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War and the service of the service of

German Reformers Are Firmly Opposed to the Free Coinage Move.

HAS NOTHING IN IT FOR THE PEOPLE

Workmen Will Suffer if the Gold Standard is Abandoned.

DR. SCHOENLANK ON THE SITUATION

One of the Socialistic Leaders Talks Freely of Germany's Attitude.

INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENT IS IMPOSSIBLE

Another Conference May Be Held, but it Will Prove Abortive, as Did the Gathering at Brussels.

Copyright, 1896, by Press Publishing Company. LONDON, Aug. 1 .- (New York World Cablegram-Special Telegram.)-Dr. Bruno Schoenlank, a member of the German Reichstag and one of the German socialist leaders, sent as a delegation to the socialist and trades union international congress, which year. socialist colleagues and of the German socialist party as a whole. He said:

"We German socialists are absolutely op- appearance in the street organs. posed not only to the free coinage of silver, but also to bimetallism, whether by international agreement or by individual national effort. We believe that the adoption of a free silver system would surely be followed by the enhanced cost of all the necessaries of life, and if even followed by increased wages, such increase would be so slow and a great deal of discussion, the report of the so trifling that it would be utterly valueless to the workmen. In Germany the advocacy of bimetallism is associated with unrelent- including those in a support of eight hours Chinamen. It is said that the Chinese viceing hostility to all workmen's movement. for a day's work, the abolition of child labor Our bimetallists are the conservatives, the up to the age of 16, the prohibition of night free conservatives, and the agragrians, who work in all trades where there is no necesform the entourage of the emperor, and to sity for it, and the abolition of all tariffs whose influence the emperor's opposition to and duties on articles of consumption. socialism and his enmity to trades unionism A Greek delegate, Argyriades, then tried by Prince Bismarck at Friedrichsruh, the standard for the workmen.

OFFERS NOTHING TO THE WORKER. "I know that in England there is a large textile fabric industries which are closely But the case of those textile workmen is different from ours, for their wages are fixed | cheers for the socialist revolution. on a sliding scale, so they would rise with any increase in prices in their industry.

We regard the theory of the American socialist workmen, that free silver will benefit their position, as the merest chimera, a

an international agreement. I answer, em- dated the coast of Haichau in the northeast France and England may convene another done was very great. Many villages were which is specially cared for by one of his countries, just as one humors a fractious

"In speaking thus, I give you the views of the German socialist party. We have studied this question closely, and as a resuit are uncompromising enemies of any but the gold standard."

William Liebnecht, also a member of the Reichstag and the editor of Vorwaerts, the German socialist organ, has not discussed free silver in relation to the American presidential campaign in his journal, but his views are no less decided than those of Dr.

"I consider the silver movement in the United States hopeless. I stigmatize the honest, and as an attack on international good faith and integrity. The English Bimetallist league flooded the tables at the international socialist congress with leaflets in all languages, but no reference was made to the subject in any of the sittings."

LEADERS OF THINKING VOTERS. Dr. Bruno Schoenlank is a well-known writer on socialistic subjects and for six years has been an editor of the Vorwaerts, the organ of the social democrats of Germany. He studied in the universities of Berlin, Leipsic, Kiel and Halle, and gained that after striking the rocks the vessel the degree of doctor of philosophy. His training and his associations especially fit above water and her after part sank. The him to speak for his party on the subject of the currency. William Liebnecht is the great political leader of the German socialists. He, too, was liberally educated and is a prolific writer. The socialists represent the wage-carners of the German empire. They were a mere handful a quarter of a century ago, but at the last elections for members of the reichstag (in 1893) they polled more than two million votes. Though the whole influence of the government was exerted to crush them, the emperor resorted to extraordinary measures. they gained eight seats in Parliament and acquired an influence in that body which has to be reckoned with now on all questions which effect the great body of the people. Their leaders are men of brains, who have long been profound students of social problems. Their aims were stated

by Herr Liebnecht as follows: "Our foes may rest easy; we will not play into their hands by resorting to the weapons of anarchy and destruction. We wish to remodel, not to destroy. Even the present organization of society, as bad as it is, is superior to no organization at all. No sudden revolution is meditated; no wonderful surprise intended."

