Old Controversy Again Up in the

negotiations for arbitration of the Vene-

welan dispute, asking whether the apparent difficulties had been removed by the pro-posal of the United States contained in the

anxiety felt on the subject throughout

Naval Committee Sent to Acquire an Ironelad and a Cruiser.

Thought it a Bad Precedent.

pyright, 1896, by Press Publishing Company

World Cablegram-Special Telegram.)-The

of the Amazon, when it was desired to attack the Iquitos rebels from that side. The Bogota authorities held that

such permission would establish a bad

lombian coin will be protected against for-eign, the price of which eripples native in-

Cretans Defent Mussulmans.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—The Athens cor-respondent of the Daily News telegraphs

as follows: "Several hundred insurgents at-

tacked and almost annihilated some Mussul-

ceive Many Congratulations.

The governor's mail continues to be quite

of McKinley clubs in all parts of the coun-

A telegram from Meriden, Conn., says:

Hon, William McKinley: The McKinley and Hobart club of Flint, organized last night 2,000 strong for "protection, reciprocity

P. R. COLE, Adjutant,

Hon, William McKinley: We have jus placed on our mill a McKinley and Hobar banner in the presence of employes, all o whom are anxiously waiting for the time

o vote for protection and sound money. BRITTON ROLLING MILL COMPANY.

Major William McKinley: McKinley club organized here last night, 1,170 strong. E. S. WILSON.

Major William McKinley: The old soldiers of Lucas county had an enthusiastic meeting in Toledo last night and orangized a branch of the Union Veterans' Patriotic league.

J. H. BUNKER. President.

committee on arrangements to transport

THURSTON IS VERY CONFIDENT.

Says McKinley is Sure to Sweep th

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 14.—Before he left

for his home in Nebraska Senator John M.

that state, talked to a reporter on politics.

"The republicans are all right, sir, all over the land," he said. "The outlook fore

tells the great victory we shall win in the

fight. The lines in the west are practically

in the best shape for a fight, and the pros-

who watches the trend of public opinion."

Butler's Pocket Convention.

Walser for attorney general between Sen-

ator Butler and Chairman Skinner. Butler

triumphed on every vote and the convention

matter was left to the central committee. A central committee was named by Butler; and Halayre, who edits Butler's newspaper,

Carlisle and Lamont with Cleveland.

BUZZARDS BAY, Mass., Aug. 14.-Secre-

tary Carlisle and Secretary Lamont are at

Gray Gables today. Mr. Cartisle came from

Marion, where he is to be the guest of Assistant Secretary Hamlin for two weeks on the government steamer Mistletoe, while Mr. Lamont arrived by train. It is positively denied that the meeting of the president and his two cabinet officers is by appointment or has any significance beyond the

pointment or has any significance beyond the

Mark Hanna Goes Next to Cleveland.

for Cleveland, where he will spend Sunday.

orel days.

carried out his wishes to the letter. Iter A. Montgomery was renominated

visitors to Cauton, August 22.

From Geneva, N. Y.:

From Cleveland, O .:

From Ironton, O .:

they were also defeated.

Thomas McDougal of Cincinnatt.

try. Appended are several received.

The Isthmian press states that the Co-

precedent.

order to reach the head waters the Amazon, when it was

to acquire an ironclad and a cruiser.

MADRID, Aug. 14 .- A naval committee has

the public as soon as possible.

JACKSON RESCUED NANSEN

Extraordinary Meeting of the Explorers in the Far North.

NORWEGIAN HAD LOST HIS BEARINGS

Valuable Discoveries by Both Expeditions in the Arctic Regions ... All the Dogs Were Shughtered to Sustain Life.

(Copyright, 1896, by the Associated Press.) VARDOE, Norway, Aug. 14.-The captain between Jackson and Dr. Nansen, one of the most remarkable incidents in the history of Artic exploration, for it appears that the Norwegian explorer had been living in a hut quite close to one of the English explorer's station for a long time previous to the meeting of the two men, yet neither of them was aware of the other's presence in that vicin-

In this message Jackson describes his accidental meeting with Dr. Nansen, while the latter was traversing the ice pack, and it appears that it was a lucky meeting for the Norwegian explorer as the latter was mis-led owing to inaccuracies on the map drawn by Payer, the discoverer of Franz Josef land, and also because Dr. Nansen's two meters and his watch having stopped he was quite unable to establish his position and was consequently trying to march westward to Spitzbergen over the ice pack which was not only highly dangerous, but probably

Jackson, after meetin Nansen, conducted the later to Elmwood, the headquarters of the British expedition, where the doctor awaited the arrival of the Windward which left the Thames on June 10 and Vardoe on June 28 to take supplies to the Jackson expedition and not to bring them back, as

most extraordinary circumstances. He had wintered in a rough hut within a mile or two of our northern limit in 1895, and this spring we unwittingly came within a few miles of his winter quarters.

He dispatch states the expedition salied or steamed its way southward and west-based to Franz Josef land. This is hardly possible. It matters little where a ship is put in the moving polar pack to the northward of the coast of Siberia, anywhere miles of his winter quarters.
FURTHEST POINT NORTH.

"Dr. Nansen left the Fram with one companion, Lieutenant Sigard Scott Hansen, a lieutenant in the Norwegian navy and direcof the astronomical, meteorological and magnetic observations, and reached latitude 86.14, traveling northeast from where he the Fram, which was in 84 north, 102

'Dr. Nansen expressed the greatest surprise and the liveliest satisfaction at meeting us. You will understand how greatly the meeting affected me and my pleasure at the extraordinary chance which had thrown it in my way to render him service and re-

store him to his friends."

