.. St. Louis Convention.

Members of the Delegation. Where the Delegates Live. Who the Delegates are. Sketches of Their Careers. Why they Favor McKinley.

The Nebraska delegation to the republican national convention at St. Louis has made all the preliminary arrangements for the trip and for its accommodation while there. At a meeting held in Lincoin on April 24 John L. Webster of Omaba was a publican ticket. selected chairman of the delegation, T. P. publican ticket Rennard of Lincoln vice chairman and H. Dovey of Plattsmouth secretary. Mr. 0-0 Webster was delegated to make arrange- o pose and are as pleasant and commodious as could be, considering the crush that will

have to be contended with. The entire delegation is composed of enthusiactic McKinley men and intends to do Its share of the shouting for the Ohio man. In addition to strong personal preferences it is tied up with positive instructions as

Whereas, The republican party of Ne braska, in state convention assembled, be-lieves in the rule of the majority and recogthat the overwhelming sentiment of aska republicans is favorable to the idacy of William McKinley of Ohio for sident of the United States; therefore,

president of the United States; therefore, be it

Resolved, by this convention, That we heartily elimend the candidacy of William McKinley for nomination by the national republican convention to the highest office in the gift of the American people, because of his spotiess private life, his sterling honesty, his undoubted political integrity, his high moral courage, his lofty patriotism, his spiendid citizenship and his superb statesmanship. We unqualifiedly endorse his candidacy because he is the acknowledged champion of the overshadowing issue; "American markets for American producers, protection to American industries and American labor."

We regard him as the logical and invincible leader of the republican hosts in their victorious campaign of 1896, and triumphal resentry into power on March 4, 1897. Be it further.

Resolved, by this convention, That the four Resolved, by this convention. That the four delegates at-large and the four alternates at-large selected by this convention to represent this commonwealth at the national republican convention at St. Louis, be, and each of them is, hereby instructed to use all honorable means to secure the nomination of William McKinley at the hands of said convention, and to this end they, and each of them, are further instructed to vote for William McKinley on the first ballot, and on each succeeding ballot until he is nominated or his name is withdrawn from the context.

The Allerates from the various districts

are also instructed for McKinley without ex-At the Southern, where they will have their headquarters, they will be in the midst of the McKinley forces, the official headquarters of the Ohio man being at that hotel.

The delegates from the various districts

LIST OF THE DELEGATION. The following is the list of delegates and their alternates as prepared for the national

roll call: Delegates-at-Large — John L. Webster, Omaha; alternate, O. G. Smith, Kearney; Thomas P. Kennard, Lincoln; alternate, L. P. Judd, Cedar Rapide; Peter Jansen, Jansen; alternate, C. B. Dempster, Beatrice; George H. Thummel, Grand Island; alternate, A. C. Wright, Elmwood.

First District-L. L. Lindsey, Lincoln: no alternate; H. N. Dovey, Plattsmouth; alternate, S. P. Davidson, Tecumseh.
Second District—John M. Thurston,
Omaha; alternate, James Walsh, Benson;
John C. Cowin, Omaha; alternate, B. F.

Monroe Blair. Third District-John T. Bressler, Wayne; alternate, H. C. Baird, Coleridge; John C. Martin, Clarks; alternate, C. J. Garlow, Co-

Fourth District-F. M. Wetherald, Hebron; alternate, Alex Graham, Beatrice; C. B. Anderson, Do Witt; alternate, G. J. Ralls-Fifth District—J. P. A. Black, Blooming-ton; alternate, C. H. Beaumant, Madrid; S. W. Christy, Edgar; alternate, J. S. Hoover,

Sixth District-B. H. Goodell, Kearney;

alternate, D. T. Davenport, Valentine; E. L. Meyer, Newport; alternate, J. O. Taylor, Broken Bow.

0-0-0 * * * * * * * * * JOHN L. WEBSTER, Delegate-at-Large.

John L. Webster of Omaha, delegate-atlarge and chairman of the Nebraska delega-tion, was born March 18, 1847, in Harrison county, Ohio. He served in the union army from May to October, 1864, and in 1867 he was graduated from Mount Union college, Alliance, O. He went sonn afterward to Pitts-burg, where he studied law for two years with the famous lawyer, Tom Marshall. then came to Omaha. Here, in March, 1869, the young lawyer entered on his career. He acquired national fame as the counsel for Standing Bear and other Ponca Indians who had been captured in Dakota and were pars-ing through Omaha in charge of General Crock on their way to the Indian Territory. Mr. Webster took up the cause of these people and secured from Judge Dundy a declaim that an Indian is a person within the meaning of the habeas corpus act, and that he has the right to go from one place to another, provided he does not threaten the peace and welfare of the people.

