CHENCHELL TO THE TOTAL TOTAL SECTION

AMUSEMENTS.

"East Lynne" for the bargain day matinee

at the Boyd this afternoon, is sure to draw

a large audience. The Bittner company

will produce it in a strong dramatic man-

pected to fill the theater Sunday evening.

Seats for the engagement of Charles Froh-

tember 14, will be placed on sale this morning at 9 o'clock. The appearance of this

intense performance of the Foreign in Bronson Howard's "Aristocracy."

who plunges into poverty after the girl he

whom the hero's uncle has intended him.

be the drawing card at the Creighton for

HARRIS CHARGED WITH ARSON.

Keeper of a Lodging House.

About 1 o'clock this morning A. Harris

A fire occurred yesterday afternoon about

and Thirteenth street in a lodging house

Ghastly Find of Two Hunters.

ummit lake. He was a respected German

itizen. Hagedorn left home last Tuesday.

It is thought he committed suicide. Financial troubles were the cause.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

isitor yesterday.

the city yesterday.

vas in the city yesterday.

H. S. Manville of Fremont was an Omaha

John D. Holliday of Casper, Wyo., was

C. R. Allder, a Neligh banker, was in the city last evening.

Hardy Bryan of the Helena (Mont.) Herald

Hugh Smith of Lead City, S. D., was in Omaha visitor yesterday.

Miss Lillian Terry has returned from her summer vacation, spent in New York.

bank examiner, was in the city yesterday.

North Platte, was an Omaha visitor vester

United States Postal Inspector Sinclair of Lincoln was an Omaha visitor yester-

W. S. Clapp and Will J. Leavitt, two

prominent business men of Kearney, were among yesterday's arrivals.

S. C. Woodson of St. Joseph came up yesterday in connection with the business

Edgar Howard of Papillion was in the city yesterday renewing his inspiration around the free silver headquarters.

Prof. George Selikovitch, national repub-

lican speaker in foreign languages, came in yesterday morning from the Chicago head-

quarters, enroute through the western states

of the Steele-Smith company.

H. J. Whitmore of Lincoln, United States

John Bratt, a prominent cattleman of

Directly after he left she smoke and discovered three

Arrested at the Instance of

The cor

husband of a wealthy French woman,

and Robert Edeson

lar priced matince at 2:30.

"Little Rowdy" is the bill for this

## FEDERAL RIGHTS IN STATES

Attorney General Harmon Makes a Public Reply to W. J. Bryan.

CLEVELAND ACTED ACCORDING TO LAW

Suppression of the Riots at Chicago During the Big Strike Was a Part of the Government's Duty.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11 .- Attorney Gen eral Harmon today furnished the following for publication: "I have concluded to give a public answer to the many inquiries made of me upon a subject of great moment to which general attention is now directed. Mr. Bryan in his letter accepting the nomination for president by the convention at Chicago amplifies the protest which that convention made in its platform against federal interference in local affairs, which, strangely enough, is not found in the platforms of the other conventions which have also nominated him. As nothing else has been proposed to which they could possibly apply, these protests were intended and are understood to be directed against the recent action of the president in forcibly suppressing riotous disorders which have stopped the carriage of the mails and interstate commerce and were defying the civi officers of the United States. The president took this action not only without the requests, but in some instances against the protests, of the authorities of the states which the riots occurred, and Mr. Brean taking section 4 of article 1 of the constitu-tion to be the law on the subject, piedges himself gaainst any repetition of the viola-tion thereof which his letter necessarily charges. He indicates the wisdom of the framers of the constitution by declaring that the local authorities 'are better qualified than the president to judge of the neces

wity for federal assistance.
"This, in my judgment, is far more serfous than the money question or any of the other questions that are now before the people, grave as they all are. Our form of government may survive a wrong decision of those questions and the people may endure for a time all disturbances which may result from false systems of finance and taxa tion, but if the president has deliberately disregarded the instrument upon which the union is founded by supplanting the author ity of a sovereign state by armed forces, a precedent has been made which threatens our form of government, while if a candidate for president properly pledge himself in advance, as Mr. Bryan has done, to do nothing to protect the property, maintain the authority and enforce the laws of the United States unless and until the officers of another government request or consent, then we really have no federal government; for a government which is not entirely free to use force to protect and maintain itself in the discharge of its own proper functions is not government at all. The section of the constitution to which Mr. Bryan refers is as

The United States shall guarantee to every state in this union a republican form of government and shall protect each of them against invasion and on application of the legislature or of the executive when the legislature cannot be convened against domestic violence.

