Havana Paper Discusses Relations with the United States.

CUBA AS A STATE IN THE AMERICAN UNION

London Times Publishes a Letter Suggesting How the Island Would Benefit by Annexation\_Insurgents Attack a Town.

opinion expressed by Senor Sagasta, the for yesterday's business. It also has \$56,400 Spanish liberal, in an interview, that the unavailable assets in the shape of bonds of Cories ought to vote financial credits for the a brewing company, to which the bank government as he believed in the possibility of a war between the United States and bank also holds \$122,000 in second mortgage government as he believed in the possibility Spain. La Lucha says it is natural to suppose in view of affairs actually happening pothecated for a loan of \$84,000. The which are neither honorable nor satisfactory, posits of the bank have fallen off \$250,000 in and which are even humiliating that a the last few months: \$300,000 of the \$812,000 and which are even humiliating that a moment may arise when Spain will have to cated to secure the clearing house, and an-break off relations with the nation acting other lean on the outside of \$50,009. and conducting its affairs in such a manner, and availing itself of futile pretexts for The national pride would compel more ade-quate measures or popular sentiment would prove a source of probable danger to the highest institutions. La Lucha believes that whatever may be the result Spain will take serious steps, in view of the actual

Insurgents made an attack today from the north and by the highway from San Cristobal upon the town of Candelaria, in had been kept up for four hours. No re-port is made of the losses on either side. Felizo Espatiola Triviso has been sentenced to death.

LONDON, Aug. 12.-The Times publishes a letter from Havana, which gives the evi-dence of a high military officer that 25 per cent of the Spanish troops in Cuba are on the sick list or are unfit for duty. Discussing the desperate state of the sugar industry, the letter says: "Much misery on this account might be avoided if Cuba by purchase or otherwise became a state of the American union. Under a stable gov-ernment, a free market in the United States and assisted by American capital, the island would easily produce a sufficient sugar supply for all the requirements of America. Under the present Spanish rule, of or subject to the uncertainties of a republican government by the Cubans, there would be little hope for the sugar industry. Prec Cuba may be a good catch cry in the United States, but it does not commend itself to the business people of Cuba. With the sugar and tobacco industries in their present condition the outlook is gloomy and Spain would do well to consider care-fully any offer for the purchase of the

Pachua will begin the last of this month annual charge of \$240 per horse power for the Mckican government had been so far twenty-four hours continuous work. The unable to execute.

Pelton water wheels are employed and all. The road itself will be greatly improved.

flooded have suffered a loss of \$250,000, and the loss to the state government is \$50,000 monthly in taxes and by incorpor ating all independent industries, and, owing to this fact, 12,000 miners have left the city. Governor Prayton says the only ex-planation for this long delay in taking measures to restore the mines to forme owners and company managers.

There is a renewed interest in the Mur-dock tunnel project similar to the famous Sutro plan, which would prevent a repeti-

Governor Martinez will probably be tri-umphantly re-elected next month in the state of Puebla. He is an active progressive can interests.

The formal announcement of the reelection of President Diaz will soon be

sal satisfaction, as he is a man who will protect the interests of foreigners. There is a notable increase in manufac-turing industries in the federal district and

many installations of new machinery are being made. The federal revenues are un-

Rumor that Great Britain Has Seized The Clarion for Coaling Station.

CITY OF MEXICO, Aug. 11.-It is reperted that a British man-of-war has seized | DEMAND FURTHER INVESTIGATION. the Mexican island of Clarion, which belongs to the state of Colima, and that there will be a coaling station established The report is given circumstantially the newspapers, but is not yet con firmed. It is also asserted that the English have planned to seine the island of Revil-

lagigo, on the Pacific coast.

In view of the present amicable relations between Mexico and England and the maintenance of the Monroe doctrine by the United States the reports appear incredible, although affirmed in the press.

A large number of Chinese residing in

TO SAVE ARMENIA AND CRETE. England and Russin Reported to Be

LONDON, Aug. 12 - The Chronicle asserts that it learns that England and Russia are on the point of an agreement to save both Armenia and Crete from Turkish oppression, without disturbing the peace of Europe. An editorial in the same paper says that the agreement will involve the presence of a Russian army in Armenia and of

The Berlin correspondent of the Daily News hears that the czar has written assembly includes many men of considerable property and tried experience, and that it intends to await the decision of Europe re-

and affection as the period approaches at the length of which her reign will have

NEW YORK HAS A BANK FAILURE. FIRE IN A TALL BUILDING Murray Hill Bank Compelled to Close

Its Doors. NEW YORK, Aug. 11.-The following notice, signed by F. D. Kilburn, superintendent of banking, was posted on the door of the Murray Hill bank today: "This bank is closed pending an examination of the condition of its affairs."

The bank is one of the oldest state institutions in this city. The deposits amount to about \$1,250,000 and it is believed that they will be paid in full. One reason ad-vanced for the suspension is the fact that the bank had to take a considerable amoun-of real estate for loans.

HAVANA, Aug 11—La Lucha has an editorial this evening commenting upon the which is outside available assets is hypothe

There are 1.700 depositors affected by the closing of the bank. Mr. Kilburn also said: doing so. It is a good system of politics.

