# THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

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### SINGLE COPY FIVE CENTS.

Talk of Bolting the Convention is Now Very Vague.

PLATT MEN ACCEPT DEFEAT

Fight Among the New York Delegates to the Convention.

ST. LOUIS, June 14 .- "It does not feel so C. Platt's room and discussed with National Kibley, doubless grew out of the fact that Committeeman William A. Sutherland, J. in nearly all of the states where there were

before the committee on credentials in the convention. It was decided that the action of the national committee on the New York contests was disastrous to Mr. Platt's that the men who intended to contest the seats of the Platt men abandoned them and scats of the Platt men abandoned them and testing with the Platt delegates, Howard sented, and yet the Platt delogates secured but half a vote each, shared with the anti-Platt men. In the other districts the anti-Platt men were seated with full delegate powers-William Brookfield and Anson G. McCook, in the Thirteenth, and C. H. T. Collis and Robert J. Wright in the Fifteenth. There was no question about the claims of Brookfield and McCook, as Mr. Sutherland, who had been fighting in Mr. Platt's interest throughout the entire meeting of the committee, claimed the right to make the motion to sent them.

When Mr. Lauterbach made his sage re-mark about the lack of bitterness in defeat, Mr. Platt smiled and said: "It's a good way to look at it, Lauterbach, and all our defeats should be accepted in the same was outside of the breastworks, smiled ac-

ceptance of the theory. It took but a few moments to decide the question of further appeal in the contests. It was the almost unanimous theory that no good could come of such an appeal, and that it simply meant delay for the con-vention. The chairman of the New York state committee, Charles W. Hackett, who had come to the conference, sided in this had come to the conterence, sided in this decision by stating that he had been given to understand by persons in authority that a plan had already been prepared by the McKinley managers that would preclude any appeal by providing that a decision in any contest made by the national committee should be considered final. Mr. Lauter-bach said he had understood the same thing. Nothing would be gained by making an-

other fight to reopen the contest. Mr. Sutherland, who had made a bril-liant stand for Mr. Platt in the national committee, also disparaged an appeal, and so the New York contests are finally dis-

posed of. Mr. Platt, asked for his personal opinion in the matter of the Twelfth district, said: gates.

ANALYSIS OF CONTEST DECISIONS. SILVER MEN IN A QUANDARY Why More McKinley Men Secured Scats Than of the Opposition. ST. LOUIS, June 14 .- An analysis of the work of the national committee in regard to Certainty of Defeat Leaves Them at a Loss the 168 contests which were originally filed with it shows that 136 cases were acted on some of the original number having been PECULIARITIES OF THE SITUATION abandoned, while several, notably those of WILL MAKE A FIGHT FOR WHITE METAL Delaware and a portion of the Texas delegation, were referred to the convention. Incidents Growing Out of the Bitter In many cases both contestants and contestees were understood to be McKinley men, notably in all of the Mississippi and South Carolina districts and from certain districts from Tennessee, Virginia and else

where. Of the 135 claimants rejected by ST. LOUIS, June 14.—"It does not feel so badly to be beaten as I though it would." remarked Delegate-at-large Edward Lauder-valled during the consideration of these bach this afternoon as he stood in Thomas of Division many surface and the convention of the cases in favor of Me-big majority in the convention. The silver is in the cases in favor of Me-big majority in the convention. The silver ST. LOUIS, June 14 .- There have been men in the convention will fight for free silver in the platform committee. If beaten

both delegations were admitted, giving each

the Platt delegates were scated unanimously. The greatest fight made was that in the Twelfth district, where Cornelius N. Bliss and S. V. R. Cruger (anti-Platt) were con-testing with the Platt delegates were ad-Carroll and Thurlow Weed Bowes. This was the strongest case the Platt men prewere admitted, each delegation with half a vote. In South Carolina there was a contest in each of the districts and as to the dele-gates-at-large covering eighteen votes. Both the contestants and contestees were McKinley men, the contests turning on differences between local factions. All of the contests were decided in favor of the Webster fac tion. In Georgia there were contests in three of the districts and as to two of the delegates at-large, all of which were decided ple fact is that the eastern interests which have been in the past and are now most clamorous for a protective tariff will in all in favor of the McKinley delegates. In Florida there were contests in the two distriets and as to the two delegates-at-large. The McKinley delegates were accepted in the Second district, also delegates-at-large, probability be entirely dependent upon the free silver republican votes of the west in order to be able to secure it. the McKinley delegates in the First district being rejected. In Alabama there were conshould be accepted in the same while Mr. Fasselt, who a year ago ide of the breastworks smiled ac. Sixth. Seventh, Eighth and Ninth districts and the delegatos-at-large. The Fifth and Ninth districts were decided against the McKinley men, the others seated were Mc-

> district and as to the delegates at large. None of the delegates at large were placed upon the temporary roll. In ten of the dis-tricts the contests were decided in favor of the McKinley delegates, while in the re-maining, the Seventh. Tenth and Twelfth, the decision was against the McKinley dele-

"Messrs. Bliss and Cruger did not have a leg to stand upon, and the national com-