NOT THE CASE IN POINT. "This section plainly refers merely to the protection of the states against in-terference with their authority, laws or laws or property, by domestic violence, and they are wisely made the sole judges whether and when they need such protection. Mr. Bryan betrays a consciousness of the limited opera-tion of this provision in the expression 'federal assistance' in the clause I have quoted. But, by the express terms of the constitution, a state has nothing to do with the maintenance of the authority or execution of the laws of United States. within the territory of the state. The pre-vention and punishment of offenses con-nected with the mails, with interstate com-

merce, with administration in the federal courts are committed to the general government and to it alone. Such offenses in no wise menace the general government o the state within which they are committed. tection against them. The state has no duties to discharge in these matters. There-fore, it can require no 'federal assistance' with respect to them. Of course, domestic violence often, as in the recent riots, is directed against both state and federal authority indiscriminately, so that either or both may suppress it. And in such cases the action of each in maintaining its own authority over the subjects committed to it tends to aid the other. But in such cases each is acting in its own independent right as a sovereign government and in its own behalf. It would be as absurd to claim that the United States must neglect its own interests because in protecting them those of a state may be incidentally proriot run free because it happens to be directed against federal rights or officers as well as its own. This would limit and belittle the sovereignty of both governments. Imperium in imperio would be false. "According to Mr. Bryan, there is some-

"According to Mr. Bryan, there is some-where implied in the constitution, for it is nowhere expressed, a prohibition of the use of force by the United States against per-sons who, within the limits of a state, may be successfully resisting its officers and completely paralyzing all its operations as completely paralyzing all its operations as a government unless the local authorities shall first make request or give consent. This is contrary to the settled principle that while the federal government is one whose operations is confined to certain sub-jects it has, as to those subjects, all the attributes of sovereignty, and one of those is, always and everywhere within the ter-ritory of the states which compose it to is, always and everywhere within the territory of the states which compose it to
suppress and punish those who in any wise
interfere with the exercise of its lawful
powers. The fact that there are within
that territory other governments exercising
sovereignty over all matters not so committed to it can make no difference under
the double form of government, the essential principle of which is a partition of
powers to be exercised independently over
the same territory. This sovereign right of
the United States necessarily follows its
officers and agents everywhere they go, proofficers and agents everywhere they go, protecting and maintaining them in the discharge of their duties. Congress has accordingly, by section 5.297 of the Revised Statutes, authorized the president to use the armed forces of the government in aid of state authorities, when requested here. of state authorities when requested by them, as provided in the constitution, and

has also, by the following section, 5,298, authorized him to employ such forces upon his own judgment alone against 'unlawful obstructions, combinations or assemblages o persons. 'in whatever state or territory thereof, the laws of the United States may be forcibly opposed or the execution thereof forcibly obstructed.'

BRYAN'S DANGEROUS DOCTRINE. 'It was under the power conferred by the section last named that the late rebel-lion was suppressed. Mr. Bryan's doctrine that this law is unconstitutional is more dangerous than that of the secession; the latter at least left the government some power and authority in the territory which chose to remain. Mr. Bryan's would reduce it to the idle mimicry of the state. It was no more intended to make the general gov ernment dependent upon the states with respect to the matters committed to it than to make the states subject to the gen eral government with respect to the rights reserved to them. As the general govern-ment is authorized to maintain a regular army and navy, which the states cannot do; as all the militia of all the states is subject to the direct call of the president it was natural that the states should be made to call upon it for direct aid against violence, but there was no reason why it should call or wait upon them with refer-

What I have said is well known to lawyers and students of the constitution. It is chiefly intended for the people at large, whom the subject has now been brought. I will recall in this connection the following resolution proposed by Hon-John W. Daniel of Virginia, who was pres-ident of the convention which nominated Bryan, which was passed by the senate July 12, 1894 (Congressional Record, page

8,663), without apparent dissent:
Resolved, That the senate endorses the prompt and vigorous measures adopted by the president of the United States and the members of his administration to repulse and repress, by military force, the interference of lawless men with the due process of the laws of the United States and with the transportation of the mails of the United States, and with commerce between the states. 8,663), without apparent dissent:

"The action of the president and his administration has the full sympathy and sup-port of the law-abiding masse of the people of the United States, and he will be supported by all departments of the government and by the power and resources of the entire nation. It must be that Mr. Bryan, amid the many demands on his time and attention, has fallen into an inadvert-ence. I cannot believe that he really thinks that the president has no power under the constitution and laws to maintain the government entrusted to his charge. Nor can believe that Mr. Bryan means to promise, or to permit others to think that he has promised, not to interfere if he should be elected and the situation of the riots of 891 should arise during his term. I will not lightly question either his knowledge as or his sincerity as a public man. Certainly his letter is generally misunder stood, unless it means either that Mr. Bryan thinks the president has no power. or that he would himself not use it if JUDSON HARMON."