"I closed the Murray Hill bank because it was in an unfit condition, after consulting with the clearing house committee and the unpleasant to Spain's interests and sense of board of directors of the bank. The trouble boner. A logical deduction from the situa-tion, the article says, would be war between Spain and the United States. Spain would not be content to withdraw her representa-tive from Washington as an act of protest.

The results of the bank. The trouber is, us far as I am able to ascertain that they have not sufficient money to do busi-ness, and no way of raising it without great sacrifice. It is my opinion that the depos-tive from Washington as an act of protest.

The results of the bank. The trouber is, us far as I am able to ascertain that they have not sufficient money to do busi-ness, and no way of raising it without great sacrifice. It is my opinion that the depos-itors will be paid in full. I had a meeting with the directors this morning and proiters will be paid in full. I had a meeting with the directors this morning and proposed to them that if they could raise \$109.09 and put it into the assets, I would allow them to continue. I found this impossible. and, believing that a further continuance of business would develop into a worse state of affairs I deemed it alvisable to close the

the north and by the highway from San
Cristobal upon the town of Candelaria, in
Pinar del Rio, entering the town from opposite sides at the same time. The officer
reports that they were repulsed after firing its 1.700 depositors about \$1.250.000. The
customers of the bank were chiefly local
to free town for fan company, and Relating to the first the floor. The top floor was vacant.

How the fire started is not known, but its origin is attributed to an explosion. It is understood that there is due to the fire started in the rear on the ground floor of had been kept up for four hours. No re-The Murray Hill bank was organized in

Kennyon, state examiner, is in charge. The bank's deposits are in the neighborhood of was seen on the landing for a minute. He

CHICAGO, Aug. 11.—The private bank not recognized of L. D. Taylor & Co., successors to North & Taylor, 850 West Madison street, was closed today. By order of the court the Equitable Trust company was made receiver. The assets are \$150,000; liabilities, about \$100,000.

## WILL BOOM THE ISTHMUS RAILWAY.

English Syndicate Gets Concessions from Mexican Government. ment on the part of the syndicate to finish nike already and send power into that important mining provement of the harbor of Contracon, Lieuz, city from waterfalls twenty-five miles dis-at the Aliantic terminus of the road, and tant, and it is estimated it will be able to to construct the harbor works at Salina furnish 1,300-horse power. Several great Cruz, the Pacific terminus, which was in-reduction works will take this power at an cluded in the original plans, but which

States.

A stiff improvement in mining stocks and a fine road itself will be greatly improved and all the road itself will be greatly improved and all the road itself will be greatly improved and all the road itself will be greatly improved and all the road itself will be greatly improved and put in the condition of a first class line. A line of ships plying between Salina Cruz and San Francisco will be put on and deliver freight to the many lines plying in the Gulf of Mexico. A determined effort will be made to secure the freight and low-income and the road itself will be greatly improved the condition of a first class line. priced passenger traffic of San Francisco. On the other side of the isthmus it is expected to get the bulk of the European reight, such as dry goods, which now comes by steamship to New Orlegus and by rail

# ISSUED A TEMPORARY INJUNCTION.

TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 11.-Judge Edward Green of the United States court for the New Jersey district today granted a temporary injuction restraining the Walker company and Charles N. King of Jersey City and Cleveland from making, using or causing to be made or used a certain improvement in suspended switches and traveling contact electrical railways covered by patent No. 495.442, issued to the administrator of Charles J. Vanderpoole, and now owned by the federal district, Eujolkar, gives univer- the Thomson-Houston Electric Light company complainant in the suit. This suit is one of a number begun by the Thomson-Houston Electric company against different defendants in other circuit courts throughout the United States, and in which injunctions have already been issued. Among the comexpectedly heavy.

ENGLAND TAKES MEXICAN ISLAND. Westlephouse Electric and Manufacturing mpany. This patent is considered by the homson-Houston company as very essential to overhead trolley systems.

CHICAGO, Aug. 11.—Elevator men and railroad men who were affected by the evidence produced before the Interstate Commerce commission last week are demanding the return of that body, in order evidence produced before the Interstate to investigate the elevator men's connection

with cuts in grain rates. Chairman Midgely of the Western Freight association said today that the work of the commission would be beneficial in readjust-A large number of Chinese residing in the northern frontier have politioned the department of foreign relations to be made Mexican citizens, as this will allow them to pass freely into the United States territory.

commission would be benencial in readjusting the grain rates from Missouri and Mississippi river points to Chicago. Midgely department of foreign relations to be made asys that the Western Freight association has nothing whatever to do with the so-called poel, called the Union League club agreement. He says the Great Western was

> SAN PRANCISCO, Aug. 11.-The steam chooner Point Arens, bound from this city o Mendocino, went on the rocks at midnight near Point Reyes. The captain, Anfrew Johnson, her master, was on the bridge | Cri when she grounded. He at once began to | Rt. free of the rocks. As soon as the vessel was loosened the water began to rush through a hole in her port bow, just forward of the forward hold. Captain Johnson beaded for this city and came in vessel is, Henry Labouchere, Sydney Charles in Henry beaded for this city and came up under a full head of steam, the pumps being kept in action all the while. By the time she reached the mission pier, where she was docked, there were four feet of water in

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 11.-Mail advices from the Orient tell of a rebellion that has broken out in the center of the island of Formess. Hospits, the camphor center, was attacked on the 27th of June. It is supposed the few Japanese there, numbering about a depen, including the gendarmes, were killed and it is feared that D. Ol-liain, a European has also fallen a victim. The town is supposed to have been sacked and the less to foreigners will be consider-

Several Persons Lose Their Lives in the Flames in New York.