BALLARD SMITH

Defeated the Cuban Insurgents. MADRID, Aug. 1 .- The Rodriguez column of Spauish troops, it is announced here, has defeated the Cuban insurgents under Arbo lay in the Cienfuegos district of the province of Santa Clara. Arbolay and forty-seven of his followers were killed and many of

the enemy were wounded. Bunors for Prof. Walker. LONDON, Aug. 1 .- The University of Edinburgh has conferred the degree of doctor of laws upon Prof. Francis Amasa Walker, president of the Massachusetts Institute of

of the United States. (Copyright, 1896, by the Associated Press.) LONDON, Aug. 1 .- Augustine Daly's prowas received with the greatest favor by the press. A successful ballad of "Rip Van Winkle" with the Jefferson plot and

Albambra on Wednesday. Arthur Bouchier this week completed twelve months of successful occupation of Chinese Statesman Prefers to Dine Off His the Royalty, a house that for years has never had a run of more than a month to any profit and which had been considered so unlucky that no sort of a run was possible. Mr. Bouchier will return to the Royalty at the close of his tour in the United States which begins in the autumn.

Blanquette's music was produced at the

Yvette Guilbert has signed a contract for another American trip, by which she will appear in all the principal cities of the United States and Canada,

The London opera season closed last Tucs-On the whole it has been very suc cessful and America can lay claim to a large portion of the credit, as aside from Mme. Melba, the three leading prima donnas were Americans, Albani, Eames and Margaret Reid. Miss Reid, although she has not won the unanimous praise of the London papers, has really made a most favorable impression among opera goers and has a staunch friend in Lady Gray, whose influence at Covent Garden has been and will be supreme. Consequently Miss Reid is likely to be seen here again next

One of the distinguished American features gave to the World correspondent today his of the past season has been the extraordinary so much of in Russia, Germany and France. views on the free coinage of silver. The popularity of Souza's Washington Post doctor is peculiarly the spokesman of the March. Although heard many months ago German socialists on this question and he at the Music halls, it has this year taken assured the World correspondent that his a front rank in every band, and was played views may be accepted as those of all his several times by the band of the Blues at Princess Maud's wedding. Every street boy now whistles it and it has made its

#### SOCIALISTS' OMNIBUS RESOLUTION.

Eight-Hour Day, No Child Labor, No. Night Work and Free Trade. LONDON, Aug. 1 .- At today's meeting of the international socialist, labor and trade the resolutions of the Paris congress of 1889,

are mainly due. These anti-popular parties to read an address of sympathy with the German statesman expressed astonishment, want silver coin to enable them to pay in Creton insurgents, but the delegates desir- it is said, at the fact that Li Hung Chang silver debts contracted in gold. We German ing to wind up the congress, declined to lis- did not taste any of the dishes placed besocialists are united for the gold standard, ten, and Herr Liebnecht, the socialist mem- fore him, whereupon the traveler is reported because the long tested operations of eco- ber of the German Riechstag, who was to have said: "It is not at my age that one nomic laws assure us that it is the best chairman of the day, then announced that changes one's habits. If I dired with you Paris, New York and a German city had I should be forced to partake of fare which been seeking to entertain the congress in I did not like. Hence I prefer to abstain 1899. section of workmen-those engaged in the German city, but the particular spot was not a face at everything not to my taste." decided upon, and the session ended with Identified with India-who favor bimetallism. | the singing of "Auld Lang Syne," the "Marseillaise" and "Carmagnole," and with three

#### SECOND DISASTROUS TIDAL WAVE.

Populous District of China North of Shanghai is Devastated. dream from which, if free silver is adopted. disaster with great loss of life has just great German statesman they will have a dreadful awakening before reached here. A tidal wave estimated to have been about five miles in length, swept "You ask me whether there is likely to be in from the sea on Sunday last and inun-

conference, but it will prove abortive, as destroyed and it is estimated that at least servants, and during his meals he takes did the Brussels conference, and if called by 4,000 people were drowned. In addition an puff or two. these governments, it will be done simply to immense number of cattle perished, the rice pacify the bimetallists in their respective fields were submerged and almost totally destroyed with the result that a famine is feared in that district during the coming autumn.

Haichau is situated opposite Yu Chau island on the coast of the Kiangsu province, which is on the west of the Yellow sea. The surface is mostly level, which may account for the great loss of life. Kiangsu is one of the most fertile provinces of the empire and exports more silk than any other part of China. The Yang-Tse-Kiang enters the sea through this province, the principal city of which is Nanking.

Tupper for Governor General. TORONTO, Ont., Aug. 1 .- A dispatch to the Toronto World from Montreal states that attempt to depreciate the currency as dis- Sir Charles Tupper will succeed Lord Aberdeen as governor general of Canada. Joseph Chamberlain, the dispatch says, is urging the claims of Canada's late premier for the position and Lord Salisbury is considering the matter. The report is discredited here OTTAWA, Ont., Aug. 1.-The story about Sir Charles Tupper is not credited here.