AROUND M'KINLEY HEADQUARTERS. Information Given Out from that Source About the Situation. ST. LOUIS, June 14 .- While the headquarters of some states have not been crowded, as is usually the case two days before the convention assembles, this has been a big day at the rooms of the Ohio

delegation, known as McKinley headquar-ters. Some of the Ohio district delegates and Mr. Hanna are on duty there all the time, while Delegates-at-Large Foraker, Bushnell and Grosvenor and some district delegates are out visiting other state dele-gations and leaders. When Hon. Charles W. Fairbanks, the

temporary chairman, arrived this morning from Indianapolis, Mr. Hanna and others had a long conference with him over the

keynote speech and later this keynote speech was submitted to a conference of the McKinley leaders. It is understood that the keynote speech will be in the line of the Indiana platform, which specially de-clares opposition to the free and independ-

Committeeman William A. Sutherland, J. Sloat Fasset and others the decision of the national committee on the contested seat cases in New York state. The informal meeting had taken up the consideration of the matter to decide whether a further contest should be made before the committee on credentials in the states where differences. Were according to their own the contestences were, according to their own the contest word districts were districts were districts were districts were according to their own the contest were according to their own the contest word the decide what they wish to do-whether is not according to the committee on credentials in the states where districts were districts were districts were districts were according to their own the contest whether a further contest should be made before the committee on credentials in the states where districts were districts were districts were according to their own the matter to decide what they wish to do-whether is not take the case back to their people and let them decide what they wish to do-whether is not take the case back to the them decide what they wish to do-whether is not take the case back to the them decide what they wish to do-whether is not take the case back to the them decide what they wish to do-whether is not take the case back to the them decide what they wish to do-whether is not take the case back to the them decide what they wish to do-whether is not take the case back to the them decide what they wish to do-whether is not take the case back to the them decide what they wish to do-whether is not take the case back to the them decide what they wish to do-whether is not take the case back to the them decide what they wish to do-whether is not take the case back to the them decide what they wish to do-whether is not take the case back to the them decide what they wish to do-whether is not take the case back to the them decide what they wish to do-whether is not take the case back to the them decide what they wish to do-whether is not them decide what they wish to do whether they will vote the ropublican ticket, organize a third party or stay from the polls. This is the course that was decided upon

in the several conferences held in Washingmiddle states, want the eastern idea ex-pressed in the currency plank without the word "gold" in the phraseology of the deccontests was distantions to the delegations were admitted, giving cach friends. The districts in which he was in-tensely interested were those in the city of New York. He never felt alarmed about the contests in Brooklyn, and it appeared having a half vote. In Delaware the contest in both delegations were admitted, giving cach delegate a half vote. In Pennsylvania there was a contest in the Third district. The contesting delegat ions were both admitted, cach delegat having a half vote. In Delaware the contest in Delaware the contest having a half vote. In Delaware the contest in the Delaware the contest in Delaware the co which will most likely be agreed upon Mon-day at a conference of silver men, together with Senator Carter and others now in St. Louis. Senator Mantle arrived from Mon-tana today, whither he went upon a hurried trip after leaving Washington. He knows the sentiments of his constituents and what he says may be depended upon as expressing their views. "Any declaration which the republican party makes against the free coinage of sil-ver," said he, "must necessarily be distaste-ful to the silver men and all the taik of at-tempting to concellate them by offering them for a declaration for "the maintenance of the present standard," which means a sin-

and others from Ohio, Indiana, Michigan and other states called on Foraker and Hanna today to say that as positive a dec-laration as possible was wanted without the use of the word "gold," which was offensive to many wanting to support re-publican state and district tickets, as well as the national ticket. Messrs, Foraker, Hanna and other leaders insist that if it is the will of the committee tempting to concillate them by offering them a duty on wool and other western products is humbug, for the simple reason that there are enough western republican senators to compel a just recognition of every western interest in any protective tariff legislation which may be hereafter proposed. The sim-

insist that if it is the will of the committee on resolutions and later of the convention on resolutions and later of the convention to insert the words "gold standard" that McKinley's friends would not oppose it. This is the import of the reply made to all who have been solutions in their inquiries on this all-absorbing topic around McKin-ley's headquarters. Last week was a "gold" week here, but there is a vigorous effort

When asked if the Indiana platform would be acceptable to the silver men, Senator Mantle said it would not be by any means. "We do not believe in waiting for an international agreement," said hc. "We do not think such a thing is possi-ble." today to have the present week's agitation result in the gold idea under the name of "honest money" or a "sound currency." While the southern delegates are divided on the technical phraseology of the currency plank, the western delegates are expected

inth districts were deckinley men, in California there were con-tests in the Third and Fourth districts, both of which were deckided in favor of the Mot Kinley men. In Mississippi there were con-tests in the seven districts and as to the delegatesat-large. All were avowed Mc-Kinley men, the fight being between local factions. The Hill faction was successful accept in the Second, Third and Sixth dis-except in the Second, Third and Sixth dis-tere the motion of the gardy and silver as the the seven districts and as to the convention upon the declara-tion made by the republican party in its factions. The Hill faction was successful accept in the Second, Third and Sixth dis-tere the the seven districts and as to the except in the Second, Third and Sixth dis-tere the the seven districts and as to the accept in the Second, Third and Sixth dis-tere the the seven districts and as to the except from the silver extremists. The the second field and silver as Senator Mantle replied: "I do not be-lieve that the delegates from any of the so-called silver states can, under the in-structions which they have received, sup-port a gold plank or a gold standard can-didate."

administration on several counts. The McKimley managers had calls today from unsuccessful contestants who thought the national committee had not decided cor-

Financial Plank of the Platform Not a Foregone Conclusion.