SIX-STORY STRUCTURE IS GUTTED

Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars Worth of Property Goes Up in Smoke as the Result of

an Explosion.

NEW YORK, Aug. 11.-At least three persons, and possibly others, were burned death in a fire that destroyed a sixstory brick building at 465 Greenwich street this afternoon. Several persons were injured by the smoke and heat and by jumping and two of them are expected to die. The dead are:

WILLIAM GRAY, foreman of electrical epair shops TWO UNKNOWN MEN, who were caught n a fire escape and burned to death in

view of the crowd. The injured who are expected to die are: Felix Hass.

The other persons burt went to a hospital and then home. The ground floor of the building was occupied by A. K. Warren & Co., who operated the New York electrirepair shops. The firm also occur fourth, fifth and sixth floors. The distillery and the third floor was occu-ied by Plaut Bros., manufacturing jewelpied by Plant Bros. manuscripters. This building was completely ers. This building was adjoining. out and so was the one adjoining, No. 467. The latter building was occupied on the ground floor and second floor by Alexander nkowski. The third floor was vacant, fourth was occupied by John Laney as Klinkowski. the New York Pan company, and Kelsal &

customers of the bank were chiefly local tradesmen and it had some brewery accounts. The capital of the bank is \$100.000. Mr. F. T. Hopkins is president and the directors are Rufus M. Stivers. John Weir, James Carney, Bernard Metzger, F. Hopkins Philip Dichl. R. O. N. Ford. Charles H. Heimburg, Albert H. Gale, F. H. Steinway, F. C. McManus, D. W. Burns.

DULUTH, Aug. 11.—The Security Bank of Duluth, capital stock \$100,000, one of the leading banks of the city, closed its doors this morning. Heavy withdrawals of deposits and impossibility of making speedy collections are given as the causes. M. D. Kennyon, state examiner, is in charge. The bank's deposits are in the neighborhood of was seen on the landing for a minute. He

was feel of the labding for a minute. He was followed by another man, who was not recognized Men on the roof shouted for them to take hold of a wire which they had let down, but they either did not hear them or were too frightened to do anything. Flames suddenly that up and drove them back and out of the sight of the men below. When the flames shifted the charred and naked bodies of the two men were seen on the fire escape.

Another unknown man appeared on the same fire escape above Gray's body. For an instant he gazed distractedly on the crowd below. A sheet of flame swept from the feling any offer for the purchase of the lease included an agreement.

San francisco, Aug. 11.—An English windows again and when they fell back the windows again and the burnt that in the city of Frement and in Platte precise formation of a club, and be folly expected that in the city of Frement and in Platte precise formation of a club, and be folly expected that in the city of Frement and the purchase again and when they fell back the windows again and when they fell back the windows again and when they fell back the windows again and the burnt that in the city of Frement and the purchase again and when they fell back the windows again and when they ments that building was burning from top to cellar. Four slarms were turned in and block would burn. All traffic in that section of the city was suspended, as the hose crossed not only the surface railways. but the elevated as well. The eight or ten explosions added to the excitement, but served a good purpose in aiding the firemen is thereafter the flames were more easily

Individual losses are not known definitely

## ANAMOSA PENITENTIARY BURNED. Loss of Twenty Thousand Dollars, but

CEDAR RAPIDS, In., Aug. 11.-Fire at Anamosa penitentiary started at 9 o'clock conicht in the cellar of the prison diningcom. In a short time the fire was beyond lestroyed, including a large library of 3,000 | no volumes. The loss will be \$20,009. The fire was brought under control about 11 o'clock and no difficulty with the prisoners was ex-

toon Hended for the North.

the following telegram was received by the of Indian department from its agent at Vic-

VICTORIA, B. C., Aug. 11.—To the Deputy Superintendent General of Indian Affairs, Ottawa: Creditable information received by Agent Lomas from two Indian parties separated by long distances at time of observation that the Andree balloon had been sighted at latitude 55.15, longitude 127.40, pursuing hearly a northerly course.

PROF. A. W. VOWELL.

NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—A dispatch re-ceived yesterday by the Associated press from Vsadoe on Vranger-Pjord announced that news had been received there from Spitzbergen that Prof. Andree had discovered four rents in his balloon. After remaining in Pike's house in the northern half of West Spitzbergen from June 22 he succeeded on July 27 in inflating his balloon and waited for a favorable southerly wind to embark. balloon which would make it surprising if he had set said from that place. The news was presumably about a week in arriving from Spitzbergen, showing that up to Au-gust 1 the zeronaut had not set sail and the prospects were poor for his doing so at all.

South African Inquiry Commission. nons last night considered the formation of the select committee to conduct the incompany and the Jameson raid. The House rejected all proposals to change the com-position of the committee, which is made up as follows: Rt. Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, Rt. Hon. Sir William Hart Dyke, J. C. Bigham, Q. C., C. A. Cripps, J. N. Wharton, George Wyndham, Rt. Hon, W. T. Jackson and Attorney Genton and Hon. Edward Blake.

