# CAMPAIGN OPENS NEXT WEEK

Chairman Hanna Visits Chicago to Make Arrangements.

SPEAKERS FOR MINNESOTA AND NEBRASKA

Senator Burrows and Roswell G. Horr to Fire the First Shots for Mc-Kinley in These Two States.

CHICAGO, July 20 .- Mark Hanna arrived in Chicago today and national republican headquarters are to be opened as soon as the executive committee selects quarters. Accompanying the chairman of the national republican committee when he arrived were Senator Thurston, S. W. Allerton and Chester M. Dawes. Awaiting his arrival at the hotel was a gathering of leading republicans, including National Committeemen Durbin, Perry S. Heath, John R. Tanner and a host of men with suggestions ready to submit to the consideration of the executive committee. While the nominal charge of the western committee's work will be in the hands of Mr. Hanna himself, the committee which will have to do with the actual work will be Messrs. Payne, Durbin and Leland. The distribution of literature throughout the west will be one of the first aims of the committee. The republican campaign in the west will be opened next week in Minnesota and Nebraska with speecher Senator Burrows and Roswell g. Horr Michigan. These matters of de-tall were settled at a meeting of the ad-visory committee held today at the Audi-torium hotel. It went into session at 11 o'clock and did not adjourn until after 7

o'clock tonight, just in time for Mr. Hanna to catch a train back to Cleveland. Just before he left for Cleveland tonight Chairman Hanna said he was not seriously disturbed by the apparent growth of the free silver sentiment in the western states. He does not believe it is as strong as it has been represented, but he will conduct the people have as much strength as they

M'KINLEY VISITS CLEVELAND.

at the Centennial.

## Will Deliver a Non-Partisan Address

CANTON, O., July 29,-There was no blare of trumpets or pretension of formality of office when Major McKinley started on his trip to Cleveland today. It was a damp rainy morning in Canton. It was first intended that Major and Mrs. McKipley should leave for Cleveland at 9:55. The major's mail, however, has assumed such enormous mail however, has assumed such enormous proportions that he found it impossible to leave at that time. He was engaged with Private Secretary Boyle during the morn-ing endeavoring to take care of thousands of letters that had reached him Saturday evening and Sunday. Shortly after noon evening and Sunday. Shortly after hoon his one-horse surrey was driven to his resi-dence and Major and Mrs. McKinley were driven to the railroad station. They took the 12:30 McKinley flyer on the Cleveland, Canton & Southern railroad, due in Cleve-land at 2:30 o'clock, entering an ordinary coach. Governor McKinley will be the guest of National Chairman M. A. Hanna in Cleve-land Mr. Henra however in Chicago. land. Mr. Hanna, however, is in Chicago today arranging for republican headquarters there, and will not see his distinguished guest until his return tomorrow. Major McKinley's address at the formal opening of course, be entirely non-partisan in char-

Canton since his nomination. is expected to return Thursday next and he may come via Alliance, twenty miles east didate of Canton. He is a member of the board ance. of directors of the Mount Union college

Among the letters received by Major Me-Kinley this morning was one from the Young Men's Republiach club of Omaha.

Eaying:

To Hon. William McKinley, Canton: The Young Men's Republican club of Omaha sends greetings to the standard bearer of the republican party and gives to him assurance that the nomination of a citizen of Nebraska by the democratic national convention will in no wise affect the enthusiasm and the loyalty of the young republicans of Omaha. This is a contest of principles and in this contest we shall fight for the triumph of William McKinley, who stands for national honor and national prosperity.

prosperity.
CHARLES E. WINTER, President.
J. A. BECK, Secretary.

CLEVELAND, July 20 .- The run from Canton to Cleveland was made in a rain storm. At each station there were cheers for McKinley as the train stopped. At New burg, eight miles from Cleveland, the cen-tennial committee, headed by ex-Mayor Blee. Colonel R. C. Parsons, Colonel Myron T. Herrick, H. B. McIntosh, Hon, John C. Covert, H. R. Hatch and Harvey Goulder, met the train and escorted Major McKinley and wife into Cleveland. At the station there were crics of 'There's our next president.'
There was no formal demonstration, Major and Mrs. McKinley took a carriage for Chair-man M. A. Hanna's residence, where Mr Hanna will join them on his return from

ALLIANCE, Neb., July 20 .- (Special.)-The political campaign in this county was opened Saturday night at the Phelan opera. opened Saturday hight at the Phelan opera. house with a grand ratification rally. A torchlight procession and street parade had been avranged, but early in the evening a heavy rain commenced, lasting for several hours. Nothwithstanding the inclemency of the weather, nearly every seat was filled. Hon, James Caldwell of Lincoln was the first speaker, and confined his remarks exclusively to the sliver question. The array of facts presented ought to convince any reasoning syster of the undesirability of such reasoning syster of the undesirability of such reasoning voter of the undesirability of such a policy of repudiation. Senator F. W. Mondell of Wyoming took advantage of the the cause of free silver, and said he was only in favor of that which an international agreement be arranged. Hon A. E. Cady, republican nomince for congress from the Sixth district, was the last speaker, and made a favorable increasion.