In politics, as well as law, Mr. Webster

has achieved success. In 1872 he was elected a member of the Nebraska legislature. In 1875, when he was only 27 years old, he was elected president of the constitutional convention, composed of the very pick of the men of the state. In April, 1892, he was almost unanimously chosen as a delegate-at-large to the national republican con-

In 1894 Mr. Webster received the degree t Li.D. from Mount Union college, O. He was appointed special counsel and later designated by the legislature to protect the interests of the state in the celebrated maximum freight rate case. He was chief counsel for Governor John M. Thayer in the Boyd-Thayer contest for the governorship of Nebraska, and which he also the supreme court of the United Mr. Webster was also chief counsel in the impeachment cases wherein three state officials were charged with misconduct in office, the trial being before the state supreme court in 1893. Mr. Webster

In another noteworthy suit Mr. Webster won a decision from the federal court that when an Indian severs his tribal relations and submits himself to the jurisdiction of the company now manufactures one of the United States he is a citizen and as firgest these of farm supplies of any com-

O. G. SMITH, Alternate-at-Large.

O. G. Smith, alternate-at-large, was born at Boscobel, Wis. October 28, 1861. His father was engaged in the hotel business at that time. A few years later he removed to a farm in the central part of Grant county, that state, where he now residee and where the youth of O. G. Smith was passed, and where he received his education in the country school. In 1880 he was seized with the western fever and came to Ne-braska, locating on a farm in Lancaster county, where he continued to cultivate the

THOMAS P. KENNARD, Delegate-at-Large. Mebster was delegated to make arrangements for hotel accommodations and has
secured rooms at the Sturtevant house and
headquarters at the Southern. The delegation will leave in a body on Sunday, June
d4, in order to be on hand to take part in
all of the preliminary skirmishing before
the convention assembles. Its handwards. the convention assembles. Its headquarters at the hotels are well adapted for the purwere such that young Kennard received only a limited common school education. At the expiration of his four years' apprenticeship he received a suit of clothes and \$150. His father purchased the factory, and the two operated it for four years, when young Kennard commenced the practice of law, for which he had been preparing himself during the years.

his spare moments.

In 1856 he took an active part in the political campaign in behalf of the republican ticket. In the spring of 1857 he decided to come west, and landed in Omaha from a stamboat on the 24th of April of that year. He settled at DeSoto, which was then the county sear of Washington county and at the county sear of Washington county and at the He settled at Desolo, which was their the county seat of Washington county, and at that time one of the most promising villages in the new territory. He took up the practice of his profession in his new home. While residing there he was elected to a seat in the constitutional convention for the pro-posed state of Nebraska, but the people voted against statehood, and the convention voted against statehood, and the convention never met. In 1861 he was appointed deputy United States assessor for the district north of Omaha. When it was again decided to at-tempt statehood Mr. Kennard was nominated for secretary of state. The democrats made a fight against state organization and the re-publicans for it. Statehood carried and the republican ticket was elected, Mr. Kennard along with the rest. Under the then conalong with the rest. Under the then con-stitution there was no lieutenant governor stitution there was no lieutenant governor and the secretary of state was acting governor in the absence of that official from the state, which occurred quite often. Mr. Kennard was one of the capital location commissioners, and removed to Lincoln in the fall of 1868, after the capital had been located at that point, and has lived there ever since, taking an active interest in all political and public questions. In the '70s he was elected to the state senate from Lancaster county. He was also one of the he was elected to the state senate from Lancaster county. He was also one of the commissioners appointed by the United States to appraise about 3,000,000 acres of land belonging to the Cherckees in the Indian territory. Since then he has not been an aspirant for any recognition at the hands of the party, though taking an active part in all of the campaigns.

business. In the fall of 1889 he was elected treasurer of Boone county and was re-elected He was elected to the state legislature in 1894.

0-0-0 PETER JANSEN,

0-0 Delegate-at-Large. Peter Jansen of Jansen, delegate-at-large, was born in Berdjansk, South Russia, March 21, 1852. His father was Prussian consul at the above place for eighteen years and also carried on an extensive grain business and was engaged in farming. The family belonged to the Mennonite church, somewhat like the Quakers of this country. belonged to the Mennonite church, somewhat like the Quakers of this country. His father was exiled from Russia in 1873 on account of taking up the cause of his people and denouncing some of the Russian officials. Mr. Jansen came to this country in 1873, landing in Canada and making extensive trips through the United States with his cather selecting a suitable place for a settlefather, selecting a suitable place for a settleent of a colony of his people. They bought a large tract of land from the B. & M. railroad through the late A. E. Touzalin, who was then land commissioner of that road. Mr. Jansen has ever since lived on the ranch he started in 1874. Both he and the ranch he started in 1874. Both he and the people whom he was instrumental in bringing to Nebraska have prospered in their new homes. He is himself engaged extensively in the breeding and fattening of sacep, handling from 15,000 to 25,000 head each year. He hopes that with the nomination and election of McKinley the sheep business will be more profitable than it has been of late. Mr. Jansen, like nearly all of the people in the colony, is a staunch republican. He has traveled extensively, not republican. He has traveled extensively, not celly in this country, but in other lands. He has never held any office and declares he does not want any, but believes it is the duty of every good citizen to take an interest in politics and help purify them when