LAND CONTESTS FINALLY SETTLED. of the Interior Announce

Decisions in Three Cases. WASHINGTON, Sept. 11 .- (Special Telegram.)-Acting Secretary of the Interior Reynolds today rendered decisions in the following land cases: Nebraska-Bernard Clark against Lafayette Collin, Lincoln district, Collin's application for rehearing is denied, on the ground that no new evidence is offered, and the land is awarded to defendant. South Dakota-Jacob Boschman against Charles G. Goettling, Aberdeen district, Goettling's motion for review de-nied. Wyoming-Henry A. Chapman against Henry T. Hayworth, Cheyenne district, Chapman's motion for review denied. W. O. Gordon was today appointed post

master at Bulkley, Potter county, S. D. vice F. M. Wright, resigned. William J. Russell was today commis sioned postmaster at Charleston, Neb. Patents have been issued as follows: Ne braska-William B. Bethune and J. Mc-Pherson, Lincoln, letter box; William A. Francisco, Hubbard, level or plumb; Fred Hollingsworth and F. M. McNeely, Norfolk, key fastener: Carsten Truelson, Loup City clothes line or wire tightening device; Frank L. Wiseman, Genoa, inhaler.

Iowa-Theophilus W. Alexander, Burlington, soap slabbing and cutting machine; William M. Barger, Webster City, reel carwagon end gate; Joseph H. Lowery, Neola. pneumatic tire shield; Emmanuel H. Snyder, Burdette, garden rake; Frederick Zigier, Ash Grove, crosscut saw. South Dakota—Pattison F. McClure, Pierre nkstand and filling attachment.

SOME FIGURES FROM ARGENTINE.

Growth of the South American Republic in a Quarter of a Century. WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.-Consul Buchanan at Buenos Ayres, Argentine Republic, furnishes the State department with information concerning the census of Argentine taken May 1, 1896, the compilations having just been completed. The total population is given at 4,002,990, of which 663,854 at roll call September 5, but not until yeswere in the capital, Buenos Ayres. The increase since the last census, September 15, 1869, was 2,218,776. It is estimated that there are about 1,000,000 foreigners in the republic, of which 345,393 are in Buenos Ayres. Among the Argentine population the males exceed the females, while of the foreigners about two-thirds are males. Some other interesting statistics regarding Argentine are given, as follows: Schools, 2.774; newspapers and other publications, 405; libraries, 150; hospitals, 129; Catholic churches, 849; non-Catholic churches, 50; theaters, 221; flour mills, 532; sugar mills, 48; sugar plantations, 2,749; vineyards, 6,513;

breweries, 44; distilleries, 108; wine estab lishments, 852. Live stock statements are as follows: Cattle, 12,316,037; sheep, 63, 611,108; hogs, 3,079,038; goats, 489,913; mules 974,763; asses, 307,287; mares, 181,302. Gold Reserve is Now High. WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.-The treasury ost \$60,100 in gold coin and \$24,000 in bars which leaves the true amount of the reserve \$108,019,708. In addition to deposits of gold accounted for in today's figures, about \$5,000,000 in gold coin has been received, but not counted or paid for. Monday's statement will probably show the reserve to be \$113,000,000 or more.

Receiver for the Helena Bank WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—Comptroller Eckels has appointed E. D. Edgerton re-ceiver of the First National bank of Helena, Mont., which recently suspended.

## SACRED TO THE WHITE MEN

Game in Jackson's Hole to Be Given Full Legal Protection.

ORDERS INDIANS OUT OF THE COUNTRY

Commissioner of Indian Affairs Moves at Request of Governor Richards, Who Seeks to Uphold Wyoming's Laws.

CHEYENNE, Sept. 11 .- (Special Telegram.)-Correspondence between Governor evening. "Friends" will be seen again Sun-Richards and the Interior department was day afternoon, and "The Lightning Exmade public today in reference to reported press," one of the best drawing sensational incursions during the past month of Indians dramas in the company's repertoire, is exinto the Jackson Hole country. The presence of Indians in the region was reported to the governor by local officers of the dia trict. Governor Richards notified Commissioner Browning and Agent Teter at Fort Halliday and Wilson at Shoshone agency. communication to Commissioner Browning the governor says:

"I trust that the Bannock Indians will not be allowed to come into Wyoming for hunting purposes, and if they come for any purpose it will be difficult to keep them from hunting. Even during the open season, which begins October 1, non-residents cannot hunt in this state without license, not hunt in this state without license, for which they must pay \$20. The Bannocks should be given to understand this, and also that they will be arrested, fined and imprisoned if they hunt in Wyoming in violation of the state law."

In response to this communication the Indian commissioner has notified the governor that he had telegraphed the agents at Fort seasons, and for his numerous hits in protections are seasons, and for his numerous hits in protections.

that he had telegraphed the agents at Fort Hall and Sheshone to order all Indians in Wyoming hunting in violation of state laws to return at once to their reservations.