CLAY CENTER, Neb., July 20.- (Special.) -Judge Morris of Crete spoke here Saturday evening to a happy crowd of republicans with a goodly number of populists as inter-ested guests. The judge spake for over an hour and a half and no one showed the least desire to have him stop; his arguments were the plain, convincing kind that always in terest. No such presentation of the money question has ever been heard here, and the republicans are rejoicing over their success-ful opening of the campaign. A republican club was organized with 100 members to

Dixon Republicans Enthusiastic. WAKEFIELD, Neb., July 20.- (Special) A McKinley campaign club was organize office with the following officers: President, J. O. Milligan; vice presidents, C. T. Barto, D. W. Woodworth, C. H. Merritt and C. E. Houter; corresponding secretary, William Wheel. Wheeler, recording secretary, James A. Mallory; treasurer, D. Mathewson. The club starts with a membership of about. 100

Dixon county but there will be plenty

Senator Allen Out in a Strong Statement Favoring Endorsement. ST. LOUIS, July 20.—The Nebraska delegation with United States Senator Allen at Strong Plea for the Co-Operation of All Free

it head arrived today, making a visible augmentation of the Bryan forces. The nembers of the delegation say that the party is solely for Bryan and express con- HEARTY SUPPORT FOR BRYAN AND SEWALL lence in his endorsement.
"Why should not we endorse Bryan," said

"Why should not we endorse Bryan," said Senator Allen, asking a question in reply to one. "It is good policy—the wise and proper thing to do. Mr. Bryan represents three if not more of the important populist doctrines—the free and unlimited coinage of silver, the income tax and a revenue tariff. Our endorsement of Bryan gives the only hope of success at the polls. With our endorsement he will win. If we fail to endorse him, the logical effect will be the same as if we had endorsed McKinley.

is a good deal of noisy demonstration in the hotel corridors in opposition, but it amounts

to nothing." senator expressed the opinion that

Some of the members of the Nebraska delegation, among them Senator Allen, prepared the following statement:

"The Nebraska delegation is authority for Bryan. They know him well. His life has been a fulfillment rather than a mere promise. We know his high character and great fitness for the great office of president. He is our neighbor and we are not deceived in him. If elected he will be the greatest in him. If elected he will be the greatest man that has occupied the white house since the days of Lincoln, and in his broad and genuine sympathy for the masses he more nearly resembles Mr. Lincoln than any public man we can recall. The nomination of a third ticket would be the exact equivalent of a genuine endorsement of McKinley, the single gold standard, an abominable high tariff tax, continued gold bond issues, perpetual national debt, cruel and heartless oppression for the west for four years and possibly for all time. If elected president possibly for all time. If elected president Mr. Bryan will know no democrat, no populist, no republican. There will be no step-children in his political family. All who have been with the great reform forces in the fight will be on equal footing. He will the people's president. Nebraska is for

"We will inaugurate the campaign once," he said, "by distributing sound money literature and sending sound much attention. The Nebraska delegation much attention. The Nebraska delegation much attention. is thoroughly organized and is doing mis-sionary work among the middle-ot-the-road

We want to show them," said Senator Allen, "where the middle of the road is."

Lawrence J. McParlin of New York, one of the general secretaries of the national populist committee, arrived today. He expressed the opinion that Bryan would be nominated though not endorsed, and that an arrangement would be reached for an equitable division of the electors. He thinks the Omaha platform will be reaffirmed with the ddition of a plank endorsing the initiative

and referendum system.

J. E. Anderson and Dr. Evans, two delegates from Iowa, also came in. They are for Bryan under certain conditions, but are not prepared to wholly commit themselves.

The Kansas delegation held a meeting this afternoon, at which a resolution demanding the endorsement of Bryan and Sewall was adopted. Kansas has a delegation of ninetytwo, the largest delegation that will be in the convention.

## BRYAN HAS A VERY HEAVY MAIL. Letters Pile Up on Him Faster Than They Can Be Opened and Read.

LINCOLN, July 20 .- Each day the pile of letters at the home of William J. Bryan increases in size. Instead of catching up with his correspondence the democratic presi dential candidate gets further behind. More letters come in each day than he, his wife This is Major McKinley's first trip from and his secretary can open and read. A Canton since his nomination. The crowds local politician said that he thought the national committee should supply Mr. Bryan merely as neighbors and fellow citizens. He with a score of clerks and some competent with a score of clerks and some competent men to attend to his work, so that the cam-didate could work upon his letter of accept-ance. "Some of these letters," he said, "might be of vast importance and should be attended to at once. In the thousands of letters and telegrams there might be one from Cleveland, Hill or some prominent democrat that should be attended to im-mediately."

mediately. In order to let the people who have writ-ten to him understand the condition of affairs, Mr. Bryan has given out the fol-lowing statement:

affairs, Mr. Bryan has given out the following statement:

LINCOLN, Neb., July 20.—To the Public: My daily mail has grown so large that I find it impossible to read all letters received, and still more impossible to reply at length to each. Those who are interested in the success of our cause will appreciate the situation and pardon me for making the following suggestions:

1. As time will not permit a full discussion of political questions in so large a number of private letters I shall, in order to avoid discrimination, reserve all such discussions for public occasions.

2. All offers of services and suggestions as to the conduct of the campaign should be made to the national committeemen representing the various states and territories. All requests for campaign literature should be addressed to the secretary of the national committee at headquarters as soon as headquarters are open. If friends will be kind enough to observe the above suggestions I shall be able to devote my time more fully to the work of the campaign.

Mr. Bryan has received from the South Carolina delegation a gavel of beautiful workmanship made from the borns of long.

