VOTE ON BOND ISSUE TODAY

Senate Decides that it Has Had About Enough Talking.

WOLCOTT GETS SOME OF HILL'S SARCASM

Motion to Refer the Resolution to the Finance Committee is Lost by Thirty-Five to Seventeen.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—The final vote on the resolution for an investigation of recent bond issues will be taken in the senate at 4 p. m. tomorrow. An agreement to this effect was reached late today after several test votes had been taken, which clearly disclosed the sentiment of the senate on the resolutions. The first vote taken was on the motion of Mr. Sherman to refer the resolutions to the finance committee. This was defeated—Yeas, 17; nays, 35.

An amendment by Mr. Lodge was then adopted, providing that the investigation should be conducted by the regular finance committee instead of a special committee, as at first proposed. Another amendment by Mr. Vilas, proposing modifications in the resolution, was voted down, the affirmative vote being only seven. After these tests the agreement was reached for a final vote, when the resolution undoubtedly will pass. The voting came after Mr. Hill had added another lively installment to his speech, including a sharp criticism of Mr. Pettigrew and a personal exchange with Mr. Wolcott, when the latter tried to call Mr. Hill to order.

Mr. Cullom, republican of Illinois, reported progress in the conference of the two houses on the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bills, although many items were yet open. The main feature of agreement is on the salaries of United States district attorneys and marshals, a schedule of the rate ranging from $3,500 to $5,000 a year, agreed on being submitted.

A difference of opinion developed between the two Florida senators, Mr. Call and Mr. Pasco, as to the resolution of Mr. Call, requesting the president to protest against the execution of the American citizens taken on board the schooner Competitor by a Spanish gunboat. Mr. Call wanted immediate action.

Mr. Sherman moved to refer the resolution to the committee on foreign affairs.

Mr. Call protested, saying that "with death hanging over American citizens," the senate should act.

CUBAN QUESTION BOBS UP.

Mr. Pasco differed with Mr. Call, saying he had had several interviews with the secretary of state and had learned that Mr. Olney was doing everything possible in all of this class of cases.

Mr. Call expressed vigorous disagreement with his Florida colleague.

The resolution was referred.

Following this another of Mr. Call's resolutions for the investigation of alleged election irregularities in Florida was referred to the committee on privileges and elections by a vote of 29 to 20.

The possibility of a revival of the Cuban question was presented when Mr. Morgan, democrat of Alabama, moved to refer to the committee on foreign relations the resolution he introduced some time since for the recognition of the belligerency of the Cuban insurgents. New developments had occurred in Cuba, he said, since congress passed the Cuban resolutions, and he desired now to take the sense of the committee on foreign relations on the basis of facts developed since the resolution passed. I believe the time has arrived, proceeded Mr. Morgan, when in sheer justice to our own people, without reference to its effects on the Cubans, we should declare that a state of war exists there. We should not be left in doubt as to whether we are to be controlled by the laws of war or the laws of peace. Spain treats our commerce as though a state of war exists. No nation can do this while claiming that no war exists. I hope some firm, energetic and determined action will be taken before this congress adjourns. I do not believe that congress can afford to adjourn leaving this question in its present state before the world.

The resolution was referred in accordance with Mr. Morgan's request.

The river and harbor bill was then taken up. All amendments were agreed to until the item for a deep water harbor in Santa Monica bay, California, was reached. This went over on request of Mr. White in view of a sharp contest which is expected.

CLOSURE FOR BOND DEBATE.

At 2 o'clock the bill was laid aside and the bond resolution was taken up, Mr. Hill taking the floor to continue his speech. Mr. Peffer attempted to have a time fixed for a vote, but Mr. Hill again declined to consent.

"Then," said Mr. Peffer, "I give notice that objection will be made to every other proceeding of the senate until a vote is reached on this resolution, and also that senators will be asked to remain until a vote is had."

"The course mapped out by the senator from Kansas," answered Mr. Hill, smilingly, "will not inconvenience us; it will only inconvenience other senators who desire to transact public business."