Main Feature of the St. Louis Convention Will Re the Fight Over Money, the Result Being Yet in Doubt.

ST. LOUIS, June 14 .- (Special Telegram.)

-This is the fifth republican national convention that I have attended as an actively interested spectator, and the most impressive fact worth noting is the comparative tameness and lack of exciting incident. McKinley's nomination being a foregone

conclusion, the most potential factor for drawing the multitude is practically elim-inated. The remaining bone of contention is the money plank of the platform. While every clear-headed politician concedes that a straidle on the money plank of the platform. While a straddle on the money question would be impolitic and cowardly, some very prominent leaders appear anxious to avoid a positive expression in favor of the existing gold standard. Most prominent among these is General Foraker, who told me this after-nece that Ohio is not yet ready to drop bi-metallism, and while he was willing to declare against the free and unlimited coin-age of sliver he did not deem it prudent to declare for gold, even though, as every-body knows, the existing standard is gold. Congressmen Henderson and Hepburn of Iowa also expressed that view, although Senator Gear favors a flatfooted declara-tion for the gold standard. The Nebraska delegation is also divided, and while it is unit against 16 to 1 coinage, some f the members would like to hedge by declaring on a ratio to be fixed by interna-

It is not safe to predict what the com-It is not safe to predict what the com-mittee on resolutions will do finally and in any event the battle over silver will be fought out on the floor of the convention. E. ROSEWATER.

NEBRASKA IS IN GREAT FAVOR.

Will Have the Permanent Chairman and Many of the Minor Officers. ST. LOUIS, June 14.-(Special Telegram.)-National committeeman, Thurston; committee on credentials, Cowin; on platform and resolutions, Jansen; on permanent organization. Thummel; on national vice president, Kennard; to notify the nominees of convention, Bessler; on rules and procedure, Wetherell.

Jansen, Nebraska's outspoken sound money man, was named and instructed for "sound money." The committee is unanimous that a clear and explicit declaration for sound money be inserted in the national platform. asked whether his name would be presented didate." "What will be the next step after the convention when you are beaten?" "We will relegate the whole matter back to the republicans of our states and new conventions will be called and the people can say what their policy will be." the national committee and not decided cor-rectly. To Hon, William M. Hahn, the Ohio member of the national committee, and Judge A. C. Thompson, the prospective Ohio these cases were referred. Hahn and Thompson have had charge of this work for the national committee and not decided cor-rectly. To Hon, William M. Hahn, the Ohio member of the committee on credentials, these cases were referred. Hahn and Thompson have had charge of this work for the same of the committee on the money question and Tom Kennard the pendence of the committee on the wishes of the friends of other these cases were referred. Hahn and Thompson have had charge of this work for the pendence of the committee on the money question and Tom Kennard the pendence of the committee on the base for some time

AS TO VICE PRESIDENTIAL BOOMS. ON THE CONVENTION EVE STRUGGLE COMES ON SILVER Speculation Concerning the Succ of Various Candidates. ST. LOUIS, June 14.—The vice preside been stood still this afternoon and away  $\chi$  the development of a heated wire  $c_{2,2}$ spondence between Platt and other re lican leaders and Governor Levi P. Md M'K-NLEY'S NOMINATION APPEARS CERTAIN The import of the message was to gai the vice presidency, Chauncey M. II was not a party to the urgency call  $\frac{1}{2}$   $\frac{1}{2}$  stead, Mr. Depew said: "Why, Gov Morton't Idea of having me presen name for the presidential nomination, though I foresaw defeat, was to have me

demonstrate, ave, and say to the conven-tion, that he was not and would not be a candidate for vice president."

That Mr. Platt has forsaken all hope in the presidential boom of Mr. Morton is perfectly apparent. When asked this after-noon if he had any hopes he said tersely: 'Mr. Morion's name will be presented to the nvention. There was a rumor current that the New

of these rumors Mr. Platt said tonight: "All buncombe. If Governor Morton will not accept the second place on the ticket then New York state has no candidate." It was intimated that some of the Ohio being the tail of the ticket, but it was also

said very plainly that he could get no help from Mr. Haona. Cornelius N. Hilss said tonight: "I am not, and at no time have been a candidate for the vice presidential nomination. I am

aware that kind friends have mentioned my name in that connection during the last few days. There has been more or less news-paper talk of me, but I repeat, I am not a candidate." The distinctive portion of the gossip was tendency among the supporters of McKinley to throw the vice presidency to some man who might be selected by the opposition. The effect of this turn in the talk had the effect of increasing to some extent the interest in Mr. Dingley of Maine because of his close relationship to Mr. Reed. The attitude of Mr. Platt is believed to preclude the possibility of his having a controlling influence in throwing the nomination to New York, even if he should have any desire to figure in that capacity. Senator Allison's supporters being western men, as is Gov-ernor McKinley a western man, the advisability of giving the second place to one of his supporters in the case of the nomina-tion of McKinley is generally argued. The agitators of the Dingley movement recall in

his interest the fact that he is Mr. McKin-ley's republican successor as chairman af committee on ways and means, and reme east and a stanch supporter of Mr. urge that, aslde from being from the Reed, his own qualities are such as to make him a strong possibility for second place. Mr. Hobart's candidacy was also some-what improved by the announcement that a large number of the New York delegates were zcalously supporting him, as wag Mr.

