Dave Mercer Nearly Captures a Vessel to Wear Nebraska's Name.

Impregnable Defense of Missouri River Towns and the Ample Seaboard of the State Humorously Portrayed.

WASHINGTON, March 27 .- (Special Telegram.)-Representative Mercer, at a very late hour Thursday, the house having under consideration the naval appropriation bill, created a great deal of merriment by moving an amendment, providing that one of the new battleships should bear the name "Nebranka," and in support of his amendment

"The state of Nebraska is midway between the great oceans, and not very near the Great Lakes or the Gulf of Mexico, but we take an interest in the American navy, and believe it should be second to none. Of course, I am well aware that if congress appropriates large sums of money for the dredging and improvement of various harbors, and makes them accessible to ships of war as well as peace, we are certainly justified in building battleships to protect the cities situated on the harbors which, by our own action, we have made subject to shot and shell of foreign gunboats. Nebraska is fortunate in this respect. In fact, Omaha and other cities along the Missouri river are amply fortified. We have the best line of sandbars in that stream that was ever placed anywhere by the Creator of the universe. These sandbars are never conquered, and they would smile at any flect so foolhardy as to attack them. We have no fear of the com-bined navies of the world, as long as these sandbars give us the protection we now

enjoy.

"But, as I said before, we in Nebraska take an interest in the navy, and since we take an interest in harboring battle ships. you should not deprive us of the pleasure and privilege of having one of them bear the name of Nebraska. Indiana, lowa and Ken-tucky have been thus remembered, and Nebraska vies with them in seacoast mileage. It is not our fault that we have neither ocean, lake nor guif. We are ready to accept either, but as a rule Nebraska never takes water, although under the trials and tribulations imposed upon her by this ad-ministration, we are willing to take most

There were cries of "vote" on the conclusion of this happy effort on the part of Mercer and had not a division been called, the chairman having ruled that the amend-

United States with an appeal from the circuit court of the Eighth district, C. C.
Flansburg of Lincoln being here to file papers in the case of Ambrose P. Stuart, appellant, against Kent K. Hayden, receiver, of the Capital National bank of Lincoln, August Gruetter and Charles F. Joers, appears to the capital National bank of Lincoln, August Gruetter and Charles F. Joers, appears to the fact that the bill carries appropriations for containing contracts on river and the fact that the bill carries appropriations for containing contracts on river and the fact that the net result today was less than a desirable. At the close of the discussion Mr. Vilas' amendment was defeated on a viva voce vote. A roll call followed on Mr. Sherman's amendment, and it was defeated, 18 to 30.

HILL CREATES A SENSATION.

At this point Mr. Hill created something of the Capital National bank of Lincoln, August Gruetter and Charles F, Joers, appellees. Flansburg, however, was told by the chief cierk that he could not accept the papers in the case, notwithstanding his fee in good sound money of the realm has been in good sound money of the realm has been advised by the control of the papers in the case, notwithstanding his fee in good sound money of the realm has been advised by the papers in the case, notwithstanding his fee in good sound money of the realm has been advised by the papers in the case, notwithstanding his fee in good sound money of the realm has been advised by the papers in the case, notwithstanding his fee in good sound money of the realm has been advised by the papers in the case, notwithstanding his fee in good sound money of the realm has been advised by the papers in the case, notwithstanding his fee in good sound money of the realm has been advised by the papers in the case, notwithstanding his fee in good sound money of the realm has been advised by the papers in the case, notwithstanding his fee in good sound money of the realm has been advised by the papers in the case, notwithstanding his fee in good sound money of the realm has been advised by the papers in the case, notwithstanding his fee appropriations up to March 1, as a small meet in May. "This is a small, mean, contemptible, political trick," as well with great the provision that the legislative assembly of New Mexico shall meet in May. "This is a small, mean, contemptible, political trick," as well with great trick the provision that the legislative assembly of New Mexico shall meet in May. "This is a small, mean, contemptible, political trick," as well with the provision that the legislative assembly of New Mexico shall meet in May. "This is a small, mean, contemptible, political trick," as well as papers in the case, notwithstanding his fee in good sound money of the realm has been addeposited, because Flansburg has not been admitted to practice before the supreme court of the United States. Flansburg will probably be admitted to practice on Monday, and then the transcript in the case will be docketed and a number assigned it. This suit rose out of Stuart's having traded a block of Capital National bank stock to Gruetter & Joers for a business block in that city, when, as it is alleged, Stuart knew of the shaky condition of the bank when he exchanged the stock for the block. The court below decided in favor of Gruetter & Joers, and Flansburg, for his client, appeals to the supreme court of the United States.

