Eupranie Court to Hear of the Now Noted Adams Contract.

MUCH INTEREST FELT IN THE OUTCOME

Local Importance of the Suits Enhanced by the Benrings of the Ultimate Decision on Rall-

road Relations Generally.

WASHINGTON, April 20 .- (Special Telegram.)-Omaha bridge cases have the call toworrow on the convening of the supreme court. For a time today it looked as if the cases would have to go over indefinitely, but the number of cases on call for the day it up at the earliest possible day.

were rapidly disposed of and the Omaha. The Indian appropriation bill was taken up bridge cases benefited accordingly. Chancellor Woolworth is here and also the attorneys who figure in one case or another, Judge Dillon, George Peck and Robert Mather. These cases come up from the court of appeals, wherein Justice Brewer sustained the contracts of the Rock Island and Milwankee roads made with the Union Pacific in operating the terminals. Until these cases are decided by the supreme court it is pretty certain the Rock Island and Milwaukee will refuse to enter the new union depot on the ground that they will not know whether they can cross the Union Pacific bridge. roads hold the joint use of the bridge and terminals from Council Bluffs to a point beyond South Omaha at the rental of \$45,000. This contract the Union Pacific seeks to have set aside on the ground of its not being equitable and the amount stipulated being far below what the use of the terminals and the bridge are worth. Several minor constructions enter into the cases, making them of universal interest, not only to the railway world, but to the country generally. The president has approved the joint reso-lution calling for estimates for improve-ments on the Missouri river opposite Sioux City, Ia. The president has also allowed the granting the right of way to the Chicago, Burilington & Quincy road through the and Fox Indian reservation in Kansas and Nebraska to become a law without his

tures of the proposed payments.

Mr. Brown, republican of Utah, declared that it was not only a "fraudulent scheme," but also a palpable steal, clean and unvarnished. Lieutenant John H. Wholley, Fourth infantry, is relieved from duty as recruiting officer at Seattle, Wash. Leave of absence granted First Lieutenant Farrand Sayre, Eighth cavalry, Department of the Platte, extended one menth.

The following transfers in the Fourth cav-alry are made: Captain Wilber E. Wilder, from troop H to troop D; Captain James Berwin, from troop D to troop H.

following transfers in the Twelfh infantry are made: First Lieutenant Charles W. Abbot, jr., from company E to company F; First Lieutenant Charles C. Ballou, from company G to company C; First Lieutenant William G. Elliott, from company F to company E; First Lieutenant Wildam C. Ben Lieutenant Willis Uline, from company G; Second Lieutenant Willis Uline, from company G to company I; Second Lieutenant Glenn H. Davis, from company I to company G.

Comptrollen Eckels has approved the Na-tional Bank of Redemption of Boston as a reserve agent for the Des Moines National bank of Des Moines, and has revoked his approval of the National bank of North America of New York as a reserve agent for the First National bank of Council Bluffs,

Thisba H. Morgan, teacher at the Indian school at Pine Ridge, S. D., has been transferred to the Seger Colony school, Indian

RAILROAD LANDS ARE TAXABLE.

Maximum Freight Rate Cases Restored to Supreme Court Docket. WASHINGTON, April 20 .- Justice Brown delivered the opinion of the supreme court today in the case of the Central Pacific railway company against the State of Nevada, involving the right of the state to fer the bond resolution until the appropriatax the lands of the railway company. The tion bills were out of the way, and Mr. Peffer case came to the supreme court from the was about to assent, saying that Mr. Alli-Nevada supreme court on a writ of error son's statement was evidently in good faith, sued out by the railroad company.

The state courts held that the state was Mr. Wolcott appealed to Mr. Stewart to

entitled to levy taxes upon patented lands and also for lands which had not been patented, but which had been surveyed and on the suggestion of Mr. Allison, as the resowhich the cost of surveying had not been paid. Juetice Brown's decision affirms this decision. "If" he said, "the railroads have a possessory claim to the land they are taxable under the statutes of Nevada."

Remarking upon the plea that the lands could not be taxed because the government reserved mineral lands from the grant he said: "If the railroad had no possessory claim because the lands are mineral it cannot be injured by a sale of the lands to pay the tax." He did not think it possible that the railroad company's enormous land grant should remain untaxed until the charcter of the land as to minerals could be

Justice Field dissented on the ground that the reservation of mineral lands from the grant made it impossible to determine what lands could be properly taxed against the railroad company.

The cases involving the Mormon church

property which was confiscated under the Edmunds act were sent back to the supreme court of Utah for final disposal in conformity with the joint resolution of congress ap-proved March 26 last, restoring this property to the church. The decision of the cour was reversed for this purpose. The Nebraska maximum freight rate cases against the C. B. & Q. rallway were restored to the docket for re-argument, but no date was fixed for the next hearing.