Superintendent Hull of New York Makes a Startling Admission. SALT LAKE CITY, Utah. Aug. 11.-The ound day's session of the fire chiefs' con-

SHOUTING FOR SOUND MONEY. HORR GETS AN OMAHA CROWD

Republicans Forming Clubs in All Parts of the State. JOHNSTOWN, Neb., Aug. 11—(Special.)—
Saturday night a political meeting here was addressed by Dr. Edy of Ainsworth. At Hear the Distinguished Speakers. He questions that here the close a republican league club was organized, with fifty-six members. The Johnso furnish music during the campaign. There is considerable enthusiasm, and among the people generally there is a growing distrust of the good faith of the free silver advo-

SHUBERT, Neb., Aug. 11—(Special.)—The McKinley club of this place held an enthusiastic meeting Saturday night. Judge Field of Lincoln delivered a telling address. The exercises began out doors, but rain compelled the crowd to go into the Methodist church, which was filled to overflowing, and many were left outside. Though the weather was threatening, people came from every direction to hear republican gospel. The speaker requested all in the house in favor of McKinley to rise. About eighteen out of every twenty rose and waved their hats and cheered lustify. STOCKVILLE, Neb., Aug. 11.—(Special.)—

STOCKVILLE, Neb., Aug. 11.—(Special.)—
A McKinley-Hobart club was organized here
Saturday afternoon. J. C. Gammill was
elected president, L. H. Cheney vice president, W. A. Overman secretary, and H. H.
College The Club staris with a membership of forty. An enthusiastic meet-ing was held, at which speeches were made-by J. C. Gammill, A. Wilsey of Moorefield by J. C. Gammill, A. Wilsey of Moorefield and J. A. Williams, county attorney.

TALMAGE, Neb., Aug. 11.—(Special.)—
The republicans of this place met Saturday

evening and organized a sound money Mc-Kinley club, with 120 members, after which they were addressed by Prof. F. W. Robbins rear of the gallery and this was packed in ond floor was occupied by Julius Cohen as here, and propose to keep matters warm

ALBION, Neb., Aug. 11.—(Special.)—The McKinley people of this town organized a McKinley and Hebart club of 150 members last night by electing C. E. Spear president, F. M. Weitzel vice president, F. D. Williams, secretary, and D. V. Blatter treasurer. There is a strong feeling here to lay aside all former political affiliations and organize and work for sound money. The propole here are becoming sayued to the people here are becoming aroused to the importance of this matter, and the business men are not leaving politics to be run by the politicians, but are manifesting an active nterest. There are a number here who, for the sake of saving the national bonor and credit, are willing to lay aside their past party affiliations and join bands with those who are striving to maintain all that is

GRAND ISLAND, Neb., Aug. 11.—(Special.)—A rousing meeting of the McKinley-Hobert club was held at republican headquarters. The first appearance of the glee club was greeted with protonged cheers, and the meeting was the most enthusiastic yet held. The committees to organize a mounted club and ward marching clubs reported as follows: Mounted club, seventy members: First Ward Maching club, forty; Second fifty; Third, forty-five; Fourth, seventy. The McKinley-Hobart Wheel club will have sixty members. A message was sent to Hon. William McKinley, tendering him the entire support of the republican clubs, numbering 800. Judge Garlow and R. C. Granville addressed the meeting.

FREMONT, Aug. 11.-(Special.)-An audience which completely filled the district court met last evening for the purpose of completing the organization of a McKinley club. John C. Cleiand, chairman of the county committee, called the meeting to treasurer, all of whom should constitute an executive committee. J. M. Shiveley was elected president; W. H. Hawley, C. S. Beck A. E. Nelson, George Marshall and S. F. Stiles, vice presidents; Paul Colson, treasurer, and C. A. Manville, secretary,

The tariff he considered a great question War- tion was settled in favor of the present and a total of \$160,000 is estimated. War-ren & Co.'s 'oss, as all others, was total standard. Mr. Shiveley was enthusiastically and is crtimated at \$25,000. with marekd attention. Hon. J. E. Frick made a strong tariff speech arraigning the present administration for the policy which responsible for shutting down factories. W. Courtright spoke on the money question and presented many convincing arguments in favor of the single standard and against the unlimited coinage of the world's silcontrol and the entire entry building was ver. The meeting was very enthusiastic, a destroyed including a large library of 3,000 noticeable feature being the large number of laboring men present. Many old-line democrats have signed the roll of the club, and many others will vote for a sound money democrat if one should be nominated GENOA, Neb., Aug. 11.—(Special.)—The

ANDREE ON THE WAY TO THE POLE. republicans completed the organization of an honest money club Saturday evening. The prospects here are very encouraging. OTTAWA, Ont , Aug. 11.-This afternoon | themselves and as a result are declaring A. Williams, secretary; Joe Baird, H. Lewis, Sam Coffman, vice presidents: Nels Shoog, treasurer. Executive committee, W. H. Winterbotham, Joe Krause, F. H. Young, R. Wright, William Kennedy, L. G.