Jackson then describes his own experiences in exploring the western parts of Wranz Josef land, telling how he has drawn extensive and accurate maps and has dis-

covered new regions, adding: "When the Windward left in 1895, we went on a month's expedition to the northwest in a little boat, the Mary Harmsworth. and discovered a large tract of land to the westward of hitherto unknown limits. and a magnificent headland, composed of ice from its summit to its foot and having at base a huge, unnegotiable rampart of We named it Harmsworth cape and approached the base of the headland with the greatest difficulty, owing to surg-ing masses of heavy ice and turious gales. during which our boat was upon several occasions nearly smashed to atoms. We landed on the coast as often as possible and ascended the highest peaks and made numerous geological and botanical collec-tions. Far up Cambridge bay we discovered another lofty ice headland and named it Cape Fridijof Nansen. There our boat was early lost, owing to her sea anchor having been carried away and a huge block of ice, which was swerving around, stove in several of her planks. But we managed to bale her out, then rigged up another anchor with oars. We had altogether a very

WATER ON ALL SIDES. "The spring has been phenomenally mild. Although we marched north a great dis-tance, using sixteen dogs and a pony, we met, after a fortnight spen water reaching from the face of a huge glacier east to the precipitous end of another large glacier west. Advance by sledge was thus cut off. We then advance by sledge was that the way of the struck southeast down Markham sound and added greatly to our discoveries of 1895. But we were again stopped by open water reaching entirely across the sound, so we turned westward and succeeded in explor-

ing the entire western shores.
"During April terrific snow storms, coupled with rises in the temperature, entirely broke up the ice and prevented march-ing, but we took a number of valuable photo-

It is believed here that the Fram may turn up here or at Bergen shortly, as she stood the ice very well, has plenty of provisions on board and there was no sick-ness among her crew when Dr. Nansen left her on March 14, 1895. Prof. Mohn says the scientific results of r. Nansen's observations are magnificent

and that several islands have been dis-Dr. Nansen, in describing their life during

the winter of 1895-96, said: "When the bears' flesh had been exhausted, we were obliged to kill the weakest dogs to feed the others continued thus until the whole pack had been slaughtered.

Mr. Jackson proposes to remain in the Arctic regions until next summer, with the intention of pushing further north. Jackson and his companious are in excellent health and spirits and full of hope as to the

He has the fullest confidence that Lieuten-ant Sverderup, her commander, who proved himself most capable, is en route to Franz

NANSEN'S THEORY FALSE.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14 -Without questioning the accuracy of the reports that the return of the Arctic explorer, Nansen, safely from his novel and adventurous voysafely from his novel and adventurous voysege in the Fram, Commodore Melville,
engineer-in-chief of the army, who was a
member of the ill-fated Jeanette party,
which served as the pattern for Nansen's
attempt upon the north pole, holds that
the result of the explorer's voyage as now
understood here clearly proves Nansen's
theory of polar drift to be groundless. In
the uninon of Commodore Melville Nansen the opinion of Commedore Melville, Nansen has only closely paralleled the celebrated voyage of Wyprecht and Payer in the Tegethoff, and has followed their drift. The Tegethoff rounded the north point of Nova Zembla with the intention of traversing the north coast of Siberia. Her commanders got in the ice and drifted north and east (Continued on Second Page.)

while the gulf stream favored in the early spain MEANT NO OFFENSE fall. Afterward, when the stream lost its fall. Afterward, when the stream lost its force, they drifted south and west, bringing up on Wiltze island, one of a small group up on Wiltze island, one of a small group southward of Franz-Josef Land. During the winter their ship was crushed, and in the following summer they escaped in their boats and were picked up off Cape Nassau, one of the headlands of Nova Zembla.

Dr. Nansen, Commodore Melville points out has had a very similar exercising. He was MERGLY INTENDED AS A FEFLER. out, has had a very similar experience. He did not enter the ice on the side of the polar bay from whence he was picked up.

so his trip falls utterly to prove that a cur-rent exists that may be relied upon to carry a ship across the polar waters and bring it down on the east side of Greenland. As a matter of fact, he was heard from, ac-cording to Commodore Melville, eastward of Nova Zembla, and he has just drifted northward and back again. This is pre-cisely in accord with the judgment passed VARDOE, Norway, Aug. 14.—The captain upon Nansen's theory before he undertook of the Windward, the British steamer which his voyage, by Commodore Melville, who has just returned from Franz Josef land had carefully calculated the probable drift after taking supplies to the British north in the Arctic regions, north of the New Pole expedition commanded by Jackson, and pole expedition commanded by Jackson, and with the Jeanette. As to Nansen's course, known as the Jackson-Harmsworth expedition to the says that while it is not known exactly tion, filed a telegraphic message here yes- just where he entered the ice, he doubtless terday describing the accidental meeting entered northward of Nova Zembia, and this

> STORY HAS IMPROBABILITIES. Commodore Melville made a further statement this evening in regard to the story sent out about Jackson, which seems to indicate a little doubt in the colonel's mind as to the entire accuracy of the dispatches from Vadzoe. He said, on being shown the Associated press dispatch: "On reading the later dispatches it seems a most extraordinary condition of affairs that the two principal officers of the Fram should have been found so far away from their ship and separated from the other members of the ship's company.