May Use Iron Mountain Ores. CHEYENNE, Sept. 11 .- (Special.) -Owing to the labor troubles at Leadville the smelters of Denver and Pueblo may become purchasers of iron ore from Iron Mountain, this county, for fluxing purposes. A trial ship-ment of the ore was sent to Pueblo yeserday. If the ore proves satisfactory dally shipments of it will be made. The ore is found in great quantities about eight miles from Iron Mountain station on the Cheyenne & Northern railroad. It is rich n iron, but contains titanium, so that it has been found impracticable to smelt it at A force of men is at work mining and hauling the ore to the railroad and a contract has been made to supply three cars of sixty tons a day until further no-

To Impound Wyoming Waters. CHEYENNE, Sept. 11 .- (Special.)-The oficers of the Wyoming Development company said to include in its ranks many able exhave received notice from the secretary of the interior that their application for a reservoir site reservation has been approved and entertaining specialties. by the department. The company contem-plates building an immense storage reservoir to impound the spring waters of the Laramie river as a reserve water supply for the Wheatland colony, where a tract of 60,000 acres of land is under irrigation.

SERIOUS CHARGE AGAINST HOUSE Identified as the Man Who Assaulted

Little Kittle Rossiter. George House was captured yesterday afternoon by Officers Fay and Currie, and locked up in the city jail. A complaint will be filed today charging him with an attempted assault upon Kittle, the 7-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Rossiter.

House is a dumb man and likewise alleges be deaf. When the parents of the child, in response to a notice from the station. arrived at the jall about 7 o'clock last even-ing and were given a view of House, in order to identify him, a scene was enacted. "Ah! you wretch," exclaimed the angered mother, as she shook her finger in his face. "you are the man." House looked wildly about, but made no answer. He pulled out a card upon which were the letters of the deaf mute's alphabet and beneath which were these words, "I am deaf and dumb; price of card 10 cents"

rier; Arnold Beard, Bonaparte, window a screen; George Burkett, Missouri Valley, that the police count on securing a conviction. The assault is alleged to have been made at 1923 South Eighteenth street on September 5, about 1:30 o'clock in the afteron the second floor, while her child was playing in the basement beneath. The mother called for her child and the assailant hurried down the street, while the little one ran crying to her mother, and showed her one of the cards the man had given her. Mrs. Rossiter dashed down the street in pursuit, and when she caught up with the man, he gave her one of his deaf and dumb cards and ran away. The neighbors were alarmed and several men from Nelson's greecy near by spent hours in searching the weeds for the assailant. The description

terday had they been able to get any track of the man. He appears to be a stranger in the city. He had a baggard and wild look and is dressed in poor clothes. No intelli-gent communication has been secured from him regarding himself. Works for a Small Stake. Frank A. Rinehart has complained to the police that a dapper looking man has lately

been going about among the residences of the city soliciting business for Rinehart's establishment. The self-styled "agent" gets parties to plank down 25 cents, with the promise that no additional money need be paid until the delivery of a fine set of cabinets, when \$1 more is to be exacted. The man never comes back with the cabinets.

Objected to Having His Horse Killed. Jack Welsh is the owner of a horse which was lately kicked by one of his mules. The animal grew from bad to worse and the attention of the health officers was called to its condition. Yesterday when an officer attempted to kill the horse Welsh inter-fered, refusing to let the animal be touched unless they paid him \$25. He was locked up on the charge of resisting an officer.

Held to the District Court. Nebraskans at the hotels: T. B. Hord, being held to answer for grand larceny. She was charged by Arthur McPherson, a Texas machinist bound for St. Paul, who tarried at her house for a night while en route, with taking \$10 fo his money. On the trial McPherson swore to having had six \$10 bills and four \$5\$ bills in his possession | Nebraskans at the hotels: T. B. Hord, Central City; M. I. Reynolds, Papillion, J. E. Boquet and wife, Grand Island; N. A. Duff, Nebraska City; John Hedberg and wife, Superior; V. L. Hawthorn and wife, Wahoo; J. T. Trenery and wife, Pawnee; the control of the Yesterday Carrie Smith was bound over to the district court under a \$700 bond,

when he met Mrs. Smith tAll of them had peculiar marks and he says an accurate description of the money. The money was found in a bedtick in the room occupied by the woman in question. To make her case Mrs. Smith, who allesses to have a husband, brought him on the stand to swear that the money was his, and pawnbrokers were produced who swore that they had seen him have just such bills on Labor day, before the escapade.

