Convention.

INTEREST KEEPS UP TO THE VERY END

Creighton Theater Crowded to Its Capacity at Yesterday's Services.

ATTEND LOCAL CHURCHES IN FORENOON

Many Pledge Themselves to Devote Their Lives to Missionary Work.

Enthusiasm Raised to Its Highest Pitch at the Meeting of Saturday Evening-Addresses at Yesterday's Session.

The delegates were scattered through all the churches at the morning service, but they gathered in force at the theater in the afternoon. They were prompt as exercises seemed even more marked than in the first sessions of the convention and the delegates joined in the songs and responses with an enthusiasm that bespoke their sincerity.

Robert J. McKain of Philadelphia presided. The first half hour was occupied by

and had come in his journey to Thessalonica. place the Roman tyrant and revolutionize the Roman government, for the was a revo-lutionist. His purpose in coming into the world was to produce a complete, radical revolution in all the affairs connected with

uman life and society.
"Christ is a revolutionist. Nothing testirevolutionary force. I have great expecta tions for our institutions because of this fact. I have visions of a glorious future for America because I believe Christ is to become supreme in our national life and to be enthroned over this republic. I am not ignorant of the fact that this hope is not indulged by all our people. The nation has a place in the glorious saving purposes of the eternal. Politics will be purified. corrupt men, measures and methods are doomed in this great Christian republic or this republic itself is doomed. Govern-ment is not force. True government is the rightcousness working out of the welfare of human kind by means of organized society and all that is of mere brute force is a part of the devil's treason against benyen and human happiness and shall perish forever. The blood shed on Calvary purchased the alien thrones of empire as well as the souls of fallen men. As Chris-tians we must believe that this world will never be restored to an ideal state, morally, socially or politically, until Christ is en-throned. I can understand how unbelievers may contest this proposition. But to the found in the cross. Now if I understand

CHRIST A POSITIVE FORCE. "Christ is in national life in a practical, telling way when he is represented by the makers and executors of law and the founders and fashioners of political institutions sus Christ is something more than a mere influence. He is a positive force. He is a sovereign. His will is law. He gets into national life, therefore, when his authority is recognized and his will is obeyed by the nation. To illustrate: Christ got practi-cally into our national life when the Pilgrim Pathers in the cabin of the Mayflower entered into that solemn compact setting forth to frame civil institutions with that end in

suggestions for your consideration and as-

Then, again, Christ got practically into our national fife by means of the Declara-tion of Independence. When the representatives of the thirteen colonies, appealing to titude of their intentions and with a firm rellance on Divine Providence, mutually pledging to each other their lives, their forother name for despotism, they put Christ

"Our Declaration of Independence and nounced to the world our moral conviction that God had created all men equal and had endowed them with certain inalienable rights, among which are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness. Our conduct, however, horribly belied our declaration and convictions. At the very time that declaration was issued we were holding unofemiliary.

"Let us bear this fact in mind, that we cannot have Jesus Christ in our nations life and keep the peace with wrong. So much then for the past by way of illustration. But we have to do with the present and the future, for remember

"We are living, we are dwelling. In a grand and awful time; In an age on ages felling.

To be living is subline."

"Christ has not wrought out His entire purpose toward this nation yet. He has not been accorded the full place to which He is entitled and which the welfare of this country demands in our national life. It is not my wish to dishearten any one as we turn our faces toward the future and consider the work yet to be done on behalf of righteousness in this great republic. But I must be honest and straightforward with you. I must, therefore, say to you that

FINISH THEIR WORK this is no holiday or dress parade business in which we are engaged—getting Christ SEEKS TO UNITE IRISHMEN

Last Day's Session of the Christian Union

Convention.

Convention.

Convention.

Convention.

Last Day's Session of the Christian Union

Convention.

Convention. The narrowness of so-called liberalism will be joined by the despotism of Roman Catholicism. This is not theorizing. This is history history that will, enevitably, re-peat itself. Take for illustration the com-mon school question. When the assault was made some years ago on the bible in the schools of Cincinnati these extremes were found banded in one fell purpose to secularize this characteristic American in-stitution and so work its destruction. And they partly succeeded. The same thing was in Boston and other cities of the