Carolina delegation a gavel of beautiful workmanship made from the home of John

Calhoun at Clemson College, S. C. Silver Conference Delegates Named. WAYNE, Neb., July 20 .- (Special Telegram.)-A free silver conference was held here this afternoon with an attendance of were elected to attend the conference at Nor-folk: Democrats, Andy Shinn, Walter, Gabler, J. M. Pile; populists, Henry Miller, L. F. Rayburn, W. E. Wallace; prohibition-ists, William Miller, G. P. Hitchcock, Arthur Miller. When it came to the republicans, after an extended attempt to name them, six supposed republicans who would act were found throughout the county. The three named were: W. M. Wright, F. W. Durdick and M. H. Dodge, Two of them have been populists the past three but formerly republicans. Judge A Judge Maxwell

### was endorsed for congress. All in Line for McKinley.

NORTH BEND, Neb., July 20 .- (Special Telegram )-A McKinley and MacColl club was organized here tonight with 150 charter members. Dr. Ira Doan was chosen president, C. A. Long, secretary, and T. H. Fowler, treasurer. Hen. J. E. Frick of Fremont addressed the club on the coming issue at the opera house. The republicans of North Bend are very enthusiastic for both national and state tickets. A good many oil-time democrats say they will support sound money and protection. Several populists have signed the list. populists have signed the list.

Democrats Join McKinley's Column. CENTRAL CITY, Neb., July 20 .- (Special Telegram 3-A McKinley club with 150 mem bers was organized here tonight. In H. Reynolds was elected president, and A. J. Royle, secretary, with a list of committees who will at once proceed to make things lively for the Toy Orator of the Fratte. Many life-long democrats joined the cibb tonight and more will join. Central City expects to have a club of 250 active members, who will leave no stone unterned to roll up an eld-time majority for McKinley, protection and sound money.

Morton Favors Another Convention. NEBRASKA CITY, July 20 .- (Special.)-Hon J. Sterling Morton arrived this morn ing and will spend a few days at Arbor Lodge visiting with his son, Carl. Mr. Murton expresses himself as being heartily in support of the movement to call a conven-

# NEBRASKANS ARE HOT FOR BRYAN. TELLER'S SILVER MANIFESTO

Coinage Forces.

Bolting Republicans Come Out Fair and Square for the Nominces of the Democratic Convention and Give Reasons.

DENVER July 20.-Senator Teller and six of his associates who left the national the same as if we had endersed McKinley.
Hence the choice is between McKinley and gold and an abnormally high tariff and Bryan with free silver, a tariff for revenue, the income tax and its reforms. republican convention made public this evening an address to the silver republicans of the country setting forth their views "What is the prospect of this endorse-ent?" was asked.
"I think it good," was the reply. "There statement. In addition to those signing the address, Senator Pettigrew of South Dakota and Senator Cannon of Utah are declared to be in sympathy with it, although Senator whether Bryan was endorsed or not the populist convention would promulgate a owing to business engagements in Boston.

The address is as follows:

The address is as follows:

We deem it fitting that we, who have heretofore affiliated with the national republican party and who have rejected the financial plank of the platform adopted at St. Louis and refused to support the nominees of the convention, should state our position in the presidential campaign and briefly give our reasons in support thereof.

When certain delegates to the national republican convention repudiated the financial plank of the platform and withdrew from the convention, we determined that we would give our support to such candidates as snould appear most willing and capable of aiding in the restoration of silver to its rightful place as standard money. The democratic parry in its Chicago convention has taken a position in its platform so pronouncedly favorable to silver, and has nominated candidates of such inquestionable convictions in favor of the bimetallic policy and of such high personal character that we have determined to give them our support. We support such candidates because they represent the great principle of himstallism, which we believe to be the cause of humanity and civilization and the paramount question now before the American people.

FOR BRYAN AND SEWALL. FOR BRYAN AND SEWALL.

sent the great principle of timetallism, which we believe to be the cause of humanity and civilization and the paramount question now before the American people.

FOR BRYAN AND SEWALL.

We therefore announce that we shall, by voice and vote, support Messrs. Eryan and Sewall for president and vice president, and we appeal to all citizens, and especially to requible and who feel as we done that gold monometallism would be of lasting indury to the country, to act with a securing their election. The democrats who believe in the gold standard are announcing their intention to support McKinley or proposing to put a third candidate in the field for the avowed purpose of aiding Mr. McKinley's election. A great number of leading and influential democratic ournals have declared that they will support the republican nominees. It is evident there is to be a union of forces on the part of the gold standard to elect Mr. McKinley and a congress favorable to him which will support the financial policy outlined in the republican platform. To those who believe in bimetallism, which means the equal treatment of both gold and silver at the mints of the nation, there is but one course to pursue, and that is to unite all the silver forces and to oppose with all our might the candidate representing the policy which we believe is fraught with disaster to the nation and ruin to the people.

Gold monometallism means the doubling of the burden upon gold. Doubling the demand, of necessity, doubles the value thereof. This gradual shifting to gold alone, as primary money, all the burdens of commerce and credit formerly borne by gold and silver, and as the world's stock of these metals has always been about equal in amount it means the doubling the demand for the same, and doubling the demand for the same and supporters, of Mr. McKinley consented to the insertion in the St. Louis platform of the gold standard must be maintained. It is well known that his consent eannot be secured from Great Britain, and that such declaration for bimetallism

we may look for a continued increase of the public debt and the sale of bonds to maintain the gold standard.