"If the dispatch is authentic, and it would be unfair to doubt it, the meeting of Nan-sen and Jackson is to be considered an ex-tremely fortunate one for the former. With his chronometer and watch stopped, he had lost his reckonings, and without doubt would have perished had he not met Jackson. It is extraordinary that nothing is said def-initely of the whereabouts of the Fram beyoud the fact that she was abandoned in 84 degrees north latitude. The dispatch says that the highest northern latitude was made north of the Siberian islands. That is possible, but not probable. I doubt if the Fram ever attained a higher latitude than 85 degrees, if, indeed, she reached so far as that, and if the Nansen party at-Jackson, in the dispatch filed by the captain of the Windward, said: "On June 17. I met Dr. Nænen three miles out on a floe, south southeast of Cape Flora, and under the dispatch states the expedition sailed that as degrees, it indeed, since reached so that and if the Nansen party at tained a latitude of 86 degrees, it indeed, since reached so that and if the Nansen party at tained a latitude of 86 degrees, it indeed, since reached so that and if the Nansen party at tained a latitude of 86 degrees, it must have been upon the fixed to each other tained a latitude of 86 degrees, it must have been upon the fixed to each other tained a latitude of 86 degrees, it must have been upon the fixed to each other tained a latitude of 86 degrees, it must have been upon the fixed to each other tained a latitude of 86 degrees, it must have been upon the fixed to each other tained a latitude of 86 degrees, it must have been upon the fixed to each other tained a latitude of 86 degrees, it must have tained a latitude of 86 degrees, it must have tained a latitude of 86 degrees, it must have tained a latitude of 86 degrees, it must have tained a latitude of 86 degrees, it must have tained a latitude of 86 degrees, it must have tained a latitude of 86 degrees, it must have tained a latitude of 86 degrees, it must have tained a latitude of 86 degrees, it must have tained a latitude of 86 degrees, it must have tained a latitude of 86 degrees, it must have tained a latitude of 86 degrees, it must have tained a latitude of 86 degrees, it must have tained a latitude of 86 degrees, it must have tained a latitude of 86 degrees, it must have tained a latitude of 86 degrees, it must have tained a latitude of 86 degrees, it must have tained a latitude of 86 degrees, it must ha from Nova Zembia to East Cape at Bering straits; if she holds together she would be spewed out between Nova Zembia and Franz Josef land, or between Franz Josef land and Spitzbergen; or, if it is possible that there is open water or running ice or difficulty pack to the weeth of Franz Josef drifting pack to the north of Franz Josef land, it is possible for a ship to come out between Spitzbergen and Greenland, though the latter is very doubtful. The Arctic ocean, as sounded for more than 1,300 miles by the Jeannette expedition, was found to be a very shallow sea, from sixteen to thirty fathoms. Currents do not move very rap-idly in such shallow waters. If the theory that an ice cap rests at the north pole of the earth holds good it should extend south to about 85 degrees north latitude, and, as the polar pack is driven to the north and west along the edge of this cap, the result

> nels before mentioned.
> "The dispatch is so meager in detail that I dislike to comment on its possibil-ities. But there is no reason why, if the Fram held together all this time, she should deepest mourning. of have drifted out fuet where she to eald to have appeared. But to drift across the pole, never. If the Fram is still unbroken she will eventually drift out between Nova Zembla and Franz Josef land. If Nansen is safe, as we all hope he is, his expedition proves the fallacy of his own theory, and tends to confirm that held by Greeley and others, including myself, that there is an ice cap at the pole, extending down to about 85 degrees."

NAMEN TELLS HIS OWN STORY

Under Pressure of the Ice. LONDON, Aug. 14.-Th story in detail by the explorer himself, of Dr. Fridjof Nansen's Arctic expedition and the adventures of his party, together with the scientific results obtained, first of which is his success in penetrating to the highest latitude ever trod by the foot of man, namely 86 degrees 13 minutes north, are given to the world by the Chronicle this morning, following the story by Jackson of the finding of Nanscu contained in a dispatch from Vardoe, Norway, yesterday to the Associated press. Dr

Nansen says in the Chronicle:
"The Fram left Jugor strait August 1893. We had to force our way through ice along the Siberian coast. We discovered an island in the Kara sea, and a great number of islands along the coast to Cape Cheljuskin. In several places we found evidences of a glacial epoch, during which North Siberia must have been covered by an inland sea to a great extent. "On September 15, we were off the mouth too late to go in there to fetch our dogs, as we would not risk losing a year. We passed the New Siberian islands September 22. We made fast to a floe in latitude 78 degrees 50 minutes north, and in longitude 133 degrees 37 minutes cast. We then allowed the ship to be closed in by the ice "As anticipated, we were gradually drifted north and northwestward during the autumn and winter from the constantlexposed and violent pressures, but the Fram surpassed our expectations, being perior to any strain. The temperature rapidly and was constantly low, with little variation, for the whole winter. During weeks the mercury was frozen. The lowest temperature was 62 degrees below

"Myself and companions started in the direction of Spitzbergen on May 10. After that we occupied six weeks on snow shoes, dragging sledges and kyaks (the arctic canoe) loaded on sledges after us. We went partly overland and partly over lee. We reached Jackson's winter quarters, where we found all in good health. We remained there about six weeks till the steamer Windward arrived. I left the Fram in good condition all in good health. We remained there about six weeks till the steamer Windward arrived. I left the Fram in good condition and drifting, locked in the ice."

