THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

ESTABLISHED JUNE 19, 1871. OMAHA, THURSDAY MORNING, AUGUST 13, 1896. SINGLE COPY FIVE CENTS.

CRUELTIES OF THE JAPANESE

Stories of Barbarous Atrocities from the Island of Formosa.

POLICY OF EXTERMINATING THE NATIVES

Soldiers of the Mikado, According to Credible Witnesses, Have Inaugurated a Reign of Terror in Which Blood Flows.

VICTORIA, B. C., Aug. 12.—From far Formosa, where for upwards of a year Japanese troops have been vainly striving to crush out the seeds of post bellum opposition to Japanese innovations, comes a story which for barbarous cruelty and violation of all ethics of civilization has fortunately few parallels in history, even among the savage nations of the world.

The terrible tale of rapine, murder and wanton cruelty reached here by the steamer Empress of Japan and fully bears out the statement of the situation in Formosa given publicity by Rev. Dr. Mackay on his return to that island six months ago. Other equally credible witnesses are now the witnesses against Japan and the burden of their arraignment is that, seeing neither fame nor fortune is to be gained in the subjugation of the Formosans by the arts of modern warfare, recognized as legitimate by civilized nations, the Japanese troops sent to the island have embarked in a crusade of blood, their object being to crush out all signs of discontent by, as far as possible, exterminating the native population. In this campaign there were no foreign powers to make protest, no foreign press representatives to herald to the world the atrocities, the telling of which would bring upon Japan the contempt of an enlightened people.

Says the Talanfunow representative of the China Mail: "As a result the policy of extermination has been zealously pursued from the beginning of the campaign, and what with the destruction of their crops, the burning of their villages, the desecration of the graves of their loved ones, the violation of their wives and daughters and the butchery of their innocent children, the people are driven to the last expedients of desperation."

BALFOUR'S APPEAL FOR IRELAND.

Urges the House of Lords to Accept the New Land Bill.

LONDON, Aug. 12.—The Irish land bill as amended in the House of Lords, where it recently passed its third reading, was before the House of Commons again today. The chief secretary for Ireland, Mr. Gerald Balfour, indicated the proposed course of the government. He said they were prepared to acquiesce to the new tutbary clause, to Lord Inchiquin's new subscription clause and to the amendment dealing with procedure sales. The other amendments, he added, would be accepted in principle, but on the question of pasture holding the government would adhere to the £100 limit and could not accept Lord MacNaghten's amendment omitting clause 5. Mr. Gerald Balfour also said that the lords had materially altered the bill to the detriment of the tenants, but he hoped the lords would accept the measure in the shape the commons would return it to them. Otherwise it would be a calamity to Ireland, including the landlords themselves.

Continuing, the chief secretary said there had been a great change for the better lately in the conditions of Ireland, where the intense bitterness was dying out, and asked were they going to seize the opportunity to foster the kindlier feeling prevailing or were they going to justify those who were only too ready to inculcate the most pernicious lesson that for Ireland when tranquil nothing would be done, but for Ireland clamorous and crime-ridden no concession would be denied? That was the issue now to be decided, and he most sincerely prayed that Parliament might be wisely guided in arriving at a decision. (Cheers.)

The House of Commons has adopted the Irish land bill in the form outlined by Mr. Gerald Balfour, chief secretary for Ireland, in the House yesterday, and has returned the bill in that form to the House of Lords.

BRANCHES IN THE UNITED STATES.

English Manufacturers Looking for the Election of McKinley.

LONDON, Aug. 12.—The Pall Mall Gazette says: "In view of the probable election of McKinley and a higher tariff, a number of English manufacturers are projecting branches in the United States. We know that quite a number of invitations have come from Americans since the St. Louis convention, with the object of inducing English manufacturers and capitalists to construct woolen, worsted, cotton, lace and silk mills in good localities. On the strength of McKinley's popularity, an American corporation, in fact, offers to build and equip mills to lease, with the option of purchase, to reputable Englishmen. The offer has been provisionally accepted in three instances, two of which are worsted men, and the other a lace maker, and a second firm of lace makers has purchased the Mineola Curtain mill near Philadelphia."

ENGLAND HAS MADE NO AGREEMENT

London Chronicle's Sensational Story is Officially Denied.

LONDON, Aug. 12.—It is semi-officially stated that there is no truth in the report published by the Chronicle of this city that Great Britain and Russia are on the point of reaching an agreement "to save both Armenia and Crete from Turkish oppression without disturbing the peace of Europe," which agreement, it was added, would involve the presence of a Russian army in Armenia and of a British fleet at Crete, "to guarantee Turkish compliance with the terms of the agreement."

It is stated on the other hand that there is no discord among the powers as to the measures which should be adopted in regard to Crete, and Russia, it is further asserted, is showing marked disinclination to allow great pressure to be brought to bear upon the sultan.

Rejects the Demands of Christians.