> Only Eleven Were Rescued. SHANGHAI, Aug. 1.-Further details of he loss of the German cruiser Iltis, wrecked in a typhoon on July 23, ten miles northward of the Shanghai Tung promontory, show broke in half. Her forepart remained eleven survivors clung to the forepart of the war ship for two days before they were

American Pilgrims in Rom ROME, Aug. 1 .- A party of fifty-five American pilgrims arrived here this afternoon in order to visit the Vatican and other points of interest. They will attend the pope's mass tomorrow.

## TWO ALABAMA NEGROES LYNCHED.

Hanged and Shot for the Assassina tion of Colonel Hunter ST. LOUIS, Aug. 1.-A special to the Republic from Selma, Ala., says: The two negroes who attempted to assassinate British Colonel C. D. Hunter of this county two convert weeks ago were lynched near the scene of their crime last night. The bodies were found swinging from a bridge today pierced with many bullets. The crime for which they suffered death was a dasterdly one.

Wedding Now Fixed for Tuesday NEW YORK, Aug. 2.-The World today ays that the wedding of Cornelius Vanderbilt, jr., and Miss Grace Wilson has been fixed for Tuesday at the Wilson home on Fifth avenue. Frank Cook of Boston, classmate of Mr. Vanderblit at Yale, will act as best man. Miss Wilson will be un-

Mexico Reduces Corn Duties WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.-Consul General Crittenden of Mexico has informed the State department that for August the import duty

300 pounds, a reduction of 40 cents on the NEW YORK, Aug. 1 .- James Murphy, M fought tonight at Pier 25, North Years. During the struggle both men tum-

bied into the river and were drowned.

on corn into Mexico will be \$1 per cargo of

## SOCIALIST ON SILVER THEATRICAL CHAT FROM LONDON. LI EATS BY HIMSELF

duction of "Love on Crutches" on Thursday England Preparing to Receive a Visitor with Peculiar Habits.

WILL NOT TASTE HIS HOST'S DISHES the delegates would have been handicapped

Native Rats and Dogs.

NEW RUMOR OF VICTORIA'S RETIREMENT

Queen's Alleged Hostility to Mrs. Maybrick's Release is Denied.

WOLSELEY ABUSES THE INDIAN TROOPS

Indignation Aroused by Public Remark of England's Only General -Morley Sees Danger to Arb tra-

tion if Delay Continues.

(Copyright, 1896, by the Associated Press.) LONDON, Aug. 1 .- Preparations for the reception of Li Hung Chang continue and her majesty, in spite of the precarious state of her health, is said to be especially interested in the coming of the Chinese ambassador extraordinary, who has been made England on Monday, and he will be escorted to Lord Lonsdale's splendid mansion on Carlton house terrace, this city, which has been secured by the government for the accommodation of Li Hung Chang during the month which he is expected to spend in England. An elaborate series of entertainments and royal events has been arranged in his honor

Vanity Fair warns its readers against the members of Li Hung Chang's suite, saying that the bulk of them are quite a low class of men who would not dare to enter into union congress, the delegates adopted, after an English or American merchant's private reception room at Shanghai. The newspaeconomic industrial commission, reaffirming pers for some time past have contained a mass of matter concerning the visiting roy, when invited to dinner, insists upon dining from his own cuisine before going to the table of his host and only makes a pretense of dining when he is at the banquet given to him. After the dinner given The congress decided to go to a from eating rather than be asked to make

Prince Bismarck is reported to have thereupon remarked: "How do you know that you would not like our good German cuisine, since you have never tried it?"

dogs, if I served it up at my table?" Li Hung Chang takes his meals alone drinks only cold or warm tea, never eats between meals, and takes only two meals a day, one at noon and the other at 7 o'clock. phatically, no. Germany, the United States, of the province of Klangsu. The damage He smokes opium in a silver mounted pipe

> On the other hand, it is said, the most of the Chinese statesman's suite become accustomed soon to foreign cookery, and drink wine and even beer with their meals.

> CHANCE FOR THE PRINCE. The persistent rumors circulating in re gard to the health of Queen Victoria and her intention to retire almost immediately in favor of the prince of Wales have caused quite a sensation in court and other circles. While it is not forgotten that such reports have been current frequently in previous years, there is no denying that her majesty's declining health is causing much anxiety and it is generally believed that her retirement from public life is only a question of a short time. According to the program, the queen, when not on the continent, will reside either at Osborne or at Balmoral, and will turn over Windsor castle and Buckingham palace for the use of the prince and princess of Wales. The prince may not be declared regent, but may exercise the duties of such a position to all intents and purposes, according to the reports in circula-