Amending Irrigation Legislation. WASHINGTON, April 20.-The committee on irrigation of arid lands today authorized a favorable report on a bill amendatory of the Carey act. The amendments provide that where the greater part of a legal sub-division is desert in character, the whole shall be so considered. In order to be entitled to depert lands the states and territories must cause to be irrigated and occunot less than twenty acres in each Such tracts must be cultivated by actual settlers within ten years from the date of segregation. Desert lands are defined as such as will not produce the ordinary agricultural crops without artificial irriga-

May Reorganize the Road. WASHINGTON, April 20,-The senate committee on judiciary today made a favorable Mr. Quay reported a bill providing for pubreport on the resolution authorizing the purchasers at the mortgage sale of the Atlantic lic buildings as follows: Salt Lake City,

& Pacific railway to reorganize the road.

BRIDGE CASES COME TODAY ROUTINE WORK IN THE SENATE. M'CARTY CASE IN CONGRESS Vest Offers a New Deal on the Sec tarian School Question.

During the morning hour, the joint reso-

notice that on Wednesday next he would ask to take up the bill to pension survivors of

again on motion of Mr. Pettigrew. Mr. Peffer, author of the bond resolution, was

Montana, had offered an amendment strik-

ling out the provision that no appropriations shall be made to sectarian schools. Mr. Peffer made further amendment directing the

ecretary of the interior to provide temporary

rian schools. This amendment was adopted. Mr. Cockrell, democrat of Missouri, then

offered a substitute for the entire proposition.

The subject provides for contracts with existing schools for 1897 to the extent of 50 per cent of the contracts of 1895. It adds the following. "And it is hereby declared to be the settled policy of the government to

make no appropriations whatever for the

education of Indian children in any sectarian schools just as soon as it is possible for pro-

vision to be made for their education other

wise, and the secretary of the interior is hereby directed to make such provision at

the earliest practicable day, not later than July 1, 1898."

to the absence of Mr. Carter.

The further consideration of the sectarian

There was sharp criticism on appropriating various amounts to 130 lawyers in connec-

ion with the settlement with the western

Mr. Chandler pointed out the peculiar fea-

Mr. Palmer, democrat of Illinois, also

sked for an explanation of what he thought o be "a palpable fraud on its face."

Mr. Gray, democrat of Delaware, expressed

ment for the services of J. M. Bryan

bond resolution laid before the senate.

to avoid this, sought an agreement for a

ote on the bond resolution.
"It is utterly impossible," said Mr. Call,

to say when the senate will conclude, as

several senators have indicated a purpose

to speak. For that reason it is impossible

to agree now as to a time for a vote," and

he refused several requests to name a limit

Mr. Allison, chairman of the committee or

appropriations, appealed to Mr. Peffer to de-

the suggestion of Mr. Allison, as the resolution would thus secure the added support

of those who were now urging appropriation

Mr. Stewart yielded reluctantly, turning to

"It might

Mr. Allison, behind him, saying: "It might as well be known that when the time come:

there will be a contest to an end on this

subject. We will stand to it-every day to the end. It will be no child's play. The

the fight comes will the senator (Ailison) be

"I am likely to be in this neighborhood,"

The unanimous agreement was thereupor

made to postpone temporarily the bond reso-

lution until the appropriation bills now re-

The debate on the Chcrokee claims in the

dian bill then proceeded. At 4.15 o'clock

WASHINGTON, April 20.-The Rothschilds

leading silver smelting works in New South

agent at Newcastle, N. S. W., Mr. Keightley, in a report to the State department, says that

the smelting works were projected on an ex-tensive scale for the treatment of silver ore from Broken Hill, by the Ashcroft process. A company termed the New Sulphite corpora-tion in which the great house of Rothschilds

holds a large interest has purchased a site at Cockle Creek, about twelve miles below Newcastle, and works costing \$290,000 are

Waller Visits the State Department.

States Consul Waller came to the State de-

partment today in company with Paul Bray,

his stepson. He had a short interview with

Assistant Secretary Adee, and another with Chief Chilton of the consular bureau, and

will endeavor to see Secretary Olney later in

more to deliver the first of a course of lectures

Public Buildiums for otah Cities.

\$500,000, and Ogden, Utah, \$188,000.

WASHINGTON, April 20 .- In the senate

the states.

n Madagascar, which will involve a tour of

Meanwhile he has gone to Balti-

WASHINGTON, April 20.-Ex-United

being erected to employ 1,600 men.

The vice United States consular

Rothschilds in Australia.

bills as against the bond resolution.

adm'eistration is fighting it.

answered Mr. Allison.

ported, were disposed of.

the scnate adjourned.

familiar.

for debate.

WASHINGTON, April 20 .- With the therinmeter in the chamben standing at \$0 de-

called the upper house to order,

o Indian wats.

Sarpy County Incident Becomes of Internagrees, less than twenty senators were on tional Importance. the floor whon Prosident Pro Tem Frye

lution for the appointment of General Frankin, Representative Steele, General Bale and General Henderson as members of the board of managers of the National Soldiers' home was adopted without debate. McMillin Taunts the Republicans Having Done Nothing Mr. Cannon, republican of Utah, intro-duced a bill for the construction, near Wash-ington, of a ground map of the United States on a scale of one inch to the mile. Mr. Mitchell, republican of Oregon, gave Whatever to Satisfy the

WASHINGTON, April 20 .- For the first lime this session Speaker Reed was late in arriving at the capital. Clerk of the House Mr. Allison, republican of Iowa, followed with a report of the sundry civil appropriation bill, and said he would seek to take McDowell called the house to order and announced that in the absence of the speaker speaker pro tem would be elected. Mr. Hull of lowa was unanimously elected and took the chair. He had been seated but a few minutes when Mr. Reed appeared, and amid much laughter and applause said: "The house will be in order."

Needs of the Country.

not present, but it was stated that he was cognizant that the Indian bill was thus to be taken up. The pending question related to sectarian schools. Mr. Carter, republican Although this was suspension day under the rules, Mr. Cannon, chairman of the committee on appropriations, insisted on proceeding with the general deficiency bill, and on his motion the house went into committee of the whole for its consideration. This was the last of the regular appropriaschools for any Indian children cut off from school facilities by the closing of the secta-fan schools. This amendment was adopted. ion billa

When the item relating to indemnities to e paid to Frederick O. Dawson, wife and for loss of property and injuries cceived in Nebraska were reached Mr. Mercer alled attention to the great vigor with which frest Britain had pressed this case, \$40,000 having been claimed from the state of Ne-braska. He commended the vigilance of the British government in the protection of its subjects and said it was a strange contrast with the action of our own government, but e thought that the testimony showed that he Dawsons were as much to blame as the McCartys in this particular case. It was a

brawl upon the highway.

Mr. Hill, chairman of the foreign affairs committee, said that the testimony showed chool amendments was then deferred, owing that the women had been outrageously mis-treated. As a result of the injuries the daughter was today suffering from chronic pilepsy. The amount of indemnity allowed Mr. Hopkins, republican of Illinois, thought

nasmuch as the Dawsons were in Nebraska with a view of making it their permanen although they had not been natural ized, they should not be permitted to invoke the protection of the British government fter becoming involved in a brawl. Mr. Cannon said that the claim was rec-

nmended by the State department. It was

a matter of international honor. We had exacted heavy indemnities from China. a wish to learn the method of arriving at the value of a lobbyist's services. Mr. Livingston, democrat of Georgia, called Mr. Platt, republican of Connecticut, said the lawyer referred to as a lobbyist, Mr. Peabody, had never lobbied a day, but had attention to the fact that we were now preparing to make a claim against Spain for he imprisonment of Bishop Diaz in performed legitimate legal services.
In the course of a lengthy discussion Mr Mr. Hainer of Nebraska, who said he had thoroughly investigated the circumstances, thought the indemnity should be paid. The item was passed without amendment. Pettigrew, in charge of the bill, explained that the Cherokees had received 35 per cent of their claim of \$800,000 against the govern

RESOLUTION ON BIMETALLISM. Mr. Willis, republican of Deiaware, offered others. The Indians had received all their an amendment authorizing and directing the president to invite the commercial nations share.

Mr. Teller gave a detailed explanation of of the world to meet in international conferthe claims with which he was personally ence for the purpose of fixing an international ratio for the coinage of gold and silver. After the Indian discussion had proceeded Mr. Cannon promptly interposed a point of order to cut off debate and he was sustained. or some time, Mr. Peffer asked to have the Mr He said that substantially such legislation Pettigrew insisted on continuing with the already existed, but it had not been exe Indian bill. This promised to bring on a test on displacing the resolution, and Mr. Peffer,

Mr. Willis called attention to the difference between the existing and proposed legisla-A prolonged discussion of appropriation

expenditures was precipitated by Mr. Hopkins, who asserted that it cost \$733,000 more to collect \$169,000,000 from customs last year than it did to collect \$192,000,000 from customs in the last year of the Harrison ad-ministration. A deficiency of \$850,000 for the collection of customs was reported in the