Mr. Hill, taking up the thread of his speech, said he welcomed to the debate Mr. Pettigrew, who spoke yesterday. As Mr. Pettigrew had read with approval extracts from New York newspapers, Mr. Hill read, amid great laughter, the response Mr. Pettigrew had made to a toast of "The Press," Mr. Hill also read a speech made recently at Sioux Falls, S. D., by Mr. Pettigrew, who had gone home, said Mr. Hill, to influence the primaries. Mr. Hill's running comments on the Pettigrew speech kept the senate in laughter. This was supplemented by Mr. Hill's reading of the South Dakota newspaper reports of the state convention, when, as the reports stated, "Pettigrew is Turned Down;" "He Met His Waterloo, etc." One statement read by the clerk, at Mr. Hill's request, was bitter and personally critical of Mr. Pettigrew, declaring that he had "humiliated" himself, agreeing to give up his silver views in order to get at the foot of the delegation to the national convention.

At this point, Mr. Wolcott, who sat beside Mr. Pettigrew, arose and made a point of order against the further reading of these extracts. "It is contrary to every claim of good decency and taste," declared Mr. Wolcott, hotly, "to read an irresponsible newspaper article personally slandering a member of this body. If it must be read let the senator read it himself."

"In answer to this unnecessary and entirely unbecoming statement of the senator from Colorado," responded Mr. Hill, addressing Mr. Wolcott, "let me tell him that once a senator from South Dakota (Pettigrew), read a newspaper article bitterly slanderous and abusive of the president of the United States and the secretary of the treasury, and can such article be read without retaliation in kind?"

Mr. Hill took the article from the clerk and proceeded without further objection from Mr. Wolcott.

Mr. Hill asked where "this sensitive senator" (Wolcott), was when Mr. Pettigrew was "hurling coarse epithets" against Senator Sherman? Where was "this defender of decency" when Mr. Pettigrew declared that the bond transactions were for the gain of the "president's favorites, if not for the president himself?"

Mr. Hill paused a moment and then exclaimed: "And where was my friend—my English friend from Colorado—who has tributes for English statesmen, English soldiers, English policies and everything English; but not one word for an American policy of a United States citizen?"

The ringing tones of Mr. Hill and the direction of his utterances created a noticeable stir in the galleries.

Mr. Wolcott had left the chamber a moment before. The remark of Mr. Hill was recognized as referring to Mr. Wolcott's speech made during the Monroe doctrine debate.

Mr. Hill went on to refer to the way senators had "hissed" the word "Jew," declaring that the government had sold its bonds to "Jews." Had it come to this, asked Mr. Hill, that the nationality of a citizen was to be hissed in the senate? A Jewish citizen is as good as any other citizen, said he.

The senator paid a glowing tribute to the Jewish race, mentioning Disraeli, Baron Hirsch and other conspicuous representatives of the race. Let these senators who hiss out the word "Jew" consult their Jewish constituents, said Mr. Hill suggestively.

Mr. Wolcott re-entered the chamber at this point, showing evidence of much feeling, and went to the desk of the official stenographers, where he had read to him the remarks made by Mr. Hill as to "my English friend."

MORTON IN A BOND DEAL.

Mr. Hill went on to read a telegram sent by Morgan, Morton and Seligman from London to President Hayes during a bond transaction in 1887.

"Note the name Morton," said Mr. Hill. "This is the name of the distinguished governor of New York and a candidate for the republican nomination for president. If the lightning should strike the distinguished governor, for whom personally I have the greatest respect, I propose to read this telegram from 'Morgan, Morton & Seligman' as to paying bonds in gold. It may shed some light on the ticket—Morgan, Morton, Seligman & Victory.'"

At 4 o'clock Mr. Hill yielded temporarily to Mr. Call, who spoke in favor of a bond investigation.

Mr. Gordon, democrat of Georgia, spoke in favor of his amendment, that the bond inquiry be conducted by the finance committee instead of a special committee.

The first vote was on the motion made some time since by Mr. Sherman to refer the bond resolution to the finance committee. The motion was lost, 17 to 35, as follows:

Yeas—Republicans:

Allison,	Gallinger,	Proctor,
Baker,	McMillan,	Sewell,
Wolcott—7.		

Democrats:

Brice,	Gray,	Mitchell of Wis.
Faulkner,	Hill,	Palmer,
Gordon,	Mills,	Vest,
Vilas—10.	Total—17.	

Nays—Republicans:

Brown,	Hansbrough,	Pettigrew,
Carter,	Lodge,	Shoup,
Cullom,	Mantle,	Squire,
Dubois,	Mitchell of Ore.	Teller,
Frye,	Nelson,	Warren,
Gear,	Perkins,	Wolcott—18.

Democrats:

Bacon,	Call,	Lindsay,
Bate,	Dubois,	Pasco,
Berry,	Cockrell,	Pugh,
Blackburn,	Daniel,	Roach,
White—13.		