CRYING CALAMITY.

That the condition of the country is not satisfactory all admit. The producers of wealth are not receiving fair and proper compensation for their labor, whether in field, factory or mine; enterprise has cased; values are constantly declining; labor is unemployed; discontent and distress prevail to an extent never before known in the history of this country, and no reason can be found for such an unhappy condition save in a vicious monetary system. Those who profess to deplore the present financial condition and oppose the free colnage of silver are divided in opinion as to the cause of the present condition. Some declare that it is because we have too much tariff, others that we have not enough, while the fact exists that every gold standard country in the world, whether it has a high or low tariff, is now and has been during recent years in the throes of a financial panic; and every silver standard country, compared with its former condition, is enjoying an industrial development and a degree of prosperity hitherto unknown in its history. While thus differing in opinion they unit in asserting that the gold standard must be maintained until foreign countries shall signify their willingness that the American people shall exercise the rights of free men and create a financial system of their own. If we overlook the humiliation and degradiation we must feel on account of such a declaration of financial dependency, we may well inquire when the consent of the leading commercial nations will be obtained. No one who has read the proceedings of the three international monetary conferences that have already been held or who has examined the impracticable propositions presented at those conferences, can for a moment believe that any international bimetallite agreement can ever be made with the consent of "all the leading commercial nations of the world." There is no hope for international bimeta CRYING CALAMITY.

With a nation equal in wealth and power to one-fourth of the world, it is cowardly to say that we must ask the permission of Great Britain to establish and maintain a financial policy of our own. Felieving as we do, that a return to the monetary system especially recognized in the constitution and completely provided for by law from 1597 till 1873 affords the only ground of hope for the betterment of the distressed condition of all the classes except those who live by the lucrement that money loaned gives to those who loan it we appeal to all classes to raily to the

support of the only emplicates whose success Indicates any hope of relief. Let the merchant and business man wrose dwinding and lessened profits have, despite his care and economy brough the face to face with prospective bankruptcy and ruin, the professional man wasse best efforts scarcely afford him compensation for his labor alone, the faffiner, the continually falling prices of whose products have left him no returns for capital invested and work performed, and less, but not least, let the grand army of laboring men so-called, the artisan, the mechanic and the miner, and every one who depends upon his daily labor for his daily bread, look about him and observe the great number of those who valuly seek for a chance to work, upon the great army of enforced idlers, and one and all resolve to try, not an experiment, but rather a return to a policy that throughout the vicestifieds of our mations infancy, through the internecine struggle of its manhood, kept us a great, free and prosperous nation, in which labor was not only respected and employed, but was so compensated that want and distress such as now weigh upon us was unknown. Let the lesson of history, too recent and too plain to be gainsaid or denied, be heeded, and let there be no fear that a system that so wonderfully protected labor, developed business enterprise and secured to the nation a contented and prosperous propole in the past will do aught but bring to us a return of like prosperity, the predictions of disaster of our opponents to the contrary notwithstandle.

Statesman and a throughout the circumstance of the Lincoln, Speeches were fifty in the party, among them three dictions of disaster of our opponents to the contrary notwithstandle.

Statesman and a trivial contract of the circumstance of the Lincoln of the labor, developed business enterprise and secured to the nation a contented and prosperous profit in the past will be harded to the nation of the party and the legation. I. N. Stevens, other than the profit and the prosperity is the party

STATESMAN AND A THINKER.

In Mr. Bryan the Chicago convention placed at the head of its ticket a gentleman of exceptional ability and high character. No man of his age was better known throughout the United States than he. A member of congress for four years, he commanded the admiration and respect of all his associates in that body as a scholarly statesman and profound thinker. No man has ever assuited his character or in any way questioned his integrity or moral worth. His dearnoter is a fit example for the young men of this country. He has shown in all his public uttry. or moral worth. His character is a fit example for the young men of this country. He has shown in all his public atterances that he loves his country and his countrymen and that he sympathizes with them in their distress. He has also shown that he believed the grandal system which makes gold the standard of values was in them in their distress. He has also shown that he believed the Anancial system which makes gold the standard of values was in a great degree the cause of the depression and financial distress prevalent throughout the land; that the condition now existing will continue while the present monetary system lasts, and that he would fain return to the use of both gold and silver as they were used prior to 1872, and he has proposed such a change of the financial system by the usual constitutional methods. Such was the character and such were the political opinions of the candidate, known to his countrymen, who by their representatives in convention, selected from every state in the union, put him in nontinuation for the highest office within the gift of the American people.

This is a critical period in our national history. Our industrial and financial independence of other nations and peoples is involved in this campaign, and we firmly believe there will be no return of prosperity until we shall have changed our financial system established by the fathers of the republic; and, so believing, we urge all friends of gold and silver as standard money and the opponents of a single gold standard to give to Mr. Bryan and wising this course we do not consider it necessary that they shall abandon or surrender their political views on other questions.

Profoundly impressed with the importance of the lessue of

STATESMAN AND A THINKER.

Profoundly impressed with the importance of the issues of this campaign, for our-selves and our associates, we respectfully submit the foregoing to the candid consid-eration of the American people. Manitou, Colo., July 25, 1855.