Mr. Hopkins thought the change of the system from specific to ad valorem duties, made by the repeal of the McKinley law and he enactment of the Wilson bill, might be esponsible for the great increase in the ost of collecting the customs.
"Would you prefer the McKinley law with

its \$10,000,000 sugar bounty?" asked Mr. Sayres, democrat of Texas. 'As against the present law, yes, 1,000 to replied Mr. Hopkins, amid republican

A DO-NOTHING RECORD. Mr. Dockery, democrat of Missouri, asked the republican side what effort they had made with 150 majority to repeal the so-called Wilson-Gorman bill which they de-nounced. He taunted them with having done nothing. He recalled the campaign book of blank pages circulated by the repub-licans in 1894, entitled "What Congress Has Done" comparing that record with the Done," comparing that record with the 'do-nothing" record of this congress. He suggested that the democrats could effect ively circulate a similar book in the coming

"What has this congress done?" he asked "What has been done to bridge the chasm between inadequate revenues and increasing expenditures? penditures? Where is the Dingley bil pigeonholed by the votes of five repub-

"How many democrats voted to put it asked Mr. Brumm, republican of have acquired a large interest in one of the Pennsylvania. "All of them, of course," replied Mr.

Dockery. "Democrats are opposed to inreasing taxation." Proceeding, Mr. Dockery ridiculed the majority for making no effort at currency legislation, which the business interests of the country demanded. The policy of thi congress, he said, was one of delay. Tha policy had been declared by the speaker at the opening of the session, when he announced himself against "crude and hasty

Mr. Dingley, chairman of the ways and neans committee, was stung by Mr. Dockery into a reply. The charge that nothing had been done, he said, must be looked at in the light of the sun. The house, senate and president together made legislation. Unless hey concurred no legislation was possible. The house alone of those three factors in leg-islation was under republicen control. In the house, the republicans were responsi-ble. They were not responsible for a demo-cratic and populistic senate and the influence

of a democratic executive. "We did everything we could do under the circumstances," said Mr. Dingley, with great earnestness, "and here and at the other end

and a senate who will block our way or who will co-operate with us in picture way or who and a senate who will block our way will co-operate with us in giving the treasury oufficient revenue and restoring prosperity to the country." (Republican appliance.)

DEBATE GROWS LIVELY. "The gentleman says" the democrats and populists killed the strength of the senate. Was it act, pigeon-holed by republican votes?" asked Mr. Sayers.
"The republicans were not in control." re-ASSAULT ON DAWSON FAMILY DEBATED

plied Mr. Dingley, 114 3 "But were not some of them partly re ponsible? Yes, partly," admitted Mr. Dingley 'Will the republicans ask the states rep

resented by these senators to repudiate "Those states can take bare of themselves,

"Is not Tom Carter chairman of the re-

ublican national committee?" asked Mr. deMillin. "Do you claim that Messrs. McMillin. Walcott, Dubo's and Teller are populists? If you do you cut off a good deal of the speciability of your party." "Have not the democrats and populists a majority in the senate?" asked Mr. Dingley, who now became in turn inquisitor.

ngley, who now became in the distribution of the man and the man and the man at him repeatedly which Mr. Dingley thrust at him repeatedly by dwelling on the "four recalcitrant" re-publican senators and the "swap" of the biggest committee in the senate for the loaves and fishes that float about the senate

SOME NEEDED LEGISLATION. Mr. McMillin concluded by referring to the necessity for a bankruptcy bill, a Pacific roads refunding bill, a currency bill, etc., and charged the republican side with cow-ardice in not meeting these questions instead of preparing to adjourn and run away Mr. Hepburn, republican of Iowa, Mr. Cooper republican of Wisconsin, Mr. Grout, repub lican of Vermont, Mr. Terry, democrat of Arkaneas, and Mr. Cannon, republican of Illinois, also participated in the debate. Mr. Lewis, republican of Kentucky, offered

an amendment to pay Taylor county, Ken-tucky, \$16,000, and Meade county \$1,000, for the use of the court house during the wa as barracks. Mr. Lewis declared that re fusal to pay this money to those countles would be an act of "dishonesty and shame-ful repudiation." The amendment was voted

Mr. Evans, republican of Kentucky, offered in amendment to pay the state of Kentucky \$22,000 for the cost of raising troops during the rebellion. The amendment went over on a point of order.

The bill was passed amid some applause.

Mr. Pickler, republican of South Dakota moved to suspend the rules and pass a reso lution setting tomorrow, Wednesday and Thursday for the consideration of the general pension bill reported from the invalid pen-sion committee, with a provision for a vote on Friday. The vote on the adoption of the esolution stood 62 to 5.