Populists:

Allen,	Butler,	Peffer,
Stewart—4.	Total—35.	

The question was immediately put on the pending amendment offered by Mr. Lodge and repeated by Mr. Gordon that the investigation be conducted by the finance committee of the senate, which was adopted by 35 to 20.

PEFFER WANTS IT ALL.

Mr. Vilas sought to have the resolutions modified by striking out the second and third clauses, but Mr. Peffer declined to agree to any modifications.

Mr. Vest, democrat of Missouri, a member of the finance committee, said in reply to a remark by Mr. Peffer as to the "inertness" of the finance committee, that there would be no inertness of the committee if this resolution was adopted, the resolutions would not be pigeonholed, the resolution would be taken as an instruction to go to the bottom of the whole matter. For himself, he did not believe an investigation of the facts necessary, as the trouble resulted from the financial policy of the administration, not from the manner of its execution.

Mr. Vilas' amendment was defeated by an unusually heavy vote—yeas, 7; nays, 44. Those who voted for the amendment were: Messrs. Brice, Faulkner, Gordon, Gray, Hill, Palmer and Vilas.

Mr. Hill again took the floor and said that he would conclude his speech opposing the resolution within an hour, but he preferred to go on tomorrow.

Mr. Peffer insisted on proceeding tonight.

Mr. Vilas moved an executive session and Mr. Vest moved an adjournment, but these motions were withdrawn when unanimous consent was given to proceeding with Mr. Hill's speech tonight, and then taking the final vote. Mr. Hill resumed, but it soon became evident that the senate would be without a quorum an hour later, when the vote was to be taken.

Mr. Harris of Tennessee proposed that Mr. Hill have an hour tomorrow with a final vote at 4 p. m.

There was unanimous agreement to this and at 6 o'clock, after a short executive session, the senate adjourned.

Some Senate Confirmations.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—The senate in executive session made the following confirmations: Postmasters—Iowa: Lois Martin at Pella, L. S. Kennington at Newton, John W. Irvin at New Sharon, Duncan G. Campbell at Rockford.

Oklahoma: John T. Baldwin at Hennessy.

Texas: James A. Crow at Plano.

Colorado: Thomas H. Tulley at Sylverton.

Edwin E. Sluder of Santa Fe to be register of the land office at Las Cruces, N. M.

Thurston Favors the Nashville Bill.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—Senator Thurston, from the committee on international expositions, today made a favorable report on the bill to aid the proposed exposition at Nashville, Tenn.

CABLE TO HAWAII AND JAPAN

Senate Committee on Foreign Relations Agrees on a Bill.

CONTRACT TO GO TO THE LOWEST BIDDER

Subsidy of $100,000 Per Annum Authorized and the Price of Messages Specified—Importance of the Project.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—The senate committee on foreign relations today agreed to a compromise bill for a cable to Hawaii and Japan. The bill authorizes the postmaster general to enter into a contract on behalf of the United States with any company which may lay the cable, to pay a subsidy not to exceed $160,000 per year. The bill had the support of Senator Morgan and all the republican members of the committee. The other democratic senators, Messrs. Gray, Turpie, Daniel and Mills opposed the bill.

Senator Frye reported the action of the committee to the senate and in the accompanying report says that a cable to Hawaii is demanded by the exigencies of commerce. He recites the fact that while other nations have been acquiring islands in the Pacific, Hawaii, by common consent, has been left to the United States. Reference is also made to the importance of Pearl harbor and the necessity of having telegraphic communication with the islands in case of war and to handle the Pacific fleet. It is also said that this is a favorable opportunity to secure telegraphic communication not only with Hawaii but also with Japan whose system connects with other countries of the orient. This, says the report, is brought within reach upon terms that relieve the United States from the first great cost and risk of maintenance as well from other aspects of the commercial venture. The price is limited for private messages to Japan to almost one-third what is now charged, while communication with Hawaii is provided at 10 cents per word more than the price which competition has established for messages crossing the Atlantic. This opportunity the committee credits to Colonel Spaulding's Hawaiian concession.

The report dwells upon both the economic and strategic importance of the cable. Referring to the latter point it says: "The extent to which the interests of the nation as such are involved may be seen from the fact that every telegraphic cable now crossing the Atlantic from North America has its starting point in Nova Scotia. In the event of any severance of peaceful relations with Great Britain, communication by that channel would of course be immediately and, as it were, automatically closed and this country be dependent for telegraphic communication on cables crossing the Atlantic from Brazil to Portugal with all the contingencies that such a situation would involve."