> It is believed that the rumors of the ap proaching retirement of her majesty gained much strength from statements attributed to her during her last visit to this city upon the occasion of the marriage of Princess Maud of Wales to Prince Charles of Denmark. The queen was then said to have repeatedly stated that it was her last visit to London and to this cause is partially attributed her majesty's deep emotion when acknowledging the cheers of the crowds lining the route from the palace to the railroad station, where she took the train for Windsor. Tears were seen to be coursing down the queen's cheeks and there were other evidences that she was deeply affected by the loyalty and sympathy displayed on all

> The long and elaborate article by Mr John Morley, the late chief secretary for Ireland, in the Nineteenth Century on arbitration is attracting considerable attention. Mr. Morley contends that while the line of difference between Secretary Olney and the marquis of Salisbury is narrow, nonpossummus would it into a risk of fratricidal war. He strongly opines that what is to be done must be done quickly and dreads the result of fatalist confidence in the wisdom of Downing street. Mr. Morley adds that if Lord Salisbury fails the question will be set back many years.

sides

LORD WOLSELEY'S INSULT. Before the commission on Indian military expenditures Lord Wolseley, the commander-in-chief, testified on Wednesday that he would not like to put the British Indian troops in front of European soldiers, and that he would not like to fight France, Germany or any other army with Indian troops. His remarks have caused the greatest outery in the press and have roused the most severe comment. Globe, for instance, says: "Lord Wolseley is no longer our only general because, in the one war which many believe inevitable with Russia, our Indian army, which he reckiessly insults, will play an important part, and we should not like to see them called upon to follow such an intensely unpopular commander."

Lord Wolseley's testimony was cabled to India, where it has aroused great indigna- pool

tion. A dispatch from Simis says: "The high authorities fear it will cause great discontent among the Indian troops."

The socialist congress, which has been in session here during the past week, has hibition of impotence and inadequate crganization of the simplest details necessary for the conduct of a special congress, and thereby in any serious attempt to do business, even had there been no discord.

American section of the socialist congress, informed a representative of the Associated press that absolute ignorance of the principles of the socialist movement existed in the committees appointed to frame the resolutions.

The congress has also proved that so wide is the dissimilarity between the foreign and English-speaking delegations that nothing closer is possible than international sympathy. Concerted methods are out of the question. The press and the people, while crediting the serious intentions, have been much amused at its helplessness in the face of internal dissension.

The English Medical association opened its annual meeting at Carlisle on Tuesday with its various sections well attended. The usual interesting papers were read and the association decided, in response to the Canadian invitation to hold its meeting of 1897 in Montreal.

MAYBRICK CANARD DENIED. A statement was recently printed to the effect that the real reason why Mrs. Florence Maybrick has not been released is owing to the personal opposition of Queen Victoria. Her majesty was reported to have asked for a copy of the evidence and because it contained allegations of an intrigue with a lover the queen intimated to Mr. Henry Asquith and later to Sir Matthew White Ridley, the present home secretary, that under no circumstances would she receive or consider any memorial in favor of the release of Mrs. Maybrick,

At the request of Baroness Roques, Mrs. Maybrick's mother, a reporter of the Assoclated press has investigated the story and is able, on the highest official authority, to state that the story has no foundation in fact. Not only has her majesty never intimated any wishes in the matter nor requested any copy of the evidence, but she has never expressed officially any opinion in the case to any home secretary, with whose action, if it was decided to release Mrs. Maybrick, her majesty would not interfere

The Maybrick case came up in the House of Commons yesterday when the home secretary, Sir Matthew White Ridley, was asked whether the government would lay on the table the statement of the lord chief justice, Baron Russell of Killowen, which attracted so much comment in March last. He replied that the government could not do so, as the course was unusual and undesirable, and as the letter was written in his private capacity and not in his capacity as a judge. It was stated in March that the present home secretary had reconsidered the Maybrick case and had practically decided in Mrs. Maybrick's favor, but that Lord Chancellor Baron Halsbury, to whom the case was subsequently re-"That is true." the Chinaman is credited ferred, had pronounced against the unwith having replied, "but would you eat fortunate woman, and Mr. Henry Asquith, Justice Russell, who is said, in the letter awoke. referred to in Parliament yesterday, to have expressed the belief that Mrs. Maybrick