Mr. Allen, republican of Mississippi, made point of no quorum, and at 6:05 the house adjourned.

Some three years ago the Dawsons were passing through this section of country, going west. While making the journey, they stopped in the vicinity of Albright for a few days to rest their stock. One day while they were in camp, Vic McCarty passed by, on his way home from South Omaha. Stopping at the camp, he entered into a discussion with the elder Dawson. The discussion grew warm and ended in a fight, McCarty and his pals assaulting the Dawsons, giving them a most unmerciful beating. At the time Mc Carty was under the influence of liquor After sobering up, and realizing what he had done, he returned to the Dawson camp. He helped the members of the family to pack up, after which he took them to his residence near Bellevue, where he fed and clothed them for several months, after which he sent them on their way.

Warm Words for the Salvation Army FREMONT, April 20 .- (Special.)-Instead of the usual services at the Congregational church last evening, at the invitation of the church the services were conducted by the Salvation army. There was a large attendance and when the Salvationists marched Moore charges the company with having vio-down the aisle with their flags flying and lated the law for which its charter might drums beating there wasn't a vacant seat in the house. The meeting was conducted by Captain Drew in the same manner as the ther meetings of the army, and gave a good many people who were not familiar the army an insight into the methods which have given it such success in this country. The work of the Salvation army has been very highly commended here by church ople of all denominations and the citizen generally.

Will Stand by Mr. Diaz. WASHINGTON, April 20.-Representative Black of Georgia today called at the State department and conferred with the officials concerning Mr. Diaz, the Baptist missionary, under arrest at Havana for alleged complicity in the insurrection. After the interview Mr. Black said that there was no doubt that Mr. Diaz had taken out naturalization papers during his residence in this country and is a citizen of the United States. The State lepartment, he said, will see that Diaz is given a fair trial and is accorded his rights as an American citizen.

Entries Free of Duty. WASHINGTON, April 20.-The ways and means committee of the house today favorably reported the bill introduced by Mr. Washington to permit the entry free of duty of exhibits and laborers for the Nashville. Tenn., exposition, and also Mr. Adams' bill to permit the return to the United States free of duty of articles or live stock sent abroad for exhibit in foreign expositions.

CARRIED HIS COFFIN WITH HIM. Li Hung Chang Will Take No Chances

SAN FRANCISCO, April 20.-Edward Evans of Shanghai, China, was was among the passengers on the steamer Gaelic says Li Hung Chang, the Chinese viceroy, now on his way to Moscow to attend the coronation of the czar, took with him on his trip a casket in which he expects to be buried when he dies,

"It is not an unusual thing for Chinese to buy their own coffins and keep them in their houses the same as any other article of furniture, until they shuffle off this mortal coil." he said. "To carry a coffin with one's self on a long journey to guard against any inconvenience in case of death may seem ridiculous to Americans, but that Li Hung Chang has done this I know to be a fact. of the capitol met the united opposition of the democrats and populists. The only thing to do is to appeal to the people and let them say whether we shall have a president

TWO OLD BOILERS PLAY OUT

OTHERS TO BE PATCHED UP FOR THE TIME

Investigation Shows that the Dorgan Outfit Was Worthless at the Time Broatch Appraised It

at Full Price.

LINCOLN, April 20.-(Special.) -- The Board of Public Lands and Buildings has ordered Agent Whitehead to put in two new boilers in the penitentiary to replace two of the plant bought from Dorgan and repair two of the others. These were recommended to the state by the appraisers, of which W. J. Broatch of Omaha was the "practical" man on machinery. They have been used one year since. Work on the foundation of the two new ones has been commenced and the cooper shop and foundry will soon be in running order again.

The State Board of Transportation will insist that the Elkhorn & Sloux City, O'Neill & Western railroads put in transfer switches at O'Nelli, Plainview and Randolph, all junctions of these lines, for the benefit of producers who desire to reach a market at attention was paid to them, and it was not Norfolk and other points south. At the pres- until this morning that the victim was disent time sugar beet raisers are compelled to haul their product by team to Norfolk from points north of what is known as the Pacific Short Line. To this end the board has called on the roads to comply with what is held to be the common law and have set the first of May as the day of hearing.

Another move was made in the ! Welty judicial election contest in the Norris teenth district in the supreme court today Respondent Norris filed a motion with the clerk of the supreme court, asking that the relator, Welty, be required to give an addi-tional bond for costs, as J. H. Edmisten is not considered sufficient security. The motion is accompanied by affidavits setting out that a search of the records of Dawson county do not show that Edmisten is possessed of any property subject to levy.