DANGER OF PARTISANSHIP. "For another thing we must count on the them. Partisanship, nevertheless, is standing squarely across the pathway of every the afternoon. They were prompt as selfish and desperate as anarchy and as usual and at 2:30 all the seats in the parloathsome and putrid as anything this side quet were filled and only the back rows were of perdition city government is managed empty in the gallery. The interest in the interests of every form of vice and immorality. Under the baleful sway of the 'boss' liquor sellers, boodlers, gamblers, courtesans and criminals possess a controlling influence in municipal politics and the case must become desperate before the average voter will refuse to support the party nominees, though they are known to be but the tools of these evil forces. The a devotional service of song, prayer and seripture reading. Mr. McKain offered the boss.' And it is ten to one that if he says invocation and read several passages from 'no' at this election he will endorse at the the scriptures and after another song, prayer next the villainy he opposed. Look at the metropolis of this great Christian nation. was offered by Rev. Fitzgerald of the First Out of sheer disgust with the vileness of church of Philadelphia. The address of the Tammany the people of New York City afternoon was by J. T. McCrory, D. D., of
Pittsburg, who gave a very interesting talk
on "Christ in Our National Life." He said:
"The subject 1 am to discuss should have The subject I am to discuss should have a text. We want to feel that we are on the 'rock' in polities as everywhere else. My text is an incident that occurred in the beginning of the gospel in Europe. Paul it is thus in every city that attempts rebeginning of the gospel in Europe. Paul It is thus in every city that attempts re-had responded to the vision from Macedonia form. In my own beloved Pittsburg the same villainies appear and corruption abounds. Here in this very city of Omaha His enemies, the Jews, sought to drive him out. They declared he was a revolutionist; that he proclaimed another king in oppositions of the control of the c that he proclaimed another king in opposition to Caesar; that he was turning the world upside down with his doctrines; that he proposed to dethrone Approximation and determined. 'Oh! my blandle world upside down with his doctrines; that he proposed to dethrone Augustus and put Jesus in his place. Of course that was not true as they meant it. Still, it was true that Christ would, in some real sense, displace the Roman tyrant and revolutionism. moral blood poisoning throughout thy whole

of opposition to the entrance of Christ into national life. But let this suffice. You see what I mean. Now the thing to be done is that we consecrate ourselves anew to the business of preparing the way for that coming. We may only be John the Baptists. There may be Herods to oppose us.

The least twenty-five of invention as a convention of the Irish party is a fraud. It is called simply to legalize the position of Mr. Dillon. It is all very well to talk about delegates from Australia. America and Canada. Such delegates will not be controlled, because it is impossible not be controlled, because it is impossible. fles more convincingly to this fact than the history of the progress of his gospel. Look at it. At whatever point he has touched this world, there transformation has begun. He touches the heart and transforms the man. He touches a community and starts a revolution in social affairs. He touches man. He touches a community and starts are in response to the appeal of the are revolution in social affairs. He touches a nation and institutions, customs, laws, at once feel the thrill of a mighty transforming power running sheer down into their deepest being. So far as Christ is in our national life, therefore, he is there as a revolutionary force. I have great expectation of the appeal of the structure in the controlled, because it is impossible for them to understand the exact situation of affairs. Then again any true conventions of affairs. Then again any true convention of affairs. Then again any true conventions of affairs. The negative conventions of the race would be called on a definite to reach Canton during the week is a party of the race would be called on a definite to reach Canton during the week is a party of the race would be called on a definite to reach Canton during the week is a party of the race would be called on a definite to reach Canton during the week is a party of the race would be called on a definite to reach Canton during the week is a party of the race would be called on a definite to reach Canton during the week is a party of the race of affairs. The neath the insurgents were convention of a walt till this election is over,' and the good intentions with which hell is paved, which are never put into action, and a thousand and consecrate yourself to the enthronemen of righteousness and hold firm and Chris will yet be supreme in our national life.

The gentle rain of Saturday morning was welcomed, for it cooled and refreshed the atmosphere and made the morning more agreeable to all. Whether it was the slight rain or whether it was because the delegates were weary from the continuous services of Friday, the attendance at the morning's services was not nearly so large as that of previous meetings. Before the praise service was concluded, however, many dele-

The devotional exercises were conducted by Rev. T. C. McKelvey of New York. After It right it is one purpose of this mighty uprising of the young peoples to enthrone Christ in our national life. Be patient with me, then, while I present some practical disconnected by the devotional exercises were conducted by Rev. C. McKelvey of New York. After President Quay had called the meeting to order all united in heartily singing "Search Mc, O God." Then Rev. Mr. McKelvey invoked the divine blessing upon the meeting "Whiter Than Snow" was next sung, and J G. Kennedy, at the request of the presiding officer, led in a prayer for a sister who had taken the trip from her home to the con-vention in the hope of improving her health, but who had since her arrival been

gates were climbing the gallery stairs.

General Secretary Duff then opened a most interesting part of the morning's program. It was the presentation of banners to the societies making the most meritorious show-

blue with handsome lettering denoting the reason for the award of it. It was given to the presbytery having the largest number that they had undertaken that perilous voy-that they had undertaken that perilous voy-age for the purpose of planting a colony for age for the purpose of planting a colony for the glory of God, and the advantment of was captured by College Springs presbytery was captured by College Springs presbytery of Illinois. It was received in a most happy manner by Delegate Morrison of the pres bytery. In the cleverest, if not the tiest, speech yet delivered before the convention, he told of his pleasure in receiving the beautiful award. He said he felt like the Irishman who said he was not hurt by a fall, but merely knocked "speechlesa." He was so gratified and so surprised at th bonor that he felt as though the wind had been knocked out of him. The College tunes and their sacred honor, took their stand on the side of the rights of the people as against the old world doctrine of the divine rights of kings, which was only another their tweether than the contract of the divine rights of kings, which was only another their tweether tweether their tweether their tweether their tweether their tweether tweether their tweether tweether their tweether tweether tweether the tweether tweether tweether tweether tweether the tweeth urged him to learn pieces of poetry so that he could weave them into his speeches. He

was issued we were holding unaffending human beings in bondage and denying to a portion of the people the very thing we affirmed belonged to all by the will and purposes of the Almighty. But we had put the leaven of truth into the meal and it worked.