The committee says the cost of the cable would be $3,400,000 and that the interest on the expenditure would amount to $136,000, while the cost of maintenance would amount to $586,000 per year, for the first five years. The committee says that the bill has been made to provide that the arrangement shall be by contract with the United States through the postmaster general to the lowest bidder, and shall be completed and continue under the supervision of that officer. The contract relation is believed to secure the United States better control than a mere grant would do, while it is accepted by the committee as giving to the grant an increased aspect of stability.

COMPLETES THE CIVIL SERVICE.

President Issues an Order Covering Almost Every Office.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—The long expected order of the president including in the civil service most of the offices now remaining outside of the classified service was issued this afternoon.

The order will include within the civil service about 30,000 additional federal offices. Practically the only persons left outside the civil service will be assistant secretaries, heads of bureaus, and in a few cases private secretaries and laborers. The order is to take effect immediately.

It is stated at the civil service commission that the new rules add 29,399 positions to the classified list, increasing the number of classified positions from 55,736 to 85,135. The number of classified places which are excepted from examination has been reduced from 2,099 to 775, being mainly such positions as cashiers in the customs, postal and internal revenue services. Indians employed in minor capacities in the Indian service are necessarily put in the excepted list. Almost all the positions in Washington, which have heretofore been excepted, have been included in the competitive list. The only classified position in Washington which will be excepted from examination under the new rules will be private secretaries or confidential clerks (not exceeding two) to the president and to the head of each of the eight executive departments. No position will hereafter be subject to non-competitive examination except in the cases of Indians employed in teaching capacity in the Indian service.

Nominations Sent to the Senate.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—The president today sent to the senate the following nominations: Postmasters—Charles McCray, Ash Grove, Mo.; Mark A. Drane, Charleston, Mo.; Sylvester H. Day, Garden City, Nev.; Amos Kendall Jones, Union, Ore.; William H. Chapman, Framersville, Tex.; Lewis W. Christian, Weatherford, Tex. Also Assistant Engineer W. W. Bush, to be a past assistant engineer.

Cash Balance in the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $269,084,649; gold reserve, $121,795,080.

Suing for a Divorce.

May D. Truax has commenced divorce proceedings against Charles Truax. She informs the court that they were married at South Omaha February 26, 1895, where they have since resided. May 3, following, the wife alleges that her husband assaulted her and beat and bruised her in a violent manner. She asks that the defendant be ordered to pay her reasonable alimony, and that she be granted a divorce.

Bad complexion indicates an unhealthy state of the system. DeWitt's Little Early Risers are pills that will correct this condition. They act on the liver, they act on the stomach, they act on the bowels.

COSTUMES TO BE MADE IN OMAHA.

Knights of Ak-Sar-Ben Decide to Patronize Home Industry.

The board of governor of the Knights of Ak-Sar-Ben held a meeting yesterday noon at the Commercial club.

The committee decided to take the same action regarding costumes as it had already done regarding floats, that is, to make them all in Omaha instead of purchasing in New Orleans. Colored plates of various costumes were submitted from New Orleans and also from Mr. Fuchs of Omaha. The latter were by far the most artistic and beautifully colored, being in entire harmony with the floats that are now building at the Den to set forth on the streets next fall the stay of the Feast of Olympia.

The committee on printing was instructed to formulate some plans for advertising the parades and to supply the press of the state with matter. The country press will undoubtedly be handsomely remembered this year.

A number of very fine paper mache figures have been purchased in St. Louis with which to adorn the floats. They are of such size that they could not be made in Omaha.

After much discussion it was decided that the following dates during festivity week would be observed: Civil and military parade, Monday, August 31; county floats parade, Tuesday, September 1; Ak-Sar-Ben parade, Wednesday, September 2; grand Ak-Sar-Ben ball, Thursday, September 3; masquerade ball, Friday, September 4.

All these affairs are to take place in the evening, the parades to be put on the streets at 7:30 sharp. On Saturday evening the den is to be leased to the Northwestern Scandinavian Singers' society.

W. H. McCord and O. D. Kiplinger were elected on the board of governors to take the places made vacant by the resignations of Mr. Rheem and Mr. Dickey.

The matter of employing the same state bands that are to be engaged by the State Board of Agriculture was referred to the music committee.

