

LOOK TO A GOOD TIME

Lord Chief Justice Russell and Sir Frank Lockwood Coming Across.

WILL TOUR AMERICA IN SEPTEMBER

Lord Russell has an Engagement to Speak Once at Saratoga.

PURITANS' DESCENDANTS IN ENGLAND

Visiting the Scenes of the Persecution that Drove Their Fathers Out.

MERITS OF THE NEW RACING YACHTS

Watson's Triumph in Meteor Conceded on All Sides in British Waters and a Visit from Defender Hoped For.

Copyright, 1896, by Press Publishing Company. LONDON, June 13.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—Lord Chief Justice Russell and Sir Frank Lockwood, the latter the chief wit of the English bar, are discussing with enthusiasm their coming visit to the United States. Mr. Cracker Thorpe, another well known queen's counsel, will go with them. Sir Frank was asked today concerning their plans.

We have all looked by the "Gladstone for August 8." He answered, "Lord Russell will be accompanied by Lady Russell and Hon. Miss Russell, while Lady Lockwood and my daughter, Mrs. Lucy Lockwood, are going with me. I have never been across the Atlantic, and look forward to the visit with keenest interest. Lord Russell has visited the United States more than once, and we shall have the advantage of his knowledge in piloting us around. We shall go straight to Saratoga on our way back, after meeting the Bar association, before which Lord Russell will deliver an address, we will make a tour. We are anxious to see as much as possible of America and Americans before we return, but must be back in England by the end of October. Neither of us has, so far, made any engagements beyond the Bar association, to attend which we are primarily going over."

It is now authoritatively said that the estate of Colonel North, the "Nitrate King," is under \$2,000,000. All the English money writers in the daily and weekly press continue to strongly advise their readers against American investments. The Statist of today says: "Even the few bulls who have persisted in hoping for the best have so little open that even a two or three-point fall does not hurt them much. It is not a question of differences with jobbers, but of a clean-up market. The fact that every man and woman American politician perpetrate postures so much the longer the revival of public interest, to say nothing of the return of public confidence in American securities," EXONERATES THE AMERICAN FRUIT.

The name "Perlimmon" of the prince of Wales Derby winner, has caused no end of speculation here, and there are learned articles in all the daily papers about that fruit beloved of American darkeys. One London paper speaks of "a persimmon tree." There is a veritable persimmon tree in the Kensington palace grounds, and it is stunted, and its fruit never ripens. The truth is that the prince gave the name to the colt as a soft joke on the name of its famous sire, Saint Simon, and of the dam, Perilito II.

The American pilgrims who landed at Plymouth, December the other day, and who mean to visit the scenes of the trials and tribulations of their pilgrim forefathers, are receiving a welcome everywhere, but do not confine themselves to nonconformist hospitality. They are to be the guests of the dean of Norwich at the great ecclesiastical celebration, July 1, commemorating the restoration of the Norwich cathedral, at which all manner of high church ceremonies will be the order of the day. Of them today's Telegraph says: "Possibly the shades of their ancestors look down from Elysium in grim disapproval of their descendants' published intention to visit Canterbury, of all places, the headquarters of the accused thing, to wit: The Episcopacy. As a matter of fact, the spirit in which the Congregationalists over the sea have begun their explorations can only be described as admirable. They have not forgotten the treatment which their ancestors received, but they have evidently, like sensible men, long since forgiven it, and the contrast between the chilling circumstances under which the original Mayflower passengers set sail from the coasts of Europe and the warm and cordial reception which their modern representatives are experiencing, is sufficiently striking."

TO BEAT METEOR.