Evans' candidacy by the arrival of the Wis-consin delegation. Mr. Evans is a native of Wisconsin, and many members of that delegation began an carnest canvass in his behalf as soon as they arrived.

WHERE SENATOR QUAY STANDS.

Probable Action Creating Much Comment Among Candidates. ST. LOUIS, June 14.—Senator Quay's attiude in the convention continues the subject of no small degree of speculation. When

The committee spent four days, and a barge part of as many nights in sifting the facts in these cases and hearing arguments by either the principals or their counsel. The meeting of the national committee was called earlier than usual in order that this ork might be done with more than th ordinary thoroughness for the facilitation of the progress of the convention's work. The committee also departed from the usual practice in hearing each case, as a body, and not in delegating the task to subcommittees. It is believed this course will have a strong influence in commending the verdict in all cases in the committee to which the convention shall formally assign the task of inquiring into the qualification of its members. On the other hand, there will be strong pressure on the part of the delegations whose claims have been advorsely passed upon, to have the controversies reinvesti-The defeated delegates generally gated. regard the credentials committee in the light of a court of appeals, and in many cases they will insist upon a hearing. In exceptional instances this request will prob-ably be granted, and the committee will unanimously take up cases like that of Dela-ware, where both sides to the contest were denied seats, or like that of Arizona, where the names of both parties were placed upon the roll, and each delegate awarded only In some instances it is understood no presin. sure will be brought to bear to secure a resure will be brought to bear to secure a re-opening of cases and New York is one of these. In that state both parties to the dis-pute will abide by the decision of the na-tional committee. It is even suggested that a proposition may be made in the conven-tion to make the temporary roll permanent in all but exceptional cases, which would of course, if adopted, relieve the committee on credentials of the greater part of its labor and materially expedite part of its labor and materially expedite the work. The work of the committee on resolutions s expected to be sharp, but not protracted, it now appears that there will be little or no difficulty in agreeing upon any of the planks of the platform except that relating to the financial policy of the party. AS TO THE NOMINEE. With the selection of a man to head the ticket so completely eliminated from the realm of speculation, the financial question has almost completely monopolized the at-tention of men in hotel corridors, no less than in the retired apartments of the party managers ever since they began to congre-gate here at the beginning of the past week. This question is still claiming the greater share of consideration and will continue to hold its place in the front rank of specula-tion and deliberation until it is finally settied by the convention itself. Two problems present thomselves: the first, how much to do for silver; the second, how little to do for gold. Around these questions range the speculation and the interest of all. These lines of policy will be presented to the comnittee on resolutions as meeting the differint shades of opinion of the delegates. These DIC:

Scene at St. Louis Presenting a Glittering Array of Statesmen. TALKING OF A VERY SHORT SESSION Nebraska's Efforts in Behalf of # Declaration for Beet Sugar Likely, Counted a Feature of the Fight. -ST. LOUIS, June 14 .- When the republican national convention is called to order on Tuesday it will be found that the preliminaries have been looked after with exceptional thoroughness. There will be no obstacles in the way of immediately begin-

ning the work for which the convention has been called, and present indications are that the meeting will not be of long duration.

The convention hall will be in complete readiness. The states are expected to have their recommedations for committee places in readiness by tomorrow night. The national committee has entirely concluded the consideration of the unusually long list of contests, and it is believed by those whe have given attention to the subject that this work will be found to have been se well done that comparatively little will be

left for the committee on credentials. Necessarily there has been no formal con-sideration of the declaration of principles to the country, but it will make its appeal to the country, but it will be found that this branch of the work has been by ne means neglected. There has been a very general exchange of views upon this important point and much done looking to the harmonization and crystalization of views, which it is believed will render it possible for the platform committee to reach a conclusion with comparatively little delay. Selection has been made of the temporary chairman and other officers of the temporary organization, and a program has been prac-tically agreed upon for the permanent or-ganization with Senator Thurston of Nebraska for presiding officer of the conven-tion. When one adds to those accomplish ments the fact that the presidential nomine has practically been named, it must be conceded that the convention has apparently : comparatively easy and brief task before it Obstacles may be encountered but as yet comparatively few of them are discernible.

AS TO THE TIME.

The length of time the convention shall sit will, in all probability, be determined largely by the plan of proceedings which shall be arranged by the committee on credentials. If this committee should elect to reopen all the contests for seats in the con-vention and to make an original investigation of the various questions which these disputes cover the settlement would be much delayed.