GENERAL MILES IN OMAHA

Given Warm Welcome. ON HIS ANNUAL TOUR OF INSPECTION

Commander of the United States Army

Informal Reception at General Man-

derson's Home Last Night Attended by Many Lending Citizens...Fort Crook Comes Today.

Major General Nelson A. Miles, commanding the United States army, arrived in this city yesterday, on his annual tour of inspection of the western posts. The general and his party, consisting of Mrs. Miles and Master Miles, Senator John Sherman, Major Hoff and Captain Michler, General Miles' aides, and Mrs. Hoff and Mr. and Mrs. Wyman's Empire Stock company, which will borg of Cincinnati, occupied private car open the regular season at the Creighton with a three-night engagement Monday, Sep-'Cleopatra," attached to the Burlington's Chicago express. They were met at the station by General Coppinger, Major Towar, Major Wheeler, Major Nye, Major Crowder, Lieutenant Hutcheson, Lieutenant Perry, General Manderson and J. N. H. Patrick. A fair-sized crowd of spectators, attracted

brilliant organization, which was the in-augural attraction at the Creighton last season, will be made an annual feature at that popular play house. Clyde Fitch's "Bohemia," which but recently enjoyed a 100-night run at the Empire theater, New York, by the fame of the visitors, awaited the arwill be produced here during the first two nights of the engagement. R. C. Carton's charming play, "Liberty Hall," will be the matinee bill Wednesday, the engagement rival of the train. As it pulled in, the local army officers and General Manderson entered the car to pay their respects. Then the car was switched to the south side of the station and the party leisurely alighted. Senator Sherman came first of the notables and his familiar features and tail form slightly bent with age, were warmly greeted General Miles shortly followed, dressed in a plain and serviceable suit of tweed, and looking, as always, the typical American sol dier. After a few moments' informal chat on the platform, the visitors climbed into the carriages of Mr. Patrick and General ductions made by other companies under Mr. Frohman's management. Mr. Faversham came proninently to the front through his Manderson, and were driven to General Manderson's residence, where dinner was served. this season he has been playing the roles of villains. He will be seen here in heroic An informal reception was held at Gen-eral Manderson's home in the evening, at The man that can leap this chasm should arrest attention. In "Bohemia" Mr. Faversham will appear as a young Parisian,

which many townspeople took the oppor guests and the no less distinguished host Among those who were present were: loves, rather than remain in society as the Among those who were present were; Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Reed, Mr. and Mrs. John E. Wilbur, Mr. and Mrs. Henry W. Yates, Mr. and Mrs. John C. Cowin, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Connell, Mr. and Mrs. S. D. Barkalow, Mr. and Mrs. George E. Pritchett, Mr. and Among the other prominent members of the cast are: Viola Allen, May Robson, Ida Conquest, Ferdinand Gottschalk, J. E. Dod-son, Jameson Lee Finney, Mrs. Thomas Mrs. W. V. Morse, General Coppinger, Mr and Mrs. C. W. Lyman, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. son, Jameson Lee Finney, Mrs. Thomas Whiffen, William H. Crompton, E. Y. Backus Smith, Mr. and Mrs. G. W Loomis, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Kilpatrick, Mr. and Mrs. M. T. Barlow, Mr. and Mrs. Fred H. Davis, Mr. Mahara's Mammoth Colored minstrels will and Mrs. Paul Charlton, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Morris, Mrs. Savage, Dr. and Mrs. Denise wo performances tomorrow, giving a popu-Mr. Denise, Miss Collyer, Mr. Edward Rose-water, Mr. William Wallace, Mr. W. J. Broatch, Judge Wakeley, Mr. and Mrs. J. N. H. Patrick, Mrs. Meredith, Major Towar, which is announced as being both larger and better than during former visits, is Mr. Luther Drake, Major Crowder, Major Nye, Mrs. Matheson, Lieutenant Hutcheson ponents of up-to-date minstrelsy, who are promised to thoroughly entertain in novel

and Lieutenant Perry. It is matter for regret that owing to the fact that the news of the approach of the party was only received a few hours before he party arrived, so little publicity could be given to the announcement of the reception. All would have been welcome on this occasion to General Manderson's home was arrested at Eleventh street and Capitol and dcubtless many would have been glad to be present, but it was only possible to notify a few who could be easily reached in avenue and lodged in the city jail. A charge of arson is to be filed today against

the short time allowed. General Manderson says the statement that General Miles is to join with Dr. Webb and Mr. Vanderbilt of New York in a big 4 o'clock on the corner of Capitol avenue hunt is a mistake. If General Miles does any hunting it will be merely incidental. His visit to the west is for the purpose of inspecting army posts.