Some of the democrats attempted to fill-buster by offering dilatory amendments, but the sufficed and other reve section below decided in favor of Gruetter & Joers, and Flansburg, for his client, appeals to the supreme court of the United States.

Some of the democrats attempted to fill-buster by offering dilatory amendments, but the sufficed and other reve section below to be house took a semall, mean, contemptible, political trick, semall, mean, contemptible,

The Omaha exposition bill, instead of coming up in the morning in the committee of ways and means, as expected, was side-tracked for Boutelle's commerce bill. Chair-man Dingley, however, announced that he would make a special order for the exposition bill for Saturday morning. Dave Mer-cer, who has the bill in charge, feels certain that he can pass it in committee to morrow and have it reported favorably next

A contract for the segregation of lands under the Carey arid land act between the Department of the Interior and the State of Wyoming, for 28,000 acres of land to the Cody Canal company, located in the Big Horn basin, was signed by the president this

Secretary Hoke Smith yesterday dispatched Major McLaughlin, Indian inspector, to the Shoshone reservation for the purpose of ne with the Indians for the sale of gotiating with the Indians for the sale of the Big Horn springs and adjacent territory to the government of the United States for

Senator Peffer this morning asked to have printed as a senate document the argument made by General C. F. Manderson before Comptroller Bowler of the Treasury department in August of last year in the claim of the Oxnard Beet Sugar company of Nebraska against the United States. Senator Allison filed today a petition of a

large number of citizens of towns in Iowa favoring the "Christian" amendment to the constitution. He also filed several potitions against military training in public schools.

Representative Gamble of South Dakota presented a petition of C. H. Freeman and thirty-nine other citizens of Elk Point, asking the government to grant aid to the Pa-Short Line company to enable it to extend its lines to a connection with the Union Pacific railroad. Gamble also introduced a bill for the relief of homestead settlers upon

Representative Kem presented a petition signed by 366 citizens of Sheridan, Grant, signed by 366 citizens of Sheridan, Grant, Deuel. Thomas, McPherson, Cherry, Box Butte, Custer, Dawson and Arthur counties asking that that country known as the Sand hills be exempt from the provisions of the bill ceding all public lands in the state of Nebraska to the state for irrigation purposes. The senate today voted to retain the salaries of United States attorney and United States marshal of Nebraska at \$5,000. There

ALMOST TAKES A BATTLESHIP personal effects and pieces of church property from the church edifice on the abandoned military reservation at Fort Randall, doned military reservation at Fort Randall, and the state of D. The people of South Dakota objected this property going to Nebranka, and in presented the South Dakota side of the controversy to the secretary, with the result that e permission was revoked.

Mr. Mercer presented resolutions of the

HIS SERIO-COMIC APPEAL TO THE HOUSE Corning, ia., Beard of Trade, favoring the Omaba exposition. N. K. Griggs, the sweet singer of Gage

county, is in the city on business connected with the departments.

John T. and Gordon Clarke are in the city en route to New York.

TURNS DOWN THE COMMISSIONER. Acting Secretary of the Interior Reynolds today rendered a decision on the appeal of Ella T. Dickey from the decision of the commissioner, holding good her homestead entry for a tract of land in the North Platte, Neb., land district. The question involved was whether the applicant as a soldier's widow was obliged to reside upon land applied for in order to obtain patent. piled for in order to obtain patent.

The eccretary decided that it was not neces-sary; that her identification with the land by oving it was all that was required of her under the law. He ordered that her entry should pass to patent. The acting secretary also reversed the commissioner in the case of Dellane and Melville F. Smith against James Miller, from the Des Moines, In., land district, and ordered a hearing to determine into" this appropriation bill, in order, as he whether the land in controversy is swamp or agricultural land. In the case of W. H. Nich-ols and Frank J. Albright against Emma Parker, from South Dakota, the commissioner's decision was also reversed. Parker's entry is held for cancellation, and Albright is declared to have preferred right of entry. Postmasters appointed: Nebraska—Colon,

Saunders county, J. H. Cauchman, vice H. U. Walte, Iowa-Cambridge, Storey county. White. Iowa—Cambridge, Storey county, Mrs. I. L. Walker, vice M. M. Keller; Mc-Veigh, Van Buren county, Alfred McVeigh, vice J. H. McVeigh, dead.

and is ordered to Platteburg Barracks, N. Y.
Post Chaplain Delmer R. Lowell is ordered from Fort Douglas, Utah, to Hot Springs, Ark.
Major Daniel D. Wheeler, quartermaster at Omaha, is ordered to Fort Meade, S. D., to

DISPLACED THE APPROPRIATIONS. Fillbustering Prevents the Adoption of Private Bills.