### CINCINNATI HAS A VIOLENT STORM

Buildings Blown Down in the Suburbs and One or Two Men Killed. CINCINNATI, Aug. 1 .- A terrific wind, rain and hail storm, accompanied by blinding lightning, passed over this city this evening. The wind reached a velocity of sixty miles an hour. In the city proper old buildings were blown down and much minor damage was done. In the suburban district the damage was more severe. At Oakley the grand stand, club house and other buildings at the race track were wrecked Several dwellings were unroofed. At Clif ton the steeple was blown from the Elmwood Methodist Episcopal church and a livery stable, a shoe store and several other buildings and blown down. At Camp Washington the Eighteenth district school house was wrecked and the roofs were blown off the Cincinnati abattoir, the Davis Packing company's building, and the Specialty Carriage company's building, and two dwellings were blown down and four dwellings unroofed. In Avondale, Hoffner's tannery, Cook's Carriage works and one wing of the Cincinnati hospital were unroofed. Edward Seizer and John Hollings were struck by lightning and are in a precarious condition. Charles Bauhe was killed at Avondale in attempting to throw a live telegraph wire

out of his yard. ST. LOUIS, Aug. 1 .- As a result of the slightly cooler weather today there was a decided diminution of the number of heat prostration cases. Only eight new cases were reported at the city hospital. The death rate showed a pleasing failing off and only one patient at the city hospital died. He was James L. Constant, who was overcome by the heat at his home Friday night. NASHVILLE, Tenns, Aug. 1 .- Today the terrible heat continued, the highest point reached being 95, which continued until dusk, when a drop of temperature occurred. Several prostrations from heat are reported. The most severe is Jerome Jones who is connected with labor journals. Three convicts at the state prison have died from the New Method of Paring Troops

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1 .- General T. H. Stanton, paymaster general of the army, left today for an inspection of the different paying posts in the west. He is especially anxious to obtain definite information as to the workings of the new method of paying troops. Paymasters are not now sent to the different posts, but the money is sent to post commanders and paid to the troops by company commanders. The new method has not been satisfactory to the officers of the pay corps and the army officers who have been compelled to handle the money object to the additional duty.

Movements of Ocean Vessels, Aug. 1. At New York — Arrived—Paris, from Southampton; Etruria, from Liverpool; Etritish Queen, from Antwern; Veendam, from Rotterdam. Salled—La Bretagne, for Havre; Mohawk, for London; Amsterdam, for Rotterdam, via Bolougne; Palatia, for Hamburg; Lucania, for Liverpool.

At Queenstown—Arrived—Umbria, from New York for Liverpool and preceded.

At Southampton—Salled—St. Louis, for New York. At Havre—Sailed—La Normandie, for New Bremen-Sailed-Munchen, for New

Baltimore-Sailed-Scotia, for Ham-

Boston-Sailed-Cephalonia, for Liver-

## ONE WEEK FOR WORK

furnished what is classed as a ridiculous ex- Parliament Getting Ready for Prorogation Next Saturday.

IRISH LAND BILL IS NOT YET SAFE

Mr. Matthew Maguire, the leader of the Lord's Amendments May Lead to Difficulties in the Commons.

RIGID INQUIRY INTO THE TRANSVAAL RAID

Possible Trial of Cecil Rhodes is a Matter of Much Discussion.

SIR F. CARRINGTON NEEDS MORE TROOPS

Latest Reports from Rhodesia Do Not Indicate Any Very Satisfactory State of Affairs\_Naval Maneuvers Show Up Weaknesses.

(Copyright, 1896, by the Associated Press.) LONDON, Aug. 1 .- The first Saturday sitting of the House of Commons occurred today, which heralded the close of the session, and it is expected that Parliament will be prorogued on Saturday, August 8. The amount of work which Mr. A. J. Bal four, the government leader in the House, proposes to dispose of during the coming formight is immense and it is very doubtful whether the catalogue of bills can be pushed through. The Commons did brisk work during the past week, but there are some measures still pending which are looked upon as certain to meet with considerable opposition. A measure dealing with automotor cars passed its committee stage on Thursday and is expected to become a law during the present session. It permits automotors to run en English highways at a speed not exceeding fourteen miles an hour. The House of Lords burned midnight oil last evening before the Irish land bill passed its second reading by that body. The marquis of Londonderry, the earl of Winchelsea and the duke of Abercorn were the leading spokesmen for landlordism and their strictures promise amendments in committee which are likely to cause some trouble when the measure is returned to the House

of Commons. The Chronicle says: "Unless the government has given categorical pledges to the Irishmen in return for their support nothing is to save them from a great betrayal. If the landlord majority in the cabinet refuses to allow Mr. Balfour to destroy the Lords landlord amendments the Irish will be caught in a cleft stick and it will be too late to save the bill."