AT WAR WITH WRONG.

AT WAR WITH WRONG.

The worked the were holding unaffending to a change to a change to go out to fight under the starry folds of the American flag for the defense of their union. American flag for the said he may have done wrong at that time, for he prayed God that the war might last tong enough to give him a chaince to go out to fight for his country. He now the leaven of truth into the meal and it was to go out to fight for his country. He now the defense of their union. remarks were received with prolonged ap-

> TARKIO ANOTHER WINNER.
>
> Secretary Duff then presented to Tarkio college, Missouri, the haudsome wine-colored banner for the college having the largest number of undergradute students in attendance at the present convention. Tarkio college had fifty undergraduate representatives, besides a large number of instructors and alumni, who did not count in the competition. Monmouth college was second with twenty-four under graduates. As Dr. J. A. Thompson, president of the fortunate college, stepped forward to receive the banner, the first chears of the convention broke forth from an upper box, where a crowd of Tarkio collegians were seated. Before the president TARKIO ANOTHER WINNER. collegians were scated. Before the president

JOHN DILLON SEES GROUND FOR HOPES

Thinks All True Friends of Erin Will Welcome the Opportunity to Sink Their Differences and Work Together.

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LONDON, Aug. 23 .- When the Irish na-

ional convention opens its session in Dubopposition to base partisanship and political prejudice. I do not believe that voter fairly represented the average constituency of any existing political organization when of any existing political organization when he declared that if his party nominated the not believe it is altogether so bad as that. is not possible to estimate their numbers. Anyway. I question whether the devil would give up his general oversight of all parties for the highest office in the gift of any of prompters state, with the desire of laying down a platform on which Irish nationalists | around Buluwaye, the principal town. reform. Take the matter of the government of our cities. You will not find a sane man anythere but believes municipal government all over this nation is a menace and a curse. Through Jobbery, robbery and bribery taxation is five fold what it ought to bribery taxation is five fold what it ought to be a supporter of the Associated press Mr. John Dillon, M. P., said: "I do not expect mirating the first of the native police and the imposition by the South African Charter of the convention, but I do see the least of the native of Matabeleland. This reform. Take the matter of the government | who are supporters of home rule can unite. bribery taxation is five fold what it ought to be. By means of a combination of forces the most corrupt and dangerous, forces as vide a basis of reunion. It will afford an opportunity to all Irish nationalists who are disgusted with the contentions and divisions of the last few years to make their though complete reunion may not be achieved at the convention, a movement will spring from it which will result in the reconstruction of a united Irish party of Parliament cast discredit upon Ireland and to a great extent paralyze the power of the Irish party in Parliament to forward the interests of the national cause. In promoting the convention I have been pursuing the policy which I have followed since I was elected in February last as chairman of the fifty-one members who constitute the national party in Parliament. It has been charged against me by those who are opposed to the reunion that I make it a condition that nationalists shall unite under my chairmanship. There is not the slightest foundation for this statement, as I have all along made clear that the moment any one can be agreed upon under whose chairmanship or leader-ship all will consent to unite my resignation is at the disposal of the national party. Delegates were invited to the convention from the United States, Canada and Australia because it was felt that the pres-ence of some representative men from those countries, which had given such splendid aid to the national party, would aid weight to the convention and that the representatives of Irishmen abroad would have a particularly strong position in recomiding unity to the Irish at home.

In view of rumors that there is much scope to the convention as Mr. Dilmajestic being? Because thy sons are ruled by partisanship, the bane of patriotism.

"I might refer to many other phases of opposition to the entrance of Christ into national life. But let this suffice. You see

Serious Demonstrations at Barcelona

BARCELONA, Aug. 23.-After a stormy and troubled day, during which many minor conflicts between the police and the popuace occurred, the troops, designed to reembarked on board the boats in the harbor. The police finally succeeded in destroying the placards which had been posted calling upon the people and soldiers to revolt. A large number of women, incited to discord by the supporters of the Cuban insurgents made a pronounced demonstration against the departure of the troops for Cuba. These demonstrations by the female portion of the people were with difficulty suppressed.

A manifesto was scattered broadcast urg ing the troops to refuse to embark and tell-ing them to resist all attempts to compel them to leave Spain. The people were also urged to rebel against the government, thus preventing the departure of the soldiers.

posals of the powers for the government of Crete are as follows: First, the nomination of a Christian governor of Crete, who HEBREW BENEVOLENT SOCIETY. shall serve for a term of five years under a guarantee from the powers. Second, eco-nomic autonomy, with the payment of tribute to the sultan. Third, the reorganization of the police department by European offcers. Fourth, the independence of the judiciary of Crete by the creation of a high court at Genoa. It is announced that the sultan has rejected the fourth proposition, but that he has agreed to adopt the first three propositions of the powers

three propositions of the powers. SAYS THOUSANDS WERE MURDERED.

mittee on the Massacre. LONDON, Aug. 24.-The Daily News this ficial representative of the Cretan reform in Crete, often with revolting brutality.

