Teutonic, from York At Yokohama-Sailed-Braemer, for Ta-Southampton-Arrived-Havel, from York for Bremen. Philadelphiu-Satied-Pennsylvania,

for Antwerp for Antwerp At Baltimore—Arrived—Dresden, from

Changes in Station of Officers of Quartermaster's Department. WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—(Special Telegram.)-First Lieutenant Warren R. Dunton, retired, has been detailed for service as professor of military science and tagtics at the New York Military Institute, Cornwall, N. Y.

The following changes in stations of officers of the quartermaster's department have been ordered: Lieutenant Colonel James Gillis, from St. Louis to Governor's Island, N. Y.; Major Charles A. Booth, from Jeffersonville, Ind., to St. Laais; Major Daniel D. Wheeler to report to the commander of the Department of the Platte for assignment to duty as chief quartermaster of that department; Major Charles R. Barnett, to Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo.; Captain John W. Summerhayes, from Fort Slocum, N. Y., to Jefferson Barracks, Mo.; Captain Samuel R. Jones, from Jefferson Barracks to Omaha, in charge of construc-tion at Fort Crook; Captain Edgar S. Dud ley, from Columbus Barracks, O., to De-

partment of Dakota.

The following transfers were made to take effect October 1: Second Lieutenant Samuel V. Ham, from Twenty-fourth in-fantry to Fifth infantry, company C; Sec-ond Lieutenant John A. Guerney, from Fifth infantry to Twenty-fourth infantry, company H. Leaves of absence: First Lieutenant El-

mer W. Hubbard, Third artillery, one month; First Lieutenant Frederick Wooley, Tenth infantry, extended three months; Second Lieutenant Robert L. Hamilton Twenty-second infantry, one month; Second Lieutenant L. C. Andrews, Third cavalry, extended fifteen days; First Lieutenant James E. Nolan, Fourth cavalry, eight days; First Lieutenant Henry Jervey, engineers four months: First Lieutenant William V

KILLED FOR PLAYING A JOKE. Son of Congressman Repours of lows

Meets His Death. ST. LOUIS, Sept. 15 .- A special to the Post-Dispatch from Van Buren, Ark., says: A duel to the death was fought at Chester. nominated, and have organized republican in this county, between Frank Hepburn, an extra engineer of the 'Frisco road, and W. A. Sims, a bartender. Sims was under the influence of liquor and asleep on the depot platform when Hepburn came along in a jecular mood and cut off his (Sims') shoestrings. When Sims awoke he became angry and stabbed Henburn in the breast, Both men then drew pistols and fired several times at each other. H wounded three times and died.

is a son of Congressman Hepburn of Iowa. MAY REDUCE THEIR OWN WAGES.

Cont Miners Adopt Mensures to Circumvent Nonunion Men. PITTSBURG, Sept. 15 .- The railroad con! miners of Pittsburg district are in acssion here to consider the advisability of voluntarily reducing the mining rate to 50 cents es a means of retaliation upon the nonunion niners who have been working at rates ower than the district rate, which is 70 cents per ton. National President Penna is pres-ent to advise the men. President Ratchford of the Ohio Miners' association is also here prevent the proposed cut in rates if possible, as it will seriously affect the mineral wages in Ohio and other western states, The Pittsburg miners generally favor the out, but no decision had been reached when

Official Returns from Arkansas. LITTLE ROUK, Ark., Sept. 15 .- Returns from seventy-three out of the seventy-five counties of the state give Jones, democrat or governor, \$6,590; Remmell, republican, 34,139; Files, populist, 13,325; Miller, pro-hibitionist, 781. Jones' plurality, 53,451; Jones majority, 48,345.

the noon recess was taken.



Fifty Years Ago.

This is the stamp that the letter bore Which carried the story far and wide, Of certain cure for the loathsome sore That bubbled up from the tainted tide Of the blood below. And 'twas Ayer's name And his sarsaparilla, that all now, know, That was just beginning its fight of fame With its cures of go years ago.

~~~~~ Ayer's Sarsaparilla

is the original sarsaparilla. It has behind it a record for cures unequalled by any blood purifying compound. It is the only sarsaparilla honored by a medal at the World's Fair of 1893. Others imitate the remedy; they can't imitate the

50 Years of Cures,

record: