OMAHA, SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 2, 1896-TWELVE PAGES.

New Yorker Replies with Biting Say casm to the Tannts of His Antagonist_Only Two Buttleships.

WASHINGTON, May 1 .- The debate in the senate today was of a dramatic and sensational character, recalling the famous Ingalia-Voorhess context of some years ago. Senagtor Tillman of South Carolina again brough his unique personality into the debate, hi speech being the first of any length since! his memorable maiden effort attacking public officials, high and low. While he spoke today, the silver pitchfork recently presented to him in the west, was conspicuously dis-

played on us scarf. The senator used blun copyright S cricket seashis utterances, ar.)

HAVAN St club is cand cabinet officer's

World Cab on. The grand personal ir-onsul General neit by Pre himself per tained a list of the national Jensey and on the American schooner Competitor. Laborde and Milton are American citizens,

Laborde wrote a letter to Mr. Williams asking him to come and see him, but neither Williams nor Laborde's lawyer has as yet gained access to him. The prisoners are at the arsenal, undergoing examination before the judge of instruction, preliminary to a summary naval court-martial. The whole proceedings will not last more than one or two days. Under the treaty, taken American citizens, caught with arms in their hands, are entitled to be represented by counsel. The Spanish authorities say that the Competitor was ordered to show her colors, and that it had no flag. Her papers had been thrown overboard.

thrown everboard.

The question of conspiracy may be raised, otherwise the prisoners are ordinary prisoners of war. Six of the party were shot by the marines of Mensajiero. One of the killed is said to have been Quesada.

According to a list found on the Competi-

tor, there were forty-three members of the expedition. Two were captured on land and are on their way to Havana. This makes seven prisoners altogether. The Spaniards found a printed proclamation to the people of Cuba signed by Laborde. Thirty mem-bers of the expedition escaped. Their lead-er's name is Monzon.

I saw-Laborde's whitehaired father at the palace today, trying to see the captain gen-eral. His face was like a dead man's. Coneral. His face was like a dead man's.

sul General Williams seems to be alive to
the situation, but information is difficult to
obtain.

JAMES CREELMAN.

in it. Success might possibly
but it could not have justified the part he
played."
Mr. Rhodes, Mr. Beit and Mr. Harris may

FILIBUSTERS AWAITING TRIAL. Will Be Court-Martialed as Soon as

Admiral Navarro Returns. were captured on board the steamer Competitor have been removed to the navy yard. The preparatory proceedings against them are being made. They will not be courtmartialed until the arrival here of Admiral Navarro, who is at present absent on an inspection trip. This duty lies within his

The newspapers have been coming under the displeasure of the captain general. El Pais, a daily, has been fined for an editorial which, it is charged, belittles the prestige of the army. La Discussion was fined also for having reproduced an article from yesterday's edition of the Diario de la Marina, which, it was charged, belittled the authorities. The Diario de la Marina was again fined for the publication of an unpatriotic editorial.

large ban commanded by Perico Saens, and although the enemy vastly outnumbered the Baron Lock warmly re-In the engagement which followed the inkilled and five wounded on the field. General Bernal always commands his troops in per-

of the insurgents is reported from the village of Punta de la Sierra. It is stated that they took a man named Julian Hernandez and hanged him three times to a tree, in each taking him down just before life was extinct. The man's neck is said to be so terribly swollen that he is experiencing great diffi culty in eating. The insurgents are also alleged to have killed with machetes a man named Pedro Obregon, who was 80 years old. Near Recea Colonel Recedos' troops killed four insurgents in a skirmish. the Ruinfo plantation seven insurgents were killed and the survivors retired with many wounded. Two soldiers were killed

column of troops at San Migeul, province of Matanzas, has been engaged with the insurgents under Mirabel. Five of the latter's men were killed. Colonel Amor at Hatillo Vega, in the northern part of Santa Clara, has had a brush with a band of insurgents, who lost six killed. The local guerrilla forces of Yuletas have captured Sebastian Cabellero, an insurgent leader. The Barcelona battalion at Guada Bassageros, province of Matanzas, has been engaged with the insurgents com-manded by Matos, defeating them with heavy loss. The Rey battalion at San Jose de Las Ramos met the insurgents led by La Cret. Five of them were killed and the troops had the insurgents buried forty men killed in a previous skirmish in the neighboring swamp. gagement near Remates and Pinal del Rio with the bands of Lazo and Varona. A lively fight occurred, when the troops charged with bayonets and dispersed the insurgents,

troops lost one killed and four wounded.

vent the Progress of the Epidemie. SAN FRANCISCO, May 1.-The steamship Doric arrived last night from Hong Kong and Yokohama with nine cabin and 300 steerage passengers. There was no sickness on board and the Doric was not compelled to go into quarantine. The black plague is still prevalent in Hong Kong and Canton. Two European children have been attacked by the disease.

Japan is taking every precaution to pre-vent the introduction of the plague. Yoko-hama was greatly alarmed when the Doric left over the reported outbreak of the plague in that city. One case diagnosed as genuin that city. One case diagnosed as genu-ine plague had developed on the Gaelic while she was at Hong Kong and another was found on the steamer Chittagong, just about to sail for Portland, Ore. The Chittagong case, however, did not prove to be genuine

plague and the steamer was allowed to sail The Chinese at Canton are in a state of excitement over an attempt to keep the canal between the foreign settlement and native quarter clear of lampans and ing boats. Anonymous proclamations have been posted offering rewards for for-

On April 16 a destructive fire broke out at Tatelshi and 1,500 houses were burned.