SIDNEY, Neb., Aug. 23.—(Special Telegram.)--Rev. O. D. Lightheiser, formerly astor of a Baptist church at Sidney, In. iled here this morning of consumption while en route overland to Colorado in purauit of good health. He was accompanied by his wife and two children. Deceased was a member of the Knights of Pythias.

by his wife and two children. Deceased was a member of the Knights of Pythias, and the local lodge took charge of the body and shipped the remains this evening to his old lows home.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—John Chamberlaib died at 11:25 tenight. He was well known as a prominent hotel proprietor of the capital.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.—Heavy G. Winzer died at his home in Newark, N. J. today of Bright's disease, aged 63 years. Mr. Winzer was engased in newspaper work in New York City for many years as an editorial writer for various publications, and was also a correspondent during the civil war. In 1808 he was appointed by President Grant consul to Saxe-Cohurg and heid that position for twelve years.

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 23.—John C. Merrine, a portrait painter of wide reputation, died here this evening, aged 75. Among his canvases are portraits of Abraham Lincoln, to whom he was reliated. Henry Clay and other old-time statesmen. He had lived in Kansas City since 1928.

WIENNA, Aug. 23.—Reports received here are to the effect that Count Szecsen de Temerin, grand marshal of the Austrian court, is dead at Aussee.

CLOSE OF THE MATABELE WAR. FORECAST OF THE GOLD MEN

Cecil Rhodes Credited with Having Secured the Natives Surrender, BULUWAYO, Aug. 23.—The mission of ported to be a pronounced success. The natives have yielded and the war is considered at an end. Cecil Rhodes inspired the confidence of the Matabele chiefs by going among them unarmed. The chiefs complained that ill-usage by the native police provoked the rebellion and Rhodes promised them that reforms in this respect would be inaugurated at once. Earl Gray. who was appointed to administer the affairs within the jurisdiction of the British South African company, believes that the surrender of the natives was practically un conditional.

The war with the Matabeles, which began in South Africa early in 1895, in many respects resembled the early Indian wars in more sparsely settled portion of Matabele-iand were murdered by the natives. Sur-vivors in the country districts quickly gath-cred in the larger towns and lines of de-FOURTEEN ARE TO SAIL THIS YEAR devil for office he would vote for him. I do ada, Australia and South Africa, but it fouse were thrown up, while the existing fortifications were garrisoned as strongly as possible.

The natives were at first commanded by a son of the late King Lobengula. To the number of 20,000 they gathered on the hills considerable extent they were actuated by a sort of religious frenzy, but other causes buts of the natives of Matabeleland. This tax the natives sternly resisted for many months, but the Chartered company insisted

upon this revenue being collected and re-fused to make any exceptions. It was not until Cecil Rhodes, at this late time to some extent under a cloud because of his alleged connection with the raid into the Transvaal republic conducted by Dr. Jameson, came to the rescue and started from Rhodesia with an armed force that the backbone of the Matabele rebellion was broken. Buluwayo itself was for a time broken. Buluwayo itself was for a time threatened with annihilation by the blacks, but owing to the brave defense made by its citizens and the timely advance of the column headed by Cecil Rhodes the state of slege which practically existed was broken and the Matabeles were gradually forced back from the hills surrounding the me-tropolis of Matabeleland to their old re-sorts in the parts in the country not occupied by Europeans

LONDON, Aug. 23.—According to special dispatches from Buluwayo, received by the London papers the Matabele chiefs promised not to fight the English forces, provided Cecil Rhodes would agree to remain in the country and care for them. They also asked for the removal of a prominent government official, whose conduct they complained of bitterly. Cecil Rhodes replied by telling them that the official referred to had already left the government service. He then asked the chiefs whether they were for peace or war. Secumbo, the leading chief, laid his gun and assegal before Mr. Rhodes and signified that they were in favor of peace. Cecil Rhodes promised to spare their lives. but said that the surrender must be un-conditional. At the conclusion of the conference, Secumbo cried: "Go in peace, my father, greatest of chiefs," After describ-ing the scene, Cecil Rhodes is reported to have said: "It was one to make life worth

Two of the chiefs were brothers of Lobengula, the Matabele king, who was said to have been killed at the close of the Matabele war in 1894.