C. B. DEMPSTER, Alternate-at-Large. C. B. Dempster of Beatrice, alternate-at-C. B. Dempster of Beatries, afternate-at-large, was born on a farm near Dundee, N. Y. January 10, 1853. His father was a Scotchman and his mother a New Yorker. The family removed to Illinois in 1853, when the country was yet thinly settled in the portion in which they located. On the breaking out of the war the older brothers enlisted, leaving him and his younger brothers to till the farm. Up to the age of 19 he had no educational advantages beyond attending the district school in the winter months. In the fall of 1872 Mr. Dempster left home and went to Eigin and afterward to Chicago. He removed to Beatrice in 1878 and engaged in the retail pump and windmill business. From this in the spring of 1884 he, in connection with his brother, drifted into the manufacturing of windmills. In 1886 the business was incorporated and he was elected president of the company, which position he pany in the United States, with a paid up capital of \$218,000, and employing 202 hands, having factories at Beatrice, Florence, Ala, and a branch at Des Moines. He is espentially a self-made man, never having had help from any source. Has giways been a republican and cast his first vote for R. B. Hayes for president. Has never held any office of importance, in fact, he says he had rather tried to keep out of politics. rather tried to keep out of politics.

0-0-0 * * * * * * * * GEORGE H. THUMMEL.

. Delegate-at-Large. George H. Thummel of Grand Island, the George H. Thummel of Grand Island, the fourth delegate-at-large, has been prominent county, where he continued to cultivate the farm until the fail of 1884, when he was appointed farmer of the State Industrial school at Kearney. For competency and faithfulness be has been promoted from time to time, until now he is assistant superintendent of the institution, which he is filling in an acceptable manner in addition to retaining control of the farm, under his management, is looked upon as a model. Mr. Smith has made a study of irrigation, and is an enthusiast on that subject. He has conducted numerous practical experiments in this colonies, and remained fourth delegate-at-large, has been prominent the colonies, and remained fourth delegate-at-large, has been prominent the colonies, and remained fourth delegate-at-large, has been prominent there until 1873, when he came to Nebraska and purchased a farm a few miles from Omaha, and upon which he now resides. Mr. Waish lays claim to being the original McKinley man of this section of country. In 1891, when Nebraska sent a carized of the agricultural products through the central and eastern states, Mr. Waish went in 1871, state senator in the session of 1877 and to have been at the conventions when Judge Maxwell was renominated and at the conventions when Judge Maxwell was renominated and at the conventions when Judge Post and Judge Harrison were nominated. He was a delegate, but as a member of the republican state convention when Judge Maxwell was renominated and at the conventions when Judge Post and Judge Marrison were nominated. He was a delegate but as a McKinley shouter. Early in the spring of 1895 Mr. Waish organized a McKinley shouter of the state of Ohio. At the list of the state of Ohio, At the list of the state of Ohio, At the list of the state of Ohio.

one | 1882. His father was a republican and h has always been of the same faith.

A. C. WRIGHT,

Alternate-at-Large. A. C. Wright of Elmwood, the last of the alternates-at-large, was born at Oxford, O., December 25, 1858. He learned the telegraph business and worked in different cities in Ohio until 1882, when he came to Nebraska. He has been a resident of Cass county ever since, except two years spent in Washington and two in Ohio. He had charge of the document department in the Ohio cam-paign in 1891 when Major McKinley was first elected governor. Mr. Wright had charge of the document department in this state in the campaigns of 1892 and 1894. He was chief clerk in the governor's office during Governor Crounse's term. He has been acting president of the Nebraska Mc-Kinley clubs for several months, and also state organizer for the Nebraska Republican League clubs. Has been an enthusiastic McKinley man for ten years and his admiration for the Ohio man has grown with

0-0-0 . . L. L. LINDSEY, Delegate, First District.