ATHENS, Aug. 12.—The Turkish government has finally rejected the demands of the Christians of Crete except so far as the provisions of the Halepa convention and general amnesty to the insurgents are concerned. In a fight at Vodena, Macedonia, between 150 insurgents and a body of 500 Turks, the former were reinforced after four hours fighting and routed the Turks, fifty of whom were killed. Macedonian peasants, armed with rifles stolen from the Turks, are joining the Greek raiders.

Italy Demands Satisfaction.

ROME, Aug. 12.—The provincial newspapers demand that the government take action regarding the Hahnville lynching. The Corriere Della Sera of Milan declares that until Americans are willing and able to protect the lives of Europeans they had better close their ports entirely to the immigration of whites as a bid against Chinese cheap labor, adding: "Events such as have occurred at New Orleans and now at Hahnville cannot be tolerated by nations having any pretense of civilization."

Shah's Assassin Executed.

TEHERAN, Aug. 12.—Mollah Reza, who assassinated the late shah of Persia in May last, was hanged here this morning in the presence of an immense concourse of the people.

Li Hung Favors Arbitration.

LONDON, Aug. 12.—Li Hung Chang today received an arbitration deputation and expressed cordial sympathy with the objects of the association.

STEAMER BRIDGETON'S TROUBLES.

Suspected Filibuster Puts Into Port in a Leaky Condition.

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COLON, Colombia, Aug. 12.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—The steamer Bridgeton, bound for St. Lucia, has put into Santa Marta, Colombia, leaking, and with her machinery disabled. Captain Simmons, her commander, prosecuted the chief engineer in the courts and the engineer was sentenced to prison for eight years. The steamer's crew deserted. The Colombian authorities, suspicious regarding the vessel's mission, visit her every day.

The Bridgeton has been unfortunate since she fell under suspicion as a filibuster soon after the Cuban insurrection began. She has limped into the principal ports on the Carribean sea for repairs so many times it is not to be wondered at that the authorities now keep an eye on her. She put into Kingston, Jamaica, last summer so badly used up the people believed she had been attacked by a Spanish war ship. She was towed into Colon by the Louisiana last September with her rudder gone and her machinery disabled. When picked up she had been drifting two weeks and her stores were getting short.

Last month she arrived at Colon leaking and being patched up, started for Ecuador, it was rabled, intending to stop at St. Lucia to finish repairs. She had to be run into a northern port of Colombia and send for pumps. After repairs there she sailed again and now is in trouble once more. This is the second time her crew has deserted.

The Panama Canal company has adopted the American tower system for transporting excavated dirt.

HIS FLYING MACHINE KILLED HIM.

Herr Lilienthal, the German Engineer, Dies While Experimenting.

LONDON, Aug. 12.—A special dispatch from Berlin says: Herr Lilienthal, the engineer who has been experimenting with flying machines for several years past, died on Monday. It appears that he started to fly with one of his machines from a hill 100 feet high near the town of Rhino near this city. He had only been in the air a few minutes when the machinery of the flying apparatus collapsed and Herr Lilienthal fell to the ground. He was picked up unconscious and was found to have his back broken. He died shortly after having been removed to a hospital.

Suing for the Family Diamonds.

LONDON, Aug. 12.—At the Birmingham assizes yesterday Viscount Hill, who was formerly engaged in farming near Florence, Kan., and now of Burford, Ontario, sued the Dowager Viscountess Hill, his stepmother, to recover the family diamonds and jewelry, which he claims as heirlooms under the will of his grandmother. Judgment was rendered in favor of the defendant.

Spain Wants a Floating Dock.

LONDON, Aug. 12.—The Spanish government is inviting tenders in England for the construction of a floating dock at Havana.

BALLOON STORY IS NOT CREDITED.

Indians Probably Saw the Northern Lights and Not Andree's Air Ship.

CHICAGO, Aug. 12.—Evelyn B. Baldwin, when asked this morning concerning the reported appearance of Prof. Andree's balloon in British Columbia, in latitude 55.10, longitude 127.40, said: "I do not believe the report, welcome as the achievement would be to me. As late as August 2 or 3 Andree had not yet left Spitzbergen, and he could not, therefore, have been 3,000 miles beyond that point on the evening of the 3rd, as related by the British American Indians. The bright lights seen by them may have been auroral displays. Again, Andree expected to land in latitude 70, longitude 100, the northern portion of British America.

"Although Andree's air ship is a wonderful piece of mechanism and under favorable conditions would undoubtedly accomplish the voyage, I regard the sledge and ship as the only practical means of accomplishing the conquest of the north. Still Andree's effort must be regarded in the nature of a scientific experiment. Should he lose, he alone will suffer most; should he win, the world will be the gainer thereby."

STOCKHOLM, Aug. 12.—The following telegram from Virgo's harbor was dispatched by Prof. Andree on August 5: "The balloon has been filed for several days and all is ready for the ascent. Thus far everything has occurred as anticipated. The wind is still northerly; otherwise, all is well."