GENERAL WEYLER HAS A NEW PLAN Will Place Limitations on the Ruising of the Next Crop.

be shut with a snap as soon as the re-fractory mice were nicely inside. The first thing that will be done will be to bind the minority by the majority rule. Will that make for harmony? The convention is a fraud and in no sense can it represent the Two prisoners and a large quantity of ammunitien and a considerable amount of mall was captured

According to official advices received here 188 insurgents were wounded at the recent engagement at Bayamo. It is also re ported that two brothers of Brigadie Saturnino Lora, Major Pedro Telles, and one colonel were among the wounded.

lace occurred, the troops, designed to re-inforce the Spanish arms in Cuba, were embarked on board the boats in the harbor. hopes to deprive the insurgents of their resources and bring all of the planters to the support of Spain. Captain General Weyler also announces that it is his intention as soon as reinforcements arrive from Spain to concentrate his forces and sweep the island from end to end. By this means he hopes to speedily put an end to the present insurrection.

Reports have been received to the effect that the band of the Cuban leader, Zarraga, had attacked an exploring train between Candelaria and Artemesia in the province of Pinar del Rio. Twelve soldiers were wounded.

Yesterday the insurgents attacked Fort Las Mangas. The insurgents were repulsed, but two of the members of the garrison were LONDON, Aug. 24.—A dispatch to the Telegraph from Athens says that the proposals of the powers for the says that the promovement.

vention in New York, ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 23.—The national convention of the Hebrew Benevolent society B'rith Abraham convened here today at great parties factions are a matter of course Bleccker hall. Grand Master Samuel Dorf Mr. Eanna thinks that the vote of Vermont of Baltimore called the convention to order. will be a better register of public opinion Rev. Max Fiehlsinger of Albany, N. Y., opened the proceedings with prayer. The majority in the latter state, but from Ver-delegates were welcomed by Mcrris Copleton mont he has received information that leads delegates were welcomed by Morris Copleton of the Albany Lodge. Some 240 delegates answered to the roll call, coming from Nebraska. Texas, Minnesota, Illinois, Wisconsin, Missourt, Ohio, Iowa, Colorado, Kansas and other states. The delegates represented

11,000 members. committee, who is now in Berlin, has issued a report on the Cretan massacre. Dr. Nicolaides asserts that the statements in this report can be confirmed by the consuls at Canea and that the diplomatic representatives there will verify the assertion that 6,000 Christians have been murdered that 6,000 Christians have been murdered to the consults at Canea and that the diplomatic representatives there will verify the assertion that following the consults are consulted by the consultation was in good standing. Since 1894 thirty-six new lodges have been formed with a membership of 3,000. The death rate to July 1, 1896, has been 641 and assessments collected \$122.629. For 101 deaths \$50,500 was paid and a balance of \$1,720.74 remains in the hands of the endowment treasurer. The following officers Grand Master Dorf in his address showed dowment treasurer. The following officers were elected: Samuel Dorf, Baltimore, re-elected unanimously as grand master; Abraham Heller of Brooklyn, first deputy; Dr. S. Goldberg of Buffalo, second deputy vice president; Leonard Leister, New York, grand secretary, re-elected; Moses Lubelsky, New York, grand treasurer, re-elected; Myer Steinberg, New York, endowment secretary, re-elected. The remaining officers will be chosen tomorrow morning, to which time the convention adjourned.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 23.—Herbert B. Cook of New York, aged 25, only the Brigantine Ballroad and Transit com-pany, was drowned at Brigantine beach to-day. Cook was bathing with Joseph E. Snyder of Philadelphia and Miss Elma Stable of Pittsburg. They were caught by the heavy undertow. Three rescuers man-aged to save Snyder and Miss Stable after considerable labor.

LOUISVII.I.E. Aug. 23.-A special to the Courier-Journal from Lebanon, Ky., says: Last night at a negro dance about four

Hon. Ceell Rhodes to the Matabeles is re- Ex-Congressman Bynum Talks on the Convention's Probable Action.

CLEVELAND HAS NOT WRITTEN HIM

Estimates that Ten Thousand People Will Attend the Indianapolis Meeting and a Permanent Organization Be Formed.

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 23.—In discussing political developments from a gold standard standpoint, ex-Congressman Bynum said to-night: "I am of the opinion that a full state ticket will be put in the field in In-diana. There will be a congressional nominee in the Seventh district, and in most of the districts of the state. This is essential because the securing of congressmen is as important as the presidency. I have E. Quigg were working among the delegates his paper, the Atlanta Journal, declared

candidate for congress in this district." It was suggested to Mr. Bynum that the cress dispatches have it that he has received a letter from President Cleveland advising against the nomination of a third ticket and in favor of adopting a platform of

principles without a ticket.
"I have not received a letter from Mr.
Cleveland," said Mr. Bynum, "nor have I
received an intimation from him either directly or indirectly as to what his views are. I do not believe that Mr. Cleveland will have a word to say either now or during the convention as to his prefer-"How many people do you estimate will

attend the Indianapolis convention?" Mr. Bynum was asked.

estimate there will be 10,000."
"Is it the expectation that this will be permanent party?"
"The organization "The organization named will be ap-pointed to live until the next national convention. How long the party will live de-pends on circumstances."

Mr. Bynum stated that he will not serve

as chairman of the executive committee longer than the coming convention. MAJOR M'KINLEY KEPT VERY BUSY.