A big assembly of noble dames listened to yesterday's debate in the House of Lords, including the marchioness of Salisbury and the duchesses of Cadogan, Mayo, Londonderry and Ribbesdale. The marquis of Salisbury displayed his personal interest in the Irish measure by slumbering heavily, while Lord Landsdowne moved its second with pleasure the Chinese dish of rats and the late home secretary, was also quoted as reading. Once the premier's head inclined Intimating that he was opposed to the re- to rest on the duke of Devonshire's shoul-SHANGHAI, Aug. 1.—News of a terrible This question seems to have silenced the lease of the prisoner. Both theze opinions der, and the latter hastily arose and strolled to the bar of the House until the marqui

RHODES AND RHODESIA The government has decided that the parliamentary committee, which will inquire into the administration of the British South Africa company, and the circum stances attending the raid into the Trans vaal, is to be composed of eight unionists, four liberals and an Irish nationalist, and it is expected, in spite of denials, that the secretary of state for the colonies, Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, will eventually consent to preside over the deliberations of the committee. The government, after a vain resistance, has consented that Mr. Henry Labouchere shall sit on the committee. His presence ensures the fullest light being shed upon the origin of the raid, Sir William Vernon Harcourt, the liberal leader in the House of Commons, will also be a member. No decision has yet been announced regarding the action to be taken against Mr. Cecil Rhodes. If he is tried he will be the first privy councillor who has been criminally prosecuted since 1805, when Lord Melville was charged with malversation of

public funds. The news from Rhodesia is far from rosy Sir Frederick Carrington's forces seen capable of little more than holding their own. In fact some of the recent fights look very much like reverses. The insurgent natives have profited by the previous defeats inflicted upon them, and they now decline to rush into the open and provide food for the maxin rapid-firing guns which, during recent encounters, have been almost useless. An official dispatch received from Rhodesia yesterday stated that Captain White, with 250 men, a sevenpounder and two maxims, had gone to th relief of the Hartley laager, and the latest news from the column was that Captain White had taken up a position on the top of Kopje, which he was defending, and asked for food and ammunition. Thus it appears that this strong force is only able to hold its own, owing to the altered tactics of the enemy. Sir Frederick Carrington admits that he needs more troops, but he is unable to feed or transport them, owing to the prevalence of the rinderpest. The tatest telegrams from Rhodesia report increasing numbers of cases of treachery among the friendlies, who are supplying the insurgents with cartridges and food. The authorities having abandoned the idea of driving the insurgents out of Matoppo hills, have decided instead to build a chain of forts around them and starve the enemy. Twenty forts have already been commenced. These will be maintained after the revolt is quelled as a refuge for the settlers in the event of another outbreak. In addition a permanent police force of 1,000 men is to be enrolled. PUT IT OFF FOR A YEAR.

Though Lord Bray's suggestion to make September 3 a bank holiday in order to celebrate the fact that Queen Victoria's reign will then have lasted longer than that of any other English sovereign has been declared by the marquis of Salisbury to be inconvenient and impracticable this year, it is generally understood that the accomplishment of the sixty years' reign next year will be the occasion for a national celebration similar to the jubilee.

The payal maneuvers just concluded have given a shock to Englishmen who imagine that Great Britain's naval bulwark is impregnable. The idea of the maneuvers was that a foreign fleet was trying to reach Lougswilly and that a British fleet which of a vigorous fight of claimants against the was much stronger and faster had to pre-

### THE BEE BULLETIN.

Weather Porcenst for Nebraska-Generally Fair; Warmer; Variable Winds.

1. German Socialists Oppose Free Silver. Li Hung Chang's Trip to London. End of Parliament's Sitting Near. German Royalty on a Vacation.

2. Secretary Morton on Sound Money. Nebraska Republicans Busy Organizing Iowa Democrats Revolt Against Bryan.

3. Saengerfest at Grand Island. Reprieve for Claude Hoover Asked. Ax Used in Argument at Elkhorn.

Blame Put on the Dead Engineer. 4. Last Week in Local Society.

5. Cut on Coal Rates is Probable. 6. Council Bluffs Local Matters.

Affairs at South Omaha. Weekly Grist of Sporting Gossip. Universities Beat the Originals.

8. What the Real Estate Men Are Doing Echoes from the Ante Rooms.

10. Rider Haggard's New Story.

11. Woman: Her Ways and Her World. 12. Editorial and Comment.

13. Uses of the Parse Politic. Making Electricity from Coke.

When the Pen Supports the Sword. Co-Operative Home Building Notes, Commercial and Financial News.

15. For The Bee's Boys and Girls.

16. In the Wheeling World. the British fleet was spread from Land's End to Lap Cape, close by, but the foreign from Wilhelmshohe report the empress and fleet did not try to pass up the Irish sea. her children to be in the best of health, It went around the west coast of Ireland and Her malesty takes exercise on horseback succeeded in reaching Lough Swilly un-

molested. This was a complete reversal son, and toward evening the whole family of what was generally expected, and is held drives out in two carriages. The mother to prove that the landing of an invading force in Great Britain is quite possible, even though a greatly superior naval force would be trying to bar the way.

