Report from London that the Treaty of Alliance is Concluded.

ADVANTAGE ON GREAT BRITAIN'S SIDE

Salisbury Hopes by the Move to Check the United States on One Hand and France on the Other.

Converget, 1896, by Press Publishing Company, LONDON, April 5 .- (New York World Cablegram-Special Telegram.)-The positive statement came to me tonight from a leading financier of the city (the money making part of London), that England has concluded a treaty of alliance with Spain. His final message to me was: "Within ten days Europe will be startled by the official announcement of this fact."

Which was a pointed one, at the pantation of Harmony, near Rodriguez, and he was pursuing the insurgents closely.

The insurgents attacked an exploring engine near Sitie Cito, with the intention of surrounding the escort. The attempt proved

I give this statement with the reserve which its international importance warrants, pointing out only that the sensitive interests of the city are are often better informed on such matters than is any other part of the many years, has been associated with the leading financial enterprises, conspicuously the international ones, of London bankers.

Such a treaty would have a vastly important bearing upon the continental situa-tion. It would have a commensurately imion. It would have a commensurately important bearing upon the Cuban question in the United States. I quoted to my informant the estatement in two New York newspapers, reaching me by yesterday's mail, that the Washington government had received a semi-official intimation from the British ministry that Great Britain would approve of the recognition by the United States of Cuban belligerency. His reply was that exactly the contrary is the case, that, in the first place, the Salisbury min-States of Cuban belligerency. His reply was that exactly the contrary is the case, that, in the first place, the Salisbury ministry is disposed to do anything it can with safety and in reason to check the pretencions of the American government to interfere in either West Indian or South American affairs, particularly in the West Indies, where Great Britain herself has most important interests, and that exactly the case, and that exactly the case, and that exactly the case, for this reason they strive before everything to secure as plunder shoes and clothes.

The insurgents admit that the leader, Jose Copo, was killed in an engagement four days ago while acting as a guide in the vanguard of Gomez.

Colonel Treja has discovered at Cienfuegos a collection of arms, consisting of twenty rifles, 300 revolvers, 15,000 cartridges and important interests, and that, eccondly, Spain, by this treaty, has mare important concessions to England, in return for the latter's more or less active support of Spain in her conflict with the Cuban rebels.

GREAT BRITAIN WOULD GAIN. I can furnish no further details of this alleged treaty than that, according to my judgment, it will include giving to Great Britain the right to harbor and refit her fleets in the Mediterranean ports of Spain. The harbor of Cartagena is one of the finest on the Mediterranean and would shelter the entire British navy. The Salisbury ministry has openly and officially stated one of riple alliance, and Germany shows apply ciation of this fact by voting with Italy and Austria to assist England's war with the khalifa. France and Russia, on the contrary, are ablaze with hostile indignation against England because of the movement.
From all this the importance of the Anglo-

the Italian and Spanish ports thrown open to the British navy, the French fleet at Toulon would be at England's mercy, and Russia could hardly make a junction from the Black Sea with the ships of her French ally. Such are the apparent reasons why Great Britain hould wich to make such an alliance as above Indicated. It would moreover, leave her in

Safe possession of Gibraltar.

Time alone (my informant says less than a fortnight) can show if the statement above is founded on actual facts. I would not cable it to the World had I not very great confidence in my authority and in his un-questioned opportunity to know the facts if they have extended beyond the foreign office to the money center of the British empire. BALLARD SMITH.

DYGERT GETS FREE THIS WEEK. Now on His Way to Havana to Be Ser

at Liberty. (Copyright, 1896, by Press Publishing Company. HAVANA, April 5 .- (New York World Cablegram.-Special Telegram.)-Walter Grant Dygert will reach Havana this week and be set free. An absurd report that he has been put to death was circulated here by

partisans of the revolution. I cabled several days ago that I had been informed on high authority that Dygert would be released. General Weyler made the same statement last evening to Consul General Williams, and the latter notified the secretary of state at Washington. The cause of delay in this case, as in many others, has of delay in this case, as in many others, has been that official papers have to pass through a number of hands before reaching the supreme authority. General Weyler has exercised his discretion and will liberate the prisoner as an act of courtesy. He claims that he would be justified in holding Dygert for going outside the military lines without a going outside the military lines without a permit, but he does not wish to injure the young man, whom he looks upon as gnorant and inexperienced. I would have visited Dygert at Guines with authority, had not his

release been determined on Neither the American State department nor the consul general made a demand on government for Dygert's release, but into the cause of his detention was requested officially and finally is unaware of the stir that has been out of prison and go home, where no laws regulate travel in certain sections. It is reported officially that the column

Colonel Pavia had an encounter with force of the rebel leader known as "El Inglesito," near Guanabona, two days ago. "El Inglesito" is the one for whom Walter Dygert was mistaken. At present "El Inglesito" (the little Englishman) is heading a band of insurgents operating outh and east of Matanzas City. He used

be a well known athlete at Matanzas. Rumors about Antonio Macco's movements are in circulation, but they are not confirmed. He is making desperate efforts to get out of military net thrown about his forces in strength of the Spanish lines both south and orth. Yesterday I reported his attempt break through near Majana; now I learn that he has been feeling the line on the BOUR THOUSAND HOUSES BURNED north side of the island between Artemisia

and Mariel. near Hoyo Colorado, which is this side of the trocha, but it is not confirmed. The band of Lacret is near Colisco, on the line of the

railway from Matanzae to Jovellanos, and there have been triffing skirmishes.