The manifesto is signed by the following: Schator Henry M. Teller, Senator Fred T. Dubois, Congressman Charles S. Hartman Senator Lee Mantle, Congressman Edgar Wilson, Congressman John F. Shafroth, Mr. A. M. Stevenson

A. M. Stevenson. MIDBLE-OF-ROAD MEN CONFIDENT.

Claim a Majority of Nearly Three Hundred Votes of Belegates. ST. LOUIS, July 20.—The middle-of-theroad men are doing some close figuring tonight and announce that a canvass of the delegates already here and whose position is known will give them a majority of 201 against Bryan and for a straight ticket. There are to be two middle-of-the-road meetings tomorrow, one in the afternoon and made by Hardstaff and Southwick of Col-

rado, Jesse Harper of Illinois and "Cyclone Davis of Texas. The middle-of-the-road headquarters are at present in charge of Sheridan Webster, who is chairman of the St. Louis populist committee. He and several assistants are giving out badges and securing information as to the standing of the different delegations. Mr. Webster asserted today that there was no doubt about the middle-of-the-road men controlling the convention. He expected a two-thirds majority, he said. This estimate was based upon information that has been received from different states and from what delegates have said who have reported at headquarters. These middle-ofthe-road men are not apparently working with Chairman Taubeneck, who is also op-posed to the endorsement of Bryan, and it was stated at the conference today that Taubeneck had given up the fight, having been scared by the attitude of the leaders who were early on the ground. At the headquarters many expressions were heard, indicating a disapproval of the endorsemen

of Bryan. "They shan't turn us over to the demo crats," shouted a grizzled veteran from Cali-fornia. "Maine is with California," came from another part of the room, and a cheer was raised when an Ohio delegate said "Ohio is in the middle of the road." One of the leaders was asked if there would be a bolt in case Bryan was endorsed and he replied that it would not reach that stage, that the middle-of-the-road men would control the

onvention from the start. There is not very much being said about candidates, the middle-of-the-road men say ing they are perfecting arrangements to control the convention first and consider candidates afterwards.

Considerable bitterness is expressed against the leaders who are working for Bryan and they are generally condemned by the middle-of-the-road delegates.

# WOMEN DELEGATES AT ST. LOUIS

Vote for a President. ST. LOUIS, July 20.-There will be three if not more lady delegates in the populist convention. Two of these will be from New York and one from Pennsylvania. The committee of ladies which is giving its atten-tion to securing the aloption of a female suffrage plank in the platform is counting upon the zealous assistance of these lady

delegates. Some of the members of this committee, headed by Mrs. Victoria Congling Whitney and Miss Ella E. Buie, were at the Lindell early today to make afrangements for a hearing before the committee on resolutions. They were early assured of the hearty co-operation of Schator Peffer and Hon. J. B. Weaver and are very hopeful of receiving an unequivocal endorsement of equal suffrage. They will ask to have a plank inserted providing "that congress shall the campaign. A. E. Campbell, cashier of the B. & M. freight office, is the leading spirit in the equal submitage. They will ask to have a plank inserted providing "that congress shall submit to the legislature of the several states a proposition to so amend the federal constitution as to provide that the right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States of by any state on account of sex."

Delegate Wardell of Californie and his day delving into his correspondence until the time comes for him to leave for Omaha. HARRISON WILL NOT TALK SILVER.

Delegate Wardell of California and his ife are actively co-operating in the work Ex-President Declares the Matter Re-quires Fuller Treatment. They bring a message from Miss Susan B ists will take a positive stand on this ques-

Iowa Delegation is Divided. CRESTON, Ia., July 19.-(Special Tele gram )-W. H. Robb, one of the delegatesat-large to the populist convention, left for St. Louis this afternoon. He is for endorsing Bryan and will work energetically to accomplish his desire. There will be a fight in the lows caucus, when the matter of endorsement is brought up. The dele-gates at large, four in number, are divided. Bobb and Weaver are for Bryan, and Weeks

the subject in a formal interview.

the Denver flyer at 1:16 this afternoon and called on Mr. Bryan at the Lincoln. There were fifty in the party, among them three ladies. Mr. and Mrs. Bryan received the party in the parlors of the Lincoln. Speeches were made by James H. Brown of Denver. of Denver, David Boyd of Greeley, H. M. Hogg, Telluride: Judge J. W. Johnson,

Aspen; Prof. Old of Johnstown. Each assured Mr. Bryan of the cordial and unswerving support of themselves and their constituency. They declared that they were not in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of silver because they lived in a silverproducing state, but from principle. They would be for silver no matter where they lived. The accusation that they were for silver from selfish motives was untrue. At the conclusion of the speeches Mr. Bryan responded, thanking the visitors for

their courtesy and assurances of support to the cause of silver. Mr. Bryan said The interest which I have taken in the money question is not due to the fact that we are producing silver in this country, nor do I believe that those of you who are here today would have different opinions on the subject if you lived in states which did not produce silver. I have said time and again that I would be in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the prosent legal ratio of is to I if we did not produce one ounce of silver in the United States. It is not because we produce either silver or gold, but because we are in need ing was a most spirited one, resulting in a short clash between the two factions.