Reichstag Prohibits Options BERLIN, May 1.—The Reichstag today by a vote of 200 to 39 adopted a motion to prohibit options on grain and grain products on

Knapp Goes to Constantinople ALEXANDRIA, Turkey, May 1.-Rev. George P. Knapp, the American missionary,

has left here for Constantinople Czarewitch is Ill at Nice. NICE, May 1.—The czarewitch is reported OFFICIALS ARE PROVED GUILTY.

Cecil Rhodes and Chartered Company Connected with the Raid, LONDON, May 1.—It would be difficult to caused in England by the publication of the substance of the telegrams and documents which have come into the possession of the authorities of the South African republic The weight of evidence which they furnish against persons to whom they were addressed and by whom they were signed, of being

against persons to whom they were addressed and by whom they were signed, of being engaged in a conspiracy to overthrow the Transvaal, is admitted to be crushing. The opinion of the press very generally condemns them, but strenuous efforts are made to prevent a sweeping condemnation of the suthorities of Cape Colony, and of the British Chartered South African company, other than the individuals whose names are included in the documentary evidence.

The Times, in an editorial on the sub-ject, says: "It is impossible to ignore the gravity of the conclusion to which the pub-lished telegrams point. They establish be-yond the possibility of doubt that Hon. Cecil yond the possibility of doubt that Hon. Cecil Rhodes, the premier of Cape Colony, Mr. Alfred Belt, a director in the British South African company, and Mr. Rutherford Harris, secretary of the British South African company, were privy to the movement against Johannesburg, and that the leaders of the movement counted upon their help and countenance to ensure its success. The telegrams must be taken to prove that Mr. telegrams must be taken to prove that Mr. thodes approved the revolution, which was lesired in Johannesburg, but nothing in the orrespondence goes to show that the actual rossing of the frontier by Dr. Jameson nder the circumstances under which it eventually occurred was known to Mr. Rhodes or carried out with his approval. The reasons which actuated Dr. Jameson in rossing the frontier when he did remain louded in mystery. His conduct awaits the explanation he may have to give at his

trial."
The Times' editorial article then proceeds to justify Mr. Rhodes for consenting to an armed force on the frontier, on the ground that it was a foregone conclusion that it was a foregone conclusion that in several years an attempt to obtain a redress of the uitlander grievances by force might be necessary. "This was shown," British ascendancy. It is inconceivable that said the Times, "by the report that Sir Henry Loch, the governor of Cape Colony. His whole policy has been based upon the

be called to act as individuals; but this does not necessarily involve a condemnation of the company. In the question what should the company. be done with Mr. Rhodes and the chartered HAVANA, May 1.—The fillbusters who company it must not be forgotten that there is a strong center of anti-British influence

at Pretoria ready to take advantage of any weakness on our part.

SIR HENRY LOCH'S PART. The Times has a dispatch from Paris quoting a dispatch to the Temps from Pretoria which says: The gov ernment has found among the papers of jurisdiction and cannot be delegated to any other authority. Steps have been taken to interm him of the capture of the Competitor and to hasten his return. The total number of fillibusters killed during the capture of the capture of the Competitor and to hasten his return. The total number of fillibusters killed during the capture of the capture of the Competitor and to hasten his return. The total number of fillibusters killed during the capture of th ernor and high commissioner of Cape Colony, The newspapers have been coming under asked Mr. Phillips whether Johannesburg

General Bernal has met numerous bands of ment. Baron Loch said that he denied in Insurgents in the moutains of San Cristobal, province of Pinar del Rio. He engaged a that he had at any time proposed an in-

although the enemy vastly outnumbered the Spanish force, the insurgents hurriedly retreated, with the less of three killed and left seven prisoners in the hands of the trouble at Johannesburg, saying that, on the contrary, when he vicited Pretoria in 1894. he did his utmost to dissuade the uitlanders overtook them between Minas and Vilas. from engaging in any disturbance and he re-In the engagement which followed the in-surgents were routed and left twenty-three the fact that trouble was brewing. He admitted he had made an inquiry regarding the quantity of arms at Johannesburg, but son, and is to be found in the first fighting | the baron explained he did so in order to im-Ine in every engagement.

In several skirmishes in the province of causing a disturbance which he pointed out

> MRS. BURDEN'S JEWELS RETURNED. Fully Identifies Her Property at

LONDON, May 1 .- At the Bow street po lice court today William Dunlop and William Turner, the two men arrested on the charge of stealing about \$60,000 worth of jewelry from Mr. I. Townsend Burden of New York, were remanded for a week.

Inspector Forest drove to Bow street, car pursued the enemy and in another fight at rying a large Gladstone bag containing the jewels, and Mr. and Mrs. I. Townsend Bur-Mrs. Burton Harrison and Assistant District Attorney Lindsay of New York arrived at Bow street shortly before I o'clock. The party was immediately conducted to the extradiation court, where the jewelry was spread on the desk. When the detectives opened the bag Mrs. Burden exclaimed, "There is my pocketbook. You will find the name of the maker on it." The jewelry was with linen. Mrs. Burden remarked; is my linen. See how it is sewed to the belt. Only a woman did that." Mrs. Burden was very much excited and frequently exclaimed: my jewels in that manner." Of the superb

> While the detectives were opening the package, Mrs. Burden checked off the list of her jewels, and Mr. Burden remarked that Turner was really the instigator of the rob-bery. When Sir John Bridge, the chief magistrate, entered the extradition court he

> invited Assistant District Attorney Lindsay to take a seat on the bench. Mrs. Burden testified, repeating the story of the discovery of the robbery, and subsequently formally identified the jewels.

> During the examination Turner wore a de-fiant air and tried to stare the witness ou of countenance. Mr. Burden corroborated his wife's testimony and said that during the search made for the jewels the detectives of New York did not do their duty. A pawn-broker identified Turner as the man who had pledged a gold chain.

> Princess Bentrice Gets Appointment. LONDON, May 1. - Princess Beatrice, youngest daughter of Queen Victoria and widow of Prince Henry of Battenberg, has been appointed governor of the Isle of Wight, the office previously held by her hus-

> PARIS, May 1.- The protocols of the copyright congress will be signed on Monday. They agree to the principles of the Berns convention of 1886, but extend several provisions of the agreement. It is stated here that it is expected the United States will shortly join the international copyright

> GENEVA, May 1 .- The national exhibition was opened today by Vice President Deucher in the presence of the government officials, members of the diplomatic corps, many for-eign visitors and a large attendance of people.

PARIS, May 1 .- The socialist group in the Chamber of Deputies has issued a violenmanifesto against the support of M. Meline of universal suffrage and of the republic.

Li Hung Chang in Russia. ST. PETERSBURG, May 1.-L! Hung Chang has arrived here with a letter from to have had another attack of hemorrhage the emperor of China to the exar and brings IUDGE IS HOOTED BY BOERS

verestimate the sensation which has been | Heavy Sentences Are Not Popular in the Orange Free State.

CECIL RHODES, HOWEVER, IS DENOUNCED

Volksrand of the Independent Buffer Republic Discusses Recent South African Events_London Times' Plea.

that the interdict upon the property of the present at the ceremonies. There is reform prisoners has been removed except in the case of Charles Leonard and Dr. Wolff. Judge Gregorowski, who presided at the trial of the reformers, was hooted and greaned on that the national holiday should not be dishis return to Blomfontein, in the Orange Freestate.

In the Volksraad of the Orange Free state today, however, several speakers denounced the British Chartered South Africa company and Cecil Rhodes, the "would-be dictator of South Africa." They declared that the sending of British troops to Matabeleland was a more protext to get troops into Africa. President Stevn advocated the abrogation of all treatles with the company, which, he said, were a danger to South Africa. He urged calmness, however, and said he felt sure Mr. Chamberlain, the British colonial secretary, would do his utmost

in behalf of peace.

The Times, in an editorial, protests against punishing Cecil Rhodes for his connection with the Johannesburg raid to appease the Boers, "who," says the Times, "are eager for his downfall, not from hatred, but from policy, he being a formidable champion of British ascendancy. It is inconceivable that he has been actuated by enmity to the Dutch. had knowledge of such an intention.

"Nobody will seriously blame Mr. Rhodes for regarding this movement without disfavor, but his position as premier should-have restrained him from mixing actively in it. Success might possibly have excused, but it could not have justified the part he but it could not have justified the part he which says: The progressive but it could not have justified the part he procedure.

in it. Success might possibly have excused. Proteria, which says: The progressive but it could not have justified the part he burghers think banishment and a small fine will suffice as a punishment for the con-victed members of the Johannesburg national But the influence of the Hollanders causes difficulties. Mr. J. H. Hammond's health causes uncasiness to his friends, and here are fears of an outbreak of typhoid fever in the prison. Daily News says editorially: "Mr.

Rhodes having assumed the role of revolution monger, he ought to resign his directorship in the Chartered company."

HERCULES ROBINSON'S SPEECH. CAPETOWN, May 1.-The Cape parliament that occasion by the British high commis-sioner, Sir Hercules Robinson, has a special by the explosion of a lamp. interest, in view of the present situation in South Africa. Governor Robinson's speech vas notable for its strong tone of deprecation of the Jameson raid and the lamentable re-sults that have resulted. He was confident, he said, that the imperial government would take steps to prevent a recurrence of a calamity which endangered so gravely the friendly relations of the adjoining states. The ministry, he added, was directing its best efforts toward maintaining these friendly relations. He expressed a hope for calmness and conciliation on the part of the South African retired on account of ill health in 1882.

In September, 1888, Prof. Geiffielsen caused to be inserted in the Deutsche Rundschau to be inserted

Turning to the question of the native revolt, he said the successful march of the relief column for Buluwayo against the Matabeles would prevent further serious loss of life and

cantly on the necessity of co-operation be tween the governments to deal with the questions of native labor, drouth, rinderpest and locusts. He proposed measures to abolments, to regulate railway rates, to construct irrigation works and to alleviate the condi-tion of the farmers. The Parliament, he to them the Transvall government would be justified in stringently represeing. finances of the colony, he added, were 'n a flourishing condition. There had been an immense increase in railway traffic, and this, with the expansion of trade, required other works. an extension of the facilities in telegraph lines and harbor works.

> SITUATION CALMER AT PRETORIA President Kruger Disclaims Any Vin-

LONDON, May 1.- A Pretoria dispatch to the Telegraph gives the substance of an interview held with President Kruger, in which he said that he had scratched the death sentence at once to show that after the law had been vindicated there was no vindictive personal feelings on the part of himself or the government's decisions would be announced thought, in classifying the offenders with hom it intends to deal on the principle of

diding scale. Mr. Barney Barnato has appeared in an inof his mines in the Rand was intended to threaten the Transvaal government. It was due, he said, to the fact that all his man agers and engineers were prisoners. "Mr. Barnato's action is severely criticised," says the Daily Telegraph's correspondent, "an it is rumored that he will withdraw his in

"It is rumered also that Precident Kruge has received a personal cable dispatch from President Cleveland with reference to John Hays Hammond. My information tonight is that the outlook is hopeful for a majority of

DUTCH AND ENGLISH SIDE BY SIDE Matabeles Met by Strong United Op-

position in Their Own Land. LONDON, May 1.-A

dispatch to the Dally Telegraph says: The latest news from of customs, J. F. Woods; controller of Matabeleland is very encouraging. The Dutch land revenue, Lieutenant Colonel E. The latest news and English there are fighting side by side and the former are taking a leading part, owing to their knowledge of the native methods of warfare. This indicates that the former refusal of the burghers to join with the British, owing to the refusal them to form a separte command under Wight, the office previously held by her hus-band. This is almost the first time such an appointment has been bestowed upon a woman. in the engagement on the north bank of the Umguza river, now occupies Kopjee, to the east of Tabainburs, commanding the Salis-bury road, and awaiting Cecil Rhodes' column, which is expected to relieve Gwelo to

> CAPETOWN, May 1.-The relief column from Salisbury, accompanied by Hon. Ceci Rhodes, which is enroute for Buluwayo arrived at Iron Mountain hill on Wednesday

> David D. Wells is Engaged. LONDON. May 1.-The engagement Mr. David D. Wells, second secretary of the United States embassy here, to Marietta daughter of Dr. Ord Brook Street, is an counced.

> TAMPA, Fla., May 1.—Bishop Diaz, the Baptist clergyman banished from Cuba, has arrived here from Havana, accompanied his wife, thre children and his brother Alfred

SIMLA, May 1.- The distress, owing to the drouth in the northwest provinces, is unexampled. It is estimated that 200,000 persons are employed on relief work.

ONE THOUSAND YEARS OF HISTORY. Hungary's Millennial Celebration Begins at Buda-Pest Today.

BUDA-PESTH, May 1 .- (New York World Cablegram-Special Telegram.)-The city is overcrowded with people from all parts of the country, gathered to be present at the opening tomorrow of the millennial anniversary exhibition to commemorate the founding of the kingdom. All buildings are narvelously decorated with flags and buntng, the stars and stripes being as prominent as the colors of the other foreign nations. The emperor and the empress are here with all the archdukes and archduchesses LONDON, May 1.—A Capetown dispatch to the Times says: It is stated from Pretorial fine, it is estimated that 200,000 will be rejoicing and happiness among the visitors. Even the much-dreaded May I demonstra-

tion of the socialists and workingmen did not take place, because the leaders promised

There is only one disappointment in the midst of the feetival joy. The much praised underground electric railroad is not in readiness for operation, and disquieting rumors are in circulation, in spite of the authorities to suppress them. The public is greatly excited, as it is said that this supposedly ex-cellent system, after which Boston is patterning and which has been seriously consid-These rumors are based on a gerous to life. statement that the engineers made a serie mistake in constructing the road. Tra Manager Weerner, however, denies this, and says the delay in opening the road is be-cause the dynamos in the power house are not ready. It is stated on good authority, nevertheless, that trains cannot be run because of the lack of air in the tunnels. One section, two miles long, has only one opening at the Varcsliget end station. When two trains meet now the pressure of the air lifts the cars from the rails. It is said that in this manner three men were seriously injured on one of the trial trips. The management, however, denies all this, and promises that trains will be running in a few days. In the face of all these contradictory statements it is known that the best engineers of Europe, including those who constructed the London Metropolitan railway, have been summoned to Buda-Pesth for conference.

The celebration, which begins today with

DEATH OF FREDERICK GEIFFIEKEN

Distinguished German Scholar and Author Sufficented by Smoke. MUNICH, May 1.—Frederick Geifficken, the well known author on international law was opened today and the speech made upon and editor of the diary of Emperor Freder-

> Frederick Henry Geifficken was born at Hamburg in 1830 and in 1854 was appointed secretary of legation at Paris. In 1856 he was charge d'affaires of the town of Ham-burg at Berlin, was resident minister in the same town in 1859, and in 1866 held the same office in London. He was elected a member of the Hamburg Senate in 1869

an article headed "The Emperor Frederick's Diary, 1870-71," which, according to Prince Bismarck, then imperial chancellor, in rewould prevent further serious loss of life and property.

Despite the condition of unrest, the attitude of the mass of the aborigines toward colonial rule was satisfactory.

Governor Robinson dilated very significantly on the necessity of co-operation behe was brought before the high court of the empire and was eventually acquitted of the charge of high treason.

Prof. Geiffieken then retired to Switzerland, but subsequently returned to Munich. He was the author of a number of his-torical works, including "The Coup d'Etat of 1851." "The Constitution of the German Confederation," "The Alabama Question,"
"Historical Development of the Relations

GERMANY'S SILVER ANNIVERSARY.

Celebrates the Occasion by Opening an Exposition.

BERLIN, May 1.—The Industrial exhibition n the municipal park at Treptow was opened by Emperor William today. His majesty was

accompanied by the empress. President Kennemann, addressing the peror, said that the exhibition was the outsome of a desire to celebrate the twenty-fifth emperor, he added, had shown the greatest interest in the work, and confiding in his majesty's pacific policy, which promised prosperity and progress for all branches of trade, he called for three cheers for the emperor, before the Volksraad meets on Monday. The he called for three cheers for the emperor, executive council would find difficulty, he which were given with the utmost enthus-

The manager of commerce, in behalf of the emperor, then declared the exhibition open. The emperor and empress subsequently made terview, in which he denied that the closing a tour of the exhibition and later drove through the town, which was profusely dec orated with flags for the occasion.

CANADA'S NEW MADE CABINET Roster of Officials Sworn In at Ottawa Yesterday.

OTTAWA, May 1.-Following is the official roster of the cabinet to be sworn in this afternoon: President of the council, A. R. Angers; postmaster general, L. C. Taillon; marine and fisherles, John Costiman; railways, John G. Haggart; finance, George E. Foster; public works, A. De-Jardines; minister of justice, A. R. Dickey: militis, Lieutenant Colonel Tisdale; agricul-ture, W. H. Montague; interior, Hugh John MacDonald; secretary of state. Sir Charles Tupper; solicitor general, Sir C. H. Tupper; trade and commerce, W. B. Ives; controller Prier; without portfolios, Frank Smith, Don ald Ferguson, Senator Ross (speaker of Sen ate). DeJardines and Angers will run for the House of Commons, i.T. C. Casgrain will likely be premier in Quebec.

PORTLAND, Ore., May 1.-William P. Swope, J. C. Dolan and Eugene M. Dement were arrested here today by United States treasury officials on a charge of conspiring to illegally land Chinese and issuing fraud-Their examination is to

be held this afternoon.

stadt.

At New York-Arrived-Spree, from South-ampton; Scandia, from Hamburg; Columbus, from Hamburg: Gergovia, from Naples; Braunechweig, from Naples; New York, from Southampton; Lucania, from Liverpool, Salled—Aachen, for Bremen. At Queenstown-Arrived-Campania, from

New York. Southampton-Sailed-Normannia, for At Hong Kong-Sailed (April 29)-Em-At Hamburg-Arrived-Augusta Victoria,

from New York.
At Liverpool - Arrived-Campania Taurie, from New York. Sailed-Bovie, for At San Francisco-Arrived-United teamship Petrel, from Honolulu. At Gibraltar - Arrived - United States eamship Minneapol's, en route to Cron-

THE BEE BULLETIN. SHAH OF PERSIA IS SLAIN

Shot Down by a Fanatic as He rs a Shrine for Devotions.

ASSASSIN FIRES STRAIGHT TO THEE THE

After Reigning for Nearly Years Nasir-Ed-Din Succumt to the Bullet of a Murderer.

TEHERAN, Persia, May 1.-While the shah was entering the inner court of the shrine of Shah Abdul Azim, six miles south of this city, this afternoon, he was shot and ilmost instantly killed by an assessin. The assassin fired point blank at the monarch, who was but twenty feet away. The bullet passed through his heart.

Immediately after the shah was shot he was carried to his carriage and conveyed to the palace in this city. There he was atended by Dr. Thologan, his chief physician and other physicians were hastily sent for. But, in spite of their efforts, his majesty expired soon after his arrival at the palace er about 4 o'clock this afternoon

The assassin, who was promptly arrested, s said to be a savvid from Kirman, or from the province of that name. It is believed that the murderer has accomplices.

The heir apparent, Muzafer-ed-Din, was imned ately advised of the assassination of his father and will leave Tabriz, where he was sojourning, for Teheran as soon as possible. At 5 o'clock this afternoon an official bulletin announcing the death of the shah was posted at the palace. The city is quiet and the best of order prevails. No disorder is pprehended. Nasir-ed-Din, shah of Perela, was born

April 24, 1829, and succeeded to the throne on September 10, 1848, on the death of his father. He was crowned at Teheran, October 20, 1848, and his heir apparent is his eldest son, Muzaf-er-ed-Din, who was born March 25, 1853, and who has four sons and fifteen daughters

WASHINGTON, May 1.-The following the opening of the exhibition, commemorates the invasion of Hungary in the year 896 A.

D., by Arpad and his army of Magyars, who defeated Zratopluk, king of the Slavs, and afterwards bought the greater part of the devotion. Upon entering the inner sanctuary present country. The price was seven white he was shot by an assassin disguised as a stallions. heart. Expired within two minutes. Regitra-cide was a revolutionary fanatic. Great distress, but city is quiet."

DEED OF A FANATIC. LONDON. May 1.-It is known the shah accession on May 6. At the Persian legation in this city the opinion is expressed that the murder was the deed of a fanatic and was not the outcome of any especially designed and the open market. The basic product of the request for an extension was the failure of a large eastern house and the firm's inability to borrow money in the open market. was arranging for a great celebration of his accession on May 6. At the Persian legation Petersburg, the assassin was a man of the to sell the capital stock in the outside conwhich has hitherto made attempts assassin to convert the control of the control of the capital stock in the outside conwhich has hitherto made attempts assassin to constant the capital stock in the outside converts and centralize the business to constant the capital stock in the outside converts and centralize the business to constant the capital stock in the outside converts and centralize the business to constant the capital stock in the outside converts the capital stock in the outside converts the capital stock in the outside converts the capital stock in the outside converts the capital stock in the outside converts the capital stock in the capital stock in the outside converts the capital stock in the capi hah's life with a shot from a revolver. Dispatches from Teheran to the Times re-

garding the situation in Persia incident upon the assassination say: Much discontent has existed for some time, through the dearness of provisions, partly caused by the executive issue of copper coins. Considerable alarm prevails here and Prince Naib-es-Bues Sultaneh (third son of the late shab) has revealing secrets of state, constituted a crime of high treason. Consequently the professor was placed in solitary confinement. to become a menace to the government.

"The chief apprehension that now arises," says the Times, "is lest the new shah's eldest brother Zil-es-Sultan, should attempt to dispute the accession (the late shah is succeeded by his second son, and not the eldest son). Zil-es-Sultan is governor of Ispahan, and was for a long time the virtual ruler 1890, greatly reduced his power and disbanded his regiments." Mr. George N. Curzon, under secretary of

state for foreign affairs, who is an ackn edged authority on Persia, considers Mozaf fer-ed-Dine Mirza Valihad, the new shah, a men of great intelligence, but he has been ecluded all his life so as to have no knowlruler of Persia.

OVERDUE VESSEL ARRIVES SAFE.

Eighty-Nine Days from Australia. SAN FRANCISCO, May 1 .- The overdue ship Craigmere arrived today, eighty-nine anniversary of free and united Germany. The days from Newcastle, N. S. W., with 3,130 tons of coal for J. J. Moore & Co. The Craigmore was detained by light winds and had no report to make of burning cargo or heated coals, much chagrined that they should have placed such a big re-insurance on the Craigmore, as they will be compelled to pay at once the heavy rate offered yesterday of 10 per cent. The Craigmore saw nothing of the Republic, which seems to leave no doubt that the burning vessel has gone to the bottom, for the Craigmore sailed over the same course.

NO EVIDENCE AGAINST BEEF TRUST

Only Three Witnesses Found to Tes tify About Secret Freight Rates. CHICAGO, May 1.-From present appear ances the interstate mission investigation of the big beef companies and their supposed secret freight arrangements with the railreads by the federal grand jury next week will fall short of its purpose. deputy marshals have only succeeded in rounding up three witnesses. vate detectives have been assisting in search for the men wanted and they have givn up the jcb, have been paid and surrendered the subpoenas.

Unprovoked Murder of a Neighbor. CHICAGO, May 1.-Yesterday afternoon M. J. Wyckoff shot William Wegner, a wealthy manufacturer, through the head and in the left breast, inflicting wounds from which Wegner died within a few minutes. The two men were neighbors and did no get along welf. Two days ago, it is claimed Wegner, during a row, struck Wyckoff, blacking his eye. It was for that that the murder was committed. After two policemen had taken Wyckoff into custody a large crowd endeavored to take him away. The policemen fought hard for their pris-oner, and they were on the point of losing him when a patrol wagen of officers came their assistance in response to a rice

Little Fires of a Day. QUINCY, Ill., May 1.—A fire which started n the basement of Morris & Co.'s four-etory pletely destroyed that structure, and also the large building of the Tenk Hardware company, wholesale hardware. The Ironclad Overall company and F. T. Hill, carpet dealer, were also badly damaged. The total loss will reach \$300,000, mainly covered by insurance.

Jenlous Husband Kills His Wife. HENDERSON, Ky., May 1 .- Robert Ward, living near Henshaw, Ky., fatally shot his wife and then committed suicide by shooting himself. Mrs. Ward was attractive and At Bremerhaven — Sa led Dresden, for New York.

At Naples — Sailed (April 28)—Burgund a, gis. When she refused the tragedy re-

Weather Forecast for Nebraska-

Generally Pair; Warmer; South Winds 1. Five of the Competitor's Crew in Prison. Boers Hoot the Pretoria Judge. Shah Shot by a Revolutionary Fanatic.

First of May Brings a Strike. 2. South Dakota Pops Are Hopeful.

Protection and Oregon's Prosperity. Bicycle Racing Season Opens.

3. Ben Tillman After the Administration. Omaha Indians Oppose the Lease. Methodists in Conference at Cleveland.

4. Editorial and Comment. 5. High School Oratorical Contest. Hack Drivers Settle with Knives.

6. Council Bluffs Local Matters. Scott Jackson's Defense Begins, 7. Commercial and Financial. Business Review of the Last Week.

8. Irrigation Works in Old Mexico. 9. George Kingen Caught at Onincy. Special Masters Not Inclined to Oult.

City Council and the Bond Sale. 0. Sorrows of a Street Car Conductor. Three Tales of the Telegraph, 11. Aged Relic of the River Sports.

Gotham as a Modern Swell. About the Patient Plodding Mule. 12. "When Horses Shall Bear No Burdens." Bits of Feminine Gossip.

NEWSPAPER HAS MONEY TROUBLES. Times of New York Placed in the Hands of a Receiver.

NEW YORK, May 1.-On the application of Charles R. Miller, Edward Carcy and Frank G. Root a majority of the directors of the Times Publication company, Justice Andrews in the supreme court today appointed Alfred Ely receiver for the company and John H. Judge referee in proceedings brought by the same parties for ion. The petitioners allege that the capital stock of the company is \$1,250,000 and its indebtedness \$316,701, of which \$46,710 s in open book accounts: \$110,000 money loaned and \$160,000 upon debentures notes. They further state that the company has been losing money and if allowed to continue

will lose its entire assets. Among the creditors are: The United ress, Glenns Falls Paper Mills company; Western Union Telegraph company, Commercial Cable company and the Mergenthaler

inotype company,
DETROIT, May 1.—J. L. Hudson & Co., clothiers, this morning notified all their credi-tors that the company is financially embarrassed and desires an extension of credits. The company has branches in Sandusky, St. Paul, Cleveland, St. Louis, Buffalo and Grand Rapids, but the St. Louis, Cleveland and Buffalo branches are not in any way affected. A statement issued by the company gives assets at \$1,271,840 and liabilities, \$518,154. money in the open market. The business will be carried on as usual until an ex-pression is obtained from the creditors. Mr.

cerns and centralize the business in this elty.
BOSTON, May 1.—A receiver has been appointed for the Atlas Tack company, whose head office is located here. HOT SPRINGS, Ark., May 1.—The City Savings bank was forced into the hands of a eceiver today by attachments aggregating

\$25,000. No statement of assets and Habili-ties is made. The failrue caused a run on other banks. BOSTON, May 1 .- On petition of the state nsurance commissioner a receiver was appointed today for the Central Mutual Fire

Affecting Scene at the Execution of a of John and George Pierce and Webber gallows within the jall yard. Only a few persons were admitted. The condemned mon were baptized by Father Smith of the Catholic church and he remained with them the greater part of the day. The scaffold was reached

t 1:30 o'eloek. Standing near the door was Mrs. Rags-lale, sister of the Pierce brothers, and with er stood the little 4-year-old son of John. The condemned man picked up the little ellow and kissed him tenderily, the tears treaming from his eyes. The sight was affecting in the extreme. On the scaffold the men knelt and repeated prayers after On the scaffold At 2:40 the trap was sprung. the priest. George Pierce's neck was broken, brother and Isaace strangled to death, bodies of the Pierce boys will be taken to Mountain Grove, Mo.

TO INVESTIGATE SEED PURCHASE.

Be Ventilated by Congress. WASHINGTON, May 1.-Representative Baker of New Hampshire introduced in the house today a concurrent resolution providing of the charges or directed an investigation, and that he and Assistant Secretary Dabney have asserted that senators and representa-

Bill Doolin Indicted for Murder. KANSAS CITY, May 1 .- A special to the Star from Stillwater, Okl., says: Bill Doolin chief among western outlaws, has been indicted for the murder of Deputy United states Marshals Lafe Shadley, Richard Shead and Thomas Poston at Ingalls in September inst. There are about three dozen charges, ranging from bank and train robbing to murder, hanging over the outlaw. Consecrated Bishop of Marquette.

DETROIT, May 1.-Rev. G. Mott Williams was consecrated bishop of the new diocess at Marquette at Grace church in this city today. Seven bishops, including two Canadian prelates and nearly fifty priests from Michigan and adjoining dioceses, were present and contributed to one of the most im ecclesiastical ceremonies ever seen in Michigan. Fort Townsend Military Reservation

WASHINGTON, May 1.—The president will probably issue an order setting apart the Townsend as a military reservation for the Fort Townsend post. This will be done by cancelling an order of April 1, 1885, which transferred the control of the reservation and they quelled the riot.

PARIS, May 1.—All the factories are work-there have been no Labor day demonstrated. lands of the military reservation of Fort Gave Birth to Five Babies

MAYFIELD, Ky., May 1.-The wife o

Oscar Lyons, a farmer near here, gave birth

last night to five boys. The children are all

well developed and healthy. Four of them weigh four and one-quarter pounds each and the fifth five pounds, making a total of twenty-two pounds. Trainmen Say It Was Suicide. COLUMBUS, O., May 1.-Herbert Noel jumped from the St. Louis and New York limited Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis train at London, O., near mid-night, and was killed. He was ticketed

from the west to Pittsburg. Trainmen say Murdered by a Brother-in-Law, ERIE, May 1.-Lev! H. Kreider, a promient farmer of this county, was murdered

MAY DAY BRINGS A STRIKE

Three Hundred Men Make a Demand for an Increase in Wages.

IRON WORKERS IN CHICAGO OUIT WORK

General Suspension in the Building Trades Likely to Follow an Attempt to Employ Nonunion Men.

CHICAGO, May 1 .- In accordance with a decision reached late last night about 300 structural iron workers, employed principally on the various elevated roads in course of construction, struck today for an ncrease of wages.

The old agreement between the employers expired yesterday, and in the new agreement the men demand an increase from 37% to 45 cents an hour and double pay for all overtime, they having heretofore been paid time and a half for over eight hours' work and

double time for Sundays and holidays. Two small firms, employing about fifteen ren, have signed the agreement.

The structural iron work in Chicago is completely tied up. The Bridge Workers union belongs to the Building Trades council, and should the contractors attempt to put non-umon men to work it is feared a general strike of the building trades will ollow. No disturbances have occurred.
MILWAUKEE, May 1.—The mattress makers at the bedding factories in this city went on a strike for higher wages. They belong to the American Federation of Labor and demand 5 cents higher all around on

SAN FRANCICO, May 1,-At a conference today between the members of the grievance committee of the building trades council and committee of the building trades council and the walking delegates of the associated unions, it was decided that the card system should be rigorously enforced in this city hereafter. Every district of San Francisco will be patrolled by committees to investigate the personnel of all mechanics employed on building jobs. Any committeeman is empowered to require employers to adopt the card system and to dismiss non-union werkmen. Upon the refusal of an employer to comply with these demands, the committee comply with these demands, the committee may order a strike on the job forthwith and the union mechanics must immediately com-

ply with such instruction,
PITTSFIELD, Mass., May, 1.—A general
strike was inaugurated by the building traces union here today on account of the refusal of contractors to grant a nine-hour day. PORT HENRY, N. Y., May 1.—Seven hundred men are thrown out of work by a strike today of the employes in Sherman & Co.'s iron mines, whose demand for an increase of 40 cents a day was refused. The mines were shut down.
TERRE HAUTE, Ind., May 1.—Every.

operators whose mines are still in operation and who are paying the old scale are members of the association, but did not sign the agreement at the Indianapolis meeting to reduce wages. Their trade is purely local, The struggle will be a protracted one.

KANSAS CITY, May 1.—At a m meeting held tonight the plumbers and gas and steam fitters decided to inaugurate a strike Monday next, the Employers' association having re-fused their demand for an eight-hour day at the same wages that has heretofore been

bituminous mine in Indiana, with the ex-ception of three, is idle today. The three

paid for nine hours. LINTON, Ind., May 1.—All the mines in Greene and Sull van counties have suspended work and 1,000 men in this part of the dis-trict are idle. Both miners and operators KISSED HIS BABY AND THEN DIED. say that no concessions will be made and it is a fight to the finish. Neither has made any money the past year and the indications are that the operators will shut down inefinitely until they get a reduction of the

wage scale from last year's prices, which were 60 cents per ton.

Fifty Arrests Made and Ninety jured Persons Taken to Hospital. LONDON, May 1 .- Advices received here from cities and towns throughout the conment of Europe show that there have been small socialist and labor meetings incident to May day, but there has been little sne. pension of work, in spite of the apprehenions which have been felt that the day would be characterized by widespread labor disturbance. There has been no disorder whatever, except at Vienna and at Bilboa. In Vienna all work was suspended and meetings of laborers were held in every quarter of the city and were largely at-tended. These meetings adopted resolutions in favor of universal suffrage. At 2 o'clock in the afternoon enormous crowds proceeded along the Ringstrasse to the Prater, where the cafes and restaurants were crammed full of people. The numbers were estimated at over 90,000 people. Notwithstanding this vast concourse, all was quiet till a dispute arose in the evening between hemian workmen and the landlord of the big Swoboda restaurant. The workmen befor an investigation of the late purchase of seeds by Secretary Morton. A preamble to the resolution recites the charges made in this connection by the Northrup-Breslau-Goodwin company of Chicago, and says the secretary has not acknowledged the receipt of the charges or directed an investigation of one persons, including women and children, were seriously wounded by sabres, and the hand of one person was cut off. Many of the plants, or directed an investigation of one persons including women and children, were seriously wounded by sabres, and the hand of one person was cut off. Many of the public were also hadly intured by stones bear seriously wounded by sabres, and the hand of one person was cut off. Many of the police were also badly injured by stones, beer jugs and whatever else the roters could lay hold of or use as missiles. The military tives in congress have often disposed of their was summoned by telephone and two squad-quota of seeds for private gain. to the Prater, followed by four battallons of infantry, who hastened to the scene at a double quick with fixed bayonets. Intense excitement was caused throughout the city by the rioting and by vague fears of a widespread outbreak. Fifty arrests were made and ninety persons injured were taken to the hospital, while large numbers of those who were hurt were carried to their homes by friends. Order was restored to the city by 8 o'clock in the evening.
At Bliboa, in Spain, 1,500 miners from tha Gallarta and Arboleda districts struck and

came riotous so that the gendarmes were obliged to fire upon them to suppress the Labor day passed as quietly as usual here. The only incident out of the usual run war a gathering of socialists in Hyde park. But the attendance was small, and there was nothing more than the disorder natural to such assemblies.

BRUSSELS, May 1 .- A May day riot oc urred today at Chatelet, in the province At that place 3,000 socialists came into collision with the police and blows were exchanged. The police drew their

strations reported. The socialists will march

TORONTO, May 1.—The Builders' laborers to the number of 400 struck today for an increase from 18 to 21 cents an hour. As a consequence the bricklayers and stonecutters were compelled to stop work, and the whole building trade is at a standstill.

Abandoned the May Day Fight. class contest over the erection of a May pole at the Kansas university did not occur this morning. The association game of foot ball between the sophomore and freshman classes took its place. Neither side was able to score and the game was concluded without the usual May day fight.

Arrested Another Woman Strangler, SAN PRANCISCO, May 1.—A man named John Lewis and said to be an iron molder today by Edward D. Heidler. The two men, who were neighbors, had married sixters and with the death of the mother of the wives Kreider was made executor. The murder was the result of a family quarrel over the estate.

was arrested early this morning while attempting to strangle an abandoned woman in an alley. The police believe Lewis may have strangled the other fallen women who recently were murdered in this city.