The meteorological office thinks that Prof. Andree may have started on August 4, as a south wind was then blowing steadily.

VICTORIA, B. C., Aug. 12.—News has reached here from the north that Prof. Andree's aerial expedition to the north pole was believed to have been seen August 3 in the vicinity of Kenna river.

SAN FRANCISCO BANKS ALARMED.

Gold Holdings Melting Away at a Remarkable Rate.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 12.—The agitation of the financial question, which has resulted in sending gold up a fraction of 1 per cent above par in New York, is causing banks trouble with the people who wish to deposit silver and check out gold. Some of the banks refuse to take any considerable amount of silver on deposit.

During the past two months the supply of gold coin in the subtreasury has decreased from about $15,000,000 to less than $9,000,000. The decrease includes a shipment of $2,000,000 in gold made last month by Assistant United States Treasurer Berry to the subtreasury in New York City. This enormous shrinkage was one of the prime causes which led to the issuance by Assistant Treasurer Berry of the now famous order which stopped the redemption of silver certificates in gold coin, a practice which was followed by his predecessors for many years.

EXPOSITION BOOMERS AT SALT LAKE

People on All Sides Manifest Interest in the Affair.

SALT LAKE, Aug. 12.—(Special Telegram.)—The Omaha party traveling westward advertising the Transmississippi Exposition arrived here today. Since leaving Butte the party has been at Hailey and vicinity hunting and fishing, and from there they visited the great Shoshone falls, the wonder of the world. The scenery in this vicinity is magnificent and impressed all as being of intense interest. They also visited Blue lakes and Fruit Ranch, four miles away. Here the entire party was entertained handsomely. Today they visited Garfield Beach and bathed in Salt lake. Tomorrow the party will be introduced by city officials. Everywhere people have expressed great interest in the exposition and extended the heartiest hospitality. The party will be here until Friday morning. All are well.

Offers an Island for Sale.

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 12.—"Mensing Island," consisting of 130 acres, and which was set apart in 1865 for a military reservation, but never used as such, was offered for sale at auction yesterday by officials from the government land office at Bourville. R. M. Snyder, who claims he paid Porterfield scrip for the land, entered a protest, claiming that the land belonged to him. The officials did not allow the claim, and they will report the matter to the government for advice as to what to do next. There were no bidders for the land and the act of bringing it up for sale was a mere formality.

Troubles in the Business World.

CHICAGO, Aug. 12.—Watson, Little & Co., one of the largest coal firms in Chicago, made an assignment today to Matthew I. Morton, as assignee. No statement was filed with the assignment. The failure, it is said, was caused by a strike of the workmen at the company's mine at Brazil, Ind.

NEW YORK STILL LIKE AN OVEN

Sun's Rays Continue Their Deadly Effect on Citizens of Gotham.

MORE DEATHS FROM HEAT BEING REPORTED

End of the Heated Period Believed to Be Near, Although Many Cities Are Suffering Severely.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—This was the eighth day of the hot weather. The total number of deaths in the Greater New York district during the past week, as a result of the torrid wave, is estimated at from 700 to 1,000. In many cases the heat has been given the credit for causing deaths that in reality are due to other complications. On the other hand, many persons have doubtless perished from unknown causes when an autopsy would have shown "sunstroke" as the cause of the death. Since Monday over 100 bodies have been sent to the Potter's field from the morgue and forty more will be hurried away tomorrow morning.

Estimates of today's list range from 90 to 100 for New York City, the total number of cases of dead officially reported to 10:30 tonight amounting to sixty-seven. The total number of prostrations reported in New York City today was 250. The total number of deaths officially reported in Brooklyn during the day was twenty-five. The total number of deaths reported from New Jersey cities and towns during the day was about fifty.

The Board of Park Commissioners in the city of Brooklyn has announced that during the heated term the rule compelling persons to leave the parks at 10 o'clock at night has been rescinded. Today was the hottest August 12 in the history of the weather bureau. The temperature stood at 92 degrees. A strong breeze sprang up this evening, and after sunset the mercury dropped gradually.

Between 2 and 7 o'clock kthis morning the police had ben notified of six deaths as a result of the heat.

At 9 o'clock all the police records showed that sixteen persons had been treated for sunstroke since 7 o'clock.

Six deaths from heat and many cases of prostration were reported in Brooklyn from midnight last night to 10 o'clock this morning.