Major General Gonzales Munos, formerly commanding in the district of Manzaniilo, re-lieves General Zuarez Valdez, commanding in Munoz is a Cuban. General Lachambre returns to Spain. alleged reason is his loss of health.

Sickness is increasing in Havana. There is considerable yellow fever. The yellow fever is increasing in Cientugos, Manzanillo. The total number of wounded soldiers in the military hospital at Havana is 186

Boiler of a Tug Explodes. BRUSSELS, April 5 .- The boiler of the quakes. steam tug Virginio exploded today between the villages of Moreseke and Baerrode, on the Scheldt. Four of the crew were killed and the shock of the explosion caused a barge from King Humbert, who simultaneously addressed England and Germany on the sub-

Two of the Escort Killed and the Remainder Captured.

HAVANA, April 5 .- A report has been re-Linares have fought the band of Maceo near Vinales, in Pinar del Rio, and that Maceo was routed, leaving thirty killed. No details inflicted a loss of six killed upon the inurgents at Niaves plantation, near Santo

surgents at Niaves plantation, hear Santo Domingo, in Santa Clara province.

It has been learned that while Gomez's forces were marching on March 31, hear the district of Santo Domingo, they surprised eight soldiers who were acting as convoy to a supply of greeeries, killing two of them and taking prisoner a corporal and one private. It is not known what became of the other

The insurgent leader, Marriano Torrez, was encamped at the farm of Clavellina, between Rodrigo and Sitle Cito. The column of General Luque was encamped the next day which was a political one, at the plantation

useless, as they were repulsed with a numer-ous loss. Gomez was encamped at the time at the plantation of Yabu C to, between Santo Domingo and Cifuetes. He left his camp at 3 p. m., but the direction he took is unsuch matters than is any other part of the community, except the highest official authority, and that my informant is now, and for laments the death of a certain doctor who laments the death of a certain doctor who laments the death of a certain doctor who was killed in the attack on the exploring

On April 2 Gomez was encampel at the His name, if I could mention it, would be recognized as very authoritive by every New York banker, as well as every London tral Torque, occupying a strong position in banker.

Countrymen affirm they have seen the insurgent leaders Vicente Nunez and Bermudez and that Bermudez is disabled by reason

loading machines. Several persons have been imprisoned on suspicion of secreting the arms.

FOR THE CUBAN CONSTITUENCIES.

Spaniards Who Never Saw the Island Expect to Sit for the Colony. MADRID, April 5 .- (New York World Cablegram-Special Telegram.)-Thelist of candidates for deputies for the Cuban and Porto Rican constituencies are published here. They show that twenty-two out its chief reasons for that extraord nary move-ment, the advance on the Soudan, accepted of the sixteen for Porto Rico will be memas hostile by France and Russia, to be a bers or nominees of the union constitutional friendly diversion in behalf of Italy. All Europe has in turn accepted this assurance West Indian representatives will be natives Europe has in turn accepted this assurance as proof of England's sympathy with the Triple alliance, and Germany showed appre-most of whom never visited eother colony. The Madrid newspapers say the council of ministers will meet to determine Spani's line of conduct when the American congress votes upon the Cubar resolutions. The chief of the dissentient conservatives, From all this the importance of the Augio-Spanish alliance to Great Britain is obvious. Neither Gibraltar nor Malta—England's only two ports in the Mediterranean—is capable of either harboring or refitting, but with both the present government has incurred grave. Senor Francisco Silvela, has declared that reseponsibility in postponing the execution of those reforms in Porto Rico, for putting them in effect there would have produced an excellent impression in the colonies and abroad, as attesting the sincerity of the Span

> "Almost all the Spanish republicans in their recently published programs have pro-nounced in favor of the early establishing of home rule in the West Indies and the majority of the dynastic liberals are disposed to give the colonies at least the full measure of home rule agreed on by Sagasta and Abarzusza last year at the time the conservative party assented to the bill. Its author, Abarzusza, intentionally made it elastic in wording to enable the government to conciliate the majority of the Cubans, who are home pressure has been brought to bear upon the present government by military influence, Senor Romero Robledo and the conservatives of the Cuban revolutionary party, who wish to postpone home rule until the insurrection affords them a pretext for minimizing re-form and for continuing to be themselves the promoters of the Spanish colonial policy,

PRISONERS ORDERED TO BE SHOT. Atrocities All to the Spaniards. CINCINNATI, April 5.-The Commercial Gazette's special from Tampa, Fla., gives an interview with the wife of a correspondent who landed from Havana. "Gen eral Weyler's latest order," she said, "is sued only a few days before I left, is that all prisoners taken shall be shot. The prisons are full and they must die. Every morning at daybreak we heard the shots at Moro castle, and our hearts grew sick, for we knew that some innocent man was lying like a dog. No trial is allowed, and

the orders are to shoot all.

evening, when the playing for the Prado and the crowds of gayly dressed people promenaded to and gayly dressed people promenaded to and fro, I saw two men, one an old negro and the other a countryman, shackled togethe and marched off to be shot. "The families of these poor unfortunates are left wholly destitute and the suffering in the districts is terrible. The men. women and children of the towns captured by the insurgents become a part of the army. There are no depredations committee by the insurgents, but the atrocities com-mitted by the Spanish troops are too fer

rible to tell. They are past comprehension. "The generals of the insurgent army are pitiless in their punishment of depreda-tions, hanging being the immediate pen-alty. They realize that if depredations are allowed there will be utter lawlessness, so they punish by death for the first of-

"They are authorized to take horses and saddles, for they are necessary, but the taking of money or valuables or the comnission of any violence whatever are punish able by instant death. hear every day of most terrible things done by the Spanish troops. The in-surgents have more men than they need— they are only lacking in arms and ammu-

nition.