indies as well as men are permitted to yote. I also note that a difference of opinion on that subject has been manifested in various places, some granting, others refusing suffrage. That the women of Colorado have declared themselves in favor of my candidacy is gratifying. I agree to the truth of the old saying that woman is a great controlling influence in the civilization of the world, and any man may well be comforted to know that she lends him her support whether she can vote or not. Insofar as you have expressed yourselves in terms of personal compliment to me, while I cannot be indifferent to your kind words, we all know that this campaign is not going to be conducted on personal lines. I believe that our opponents are men of pure lives and upright character. It is not a contest between men. It is a contest between great principles and if Mr. Sewall and I should be elected it will not be considered a declaration of the people that we may personally more meritorious than our opponents; it will simply mean that the voters of the United States believe that our policies are better for the United States than those of our opponents; especially in one great question that towers above and overshadows all the others, the United States than those of our opponents, especially in one great question that towers above and overshadows all the others, the money question, and that we represent an American system of finance for the American people, while our opponents would have this government run on the uniton plan, and our financial system dictated by those who are kestlie to certain descriptions. those who are hostile to our interests

Mr. Bryan's remarks were frequently ap-The visitors remained at the hotel until 3:30, when they left for St. Louis.

BRYAN HAS HEADQUARTERS

incoln hotel today. The candidate will here receive visitors until he departs for the east to receive official notification of his nomination in Madison Square Garden, New York: Tomorrow he will go to Omaha, where he will be given a reception by the citizens of that city. The date for his de-parture for the east has not yet been fixed. but Mr. Bryan will go there earlly in Au-gust. The ramifications of his eastern tour will include the New England states. He will be accompanied by Mrs. Bryan, and on some of his political perigrinations by Mr. and Mrs. Sewall. The Bryans will make a brief visit to the Sewalls at their home in Bath, Me. September and October will probably find Mr. Bryan ensconsed in a Bath, Me. Pullman car, from the rear end of which he will stump the states of New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Ohio, West Virginia, Kentucky, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wis-consin and Iowa, winding up the campaign in Nebraska. Headquarters at the Lincoln are located in rooms 205, 207, 209 and 211, third floor. They are in charge of his pri-vate secretary, W. F. Schwind of this city. Contrary to the statements in some of the morning papers, Governor Holcomb did not leave for St. Louis until 1:30 p. m. today. He will reach the scene of the ulist national convention some time tomor row and will co-operate with Senator Allen and others in securing the endorsement of William J. Bryan for president. He will also be a prominent factor in the meeting of the National Bimetallic league, which

convenes tomorrow. John W. Cutright was private secretary to Mr. W. J. Bryan during his last term in congress. During the past six menths this Mr. Cutright has been engaged in newspaper work in Texas. Today he returned to Lin-coln and has joined the corps of correspondents was will make the grand tour

with Mr. Bryan. STANDS OFF SOUTH DAKOTA. Captain T. H. Russell, on behalf of the city of Deadwood, and Prof. J. W. Hancher of Hot Springs college, on behalf of his people and institution, presented Mr. Bryan

a pressing invitation today to speak at their home Chautauqua, but the invitation was courteously declined for the present. Both gentlemen declared that they would not re home hopeless, however.

A meeting will be held next Friday even-ing at the Lindell hotel for the purpose of Chicago platform and declares he cannot perfecting the organization of a republican vote for its nominee. In defining his posi-

The Utah and California delegations to the national silver convention were expected to arrive today, but members of the Colorado delegation brought information that they will not be here till tomorrow. Should they fail to arrive, Mr. Bryan will spend the

INDIANAPOLIS, July 20.-General Harrison was in the midst of preparation for his start east today. "This matter of silver." he said. "is one that cannot be properly discussed in an interview. I should want to prepare such a report with the greatest question only after such a preparation and then in a speech and not in an interview I take the same great interest in the ques tion that every citizen ought to take and when I speak I desire to treat the subject fully. I have no doubt that I shall give some time to the campaign, but it is not gates at large four in number, are divided. Robb and Weaver are for firyan, and Weeks and Emerson opposed. Mr. Robb expects lively times and hints that a boit may occur should the convention endorse the democratic nominee.

Royd County Republican Convention. NIOBRAHA, Neb. July 28.—(Special Teiegram.)—M. T. Wills of Boyd county was named for representative from the Twelfith district by the republican convention.

# BEVAN MER JUST AS Determined as the FIGHT OF TWO TO ONE Extreme Middle-of-the-Roads. ST. LOUIS, July 20.—The prospect for a

The southern delegations accepted the schome with avidity on the theory that it

would aid them in maintaining the entirety of the party for which they have held ou

element and representatives of the execu

tive committee constituted the important events of the day. The result of these meet-

ings is a probable split in the party and the likelihood that the question of endorsing

Bryan, or nominating another candidate, or the nomination of Bryan and another candi-

date for vice president than Sewall will have to be fought out in the convention.

The interesting proceedings began by a meeting of the executive committee in one room and a meeting of the Bryanites in an-

other. The prominent men of the Bryan movement, including Hon, J. B. Weaver,

Hon, T. M. Patterson, Senator Stewart, Sen

ator Allen, Hon. Jerry Simpson, Governor

Lewelling and many others, were present

Lewelling and many others, were present at the Bryan meeting, where a very brief exchange of views was sufficient to con-vince all present that the proposition would not be entertained for a moment.

While the meeting was in progress a messenger was received from the executive com-mittee asking that representatives of that

element meet the executive officials for a conference on the compromise proposition.

This request was acceded to and Messrs.