WASHINGTON. March 27.—The appropriations committee attempted to take up the sundry civil appropriation bill 1.3day, but the members who were interested in WASHINGTON, March 27.-The approbills on the private calendar defeated them defeat as the result of opposition to the bill. Members from the north, who are interested in pension legislation, and those from the south, who are interested in war lating to the change of compensation from ment had carried by a viva voce vote. Nobraska would have been as largely exploited as her sister state Iowa will be tomorrow.

CAPITAL NATIONAL AT WASHINGTON.

The winding course of the defunct Capital National bank of Lincoln not only leads from Nebraska to St. Louis, but the advance guard of that long drawn out case has appeared in the national capitol to lumber the records of the supreme court of the southern men retalized by

from the south, who are interested in war claims, have been chafing for some time fees to salaries for United States district attorneys and marshals.

Mr. Vilas offered an amendment proposing a uniform sealary of \$4,000 to district attorneys, except in the southern district of New York, to be left as at present, and giving \$6,000 for the large districts of Massachuselle and mother California.

Mr. Allison spoke against the practice of Mr. Allison spoke against the practice of Mr. Allison spoke against the practice of the supreme court of the southern men retalized by

Some of the democrats attempted to fili-buster by offering dilatory amendments, but all were voted down, and Mr. Pickler's mo-lion was according to the senator from New Mexico. I see beside him the author

Much of the afternoon was consumed in the discussion of a single bill, the democrats intimating that an unfair advantage had been taken of them by the adoption of Mr. Pickler's motion. When the appropriation bill had been displaced they supposed that bills for claims and all other bills on the private calendar would be considered in their order.

bill under discussion directed the sec-William Grebe was dismissed from the army while captain of the Fourth Missouri cavalry, for accepting and fighting a duel with Captain Ferdinand Hansen of the same regiment in 1864.

After acting on several other bills the ommittee rose. Mr. Hepburn moved that when the house adjourn today it be to meet on Monday. Mr. Canon antagonized the motion, but he was defeated by 103 to 25. He attempted to filibuster until 5 o'clock, but could not obtain tellers on the ayes and noes, and the speaker

today it be until Monday.

At 5 o'clock the house took a recess until 3 o'clock, the evening session to be devoted to private pension bills.

Quite a number of private pension bills were favorably acted upon at the night ses-

At 10:30 the house adjourned until

Monday. Many Will Attend the Launching. WASHINGTON, March 27.-Nearly 300 persons from this city will go to Philadelphia tomorrow to witness the launching of the battleship Iowa at the Cramps' ship yards. The party will include the vice president and Mrs. Stevenson, Secretary Herbert and Miss Herbert and Mrs. Micou, Secretary and Miss Morton, Attorney General and Mrs. Harmon, the naval committee from both houses, the Iowa and Alabama congressional delegations, Major General Miles and staff, the chiefs of the Naval bureau and other army and navy officers. Most excursionists will be accompanied by their

Indies. Disputes the Government Estimate. WASHINGTON, March 27 .- Hon, Warner is every likelihood, however, that there will be a compromise on these figures.

Several weeks ago a number of Nebraska women secured permission from the secretary of the interior to receive a number of miltee sent to the isthmus last summer.

Displeases Him.

MAKES CHARGES OF POLITICAL TRICKER

ions Clause Was Intended to Hend Off Crookedness-Salary Provision Retained.

ate indulged in an acrimonious Itical debate, which developed use of his adjective. Later Mr. Brice to question Mr. Elkins, when the First Lleutenant Henry C. Fisher, assistant Mexico. The debate took a wide range, surgeon, is relieved from duty at Fort Yates ators Gorman, Faulkner, Cockrell and Mexico. The debate took a wide range, Sen democrats taking the provision as political,

> stricken out. At the close of the day the senate passed the legislative appropriation bill, carrying \$21,-500,000. Aside from providing the usual appropriations, the bill is important as effecting

vorable report on the bill proposing the purby a vote of 142 to 77. The members of the appropriation committee do not view their the capitol for the supreme court building. The legislative appropriation bill was then

peared in the national capitol to lumber the records of the supreme court of the United States with an appeal from the circuit court of the Eighth district, C. C. half dozen bills passed.

a motion to pass over all claims on the supreme that the practice of the southern men retailated by fillbustering against the pension bills, so the regarded this reform as exceptional and desirable. At the close of the discussion Mr.

of this plan, who, on the minute, is Much of the afternoon was consumed in to whisper in his ear in support of it.

calendar would be considered in their order, (Mr. Catron) who sat alongside Mr. Carter, not that pension cases alone would be singled but he did object to having that delegate attempt to secure this political amendment Mr. Hill moved to strike out the New Mexico etary of war to revoke the order by which provision, and he appealed to republican senators to make the striking out unanimous, as

question of taste. At this point another heated

announced that when the house adjourned New Mexico?" asked Mr. Brice, addressing Mr. Elkins, "Yes, I had that honor," replied Mr. Elkins.