Some fine designs for colored posters were submitted by local printing houses. Fully 20,000 of these will be distributed. No action was taken toward placing an order for the posters.

On adjournment the board held an informal talk, congratulating each other on the prospects ahead, especially regarding the steady increase in the number of applications for membership. The session at the den last Monday evening was very pleasant, a large number of representative business men being taken in, and everything working so smoothly that all were much encouraged. A light lunch was served, about which officers, members and candidates gathered in most informal way and discussed the topics of the day in a cordial manner. Such events lead to an undisguised access to good feeling among our business men.

NORTHWESTERN MILLER REPORT.

Many Wheels Will Cease to Revolve This Week.

MINNEAPOLIS, May 6.—The Northwestern Miller reports the flour output last week at points named as follows:

	May 2, 1896.	May 4, 1895.
Minneapolis	187,055	225,395
Superior-Duluth	45,860	48,750
Milwaukee	27,250	39,300
Total	260,195	313,445

Minneapolis—About the same milling capacity is going on this week, but with a wide margin between the production and orders booked more mills will probably have to shut down in the near future.

Superior-Duluth—Only one mill was running Monday, and what the output will be the current week is uncertain. Trade is pretty much at a standstill.

Milwaukee—A small output is in response this week. The tendency of the flour buyers to not take hold at present has continued.

St. Louis and Southwest—Domestic demand for flour last week and almost exclusively to southern portions.

Valley of the Ohio—Reports from the mills were of very quiet trade.

Michigan—Business in flour was reported just fair.

Rochester—Trade was again exceedingly flat.

Buffalo—Trade was confined to immediate needs.

Toledo—Local mills ran moderately.

New York City—Dealers continued their waiting attitude.

Philadelphia—Trade in flour was very slow and prices weak.

Boston—Demand slow and only for actual wants.

Baltimore—Flour dull and weak.

Chicago—The increased interest in flour dropped off.

PACKING HOUSE WEEKLY OUTPUT.

Liberal Marketing of Hogs Has Continued in Many Cities.

CINCINNATI, May 6.—(Special Telegram.)—Tomorrow's Price Current will say: A liberal marketing of hogs has continued. Western packing for the week, 350,000, compared with 330,000 the preceding week and 250,000 last year. From March 1 the total is as follows:

Place.	1896.	1895.
Chicago	960,000	840,000
Kansas City	414,000	370,000
Omaha	173,000	183,000
St. Louis	297,000	119,000
Indianapolis	111,000	76,000
Cincinnati	102,000	90,000
Milwaukee	123,000	93,000
Cedar Rapids	35,000	61,000
Ottumwa	62,000	43,000
Sioux City	33,000	36,000
St. Joseph	34,000	61,000
St. Paul	48,000	62,000

Must Not Fence Government Land.

CHEYENNE, May 6.—(Special Telegram.)—Suit was commenced by the United States in the circuit court here today against Marshall Field and Levi Z. Leiter of Chicago and James H. Pratt of Denver, owners of the Big Red ranch in Johnson county, to compel them to remove upward of twenty-five miles of fence, within which, it is alleged, they have enclosed a large tract of government land in violation of law. The defendants are given five days in which to remove the fences should the suit be decided against them.

Nebraska Fugitives Brought Back.

YORK, Neb., May 6.—(Special Telegram.)—George Kingen and William Winnegar, the two ex-convicts who broke jail here some time ago, were brought back tonight by Sheriff Price and Jailer Walsh. They were caught in Quincy, Ill. For the last three evening great crowds have gathered at the depot, expecting their arrival, and tonight fully 300 people were on the depot platform when the train arrived.

Sunday School Workers Meet.

PARKER, S. D., May 6.—The South Dakota State Sunday School association commenced its thirty-fifth annual session at Parker today and will continue the meeting until the night of May 8. Besides the leading Sunday school workers from all over the state a number of prominent speakers and teachers from outside points are present.

York Grocery Store Closed.

YORK, Neb., May 6.—(Special Telegram.)—A. J. Wilkins & Co., grocers of this city, were closed by chattel mortgagees today.

MANY IRONS IN THE FIRE

Retailers' Association Have a Busy Evening Discussing Many Questions.

FURTHER ACTION ON INSURANCE RATES

Status of the Exposition Bill Set Forth—Urged to Lend a Helping Hand—Various Meetings to Be Held Soon.