Destructive Confingration in the Capt tal of the Phillipine Islands. MADRID, April 5.-A terrible fire has occurred at Manilla, in the Phillipine islands, by which 4,000 houses were destroyed and 20,000 people left homeless. Mapilla is the capital of the Phillipine is-lands and has a population of 100,000, or with the suburbs 160,000. It is one of the pal buildings are the cathedral, the palaces of the governor and archbishop, a beautiful town house, ten churches of different religions, the monasteries, the arsenal, the college for young men and two for young women, a supreme court, prison, several baspitals, university, a marine and a com-mercial school, a large theater, a custom house and barracks. It has frequently been visited by severe and destructive earth-

Originated with King Humbert. PARIS, April 5.-The Temps asserts the

ceived that Generals Suarez, Ynclan and Natives Eurrounding Mafeking Are in a Restless Mood.

Disturbed Territory is on the Borders of Cape Colony Midway Between Capetown and Matabeleland,

CAPETOWN, April 5 .- Alarm prevails at Mafeking and the farmers in the outlying districts are bringing their families into town. They declare that the natives in the country around are preparing to rise on account of the discontent aroused among them by the slaughter of their cattle in the effort to stamp out the destructive Rinderpest. This cattle disease has been creating great havoc among the herds of the Transvaal, and Rhodesia has become paralyzed. Mafeking is situated on the northeastern border of Cape Colony, with the Transvaal adjoining it on the east. It is the point from which Jameson's raiders set out for Johannesburg. It is also the point from which Sir Hercules Robinson, governor of Cape Colony, last week dispatched a force of 500 British troops to assist in putting down the Matabele up-rising. The border of Matabeleland is 340 miles to the northeast and Buluwayo is 450 miles away.

The present outbreak of discontent can hardly be the result of race sympathy with the Matabeles. If it has any connection with analand to the north.

LONDON, April 5 .- A dispatch to the Times from Capetown says: It is known that 100 whites have been killed in the Matabele rising and it is feared the number will amount to 200. A private telegram from Buluwayo says they have plenty of arms, ammunition and provisions for three months. The Johannesburgers are equipping a force for Buluwayo, but it is stated the feeling in Rhodesia is to decline Johannesburg as-sistance. The wires are interrupted and there is no news of Hon. Cecil Rhodes.

A Pretoria dispatch says: Colonel Rhodes has offered increased ball if he might be allowed to go to Buluwayo, but permission was refused. The British government has inlimated to President Kruger that the uncasiness will probably last until he decides about going to England.

PROTESTING AGAINST EXPULSION.

English and United States Ministers Sustain the Missionaries. CONSTANTINOPLE, April 5 .- Sir Philip Currie, the British ambassador, and Mr. J. W. Riddle, the United States charge d'affaires, on Saturday renewed their protests to the porte against the expulsion from Bittlis of the American missionary, Rev. G. F. Knapp. Mr. Knapp was accused by the Turkish officials, some time since, of taking part in the Armenian revolutionary movement and was summoned before the criminal court to answer to a charge of conspiracy. Mr. Hampton, the British consul at Bittlis, reported that the charges were absurd and that it was believed they When he appealed to Mr. Terrell, the United States minister, by telegraph, that gentleman told him not to answer the summons, and if he were threatened with ar-rest to etay in his house. Mr. Terreli then informed the porte that he would not con-sent to Mr. Knapp being tried by the criminal court and that he must be brought to Constantinople to be tried before the United States minister. Mr. Knapp has Complained that he has been blockaded in Bittlis, his servants not being allowed to go to the market and the roads being so bad that he could not leave for Constantianals.

MANY WOUNDED BEING BROUGHT IN. Result of a Recent Engagement in Pinar del Rio.

TAMPA, Fla., April 5.-Passengers arriving tonight from Cuba report that the Spanish general, Inclan's forces, were entirely surrounded by the insurgents, and a hand to hand conflict ensued. The conflict occurred in Vuelta Abajo district. Nothing official has been published, but 100 wounded at thic engagement were brought into Havana Fri-day night. All the wounds were machete Inclan was also wounded.

Quintin Bandero, the insurgent chief, has sent a letter to General Weyler, requesting humane treatment for helpless families. The Cubane here intended to burn the Spanish flag and Weyler's picture last night, but the police interfered.

Shakespeare's Birthday LONDON, April 5 .- A series of events nteresting to Aemricans occur in connection with the celebration of Shakespeare's birthday in Warwickshire, the poet's county. The tion of the birth, to be held at Birmingham. Tuesday, April 21, by the Dramatic and Literary club of that city, of which the United States consul, Mr. George F. Parker of New York, is president. On that day Ambassador Bayard will go to Birmingham where he will respond to the principal toast. Bret Harte and Rev. Dr. Augustus Jessopp have promised to be present, thus insuring the literary representation of both English speaking countries.