The decided superiority of the German emperor's racing yacht Meteor, at least in light winds, over all the crack craft here, has been fully attested in the past week. Whether it can beat Britannia, or hold its own with Satanita in a real breeze remains to be seen, but all around it is undoubtedly regarded by British yachtsmen as the speediest boat ever sailed in these waters. Britannia has been so unmistakably out-gotten that a rumor is current that the prince of Wales intends to order at the close of the present season a new yacht from Watson, designed like Meteor, to meet the requirements of the new racing rule, while Mr. A. B. Walker, the owner of Alisa, is credited with contemplating a similar order to Fife of Laird, as Alisa is heavily penalized under the new rule for her great beam; but what is agitating them more than anything is whether Meteor is faster than Defender, and on this question the Yachtsman this week says: "No doubt, no time will be lost by our friends across the Atlantic in calculating how little Meteor is slower than Defender. The only way to settle that point, however, is to send Defender to Kiel or Cowes. One thing, indeed, seems quite obvious, that Meteor is a far better yacht in every way than Valkyrie III. Under the new rule Dunraven's champion would probably work out a rating quite prohibitive of its chances against Meteor. It is on record, of course, that it is a duffer to reach and that it cannot carry its sail in a hard wind."

see it stated in the latest files of New York papers that John E. Brooks, the former owner of the schooner Laska, has given a commission to Cary Smith for a new auxiliary yacht. Mr. Brooks has given orders for such a boat, but Watson is building it over here. The London and provincial daily press has had no comment whatever on the Gould scandal and private comment among those who know anything

about it is hostile to the Yacht Racing association. BALLARD SMITH.

FORCING YZAGA FROM CUBA.

Consul General Lee Notified of the Government's Determination. (Copyright, 1896, by Press Publishing Company.) HAVANA, Cuba, June 13.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—The government notified Consul General Lee today that it had ordered the expulsion of Jose Antonio Yznaga by the next steamer. Yznaga is an American citizen of a family well known in New York. He is a cousin of Consuelo Yznaga, the duchess of Manchester, and has a cousin, Count de Lazzardi, who is a major of Spanish guerrillas of Santa Espiritus. Mr. Yznaga's valuable plantation was burned this year by insurgents. Since the war, until recently, he has acted as the assistant of a New York correspondent. It is charged that he assisted the rebels, and under the guise of an interpreter, gave to foreign newspapers false news detrimental to the Spanish army. Yznaga filed a claim some time ago against Spain for loss of property.

Henry L. Nelson, editor of Harper's Weekly, has written to General Lee, asking him to do what he can for Dawley and asking to be notified what he (Nelson) can do to aid the correspondent. Dawley is still in Morocco.

A large force of rebels seems to be gathering in Manacosa, district of Santa Clara province. Leaders Zayas, Cayto, Alvarez, Rafael, Socorro, Flete, Hernandez, Torres and Roban are reported to be there.

La Lucha copies the World's story about lack of hotel accommodations for negroes in St. Louis, and heads it "Viva in Liberty." W. W. GAY.

BLANTHER WAS A BRAVE SOLDIER.

Brilliant Career of a Man Now Suspect of Murder.

VIENNA, June 13.—The newspapers of this city are publishing additional facts regarding the career of Joseph Blanthier, who is suspected of being the murderer of Mrs. Philopina Langfeldt, a wealthy lady of San Francisco, who was found dead about the middle of last month the morning after Blanthier had played cards in her room in the city named. At the age of 19 Blanthier, while serving with the Austrian army of occupation in Bosnia and Herzegovina in 1878, with his company defended the position of a battery of artillery against a superior force of insurgents. Of this company and battery Blanthier and one sergeant escaped injury, all the others being either killed or wounded. For this he received the Order of the Iron Crown, being the youngest officer upon whom this order has been conferred. Later, at a review of the Vienna campaign Blanthier was presented to the Emperor. He was promoted to the rank of Captain, and received from the latter the Order of the Italian Crown.

Blanthier was compelled to leave the army owing to his heavy debts in 1886 and went to the United States. His mother has been heard from him since.

BERMUDA SAILS AGAIN FOR CUBA.

Carries a Cargo of Arms and Ammunition to the Insurgents.