Insurance rates, Transmississippi exposition, June race meeting, national meeting of the Commercial Law league, Northwestern Scandinavian Singing association, state fair—all had more or less of an inning at the meeting of the Omaha Retailers' association last night in the parlors of the Commercial club.

Regarding the insurance rate matter H. O. Beatty of the insurance committee reported that commission No. 4 of the insurance compact would meet in Chicago next Tuesday to consider the report of the committee, which has already appeared in local print.

The committee also condemned the action of the mayor and city council "for suspending by resolution the operation of the building ordinances of the city, thereby permitting the erection of buildings within the prescribed fire limits that do not comply with the requirements of law as regards material, uses and methods of construction." Such action was alleged to increase fire hazard, and consequently increase the insurance rate, not only on such buildings, but others exposed by them. The committee also recommended rigid sanitary inspection, as it went far in reducing the fire hazard and consequently the rates.

After a preamble setting forth these statements the following resolutions were added:

Resolved, That the Omaha Retailers' association, upon behalf of the property owners and business men of the city, who are already burdened with high rates of premiums upon the fire insurance that they of necessity must carry, do hereby protest against further concessions of that character upon the part of the mayor and council and insist that in the future the building laws of the city be strictly adhered to and rigidly enforced; and be it further

Resolved, That we are in favor of a more rigid enforcement of the sanitary laws of the city to the end that alleys, backyards, residences and business buildings be kept free of all filth, garbage and waste that would tend to create combustion and contribute to the spread of fire.

The resolutions were passed and are to be presented to the mayor and council. The committee was retained until the decision of the insurance compact is given.

QUICK ACTION IS NECESSARY.

John A. Wakefield was given the floor to speak upon the Transmississippi exposition. He said the scheme was booming and meant the expenditure of $2,000,000 at the outset. He stated, however, that the managers had determined to take but few steps until congress recognized the big show by appropriating for a government building and exhibit, which would assure success. Mr. Wakefield gave a brief sketch of the course of the appropriation bill to its present position in the house, where Speaker Reed is not inclined to recognize it.

Mr. Wakefield stated that but a short time is left for people interested in the enterprise to push efforts to have the bill passed, as congress will adjourn on May 18. Congressman Mercer appears to be confident that it will go through. Mr. Wakefield said that a long petition would be presented to Senator Manderson today, requesting him to go to Washington to add his efforts, and it is believed that he will respond, although he has once refused. Edward Rosewater, at considerable sacrifice, will also go to the capitol to add his influence in behalf of the bill. In this way it is hoped that Speaker Reed will be induced to recognize it.

E. M. Bartlett was allowed to speak on the national meeting of the Commercial Law League of America, which will meet in this city for four or five days during the latter part of July. He said that the meeting would be attended by about 1,000 men, known from the Atlantic to the Pacific, and representing an immense amount of capital. The meetings will probably be held in the Creighton theater, and the program will include a big banquet, a huge public reception and a trip to Lincoln, among other features.

"The idea will be to impress upon a body of men who represent a large proportion of the capital of the country the thrift, energy and prosperity of eastern Nebraska," said Mr. Bartlett.

Mr. Bartlett further said that the men who would be present would not be here so much for business as social pleasure, and would consequently be open for entertainment. They would come for rest and recreation and would be accompanied by their wives as they were really on a vacation.

BOOMING THE SPEED MEETING.

W. R. Bennett boomed the race meeting which will be held at the fair grounds on June 9 to 13 and which he said was only the beginning of a scheme to have two or three meetings here every year. He stated that at a very low estimate there would be 400 horses here, some of them the best in the country. He put in a good word for the fair grounds, which he said were the best in the country, with the exception possibly of two or three. He stated that the Fair and Speed association intended to demonstrate also that they had one of the fastest tracks in the country, as it was one of the best, from the fact that every movement of horse or driver could be seen from the grand stand all the way around, thereby preventing any crooked work.

He asked the retailers to help the enterprise as much as they were able in selling tickets and other ways. He especially made a request that all stores be closed on one afternoon of the meeting to make it an assured success. The request was referred to the executive committee.

William Paxton, Jr., also spoke a few words in favor of the race meeting.

Peter Wilg urged the members to assist as much as possible the concert which is to be given by the Northwestern Scandinavian Singers' association on May 8. He said that it was the first of a series, the proceeds of which are to be used in defraying the expenses of the convention of the Scandinavian singing societies of the transmississippi country, which will be held here during the state fair. He stated that some 1,000 singers would be here and would bring their friends with them. He prophesied that the occasion would bring 5,000 Scandinavians to the city from outside points.