> pursued Mr. Brice. "No; there was no demand for it then," answered Mr. Elkins. "But now," proceeded Mr. Eline, taking up a new and very personal phase, "let me ask the senator from

GOVERNOR MIGHT BE MISTAKEN. "The governor withdrew his statements," caid Mr. Brice.

"But what was the telegram that the govsent concerning the senator?" asked Mr. Elkins.

'What did the governor say in that telegram about the senator from Ohio," per-

sisted Mr. Elkins. PEN PICTURES PLEASANTLY AND POINTEDLY PUT.

Senator Elkins Explains the Obnox-

WASHINGTON, March 27.-The senpersonal and party feeling and brought on two sharp personal exchanges between Mr. Hill and Mr. Elkins, and between Mr. Brice and Mr. Elkins. The controversy arose over Mr. Hill's motion to strike from the pending appropriation bill the proposed change of the date of assembling the New "political trick," which had been "sneaked into" this appropriation bill, in order, as he claimed, to postpone the meeting of the democratic legislature, in the hope that a republican president would be elected and the political control of the territory changed. Mr. Elkins protested against the words "sneaked in." The exchange between the senators was

very animated, but Mr. Hill persisted in the Later Mr. Brice sought brought up the offensive personal dispatch which had been sent to Mr. Brice from New while Senators Elkins, Carter, Cullom and other republican senators, defended it. Mr. Cullom sought to table Mr. Hill's motion, but a motion to this effect falled, 21 to 29, whereupon Mr. Cullom yielded to the Hill motion, and the New Mexico provision was

the amendment was "clearly political."

Mr. Daniel spoke against the amendment. Mr. Elkins defended the proposition, saying the delegate wanted it and was better qualified to speak for it than any one else. Certainly no person who spoke of an amendment being "sneaked in" was a good authority on a question of taste. Mr. Elkins declared that the amendment was not political so far as he sonal colloquy occurred, Mr. Brice and Mr. Elkins being the participants.
"Were you not at one time delegate from

"Did you at that time ever suggest change in the time of holding the assembly?"

Ohio (Brice) what he thinks of the governor of Mexico, for this is a contest between the governor and the delegate. Let me ask the senator what the governor said about him." Mr. Elkins' reference was to the offensive telegram sent by Governor Thornton and

Mr. Brice responded again that the tele-gram had been properly disavowed by the

Mr. Brice explained that the governor had attended a meeting from which a telegram was sent reflecting on him (Brice), but subsequently the governor had publicly dis-

avowed responsibility and had made cultable amends. Turning his attention to the pending amendment, Mr. Brice said that if it was

a political trick ity was unworthy to be brought here. On its face the charge was well founded, and under the circumstances live stock.

Mr. Brice said he would oppose the amond-

case, and the delegate might be a better the militia engaged in the civil war, who authority than the governor.

Mr. Faulkner oppered the amendment on the ground that it was political and was based on the hope that a republican president of the benefit of the pension laws to all the second of the civil war, who served ninety days under the direct authority of the War department and of the United States officers. It is estimated that from 12,000 to 15,000 names will be added to the dent would be elect#d."
"Do I understand." asked Mr. Wolcott,

'the senator says a republican president will be elected?" "No," responded Mrt Faulkner, who is tomorrow will issue a proclamation opening chairman of the democratic congressional the Red Lake Indian reservation in Minnecommittee, "only those of most vivid imagination and who dream when they are

waking will say that."
Mr. Carter argued that it was time to reestablish the rule of the majority in New Mexico, and if this amendment accomplished that end, as he thought it did, then congress could well indulge in political legisla-

Mr. Allen said it was difficult for a populist senator to decide in a contest in which trickery and fraud were charged and admitted on both sides. Mr. Cockrell opposed the amendment as being political. It was based on the hope of

Cockrell, "on the part of a party branded DECIDE TO ADJOURN OVER SATURDAY. At this point Mr. Wolcott moved that when the senate adjourn, it be until Monday.