COLOR QUESTION IN FRANCE. The color question has suddenly come into prominence in France by the recall of General Doods, the hero of the Dahomey cam- o'clock at night. paign, from his post of brigadier general a Senegalese mother. It appears that great colonies against mulattoes, who, it is said, are obtaining too many posts in the colonial service, and it is difficult to deny that the feeling in France, which before the colonial expansion brought Frenchmen in close touch with the blacks and was very tolerant to them, has recently veered. M. Creville Reace, the mulatto deputy from Guadeloupe, intends to bring the matter into the arena of politics by questioning the colonial ministry on the subject. This will be the first time that the race question has been introduced in the Chamber of Deputies. The recent career of General Doods is interesting. His able conduct of the Dahomey campaign scared the government, who feared he would become a popular idol, a sort of second Boulanger. Therefore, he was kept in the background and was not given com- the effects. mand of the Madagascar expedition, for which has was well fitted, but was packed

off to Indo-China and is now recalled and exhibited to the public as a colored man. Mr. Poultney Bigelow arrived in England

### TREASURY DEFICIENCY FOR JULY.

Expenditures Exceed Receipts
Over Thirteen Millions. WASHINGTON, Aug. 1 .- The comparative statement of the government receipts and expenditures, issued by the Treasury department today, shows the total receipts from all sources during July to have been \$29,-029,209, and the expenditures \$42,088,468, leaving a deficiency for the month of \$13, 059,249. The internal revenue receipts dur ing the month were \$14,302,532, an increase of \$1,404,117 over the first month of the last fiscal year. On the other hand, the customs receipts, which were \$12,157,330, show a falling off of \$1,919,654, compared with July of last year. The miscellaneous receipts, which were \$2,500,346, show an increase of \$475,038 over the month for the the lower classes generally. They are allast fiscal year. All but two items of the lowed a certain sum to pay for drinks and expenditures and interest charges show a food and all they have to do is to keep their decided increase over July, 1895, the heaviest | ears and eyes open and to make arrests for being under the head of civil and miscella- socialist utterances. A new police order neous expenditures, which were \$12,343,931, as against \$10,047,156 for the corresponding | 11 o'clock at night, play the plane or sing month a year ago. Parts of the comparatively large deficiency is also accounted for by the increase of expenditures on account of the navy from \$2,380,486 in July, 1895, to \$3,756,250 last month. There is a slight increase of about \$250,000 each for pensions and Indians over July of last year.

PUBLIC DEBT SHOWS AN INCREASE Amount is Over Ten Millions Than it Was a Month Ago. WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.-The treasury statement of the public debt, issued today shows the public debt, less cash in the treasury, at the close of the month to have been \$966,154,512, increase for the month \$10,850,358. The debt is classified as follows: Interest-bearing debt, \$847,364,250 debt on which interest has ceased since maturity, \$1,633,640; debt bearing no in terest, \$373,315,094; total, \$1,222,312.94, which does not include \$555,212,973 in certificates and treasury notes, offset by an equal amount of cash in the treasury and the treasury cash is classified as follows: Gold. \$150,012,224; silver, \$514,610,146; paper, \$169, 978,190; bonds. disbursing officer's balances, etc., \$17,263,184, against which there are demand liabilities amounting to \$595,705. 274, leaving a cash balance in the treasury

of \$256,158,472. National Banks for July. WASHINGTON, Aug. 1 .- The monthly statement of the comptroller of the currency shows that during July the total circulation of national bank notes was \$225,942,455 an increase for the month of \$29,495. The circulation based on United States bonds was \$206,103,504, an increase for the month of \$564,575. The circulation secured by lawful money amounted to \$19,838,951, an in crease for the month of \$535,080. The amount of registered United States bonds to secure circulating notes was \$229.544.459.

Fifteen Claims Allowed. WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—The Interior de partment has mailed identification Hanks

to all the settlers in the old Des Mount river land grants and the claims will be pai as soon as the identification is established The Des Moines grants have been the source government for years. There were many hundreds of claims filed and of these about

# ROYALTY'S VACATION

German Empress and Her Children in Their Summer Quarters,

HORSEBACK RIDES AND MOONLIGHT TENNIS

Kaiser is Arranging for a Grand Series of Naval Maneuvers.

CASTLE BELLEVUE FOR THE CROWN PRINCE

Old House is Being Thoroughly Overhauled

for His Use. PRUSS'AN STATE RAILWAYS PROSPEROUS

Great Increase of Traffic Shown for the First Quarter of the Year-General Gossip from the

Fatherland.