The contests involve the right to 158 seats and cover a wide range of controversy, in-cluding the comparative validity of many rival party organization, state and district, and involving much of heated personal ival y, race rreju lice and factional jealousy, to say nothing of questions of proceeding in rival conventions, and even of methods em-ployed at the polls. There are stacks of papers that might be examined in almost papers that might be examined in almost every case. The prepaiderance of opinion is that the credential committee will not deem it necessary to go into many of the contests in detail, but that on the con-trary, the verdict of the national committee will be practically accepted as final, in a large majority of the contest cases. The committee spont four days and a

mittee knows it. It is surprising that a man of Mr. Bliss' fine sense of honor would accept a place in the convention under such circumstances. However, we got more than Kinley men in one district, we were told to expect

Mr. Platt stated explicitly that the New York delegation had no intention of bolting the convention. "We shall," he said, "leave hall only when the convention adjourns.'

NO CONTESTS TO BE REOPENED. It will interest the states that have had

it will also interest those who hope for a short convention, to know that those in control of the convention have formulated a plan whereby the numerous contests will not be opened again by the convention or by the committee on contested scats. It has been the general opinion up to late this evening that the long and wearisome task just finished by the national committee will be repeated by the committee on credentials of the convention and that a delay of at least a couple of days would ensue, when

Either the McKinley managers are fearful of delay or else they believe it is a waste of time and energy to reopen these cases, for the edict went forth this after-noon that the convention would, by resolution, either formally accept as final the his vote in the convention. These report of the national committee on all con-tests decided by them, or would instruct the committee on credentials to so report. This means that only such contests as the Texas and Delaware ones shall be referred to the convention, because such action would make the temporary roll call a permanent one, with the exception of the two states named. That the New York delega-tion and Mr. Platt coincide with this course is one of the peculiarities of ante-conven-tion happenings.

the Thirteenth Pat Dooling and O. T. Bacon (McKinley) were seated In the Alaska contest four delegates were scated, with half a vote each.

QUAY TAKES A HAND

The vote in the Eleventh Pennsylvania, by which David Adler and B. B. Redro were seated, was reconsidered, and J. O. Luby and G. R. Townsend were seated.

Mr. Quay, who was a member of the committee by proxy from the District of Columbia, moved to seat Townsend and the contestees, with half a vote each. He said that he did not want the dirty linen of Pennsylvania aired in the national conven-It could, he held, not change the as both factions were for him for result. president, with McKinley as second choice David Martin, the member from Pennsyl-vania, opposed the motion, and on a roll and the motion was carried-29 to 19.
In the Second Virginia district there was a spirited contest. J. S. Wise of New York represented the Reed contestants, while M. Bowden represented himself and colleagues. In closing the case, Mr. Wise said that there was no fight against Mc-Kinley, but Bowden claimed it was in prdor to get himself elected. The contest-ants and contestees were seated, with half vote each. Bowden and Smith are for McKinley and Reed.

The Sixth district of New York was then salled. In this district Henry C. Saften and George W. Palmer were contested by H. Schleuter and Henry C. Both delegations were for Mor-Edward Fischer. Both delegations were for Mor-ton. The contest had been withdrawn, and Saften and Palmer were seated without

Seventh district of New York The Seventh district of New York. Cornelius Vancott and Hugh Roberts (Platt) were contested by Martin H. Healy and A. Cole (anti Platt). The latter had no papers and a request was made by Mr. Sutherland to postpone, but objection was made and Vancott and Mr. Roberta were scated. In the Mathematical State of affairs Vancott and Mr. Roberts were seated. In the Ninth district the same state of affairs was found. The Platt men, Charles Murray and John J. Collins, were seated. In the Twelfth district of New York. Cornelius N. Bliss and S. V. Ruger (anti-Platt) were contested by Howadr Carroll and Thurlow Weed Barnes (Platt). The anti-Platt case (Continued on Second Page.) of national obligations in "gold of the same standard of value and fineness as that now in use." Mr. Lauterbach will propose this in committee spring of information, said tonight. "Mr. Lauterbach will introduce this simply to please Wall street men. He will, when pressed, withdraw it, and then claim he has made a concession."

McKinley delegates. In Tennessee they were contests in the Sixth and Ninth dis tricts, contestants and contestees being Mc while in the other, the Sixth, the anti-McKinley contest auts were seated.

In Arizona there was a contest as to the silver delegates at large, all being admitted with a half vote to each. The contest in Alaska was decided in the same manner. In South Carolina, Louisiana and Texas there were organizations commonly known as the "lily whites," claiming seats in the conven-

contests before the national committee, as it will also interest those who hope for a decided that the organizations were irregular and could not be recognized,

THINKS THEY ACTED HONESTLY Friend of McKinley Talks on the

National Committee Decisions. ST. LOUIS, June 14 .- Hon, J. H. Hahn, the Ohio member of the national committee, speaking of the contests, said: "It has been apparent for at least two months that the defeated contestants and contestees ap-plied for a reopening of their cases. Governor McKinley would be nominated either by acclamation or on the first ballot. either by acclamation or on the first ballot. It was not thought, however, that he would have such a large number of uncontested delegates. The roll as made up by the na-tional committee will very largely increase ings.

tested cases were settled without refer-ence to who the delegates favored for president and the committee, as the records will show, seated the delegates that were were elected in regular conventions which were called by the regular party organizations in the respective congressional districts, "I think every member of the committee will bear me out in this. In my opinion if a vote were taken at this time, McKinley would have from 640 to 675 votes. It may exceed the higher figure; it will not fall At the session of the national committee last night the work of settling contests was pushed rapidly after midnight, although the committee sat until 4 o'clock a.m. maaifth Texas district, C. W. Og-

garded as safely democratic. "I believe that the committee on creden tials made up from every state represented will seat the delegates practically as made up by the national committee. There may

be three or more exceptions. I want to emphasize the fact that the members of the national committee in these contests voted rom an unblased and unprejudiced stand point. McKinley already had a majority of the votes, exclusive of contests, and even if the committee had been so inclined, there

would have been no temptation to vote for McKinley men not legally clected." MAY PASS ON CIVIL SERVICE.