Arrangements are being made for the establishment of a bureau of information during state fair week. This will have in charge the work of giving information regarding lodging and boarding house and hotels to visitors.

The association is preparing to take up some scheme to better the existing collection laws. President Hospe is to appoint a committee to have the subject in charge.

ARRANGING FOR MEMORIAL DAY.

Committees Appointed at a Meeting of Grand Army Posts.

A meeting was held in The Bee building last evening by a number of members from the local Grand Army posts for the purpose of making arrangements for Decoration day. John J. Jenkins was elected chairman of the meeting and president of the Memorial day society, with Miss Clara Feenan secretary and Dr. S. K. Spaulding treasurer. An executive committee composed of W. H. Durbin, Dr. Christie, W. S. Askwith, A. Troy, Mrs. Henderson, Mrs. Eastman and Mrs. Gilmore was then elected.

Mr. Jenkins upon taking the chair stated that he had a proposition to lay before the members for the raising of funds for the purchase of flowers for decorating the graves, which he considered preferable to the usual one of soliciting money from the business men of the city. He had just received a letter from Captain Jack Crawford in which a proposal was made to deliver a lecture at half his usual rates, the receipts of which should go into the fund for defraying Memorial day expenses. His proposition was accepted and the matter referred to a committee composed of Dr. S. K. Spaulding, Frank E. Moores, John Jeffcoat, W. S. Askwith, Mrs. Askwith and Mrs. Hay, with power to arrange for the date and place of giving the entertainment.

A committee to arrange for music and program of exercises was elected, composed of H. H. Durbin, J. B. West, Mrs. Remington, Mrs. Jeffcoat and Mrs. Wilcox.

The committee on flowers and transportation is A. K. Rhodes, E. Gilmore and H. H. Durbin.

A committee to select speakers was selected, composed of Dr. Christie and two others whom he might select. A further committee to collect flowers from the public schools and private citizens was composed of W. S. Askwith, Mrs. McKenna, Mrs. McCoy, Mrs. E. E. Wildeman, Mrs. Gilmore, Mrs. Eastman, Mrs. Jeffcoat, J. W. Thompson, W. S. Lindley, E. Gilmore, Charles Collins and George Newton.

The following committee on grounds was elected: M. J. Feenan, J. W. Thompson and J. B. West.

It was decided that the program of last year should be followed out with the exception of several details which should be perfected at later meetings; that the procession of veterans and military bodies should form at Sixteenth and Farnam streets and that memorial exercises should be conducted at Hanscom park.

John A. Gillespie was selected as master of ceremonies and E. Burmeister as marshal. The city was divided into three districts for the purpose of collecting flowers and the following relief corps selected to perform the work in districts assigned:

First division, all territory south of Leavenworth street, Grant Women's Relief corps; second division, territory between Leavenworth and Cuming streets, Custer Women's Relief corps; third division, territory north of Cuming street to the city limits, Crook Women's Relief corps.

The meeting adjourned to hold a session Wednesday evening at 7:30.

No excuse for sleepless nights when you can procure One Minute Cough Cure. This will relieve all annoyances, cure the most severe cough and give you rest and health. Can you afford to do without it?

Notice to Commercial Travelers.

A meeting of the commercial travelers of Omaha and Nebraska, including all those whose headquarters are within the state, whether the house represented is a Nebraska house or not, is called to meet at room 601, Bee building, Omaha, next Saturday evening, May 9, at 8 o'clock p. m. A business matter in which all should be interested will come up for consideration.

O. C. HOLMES.

POOR WORK REPLACING PAVING.

Plumbers Not Careful Enough When They Tear Up a Street.

At a meeting of the Board of Public Works yesterday afternoon Contractor Corby was ordered to proceed at once with the construction of the Chicago street sewer.

The city engineer was ordered to draw up plans and specifications for repairing the Tenth and Eleventh street viaducts.

There was considerable discussion on the subject of the cuts made in the streets by plumbers. On the asphalt streets the plumbers are compelled to pay the asphalt company to replace the pavement. But on the brick and stone streets they do the work themselves and charge the property owners what the pavement replaced originally cost. The manner in which this is done is not satisfactory to the board. It is impossible to supply inspectors to watch each case and the result is that the work is not half done. Chairman Munro stated that in his opinion the only way to adjudicate the matter was to have the work done by men employed by the board and have the plumbers pay for it. This seemed to be the sentiment of the board, but the matter was left open for future action.