Up to 1 p. m. there had been reported at police headquarters twenty-seven additional deaths and forty-four more prostrations. The dead are:

ELLEN C. HOGAN, 24.
EDWARD ALBERT, 22.
ALBERT RUNAS, 2.
MALCHI GRUNER, 40.
PATRICK ROACH, 45.
MAX HERZOG, 40.
GWEN ROSE, 2.
MARTIN FICHELMITT.
—— DORAN.
JAMES KEATING, 35.
MRS. CATHERINE BUCK, 65.
MRS. MARY CAREY, 60.
CAROLINE GARGAINEY, 48.
JACOB TILMER, 78.
MRS. CATHERINE BAIRD, 45.
HENRY KRUMAL, 60.
AUGUST SCHEINLATTERBERGER, 50.
MRS. JAMES KERWIN.
JAMES HENRY.
UNKNOWN MAN.
JOHN CAPELLA, 4 months.
MARY O'BRIEN, 60.
MARY DARNEY, 1 year.
WILLIAM BEIGEL, 75.
MARY SEINMAN.
WILLIAM DEMPSEY, aged 25.
ANN FLOOD, 58.
ANN KEANNEALLY, 37.
HENRY DEASTEL, 60.
MARY ANN DEVINE, 45.
EDWARD ALBERT, 22.
CATHERINE MCGRATH, 25.
FRANK BOONEY.
CELIA MCGOUGH, 28.
WILLIAM MCNAMARA, 70.
EDWARD MCCONN, 40.
UNKNOWN MAN.

BOSTON, Aug. 12.—Sixteen deaths resulted from the heat in this city today. Fifty horses have died in twenty-four hours and 100 were prostrated. The heat was very severe throughout New England. At Waltham, one death; at Lowell, three deaths and two prostrations; at Pawtucket, seven deaths; at Providence, six deaths; at Hartford, four deaths; at Springfield, three prostrations; at New Haven, two prostrations.

BALTIMORE, Md., Aug. 12.—The excessive heat at this point continues. A maximum temperature of 97 degrees was reached between 4 and 5 p. m. Twenty-two fatalities are reported today, making a total for this hot period of sixty-eight.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—The hot wave was broken today in the upper Mississippi and Ohio valleys, in accordance with the prediction of the weather bureau last night, and by morning the fall in temperature will have reached the Atlantic seaboard. The drop of the mercury ranges from 30 to 15 degrees.

EASTON, Pa., Aug. 12.—Nineteen deaths from heat occurred up to midnight, and there were upward of fifty prostrations.

CHICAGO, Aug. 12.—The fierce heat has been blown away by temperate breezes, and only four deaths from heat are reported as having occurred today.

INTENSE HEAT IN PHILADELPHIA.

Scores of Prostrations Reported, Some Resulting Fatally.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 12.—Up to 11 o'clock four deaths and a score of prostrations from heat had been reported at police headquarters. The dead are:

JOHN BERGH.
FREDERICK EHRLWIN.
CECILIAN MORRIS.
HUGH BRUNN.

At 8 o'clock this morning the thermometer at the weather bureau registered 85, one degree cooler than yesterday, but the thermometers down on the streets ranged from 7 to 10 degrees higher. Shortly after 9 o'clock a light westerly breeze sprung up and tempered the scorching rays of the sun.

PEORIA, Aug. 12.—It is much cooler this morning. Mrs. Friedman was prostrated yesterday, and was found dead in her bed this morning.

FOUR WORKMEN LOSE THEIR LIVES

Suffocated by Sulphuric Acid Gas at a Chemical Factory.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 12.—Four workmen were suffocated by sulphuric acid gas at the chemical works of More & Phillips in the outskirts of Camden. The victims are:

JOSEPH DEVELIN.
JAMES MULLIN.
ANDREW ADLER.
GEORGE GARRISON.

The first overcome was Mullin, and one after the other, Develin, Adler and Garrison, who went to the assistance of those stricken, succumbed.

Butchers' Protective Association.

DENVER, Aug. 12.—Most of the large cities in the United States are well represented in the eleventh annual convention of the National Retail Butchers' Protective association, which assembles here today, President William J. Wulff occupying the chair. A feature of the convention, which will continue in session four days, will be bicycle races given by the local association. While there are no important questions demanding immediate action, various matters pertaining to the welfare of retail butchers are to be discussed.

Alaska Loses Some Territory.

PORT TOWNSEND, Wash., Aug. 12.—The richest gold placer mines of Alaska have been transferred to Canadian territory, and miners are now paying miners' tax to British authorities. The territory in question is from three to eight miles in width, and embraces the rich placer claims on Glacier and Miller creeks which heretofore were supposed to be in Alaskan territory. The transfer of territory is the result of resurveys recently made.

CAMPAIGN OF THE MCKINLEY CLUBS.

Even the Women Organizing in the Interest of Sound Money.

MINDEN, Neb., Aug. 12.—(Special.)—The young women of this city have a McKinley and Hobart club of about twenty-five members, and expect to swell that number considerably yet. They organized by electing Miss Nellie Feighar president, and they say if they cannot vote for McKinley some of the young men shall.

PAWNEE CITY, Neb., Aug. 12.—(Special.)—Judge Stull of Auburn spoke to the Young Men's Republican club of this city Monday night. He got the boys together and had them in a good humor, and helped their organization very much.