NEW YORK, June 13.—The World this morning says: The steamship Bermuda was to have left Philadelphia last night with another cargo of arms and ammunition for the Cuban insurgents. The presence in this city during the last fortnight of Colonel Francisco Leyda Vidal has been the subject of considerable comment among the Cubans. Vidal was in command of the last party of filibusters that the Bermuda carried to Cuba. Yesterday morning Vidal received a secret order from the junta, and he and his companions left the hotel at once. Each man carried a machete in a canvas sheath. They went to Jersey City, where they were joined by a dozen more Cubans, and all took the train for Philadelphia. These, with others already on the spot, comprised the expedition that was expected to sail on the Bermuda.

The expedition consists of fifty men, among them being several physicians, who carry with them a full supply of medicines and surgical instruments. Stowed away in the hold of the Bermuda are 1,000 rifles, four Hotchkiss guns and a large number of machine guns.

COLONEL RHODES IS BANISHED.

Formerly Escort to the Border of the South African Republic.

CAPE TOWN, South Africa, June 12.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—Colonel Francis W. Rhodes, brother of Cecil Rhodes, has been escorted to the border of the South African republic by Boer officials. After the sentence of death passed upon the Johannesburg reform leader for treason had been commuted to banishment for fifteen years, and the fine had been fixed at £25,000 each, they were released from the prison at Pretoria and informed that the banishment would be suspended if they would take oath not to take part in Transvaal politics. Hammond, Phillips and Farrar took the oath, but Rhodes refused to do so. Therefore he has been banished for fifteen years.

AS A CAT WALKS A MOUSE.

Spanish War Ship Follows the Fish-Breeder in English Waters.

LONDON, Jamaica, June 13.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—The American filibustering steamer Laura has gone sailing within the three league limit. A Spanish war ship is following her and an English cruiser is watching the Spaniard, having orders to prevent an attack on the Laura in British waters.

Holds to His Claim on the Crown.

PARIS, June 13.—Parts of a letter from Prince Victor Napoleon to General Dubarrail have been published. They are as follows: "You call my attention to newspaper articles speaking of imaginary negotiations carried on with the object of inducing me to abandon my rights. The Napoleons have no rights except those they hold from the people, and the people alone can invalidate those rights. As the representative of a great cause, I shall never abdicate the duty which my name imposes. We can patiently support misfortune, and am one of those who face resolutely, but coolly, the future, in which my faith remains unshaken."

Reform Leaders Lions of the Hour.

JOHANNESBURG, June 13.—Lionel Phillips and George Farrar, the recently released leaders of the Johannesburg reform committee, met with an enthusiastic reception upon their arrival here. They were carried on the shoulders of their admirers to the stock exchange, where they received an ovation. The buildings were invaded by excited outsiders, and business had to be suspended. France Enjoys Commercial Prosperity. PARIS, June 13.—According to the official returns just published the imports into France for the past five months show an increase of 195,000,000 francs over the same period of 1895, and during the same time the exports from France have increased 69,000,000 francs.

HAS TOO MUCH TO DO

Tory Party in England Finds it Made Too Many Election Promises.

TWO LEADING BILLS MAY BE MODIFIED

Government Adherents Are Summoned to Meet and Confer.

SOUDAN EXPEDITION IS CONDEMNED

Opposition is Preparing to Introduce a Formal Vote of Censure.

DERVISH FIGHTING POWER STILL GREAT

British Troops Will Be Necessary to Back Up Sir Herbert Kitchener—President Kruger's Big Stroke of Business.

(Copyright, 1896, by the Associated Press.) LONDON, June 13.—Several matters have occurred during the week to ruffle the surface of the British political pond. Mr. A. J. Balfour, the conservative leader and first lord of the treasury, in order to expedite the Irish land bill, is summoning a meeting of the government adherents for Monday at the Foreign office. This is a signal of distress upon the part of the government, which is suffering from the effects of a surplusage of election promises and finds it necessary to call a conference with the view of attempting to reconcile its followers to the sacrifice of some of their hopes. It is generally recognized that the government will be forced to modify the education and Irish land bills if an autumn session is to be avoided.