Important Question Liable to Be In troduced from New York.

ST. LOUIS, June 14 .-- The committee of platform may have to wrestle with an important question when Abraham Gruber of New York presents this proposed plank: 'The republican party demands that public officials be thoroughly qualified to perform the services required of them; that civil services examinations be conducted only by men who, from experience, know the duties to be performed by, or work required of, persons holding office and that questions asked of applicants be only such as directly concern the service to be performed." It is expected this plank is a shrewd move to draw the convention into the dedi

nove to draw the convention into the civil service controversy now on in New York state and which involves state constitu-tional points and the appointment of sixty or more officials to carry out the provisions of the appoint and the service of of the new liquor law. The convention will undoubtedly refuse to have any part in the matter and decline to express itself on

Will Senator Teller walk out?"

"I think he will take the course I have outlined. We have talked matters over in Washington-Senators Teller, Dubois and Cannon and Hartman and myself-and we believe that this is the best course to pur-sue. We will have another conference here Monday, which will also be attended by Senator Carter and other silver delegates. We, of course, will be governed somewhat by circumstances, but from present indica-ticns this policy will be followed." Senator H. M. Teller of Colorado and

for Future Plans,

After Being Beaten in Committee and

Convention They Will Likely

Leave the Matter to the

People.

Mrs. Teller have arrived from Washington. Senator Teller was asked about his recent tatements in Washington and Cincinnati but he declined to be interviewed any further. He said he would stand by what he had said, but that there had been more published than he had stated. He insisted he would not consider anything connected with the convention until Monday and that he would not be interviewed or in any manner express himself until that time. The take any part until Monday, when Colorado and other silver delegates will hold meet-

TELLER OUT OF SIGHT.

Senator Teller was anxiously inquired after at McKinley headquarters and else where last night, but none could reach him and his intimate friends said he would not participate until after the silver conference on Monday. It is expected that an ulti matum to the McKinley managers will be made Monday night. Some of the silver made Monday night. Some of the silver men are charging that concessions are be-

ing made to the ultra-gold standard men from New England, New York and other astern states regardless of the sentiment of western states. Judging from the inreports in favor of the gold standard. He will not express bimself in advance of such

he would not sanction a combination of the extreme silver men with the extreme gold men to defeat a plank that would lean toward silver in any degree. It has been asserted that such a combination might be made, but it is understood that Mr. Teller would not, in case of conflict between the extreme gold men and those less radically inclined in favor of that metal, take the side of cither, but stand squarely for a declaration for the free coinage of silver. He is understood to hold that the silver men cannot afford to combine with any faction to defeat either in the interest of the

other Senator Dubois of Idaho and Representative Hartman of Montana joined Senator Teller tonight.

PROPOSALS FOR GOLD PLANKS **Conference of State Delegations Re-**

sults in a Declaration. ST. LOUIS, June 14 .- There was a con ference tonight at the Southern hotel, at which the following states were represented: Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Connecticut, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, New York, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Illinois, Minnesota and Wisconsin. The question of a financial plank in the platform was discussed

and the following was agreed upon as sat-isfactory and will be presented to the comnittee on resolutions: We favor the maintenance of the existing gold standard and are opposed to the free coinage of silver except by international agreement for bimetallism with the leading ommercial nations of the world."

The men in the conference were those who will probably represent their states in the committee on resolutions.

Predicts a Long Session

ST. LOUIS, June 14 .- W. E. Riley of Ken-

McKinley, Judge Thompson of Portsmouth

O., has been at Washington for months look-ing after the vice presidency. The vice presidency is announced at McKinley headquarters to be in doubt, owing to the comdications in New York. It seems impossible to select any one from that state as yet. No word can be had from Speaker Reed or his friends that he will accept, and the Mc Kinley men say they cannot nominate any one with any doubts as to his acceptance Governor Bulkley and Senator Hawley of Connecticut are both mentioned, and there is no doubt about the McKinley men regarding Senator Hawley with great favor if his state will come out for him. Governor Brown of Rhode Island and others are promibeing aggressively pressed, but he is considered a suburban resident of New York, and that militates some against him. If any one should be taken from the south for second place, it would be no doubt H. Clay Evans of Tennessee, but the sentiment around Mc. senator and Mrs. Teller are stopping in the suburbs with friends. Senator Teller said he would not come into the city and utation. Reed, if he will accept, if not, the best man from the east.