ASHLAND, Neb., Aug. 12.—(Special.)—The McKinley club is getting recruits daily and now numbers about 300.

EXETER, Neb., Aug. 12.—(Special.)—The republicans completed the organization of their McKinley and Hobart club Saturday afternoon. Colonel N. S. Babcock is president, W. N. Shaff and C. A. Sompster vice presidents, W. C. Compton secretary, J. T. Borland treasurer, William Ramsdell marshal and an executive committee of four to look after the work in the country. The club starts with a list of 148 all voters.

YORK, Neb., Aug. 12.—(Special.)—One of the strongest free silver districts in the county is losing ground already. Democrats who never voted a republican ticket in their lives will do so this fall in preference to standing by Bryan. Parties near McCool are burying their gold in anticipation of a victory for free silver. Many of them are free silver advocates.

BASSETT, Neb., Aug. 12.—(Special.)—A McKinley and Hobart club was organized here last night with eighty members. Rev. Mr. Eighmy of Long Pine addressed the meeting and gave the people a sound talk, mainly on the tariff. Two old time democrats joined the club and other democrats in this precinct will support McKinley whether they join the club or not. This county is safely republican on the national ticket at least and McKinley and Hobart will receive more votes in this county than Majors in 1892. There is very little defection among republicans in this county.

NORTH PLATTE, Neb., Aug. 12.—(Special.)—The regular weekly meeting of the Lincoln County Republican club was held at the court house last evening. The court room was full of republicans. Enthusiastic speeches were made by T. C. Patterson, H. S. Ridgley and J. S. Hinchley, each person taking up different phases of the money question. Only last night one of the persons who has been out strong for Bryan made the secretary of the Bryan silver club scratch his name from the roll, saying that he was tired of them and was going to support McKinley.

BENSON, Aug. 12.—(Special.)—The Harrison club met at the town hall Saturday evening with the intention of holding a meeting, but the club being unwilling to pay the rental fee of $2 for one evening, adjourned to the home of G. R. Williams at his invitation, where an open air meeting was held. Several lively discussions were had, after which it was concluded to change the name of the club to the Farmers' McKinley club of Douglas county. The officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows: President, James Walsh; secretary, W. Sieliger; treasurer, F. Mangold. One vice president was elected from each precinct, of which there were eleven. H. B. Waldron, Frank Bleik and F. A. Livingston were appointed a committee to send republican literature to the different counties.

KIMBALL, Neb., Aug. 12.—(Special Telegram.)—The republican rally held here this evening was addressed by J. S. Hoagland, candidate for state senator, and A. E. Cady, candidate for congress. Hon. Jack MacColl and H. S. Abbott were present. The attendance was good.

REPUBLICAN LEAGUE COMMITTEE.

President McCreery Chooses His Executives and Names Delegates.

LINCOLN, Aug. 12.—(Special.)—Hon. W. P. McCreery of Hastings, president of the Nebraska League of Republican Clubs, was at state headquarters today. This morning he announced the appointment of the following executive committee of the state league: A. J. Lunt, John Lewis Omaha; W. S. Morlan, McCook; M. L. Hayward, Nebraska City; C. C. McNish, Wisner; A. S. Baldwin, North Platte; L. Hann, Hastings; A. C. Atkinson, Lincoln; H. S. Beck, Pierce; Neill Brennan, O'Neill; Peter Jansen, Jansen; Frank Simmons, Seward. In conformity with the action of President McAlpine of the National League in increasing the representation to ten delegates-at-large and four from each congressional district, President McCreery today appointed the additional delegates to which Nebraska is entitled. Following are the delegates-at-large: J. W. Adams, Curtis; George J. Woods, Lincoln; L. D. Richards, Fremont; C. A. Morrill, Osceola; John L. Webster, Omaha; T. A. Healey, Milford; Charles E. Winter, Omaha; J. C. Miles, Hastings; George Eckles, Chadron; Beeman L. Dawes, Lincoln. The additional delegates are as follows: Dr. N. R. Hobbs, Elmwood; M. O. Ricketts, Omaha; George A. Merriam, Seward; W. H. Austin, Franklin; F. M. Knight, Alliance; Paul Jensen, Nebraska City; D. C. Gifford, West Point; W. B. Smith, Bebron; W. H. Banwell, Orleans; Matt Daugherty, Ogallala.

Secretary Mallalieu of the republican state central committee would like the address of every McKinley club organized in the state, with the name of its corresponding secretary. The object in securing such addresses is that campaign literature can be mailed to them for distribution. It will be to the interest of all republican organizations throughout the state to correspond with Secretary Mallalieu on this subject.

Peter Jansen of Jansen, a member of the state central committee will address the Russians and Germans of Lincoln Friday evening at republican headquarters on N street. Mr. Jansen will speak in the German language. Other speakers will also address the meeting in English.

SURE GOLD WILL BE AT A PREMIUM.

Exeter Business Man Contracting for the Yellow Metal.