Bermuda Lands Its Cargo in Cuba. NEW YORK, April 5 .- Secretary Quesada of the Cuban junta states that he has had positive and authentic information of the successful landing of the cargo of the Ber-muda in the eastern part of Cuba on March It is inferred that the Bermuda went to the coast of Honduras after discharging its war supplies in Cuba. The seizure of a small quantity of cartridges on the Bermuda and the failure of the Honduras officials to steamer divests the incident of much of its

Routed the Dervish Forces. CAIRO, April 5 .- A skirmish has occurred at Arib, between Suakim and Abu Hamed, on the Nile, in which friendly Arabs routed the forces of a dervish outpost, killing several

CINCINNATI, April 5 .- The strike of the Clothing Cutters' union has lasted two onths without results. The Coatmakers' months without results. The Continuers Protective association today resolved to join the strike tomorrow unless the manufacturers recognize both unions. President Reichers of the United Garment Workers of America is still here. Both the manufacturers and cutters will now await the result of the continuers efforts to the up the clothing industry here during this week.

Third Victim of the Stone Tragedy. AKRON, O., April 5-Ira Stilson, the hired man of Alvin N. Stone, who was assaulted by the same person who killed Stone and his wife a week ago last night, died this afternoon. He was never able to give a clear account of the tragedy, saying during the brief interval that he was conscious, that he remembered nothing of the assault upon himself.

Killed the Peacemaker. FOX LAKE, Wis. April 5-Edward Davids, a prominent farmer, was shot and instantly killed last night by Julius Zelike, a farm hand working for Davids. Davids had interfered to prevent Zelike striking a young man in a quarrel and Zelike waited for Davids to come home, when he shot him in the presence of Davids' wife. He has not yet been captured.

ENGLAND AND SPAIN UNITE CAUGHT A CONVOY OF GROCERIES. FEAR OF ANOTHER UPRISING BROTHER AND SISTER ARE TO MEET FIRE STAMPEDES A CROWD Mrs. Booth-Tucker Leaves Harriedly for Ballington's Home. NEW YORK, April 5.—Friends of the

Booth-Tuckers assert that Ballington Booth Coolness of a Stage Manager Prevents a and his sister, Mrs. Booth-Tucker, will meet tomorrow. All the restrictions relating to a third party being present at have been received. The column of Pavia has SETTLERS CLAMOR FOR PROTECTION the conference by way of guarding against EXCITING EPISODE WITH A SNAKE suspected misrepresentation on one side or the other are reported to have been discarded, and Mrs. Booth-Tucker, in her anxiety to meet her brother, was willing to accede to the request that Mrs. Bailington Booth be permitted to hear the Booth family dialogue.

Late tonight an emissary from Ballington Booth, who hurried over from the commander's home in Ment Clair, N. J., rushed into the Salvation army quarters in West Fourteenth street and told Brigadler Perry that he desired to see Mrs. Booth-Tucker, as he was the bearer to her of a message

from her brother, Ballington Booth.
"You cannot see Mrs. Boeth-Tucker tonight," said Brigadier Perry, "no matter
what your business or to what it relates."
The messenger left the building somewhat chagrined at the action of Brigadier Perry and hastened to the garrison headquarters in West Thirteenth street, where it was seen he delivered the message. Then there was hurrying and considerable excitement and it was subsequently reported that Mrs. Booth-Tucker, accompanied by her private secre-tary, Major Alice Lewis, and Staff Captain

in this city today. He was accompanied by of the actors Major Milan and a number of the Philadel-stage attire. phia officers of the army and the ball was filled to its capacity. The commander was greeted with applause. In an interview he sa'd:

the Matabeles. If it has any connection with the Matabele revolt, it must be through the exciting agent being the same. Measures have been taken to protect Mafeking. The inhabitants have held a meeting and decided to appeal to the governor. Sir Hercules Robinson, to send troops, the police not being sufficient for the protection of Bechuland and and and and to the port. the army a colony to be overseen by Eng-

although my mother's family were French.
Hy ancestors have fought in the revolutionary war, and I have a coucin in congress;
therefore, I have a right to be here. I am
taking out natuarlization papers now. Among
other things, we will stop giving most of
the highest positions in the army to Englishmen. Not only will Americans get the
positions of propingers in this country, but positions of prominence in this country, but they will be sent to the higher offices all over the world. Of course they must have the qualifications of goodness, ability and Salvation army experience."

In regard to Brigadier Fielding of Chicago,

who went over to Ballington Booth, Mr. Tucker said; "He has reeigned, but we have not accepted his resignation. We hope to win him to the army. Commissioner Eva Booth has gone there to try to settle

the difficulty. CLEVELAND, April 5.—There was a con-flict between Ballington Booth's American Volenteers and corps No. 1 of the Salva-tion army here today. It was a conflict of tion army here today. It was a conflict of prayer and melody, however. The Volunteers held their first public meeting in the public square. There were about twenty-five of the Volunteers. Most of them were the old Salvation army uniform and the Ballington Booth badge. A browd of 1,000 followed the volunteers from the First Methodist Episcopal church, which had been packed at the Easter service. When the Salvation army corps, with a brass band, appeared on the scene, drowning the prayers of the Volunteers. The meeting went however, and soon the two bands soldiers were praying in different parts of the little park. There were many patriolic speeches by the Volunteers. At the conclusion of the meeting the American flag which the Volunteers had carried, was spread, with a soldier at each corner, and all who desired to contribute were asked flag. There was a shower of coins and a handsome contribution was the result. Att-erward there were services at the First Methodist Episcopal church, that edifice

WASHAKIE HOPES FOR JUSTICE.