L. L. Lindsey of Lincoln, one of the dele-L. L. Lindsey of Lincoln, one of the delegates from the First district, was born in Frankfort, Ky., August 13, 1854, attended the public schools at that place and took a business course at Berea college, Madison, Ky. Returning to Frankfort he filled the position of steward of the Capital hotel in that city, afterward filling like positions in that city, afterward filling like positions in the Galt house, Louisville; the Gibson house, Cincinnati; the Put-in-Bay house, Put-in-Bay, O., and the Tremont house, Chicago. He O., and the Tremont house, Chicago. He came to Lincoln in 1877 and acted as manager of the restaurant and dining room of the Capital hotel, which position he held for eight years. In the fall of 1886 he started in business for himself and continued in business until April, 1894. In the spring of 1895, he was appointed aftest commissioner 1895 he was appointed street commissioner of Lincoln, and was reappointed to the posi-tion a couple of weeks ago. He has always been a republican, and has taken an active part in politics for the past nineteen years and has served on the city, county and state central committees.

. HORATIO N. DOVEY. Delegate, First District.

Horatio N. Dovey of Plattsmouth, delegate from the First district, and secretary of the Nebraska delegation, is a native Ne-braskan, having been born at Plattsmouth June 6, 1863. Mr. Dovey is of English an-cester, and is the youngest son of E. G. cestry, and is the youngest son of E. G. Dovey, who was among the pioneer settlers of eastern Nebraska. He has always been ingling to the Cherckees in the Indian teritory. Since then he has not been an aspirant for any recognition at the hands of the party, though taking an active part in all of the campaigns.

O-O-O L. P. JUDD.

Alternate-nt-Large.

L. P. Judd of Cedar Rapids, alternate-atlarge, is a New Yorker by birth, having first seen the light of day in Schuyler county on the 20th of April, 1858. His ancestors were English and came over to this country when it was a colony. They took up the farm on which Mr. Judd was born and some of the family have up to the present time retained possession of the same, it being now owned by his father. His life up to the time he was 18 years of age was spent on a farm and attending the common schools. He then attended the Utica business college, from which he graduated, afterward entering Richfield Springs seminary, taking up the scientific course. In the fall of 1878 he purchased an interest in a drug and grocery business in his native town. In the spring of 1880 he sold this and came to Boone county, Nebraska, engaging in the drug business. In the fall of 1879 he was elected business. In the fall of 1889 he was elected business. In the fall of 1889 he was elected business. In the fall of 1889 he was elected business. In the fall of 1889 he was elected business. In the fall of 1889 he was elected business. In the fall of 1889 he was elected business. In the fall of 1889 he was elected business. In the fall of 1889 he was elected business. In the fall of 1889 he was elected business. In the fall of 1889 he was elected business. In the fall of 1889 he was elected business. In the fall of 1889 he was elected business. In the fall of 1889 he was elected business. In the fall of 1889 he was elected business. In the fall of 1889 he was elected business. In the fall of 1889 he was elected business. In the fall of 1889 he was elected business. In the fall of 1889 he was elected business. In the fall of 1889 he was elected business. In the fall of 1899 he was elected business. In the fall of 1899 h being assistant cashier and a member of the

0-0-0 * * * * * * * * * SAMUEL P. DAVIDSON,

Alternate, First District. Hou. Samuel P. Davidson of Tecumseh, al-Hon. Samuel P. Davidson of Tecumsel, alternate to the national republican convention from the First district, is one of the leading attorneys of the state. He was born in Macomb county, Illinois, October 8, 1847; graduated from the Lincoln university at Lincoln III. and studied law with promi-L'ncoln, III., and studied law with promi-nent Lincoln and Decatur firms; was admit-ted to the bar in 1870, and hung out his shingle in Lincoln, III. In 1872 he removed to Tecumseh, where he has ever since been successfully engaged in the practice of his successfully engaged in profession. He served one term as district judge of his district, about ten years ago. He has been chosen city attorney of Tecumseh for the ensuing year. Judge Davidson has been instrumental in the upbuilding of that city, is a man of marked personal characteristics and commands the highest respect and esteem of his fellow citizens. He is a Mason of high standing, and has other traternal relations. While he is prominent in local politics, he is not an office seeker. and the recent honor of being made a party representative at the forthcoming convention was thrust upon him wholly to his surand without his solicitation. Davidson is an enthusiastic McKinley man.

JOHN M. THURSTON,

Delegate, Second District. John Mellen Thurston, delegate from the Second district, was born in Montpelier, Vt., August 21, 1847. His ancestors were Puritans, their settlement in this country dating back to 1636. His grandfather, Meilen, and his great-grandfather, Thurs-ton, were both soldiers in the revolutionary war. His parents moved to Wisconsin in 1854. His father was a private soldier in the First Wisconsin cavalry and died in the service in the spring of 1863. Mr. Thurston was educated in the public schools and at Wayland university, Beaver Dam, Wis., sup-porting binuself in the meantime by farm work, driving team and other manual labor. He was admitted to the bar May 21, 1869, and in October of the same year located in Omaha, where he has ever since resided. He was elected a member of the city council in 1872, city attorney in 1874 and member delegate to the national republican convention in 1884 and was also in the con-vention in 1888, of which he was temporary chairman. He was president of the Republican League Clubs of the United States from 1889 to 1891. In 1877 he became assistant attorney for the Union Pacific Railway company and in February, 1888, became general solicitor for the Union Pacific system and held that position up to the time of his election to the United States senate. He was the republican caucus nominee for the senate in the Nebraska legislature in Januaty, 1893, and received the entire party vote, lacking five of an election. January 1, 1895, he was tendered in writing the unanimous vote of the republican member-ship of the logislature and was elected January 15, 1895, for the term commencing March 4, 1895.