OSMOND, Neb., Aug. 11 .- (Special.)-Mc-Kinley and Hobart are the people up here. Only two republicans have "slumped." while more than twenty democrats have openly denounced the "boy orator." BEATRICE, Aug. 11 .- (Special.)-The Mc-EEATRICE, Aug. 11.—(Special.)—The McKinley Sound Money club of Beatrice now numbers over 1,000 members, and will go were particularly susceptible to the disease well up toward 1,500 before the campaign closes. No such activity has been shown closes. No such activity has been shown among republicans here for years, and there sitions, is no denying the fact that steady gains. Senat are being made for McKinley in this county. tertained with a paper upon the "Money line was as solid for McKinley as Vermont Question from a Nonparthan Standpoint." In closing he referred to the charge that by Samuel S. Green of this city. There had been made that Mr. Bryan had been were short talks by other local speakers and the meeting was full of anthusiasm. Two thousand plurality for McKinley in the state of th the meeting was full of anthusiasm. Two in behalf of free silver, and declared that thousand plurality for McKanley in Gage when such a charge was made by a promicounty is the figure set by the leaders.

ODELL Neb. Aug. 11—(Special —The Sound Money and Protective league of Odell was organized last evening. Dr. Al-

len was elected president. Howard Jeffrles vice president, Ham Martin secretary and LONDON, Aug. 12.—The House of Com-and eight names are on the roll, and every member is in earnest. Every republican in this part of the county is in line, with one exception, and a number of democrats and populists are talking and working for Mc-

PLATTSMOUTH, Neb., Aug. 11.—(Special Telegram.)—P. O. Hedlund and H. M. Bush-Telegram.)—P. O. Hedlund and H. M. Bush-nell spoke to a large andience in the Mc-Kinley club room tonight. Music was fur-nished by the Crescent City Glee club. The McKinley club here has 450 members and there is great enthusian. there is great enthusiasm.

GOVERNMENT CAN FIX THE RATE.

by a California Judge, LOS ANGELES, Cak, Aug. 11.-Judge Wellborn of the United States circuit court rendered a decision today declaring that the government has the right-to fix the rate for were equally outspoken for free trade.

Hear the Distinguished Speakers.

town band and several women have offered THURSTON HELPS THE MICHIGAN MAN

Money and Tariff Questions Ably Handled-Fallacies and Dangers of the Free Silver Policy Pointed Out.

The audience which Roswell G. Horr and Senator Thurston addressed at Boyd's opera house last night was limited only by the capacity of the building. It was representative in its makeup and wildly enthusiastic in its appreciation. It was such "It isn't much use to discuss the tariff an assemblage as is seldom brought to any more before an intelligent audience." gether thus early in a campaign and it furnished every indication that the people under the McKinley law up to 1892. Most the thoroughly aroused to the importance of them do, and then ask them if they SUBURBAN TOWNS SWELL THE DEATH LIST

The popularity of the speakers insured a full attendance, but the people who came half an hour early in order to secure good seats were surprised to find that they were even then too late. More than half an bour before the hour for the speaking to begin cvery seat in pit and balcony was occupied. If the article was cheaper it was cheaper they were addressed by Prof. F. W. Robbins of Lincoln and Paul Jessen of Nebraska Cfty. Republicans are very enthusiastic bere, and propose to keep matters warm until November.

ALRION Neb Aug 31 (Section 2018) ALBION, Neb., Aug. 11.—(Special.)—The a short program in front of the opera fcKinley people of this town organized a house while the people were gathering and fcKinley and Hobart club of 150 members by the time this was concluded there was

not an inch of space in the building that was not tightly wedged with people. From the stage it seemed to be an audience of more than ordinary intelligence. The boxes and many of the seats in the orchestra circle contained women, who seemed as thoroughly interested as their escorts. It was not entirely composed of people who were in sympathy with the specificary. There were some who seemed to speakers. There were some who seemed to apenders. There were some who seemed to have come with the expectation of confound-ing the orators by their questions and in-terruptions, but before the evening was over they were effectually silenced. Mr. Horr was more than a match for them and his witty and effective answers aroused ore enthusiasm than any other feature of

Mayor W. J. Broatch, Charles N. Southard, A. S. Churchill, E. P. Burns, A. W. Jefferls, Judge Lee Estelle, E. E. Baldrige, Frank E. Moores, Captain H. E. Palmer, Jonathan Edwards, Isaac Noyes, I. O. Rhoades, W. Parnam Smith, A. C. Foster, J. L. Kaley, A. C. Harte, A. B. Hunt, Charles A. Goss, A. P. Tukey, A. H. Comstock, A. W. Johnson, Louis Berkn, Judge Clinton N. Powell, Judge

of victory at the coming election

THURSTON LED OFF. It had been arranged that Mr. Horr was to Thurston was informed that his date at Topeka, which was supposed to be this even-ing, was this afternoon, and he would have to leave during the evening in order to meet it. Consequently he was introduced as

they had been given a promise that was always an inspiring one for the popocrats.