His Letter of Acceptance Will Not Be Issued Before Wednesday. CANTON, O., Aug. 23.-Although this has been a cloudy, rainy day, Major and Mrs. McKinley took a short drive this afternoon with National Committeeman Charles G.

tarin literature.

Major Dick, who was with Chairman Hanna at Cleveland and is now secretary at the national headquarters, also called at the McKinley home tonight and lunched with Major McKinley. He says the Chicago headquarters are running smoothly and are well down to business. Major McKinley's letter of acceptance will not be published before Wednesday or Thursday. The major has had a constantly increasing number of visitors and his mail has grown to mam-moth proportions. Monday a farmers' delegation from Knox county and a trainload of East Liverpool potters are scheduled for a call. Despite the constant demands on his time, Major McKinley continues in good health. Among the delegations announced to reach Canton during the week is a party

GALESBURG, McKinley club, employes of the Chicago, Burlington & Quiney railway, 500 strong, for sound money and protection, send you their greetings.

W. I. PHILLIPS, Secretary.

The republicans of

ley chilo of Dayton organized hast evening with a charter membership of 2 200.

W. E. SPARKS, President.
ROCKFORD, III.—McKlinley club of Rockford, III., organized tonicht; L00 strong.
THOMAS S. SAWYER, President.
RUSSEL, Kan.—McKinley and Hobart club organized tonight; 229 send greetings,
H. M. SONG, President.

SITUATION SATISFIES HANNA.

Very Good at Present. BOSTON, Aug. 23 .- Hon. Mark Hanna chairman of the republican national committee, arrived in Boston at an early hour this morning and immediately started for Beverly Farms, where he was the guest of his brother-in-law, J. H. Rhodes. Tomor-row he comes to Boston and will visit the republican state headquarters. To a reporter Mr. Hanna talked upon the campaign and inquired about the work in Massachusetts and was very much interested in the facts given him. He said: "As a matter of fact, this campaign has started itself. The real work does not begin until September 1. President Harrison's speech in Madison Square Garden will be a notable one and the speech of Hon. Thomas B. Reed with which he opened the campaign in his own district, a magnificent effort,

Concerning the outlook in New York, Mr. Hanna said that he was well satisfied with the factional disputes and that he recognized the fact that in all great cities and in all at this time than that of Maine. He does not look for more than the usual p-publican

DISAPPOINTS THE FUSIONISTS.

Populists and Democrats of Idaho Very Much Dissatisfied. SALT LAKE, Aug. 23 -A special to the Tribune from Pocatello, Idaho, says: The delegates to the democratic-populist convention returned home this morning feelcrats and populists of southeastern Idaho are disappointed and many prominent men of these parties declare that they will not support the ticket. The silver republicans are determined to put up a strong silver ticket, in which they will ask the co-operation of the silver men of all parties. They believe a union can be formed and agree upon a ticket that will carry the state by a large mapority.

General Joe Wheeler Wins. CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Aug. 23.-Returns rom the primaries in the Eighth Alabama (General Joe Wheeler's district), show that he has received the nomination, and not ardron had carried Colhert county, which would nominate him, but instead General Wheeler carried it by 466, which insures his nomination by a good majority.

TOPEKA, Aug. 23.-Mrs. Lucia O. Case of this city, who was nominated for attorney general by the national party state convention last Tuesday, has declined the

CHRISTIANA, Aug. 23.-It is reported that Dr. Nansen intends to conduct an expedition to the Antarctic ocean in search of the south pole before returning to the ArcPLATT IS THE ISSUE IN NEW YORK. WHY HOKE SMITH RESIGNS

Republican State Convention Dele-gates Said to Favor Him. SARATOGA, N. Y., Aug. 23,-Thomas C. Platt will probably be the nominee of the Party Policy Causes Differences with His republican state convention for governor of New York. Unless he can successfully combat a great and growing sentiment that was progressing all day and has almost ceased to be a matter that Mr. Platt can control, his name will be presented to the conven-tion, every other candidate will withdraw and he will be nominated without debate. The Associated press correspondent showed

this statement to Mr. Platt late tonight. He thought for a few minutes, ran his thin, almost effeminate hand through his beard and said slowly and distinctly; "I am not a candidate and I do not want the office.

"But, Mr. Platt, suppose that the conven-

heard no authoritative mention as yet of a and Mr. Platt had not instructed them to that it would support Bryan and Sewall, candidate for congress in this district." advocating the nomination of Platt and he ject today, but it is known that the pernomination, would take it if the delegates sonal relations between the president and offered it to him in the convention.

Lieutenant Governor Saxton said tought:

Mr. Smith have in nowise been disturbed.

Mr. Smith's resignation, his friends say,

"In my opinion, the nomination will go to grew out of his differences with his chief Mr. Platt. The tide has set that way on the question of party policy and his strongly and I don't think Mr. Platt can desire not to embarrass the president at

George W. Aldrich, who is also a candi-

be a proper thing for me to say at this time however, with great positiveness that the what we shall do. I think from the looks of things that Mr. Platt will be nominated." compelled to take has not in any way afor things that Mr. Platt will be nominated."