Shoshone Chief Anxions to See H Grandson's Murderers Punished. LANDER, Wyo., April 5 .- Chief Wasbak e f the Shoshones is very much in earnest n his desire to pun'sh Will Lamoreux and Cal O'Neal for the part they took in killing Young Jim Washakie. The old chief takes his daily walk from his house over to the military post, but his head is bowed and his step measured by the weight of eighty win-ters, which he carries upon his shoulders. The most of his talk is concerning the mur-der and he makes no secret of his demand for justice at the hands of the white man One by one his sons have met violent deaths His oldest, who was made war chief of the ribe, was killed in battle on the Sweetwater near Burnt ranch, by the Sioux in 1868. Another son was murdered at North Fork few years ago, and still another was killed in the woods while chopping timber, and now comes the death of his favorite grandchild, the support and comfort of his old age He has two more sons, George, who is known as anything but a good Indian, and Dick, a popular young lord, who is a sort of prince of Wales of the tribe.

Chief Washakie is an Indian whose word s good with everybody who knows him. Falsehood and treachery are not in his composition and he takes pride in speaking the truth fearlessly at all times. Cal O'Neal and Bill Roberts, two men be

onging to the Lamoreux crowd, are not yet arrested, but it is hoped they will be caught and made to suffer the full penalty of the law. Capta'n Wilson, the acting Indian agent, deserves credit for his management of the Indians during the late excitement. The chief men of the Sheshone tribe expressed their confidence in him and show a willingness to be guided by his advice, and thus violence is avoided.

Arrested for Stenting Money. DENVER, April 5.—Mrs. Emma Yorke of San Francisco was arrested here tonight as she alighted from a train, on a tele as she alighted from a train, on a telegram from San Francisco, charging her with the theft of \$22.500 from her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Gibson. Mrs. Yorke's son, Fred Gibson, a saloon keeper of San Francisco, dled a few days ago, and his mother left before his funeral for Frederickston, N. B. Upon discovering that the money Gibson had in the bank was missing, his widow had telegrams sent, which stopped her mother-in-law here. Mrs. Yorke admits having the money, but says her son gave it to her before he died. When searched, but \$1,300 was found on her person.

Nebraska Boy One of the Contestants. CAMBRIDGE, Mass. April 5.—Yesterday afternoon, at a final competition. Harvard's representatives for the coming Yale debate repres statives for the coming Yale debate were chosen as follows: William Belmont Parker, '37, of Norfock, Neb.; Adolph Monell Sayre, special student of Washington, and Frank Randolph Steward of Missoula, Mont. The alternates will be: Charles Grilk, '88, of Daverport, Ia., and Wirt Howe of New Grieans. The debate will be held in New Haven on May I. Harvard will support the affirmative of the question: 'Resolved, That a permanent court of arbitration should be established by the United States and Great Britain.'

Raised the Price of Steel Billets. PITTSBURG, Pa., April 5.—Word come from one of the Pittsburg manu facturers attending the meeting of the steel manufacturers in New York that the price of biflets was yesterday set at \$20.25 f. o. b., at the manufacturer's mill.

PITTSBURG, April 5.—R. C. Patterson of the New Castle Wire Nail company is authority for the statement that as a result of the steel billet pool, wire nails will be advanced 25 cents per keg. This will make an advance of 10 cents within the past two weeks.

Traska, from thanged Parisian, from Liver-pool.

At Philade phia—Arrived—Grecian, from Clasgow.

At Havre—Arrived—La Normandie, from New York.

At Queenstown—Sailed—Etruria, for New York.

At Southampton—Sailed—Saale, for New York. manu

Serious Sequel.

Obliging Stranger Comes to the Resene of a Snake Charmer and Becomes Entangled with a Bon Constrictor.

CHICAGO, April 5 .- A fire which bore a very threatening aspect for a time and created a panic broke out this afternoon in a Clark street dime museum. It being Easter Sunday, the two small theaters in the building were entertaining audiences of more than the usual proportion, at least 1,000 persons, who occupied every available space, being present. The audiences at once made a rush for the doors and for a time pandemonium reigned. The stage manager, Charles Bell, took a commanding position and urged the people not to lose their heads, and to his coolness and seif-possession is due the fact that the patrons finally escaped without in-Canygill had left surreptitiously for Mont clair, N. J. that the patrons maily escaped without in-PHILADELPHIA, April 5.-Commander vailed among the freaks and stage peroth-Tucker conducted a religious meeting formers, but all escaped without injury, many of the actors running into the streets in their

Probably the greatest excitement attending d: of huge snakes was on exhibition. Among "The army is going along just as it was this collection was a boaccastr.ctor twenty the snake, recognizing it was in the hands of a stranger, colled its huge form about "The personal feeling for Ballington Booth will last for a while, but it will not continue. He is like a politician who will not work with his party. He thinks he can sweep the country by himself without rings and without pulls; but he cannot. I am as good an American as Ballington. I am of American descent on my father's side, although my mother's family were French. The blaze was a hot one, while it lasted, but hy ancestors have fought in the revolution. The blaze was a hot one, while it lasted, but the fire department soon extinguished it with only nominal damage. The origin of the fire

is unknown. WORCESTER, Mass., April 5.—Fire broke out today in the Washburn & Moen Manufacturing company's plant at Quinsigamond village, resulting in a loss of \$150,000 to \$165,000. Fully insured. Two hundred men will be out of work until the building is rebuilt. The fire was caused by an o'l pipe running near a furnace.

RESULTS OF FOOD EXPERIMENTS.