which is run by Archie Gordon, and Harris is alleged to have started the blaze. Mrs. Gordon says that Harris came there yesterday morning to sleep during the day, and that he was the only man in the house. WILL VISIT FORT CROOK TODAY. Today the party will drive to Fort Crook in the fcrenoon, returning in time to be entertained at lunch by General Coppinger at the Omaha club, and will leave for the on fire, one in the northwest corner of the house, one in the east corner and the west room bed, which Harris occupied. She further

far west in the afternoon. William K. Vanderbilt and Dr. W. Seward. Webb, who rumor had it were expected to meet General Miles here, did not arrive at Omaha.

says that the beds were saturated with oil and the lamps all emptled of oil. Harris, according to the woman's story, quarreled At Ottumwa yesterday morning General Miles barely escaped a serious accident. He and his son were promenading on the platwith her when he left, and wanted his 25 cents lodging fee back again. Harris denies having set fire to the building. He formerly kept the "Midway" restaurant. The fire did little damage exform with the general's dog, Rex, when the train started. General Miles stopped to get Rex. He dragged the animal three or four rods, threw it into a window, then aught the car rod as the train sped by at a lively rate. He was assisted onto the coach and escaped serious injury by the CRESTON, Ia., Sept. 11.-(Special Tele (ram.)-Today hunters found the decommerest chance. The incident caused much osed body of William Hagedorn floating in

> CANADA CATCHES TWO SUSPECTS. Has the Men He Thinks Robs the

WAHOO, Neb., Sept. 11.—(Special Telegram.)-W. T. Canada, superintendent of special detective service of the Union Pacific. together with the sheriff of Colfax county. came to this city tonight from Schuyler, bringing with them two men who were captured at that place, who gave their names as F. J. Wagoner and James Kelley. On the night of September 9 these two men are believed to have broken into the depot at Yutan in this county, where a safe was blown open and \$46 taken. The men were lodged in the county jail, and a complaint has been sworn out against them, charging them with burglary. They will have a hear-

ing tomorrow. Insurance Company Must Pay. PLATTSMOUTH, Neb., Sept. 11.- Special.) -In district court today Judge Ramsey handed down his decision in the case of Skoumal against the Home Fire Insurance ompany of Omaha, finding in favor of the plaintiff. Skoumal had his house insured for \$500 and his household goods were also insured. His property was entirely destroyed by fire and the damage to his household goods assessed at \$162.00. The company wanted to compromise for \$500, but Skoumal refused and had to bring suit to recover the full amount. Another \$75 was then tacked on for attorneys' fees and the court rendered judgment for the full amount, with the attorneys' fees and costs of suit included. The defendant company has ex-cepted to the ruling.

Nebraskans at the hotels: T. B. Hord. Assaults a Prisoner in Court. GREELEY CENTER, Neb., Sept. 11 .- (Special Telegram.)—A wild scene was enacted in the county court room here today. The trial of Wright Kelly was in progress for an assault on the 9-year-old boy of Peter Reifers and was about concluded, when Reifers The Kirghis of Asia call this spider the

New Jackets, New Capes, New Boys' Suits.

> Boys' Junior and Reefer Suits such as sell for \$3 and \$4,

on sale Saturday for ..... Boys' Solid Strong Suits. most fashionable in style,

values of especial excellence .....

Plush Capes—

Black Clay Worsted Capes \$3.25-

Lined all through and stitched all around, strictly tailor finish, a garment that even bankrupt sales price at \$5 - our price \$3.25.

THE STATE

NEW STORE

Ladies' Jackets -

1511 DOUGLAS ST

\$0000000000000000000000000000

a rush at the defendant with a heavy | "black widow" and are equally fearful of for contempt of court.

Robbers Raid a Cudaby's SIOUX CITY, Ia., Sept. 11 .- (Special Telegram.)-The safe in the office of the Cudahy Packing company in this city was broken

open last night and robbed. The office is in a part of the town not much frequented and the robbers had a good chance to work unmolested. They entered by a basement window which was broken open and then by means of blacksmith tools which had been stolen they broke open the safe. They got \$25 cash, and notes worth \$31, but overooked a roll of bills containing \$100 in the unfe.

Court House Corner Stone Laying. ALBION, Neb., Sept. 11.—(Special.)—Grand Master Phelps of Schuyler, assisted by the Free Masons of Boone county, laid the corner stone of Boone county's new court house today. The ceremonies were very imposing. Governor Holcomb was present and addressed the multitude that had assembled. A roasted ox was served and the program closed with an interesting ball game between Albion and Newman Grove for a purse of \$59, Albion winning by a score of 7 to 1.

Opening of Sloux City's Fair. SIOUX CITY, Ia., Sept. 11 .- (Special Telegram.)-This was the opening day of the Sioux City Trl-State fair and the day was devoted to placing goods and entering exhibits. Next week there will be good races and on three days political meetings. hibits. and on Friday a railroad collision. number of entries is larger than ever be-fore and the outlook good for a good fair.