Adjutant General Barry today designated

Captain William M. Decker and First Lieu-terant Martin Herpolsheimer of the First regiment, Nebraska National Guard, to can vass and record the vote of the commissioned officers of the Second regiment for major of that regiment. They will report tomorrow at the adjutant general's office at 4 p. m. FARMERS' MUTUAL ANSWERS MOORE. Today the attorneys for the Farmers' Mu-

tual Insurance company filed a brief in the supreme court on its motion to strike ou certain portions of Auditor Moore's answer. The portion aimed at is that part in which the auditor attacks the constitutionality of the law under which the mutual companies are operating. Concerning this point the brief says: It is not for the auditor to pass upon th

It is not for the auditor to pass upon the constitutionality of the law, or for him to conceive it to be unconstitutional, and deprive the relator of the right without a hearing before a competent and proper tribunal. The auditor has only such powers as are given him by statute. If the law under which the Farmers' Mutual Insurance company was organized is unconstitutional the only way it can be so declared and the company dissolved or prevented from doing business is by some action of the state. It is a de facto corporation and its acts are valid until the corporation is dissolved in a proper proceeding on behalf of the state.

The auditor should rather seek to uphold the law than to attack it. We know of no duty devolving upon him that would require him to throttle a corporation and destroy its usefulness because he conceives that the law creating it is unconstitutional. The company certainly has a right to be heard in a court competent and authorized to pass upon constitutional questions before its life shall be taken from it on account of the unconstitutionality of the law creating it.

In another portion of his answer Auditor

In another portion of his answer Auditor

be forfeited. On this point the relator denies the right of the auditor to go behind the report of the company and make an investi gation, asserting that there is no statute authorizing the auditor to investigate in any way anything relating to a mutual insurance company. The contention on the part of the auditor that he has the power not only to investigate, but to refuse a charter, is vig-orously denied, and a large number of authorities are quoted in support of this position. It is contended by the relator that these authorities show the law to be that the public must be concerned, and there must be some threatened injury to the public before the state, the only authorized power, can inter-vene. It is held that the auditor cannot be heard to complain, or be permitted to destroy the usefulness of the corporation simply be-cause he conceives that there is something wrong, and that he will therefore destroy without a hearing. In this case quo war-ranto, it is contended, is one only way to test the constitutionality of the law. In con-clusion relator contends that the authorities quoted fully determine that the auditor can-not raise the unconstitutionality of the law, nor charge acts ultra vires against the company and refuse it a certificate. Therefore it is urgued, that the auditor should not be permitted to held back this certificate, thu disabling, if not destroying, the company to the great benefit of the old line companies It is suggested that if the old line com panies have a fight to make against the mutuals, they should be courageous enough to walk boldly into some tribunal having juris-diction to settle all pending controversies, and there make their fight openly, and not under the cover of a public state officer.
Today the Lincoln Medical college of Cot-

ner university filed articles of incorpora-tion with the county clerk. The object is to reorganize and carry on the medical colleg at Cotner, and, possibly, to add schools of dentistry and pharmacy. The capital stock is \$50,000. Incorporators are W. S. Latta, O. C. Reynolds, M. A. Carriker, R. L. Bentley, P. R. Madden, L. R. Brown, W. K. Lough-F. L. Wilmeth, C. A. Shoemaker and

Clyde Davis. LINCOLN LOCAL NOTES.

An appeal has been taken from the de-cision of the excise board in the case of cision of the excise board in the case of Benson & Newbrandt, saloon keepers, against whom a protest was filed asking that a license be refused them. The license was granted by the board, but Attorney Ferris contends that time enough to give notice of his appeal was not granted, and, accordingly, he asked the district court for a writ of mandamus compelling the beard to reassemble and expect and revoke the license granted. ble and cancel and revoke the license granted to Benson & Newbrandt. Judge Hall signed the order and it was served on the member of the board this afternoon.

The Lancaster county commissioners today

issued an order instructing the treasurer to refund to the Burlington Railroad company \$14,730 taxes paid under protest, as double assessment on certain lands. The order was made in accordance with a district court

This afternoon James C. Johnston filed claim with the city clerk asking for \$25,000 damages for injuries received by falling down n embankment. He stated that the fall injured his spine and head. The accident occurred on April 8, last.