Mr. Bryan, a candidate for the popocrats. ways an inspiring one for the popocrats, in turn disappeared. All business had been alted and dignified office on earth, had said from 1834 down to the present time. During that he was not distributing postoffices yet, that time silver had always been considered. but he hoped to be before long. He wished at above or below par. If it was the stand-to call attention to the dignified, noble and and itself it could not be worth more nor American character of this address. It had less than par. During all these years not nover been equalled in this country except a single commercial transaction had been

by Mr. Flannigan of Texas. He had heard much, he said, of the asser-tion made by Mr. Bryan and his adherents. In 1867 there had been a monetary conthat this country should be run financially ference, at which all civilized nations were independently of any other nation on earth. represented. When the question was asked That was a very patriotic sentiment and it could not be too often repeated. But what surprised him was that these same men had to the quertion whether gold or silver was never joined with the republican party on the more stable and satisfactory standard its proposition that the labor of this country every nation except Belgium declared in should be done by American laborers inde- favor of gold. pendently of any other nation on earth. Referring to the local situation be spoke

Senator Thurston incited renewed cheering by declaring that every state east of the Missouri and north of Mason and Dixon's

thusiasm of the audience once more broke out, and he was compelled at last to raise his hand to obtain an opportunity to speak. His voice was hourse from his constant speaking in the open air, but his tones were nevertheless distinctly audible in all parts of the house.

In beginning Mr. Horr asked for indul-

gence until his voice returned to him. had been speaking in the open air to acres of republicans and his voice was beginning of republicans and his voice was beginning to yield to the strain. He had been told that he would not find any republicans west of the Missouri. He had traveled several hundred miles in that direction and so far had found nothing else but republicans. There was one good thing in this campaign. The issues were distinct and clear-out. The two parties did not agree on anything. The republican platform declared for protection to American industries, while the democrats republican candidate was protection personitransportation of troops, or other govern-ment business, including the mails, over had not only endeavored to destroy the invention was called to order at 10 o'clock will make a difference of from \$45,000,000 to to today. Many interesting papers relating to \$50,000,000 in the amount paid by the government and best methods of work.

Horr showed the difference between a tariff for protection and a tariff for revenue only. were read and discussed.

Superintendent Hull of New York confessed that he did not know what the department would do with a fire in the top of the brought by the Atlantic & Pacific railroad, bucked by all the other land grant roads, as a test case. A trouger who traveled from on writcles in free, but to levy a tax as a test case. A trouger who traveled from that city.

Accorder and organ recital took place in fused to pay full fare, and tendered the linear roads.

to drink tea than rich people, and the common man drank just as much tea as the rich man. But if the article could be produced in this country the result of the tariff would be to at once stimulate its manu-

He quoted the extent of the industries Death List in the City Proper for One Day that had been built up by the republican tariff and asked some free trade man to Numbers Over a Hundred. tell him what industries his tariff law had ever built up. Some one suggested soup houses and Coxey's army, and the speaker went on to remark that whenever work was done in this country that had never been done here before it added so much labor to the employment of the country. He asked the free trade people in the audience to show where their tariff law had ever given a man a day's work. The pro-tective tariff kept money in the United States. The other kind of a tariff sent it out to pay pauper labor in Europe. A protective tariff raised wages. Did the other

wages? UNDERSTAND THE TARIFF. added Mr. Horr. "All you have to do is to ask them if they remember how it was remember now. They all remember now and they have had about all the 'now' they want.

sort of a tariff ever raise any man's

The speaker then proceeded to show that the protective tariff not only built up new industries, kept the money in the country and increased wages, but also chespened the price of the articles to the consumer. This was a question of fact, not of theory. you know. He defied any advocate of free trade to designate a single manufactured article that had not decreased in price after its manufacture had been developed in

this country.
"A protective tariff was natural, anyhow. The Creator had intended that a man should sors. In New York City, in Brooklyn and take care of himself first and the rest of all the adjacent towns and throughout the the world afterward. A man should take care of his own wife before he attended to some one else's wife. We should first day's reports of deaths and prostrations to some one eise's wife, we should hist build up our own country and then if there was plenty of time left I do not object to many years. In this city alone the death fixing up the rest of the universe."

Referring to the charge of overproduction, the speaker said it was a mistake.

could not buy as much as they used to."

The history of money was related in a manner characteristic of the speaker. He exhibited a string of Chinese coins, of outdoor workers have been closed and outdoor workers have been compelled to chibited a string of Chinese coins, of outdoor workers have been compelled to which it required ten to equal an American those who occupied seats on the stage were Herman Kountze, Hon. Alvin Saunders, General Dandy, Major Crowder, B. G. Burbank, General J. C. Cowin, C. E. Beindorff, J. J. Boucher, P. H. O'Halloran, Fred J. Sackett, Mayor W. J. Broatch, Charles N. Southard, A. S. Churchill, E. P. Burns, A. W. Jefferis, Judge Lee Estelle, E. Baldrige, Frank E. Moores, Captain H. E. Psiner, Jonathan that it took two horses to draw the value until many of them have been compelled to the particularly among policemen and letter carriers has the suffering been intense and many have been compelled to stop work. The hospitals of this city are crowded to be useless. There was a time when ir not being the hours when the sun was at its height. Particularly among policemen and letter carriers has the suffering been intense and many have been compelled to stop work. The hospitals of this city are crowded to the first the doctors and many have been at work night and day until many of them have succumbed to the was used as money. But when it got so that it took two horses to draw the value of one, they concluded to demonstize iron. The first dollar ever authorized by the colonial congress consisted of two and one-fourth pounds of copper. In 1772 the discussion of what sort of money we should use was taken up by the ablest men of the hydraus. Men women and children runk. Tukey, A. H. Comstock, A. W. Johnson, Louis Berka, Judge Clinton N. Powell, Judge Son of what sort of money we should use sion of what sort of money we should use was taken up by the ablest men of the times. Hamilton favored the single gold winter. Charles E. Winter, James Walsh, C. E. Squires, Dr. J. M. Glassandard and Gallstin the single silver standard. It was finally resolved to use soon, John L. Kennedy, J. T. Wertz, Judge Crosby, D. C. Smith, John C. Wharton, Major J. H. Wheeler, Ed P. Davis, Major J. Wagt he sayful to fix the ratio according. walsh, C. E. Spith, John C. Wharton, Major D. H. Wheeler, Ed P. Davis, Major J. B. Furay, Major T. S. Clarkson, T. K. Sudborough, Thomas Swobe R. C. Jordon, John Butler and A. J. Lunt.