Weaver, Patterson and Stewart were dis-patched for that purpose. The joint meet-

It was the first time the issues had been

oined and there was no mincing of words

on either side. Messrs, Davis of Texas and

Donnelly of Minnesota stood out stiffly for the compromise and declared that if the

and that a complete surrender would in-

On the other side, Messrs. Weaver, Pat-

might pursue the members of the party

might pursue the members of the party, who were looking more to relief from distress than to the advancement of the personal ambitions of any man, would support Bryan and Sewall. They defended Mr. Sewall as an acceptable candidate and de-

correct the convention will doubtless be

KENTUCKY POPS OPPOSE BRYAN.

State Convention Resolves for Com-

Chicago ticket and platform. The proceed-

pudiates the Chicago Caudidate.

LINCOLN, July 20 .- (Special )-John H.

Ames of the law firm of Harwood & Ames,

who has been one or the stanchest demo-

crats in the state, has repudiated the

vote for its nominee. In defining his posi-

tion today he said:
"The democratic party met in convention in Chicago on the 7th inst., and went straight to the devil on the fast mail, passing the republican party standing on a sid-

ing the republican party standing on a sid-ing at Purgatory, with one drive-wheel broken by a sudden collision with a hard fact, and the engineer and fireman lying on top of the tender, both dead drunk. If the latter party remains at this place until it explates all its chief sins it will not move again for 10,000 years. Meantime, citizens who would like to reach a place of safety early in the coming fall are stranging about

early in the coming fall are straggling about the country with bare feet over frozen ground. How they will come out the Lord

only knows. Of course, so far as I am con-cerned, with my well known convictions

replete with interesting incidents.

contains the following:

compromise which some of the populista Populists at St. Louis Are Divided Into affected for a while today to consider probable, has disappeared. It met its fate in the Three Distinct Factions. Bryan camp. The compromise proposition looking to the retention of Mr. Bryan at BRYAN SEEMS TO LEAD THE OTHERS NOW the head of the ticket and substituting a populist for Mr. Sewall for vice president was sprung in the small hours of the morning in a promiscuous meeting of the party leaders. It was afterward adopted by the executive committee of the national committee, and was by them exploited as a panacea which would ease all the ills of the situation by uniting all the factions.

His Supporters Can Win with Support of Some Compromise Votes.

MIDDLE-OF-THE-ROAD MEN ARE RADICAL Southern Delegates Violently Opposed to

the Democratic Nominee. PROPOSE TO PUT UP PAUL VANDERVOORT

Many Schemes Proposed to Maintain the Individuality of the Party, but Their Impracticability is Soon Apparant.

ST. LOUIS, July 20 .- The populist situa-

tion does not crystalize rapidly. The lead-

ers are at war over the question of endors-

ing or nominating Bryan. Some, like ex-

Governor Lewelling of Kansas, Senator

Allen of Nebraska, General J. B. Weaver of lows, who was the populist candidate for president in 1892; Captain Reuben Kolb of Alabama, who insists he was twice defrauded out of the governorship of his state; Energetic Tom Patterson and Governor Waite of Colerado, are earnestly striving for an endorsement of the Chicago ticket. Chairman Taubencek, Ignatius Bonnelly of Minnesota, Senator Butler of North Carolina, ex-Governor Buchanan of Tennesnee and General Coxey of Ohio want to endorse Bryan under terms laid down by them, while "Cyclone" Davis of Texas, Paul Vandervoort of Nebrsaka and others want to keep in the middle of the road and nominate an independent ticket on an independent platform. Each faction asserts Bryan people could not be satisfied with this proposition it would be necessary to that it desires to preserve the autonomy of the party organization, and that its way is the way. Shipwrecked hopes and a bolt take the fight into the convention, which would, they claimed, present a spectacle as humiliating to the populist party as it would be edifying to its enemies. They asserted it would be impossible to secure the seem inevitable, no matter what the unti-mate outcome is. The Bryan supporters claim to be in the majority. They are well organized. Their leaders are shrewd endorsement of the entire democratic ticket politicians—and in addition to this they have the open and active support of the dismemberment of the party. This, they declared, they would never permit without a struggle to the bitter end. here with his lieutenants, striving to this end. Their strength spreads over the en-tire country west of the Missouri, where the cause of silver is paramount, Many of the delegates from this section, like Lewterson and Stewart spoke and they met the asseverations of their antagonists with the statement that the party could be maintained by falling into line with another party which had adopted so many of the populist elling of Kansas and Patterson of Colorado, principles and nominated candidates so friendly to those principles. They main-tained that the opportunity was one which declare that if Bryan is not nominated or endorsed here nine-tenths of the populists will support him, and the identity of the populist party in the west will be destroyed. tained that the opportunity was one which would probably never again be presented to secure the success of populist principles. They contended that it was a patriotic duty to accept the democratic nominees, that wise party policy demanded this course and that if the opportunity was lost. Bryan defeated and the country continued upon the gold standard platform, the irreconcilables would alone be to blame. Furthermore they declared the responsibility should The middle-of-the-road populists are mostly from the south, where for several years, they say, it has been war to the knife and knife to the hilt in their battle with the democracy, and they have nailed their bather to the mast. They will have neither surrender nor fusion; they have captured more they declared the responsibility should be placed where it belonged and that the scattering votes in the west and quite a number from the Pacific coast. In Califor-nia they claim a majority of the delegation. In Califorcountry should know the facts regardless of They are very radical. Their headquarters at the Laclede are constantly filled with people. The walls are placarded with mot-toes and editorials from populist papers demanding the repudiation of the Chicago people. ticket and several orators are usually talk-ing to the crowds at the same time. An irredeemable currency and direct legislation are proclaimed to be the foundations of clared that to attempt to displace him would lead to irreconcilable complications, prove impracticable and place both parties in a rediculous attitude. Senator Stewart was especially emphatic in his denunciations of their faith. The initiative and referendum scheme, which is to originate all legislation with the people and refer it back to them for endorsement, is the keystone of their