Makes the Farmers Smile. STROMSBURG, Neb., Sept. 11.-(Special.) -An elegant rain fell here yesterday and put the ground in excellent condition for fall plowing. Farmers are wearing smiling The corn crop in this county is faces.

Damaging Haying Interests. NORTH PLATTE, Neb., Sept. 11 .- (Special.)-A half inch of rain fell at North Platte Wednesday night. The having interests are being damaged. Most of the corn is out of danger of frost.

DEATH FROM SPIDER BITES.

Varieties of Common Spiders Whose Bite is Venomous.

Every now and then a person dies of a spider bite. All spiders are poisonous, says the New York World, but very few are sufficiently so to cause death. Miss Corn Sanfeise of Brooklyn, who died from the effects of a spider's bite recently, was attacked by a black spider about three quarters of an inch long. This arachnid undoubtedly belonged to the "lathrodectus" species.

The "lathrodectus" are very venomous

Their salivary glands contain a poisonous liquid. This injurious fluid is expelled through little holes in the extremities of the mandibles or jaws when they bite. Their bites are seldom fatal to human beings, although they have been known to throw peo-ple into convulsions. Many small animals and even birds generally die when attacked In Madagascar there is one species of

spider whose bite is said to be always fatal. It is a glossy black, with a red spot on the abdomen, and is globular in shape, being about the size of a small marble. It does not hesitate to attack human beings. On this interesting island there are many brilliantly colored spiders. Some of them are large enough to cover a dinner plate, and they spin immense geometric webs across streams and roads, which are anchored by cords so strong that an effort is required to break them.

The tarantula is alleged to be poisonous The thrantula is alleged to be poisonous. Of course it is somewhat so. It lives in the tropics and, like all animals, including snakes, that live in the torrid zone, it collects a great deal of poison, and much more rapidly than insects that live in a solder climate. Veren always acts more colder climate. Venom always acts more quickly and is more dangerous in a hot The famous "katipo" spider is supposed

to be vary poisonous. This is a very shy is arachnid, and hides in dark places and i arachnid, and hides in dark places and under stones. It has a bright red spot on its stomach. It is so much like the "lathrodectus" as to belong to all intents and purposes to the same species.

The natives of New Zealand are so much afraid of the "katipo" that they will not camp in any neighborhood where it is found. They assert that human beings are often.

They assert that human beings are often killed by it, and believe that it is possessed

chair that would have smashed Kelly's skull it. They say that many camels are bitten had it not been that he was caught by Attorney Doyle, County Attorney Ganoe and herds of cattle are killed by it. Deputy Sheriff Gaffney. The court then took the matter of Reifers in hand and fined him graste," declare that many people are declare that many people are

annually killed by it.

A variety of jumping spider haunts the sunny side of walls. It is very flerce and particularly venomous. It is also aggres-sive, as indeed are all spiders, and if you point your finger at it it will attack you. If you try to capture one he will throw himself up on his hind legs and prepare to fight.

Most of the spiders one sees are females. as that is the most important sex, the males, as that is the most important sex, the male seeming to have no use in life except to propagate the species. The females are often twenty times as big as the males, and frequently eat their masculine rela-

An authority opposed to the idea that spiders are poisonous is Dr. George Marx of Washington, D. C., who died recently. He was celebrated as an expert in arachnid lore, and his collection of these creatures was probably the most remarkable in ex-istence. So little did he believe in their venomous qualities that he offered at any time to submit his own arm to their bites for experiments.

He once took a rabbit and carefully shaved a portion of its skin clean of fur. Then he made a cut in the skin and intro-duced into the wound two little poison sacs from the jaws of a "lathrodectus." Next he cut the poison sacs open while they were in the wound, and permitted the venom they held to flow out, thus inoculating the animal as effectively as could be. rabbit was as lively as ever twelve hours after the operation. No effect worth mentioning was obtained.

He tried the same experiment with a guinea pig and a mouse, with like result. He afterward allowed a guinea pig to be bitten three times on the nose by two fullgrown spiders, but again there was no per-

ceptible effect.

In spite of this celebrated scientific authority, there have been a number of well-authenticated cases where death has resulted from spider bites. Not very long ago a farm hand in North Carolina was bitten, and died the same night. More recent is the sad case of Miss Sanfelise of Brooklyn, while only the other day the death of Mrs. A. M. Slavin of Phillipsburg, N. J., was caused by a spider bite.

FORECAST OF TODAY'S WEATHER.

Nebraska to Have a Fine Saturday with Southeasterly Winds. WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.-The forecast for Saturday is: For Nebraska and Kansas-Fair; south-

east winds. For Iowa and South Dakota-Fair; cast winds. For Missourl-Generally fair; northeast winds.