The Windward will take to England four Englishmen of the Jackson-Harmsworth expedition, whose names are Child, Burgess, Fisher and Biomquist.

Mr. Lockson by Tamain in the Mr. Lockson by Tamain in the War L

results of their expedition.

CHRISTIANIA, Norway, Aug. 14.—The Aften Posten learns that Dr. Nansen has no misgivings as to the fate of the Fram. He has the fullest confidence that Lieutensant Swederup, her commander, who proved the saline water, due to the gulf stream, with water, due to the gulf stream, with temperatures from 31 degrees to 33 degrees "We saw no land and no open water, ex Dr. Namen had a narrow escape with his life when a walrus furiously attacked and smashed his kyak. while the northerly winds stopped or drifted us backward during the summer. On June 18, 1894, we were in \$1 degrees 52 minutes north, but we drifted then southward only. On October 21, we passed 82 degrees north. On Christmas eve. 1894, latitude 83 degrees north was reached and a few days later 83 degrees, 24 minutes, the furtherest north latitude previously reached by man.

"On January 4 and 5 the Fram was ex-posed to the most violent ice pressures we experienced. She was then firmly frozen in experienced. She was then firmly frozen in ice of more than thirty feet of measured thickness. This floe was overridden by greatice masses, which were pressed against the port side with irresistible force and threatened to bury, if not to crush us. The necessary provisions with the canvas kyaka and other equipments had been placed in safety upon the ice. Every man was ready to leave the ship, if

WAS MERELY INTENDED AS A FEELER

Government at Madrid Was Anxlous to Sound European Countries in View of Future Possibilities in America.

LONDON, Aug. 14.-The Madrid correspondent of the Standard says, with reference to the memorandum recently prepared by Spain with the idea of presenting it to the powers:

"When on the advice of the ambassadors of the powers, the duke of Tetuan, minister of foreign affairs, on Monday consulted Mr. Taylor, the United States minister, the latter did not hesitate to say that the dispatch of a note directly after President Cleveland's proclamation calling for an observance of neutrality and implying a desire to induce collective interference of the powers in the new world of diplomacy was calculated seriously to affect the relations between the United States and Spain. Mr. Taylor was so resolute that the duke of Tetuan gave him an assurance that the note would be withheld, and that if the idea were again mooted the American representative would not be kept in the dark as he had been in this case." . It is not stated in official circles that the duke of Tetuan also assured Mr. Tayfor that no offense was intended against President Cleveland or his government, whose friendly dispositions have often been publicly recognized by Spain; but that Spain desired to sound the powers "with a

view to contingencies that might arise out of the presidential election." IN LOVE WITH A VARIETY GIRL.

Hungarian Count Commits Suicide Under Romantic Circumstances. BUDA PESTH, Aug. 14.-In social and other circles little else is talked of here today than the romantic suicide and funeral of Count Arthur Pallavicini, lieutenant of the Hussars, who was buried yesterday. The lieutenant, a handsome young fellow only 21 years of age, became greatly attached to Miss Ethel Barrison, one of the five Barrison sisters, the well known American variety artists, whose doings in New York and Berlin have attracted so much attention and whose scandalous conduct in Ber lin brought upon them an order of expulsion from Germany. Count Pallavicini sought in every way possible to induce Mis sEthel to return his love, but she only laughed at his protests of affection and apparently paid no heed to his threats to

end his life if she did not alter her manner On Tuesday Count Pallavicini was found dead, having committed suicide by shooting himself with a revolver. In his left hand was a photograph of Miss Ethel and a slip of paper, upon which the unfortunate man had written: "I beg Miss Ethel Barrison to come to my coffin and press a kiss upon

The strange features of the case naturally aroused much comment, which was not in any way favorable to the American music hall artists, and nobody believed that Miss Ethel would grant her lover's last request. is to shove the loose tee out of the chan-But contrary to expectations she appeared at the funeral yesterday dressed in the

stories in which the Barrison sisters have figured, including the elopement of one of the sisters with Count Barnstorff of New York. Then it is recalled that in February last Count von Wedel, a young officer in the German army, was arrested for having pawned jewelry which he had purchased on installments. The disclosures which followed showed that the young man had spent quite a fortune on the Barrison sisters, and that when his money became exhausted he obtained funds in the manner indicated in order to spend it upon them.

SYNOPSIS OF THE QUEEN'S SPEECH Conditions in Turkey Affords Cause

for Anxlety. LONDON, Aug. 14.-The queen's speech at the proroguing of Parliament first mentions the advance on Dongola and then says: "The conditions in some portions of the Turkish empire continue to furnish cause for much anxiety. At present Crete is the principal center of the disturbances. I have observed strict neutrality, but is conjunction with the other powers of Eu-rope have endeavored to bring about reconciliation by proposing the establishment of a system of government which would be equitable and acceptable to both Christians

and Mussulmans." The speech then refers to the rising of the Mashonas and Matabeles, pays tributa to the courage and self-reliance of the settlers, and adds: "The efforts of my troops are telling on the resistance of the rebels, who, I trust, will shortly avail them-selves of my offer of clemency." The speech concludes with a recital of the

measures adopted by Parliament during its session just ending. After the royal assent had been given to the bills which have been passed by Parlia-ment, the House of Commons was prorogued with the usual ceremony.