> BOOSTERS POURING INTO ST. LOUIS. New York Contributing a Big Crowd

to the Show. ST. LOUIS, June 14-John E. Millholland of New York, with 350 McKinley

shouters from Governor Morton's and Thomas C. Platt's state, arrived tonight, preceded by a band of music and wearing elaborate McKinley badges. They marched up to the same hotel where Mr. Platt was stopping and into the corridor, where they cheers by were received with McKinley people and hisses and groans by Morton disposition of the silver leader tonight, he is contemplating some radical action in the event that the committee on resolutions reports in favor of the goid standard. He paid our carfare is untrue. We are nearly paid our carfare is untrue. We are nearly 400 strong, and we represent a signed peti action, but his intimate friends assert that the would not sanction a combination of voters of New York, who believe McKinley is the true representative of the people." Later Mr. Miliholland visited Mr. Hanna. It was noticeable, however, he showed little interest in the success of Cornelius Bliss in the New York contest and did not call on Mr. Bliss. It was said in this connec-tion that up to midsight Bliss and Kinger had both decided that their total of one vote should be cast on the first ballot for Governor Morton. This reduces McKinley's vote in the New York delegation to only seven. where nine had been formerly claimed.

FOR A MONSTER M'GINLEY PARADE.

Wednesday Night the Date for the Affair.

ST. LOUIS, June 14 .- A monster McKinley parade, that has been arranged for Wednesday night, is intended to be the largest one parade, which will move at 8 o'clock Wednesday evening, will be reviewed by C. Howe of Kenton, Ky. In the parade will be clubs, many of them uniformed, from every state and territory, and all the republicans in St. Louis have been invited to take part. General Howe, as grand mar-shal, has announced a staff for the parade, including E. J. Miller, Columbus, O., ad-interferenced atthe sector of the sector. utant general, eight assistant adjutant generals and a large number of aides, including Max Pracht, Oregon; H. J. Cleveland, Ari-zona; C. N. Akres, Arizona; Charles F. Scott, Kansas; James M. Perkins, College League club, and W. F. Collins, Lincoln.

Neb.

Rhody's Candidate for Second Place ST. LOUIS, June 14 .- Ex-Governor Russel Brown of Rhode Island, whose pictures adorn the corridors as a candidate for the class; for instance, a national sugar indusvice presidential nomination, has arrived. Ex-Governor Lippitt of Rhode Island is also a candidate for second place on the ticket. With the candidacy of Governor Hawley and Governor Bulkley of Connecticut, being quite actively pushed, it is frequently ob-served that the smaller eastern states are

looking up in presidential conventions.

ermanent organization and Tom Kennard barrassing position. He has for some t f Lincoln one of the vice presidents of realized the certainty in his opinion of of Lincoln one of the vice presidents of the national committee. To netify the nominees of the convention, Bressler was named and Wetherell was placed on the committee on rules and procedure. The action of the committee was harmonious in its various selections.

TICKETS FOR NEBRASKANS.

No Nebraskan need absent himself from St. Louis for want of a ticket to the convention on Tuesday. There will be enough and plenty to spare. Senator Thurston alone will have the distribution of seventy, due him as national committeeman, delegate and permanent chairman. Each of the thirty-two delegates and alternates has three admissions for his friends for each daily session of the convention. As the real work of the convention does not take place until Wednesday, or possibly Thursday, there is sufficient time for all who want to avail themselves of the opportunity. Delegates from Nebraska will meet in the mornings at their headquarters in the Southern for the distribution of tickets.

The delegation arrived on the special lim-ited Missouri Pacific Sunday morning and ited Missouri Pacific Sunday morning and at once took possession of its headquarters in the Southern hotel in room 55, placed pose of putting the New York delegation on in the Southern hotel in room 56, placed at its disposal by Senator Thurston. The quarters are near Iowa and Massachusetts, and are pleasantly located.

In the distribution of convention honors everything is coming Nebraska's way. It is settled that Thurston will be permanent chairman of the convention, and will sec ond McKinley's nomination in a speech which the senator says will be the effort of his life. Mat Dougherty will be honored as one of the temporary secretaries of the con-vention when it meets Tuesday. Eleven of the doorkeepers and assistant sergeants at-arms will be Nebraskans, among whom are Pollock of Plattsmouth, Herb Leavitt of Omaha, Charles Rigg, head doorkeeper. atrice, and E. Gillespie of Lincoln. There is only one proxy in the delegation, that of Jenkins, vice Camden J. Garlow.

SOME ALREADY THERE.

Nebraska people are flocking in. Lindsay headed the Lincoln McKinley club. Other Nebraskans about the hotels are: Edward Rosewater, Joseph Millard and Edward daughter, Mrs. Thurston, Mrs. Cowin, Dan Henin, C. S. Elgutter, Omaba; F. N. Day, David City; E. T. Westervelt, Gering; L. L. Austin, E. E. Law, Lincoln. At Platts-mouth two belated Utab delegates, W. S. McCormick and Thomas Kearns, Were picked up and brought safely to St. Louis on the delegates' train. The gallantry of the delegation was sustained by Hon. Jim Walsh of Douglas by his presenting Mrs. Thurston and Mrs. Cowin with bouquets.

S. C. E. WHERE NEBRASKA IS INTERESTED.

Favorable to Some Action on Sugar Beet Industry.

ST. LOUIS, June 14 .- Nebraska, California and Utah will urge the adoption of a declar.