Mr. Cullom protested that the senate comnittee ought to complete the pending ap-

electing a republican president, who would name a republican governor of New Mexico.

"Was this right and honorable?" asked Mr.

propriation Senator Gorman suggested that there should not be any haste in disposing of the pending amendment. "This is the first time in twelve years," said Mr. Gorman, "that a purely political question has been brought into the discussion of any appropria-tion. There should be a full opportunity for debate and," added Mr. Gorman, decisively, "there must be."

Mr. Cullom opposed adjourning over Sat-urday and demanded a roll call, on which the motion to adjourn over prevailed, 33 Mr. Cullom moved to lay on the table the the lawn will remain green during the enmotion of Mr. Hill to strike out the New tire summer and autumn.

Again, too much attention cannot be given

Mr. Cullom said his only purpose was to secure a test vote, and as such Mr. Gorman said he was ready for it. Mr. Cullom's motion to table the Hill mo

tion was defeated, 21 to 29. The vote was Yeas-Republicans Idrich, Cul Mantle, Mitchell, Ore. Nelson, Perkins, Platt, Shoup, Teller—21. Mitchell, Wis Jones, Ark., Linday, Cockrell, Cockrell, Hepublicans: Dubois, Populists: Allen, Frye, Dog Wolcott. Peffer-29.(1

On the announcement of the vote Mr. Cullom stated that he would not further resist Mr. Hill's motion to strike out the New Mexico provision. Thereupon the Hill motion prevailed on a viva voce vote without

The legislative appropriation bill as thus amended and including the change of compensation of district attorneys and marshals The senate, at 4:45, went into executive

ession, and later asjourned until Monday. TAKES UP THE CANAL PROBLEM Ex-Senator Miller Appears Before the

House Committee.
WASHINGTON, March 27.—The investion of the Nicaragua canal problem by begun today by the appearance of Hon. Warner Miller of New York, the president of the canal company. There was a full attendance of the members of the committee and other interested parties. Mr. Miller declared that he had not come for the purpose of recommending the Mahon bill. which had been adopted by the subcommit-tee, nor had he even read the bill. He described at some length the history work on the canal, treating of the physical

conditions in Nicaragua and many Mr. Miller's idea was that the government should guarantee bonds to the amount of \$100,000,000 at 3 per cent, which would nedessitate an annual expenditure of \$3,000,-000 for interest. About \$1,000,000 a year would be needed for maintenance and improvements. Above the cost of maintain ing the canal the remainder of the receipts ld be put into a sinking fund for paying off the bonded debt. The government, de-clared Mr. Miller, would pay nothing for the canal under this arrangement and have some \$70,000,000 of stock left. The canal company never had taken any part in legilation, never had advocated any plan for government control and never had appeared congressional committees, when called upon. The company had felt that it had a grievance against the government, because after the introduction of the senate bill, it had been impossible to raise early as possible in the spring. By following any money. American capitalists had said out the suggestions given here in providing that the government should take charge of the four essentials we may have as fin the enterprise and foreign houses had feared lawns in this country as they do in England; that after a few years the government would take possession and return them only government lawns the money invested, with no profits. In reply to a question Mr. Miller said that he reply to a question Mr. Miller said that he had no doubt of the ability of the company to raise the necessary funds, notwithstanding

the financial condition of the world but for the interposition of the government. Mr. Miller dealt with the report of the commission sent to the Isthmus last sum mer at length. It had been well understood he declared, that the commission had bee reproached by the opponents of the canal for delay. He criticised the engineering at-tainments of the commission, and said that with the money at its command it been unable to inspect the country sufficiently. The impression that the commissioners' report was unfavorable to the pro

ject, he asserted, was incorrect, Speaking of the Pacific coast, Mr. Miller said that it had been expected that a great population would settle there. Mr. Miller assured the committee that vouchers for all expenditures made by the company would be placed at the disposal of any committee or commission, and said they included no expenses for influencing legislation. The company felt that the time had come when the government should either take the work or give notice to the world that it intended to do nothing, so that the promoters would have a clear field to work in. If congress decided to drop the project Mr. Miller said he would turn to the American people to invest in the company; and if that appeal failed he would turn the work over to some

one else. No Military at , the Funeral. WASHINGTON, March 27.—Funeral servces over the body of the late Brigadier General Thomas L. Casey were held at the family residence here foday. Rev. John H. Elliott conducted the service according to the Episcopal church form. The honorary pall bearers were: General William P. Craighill. chief of engineers; Senator Frye, Senator Sherman, Senator Morrill, Senator Voorheen, Senator Brice, General Thomas A. Vincent, General A. Baird and Colonel Wil we will again give you a chance at them for \$1.00. These are the shoes we liked so well at \$1.75 that we bought too many of station and thence to Wickford, R. I., where

Western Patents Granted. WASHINGTON, March 27 .- (Special.)-Patents have been issued as follows: Iowa-Thomas I. Ashton, Fort Dodge, hitching Otely, and F. Butin, Galesburg, car coupling; George Stever, Fairfield, rail joint. South Dakota-Ole O. Goserud, Grant county, water elevator. Wyoming-Edwin F. Bell and G.