Expect to Show Materials Used by Body at Different Times.
MIDDLETOWN, Conn., April 5.—The professors at Wesleyan college, who have for some time been conducting the novel food experiments which have attracted general attention, give the following statement for publication: Mr. A. W. Smith, who entered the respiration calorimeter apparatus on March 23, at 9 a. m., came out today at 3 p. m., thus making a stay of ten days and six hours. This is the longest continuous experiment of the kind that has ever been made. Smith reports himself as feeling entirely well and none the worse for the experiment. The tasks assigned him cular labor, and the making of frequent observations of the temperature and hygro-scopic conditions of the atmosphere within apparatus. The experiment was divided into a period of nearly two days' rest, one of three days, hard mental work in calculat-ing results of a previous experiment, studying of German treatises on physics; one of three days' rest; one of three days' of in-tense muscular exercise in lifting weights, and finally a day of rest. During all this time the inhaled and exhaled air and all of the products given off from the body were measured, weighed and analyzed. The energy received by the body in the form of food and drink, and that given off in the excretory products and in the heat radiated form the body were also measured. Such a large amount of work remains to be done in completing and calculating the results of the experiments that the final outcome will hardly be ready for some weeks. When fully completed the results will throw valuable light upon the quantities of food and materials used by the body when at rest and when the person is engaged in intellectual and muscular work and also on the

relations to the body functions. ALL SALOONS TIGHTLY CLOSED.

Proprietors Take No Chances with the New Raines Law. NEW YORK, April 5.-The Raines liquo law was enforced in this city today. It was apparent all over the city that the saloon keepers had made up their minds to take no chances under the existing con-

dition of affairs, for there was no attempt to evade the provisions of the law and no violations were reported. On every street the interiors of the drinking places were exposed to full view, the blinds and cur-tains being so arranged as to give a clear prospect of what was going on inside. The saloons were in almost every instance de-serted, even by the proprietors and their bartenders. Reports had it that the uptown hotels were profiting largely by the changed order of things and that most of them were doing a rushing, though legitimate, busi-ness. None of them sold liquor over the bars, but the majority, especially those which have bars in their cafes, diepensed liquors with lunches and meals. Reports from all over the state indicate that the new law was quite generally enforced. Very few persons defied the law. Those doing so were promptly arrested.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y. April 5.—The liquor law was enforced here today, and nearly every railoon compiled with its provisions. Andrew M. Stock, proprietor of the Terrace hotel, attempted to evade the law under the hotel clause. At 5 o'clock he was arrested. His bar was exposed, but he was serving liquor in the dining room. He had a big register, containing over 200 names and A test case will be made of this affair.

Acquitted on the Fourth Trial. ST. LOUIS, April 5.-A special to the Republic from Bentonville, Ark., says: A. J. Testament, charged with the murder J. Testament, charged with the murder of Rev. Burrel Simms, an old gentleman, suppored to have much money secreted in his home on Pea Ridge, six miles north of here, was acquitted last night, after a hard fight, this being the fourth tria. In 1894, when the murder occurred, Testament was convicted and sentenced to hang. A rehearing was secured for him, and three other trials have followed, resulting in an acquittal, after a cost to the county of about \$12,000.

Governor Will Not Interfere. HELENA, Mont., April 5.—Late yesterday Governor Richards decided not to interfere in the case of William Biggerstaff sentenced to be hanged on Monday nex-for the murder of Richard Johnson.

Movements of Ocean Steamers, April 5 At New York-Arrived-La Bourgogne, from Havre; Fuerst Bismarck, from Naples and Genoa. and Genoa.

At Dover-Passed-Kensington, from Antwerp, for New York.

At Maiin Head-Passed-State of Nebraska, from Glasgow, for New York.

At Halifax-Arrived-Parisian, from Liver-1900.

TOO SLOW WITH A GUN FOR ONCE. CARLISLE AS A CANDIDATE

Slayer of Ot centy Men Shot by Marshal.
EL PASO, Tex 2 15.—John Selman, the EL PASO, Tex 15.—John Selman, the victor of not less to twenty shooting affrays in Texas, 2 xterminator of "bad men" and the cl. 7 the notorious John Wesley Hardin, is with a bullet hole through his body. 2 we or three months ago, Selman and U States Deputy Marshal George Scarbor "2 had a quarrel over a same of cards size a lob necessary to the propursors the a game of cards, sin self-be occurrence the relations between the enot been cordinal. This morning at 4 of they met in the wigwam saloon and were drinking. Scarborough says Selman asked him to 'come out here, I want to see you' and that the two walked out into an alley behind the saloon and Selman, whose son is in the Juarez, Mex., Jail, on the charge of abducting a young woman from this side, for immoral purposes, raid to Scarborough, "I want you to go over the river with me this morning. We must get that boy out of jail. Scarborough ex-pressed a willingness to go with Selman, but stated no bad breaks should be made in Juarez.

Scarborough said Selman then reached for his pistol with the remark. "I believe I'll Scarborough pulled his gun and began choot-ing. At the second shot Selman fell and Scarborough fired two more shots as Selman attempted to rise. When Selman was searched no pistol could be found on him, or anywhere around thim. He says he had a distol, but that it was taken from him after he fell and before the police reached him. He was hit by every shot that Scarborough

Scarborough is about 38 years old, was born in Louisiana, but was raised in Texas and was In Louisiana, but was raised in Texas and was several years sheriff of Jones county, Texas. He is now out of jail under bond. Selman was raised on the Colorado river. Texas. He is about 58 years of age and tai 1/red a stormy life. When not drinking he was gentle and as modest as a child, but he did not know what frar was and has killed not leas than twenty outlaws. He was a dead shot and what fear was and has killed not less than twenty outlaws. He was a dead shot and quick as lightning with a gun. Last August in this city, the notorious John Wesley Hardin challenged him to a free fight in the Acme saloon, and Selman killed that dangerous

have been completed. Admission to the church will be by card only, and not more than thirty guests will be present. There is still a great deal of speculation about the time at which the ceremony will be performed, but no information upon this has been allowed to leak out. General Harrison took breakfast at the hotel, with Colonel Corbin, U. S. A. He had at luncheon with him Daniel Ramsdell,

who was marshal of the District of Columbia during the Harrison administration; Lieuten-ant Parker and Secretary Tibbete After luncheon the party called on Mrs. Dimmick at the home of her sister, Mrs. Gray.