THINKS THE REBELLION IS OVER Colonel Francis Rhodes Talks on

the Situation in Rhodesia. Copyright, 1886, by Press Publishing Company. CAPE TOWN, South Africa, Aug. 14.-(New York World Cablegram-Special Telegram.)-Colonel Francis Rhodes, who is going to England, says; "The situation in Rhodesia is hopeful. The native rebellion

is practically over, and the chiefs are tendering their submission. The future pros-perity of that region will depend on a railway to Buluwayo, which it is expected will be built through by the end of next year. People are only leaving Buluwayo for a son. Confidence is unshaken. No property is being sold. My brother Cecil's roseate view is inspiring the workers with courage view is inspiring the workers with courage to stay in Buluwayo until the danger is skinner and Buck Kitchen denounced in past and then go to Salisbury. A million trees are being planted about Buluwayo and the colonial farms are being stocked with the convention adjourned.

AMERICANS GIVE UP TO WEYLER.

Disgusted with the Insurrection and Auxious to Get Home, HAVANA, Aug. 14.—Several Americans have surrendered to the Spanish authorities at Puerto Principe and one American has surrendered at Guiness, this province. They have made statements to the Spanish officers that the other Americans with the insurgents are disgusted at the rebellion being what they imagined it to be and they add that all the Americans are willing to surrender, but are not doing so owing to the strict watch over them by the insurgents. Captain General Weyler will place the Americans who have surrendered at the disposal of Consul General Lee in order that they may be returned to the United States.

CAPE COAST CASTLE, Gold Coast Col ony, British Southwest Africa, Aug. 14.-It is rumored that Chief Samory has attacked the Inkoeranza country, north of Coomassie, capital of Ashantee. A detachment of hus-sars has left here under scaled orders.

Recognized by United States. PARIS, Aug. 14 .- M. Hanotaux, minister of foreign affairs, has announced to the cabinet that the United States has recognized the French annexation of

STILL TALKING ABOUT VENEZUELA. FOUR MEN INJURED IN A RIOT

House of Commons. LONDON, Aug. 14.—The first lord of the treasury, A. J. Balfour, in the House of Cleveland Strikers Fire on a Party of Commons today, replying to Sir William Nonunion Workers. Harcourt, the liberal leader who requested nformation relative to the progress of the

FIGHT TWO MILES FROM THE WORKS

Police Had Not Anticipated Trouble and Were Not on the Spot When Shooting Ocentred_Strike Extends to Pittsburg.

posal of the United States contained in the dispatch of June 12, said that the government was still considering the latest proposals of Secretary Olney, which are regarded as opening the way for an equitable settlement. Mr. Balfour added that the government has every reason to expect that the pending negotiations will lead to an early settlement of the dispute. CLEVELAND, Aug. 14.-Three men were settlement of the dispute.
Sir William Vernon Harcourt said he shot and one badly burt in a conflict which thought the House would regard Mr. Baioccurred this evening between a party of the four's statement as eminently satisfactory. Brewn company strikers and several non-(Cheers.) He added that considering the union men, who were going home from the works. Two of the wounded men are noncountry and since the negotiations had assumed a shape which led to the belief that the papers on the subject can be communiunionists, the third is a striker, and the fourth a spectator. The names of the incated to the House at an early date, he hoped that they would be communicated to jured are:

J. W. Caldwell, nonunion, shot in the "Yes," answered Mr. Balfour, "it is the thigh.

back: badly hurt and may die.

desire of the government to communicate George Plumb, nonunion, shot through the the papers as soon is this can be done with-out prejudice to public interests." abdomen, will probably recover. . Thomas Evans, a striker, shot in the SPAIN BUYS SHIPS FROM ENGLAND.

William Lawrey, a bystander, struck in the face with a telegraph insulator; badly hurt. The trouble occurred nearly two miles been sent to England, which is authorized from the works, at the corner of Wade park and East Madison avenue. A number of the nonunionists live in that vicinity. Eight or ten of them were going home from the works together. Just as they turned the corner a crowd of strikers, who had been COLON, Colombia, Aug. 14.-(New York in hiding behind a saloen, attacked them. Stones were hurled and George Plumb, government refuses to permit Peof the nonunionists, pulled a revolver and ruvian troops to cross the isthmus fired. Plumb was then shot, as he claims, by Henry Snell, a striker. The firing became general, at least twenty shots being exchanged. The fight lasted but a few min-

who did the shooting was begun. FATHER FINDS LITTLE DAUGHTER.

scene and began an investigation.

Gertrude Rivers of Cripple Creek Dismans who were marauding Kathovia, near Heraklion. Turkish troops were sent from Heraklion to succor the Mussulmans, but covered After Five Months. CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 14.-After a search of five months, including in scope the entire country, necessitating the expenditure MR. M'KINLEY'S MAIL IS LOADED. of a fortune and the employment of a large force of detectives, little Gertrude Rivers, Republican Numbuce Continues to Resaid to have been abducted from Cripple Creek, Colo., was discovered yesterday after-noon by her father, Peter Rivers, at the Hume for the Friendless. The girl is CANTON, O., Aug. 14.-Governor and Mrs. McKinley entertained at lunch today Mr.