Fell from a Viaduct.

Last night Otis Wearne was walking over the Burlington viaduct, near Sixth and Pierce street. His foot slipped and he fell to the ground, a distance of twenty-five feet, breaking an arm and sustaining several bad cuts upon his face and head.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

John F. Coad left for a short western trip yesterday.

Dr. Frank R. Carpenter of Deadwood is in the city.

Leopold Hahn of Hastings was in Omaha last evening.

A. M. Robbins of Ord was an Omaha visitor last evening.

Judge J. B. Barnes of Norfolk was an Omaha visitor yesterday.

G. D. Butterfield, a prominent Creighton stockdealer is in the city.

L. A. Dorrington of Chadron was among the hotel arrivals last evening.

Thomas Kryger of Neligh is in the city attending the session of the federal court, which convenes today.

Ex-Judge Hamer of Kearney is in the city attending the session of the United States court.

Mrs. M. Fitzpatrick left for Deadwood, S. D., last evening in company with her daughter.

Mrs. Stephen Mello, who has been visiting relatives in Chicago for several weeks, returned home yesterday.

S. T. Smith, a prominent mine owner of Denver, Col., was in the city yesterday while en route homeward.

Edward T. Bishop, who has been in the city for a short time while en route from Chicago to Denver, left last evening.

Miss Florence Goodsell, who has been visiting the family of Dr. J. Foote for several days, left for her home in Philadelphia last evening.

Rev. Samuel Goodale, D. D., of Columbus, Neb., was in the city yesterday while en route to Ann Arbor, Mich., where he goes to attend a meeting of college secret societies.

Nebraskans at the hotels: Henry Leisig, Wisner; G. F. Palmer and F. Tirney, Broken Bow; John Reimers, Grand Island; A. E. Goddington, Kearney; V. H. Stone, F. E. Perkins, C. H. Greer and E. R. Saddler, Lincoln; W. E. Babcock, Cambridge; M. W. Clair, North Platte; Edward C. Jackson, Blair; C. W. Lyman, Nebraska City; A. E. Baker, Pawnee City.

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PEN PICTURES PLEASANTLY AND POINTEDLY PARAGRAPHED

IT'S GETTING PRETTY HOT—

Too hot for a range—but cooking's got to be done nevertheless—what's the matter with a gas stove—a gas stove that saves you a third of the gas bill—that's the "Jewel"—the burners are cleanable—and never pop back when lighted—there's a great variety of sizes to choose from—so that your pocketbook can be suited with almost any size—but its great feature is its absolute assurance of a saving of a third of the gas bill—over any other stove—it's all in the adjustable valve.

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The Eclipse is a wheel—not much blowed about—it is true—no need to—it's a perfect bicycle in every sense of the word—the most modern improvements—the most reliable in construction—of high grade the highest—that's the Eclipse—it is stronger—more reliable and has more and better guarantees than any wheel in existence—if you come to our store and look it over you'll be convinced of this fact—it's the wheel you want—don't pass it by.

Wolfe Electrical Co.

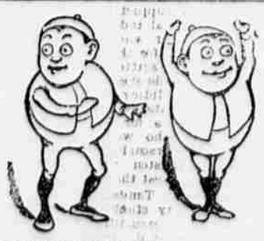
North side street Opp. new P. O. 1614 Capitol Ave

SCHLITZ MALT EXTRACT, 10c—

That's our regular price for a bottle—or we will sell it for $1.15 a dozen bottles—most dealers pay more than that for it—but we have such an enormous trade that we virtually control the market—not only in Schlitz Malt Extract do we make such prices—but on everything—all over the store—you'll find upon investigation that we are positively the lowest price drug house in the west—we also fill prescriptions from any doctor at any hour of the day or night at the lowest living prices.

Kuhn's Drug Store,

Really the only Cut Price Drug Store 15th & Douglas



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Every lady is pleased with our new arrival of extreme razor toe fine dongola kid lace shoes that we are fortunately able to sell at $2.50 a pair—the difference between them and the regular $4.00 style can't be detected—though there is a difference—but of so little consequence that nobody worries about it—even after we've told them—it is made in the very latest style and is $2.50—we are going to give away a bicycle to somebody—take a good look at it—it may be yours.

Drexel Shoe Co.

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A. Hospe, Jr.

Music and Art. 1513 Douglas

YOUR CHOICE FOR 50c—

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Albert Cahn,

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