Extending Pension Laws to Militin. Mr. Elkins said this statement of Mr. Brice disclosed that the governor had been mistaken on one important occasion, so that it was fair to presume he might be in this tending the benefit of the pension laws to all pension rolls by this bill.

Opening a Reservation to Settlement WASHINGTON, March 27 .- The president sota is settlement. The date selected is May I. The White Earth reservation will be opened by a proclamation to be issued later, though it was originally planned to issue the proclamations simultaneously. The

A GOOD LAWN.

The Three Essentials Set Forth by an

Expert.
This is the season when we are often asked how to establish a good lawn and insure its permanence, says Garden and Forest. Downing names three essential requisites: Deep soil;
 proper kinds of grass, and
 frequent mowing. For this climate I would add a fourth—that is, plenty of water. The air of an average American summer is not so well adapted to the production of a fine lawn as in the humid atmosphere of Great Britain. There not so much attention need be given to the richness of the soil, as the moisture takes its place in a measure. But in this country the soil should be deep and rich, with a subsoil capable of retaining moisture, but not in excess. If the subsoils hard and tenacious it should be well under drained and trenched, or subsoiled to a depth of sixteen or eighteen inches, so as to create a reservoir for holding moisture which may be drawn upon by the plants as needed during dry times. The matter of subsoiling does not receive the attention it deserves in our climate. Many expense seem to thisk In our climate. Many persons seem to think that if the surface soil is in good condition nothing further is needed. Such persone should bear in mind that it is a deep soil only which will furnish moisture for grass

Mexico provision.

Mr. Gorman appealed to Mr. Cullom not to seek to cut off debate on such a measure. "We are entitled to full discussion and we will have it," said Mr. Gorman.

Agala, too much attention cannot be given to the preparation of the soil before the seed is sown. It should be plowed and replaced in the whole is thoroughly pulverized and the whole is thoroughly pulverized and the whole is thoroughly pulverized and the whole is thoroughly pulverized. the whole is thoroughly pulverized and mixed to a depth of ten inches. This work should be done in the fall, and then the plot should be left to settle all winter before the seed is sown. The foundation will then be firm. This not only makes a compact had which the tonder was a compact bad which the tonder was a compact bed which the tonder was a compact by be firm. This not only makes a compact bed which the tender grass roots need, but it will insure the lawn against those little knolls and hollows which are so objection-

able in appearance and do so much to ob-struct the use of the mower. Only two kinds of grass are really worthy of consideration for this climate. These are the Kentucky blue grass, Poa pratensis, and red top Agrostis vulgaris. There are a few others, such as Rhode Island bent grass, a finer kind of agrostis, which may be sown, but it is more expensive and little superior to a good strain of red top. A little sweet vernal grass or white clover may be added, but neither is essential. The coarser grasses, such as timothy, orchard grass or meadow Fescul, should never be sown in a lawn. There are many lawn mixtures advertised and sold at high prices; some of them are good and will make excellent lawns; but, if analyzed, the best of them will be found to consist mainly of blue grass and red top, which may be bought in the market for from \$1.50 to \$2.50 a bushel,

To seed properly from two to three bushels will be required to the acre, owing in some measure to the amount of chaff mixed with the seed. This should be sown as early in the spring as possible, so that the young plants may become well established before the hot, dry weather of midsummer. The sowing of oats with the seed has been recmmended as a protection to the young grass plants, but I have never yet found that a strong, gross-feeding plant like the cat would furnish protection to a delicate, slow-growing one. On the contrary, the so-called protector the house committee on commerce was Red top germinates much more quickly than blue grass, and will furnish all the protection necessary, besides covering the surface with a green coat almost as quickly as cats will After the blue grass gets its roots well estab ished in deep, rich soil it will need no further protection, but will assume entire control in a very short time.