0-0-0 JAMES WALSH,

Alternate, Second District. James Walsh was born in Ireland, of Scotch parents, March 17, 1851. When a mere child he went to New Zealand to carve out his fortune. He received his education in the colonies, and remained

state convention he was stated for the po-

John C. Cowin, delegate from the Second

0-0-0 * * * * * * * * JOHN C. COWIN, Delegate, Second District.

John C. Cowin, delegate from the Second district, was born in Warrensville, O., January 11, 1846. At an early age his father, a farmer of very limited means, died, and he was brought to face the world for himself in the encounter for daily existence. His first employment was upon a form, the meager income from which was set aside for the procurement of a better education than was affected by the naighboring district school. He forded in the neighboring district school. He entered Hiram Eclectic institute, of which James A. Garfield, afterward the chief magistrate of the nation, was president, and was the recipient of many kindnesses at his havis in the struggle for an education on limited means. On the breaking out of the war Mr. Cowin enlisted as a private in the Twenty-third Ohlo infantry, and participated war Mr. Cowin chiese.

Twenty-third Ohio infantry, and participated in numerous engagements, among the more notable being those of Carnifax Ferry, the second battle of Bull Run, South Mountain and Antietam. When the war had terminated he had risen to a captaincy. He returned to Ohio, taking a law course in the turned to Ohio, taking a law course in the turned to Ohio, taking a law course in the purchasing an interest in the DeWitt bank, of which he became cashier, and soon after Onio State and Union Law college at Cieve-land, at the same time entering the law office of Backus & Estep. On graduating and receiving his diploma, in the spring of 1867, he moved west, reaching Omaha in April of he moved west, reaching Omaha in April of that year, and here he has since remained. He was elected to the office of district attorney in the fall of 1868. Two years later he was re-elected. It is said of his official service that he was the most effective prosecuting attorney the district ever had, being a terror to criminals and offenders of the law. In 1876 he was a candidate for the republican In 1876 he was a candidate for the republican comination for congress. Nebracka at that ime having but one member in the national time baving but one member in the national house of representatives. After a vigorous canvass, to which the railroad power was pitted against him, Mr. Cowin was barely defeated in his party convention.

In the campaign of 1882 Mr. Cowin was again beyond the country as a roughly on cardinate and the campaign of the country as a roughly on cardinate the campaign of the campaign of

again brought forward as a republican candiagain brought forward as a republican candidate for United States senator. When the legislature convened Cowin led all other candidates in the party caucus, and during two weeks of balloting was within one or two votes of the requisite number, but a combination was made against the strongest candidate, which resulted in a compromise, and Course. which resulted in a compromise, and General Manderson was chosen. Mr. Cowin has been remarkably successful in his profession, rankog among the very foremost members of the

B. F. MONROE.

Alternate, Second District. B. F. Monroe of Blair, alternate from the second district, was born at Fond du Lac, Second district, was born at Fond an Lac, Wis., in July, 1849. He received his early education in the schools of that place and his medical education at Chicago. He practiced his profession at Fox Lake and Wantoma, in his native state, but for the last sixteen years has been located at Blair, where he has followed his chosen profession. with marked success. He has never been a politician and has never sought political preferment of any kind, being content with preferment of any kind, being content with the honors that came in the line of his profession. He has always taken a deep in-terest in the welfare of the republican party and all of his six feet of height and 200 pounds of weight, is republican. He was one of the leading spirits in securing the location of the Massuic fraternity and is a member of the Masonic fraternity and a number of medical societies.