There was another story afloat tonight. It was that Mr. Platt would allow agitation in his behalf to proceed until tomorrow night in order to demonstrate his popularity among the delegates at that then he would call upon his lieutenants to withdraw his name. There are many who believe that this is so and that Mr. Plaat's name will not go before the convention. At a late hour Mr. Platt will be promoted. It is regarded as much more probable that a new man will be assistant or the himself compelled to take has not in any way affected the warm regard the president and Mr. Smith entertained for each other. There has been a good leaf of gossip about Mr. Smith's successor today. It seems altogether unlikely that secretary will be promoted. It is regarded as much more probable that a new man will be not go before the convention. At a late hour Mr. Platt reiterated his refusal made Dawes of the Chicago headquarters, Mr. Dawes reached Canton this morning and was a guest at the McKinley home. He returned to Chicago tonight. He said the campaign work was now well begun and that there was an increasing demand for tariff literature.

No. 7 rate reterate his result in the cast in the cast

The state convention promises to be full of interesting incidents, and even vicious personal attacks, and allusions and a breach in the party that will probably lead to a third ticket. If reports be true, the state organizations will place Warner Miller on the outside of the convention. It is said tonight that Senator John Raines, who made the personal attack on Miller in the meeting of the New York state delegation at St. Louis, will be chairman of the committee sitting in judgment upon Miller's claim. Upon the report of the committee on credentials in this convention, if it be adverse to Miller, there will be a fight in the convention, and if the convention acquiesces ler's followers in the McKinley league, that there will be a separate convention. Prior to the advent of the Platt boom, the candidates for governor made there will be a separate convention. to reach Canton during the week is a party from the National league convention at Milwaukee. The republican clubs continue to send in greetings. Notable among them are those:

GALESBURG, III.—The Rallroad Men's McKiniey club, employes of the Chicago, MeKiniey club, employed the advent of the Platt boom, the candidates of chicago, MeKiniey club, employed the advent of the Platt boom, the candidates for governor made those claims:

"George W. Aldridge, 269; James A. Robert, 155; Hamilton Fish, 180; Charles T. Saxton, 150; James W. Wadaworth, 50; Archibald E. Baxter, 40; Frank S. Black, 19; T. E. Ells, President Cleveland called the attention of congress to the invitation in his annual metals and the context of the plant boom, the candidates of charles and the context of the advent of the Platt boom, the candidates of charles and the candidates of charles and the candidates of the chicago, 150; James W. Wadaworth, 50; Archibald E. Baxter, 40; Frank S. Black, 19; T. E. Ells, President Cleveland called the attention of congress to the invitation in his annual metals.

The number of votes in the convention is only 758, so that somebody has grossly mis-represented the situation. The McKinley league was not asleep while the Platt boom was growing. Large placards containing extracts from the "report of the committee of twenty-five under the caption "How Platt Carried New York County," were placed on a building directly facing the United States hotel, where most of the politicians are stopping. These extracts charged divers and sundry kinds of political fraud, padding of enrollments and such. John Milholland, who caused the placards

to be erected, had a boy attempt to nail some near Mr. Platt's headquarters in the hotel, but the proprietor interfered. The preliminary arrangements for the convention include the names of Congressman Frank Block of Troy, for temporary chairman, and Timothy Woodruff of Brooklyn

STRONG TALK AGAINST ALTGELD.

Hon. W. S. Forman Makes Som Rather Sensational Allegations. CHICAGO, Aug. 23. - Ex-Congressman William S. Forman has written Governor J. P. Altgeld a sensational open letter, in which he makes various charges of recklessness in the handling of state money and declares that he, as a democrat, cannot suport the governor for re-election. Among other questions, Mr. Forman asks the gov-

tion of state treasurer at the Peoria con-vention at \$10,000, the money to be used to help your re-election? Why did you borow \$50,000 to \$60,000 of Rufus Ramsay tate treasurer, now deceased, without pay-ng interest? What became of your fills, if there were any, between the time of the official scaling of the state treasury vaults after Ramsay's death and the opening he same, when a successor was named?"
Mr. Forman cites instances in which Altgeld has borrowed hundreds of thousands of dollars to run the state institutions, paying as high as 7 per cent interest, and asks: "Out of what appropriations have you paid the thousands of dollars of interest, or to be more explicit, under what appropriation do you propose to cover it up?" The letter declares that the governor has practically wrecked the democratic party

WATTERSON'S GREATEST FEAR. Kentucky Colonel Would Bolt His Own Nomination as President.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23 .- A dispatch to the Herald from Paris says that Colonel Henry Watterson, in an interview, said: "If anything could make me bolt a third ticket n the presidential canvass in the United States it would be my own nomination. Mr. Watterson's first choice is Carlisle, the Generals Palmer, Buckner, Bragg and Secretary Morton.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 23 .- The democratic state committee yesterday afternoon considered the report of the committee ap-pointed to confer with the populists of the ships of the United States. state regarding fusion on presidential elect-ors. The fusion committee reported that representatives of the democratic, populist and silver state organizations had agreed upon a plan of fusion providing for the selection by the democrats of five and the populists of feur presidential electors. The report of the subcommittee was endorsed

Chief.