W. H. H. Miller, attorney general during Harrison's administration, arrived during the day and spent some time with him. Senator Redfield Proctor and ex-Secretary of State John W. Foster will reach New York tomorrow. Governor Morton, who

will be present at the wedding ceremony, will also arrive temorrow. Mrs. Morton will not be able to attend. Charles Foster, ex-Secretary of the treasury, will not come to the wedding, a telegram advising Mr. Harrison that he found it impossible to get away having been received. Mr. Noble is also unable to come and Mr. Wanamaker is in Europe

trouble between the Metropolitan Street Rallway company and its 5,000 employes who threaten to strike unless ten discharged men are reinstated bas not yet been reached. The employes are still persistent in their allegations that the ton men were discharged for their activity in organizing the Metropolitan system as a "local" of the Amalga-mated Association of Street Railway Employes of America. At the general offices of the company, a reporter was informed there was nothing to add to or detract from President Vreeland's statement that the men were discharged for violating the rule of the company, which says no employo shall enter

a salocn while on duty. The executive committee of the Amalga-mated association held an informal meeting today at their headquarters. General Or-ganizer McCullough said: "We are in the ganizer McCullough said: same position as yesterday—awaiting the arrival of National President Mahon. A telegram was received saying that owing to an unforeseen delay, President Mahon could not be here before tomorrow. As soon as Mahor arrived," added Organizer McCullough, "we will send a committee to the railroad offi clais, to try to settle the matter by arbitra-

FATAL ENDING OF A PRIZE FIGHT

Warrants Out for the Surviving Prin cipals and Spectators. HAVERHILL, Mass., April 5 .- Arthur Bradley and Richard Ingram, two factory hands employed in this city, engaged in a prize fight last night and as a result the latter died at midnight. The fight was to be a friendly one, to settle the title of which was the better man. The men, with about fifteen others, left here for South Lawrence early last night, and went to Blair's barn, on South Broadway, where the fight took place. A man named McIntosh was the second for Ingram and a friend named Donovan seconded Bradley, while James Gilligan, a local sport, was timekeeper, and Thomas Gibney referee. The knockout blow was landed on the vein under the right jaw after thirty minutes of fighting. All efforts to restore Ingram to conscioueness failed and he was carried to his brother's couse, where he died at midnight. lice of Haverhill were notified rested Arthur Bradley, James Meserve, Thomas Gibney, Fred Whitney and two men named McIntosh and McRae. The police are searching for the other speciator, and officials and a number of arrests are expected. The medical examiner will hold an autopsy tomorrow.

NEW YORK, April 5 -The stramer Fuerst Bismarck arrived today from Naples and Bismarck arrived today from Naples and Genoa. Among the passengers was Mr. A. W. Terrell, United States minister to Turkey. Mr. Terrell dec ined to talk on the Armenian troubles. He said he was anxious to reach Washington, and wou'd leave on the first train. He was feeling well, considering the very unpleasant and tempestuous voyage. The Fuerst Bismarck made the passage from Gibraltar to the Sandy Hook lightship in eighty-four hours and fifty-seven minutes, covering a distance of 3,180 miles. Throughout the passage head winds and seas were experienced.

Tuberculosis in Dairy Cattle. PITTSBURG, April 5.—As a result of a test made at Economy, Pittsburg will prob ably require all dairymen to furnish clear ably require all dairymen to furnish clean bills of health for all cows used in their business. Trustee Duss recently decided before selling a herd of blooded cows to a dairy company to have the herd tested with tubreculin, for tuberculosis. The result showed that 5 per cent of the cows were diseased. This alarming condition, in a place supposedly pure, has stirred up the Ohio valley and Zwickli boards of health, and on Monday they will require all dairymen to furnish bills of health for all their cattle. Steps have been taken in Pittsburg looking to the same end.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 5.-General Harrison's children, Mrs. McKee and Russell B. Harrison, did not start to New York today to attend their father's wedding. It had been understood for several days neither would attend. There is no estrangement between father and children, but the son and daughter have decided not to witness the ceremony.

Not Seeking the Presidential Nomination, but Would Accept It.

WRITES A LETTER TO KENTUCKY FRIENDS

Considers the Question of Platform More Important Than Candis dates-Taxation and Currency the Issues.

WASHINGTON, April 5 .- Secretary Carlisle has written the following letter on the subject of his candidacy for the presidential nomination at the Chicago convention,

nomination at the Chicage convention.