DeYoung of California says he expects this prominent men from the balcony of the Southern hotel. It will be in twelve divi-sions, under the direction of General James proposition to receive the support of all the the beet industry will give a crop paying \$50 an acre, where corn and wheat pay only \$5 to \$10. Last year California produced 40,000,000 pounds of beet sugar. The follow-ing is a draft of the plank to be proposed: "The practicability of successfully ng sugar beets throughout the United States having been clearly demonstrated, we be-lieve the expansion of this industry will materially add to the wealth of our farmers and increase the value of our farming lands.

Double Murder in Texas. CALDWELL, Tex., June 14 -- At Tunis, ten CALDWELL, Tex., June 14.-At Tunis, ten miles from here, Jesse Massey and J. T. Chance, both white, were murdered last hight about 5 o'clock by unknown partles. Massey received twenty-two buckshot and Chance twelve.

Kinley's nomination, and has advised that the other candidates acquiesce in the evitable and retire from the con-Previous to arriving at this conclusion he had entered into an agreement with the friends of other candidates to remain in the race. They are now disposed to hold the race. him to his agreement. Hence he finds himself hesitating between his own inclina-tion to get out of the way of the McKinley movement and a desire to comply with the A prominent member of the national com

nittee asserted tonight that Quay was still urging upon other candidates the advisa bility of allowing the McKinley nominatio to be made by acclamation, and that failing to secure their acquiescence, he would prob-ably, when Pennsylvania was reached in the roll call, retire from the contest and throw Pennsylvania to the Ohio candidate The friends of other candidates are still quite determined to continue their candidates in the race to the finish.

Mr. Platt, as the representative of Gov-ernor Morton is especially persistent in record. He, however, decided to abide by the decision of the national committee in disposing of the New York contests, and not to make any factious opposition. Champions of other candidates coincided in the desirability of a roll call for the purpose of being able to locate their friends.

MR. REED RUNNING FOR PLACE. Boom of the Man from Maine Grow-

ing at St. Louis. ST. LOUIS, June 14 .- Today the Reed boom was given the first impetus it has

had during the ante-convention days. The arrival of the Maine and Massachusetts delegation, with glittering badges and waving banners, gave the first real appearance of Reed's candidacy that has been seen. Senator Lodge of Massachusetts, who is to place Reed in nomination, has become the recog-nized leader of the Reed forces, and since his arrival has been trying to gather the seattered Reed men and retrieve the los that have occurred in the past few days. Mr. Lodge has visited several of the anti-McKinley leaders, calling upon Mr. Plan Mr. Quay and members of the Iowa delega-tion. Chairman Littlefild of the Maine dele-gation, who will probably second Reed's nomination has been actively at work for nomination, has been actively at work for the big speaker. The Reed headquarters are formally opened and tonight the delegation had a meeting, in which steps were taken toward preming the candidacy with all possible speed. The Massachusetts dele-gation held a meeting, and the count of the delegation showed Reed was a favorite, and Senator Lodge announced after the meet-ing, that there were thirty solid delegates for Reed. The delegations from Maine and Massachusetts are not talking of any second choice for president, nor of a candi-

date for vice president. HOW GOVERNOR BRADLEY FEELS.

Would Accept Second Place if it Was

by Acclamation. FRANKFORT, Ky., June 14.-Governor Bradley and party left for St. Louis this evening. The action of the governor in attending the convention is construed to mean that his name will go before the na-tional convention. D. Elliott Kelly, who was secretary of the state convention which instructed for Bradley for president and who accompanied Governor Bradley to St. Louis, and to an Associated press re-porter: "Governor Bradley has assured me that he does not desire second place on the ticket, but if the nomination for will increase the producing all of the gar up to the limit of producing all of the \$125,000,000 now sent to foreign countries in payment for this indispensable article. We advocate sufficient protection to develop a national sugar industry. The protection to any new settonal sugar industry. vice president goes to the south it should be tendered to Kentucky's governor. Gov-

issue is not as strong as Bradley's be insted for president. Bradley brok insted for president. Bradley broke th solid south last fail, and as McKinley'

First, to declare in explicit terms for the gold standard.

Second, to take a positive stand for the ree coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, ndependent of the course of all other natons

Third, to practically declare for gold and against any further recognition to silver than the present laws give, except upon in-ternational agreement, but without mention-ing in terms the gold standard and with a few words of encouragement to the friends of silver.

The contest will be principally between the advocates of the first and second propositions, and, as it now appears, the outcome will be a compromise between these, which means, of course, that the platform will be almost all that the gold people will de-mand. The extreme gold forces will be led by the New York and Massachusetts delegations, seconded strongly by other castern and western delegates. The advocates of an extreme declaration of sliver are confined largely to the delegations from the inter-mountain states, with some support from the middle states and possibly a few scat-tering delegates from other sections.

Their representation in the committee will be larger than in the convention, but neither ufficient to obtain more than a respectful hearing. They are expected to announce that no compromise whatever will be aceptable to them, and by this practically limitinate themselves from the work on he platform

With this feature of the silver question emoved from the deliberations of the comnittee it is not believed they will be greatly

One question remaining unsettled is that

of the kind that has ever been seen. The ation in favor of encouraging the beet sugar industry, National Committeeman M. H

And we therefor favor such a measure as will increase the production of domestic su-gar up to the limit of producing all of the