In foreign politics the topic of moment is the marquis of Salisbury's declaration in the House of Lords last evening of the policy of the government in regard to the expedition against the Sudan, and the opposition is preparing to condemn the expedition by introducing a formal motion of censure. The progress of the Sudan expedition is followed with the liveliest interest. Military experts point out that while the successes have had an excellent effect upon the morale of the Egyptians, they will also show the khalfia and his friends their danger and serve to consolidate them. Further it is pointed out that, contrary to the usual condition of the Sudan war, the Egyptian in the fight at Pirket acted on the offensive, whereas the reverse is usually the case. In spite of these disadvantages, the Dervishes made so stout a fight that they lost 1,300 men in two hours. The deduction is that the Dervishes have lost none of their fighting power, and there is no conclusive proof that under equal circumstances the Egyptians would hold their own. The killing of a thousand or two fighting men at Pirket, it is claimed, will not cause the submission of the Dervishes of the central Sudan, and while it may place the Dongola at Sir Herbert Kitchener's mercy, it will have to be supplemented by harder fighting before he takes Khartoum or even Elker. The military authorities also insist upon the necessity for the despatch of British troops in order to enable Sir Herbert Kitchener to derive full benefit from his victory, as the present force under his command is being weakened daily by death and sickness.

Financially, President Kruger has done a great stroke of business in the Transvaal. The fines of the Johannesburg reformers total up \$1,000,000, equal to one-fifth of a year's income of the South African republic. It is opined that he will not apply the money to the relief of taxation, as in that event, the uitlanders would get the most of it back.

The illness of ex-Queen Natalie of Serbia causing considerable anxiety to her friends. Before leaving Biarritz for Paris she showed signs of serious nervous disorder, which are said to have had their origin in the fright experienced by attempts to break into her solitary mansion, which overlooks Biarritz.

WHAT YALE WILL FIND.

Whether Yale is victorious at Henley or not, it will have the satisfaction of knowing that the strongest crews that can be formed in England will be there. This will be a change from the outlook of last week and is especially gratifying to the Leander Boat club. That organization, it is believed, will not turn out the best crew it ever had. This change may have been brought about by the fears expressed in the English press, as cabled to the Associated Press last week, that Yale would not find any first class crew in a position to meet her, Leander and the Thames being particularly pointed out as not likely to have good crews. But the makeup of the former crew, which has just been announced, but not yet announced, indicates efforts to retain the grand challenge cup. They have what several rowing authorities regard as an almost invincible crew.

All the members of the Leander crew are Oxonians and Sherwood, Carr, Balfour and Gold were members of this year's Oxford crew. Gold was stroke of the Dark Blue eight and was a member of the Eton crew, which made such a fine showing at Henley last year. The victory of Oxford over Cambridge this year is still in the memory of all oarsmen and earned for them the title of the best and pluckiest crew Oxford ever had.

Henley is eagerly awaiting the arrival of the Yale crew. The old town is already much livelier than usual and indications point to the record being broken in point of the number of people who will be present. Practically all the hotels have already disposed of their accommodations at prices ranging from 13 (12) per person daily upward. Many of the seats on the grand stand have been sold and the house boats are commanding a fabulous rent.

WHERE THE YALES WILL LODGE.

The Marsh Mill house, which has been selected to be the headquarters of the young men from New Haven, is now in perfect condition and awaiting the visitors. It is situated about half a mile down the river from Henley bridge and is about a quarter of a mile below the boat house used by the Cornell crew. The Marsh Mill house stands next to the old Marsh Mill gardens which run down to the river and a back-water runs through a well kept garden. The place is charming, secluded and convenient, but rather low-lying.