The executive committee of the Nebraska club held an adjourned session at the Lincoln hotel this afternoon. There were present: Messrs. Joseph Oberfelder of Sidney, Ross Hammond of Fremont, O. C. Holmes of Omahs, E. A. Barnes of Grand Island, J. E. Smith of Beatrice, C. H. Morrill of Lincoln, W. H. Lannin and C. E. Williamson, secretary of the committee. The vacancy caused by the resignation of Judge Powell was filled by the election of Major T. S. Clarkson of Omaha, and at a subscenest election Major. Omaha, and at a subsequent election Major Clarkson was made chairman of the com-mittee. A communication was received from the Douglas County auxiliary, stating that it was now in the midst of raising 5,000 shareholders, and inquiring respectfully what progress was being made by the club as a whole. Secretary Williamson was authorized to send personal letters to nonresidents, who own property in Nebraska, urging them to lend their assistance to furthering the wel-fare of the club, and serving the best interests of the state. The committee adjourned to meet in regular session on the first Monday in May, at a place to be designated by

the secretary.
Omahs people in Lincoln: At the Lindell— W. A. Francis, S. T. Dorsey, Ed Stevens, M. Meyer. At the Lincoln—Frank Irvine, C. E. Williamson, C. A. Carlson, T. S. Clark-son, O. C. Holmes, N. S. Brown.

ONE WAY OUT OF A SCHAPE. Friend Man Who Etoped with a Married Woman Commits Snielde. FRIEND, Neb., April 20.-(Special Tele-

gram.)-The third chapter of the Jackson-Davis elopment, which occurred at this place a few days ago, was enacted at Salt Lake, Utah, this morning. Davis went west last Thursday in search of the truant couple and for the purpose of getting possession of his little giri, and tracing them to Salt Lake he started last night with his wife and child. Jackson committed suicide this morning. The body will be brought to Friend for burial.

SALT LAKE, April 20 .- (Special Telegram.) -Louis C. Jackson was found dead in the rear of his confectionary store in this city this morning. He had committed suicide by blowing out his brains with a revolver. Jackson and eloped on April 3 from Friend, Neb., with Mrs. E. W. Davis, wife of the Burlington station agent at that place. Sunday Davis reacted the city in search of his wife and child, who had accompanied the runaways. They had previously been located by the city detectives, and upon Davis' arrival taken to police headquarters, where were confronted by the injured bushand. Mrs. Davis is a strong-mined, plain looking woman of 40 years and never flinched at the unexpected appearance of the man she had deserted. After a short interview she agreed o give up the child, leave Jackson and go o Denver to live. Davis, his wife and child left together on the night train for the

A couple of hours later two vistol shots heard by lodgers in the Rickets which Jackson's store was located, but no overed.

Jackson left a note written on brown asking that his body be shipped to Friend for interment, and his request will be com-piled with. Jackson was a young man, 29 years of age, and left a wife in Friend for the woman eleven years his senior, who in turn described him. Found the Asylum Crowded.

NORTH PLATTE, April 20.-(Special.) John Hostetter, an insane man, who has been confined in the Lincoln county fail at this place for the past two menths, was today taken to the Norfolk asylum. An attempt to get the patient in the asylum has been made several times, as his condition was not such that he could be cared for by the officials here, and around these attempts is woven an interesting story. Sheriff Miller first wrote Dr. Mackay, asking if there was room for him at Norfolk. The reply was there was not. Soon thereafter the condition of the patient became much worse, and the officers wrote the superintcodent that they would have to bring him down to the asylum, as his condition would not warrant his being kept in an ordinary jail. ter had a mania for tearing up his clothing and it was impossible to keep clothes on him. He would tear off his trousers and phirt, make rage of the bedding, and in other ways became unmanageable. The reply sent back by Mackay was that if the patient was brought down there the officer could bring him back. There was no room for him The correspondence was sent to Governor Holcomb, with a strong letter, written by the sheriff, and by the next mail the governo promised to investigate. In a few days a letter was received from Superintendent Mackay, saying that there was now room for the prisoner. The governor had investigated Stole His Own Children.

PLATTSMOUTH, Neb., April 20 .- (Special. -Max Lemm, formerly of this city, but now of Pekin, Ill., and who is also well know in Omaha, came to Plattsmouth Saturday and left yesterday via the ferry without saying goodbye to any one. Max is a widower and the father of two children, who, since the death of their mother, have been living with the relatives of the latter here. The father recently wrote to those having the Lttle ones in charge, asking that they be sent to him. This request was unheeded, for the reason that there was a considerable sum d for board, and for the further reason that the children were too young to travel alone Yesterday Lemm stated that he desired take the children down to have their hai cut. They were accordingly dressed in their best clothes and given into his charge. They at once crossed the river and have not sine

Would Presecute the White Cans. PLATTSMOUTH, Neb., April 20 .- (Special.) -David Neal, whose house was attacked by white caps last week, was looking for the county attorney this morning for the purpose of swearing out an information against six young men, whom he claims were concerned in that outrage. David says that as a re-sault of the nocturnal vist there is not a whole light of glass in his house, and that he can show about a half bushel of stones and brick bats which were thrown through the windows. In addition to this, a nice garden which surrounded the house has be pled down and completely ruined. He wants the young men prosecuted for trespass, as-sault with intent to do great bodily injury and various other crimes and misdemeanors Neal claims that the objection to his cupying his present home varies from the fact that he has been very outspoken in his objection to numerous dances which have been held in that neighborhood.