the unyielding spirit of the middle-of-the-road men and left the conference in a most unamiable frame of mind. When the Bryan TWO FACTIONS TO ONE. men left the room, they expressed the opin-ion that the differences existing would be carried into the convention. If this proves Although there are evidences of a split in some of the southern delegations, like that of Texas, if they can be held in line and those who desire a compromise do not receive concessions which will ultimately bring them to the support of Bryan, they may control a majority of the convention. The basis of representation is one delegate promise or a Straight Ticket. PADUCAH, Ky., July 20.—The populist for each senator and representative and one for each 2,000 populist votes cast. Under this apportionment Texas and North Carolina have the largest delegations, ninety-five each, out of a total of about state convention today adopted a platform strongly opposing the plan to have the national convention of the party endorse the 1,300. In North Carolina and Texas a fu-sion of populist and republican votes are counted and these two delegations, it will be seen, comprise almost one-sixth of the entire convention. Georgia has sixty-one. ings were hurried to enable the delegates to take an early train for St. Louis. Owing to lack of representation from two districts seven instead of four delegates-at-large were The largest of the Bryan delegations is Kan-sas, with ninety-two. Alabama, which is elected, in order to make the delegation at St. Louis complete. The platform adopted for Bryan, has fifty-four, and Nebraska fifty-one. The Bryan people claim, on a contains the following:

The people's party of Kentucky is unalterably op, osed to the endorsement by the national convention of the people's party at St. Louis of the democratic platform and ticket nominated at Chicago.

We are decidedly opposed to nominating any man for any office with will not endorse any average endorse and average of the content of the conten preliminary canvass that takes no account of some delegations which have not yet put in an appearance, 423 votes. Their claims, however, are disputed in several

arch. These men will probably bolt in

quarters. The real fight appears to be between the Bryan supporters and those who insist upon a compromise that will give official endorselorse and advocate a straight populist platform

We favor a union of all reform for an honorable bank, if one preserving intact the organization and principles of the people's party can be devised. This may be done by an equitable division of electors and not by surrender or fusion. ment of the populist organization. A many plans for this compromise have suggested, the basis of all of which is the adoption of a separate piatform and a divi-sion of the electors. As to the rest, the plans differ. Some desire a separate ticket, others are willing to accept the Chicago JOHN H. AMES NOT FOR BRYAN.

Today there was a movement in favor of a division of the ticket. Bryan to head it and some populist, preferably from the south, to be his running mate. All these plans are more or less impracticable as they would create complications which would be hard to straighten out. Chairman Jones has in-dignantly rejected the proposition to throw Sewall overboard, and the Bryan supporters Sewall overboard, and the Bryan supporters in the populist party take a positive position in opposition to it, but it is thought a division of electors in some of the states like North Carolina, Nebranka, Minnesota and Texas could be arranged by the state committees, which alone would have the power to enter into any agreement.

JONES SHOWS THE WAY. Chairman Jones has conferred with such of the populist leaders as have called on him and pointed out very clearly that the battle is between McKinley for the gold standard and Bryan for the silver standard. He ard and Bryan for the silver standard. He says the democrats do not want to absorb the populist organization, but that it rests with the latter to endorse and thus make victory certain, or endanger success by declining to do so. The responsibility, he says, resis with them and he does not hesitate to say that he believes the rank and file of the people's party will desert their leaders on the issue if they refuse to accept the opportunity. He takes them to the top of the mountain and shows them the promised land of silver. He and his friends deny ised land of silver. He and his friends deny that any pledges are being made, but Sen-ator Alien of Nebraska, whose position gives ator Allen of Nebraska, whose position gives him great weight in populistic counsels, is proclaiming to his friends that if Bryan is selected all who raily to his support, whether democrats, populists or republicans, will be on an equal footing, it is estimated that a self-sh interest, pernaps, actuates some of the middle-of-the-road leaders from the south. They have been fusing there for local offices and for members of congress and if Bryan should be endorsed they would necessarily cut off their political allies. The middle-of-the-road people suggest Vandervoort of Nebraska and Burkett of Mississippi as a good ticket.

The Bryan people are closely organized for effective work. General Weaver is at the head of their steering committee and

the head of their steering committee and

### with respect to governmental policies, I can-not vote for Mr. Bryan." Socialists Against Prec Coinage. SAN FRANCISCO, July 20.-The Callfornia Socialistic association has adopted a platform protesting against the free coinage of silver on the ground that such action is class legislation, masmuch, as alleged, I would benefit the debtor class at the ex-pense of the capitalists. The platform de-clares that free silver would not benefit laboring men, as wage carners, it is said are not as a rule dobtors.

Wayne County Republicans Organize. WAYNE, Neb., July 20 .. - Special Tele gram.)-A republican club was organized in Deer Crock precinct Saturday with a mem tership of sixty-five. Another was organ-ized in Plum crock precinct with a large membership the same evening. The McKinley and Hobart Republican club of the city will hold a big ratification meeting Satur