The third essential is early and frequent mowing. If the grass is allowed to get too large before being cut the stubble will be too stiff and we lose that soft velvety character which is only produced by frequent mowing. It is time to begin as soon as the grass is tall enough for the mower to catch it. A few annual weeds which make their appearance during the summer will do no harm, as they will be kept down by the mower and not allowed to ripen their seeds, but such perennials as the docks, dandeloin plantains and their kind should be dug up as soon as they can be seen, and water must be in constant supply to feed the grass, keep it green and growing. The deep soil preparation will help to do this, but he is fortunate who can draw on some reservoir for occasional irrigation. Where water is always abundant less care need be given to fertilization, otherwise it will be well to op-dress the lawn early every spring with or forty bushels of unleached ashes and 300 or 400 pounds of bone meal or super-phosphate to the acre. This will keep the grass in thriving condition. Barn manure is too unsightly and should not be used except in localities where snow covers the ground al winter, and then it should be raked off as which will last a lifetime and be continual source of pleasure to all who see

POINTED SHORT STORIES.

Chicago Tribune: "Michael," said his employer, "you are looking very rocky this morning. "Yis, sor," replied the driver of the de

livery wagon. "I've got a bad headache was at a christenin' last night, sor, an the kid was the only won in the crowd that took water.'

Washington Star: "I see that some observing cuss has figured it out that trolley motormen always stand on one foot," said the "Sometimes they don't," repled the con

"No. Sometimes, when they least expect it, they find themselves standing on their heads in the middle of the road." Puck: "My father"-the English girl's eve

flashed proudly—"led the Six Hundred at Balaklava." The American maid smiled supercili-"My mother"-she paused to add impressivenezo to her words—"leads the Four Hundred in New York!" Satisfying herself that she had given her English cous'n a Roland for her Oliver, she

Indianapolis Journal: "Your money or your life!" shouted the footpad, with more brusquerie than le permitted in social circles where real diamonds are worn. "Permit me," said the gentlemanly book agent opening his valise, "to offer you, in lieu of my insignificant existence, this calf-bound gilt edge hand tooled life of Napoleon in three volumes, payable on the installment plan, make your own terms, we never dis-appoint a subscriber and if—"

turned the talk from international affairs to Paris gowns, and forebore to exult.

Chicago Tribune: "Walter," said the scholarly looking man in spectacles, glancing through the bill of fare, "it appears to be the central idea of this refectory that everything of an edible nature should be as Shakespeare says, 'stale and cheap to vulgar company.""
"No, sir," replied the dignified servitor.

"but in adapting the unisine of this establishment to the wants of its patrons the proprietors agree with Prof. Drummond that what this world needs is the 'rejuvenescence of the commonplace.'"

The waiter was from Boston, too.

He found himself alone

BANK PRESIDENT BEALS

The Great Financier Found Health in Paine's Celery Compound.



whose brains and energy have helped to make the western states rich and powerful is General David T. Beals, president of the Union National bank of Kansas City. Suscessful in his many enterprises, he lives to-

The work and the responsibility incumwould endanger the sturdiest health. Gen. ple well.

Beals' clear-headedness and good sense were. It is a fact much commented upon that Beals' clear-headedness and good sense were as manifest in the choice of a remedy as in his business enterprises. He strengthened

Prominent among the New England men especially of persons employed constantly hose brains and energy have helped to indoors. The need—the absolute necessity—

day in a fine mansion at the corner of In-dependence and Wabash avenues.

The work and the responsibility income the standard nerve restorer, blood purifier The work and the responsibility incum-bent on the president of so important a try to the other, a preparation that stands banking institution as the Union National unrivalled as the medicine that makes peo-

his tired nervous system by the use of Paine's celery compound. Its invigorating, health-giving effects justified his expectations, and showed in his own case the remarkable power of this much discussed remedy for thoroughly restoring and strengthening the "run down" system.

"If found Paine's celery compound an accordance of Montreal, Rev. Austria John M. Francis and a host of others who are careful what they employ when sick, and have the amplest opportunities for finding out what is best, have of their own accord sent letters describing fully their permanent recovery from "I found Paine's celery compound an agreeable tonic and southing to the nerves." rheumatism, heart weakness, sleeplessness, rheumatism, heart weakness, sleeplessness, debility, kidney troubles and diseases of the says General Beals.

These are the concise words of commendation characteristic of the conservative business man and the influential banker, who has learned to weigh well his words.