NOT MUCH SURPRISE TO MANY PERSONS

Consideration of a Successor Now Said to Be Occupying Much of the President's Attention, Though Nothing is Definitely Known.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23 .- The news that Secretary Hoke Smith had resigned and I have told this to all the persons who political circles here today, although the have spoken to me about it."

It was, however, a significant fact that probability of Mr. Smith's retirement had

Ma Smith have in nowise been disturbed. stop it."

Hamilton Fish, who is a candidate for governor, said: "If Mr. Platt will stand for the nomination I will withdraw and second it. I am for Platt."

George W. Aldrich, who is also a candidectory of the standard in Georgia against ex-Speaker Crisp, had given George W. Aldrich, who is also a candidate for governor, is credited with making a personal pledge that he would, if defeated, support the nominees of the content tend the Indianapolis convention?" Mr. platt's name is presented all of the candidates will withdraw. Congressman Quigs said late tonight: "Mr. Platt will be nomineed by acclamation." nominated by acclamation."

John Milholiand, who is the leader of the McKinley league and a bitter opponent of Mr. Platt, said, when asked what the attitude of his faction of the party would be if Mr. Platt were nominated: "It would not will ever be given out. It can be stated, barrassments, placed his resignation at his middle west, Indiana, Illinois or Missiouri, The names of ex-Governor Francis of Missouri; ex-Congressman Bynum of Indiana, and ex-Congressman Ben Cable of Illinois are those around which gossip most persistently clings. All are pronounced gold democrats

PLANS FOR THE PARIS EXPOSITION.

French Government Inquiring What the United States Will Do. WASHINGTON, Aug. 23 .- The French government is rapidly perfecting details for the international exposition to be held in Paris in 1900, commemorating the birth of the century, and in this connection has asked the State department for the name of the commissioner general who will repreinformation available as to the participation of this country. To this action Secretary Rockhill has replied that the commissioner

most carnest hope that steps would be taken for an adequate representation by the United States. But congress acts slowly on these affairs and no heasure was considered, the idea being that there was plenty of time before 1900. It appears, however, that Great Britain. Germany and other leading powers have been quick to accept, and the French tries. American exhibitors are beginning to make inquiry as to where their goods will go, but no answer can be given to them. invitation and makes application for space. This was the case at the last exposition, when American exhibitors were at much disadvantage in point of location. It is expected in official circles here that when congress acts it will provide for a commissioner general and an assistant. This was the case at the last French exposition, when General Franklin was commissioner general at a salary of \$10,000 and the assistant commissioner received \$5,000. The opinion prevails that as the appointee will serve after the present administration ends. President Cleveland will not make the appointment, even though congress passes the act before March 4 next. Aside from the direct emoluments attached to the offices, a fund is pro-vided for office and living expenses. In the case of General Franklin, the French government conferred on him the exceptional honor of the cross of the Legion of Honor, while the assistant commissioner received

INVESTIGATING TREATY RIGHTS. State Department Looking Into Com-plaints from Other Nations.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23 .- On the suggestion of the government of Norway and Sweden the State department is looking into the treaty rights of foreign nations to have their merchant ships enjoy certain privileges which the American laws give to American ships. The French government also is interested in the question and its determination would apply to the extensive merchant marine service of Great Britain question has arisen in connection with a comparatively minor law passed by the last congress, which provided that small pack-ages imported to the country by vessels of the United States should be expedited in their shipment across the country by not having to go into a bonded warehouse at the port of arrival.

cute the law, although the intimation has been made that he would suspend the law because it was in conflict with treaty rights. Treasury officials take the ground, how-ever, that questions of treatles are not for them to decide and that their only duty is to enforce the law as they find it. They have received a letter from the State de-partment, cailing attention to the desire of the foreign governments to be included in the privileges of the law, to which the treasury has replied that the law gives no authority to extend the privilege beyond ships of the United States. This leaves the question to be determined by the State de-partment, where the navigation and ship-ping provisions of various treatles with

manufacture their names to permit the populists to fill their places.

Movements of Ocean Vessels, Aug. 23.

At New York—Arrived—Spanradam, from Rotterdam, Rolling from Holl.

At Boston—Arrived—Catalonia, from Liverpoon.

At Queenstown—Arrived—Gallia, from Liverpoon.

At Antween.

At Hoston-Arrived-Carlaionia, from Liverpool.

At Queenstown-Arrived-Gallia, from Boston, Salied-Efruria, for New York.

At Antwerp-Arrived-Kensington, from New York.

At Havre-Arrived-La Normandle, from New York.

At Philadelphia-Arrived-Assyrian, from Glasgow.

Fires of a Day.

Fires of a Day.

BUFFCALO, N Y. Aug. 22.—A fire, supposed to have been of incendiary origin, destroyed the big Exposition building at the driving park, and several dwellings on later and Fugions streets this evening. The base is estimated at \$20000. All the Exposition building.