EXETER, Neb., Aug. 12.—(Special.)—T. H. L. Lee, a partially retired business man, who spends his winters in California, a very pronounced honest money democrat, is causing the shining lights of free silver here no end of trouble. He has given the financial question a good deal of very careful study. He is also doing a little betting on the side. He entered into a written agreement with E. Costello, a stockman, by which he agrees to pay Costello $110 in silver for $100 in gold immediately after congress enacts a free silver law, provided it shall be within one year after election. James Kelley, postmaster of this place, and a recent convert to free silver, concluded that was a pretty easy way to make money, and so asked Lee for a similar contract. A copy of the contract was handed him to read, and if satisfactory, Lee would make Kelley a like proposition. It seemed so satisfactory that Kelley was not averse to doubling the amount, which Lee was not slow to accept, even agreeing to pay Kelley 240 silver dollars for $200 in gold, but he did not close the contract then, but allowed the free silver man one night to dream over it, and also to consult another shining light of the free silver cause. The result was a complete backdown on the part of Kelley. An article was sent to the Bryan paper in Omaha, stating that the reason Kelley went back on the agreement was that he thought the contract read "within one year after Bryan's election," instead of within one year after a free silver law was enacted. He stated, however, after reading the copy, that it suited him exactly.

Free Silver Rally at St. Edwards.

ST. EDWARDS, Neb., Aug. 12.—(Special.)—The free silverites opened their campaign here last night with a rally. Rev. Jesse W. Jennings of Fullerton was the principal speaker. He was formerly a republican and great many things were expected from him. His speech was, however, a disappointment to a great many, as it was but a reiteration of the usual sidewalk arguments.

SILVER MEN DENIED SEATS

Wyoming Republican Convention Passes on Contesting Delegations.

COMPROMISE FINANCIAL PLANK POSSIBLE

This is Pointed Out by Some of the Members as the Only Solution of the Difficulty Now Likely.

CHEYENNE, Aug. 12.—(Special Telegram.)—The Wyoming state republican convention called to nominate presidential electors, congressman and judge of the supreme court convened at the opera house here this morning. One hundred and four of the 106 delegates entitled to seats were present in person. United States Senator Warren called the convention to order. He advocated in the coming campaign more thorough organization, as the contest meant a house to house and hand to hand campaign.

Hon. A. D. Kelley of Laramie county was selected temporary chairman and Benjamin Howell of Sweetwater county temporary secretary. Committees on credentials, resolutions and organization were appointed. The convention passed immediately upon the claims of Walter Webster of Uinta county, who, with twelve proxies, claimed to be entitled to a seat in the convention as representing the free silver republicans of that county. Webster's delegation was denied admission, and the regularly elected delegation was seated.

A recess was then taken until 8 o'clock, during which the judicial districts held caucuses, at which candidates for the district judgeships were chosen. They are: First district, Richard H. Scott, Laramie county; Second, M. C. Brown, Albany; Third, E. E. Enterline, Sweetwater.

At 8 o'clock this evening the convention reassembled and a permanent organization was made with B. B. Brooks of Natrona county, permanent chairman, and M. C. Barrow, Converse county, secretary. It was announced that the committee on resolutions would be unable to make a report tonight, and the convention adjourned until 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

The adoption of a financial plank to be submitted to the convention is causing the committee on resolutions considerable trouble. A very strong fight is being made for the adoption of the St. Louis platform. This is opposed by the silver advocates, who want the Casper-Sheridan platform, which declared for silver, reaffirmed. A compromise financial plank is urged as a solution of the difficulty.

FUSION IS COMPLETE IN IOWA.

Horace Boies and Jim Weaver Are Chosen as Electors-at-Large.

OTTUMWA, Ia., Aug. 11.—Complete fusion was effected by democrats, populists and free silver republicans at the democratic state convention here today. The state ticket was divided and terms of division for the congressional districts were also agreed upon, the democrats to get nine, the populists one and free silver republicans one.

Some counties were not represented. Black Hawk county, the home of ex-Governor Boies, which had split at the county convention, had no representatives present, the contesting delegations remaining at home. Judge Van Wagenen, temporary chairman of the convention, made a lengthy free silver speech. J. J. Shea, permanent chairman, of Council Bluffs, made a short speech. The platform declares for free silver.

The ticket selected is as follows: For electors-at-large, Horace Boies, Waterloo, democrat; General James B. Weaver, Colfax, populist; secretary of state, L. H. Kurt of Clarke, democrat; auditor of state, G. W. Davis of Louisa, populist; attorney general, William D. Boies of O'Brien, democrat; treasurer, Charles Ruegenetz of Clayton, democrat; supreme court judge, Senator Bolter of Harrison, democrat; railroad commissioner, for the long term, Amos Stenkel of Davis, silver republican; short term, Thomas J. Denser of Fayette, democrat.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Aug. 12.—The populist state convention convened in the house of representatives at 11 a. m., 390 delegates being present out of 895 entitled to seats. Just before the convention opened W. E. Bock of Sibley, the democratic nominee for auditor, tendered his resignation to Chairman Hinrichsen, which was accepted. This was done in order to make room for a populist on the democratic state ticket, in return for which the populists are to endorse the state democratic ticket.