The prince and princess of Wales on Monday will go to Selwood park, Sunningdale, which has been lent to them for the Ascot races and for the same week the duke and

duchess of Marlborough have taken a place called Cissbury, where they will entertain a small party of Americans who have secured tickets for the royal enclosure at Ascot through the United States embassy. They include the Misses Price and Mrs. Brice, Mr. and Mrs. Fairchild, Mrs. Colgate, Mrs. Slater and Miss Gwynne.

The meeting of the Women's Liberal federation on Thursday passed a resolution demanding reform in the divorce laws, which it was claimed, provide that a wife's unfaithfulness is sufficient ground for a divorce, while a wife is powerless to obtain a divorce in order to obtain the same decree. One of the finest of Romney's pictures, "Caroline, Viscountess Chifden, and Her Sister," representing music and painting, was sold at auction on Thursday for 10,500 guineas, about \$53,500. It was bought by a dealer. The picture was painted for the fourth duke of Marlborough and was presented to him by Lord Chifden. The essential title of the picture is the exciting auction was the duke of Marlborough's agent, Perry.

W. A. Brady of New York has been busy employed since his arrival in the metropolis. He says: "My principal object in coming over this summer was to arrange a meeting between Corbett and Fitzsimmons. However, there is no chance of a fight, so I am doing as the feeling against Corbett is very bitter. My idea was to arrange the meeting at the Bohlingbock club; but that I now also deem impracticable."

ASTOR IS NOW WELL IN THE SWIM.

Famous Dog and Cat Show Given by the Association which occurred on Thursday and Friday.

LONDON, June 13.—The last drawing room of the season was held on Wednesday and the Ascot races are to be run next week, consequently the end of the season is in sight. The past week overflowed with gaieties and all the members of the royal family, except the queen, were in town and the country seen almost everywhere. Mr. William Waldorf Astor's party on Tuesday was quite the affair of the week. Even such hostesses as Lady Derby and Mrs. Arthur Wilson, who had parties the same night, suffered and were loud in their complaints against the "American millionaire," who seems finally to be established in English society.

One of the principal social events of the week was the show of the Ladies' Kennel association which occurred on Thursday and Friday. It was held in the historic grounds of Holland park and was given under the immediate patronage of the princess of Wales, who distributed the prizes, which amounted to £3,000 (\$15,000). The council of the Ladies' Kennel association includes such well known leaders of fashions as the duchess of Bedford, the duchess of Devon, the countess of Leinster, the countess of Warwick, Lady Arthur Grosvenor, Lady Hothfield, Lady Helen Stewart and Lady Adela Lurking. Other prominent members are the countess de Mercy Argenteau, whose special admiration in the way of pets is collies; Mrs. Lady Douglas, who is interested in deerhounds; Miss Marie Corbell, the duchess of Devon, who is interested in Italian and Russian dogs; Lady Kilmaine, black pugs; Lady Helen Stewart, fox terriers, and Mrs. Lake Walker, Pomeranians.

The first cat show in connection with the Ladies Kennel association was also held at the same time. For this Lord Marcus Beraford offered a challenge bowl of the value of twenty-five guineas for the best blue Persian cat.

Another prominent open air function was the Richmond horse show, which occurred yesterday and today. A number of valuable prizes are to be distributed by well known patrons of the turf. Such was the success of the production of "Romeo and Juliet," by the Misses Vera and Esme Beringer a few weeks ago, that Edward Terry has arranged for a series of performances of the play by the same artists at Drury Lane. The engagement will be fulfilled as soon as the summer's arrangements at the theater will permit.

Charles Wyndham is so impressed with the success of his new play "Rosemary" that he has decided to offer the play at Henley and E. S. Williams has made for the American rights of the play. It is not improbable that Mr. Wyndham will make another tour of the United States in the near future when "Rosemary" will be the chief attraction.