JOHN T. BRESSLER,

0-0-0 * * * * * * * * * * Delegate, Third District. Bressler of Wayne, delegate from the Third congressional district, was born in Huntington county, Pennsylvania, January in Huntington county, Pennsylvania, January 14, 1849. He came to Nebraska in the spring of 1879 and took up a homestead in Wayne county, Nebraska, on which he resided for about eight years. In the fall of 1877 he was elected treasurer of the county on the republican ticket and was fe-elected in the fall of 1879. The same year, in connection with David C. Putterson, now of Omaha, he organized the Logan Valley bank at La Porte, the then county heat of Wayne county. When the railross was built through the county and the town of Wayne started. the county and the town of Wayne started, the bank was moved to that place, which was ubsequently made the county seat. In 1885 subsequently made the county seat. In 1880 the bank was reorganized as a national bank with Mr. Bressler as president, a position which he still retains. In addition to this he is extensively engaged in farming and in road authte b less. He was elected to the state senate in the fall of 1894, for the district comprising Wayne, Stanton, Madison and Pierce counties.

H. C. BAIRD, 0-0

Alternate, Third District. H. C. Baird of Coleridge, alternate from the Third district, was born in Butler county, Iowa, in 1854. In the following year his father settled in Nebraska opposite Sloux City and here Mr. Baird spent his boyhood, except when attending school at Mt. Pleasant In. During Arthur's administration Mc Baird held a government position at the Omaha agency, was reappointed by the suc-ceeding administration, but resigned to take harge of a store he had purchased at Colsridge, where he has been engaged in He was postmaster at that place ever since. during the Harrison administration and has also held several offices of trust in his city. 0-0-0 * * * * * * * * *

JOHN C. MARTIN,

Delegate, Third District. John C. Martin of Clarks, the second delegate from the Third district, was born in Allegheney City, Pa., February 20, 1859. He attended the University of Worcester, O., in the years 1879 and 1880, taking the classical course, but not having the mains to complete his studies at that time, accepted a position as paymaster of the Pittsburg Forge and Iron works. Through this and services rendered the Athletic association of Lafayette college tt Eaton ha was enabled to complete his ducation and also take a special course in law. In 1883 he came to Columbus, Neb., and engaged in the practice of law. He remained there for two years, when he removed to Merrick county, which has since been his home. He is still engaged in the practice of his profession.

CAMDEN J. GARLOW, Alternate, Third District. Camden J. Garlow, alternate from the Third district, was born in Fairmount county, West Virginia, and worked on a farm until he was 17 years old, except the time he was in school. He then attended college four years. His mother died at that time and Mr. Garlow left He came to Columbus on the 1st of 1881, the sum total of his possessions \$10. He taught school for four years and then took up the study of law with the late Judge Higgins, help admitted to the in 1886. He formed a partnership with Higgins, which was only terminated by death of the latter. His entire time and bar in 1886. the death of the latter. His entire time and attention has been devoted to his profession, n which he has been very successful. His political work has been to help others to office and to further the interests of the republican party, never liaving sought any political favor for himself. He has alwaye be n a staunch republican. His ancestors are of good old revolutionary stock. 0-0-0 FRANK M. WETHERALD,

Delegate, Fourth District.

Hon. Frank M. Wethersild of Hebron, dele-gate from the Fourth district, was born in Thornton, Boone county, ind., June 29, 1856. He resided in his native state until the age of 18, where he received the advantages of the common schools and also of a course in an academy. In 1874 he removed to Ne-bracka and located in Beatrice. In August of that year he removed to Hebron, which has since been his home. Himself and a brother own and operate a large flour mill and grain elevator and he is also largely inter-exted in other business enterprises, among which are the Thayer County bank. He is not only one of the largest property owners in Thayer county, but in the state as well He has always taken a great interest in politics and was elected a member of the i and of the senate in 1888. In those bodies he made a record as a hard working member of the anti-monopoly sort. His always been a republican and is an ardent admirer of

ALEXANDER GRAHAM,

was born in Licking county, Ohio, in 1845. eltion of delegate, but in order to secure harmony he stepped out and accepted the position of an alternate.

When the war broke out he collated in an Ohio regiment, though considerably under the legal age; served in the army four years, participating in many of the hardest campaigns in Tennessee and Kentucky and went with Sherman on his march to Atlanta and from there to the sea. He emained with the army until the close of he war. He has been a resident of Gaço ounty since 1880 and has always been active in politics. Was elected to the state senate in 1892 and was re-elected for a secand term in 1894.

> CHARLES B. ANDERSON, Delegate, Fourth District.

Charles B. Anderson of DeWitt, delegate om the Fourth district, was born near Albion, N. Y., June 30, 1865, residing on tarm until 1881, when his parents moved to Albion. He attended the public school at that place, graduating in 1883. Shortly after his graduation he became connected with a large bardware store at Albion as delivery ing the business, the title of the bank now being, however, the DeWitt State bank, Mr. Anderson is president of the DeWitt Republican club, which numbers over 200 members, and in the campaigns of the past has done very active work for the party. He was one of the delegates from this state to the national convention of Republican League clubs at Cleveland last year, and was appointed committeeman from this state on republican national league work.