WASHINGTON, April 4—Charles R. Long, Chairman, Democratic State Committee, Louisville, Ky.—My Dear Sir: Your favor of March 30, in which you say in substance that many of my friends in Kentucky and elsewhere desire me to become a candidate before the approaching national democratic convention for nomination to the office of president and requesting me to give some authoritative or definite expression upon the project, has been maturely considered. Many communications upon the same subject and similar import have been received from friends in different parts of the country and while very grateful for these numerous expressions of confidence and esteem upon the part of my democratic fellow citizens, I have not been able to reach the conclusion that the existing conditions require me to comply with their requests, authorizing them to announce me as a candidate for the presidential nomination. While I feel a profound interest in the welfare of my party, I am much more concerned about its declaration of principles than its selection of candidates, because, in my opinion, its failure or success at the election, as well as its capacity for useful service in the country in the future, depends upon the public questions now engaging the attention of the people and especially the questions affecting the monetary system of the country and the character and amount of taxation to be imposed upon our citizens.

Its position upon these and other subjects WASHINGTON, April 4 .- Charles R. Long. saloon, and Selman killed that dangerous character.

WEDDING PROGRAM IS COMPLETED.

Not Over Thirty Persons Will Witness the Harrison-Dimmick Nuptials.

NEW YORK, April 5.—Ex-President Harrison entertained a number of his friends today. Final preparations for his wedding have been completed. Admission to the

The obligations assumed when I accepted The obligations assumed when I accepted my present official position require me to devote my entire time and attention to the public interests committed to my charge, and I shall continue to discharge the duties imposed upon me to the best of my ability and in such manner as will, in my judgment, most certainly promote the true interests of the country; and, if, in the opinion of my fellow democrats of Kentucky, my services entitle me to their commendation and approval, I would regard their indorsement of my public course as an ample reward for the little I have been able to accomplish in behalf of honest administration and a sound financial policy.

With many thanks for your kind letter, I am very truly yours, J. G. CARLISLE.
ENDORSED BY THE COURIER-JOURNAL. ENDORSED BY THE COURIER-JOURNAL. LOUISVILLE, April 5.—The Courier-Jour-nal will tomorrow publish the following edi-

torial on the letter of Secretary Carlisle, made public tonight: "The position which Mr. Carlisle takes is one entirely in ac-Mr. Carlisle takes is one entirely in accord with the dignity of the office of president and with the duties of the office of secretary of the treasury. He declines to participate in a contest for the nomination, holding that the matter of first moment is the declaration of the party's principles. He desires the endorsement of his services by his state and these he desires. ices by his state, and though he does not say so in so many words, if his state shalf STREET CAR TROUBLE UNSETTLED. present his name to the national convention Employes Waiting for the Arrival of edly accept the responsibility. This is a democratic party and to the entire people of the United States. To the demo-cratic party it brings home the issue

whether it is to continue to be the party

of Jefferson, Jackson, Penton and Cleve-land, or whether it is to set up strange

gods and lend the priceless prestige of its name and history to an allen faith. "To the people of the United States it is of vital concern, for upon the decision within the democratic party of the issue thus forced upon it depends the one possibility that this country shall have as a presidential candidate, backed by the organized resources of either of the two great political parties, a man with a universally conceded clear comprehension of the nature and necessities of a sound money system as indispensable to the protection of national integrity and material prosperity, and with a record, not of profession, but of performance, in itself at this time the only unimpeachable proof of practical, un-swerving and unassallable fidelity to the principles of such a system. Kentucky is ready. It needs no campaign to bring Kentucky to Carlisle. Let the convention be called—the scener the better—and the state which took the lead for an honest tariff will take the lead for an honest currency.'

BRADLEY HAS A FIGHT ON HAND.

Congressman Hunter Leads the Oppo-FRANKFORT, Ky., April 5 .- There will be a contest between the friends of Governor Bradley and Congressman Hunter at the republican state convention in Louisville, April 15. Hunter was manager of the campaign when Bradley was elected governor last year and charges the governor with ingratitude during the past winter in not helping Hunter in his senatorial contest. Hunter is now a candidate for renomination for congress and for delegate at large to the St. Louis convention. Hunter is a pronounced McKinley man and it is charged at the state house that he would not follow instructions if the state convenadopts Bradley resolutions. friends of Governor Bradley are said to be opposing Hunter for congress as well as for delegate to St. Louis, the friends of Hunter are said to be working for the adoption of McKinley resolutions in the county and district conventions, and that he final trial of strength will come at the state convention.

LEXINGTON, April 5 .- Colonel W. C. P. Breckinridge has been quietly practicing law here ever since the suit for damages of Madeline Pollard two years ago caused him to be succeeded in congress by Colonel W. C. Owens. Although Miss Pollard got a judgment for \$15,000, she has never been able to get execution, or to recover anything. Now that Colonel Breckinridge is canvassing the district again to run for congress thi year the old movement of the women in the district is being reorganized, and Colonel Breckinridge will have the women against him, as he had two years ago. Then the race for the nomination between Breckinridge and Owens was close. Now the friends of "Kentucky's "silver-tongued orator" express the fullest confidence in his success.

NEW ORLEANS, April 5 .- In response to the application of the sheriff of St. Landry, parish and the mayor of Opelousas, Governor Foster directed Brigadier General John Glynn, commanding the State National Guard, to comply with the request of the St. Landry authorities. General Glynn is-sued the necessary orders and sixty men of the Washington artillery left this evening for Opelousas. Ten of the men were artil-lerymen in charge of a gatling gun. The others went as infantry. A special train will meet the party at LaFayette and the troops will be in Opelousas before morning.

Bradley Leads Up to Date. CINCINNATI, April 5 .- Specials to the Commercial Gazette show that there were hard contests yesterday between the Bradley and McKinley men at county conven-