For Colorado—Fair; variable winds. For Wyoming—Generally fair; variable For Montana-Fair, preceded by showers in southern portion; north winds.

Local Record.

OFFICE OF THE WEATHER BUREAU, OMAHA, Sept. 11.—Omaha record of temperature and rainfall compared with the corresponding day of the past four years:

1896, 1895, 1894, 1893, Maximum temperature... 46, 74, 45, 56, Minimum temperature... 46, 74, 45, 56, Average temperature... 46, 74, 45, 56, Average temperature... 54, 87, 58, 71, Precipitation... 00, 00, 00, 00, 00, Condition of temperature and precipitation at Omaha for the day and since March. 1, 1896;

Normal temperature for the day 61
Deficiency for the day 12
Accumulated excess since March I 58
Normal precipitation 10 inch
Deficiency for the day 10 inch
Total precipitation since Mch. 1.26,93 inches
Excess since March I 3.67 inches
Deficiency for cor, period, 1895, 6.00 inches
Deficiency for cor, period, 1895, 6.00 inches

Reports from Stations at S p. m.

STATIONS AND STATE OF WEATHER.	S p. m. at	Max. Tempera-	Precipitation
maha, cloudy	62	64	.00
alt Lake City, clear	74	76	.00
heyenne, clear	641	68	-00
tapid City, cloudy	63	66	.00
hicago, cloudy	61	70 62	-00
t, Louis, clear	70	84	0.02
t. Paul, clear	72 62	64	-00
lavennort cloudy	1 605	422	.00
ansas City, raining	62	667	77
telena, raining	758	42	.26 T
lavre, cloudy	44	521	T
dismarck, cloudy	56		.02
Villiston, raining	50	50	,28

T indicates trace of precipitation. L. A. WELSH, Observer.

PEN

PICTURES

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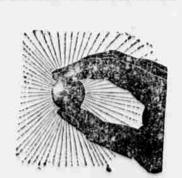
PARAGRAPHED



LITTLE LUNCHES.

And big dinners everything strictly first class-is the way Balduff caters making a specialty of weddings and other social events—and candy—who doesn't know of Balduff's famous candies-a specially attractive candy for children and very seasonable is the candy ginger root-the most wholesome summer confection that children don't have to be coaxed to take—40c a pound.

Balduff, Caterer,



IT TOUCHES THE SPOT-

Does Dr. Jaeger's sanitary wool underwear-due to special modes of conitself-never sticky-does not retain of-

Albert Cahn,



You often see that sign-but is it true -know this-that impaired vision cannot be accurately corrected by the use struction and to properties inherent in of test letters alone—a method used by the very fibre of the material-which those who sell glasses and nails and are-therefore-as durable as the fabric weigh them in the same scales-it's a science which it has taken years for our fensive odor-but are cleanly-healthy- opticians to learn-give you an oph- silk stitched-which prevents ripping-Dr. Jaeger's men's underwear is for thalmoscopic test and correctly fit no shoe for the money will begin to sale only at our store.



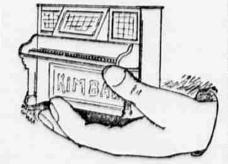
FOR THE BOYS.

Without doubt we carry the best line of boys' school shoes at \$1.50 ever brought to Omaha-they are as solid as a shoe can be made—the soles are of oak tanned sole leather and the seams are give the service that these will.



and the price takes care of itselfthat's one great motto we have placed ing-and for that reason devote all our time to buying and selling carpets and

Omaha Carpet Co.,



SWEET TONED.

That's synonymous with "Kimball" planes-they are sweet toned-above all other good qualities-besides they are before our customers and lived up to to highly finished and are in every way the letter-we believe in devoting all our | the leading piano of the age-and yet energies to the advancement of our call- the tone is the best part of the Kimbail -the highest grade-lowest pricedeasiest termed piano made—the Kimcurtains—we have succeeded well—we ball never fails—every one is made per-bear no complaints.

A. Hospe, jr.,



HEALING BALMS...

All sorts-the kind needed to reduce inflammations—to cure burns and scalds and such-there are days when liniment has its show-and we have the liniment at the lowest prices in Omahaalso Cuticura Soap 15c-Castoria 22c-Hood's Sarsaparilla 65c-Paine's Celery Compound 67e-Ozomulsion 80c-and prescriptions from any doctor at lowest

Kuhn's Drug Store,

The finest lunch 1520 Farnam Mail orders 1322 Farnam Sign of Big Lion 1408 Farnam Only exclusive Carpet House here. 1515 Dodge Music and Art; 1513 Douglas Price Drug Store. 15th&Douglas

GLASSES FITTED.

Aloe & Penfold Co

Drexel Shoe Co