To Jennie McKenna's account the charge of kidnaping is laid. Six months ago at Cripple Creek, the child, who was an invalarge and he is daily in receipt of telegrams and letters telling of the formation lid, was given into the charge of the Mc-Kenna woman, a trained nurse, the latter At a rally last night amouncement was made that in the last forty-eight hours over 700 voters, including many former democrats, had joined the McKinley club.

HENRY DRYHURST,
Chairman of the Committee.
From San Quoit, N. Y., old soldiers send the following greeting:
Major William McKinley: The Hundred and Seventeenth New York volunteers and found that the woman and child were greetings and wish you success.

A rint, where it was understood that the pair would make a long stay. According to Mr. Rivers, all communication from Miss McKenna ceased at the end of a few weeks. Becoming alarmed, he went to Hot Springs and found that the woman and child were gone, leaving no clew, regarding their destination. Ark was elected president, J. H. Beathing to Mr. Rivers, who was a business and found that the woman and child were gone, leaving no clew, regarding their destination. Ark will be here, it expects to nation. Mr. Rivers, who was a business man of moderate wealth, spent money within to complete the organization of a McKinley and Hobart club. The club starts with 129 enthusizstic members, which number will assorb time. Ark, where it was understood that the pair would make a long stay. According to Mr. Rivers, all communication from Miss McKenna ceased at the end of a few weeks. Becoming alarmed, he went to Hot Springs and found that the woman and child were gone, leaving no clew, regarding their destination. Ark was elected president. J. H. Beathing to Mr. A. A. Tanner, secretary, and J. A. McGe, treasurer. The club will hold weekly meetings during the campaign. It has ordered torchlights, etc., and likewise the overproduction of silver in the value of silver builton—that elsewish builton—that elsewish to the castly be increased to 250 in a short time. G. R. Hart was elected president. J. H. Beathing to Mr. A. A. Tanner, secretary, and J. A. McGe, treasurer. The club will hold weekly meetings during the campaign. It has ordered torchlights, etc., and the issuing of treasury notes and Hobart club. The club starts with At a raily last night announcement was made that in the last forty-eight hours over 700 voters, including many former democrats, had joined the McKinley club.

HENRY DRYHURST.

Chairman of the Committee.

From San Quoit, N. Y., old soldiers send the following greeting: band of workers, but from a community of nuns at Denver, allied to the sisterhood at Fot Springs. To the sisters at Hot Springs Catholic, complained that she had received

Major William McKinley: The First McKinley and Hobart regiment of western New York, 1,299 strong, has completed or-ganization. C. W. FAIRFAX. SEQUEL OF A SHOOTING AFFRAY. Sensational Divorce Suit Up for Trial Grant Sensational Divorce Suit Up for Trial Sensational Divorce Suit Up for Trial

cheyenne.

Cheyenne. Hurt, and warned him to cease his visite to his house, under threats of death. Milne A dispatch from Newcastle, Pa., says that two special trains have been engaged by the the matter culminated by Hurt meeting Milne on the streets of Casper in February. 1895, and shooting him dead, tried for murder and acquitted.

His suit for divorce and the cross suit of his wife were started at once and have been since pending in the Wyoming courts. Nearly all of the testimony introduced upon the present trial will be in the form of depo

Thurston, enroute from Topeka, where he had just opened the republican campaign in MAN AND WIFE HAVE A FIGHT Quarrel Over the Making of Their

Will and Both Are Dying. OWOSSO, Mich., Aug. 14.—George Russell unbroken; there have been few changes; the defection has been but trifling; we are aged 58 years, quarreled with his wife today over the disposition of some property to their children. As a result they are at pects are such as to reassure every man the point of death. Neither will talk, but it is evident the couple had a desperate fight RALEIGH, N. C., Aug. 14.—The populist state convention started with a fight over to a depth of five inches. Russell's throat cut, but he is still able to speak. Both

will die. Troubles in the Business World MILWAUKEE, Aug. 14.-Under Sheriff Armour selzed the properties of the Teleassociate justice of the apprecia court. The selection of the other associate justice was left to the central committee. The Walser gram Cycle Manufacturing company at noon today upon judgments on cognovitic aggregating \$52.494.10. Of this amount all but \$5,032.20 is held by the First National bank. The balance is in the name of F. W. A. Gauthie. The failure was precipitated by the failure of S. F. Myers & Co., of New York, which was announced yesterday afternoon. Strangely enough the Myers failure was caused by the Telegram commany. gram Cycle Manufacturing company at

company.
SIOUN CITY, Aug. 14.—(Special Telegram)—The firm of A. Hunt & Co. of Anthon assigned today. Liabilities, \$5,335.42 with assets about the same. The firm was

mere fulfillment of social obligations.

After spending the afternoon with President Cleveland at Gray Gables. Secretary Carlisle returned to Marion on the Mistletoe. He will be the guest of Assistant Secretary Hamlin. Secretary Lamont and Dr. Bryan will remain at Gray Gables several days. CHICAGO, Aug. 14.-Chairman M. A. Hanna leaves Chicago tomorrow afternoon He may go to New York Wednesday, making a hurried visit before returning to this city. Republican leaders at headquarters are anxious to know whether Senator Jones means to bring the democratic national committee to Chicago and establish an office here. The local democrats think he will eventually decide that Chicago is the best place to direct the battle. As soon as the question is settled the republican managers will plan the remainder of their campaign question is settled the republican managers will plan the remainder of their campaign accordingly.

THE BEE BULLETIN.