(Copyright, 1896, by the Associated Press.) BERLIN, Aug. 1.-Letters received here every morning, accompanied by her eldest and the eldest princes later sup almost publicly on the terrace of their castle, the participants serving themselves after tho servants have placed the dishes on the table. No members of the imperial suite is ever invited to these quiet suppers. The moon often permits the empress and her children to play lawn tennis until 10 or 11

The emperor will hold this fall the grands in Indo-China, and it is generally believed est naval maneuvers yet essayed by the that this step is due to the fact that he is German navy. The fleet will consist cf a mulatto, having been born in Senegal of fifty-three thips, inclusive of twenty-four torpedo boats. Admiral von Knorr has opposition exists in the ministry of the selected the torpedo school ship Blucher as his flagship. Prince Henry of Prussia, contrary to expectations, will not have an important command.

Emperor William is preparing Castle Bellevue, which is beautifully situated on the Berlin Thiergarten, for his eldest son. The old house is being thoroughly overhauled and modernized, and in order to save horse flesh, the Bellevue station of the elevated railroad will connect with the park by a staircase, so that the prince may run up and see his parents at the schloss

for 15 plennigs at any time he chooses. There has been fierce sunshine in many parts of Prussia this week, and a large number of workmen have been prostrated by the heat. At Konigsburg on Thursday, the heat was so great that eighteen persons who were prostrated have since died from

DISQUIETING RUMORS.

Since Prince von Hohenlohe left the viceregal palace of Strasburg, disquieting rumors have been circulating concerning the administration of justice. It is alleged from Cape Town on Saturday last. He had that the government, in order to win over unusual opportunities of inquiring into the the aristocracy, favors scions of noble famsituation in the Transvaal and talked with liles in every way possible. Thus it is President Kruger and others on both sides. | reported that the young Baron Florent Charthings that trouble between the Boers pettier, sen of the deputy of that name, and uitlanders is sure to come, and says after failing to pass his examination at the that the methods of the Boer government university of Strasburg, was declared a are bad. He adds that police spies are graduate by special decree of the secretary everywhere, and that letters are opened, etc. of state of the Reichsland. reported that the circuit president of upper. Alsace permits the great industrials in his district illegal liberties to the detriment of

the poorer classes of workmen. A long and costly inquiry upon the part of the chancellory has proved that America does not send salt horse flesh here to any extent and consequently the empire's horse flesh industry is not menaced. In spite of the official denial however the agrarian papers continue to attack the United States for the alleged endeavor to foist salt horse upon Germany, claiming that sait horse drummers frequently visit the cities of the Rhine, besides Hamburg and Stettin.

The police have found a new way to look after the dreaded socialists. Policemen in citizens clothes are sent to all places of publis resorts frequented by malcontents and provides for the arrest of persons, who, after with open windows. This regulation is now in force in the suburbs and if found applicable it will be introduced in the

capital.

PUNISHMENT IS SEVERE. A telegram received from Dar-es-Salaam says that Director Schroeder of the East African Plantation company has been send tenced to fifteen years' penal servitude for brutality to native men and women. The details of the crime have not arrived here! but they must be of a hideous character; as the penalty inflicted is the most severe in the criminal code, save the death penalty. 1 Statistics show that the earnings of the Prussian state railways increased 10,000,000 marks during the first quarter of 1896, as compared with the same period of 1895. The

increase in the passenger traffic was 5 per

cent and the increase in the freight traffic Some months ago the Militar Wochenblatt, always considered an official organ, astonished the Reichstag by following its discussion against dueling with an article upholding duels and duelists. Later the ninister of war, Baron Bronsart von Schellendorf, disclaimed responsibility for the utterances of the periodical referred to But the latest number of the Militar Woch enblatt again contains two articles in favor of dueling in the army, declaring that without it the army would degenerate. This article has caused a great deal of stir, as it is said in army circles that the emperor himself is in favor of dueling, and that the paper, therefore, can disregard the wishes of the war office. His majesty's frequent pardoning of duclists certainly gives color to this opinion. It is expected that the matter will be again ventilated in

the Reichstag. Prince Frederick of Sachen Meiningen has gone to Florence to live. He intends to devote himself entirely to painting, and is also a clever literary man. His wife is a daughter of the German novelist Wilhelm Jensen. The emperor recently made her Baroness von Saulfeld.

Across the Atlantic in a Rowbont. LONDON, Aug. 1.- The rowhoat Fox, cor taining the two Swedish sailors, Frank Harbo and George Samuelson, who started from New York on June 6 last with the intention of rowing to Havre, France, arrived at the Sicily islands today. Both the occupants of the small craft were in good