He was mentioned as a candidate for the position of national delegate only about four weeks before the convention and the enthusiastic support of his friends in Saline county secured his selection after a close and spirited contest.

Mr. Anderson enjoys the distinction of being the youngest delegate from this state He has always been a great admirer of William McKinley and considers it the greatest honor of his life to assist in his nomination, and no delegate will go to the St. Louis convention with more zeal or enthusiasm for McKinley than he.

G. J. RAILSBACK, Alternate, Fourth District.

G. J. Railsback of Ashland, alternate from the Fourth district, was born in Illin 1858 and came to Nebraska in 1882. He has been engaged in the grain business ever nice coming to the state, operating a line f elevators on the B. & M. rall-oad. Should be have a vote in the St Louis convention he announces that it would be cast for McKinley for president and for an inequivocal sound money plank in the plat form, as he does not believe in straddles

J. P. A. BLACK, Delegate, Fifth District.

J. P. A. Black of Bloomington, delegate the Fifth district, was born in Butler county, Pennsylvania, in 1854, ao1 in April, 1860, came with his parents to Nebraska, his father being a missionary teacher among the Indian at the Omalia reservation. At that time the city of Omaha was the nearest trading point to the reservation. mained with his parents at the reservation un-til 1867, at which time the family removed Brownville, in Nemaha county, and engaged in farming. Attended the schools until 1870, when he entered the Normal school at Peru, from which he graduated in 1876. During the time he was at tending this school he carned his way by teaching country schools during vacations. After graduating, entered the law office of Marquette, Cobb & Moore of Lincoln, where he remained until 1887, at which time he removed to his present location at Blooming ton. Mr. Black had no capital to start life except his own energies and ability but has succeeded in building up an extensive practice in his profession and acquiring competence. In addition to his law busines he is extensively interested to the Franklit County bank at Hildreth. In the year 1890 he was elected grand master of the Masoni-grand lodge of Nebraska. Has always been a republicate and has attended every state convention of the party held since 1876 Though taking an active part in politics, he has never sought office of any kind, his sole interest being the upbuilding of the interof the party and advancing the cause of his friends. His selection as a delegate to the vational convention came unsought, though he had the unanimous support of his district

0-0 CHARLES H. BEAUMONT, 0 Alternate, Fifth District.

Charles H. Beaumont of Madrid, alternate from the Fifth district, was been in East Hartford, a suburb of Hartford, Conn., April 28, 1866, the Beaumont family being among the earliest settlers of the state. He is a graduate of the Hartford college and also of the Hannums Business college. From 1884 to 1887 he was engaged in the wholesale dry goods business at Portland, Me. In Decem ber, 1887, he came to Nebraska and in Apri of the following year located at his present ome. In June of that year he opened the Madrid Exchange bank, becoming cashier and in 1893 became president of the bank. which position he still occupies.

S. W. CHRISTY. Delegate, Fifth District.

S. W. Christy of Edgar, delegate from the Fifth district, was born on a farm in Keo-luk county, Iowa, June 20, 1856, where he resided until he was 17 years of age, when he came west and has resided in Nebraska ever since. Located in Nemaha county. ever since. where he remained about two years, removing to Edgar and has since resided at that place. Hs education was acquired in the common schools. He subsequently read law and was admitted to the bar in 1830. Was elected to the legislature in 1888 as a republican, with which party he has always been identified.

0-0-0 * * * * * * * * * * JOHN S. HOOVER, Alternate, Fifth District. John S. Hoover of Blue Hill, alternate to the national convention from the Fifth dia rict, was born in Indiana in 1833. He moved to Illinois in 1856; enlisted in company K, First Illinois Volunteers in 1861. After the battle of Fort Denelson he was elected first licutemant of his company; was commissioned captain in 1862 and assigned to duty as aid-de-camp to General John A. Logan; was subsequently promoted to be major and served on the staff of General Logan during the remainder of the On the close of the rebellion he was com-plimented with the brevet commissions of leutenant colonel and colonel. Nebraska in 1876 and was elected to the state senate in 1888. Has been engaged in the grain business and farming ever since coming to the state.

B. H. GOODELL, Delegate, Sixth District.
Hon, B. H. Goodell, member of the Ne brasks delegation to the republican national convention from the Sixth district, was born in Galesburg, Ill., December 28, 1847. His mother died when he was only 4 years old, and he went to live with an old friend of the

and he went to live with an old friend of the family. Dr. Wilson of Knox county, Illinois, receiving a good common school education, in 1863, although but 15 years of age, he enlisted in the Tenth Illinois regiment, and served until July 4, 1865, when he was mustered out at Louisville, Ky. After the war he moved to Henry county, Illinois, and went into the livery buisness. After following this business for nearly fifteen years he was elected sheriff and held the office for three consecutive terms, when the legislature passed a law which prevented his being his

own successor.