Weather Porsenst for Nahraska-Generally Fair; Warmer; South Winds

1. How Dr. Nansen Missed the Pole. Tetuan Meant No Affront. Strikers at Cleveland Shot. Bryan's Paper on Silver in 1893.

2. Trouble in the Democratle Camp. St. Paul and the Grand Army. 3. Arthur Gardiner's Wonderful Race. State Lawn Tennis Singles Tournament.

New York's Hot Wave Passes. 4. Editorial and Comment. 5. Another Ship Salls for Cuba-

Eastern Man Murdered at Lincoln. Affairs at South Omaha.

6. Council Bluffs Local Matters.

lowa's Code Revision Muddle Deepens 7. Commercial and Financial News, Business of Last Week Reviewed.

8. About Uncle Sam's Dog Soldiers. Passing of the White Pine.

9. Maxey Cobb's Bondsmen to Be Sued. Nebraska Products at Illinois Fairs. Young People's Christian Union Wei-

Prohibs Will Not Join Fusion. 10. Good Money in Raising Sunflawers.

New Silver Certificate Described. 11. Nicknames of Old Political Parties.

12. "The Exposure of Lord Stansford."

M'KINLEY BOOMERS STILL BUSY.

Sound Money Clubs Springing Up in All Parts of the Country. COLUMBUS, Neb., Aug. 14.-(Special.)--The third meeting of the McKinley club beau club and a large delegation. The was held last evening at the city council parade was half a mile long, and over 300 chamber, which was well filled with ardent supporters of the sound money cause. Hon. livered a ringing republican speech, and Charles W. Pearsdale was the chief attraction | held the close attention of the hundreds of of the evening, and expounded the gold voters assembled. It was the greatest postandard doctrine in an able and eloquent voters assembled. Mr. Webster created a manner. He was frequently applauded and decided sensation by turning the editorial his address had a telling effect. Hon. J. columns of the World-Herald against that utes, and as soon as it was over, the strikers disappeared. The police had not anticipated any trouble in that quarter, and it | 20, and Hon. Allan W. Field of Lincoln years ago the editor of that paper was op-E. Frick of Fremont will speak here August paper. He showed plainly that only three was some time before they arrived on the

SHELTON, Neb., Aug. 14.—(Special.)—The McKinley and Hobart club of Shelton has lances took the injured men to the hospital or their homes and the search for the men now 150 members, and is steadily increasing. Commodious rooms are being fitted up in the Meisner block and Shelton republicanism till soon bave a home. LOUISVILLE, Neb., Aug. 14.—(Special.)—

Instead of the republican club having 102 of the voters of this village, it has not more than 95, and of the 171 on the McKinley mouthed and always howling on the street corners, but they let the other fellows do the bowling, while they are busy "sawing word." Tomorrow afternoon they will raise a pole and banner, the first one raised raise a pole and banner, the first one raised in this county.

having instructions to visit several health resorts. The nurse took her charge to to complete the organization of a McKinley chase of 4,500,000 cunces of silver per

LINCOLN, Aug. 14.—(Special Telegram.)— The Russian and German McKinley meeting at the Lancaster county republican headquarters this evening was one of the political successes of the campaign. The Catholic, complained that she had received no money from her employer, and said that she intended to take the child to her home in Illinois, if she did not hear favorably from Gertrude's parents.

SEQUEL OF A SHOOTING AFFRAY.

an absolute divorce from his wife on the Peabody of Nemaha City addressed the large ground of adultery. Mrs. Hurt brings a and intelligent audience on the political iscrease suit for divorce and alimony to consist of one-half of Hurt's property on the much enthusiasm was manifested. rist of one-half of Hurt's property on the same grounds. The trouble between the couple commenced about two years ago. when Hurt accused William Milne, one of his employes, of undue intimacy with Mrs. McKinley and Hobart club, with 168 charter members. The meeting was addressed transact the business of the country, thus by Thomas Apelget, who spoke for over an producing stringency and alarm.' continued his visits to the Hurt house and hour. The Virginia band was present and

Cone secretary.

M'COOK, Neb., Aug. 14.—(Special Telegram.)—A large and enthusiastic audience drews in the opera house here tonight, under the auspices of the McCook Republican He spoke at length upon the money and tariff questions, in his usual clear and convincing style. He pleased as well as and tariff questions, in his usual clear and convincing style. He pleased as well as instructed all, throwing a powerful leaven of enthusiasm into the local campaign.

Congressman Andrews assisted in the Congressman Andrews assisted organization of a republican club of sixtyfive members in Palisade this afternoon.
GREENWOOD, Neb., Aug. 14.—(Special
Telegram.)—Hon. G. M. Lambertson and
Hon. J. B. Strode spoke to a crowd of over

in its history.

STILL HAS FAITH IN HIS ROAD. President Thomas of the New Albany

Sees No Reason for Alarm. NEW YORK, Aug. 14.—Regarding rumors

New Albany & Chicago railroad, President Thomas of that company is of the opinion that the depression in the company's securities is traceable entirely to alarm over state of Nebraska on this subject in 1893 the recent decision of Judge Taft, removing the injunction against the Beattyville and judgment of the management of that with assets about the same. The firm was doing business in a general store, which was a continuation of the business done by the Farmers' Co-Operative association until two years ago. Many farmers of the association, but the scheme failed and the firm was organized by stockholders to carry on the business. The old debts of the association assumed by the new firm broke it down.