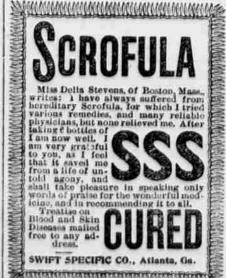
County Seat War Becoming Warm. HEMINGFORD, Neb., April 20 .- (Special Telegram.)-The county seat fight between Alliance and Hemingford is on again in full blast and much feeling exists, which has been intensified by the action of County Super intendent Neeland of Hemingford, who has ennounced that the teachers' institute will be held this year in Alliance. Hemingford citizens deem this a most unwarranted and unjustifiable action. Alliance has another unjustifiable action. Alliance has another petition and claims to have nearly sufficient signers to call an election. Nebraska Man Arrested in Kansas.

BEATRICE, April 20 .- (Special Telegram.) -A message was received here this afternoon announcing the arrest of H. C. Browning at Atchison, Kan., and stating that the pieces of goods taken from S. Fritch's tailoring establishment in this city were found among Browning's possessions and identified by Fritch, who went to Atchison Saturday for that purpose. Browning will be brough back here when he will be called upon to answer to several grave charges.

Young Man Instantly Killed. WAHOO, Neb., April 20 .- (Special Telegram.)-Three miles east of this place yesterday afternoon Emil Thorson was instantly killed. He was taking care of some horses: when one of them kicked him over the heart. He was a young man 22 years old the son of Charles Thorson, a prominen

Moving County Sent Records. INDIANOLA, Neb., April 20.-(Special Telegram.)-The county commissioners met here in regular session today. They went to McCook to secure office room for the various county officials and the work of moving the records will commence tomorrow. Officers are busy packing up.

In 1850 "Brown's Bronchial Troches" were introduced, and their success as a cure for colds, coughs, asthma and bronchitis has been unparalleled.





Gladness Comes With a better understanding of the

transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper ef-forts -gentic efforts -pleasant effortsrightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of stekness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its bene-ficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely ns:d and gives most general satisfaction.



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AMUSEMENTS.

THE CREICHTON, Partin Share, ... TONIGHT AT 8:15. KATIE PUTNAM THE OLD LIME KILN By C. T. Dazey, author "In Old Kentucky." leats now on sale, Etc., Ecc., 50c, 75c and 11.00. MATINEE WEDNESDAY.

BOYD'S TOMICHT.

::Jolly Nellie McHenry:: "THE BICYCLE GIRL." PRICES First Floor, 50c, 75c and \$1.00; Bal-

PEN PICTURES PLEASANTLY AND POINTEDLY PUT.



WE BEARED THE MARKET-

Got a lot of ladies' tan lace shees-in a dark seal brown and 20th Century cut-and long extended razor toes—got them to sell for four dollars—but the tips were not what we ordered—the makers sent us a duplicate or-der with the tips the way we wanted them—

Send for our lilus- 1419 Farnam. Consider our prices-2407 Cuming N. W. Corner 409 McCague Bldg Music and Art. 1513 Douglas.



IT'S EASY AS COASTING ...

To sell "Jewel" gasoline stoves there's such a vast improvement over all others that | dental offices are in the McCague block-on shown the difference—the blue lighter is no fears as to pain—either in the extraction the prominent feature—possessed by no

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They pass the McCague block-and our



ONLY BELLE IN SIGHT_

That's the way with the Kimball-it's really the only plane the people want-the we never miss a sale with those who are the corner of 15th and Dodge-you need have lowest priced high grade piano made-proder with the tips the way we wanted them—and cut the price to us of the previous order—it does away with the smoke and smell and saves more gasoline than any other that have the tips on we didn't order we'll sell for \$3.00—otherwise they are precisely the same shoe as the second order—which we do only good work—and do it absolutely we do only good work—and do it absolutely without pain to the patient—we make you a third to the patient—we make you a third last same shoe as the second order—which we do only good work—and do it absolutely without pain to the patient—we make you a third last same shoe as the second order—which we do only good work—and do it absolutely without pain to the patient—we have a sa other—it does away with the smoke and or other work you may want on your teeth— instrument on earth. Besides making ex-

A. Hospe, Jr.