A hearty demonstration greeted the chairman and speakers as they took their seats. The only test of ratio is the value of the world. "Now, my democratic friends," added Mr. Webster said by way of introduction that the wercry of the campaign was sound that the wercry of the campaign was sound that the wercry of the campaign was sound of mullet-head Jefferson was, haven't you?"

both, and after that Thomas Jenessa and Speakers as the consequence of the two metals. If you try to fix it by law it will lead to disaster. The only test of the world. "Now, my democratic friends," added Mr. Horr, "you have just found out what an old mullet-head Jefferson was, haven't you?"

Continuing, the speaker said we had had meet it. Consequently he was introduced as the first speaker.

Senator Thurston received a prolonged ovation. He was compelled to wait for several minutes until the handelapping and cheers subsided. He spoke briefly on account of his hurried departure and said that the preceding day had been an inspiration. Sixteen concess of silver were worth more.

With the silver dollars. This was a matter of history. There was only one way to coin two metals of different values. That was two motals of different values. That was it was not less than three degrees warmer. The official temperature, beginning at noon, was as follows: Noon, 99; 1 p. m., 93; 5 p. m., 93; 3 p. m.

made in this country except on a gold

Referring to the "crime of 1873," the speaker said it was debated in the senate of a political measles as in some respects eleven times and the discussion occupied similar to the complaints of children. Some 193 pages in the Congressional Record. people took them easily and others not at There was no bill in the bistory of Amerpeople took them easily and others not at all. Consequently it was not strange that some of those who were particularly susceptible had already broken out. Judge Ambrose had them for the second time. It was a peculiar fact that men who had held was a peculiar fact that men who had held no one cared whether silver was coined or not be hands of the republican party.

We had coined 8,000,000 silver dollars before 1873 and 500,000,000 since then

"To degrade the currency was to strike a blow at every day's wages in the country. It was a serious question which affected the credit and prosperty of the nation to an extent that no one realized. We are about to elect a president of the United when such a charge was made by a promiment democratic paper, which offered to
prove it, it should be met by a plain answer of yes or no. But Mr. Bryan had allowed it to stand for thirty days without
entering a denial.

The republican
party has nominated such a man and Major
McKinley will be trimphantly elected in
November. States. A men to fill the chair that had been occupied by such men as Washington and Jefferson and Lincoln and Grant. It

PROVISION FOR ALL HEREAFTER. Committee Did the Best it Could Last Evening. John Lewis, chairman of the county central committee, was very much gratified last night at the number that turned out to

the republican raily. "It is a great crowd," said Mr. Lewis, "but there is one thing I am sorry to see. We ought to have provided for an overflow meeting somewhere. There were hundreds and hundreds of people turned away-people who had a right to expect. admission and whom we would like to have accommodated—who were only kept out because they came late, while others got shead of them. None of them ought to take offense at their and our misfortune.

"We are going to have more meetings right through the campaign, with speakers of national reputation, and I hope to perfect arrangements by which at these meetings every one who comes can be seated and hear what is said. The committee has done the best it could under the circum-

Big Land Suits Dismissed. SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 11.-District At-

time.

torney Foote has received instructions from the length of which her reign will have necessarily and the loss to foreigness will be considerable to have been sacked and that of any other English mentarch but asking that any national celebration and the loss to foreigness will be considerable to have been sacked and the loss to foreigness will be considerable to have been sacked and the loss to foreigness will be considerable to have been sacked and the loss to foreigness will be considerable to have been sacked and the loss to foreigness will be considerable to have been sacked and the loss to foreigness will be considerable to have been sacked and the loss to foreigness will be considerable to have been sacked and the loss to foreigness will be considerable to have been sacked and the loss to foreigness will be considerable to have been sacked and the loss to foreigness will be considerable to have been sacked and the loss to foreigness will be considerable to have been sacked and the loss to foreigness will be considerable to have been sacked and the loss to foreigness will be considerable to have been sacked and the loss to foreigness will be considerable to have been sacked and the loss to foreigness will be considerable to have been sacked and the loss to foreigness will be considerable to have been sacked and the loss to foreigness will be considerable to have been sacked and the loss to foreigness will be considerable to have been sacked to

WORK FULL WEEK WITHOUT A MOMENT'S RELIEF

Mercury Drops but a Few Degrees in the Coolest Part of the Night.