When firm was pression of the honest conviction and judgment of the management of that railroad bondholders, which allows them to again sie upon the alleged guaranty of the Kentucky company's bonds by the Monon. Although in seventeen such cases actions have been decided in favor of the Monon. The effect on quotations of the securities.

When firmuse May Be Legally Shot. have been decided in favor of the Monon.

The effect on quotations of the securities, however, seems to General Thomas excessive and indiscriminate. He says that the bonds of the New Albany company ought not to decrease in value, even if the Beatty will gold, and it has always minimated in this state. There is a general impression among sportsment that the date is August 15. The list act of the legislature, passed at the 183 seems of the legislature, passed at the 183 seems of the legislature, passed at the 183 seems of the decrease of the case was ever taken before a court which is competent to pass upon it, there is but the declared to be formed that the date is Spirember 1. If the case was ever taken before a court which is competent to pass upon it, there is but the declared to be formed to decrease the streams, as the hunters who have been not yet got out onto the prairie, and it is not likely that they will get out before the corn ripens. There are about the usual number of birds along the streams as the bunting will get out before the corn ripens. There are about the usual number of birds along the streams past, the birds not being so numerous as they were during the years when there were more grain and fewer cattle raised in this section,

BRYAN VERSUS BRYAN

Utterances of His Organ Three Years Aco on the filver Question.

DEMANDS REPEAL OF THE SHERMAN LAW

Effect of the Purchasing Clause Then Denounced as Pernicious.

RATIO OF 25 TO 1 WAS THEN ADVOCATED

"Greedy Owners of Silver Mines Alone Interested in 16 to 1."

"PRESENT RATIO IS UNREASONABLE"

Editorial in the World-Herald of July 31, 1893, Points Out the Evils of Free Coinage as Now Demanded.

WAKEFIELD, Neb., Aug. 14.-(Special Telegram.)-The McKinley ratification and rally here tonight was attended by a crowd of over 1,000 people, and was enthusiastic throughout. Wayne sent a band and flamvoters were in line. John L. Webster de-August 25. Good programs are being arranged for these dates.

posed to the policy that the paper is now advocating. He did not charge Mr. Bryan advocating. He did not charge Mr. Bryan with the authoriship of the editorial, but did say that so far as he knew the same control of the editorial page existed thenas now. On this point Mr. I have frequently said in this campaign that the silver mine owners and their devotces were chiefly responsible for the

not panie of 1893. "I bave frequently said that the attempt more than 95, and of the 171 of the list not all are from this precinct.

OSCEOLA, Neb., Aug. 14.—(Special.)—The States to put into circulation so large an amount of depreciated silver and of treasury

"I have frequently said that notwithstandin this county. They don't intend to make any noise about it either, for there will be no speaking. But the pole and flag will not of 1878, providing for the purchase and speak for themselves.

ARAPAHOE, Neb., Aug. 14.—(Special.)—
In spite of the assertions that the sound money men here had all taken to the woods a large crowd turned out Tuesday evening the act of 1890, which provided for the pural large crowd turned out Tuesday evening the act of 1890, which provided for the pural large crowd turned out Tuesday evening the act of 1890, which provided for the pural large crowd turned out Tuesday evening the act of 1890, which provided for the pural large crowd turned out Tuesday evening the act of 1890, only the act of 1890, which provided for the pural large crowd turned out Tuesday evening the act of 1890, only the ac

undertaken to answer these statements by a general assertion that silver has not de-clined in value, and by the further general assertion that with the free and unlimited coinage of silver silver would rise to a

parity with gold. "My free silver friends are the followers and champions of William J. Bryan. BRYAN'S PAPER DEMANDS REPEAL. "William J. Bryan for some years has

been the editor of the Omaha World-Herald. The Omaha World-Herald has been the champion of William J. Bryan and is today his political organ and mouthpiece. The Omaha World-Herald is the spokesman for free silver men of the state of Nebraska. "On July 31, 1893, the Omaha World-Herald published an editorial entitled, 'What to Do.' The first paragraph of that editorial was printed in black-face letters

"At the time when that editorial was meeting furnished the music. The club will have published the Omaha World-Herald be-February, over 250 members before November, and lieved that it was a sound proposition the precinct will cast almost a solid republican vote. which appealed to the judgment of the in-telligent people of the state of Nebraska, BEAVER CITY, Neb., Aug. 14.—(Special Telegram.)—A McKinley club of fifty-five members was organized at Hendley last night, a large number of the Beaver City club being present. Dean McBrien of Orleans college delivered a rousing address. M. McDonald was elected president and Lon Come secretary. judgment of the intelligent people of Ne-braska? If a currency resting on debased gram.)—A large and enthusiastic audience of men and women heard Congressman Anthe country in 1893, why is it less hazardous and threatening to the prosperity of the country in 1896? If it was ruinous why is it not ruinous in 1896? Wha

that no persons were directly interested in the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 except the silver mine owners. Such was likewise the opinion the Omaha World-Herald in 1893. In t 2.000 people here tonight. Great enthusiasm prevailed, and western Cass will without a doubt roll up the largest republican majority mines, anxious to make inordinate profits, are interested in coinage at the ratio

1 to 16. "The same persons are managing the World-Herald today who managed it in 1893. So far as I know, the same persons are writing editorials today for the Omaha World-Herald who were writing editorials

of impending receivership for the Louisville, in 1893.

New Albany & Chicago railroad President "If what the World-Herald said to the