Edward Terry will at the close of the year assume charge of his Strand theater. He will produce a new play, "Love in Idleness," which is the joint composition of Louis Parker and J. Goodman.

Arthur Boucher will take to America in November and produce "The Chill Widow" at the Garden theater, New York.

The new musical comedy entitled "The Telephone Girl," for which Sir Augustus Harris, E. C. Durnaud and Arthur Sturges will produce a new play, "Love in Idleness," which is the joint composition of Louis Parker and J. Goodman.

CUBANS LOSE FIVE HUNDRED MEN.

Forty-Two Hours Fighting—Spanish Losses Small—Dawley Is Free.

HAVANA, June 13.—General Canales's force of 5,000 was defeated recently on the plains of Saratoga, near Najara, province of Puerto Principe, after a fight of forty-two hours by Jimenez Castales's troops. Gomez lost fully 500 men.

General Godas's command, which reinforced the troops, lost four soldiers killed and two officers wounded.

The Jose Antonio Yznaga, an American newspaper man, has been expelled and Richard de La Torre has been forbidden to return to Cuba.

Thomas Dawley, the artist, has been released.

Lowered the World's Record.

PARIS, June 13.—John S. Johnson, the American cyclist, yesterday lowered the world record for 20 1/2 seconds. He also lowered the European quarter-mile record to 24 seconds.

Will Not Succeed Lord Dufferin.

LONDON, June 12.—Lord Lansford denies the statement of the Saturday Review that he will succeed the marquis of Dufferin as British ambassador at Paris.

Movements of Ocean Vessels, June 13.

At New York—Arrived—New York, from Southampton; Diamant, from Hamburg; At Philadelphia—Arrived—Sailed for London; Etruria, for Liverpool; Massanutta, for Rotterdam; Paris, for London; Sailed for Bremen, via Southampton; Circassia, for Glasgow; Aloha, for Melbourne. At New York—Sailed—Dredon, for New York; At Philadelphia—Sailed—Sailed for New York; At Havre—Sailed—La Breche, for New York. At Southampton—Sailed—St. Louis, for New York. At Boston—Sailed—Bavonia, for Liverpool. At Philadelphia—Sailed—Heidelberg, for Liverpool. At Gibraltar—Sailed—Olympia, for Liverpool. At Gibraltar—Sailed—Paula, from Baltimore. At Dover—Sailed—Sailed, for Baltimore. At Dover—Arrived—Landed, from Baltimore. At Cardiff—Arrived—Oak Branch, from Panama.

AS ALLY OR VASSAL

Little Bavaria Makes a Move to Break the Yoke of the Kaiser.

PRINCE LUDWIG'S SPEECH AT MOSCOW

Relations Between Berlin and Munich Are Becoming Very Strained.

EMPEROR BLAMES HENRY OF PRUSSIA

Says the Prince Should Not Have Left the Feast with the Others.

DEMANDS OF THE FATHERLAND IN AFRICA

Gossip and News of the Week in Germany—Severe Hail and Rain Storms—William May See Austrian Maneuvers.

(Copyright, 1896, by the Associated Press.) BERLIN, June 13.—The political sensation of the week, eclipsing even Emperor William's talk to the czar and the telegram of renunciation to the widow of Jules Simon, is the speech, which only recently leaked out, of Prince Ludwig of Bavaria at Moscow and the strained relations between Berlin and Munich which were thereby revealed. It is true that there have been many indications of ill feeling since a year ago, when the emperor reviewed the Bavarian army and unmistakably showed, to the chagrin of the regent Prince Luitpold, his desire to be signs of a subordinate commander in fact as well as in name, and more recently, in the manner in which the peace jubilee was celebrated at Munich without a mention of the emperor or the empire, the imperial army or the imperial flag; and it is now added that the regent is going to visit Vienna instead of Berlin, which has accentuated the strained relations as did the tone of the Diet and of the press.