After opening with prayer, the call of the convention was read. Chairman Maxwell made a speech, relating to the work and growth of the party during the past year. Committees on rules and permanent organization and resolutions were named after some haggling, and were given until 3 o'clock in which to report. Cook county precinct presented contesting delegations, the only one in the convention.

After perfecting its organization the convention adopted a platform endorsing the action of the national populist convention and endorsing Governor Altgeld's administration.

At the night session four populist electors were nominated, including an elector-at-large, the democrats having withdrawn four of their electors, and twenty of the democratic electors were nominated, completing the fusion.

W. F. Beck, the democratic nominee for auditor, having withdrawn, the convention nominated A. L. Maxwell of Flat Rock to fill the vacancy. The remainder of the democratic state ticket was endorsed.

SILVER WILL SOON BE FORGOTTEN

Senator Thurston Says the Craze Will Die in Forty Days.

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 12.—"The currency question will not be the issue of this campaign after forty days." This statement was made by Senator Thurston of Nebraska at the Coates house today to a Star representative. He made this surprising statement, with the utmost deliberation, in reply to the question: "How much tariff element, senator, do the republican managers propose to put into the campaign?"

He dictated a statement with reference to the charge that Mr. Bryan has been in the employ of the bonanza silver mine owners; said that Major McKinley would remain at home during the campaign; explained his cool, oracular remark about the currency and announced that Mr. Bryan would not carry a state east of the Missouri river.

Regarding the bonanza mine matter, Senator Thurston said in part: "The charge was not mine. I did not even adopt it or express any opinion of my own with respect to it." He simply read the statement, he said, as it was printed editorially by a Chicago paper.

Senator Thurston stopped here with Mrs. Thurston on his way to Topeka, where he speaks this afternoon.

News for the Army.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—(Special Telegram.)—The following transfers in the First cavalry are made: Second Lieutenant John W. Furlong, from troop C to troop F; Second Lieutenant Robert C. Williams, from troop F to troop C.

Captain Charles H. Ingalls has been relieved from duty as assistant quartermaster, Department of Dakota, but will retain his station at St. Paul. He will be succeeded by Captain James W. Pope, at present on duty at New York.

Leaves of absence are granted as follows: First Lieutenant Henry L. Harris, First artillery, forty-five days; Second Lieutenant Jacob H. G. Lamle, Eighteenth infantry, extended one month; Lieutenant Colonel David Perry, Tenth cavalry, extended three months; Colonel Samuel S. Sumner, Sixth cavalry, twenty-three days; Second Lieutenant Edward T. Winston, Fourteenth infantry, extended one month.

MEMBERS WHO ARE NOT WANTED.

Objection Taken to Certain Democratic National Committeemen.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—The interest attached to the second meeting of the national democratic committee at noon today was increased by persistent rumors that the members would take action to remove from the committee those men whose absence was alleged to accentuate their objection to the national ticket and platform. Those mentioned as the most likely to be disciplined included W. F. Harrity of Pennsylvania, W. F. Sheehan of New York, French of Connecticut and Lawler of Minnesota. In Sheehan's case, in particular, it was said that the local organizations presented a demand for his removal. As to this particular case, Elliott Danforth, who represented Mr. Sheehan by proxy, said this morning: "It is not true that a petition was presented for the removal of Mr. Sheehan or for that matter the removal of the gentlemen mentioned. Mr. Sheehan gave me his proxy and was only one of eight or ten other national committeemen who adopted the same course. What is known as the O'Brien New York faction has a petition of the kind prepared, but when they found that as a proxy I was voting on all questions and taking an active part in the campaign so far they did not formally present it."

Senator Tillman was a defender of the absent committeemen, whose course is being criticised. He said this morning: "This talk is bosh. I don't believe any committeemen will refuse to take part in the campaign. Every man on the committee is a man of honor and if he could not conscientiously serve he would resign. The national committee is not a disciplining body and has no right to take any action."

A. Troupe, who was internal revenue collector at New Haven, Conn., under Mr. Cleveland, has asked the committee to take some action to discipline National Committeeman French, who, he claims, is not in sympathy with Mr. Bryan's campaign. He wants the national committee to reorganize the Connecticut state democracy and to give them a new national committeeman who will be in sympathy with the movement.

The committee went into session at 11:20 for the transaction of business, Senator Jones presiding. The committee was in session for about three-quarters of an hour. Most of the time was devoted to a heated controversy over the dispensation of tickets. The apportionment offered to each member was three. John R. McLean's proxy from Ohio said that he had brought over 200 district leaders here from his state and they had expected to get in. Another member intimated that tickets had been dishonestly disposed of. "Why," said he, "there are speculators on every corner selling tickets and seats and they got them from Mr. St. John's headquarters." After a good many of the committeemen had unburdened their minds the matter was dropped, the chairman announcing that it was too late to rectify it.