In 1887 he moved with his family to Kearney, and since then has been engaged in the stock business, farming and running a bank. He commenced shifting for himself more or lets when he was only 8 years old, has always been successful in business and now one of the most prospercus men in Buffalo county. In politics he is a republican of the McKinley stamp.

0-0-0 * * * * * * * * * D. T. DAVENPORT, Alternate, Sixth District,

Alternate, Fourth District.

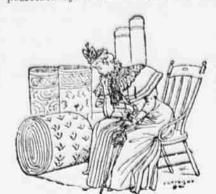
Alexander Graham of Beatrice, alternate from the Fourth district, is both a veteran of Nebraska politics and of the late war. He

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## THE OMAHA SUNDAY BEE.

A Capital Doyle Story!

# RODNEYSTONE

A Reminiscence of the Ring.

### BY A. CONAN DOYLE,

Author of "The Advoutures of Shorlock Homes," "The White Company," etc.

This Story Began April 5th and will Continue Seventeen Weeks.

Breezy, full of life and action and of sustained interest from the opening sentence, this new story by Dr. Doyle will fully sustain the author's prestige as one of the most successful caterers to the demand for good stories, attractively told, that seems to be universal in the human heart. "Rodney Stone" himself is supposed to be the narrator of the tale.

He is a retired naval officer, and he writes in 1850, when an old man, of certain events of which he was personally cognizant when a boy. Others than the narrator were far more prominent in these events than Rodney Stone himself. He is but a "thin and colorless cord," he tells the reader, upon which his "would-be pearls," the incidents in the story, are strung, and in adopting this method Dr. Doyle has chosen the one that has been so successful with him in many previous stories.

The opening scenes of the story are laid at Friar's Oak, a little village between London and Brighton, and the time is near the close of the last century.

### THE OMAHA SUNDAY BEE.

United States cavalry, where he served ten years, part of the time as bandmaster. When discharged he joined Buffalo Bill's Wild West show, acting as leader of the He came to Fort Niobrara about ten years ago, and was engaged as clerk in the post trader store of J. M. Thacher & and embarked in the general merchandisc business, under the firm name of Davenport & Thacher, in which business he is still

E. L. MEYERS. Delegate, Sixth District.

E. L. Meyers of Newport, delegate from the Sixth district, was born in Union City, Pa., January 18, 1862, where he received his education in the public schools and in a business college. In March, 1888, he came o Rock county, this state, and located on a nomestead south of Newport, where he engaged in farming and stock raising. In 1890 to entered the lumber and coal business at Newport in connection with his farming and stock interests. Was elected to the lower house of the Nebraeka legislature in 1894 as a republican, with which party he has been identified and in which he has een an ardent worker.

J. O. TAYLOR, Alternate, Sixth Ditsrict.

J. O. Taylor of Broken Bow, alternate from the Sixth district, is a Norwegian by birth, and has been a resident of Custer county for about fourteen years. Mr. Taylor is a live, energetic and prosperous farmer. He came to Custer county with nothing but a wife and several children, but by sticking closely to his business he has acquired a compe-tence. He now owns a section of fine land and has it well stocked, with good buildings and all the accessories necessary to success ful and economical farming, but without the accompaniment of a mortgage.

TIME.

Grace Macgowan Cooke in the Independent, I am that peddler whom all men must buy of-will or nill. of-will or nill.

I sell them salves for all their hurts, and cures for every ill.

The one man have an aching tooth, and one an aching heart.

Both needs must come to me at last to ease to the needs must come to me at last to extend of the smart.

I have scant need to push my sales—
All seek some cure which never fails.

I need
Not cry.
For all
Must buy.

Oh, little maids with rosy cheeks, whereou the tears are wet.

I have a potion in my pack will teach yo to forget.
I have a magic handkerchief to dry each tear that starts.
A cement (warranted to stick) for mending broken hearts.
I have a salutary draught.
A bitter-water, who hath quaffed Doth purge Loves pains From out His veins.

Then if you cannot find relief when all my drugs are done,
I have a silent partner who will heal you. I have a silent partner who was every one.

every one.

His physic is not very dear, for, once you take his pill.

Your heart can never ache again, and all its throbs are still.

So, when you've tried my samples o'er And failed, I'll lead you to his door.

Good rest—
Good-night.

Put out
The light.

# FURNITURE CO.



Rocker

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sure! I was amused last week at a dinner party by a bacheier, who told us that his sister had asked him to find her a governess for her girls. She had conuncrated all the talents and qualities she required for her salary of \$400 a year, and her brother had written to her: "I'll look out for one, cer-tainly; but if I find a lady all that you describe. I shall marry her, if she will have