A HOSE TURNED ON TENEMENT DISTRICTS

Floods of Water Furnish Some Little Relief to Suffering Humanity.

Premised Drop in the Temperature Will Come as an Intense Relief to Mnn and Beast in Enstern Cities.

NEW YORK, Aug. 11.-Another day of the fearful heat which is oppressing this section has added a page of fatalities and suffering more remarkable than its predeceslist for twenty-four hours footed up at midnight to considerably more than 100 names. There was much more produced from 1888 Brooklyn adds about twenty to the list and in 1882 than there has been since, and the heat victims in the suburban towns no one heard anything of overproduction bring the total to over 160. Men and women then. It was not that too much was produced, but the democrats had succeeded their tracks and died before physicians could in cutting down wages until the people be summoned, and horses have died as

sun began to ascend the thermometer Continuing, the speaker said we had had a little previous experience with the theap dollar. Formerly silver and gold were coined at a ratio of 15 to 1. Then gold became more valuable in proportion and the gold immediately began to leave the country, while the business was transacted with the silver dollars. This was a matter of better. The was collected with the silver dollars. This was a matter of better. The was collected with the silver dollars. This was a matter of better. The was collected was the dollars was transacted with the silver dollars. This was a matter of better. The was collected was the dollars was to gold. night the temperature did not drop but a few points, registering \$5.

night the temperature did not drop but a points, registering \$5.
Following is a list of today's deaths:
KATE DRESSLER, 25 years old.
ALEXANDER GUTHRIE, 40.
MORRIS GULLESPIE, 40.
EMIL ERIOTMAN, 30.
FATRICK MENTON, 40.
SOFHIE BRAND, 34.
JOHN J. HAGERMAN, 40.
MARGARET WILBRICK, 25.
AUGUST LA GRANDE, 55.
MUCHARL OTFOGLE 36.
GOLAS KRUTTA, 61.
FATRICK ASH, 51.
MICHARL RORITY, 52.
HERMAN A. DELLHOFF, 40.
EDWARD MQUIRK, 32.
CHARLES PHILLIPS 42.
LOUIS FIEGERT, 50.
CHARLES FHILLIPS 43.
LOUIS FIEGERT, 50.
CHARLES PLUMPP.
CHARLES PLUMPP.
CHARLES PLUMPP.
CHARLES PLUMPP.
CHARLES PLUMPP.
CHARLES MONALD, 35.
GEORGE MARCH, 60.
ANNIE PHILLON, 40.
JAMES N. OUSER, 35.
HENRY GROSSEL.
E. F. BOYLE.
ALICE ERNEST.
AUGUST LE GRAND,
S. P. FITZGERALD,
JOHN DOWLING, 15.
BERNAED MONEMICK. AUGUST DE GRAND,
S. P. FITZGERALD,
JOHN DOWLING, IS
RERNAED MCORMICK,
JOHN M GONGLE,
JOHN M GONGLE,
JOHN TOPUCH, aged 1 day,
JOHN MARSDEN, IS,
JOHN VEALL, IS,
JACOB SECHMER, G.
JOHN O'LEARY, 78,
JOHN HOGAN, IS,
JOHN HOGAN, IS,
JOHN M'NALLY, 48,
PATRICK MULLIGAN, 48,
TORRANCE ANDERSON, IS,
E. MARY FRODEL, 4 INDICTA,
MRS. ELLEN MULPHT, IS,
RELIGET MULLONEY, IS,
JACOB GROSE, 48,
WILLIAM WILSON, IS,
UNKNOWN MAN, ISS ABOUT 48,
JOHN PASSE, 19,
JOSEPH EISHAMP, 21,
JOSE

INENOWN MAN, age about 46.
JOHN PASSE 36.
JOSEPH EISHAMP 21.
ANDREW SHERIDAN, 34.
CLARA NORTH, 2.
WILLIAM KING, 55.
JOHN GAMBELL, 20.
THOMAS BURNS.
CHARLES DILLMAN, 7 months.
SOPHIE BRANNON, 24.
GEORGE TULLMEITER, 16.
JAMES CAMPHELL, 75.
UNKNOWN WOMAN, died at Bellevue ho JAMES CAMPRILL. TO LINKNOWN WOMAN, died at Be ball ward heldererandt, M. JAMES CASSIDY, 28. FRANCIS MOONET, 47. SAMUEL MORRISEY. FREDERICK FETROWSKI, 45. THOMAS POWERS, 24. CHARLES FLANNIGAN, M. THOMAS CREAMER, 37. WILLIAM WILLIAM WILLIAMS: 29. WALTER SEEDGEMONDO, 27. GEORGE ZEIER, 49. JAMES FINNEGAN, 27. PATRICK BRITAN 28. JACOB AULT 25. MISHERT SAYRES, STIGUST WYDORF, JULIUS ARMINIS. JOHN MIGHEL JOHN MIGHEL CHARLES HELSTREICH. CHARLES HELSTREICH. CHARLES S. HALLETT, 49. JOSEPH JELLA. HENRY WOLFE. NELLE DELANEY. DANIFL LYONS. LOUIS OCHLIN 45. UNKNOWN ITALIAM

UNENOWN MAN prostrated at 2001 First HENRY MRANN.