The question of the disputed plank of the platform was discussed, but the committee gave its official decision that the amendment offered by Senator Hill, excepting existing contracts from the scope of the financial plank, had not been adopted. Congressman James D. Richardson of Tennessee, who was acting as chairman of the convention when the platform was adopted, stated his positive recollection that the Hill amendment was defeated. His testimony was reinforced by Senator Jones. The committee ordered the publication of the platform under the direction of Permanent Chairman White.

C. A. Walsh of Ottumwa, Ia., was chosen permanent secretary, and the committee adjourned to the call of the chairman.

OUR SILVER NOT LIKED IN CANADA.

Dominion Banks Accept It Only with a Discount.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—There was some gossip at the Treasury department about the action of the Canadian banks in deciding not to accept our silver certificates, except at a discount of 10 per cent. In the past a considerable amount of United States bills has circulated beyond the border concurrently with Canadian money. They have been receivable for taxes and have been interchangeable without discrimination. The present action of the banks of Canada, it is presumed, is the result of a fear that the country would be forced to a silver basis. Greenbacks and treasury notes are redeemable in gold, and against such bills the Canadian banks make no discrimination.

Acting Secretary of the Treasury Curtis called attention to the fact that in 1893, before the purchasing clause of the Sherman act was repealed, the banks of Buenos Ayres refused to accept exchange on the United States because of the fear that before the bills reached New York the United States might suspend gold payments.

Other treasury officials called attention to the fact that in their refusal to accept our silver or its equivalent in silver certificates, which Canada has heretofore received for convenience sake, her banks were simply exercising a discrimination which we exercised. Our banks do not accept Canadian or any other foreign silver coin at par. European countries do the same thing. The French or the German mark, when it crosses the border, is received at a discount. They circulate at par only in their own countries. Some of the Canadian street railway companies have also given notice that they will not accept our silver after January 1. Canadian coins are not accepted now by the United States street railroads, except along the immediate border, where they can find their way back into the Dominion at once.

HULL SCENTS VICTORY AFAR OFF.

Iowa Congressman Points Out the Certainty of McKinley's Success.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—(Special Telegram.)—Representative Hull of the Des Moines district is in Washington for a short stay on business with the republican congressional campaign committee. In talking of the situation today he said:

"The Bryan wave has surged high, but I think we have seen its topmost crest. As it recedes it will leave the young Nebraskan on a dismal flat, surrounded with but a corporal's guard of the erstwhile multitudinous shrickers for 16 to 1. Metaphor aside, I have no doubt that there is a period of calm reflection at hand, during which the common sense of the American people will get to work, and that this period of deliberation will result in the triumph of McKinley. Speaking for Iowa, I have no hesitation in declaring that it is absolutely safe for the republican candidate. There is some free silver sentiment among our people, but not nearly enough to make the state in doubt. Fusion has been accomplished in every congressional district save one between the democrats and populists, but that is no cause for alarm. Republican strength is greater than the combined force of the opposition parties. Besides, I think that the Bryan ticket will lose as many voters by defection of sound money democrats as it will gain from republican converts.

"Germans, who constitute a large element in some sections of Iowa, are solidly opposed to the free silver idea, and no speeches from democratic spellbinders can seduce them from their sound money principles."

Where Republicans Are Active.

MITCHELL, S. D., Aug. 12.—(Special Telegram.)—The republican campaign in Davison county was opened last night when Gen. I. Crawford delivered an address to 1,000 people in the Corn palace. It was the means of winning back many defected republicans on the money plank. Mr. Crawford goes from here to the Black Hills country.

Nominated for Congress.

CAMERON, Mo., Aug. 12.—Congressman A. M. Dockery was renominated by the democratic congressional convention which met here today. This is his eighth consecutive nomination by the democrats of the Third district.

BRYAN IS NOTIFIED

Nebraska Free Silver Man Told that He is a Presidential Candidate.

GOVERNOR STONE IS HIS INFORMANT

Monster Gathering in Madison Square Garden, New York City.

NOMINEE SPEAKS FROM MANUSCRIPT

Devotes Nearly Two Hours to Discussion of Currency Question.

OTHER TOPICS ONLY BRIEFLY TOUCHED ON

Points of the Sound Money Advocates Taken Up Seriatim by the Leader of the Demo-Populistic Forces.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—That the interest of the whole city of New York was focussed today upon the Madison Square Garden, where William J. Bryan of Nebraska and Arthur Sewall of Maine were to be formally notified of their nomination by the democratic party for the offices of president and vice president of the United States, was proven by the groups of sovereign electors, which, as early as the middle of the afternoon, began to come under the trees in Madison Square, and which, by 5 o'clock, had been reinforced by hund