Emperor William interprets the constitutional position of Bavaria in relation to the empire as being a subordinate one and as the Bavarian dynasty to a subordinate position when it appears with the Hohenzollern. This is strongly disapproved at the Munich court and without doubt, Prince Ludwig, the future king of Bavaria, deliberately and purposely framed his speech in the way he did, repudiating for his dynasty and for the other princes the role of vassals, and claiming that of allies, which accurately represents the views of the Bavarian court.

BLAMES PRINCE HENRY.

As a curious coincidence, the German newspapers were only informed of the incident the day Prince Henry of Prussia returned from Moscow, and in court circles it is said that the emperor severely blamed Prince Henry for lack of tact in not himself correcting the slip of the proposal of the toast in referring to the "princes in the suite" of Prince Henry of Prussia and in leaving the fetes with the other princes, instead of remaining, and thus avoiding widening the breach.

Eye witnesses describe Prince Ludwig as speaking passionately and indignantly. Prince Ludwig's report, incident to the emperor, in no way lessens the import of his word. The Bavarian newspapers approved the prince's conduct. They are appalled in South Germany. In government circles here there is a disinclination to discuss the matter, but the independent press is outspoken.

The National Zeitung says: "Such conduct must be regarded in Germany the most pronounced disapprobation. No matter if it is a prince and future sovereign, no German, no matter who he is, must cause a quarrel in foreign capitals, and thus create the impression that the empire's fabric is loosened by particularism."

The Vossische Zeitung remarks: "Russia and France now believe they may draw the logical conclusion that there will at least be a faint resistance at Munich, where it is intended to drive the wedge into the German empire. Fortunately we are convinced without the people, who are thoroughly German and adhere to the emperor and the empire, in spite of the dynasty schemes of their rulers."

Conversing with ex-Governor Von Scheele of East Africa at the Army races in the Hoppegarten, on Monday, the emperor remarked that all Germany wanted in Africa was the preservation of the status quo. It is thought that Von Scheele may succeed Von Wiseman, whose health is broken down. Emperor William, the grand duke of Baden and the king of Saxony propose to attend the unveiling of the monument to Emperor William I on the Kyffhauser mountain on June 15; 18,000 veterans from all parts of Germany will take part in the ceremony.

KAISER TO VISIT KRUPP.

Emperor William is to visit Krupp, the great gun manufacturer, in August, and his majesty will probably accept Emperor Francis Joseph's invitation to witness the maneuvers in Galicia. The German autumn maneuvers will be inaugurated September 8 and 9. There will be extensive cavalry scouting maneuvers between Gorlitz and Bautzen, trying on a large scale the new system of obtaining and utilizing news of the enemy's movements. While the emperor takes a trip to the north sea, the empress and the four youngest princes will reside at Wilhelmshafen.

A recent decision of the imperial court of Leipzig denies the right of the rulers of the various states to interfere in cases pending before that tribunal to pardon offenders sentenced there.

During the past week there have been heavy thunder and rain storms, accompanied by intense heat, which have done great damage. In the upper Rhine valley a storm, accompanied by hail, thunder and lightning, destroyed the church of Barrien, Hanover, killing or maiming a couple of people. At St. Johann lightning struck a church during a religious service, killing two people and injuring thirty others. Great damage has been done to the crops in Mecklenburg, and in the vicinity of Hamburg, and lightning fired several buildings. In addition, the rains have been doing damage to the Berlin exposition grounds. There has been a score of fatal sunstrokes at various points.

An issue of the Cologne Volks Zeitung has been confiscated, owing to an article on the Von Koelsch scandals.

The Vulcan ship building yards have received orders for three Chinese cruisers. Lenbach, the Bismarck portrait painter, has become converted to Protestantism, which will enable him to obtain a divorce from his wife, formerly Countess Von

THE BULLETIN.

- 1. England's Soudan Campaign.
- 2. Rosewater Outlets.
- 3. Outlets to County C.
- 4. Last Week in Local Society.
- 5. Lincoln Rate Case Again Postponed.
- 6. Council House Local Matters.
- 7. University Club Tennis Last Victory.
- 8. Women's Leader's Claim for Back Pay.
- 9. Rejoice: Her Ways and Her World.
- 10. "Helen's Reserve Force."
- 11. Editorial and Comment.
- 12. Story of the Omaha Exposition.
- 13. Commercial and Financial.
- 14. Echoes from the Auto Rooms.
- 15. Masonic Interests in Washington.
- 16. Party Leaders Now in Council.
- 17. Recollections of John G. Whittier.
- 18. In the Wheeling World.
- 19. Weekly Grist of Sporting Gossip.
- 20. "Rodney Stone."

Motke, who wishes to marry Dr. Schwenning, Princess Bismarck's physician.

Claus Spreckels was investigating the methods and machinery of the beet sugar refining industry of Madgeburg during the week.

The trial of the case of Robert Keene, the American horseman, accused of racing a mare under an assumed name, is set for July 4, in this city.

Walter Danrosch has engaged Lilly Lehmann, Paul Kalisch and Ernest Kraus for a winter season of German opera in America, and has re-engaged Stepmann, Lange, Fischer, Mertens and Eibenschütz.

Mr. and Mrs. Potter Palmer and many other Americans have passed through Berlin this week on their way from Moscow.

General A. McEl, McCook and Mrs. McCook, ex-Secretary of Location Crosby of Colorado Springs, and ex-Collector Phyllis of Philadelphia are staying in Berlin.

A decree has been issued by which the measurements of vessels in the United States are recognized in German ports with out remuneration.

SHOOTING AFFRAY AT CRAWFORD.

Saloon Keeper and a Soldier Injured to Make a Fight.

CRAWFORD, Neb., June 13.—(Special Telegram.)—A fight, resulting in a saloon keeper being badly if not mortally wounded and a soldier shot by a policeman, occurred here tonight. The town is excited over the affair, as it comes as a part of the aftermath of the Fort Robinson-Crawford trouble over the attempt of closing the canteen some time ago.

LOOKS BLUE FOR THE SILVER MEN.

Mountain Delegates Not in a Position to Make a Fight.

ST. LOUIS, June 13.—The silver men were early on the ground and for the first few days there was considerable silver talk. Finally a conference was proposed, but was not held, it being stated by nearly all the prominent silverites that until Senator Teller arrived there could be nothing done and the silver forces could not be organized. Mr. Teller will probably be here tonight and there will be a revival of the silver discussion.

The western men have been coming in during the day, but they are not doing much talking. In fact, they find the gold sentiment so strong that they have no hope whatever of making any particular show in the convention. They are finding that a majority of the republicans from the silver states will not bolt or leave the republican party if they do not get what they want.

In fact, the silver fight does not assume very great proportions in the face of the great gold sentiment which is prevailing here. Lyttleton Price, delegate from Idaho, arrived today. He says a ticket nominated on a gold platform could not secure 150 votes in Idaho. He intends to offer the following to the convention: "We hold that the veto power given to the president was not intended to be used to defeat the authority of congress to make laws on proper subjects within constitutional limitations. We condemn such an exercise of this power as an unwarranted invasion of the legislative department of the government, and we demand a return to the legitimate use of this power as it was understood and exercised by the fathers of our institutions."

PENNSYLVANIA STANDS BY QUAY.

Governor Hastings Says His State Has No Compromise Candidate.

HASTINGSVILLE, June 13.—Governor Hastings of Pennsylvania and party passed through the city enroute to St. Louis at 10 o'clock this morning. A reporter asked Governor Hastings if Senator Quay's name would be presented to the convention for president. The governor said: "It will be most assuredly. I am authorized to present his name, and that I will do to the best of my ability."

When Governor Hastings was informed that the morning dispatches stated that Senator Quay's name would not go before the convention, he said that he had not