The scanty sunlight and the stagnant, used-up air of living rooms during the winter reduces the strength and nervous energy,

captured in Omaha and will be brought back SOUTH OMAHA NEWS

live stock January 1, the monthly average | years the rates have been raised 50 per cent. of cattle driven in to this market was only 700 head. Since the first of the year the farmers have been driving in more and more and during twenty-five days of this month over 2,300 head, or over 100 cars have been driven in to this market. Last year it was only the stockmen living in the vicinity of Omaha who drove their cattle in, but now the farmers are driving in from a considerable distance, and even from points where it take: several days to make the trip.

have lost by this means over \$1,400. The attention of the railroad companies will e called to this loss by interested parties, and will be used as one of the arguments for the immediate reduction of freight rates and the throwing off of the terminal charge. A commission man, who is deeply interested in live stock freight rates, said yesterunderstood that the Stock company is very anxious for a settlement of the matter, and is willing to make any concessions that the railroad companies demand in order to relieve the shippers of the erminal charge.
It is understood that a representative of the Stock Yards company will meet with the general managers of the railroads at an early

Ensily Escapes from Jail. Fritz Fetterlieb was arrested at 1:30 o'clock

he escaped and the police are hunting for arrest Fetterlieb did not deny having broken into the place, but he pretended to he so drunk that he did not know what he was This story does not wash with the police, however, as the hole in the rear window of the store, through which Fetterlieb crawled, is only 15x31 inches in s'ze.

prisoners were all let out of the cells and fed. Fetterlich refused to talk to the jailer or the About 8:30 o'clock Jailer Riches | the Lord's supper will be administered at the prisoners. About 8:30 o'clock Jailer Riches went to the cell and at that time Fetterlieb was lying on a bench. A little after 9 o'clock George Schmitz, a saloon keeper. called and asked to see Fetterlieb and was gram will be rendered, followed by a debate taken below. In a moment Officer Riches The topic for the debate is "Resolved, that

diately after Miller was taken upstairs, Fet-terlieb climbed upon the steel cell and pushed the trap door open and crawled up into the vacant room above. The rear door of this com opens on an alley and was not locked. From the alley it is only a few steps to the railroad tracks, and it is thought that Fet-terlieb climbed into an empty stock car and

man and Chief Brennan placed a watch on his house at Seventeenth and P streets. With Fetterlieb, went New Lundale, one of the boys who was to be tried for breaking into John Flood's store and stealing a quantity of tobacco. Fetterlieb is well known here, having been a partender in a number of saloons. At one time he worked for A. Papez. A few weeks ago Papez's saloon was robbed and several galions of liquor and \$20 in money stolen. It is now thought that Fetterlieb was the thief.

During the afternoon the police got on the track of Fetterlieb and found that after escaping from the city fail he walked south down the railroad tracks and boarded the down the railroad tracks and bearded the Rock Island train at Albright at 1:30 p. m. A telephone message was at once sent to Lincoln, giving a description of the escaped burgiar, and when the train arrived there officers searched for him, but he was not on the train. The conductor stated that a man answering Fetterlieb's description got off the train at South Bend, and Chief Brennan notified the marshal at that place to be on the lookout for him, and if found to arrest and hold him.

Lundals, who escaped with Fetterlieb was replied. 'Good morning resistance in the national republican convention, were hanging around, watching the scene. As Mr. Reed was passing they tugged at the battered remnants of hate surmounting their pates and said: "How do, Mr. Speaker."

Instantiy the hand of the speaker was elevated, his bat was removed clean from his head, his body was bent forward in a bow deep and profound, and the habitual cynical smile which plays around his lips melted into one of extreme cordiality as he

Will Open on Insurance Rates. As soon as the campaign is over the Muacconnected bacons a start a fight for Before the railroads advanced the rates on lower insurance rates. Within the last two One merchant in the city, who occu frame store building, is paying \$50 a \$1,000 for insurance. One of the local agents said yesterday that he did not think the rates excessively high in comparison with other titles the size of South Omaha. Most of the risk here is on frame structures, some of which are quite old, but even on substantial brick buildings the rate is more than the

occupants think they ought to pay. Magie City Gossip. R. Brown of Beatrice is in the city visiting

H. Agar of St. Paul was looking over the C. W. Trumbull of Fort Collins, Colo., is here visiting friends. Eli H. Doud and wife of Boone, Ia., are in he city visiting friends.

J. A. Goodman of North Platte is in the city ttending to some busines. C. Baldwin left yesterday for Kansas City to attend to some business. John Daley of Demsey, Ore., is in the city and visited the yards yesterday.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. M. Ryan, Twentyseventh and G streets, a daughter. W. J. Carver, treasurer of Hamilton county, is in the city looking after some property. John Lonec, who has had cancer of the

tomach for some time, is not expected to W. C. Carson of St. Joseph, Mo., is visiting his brother, W. A. Carson, Twenty-third and B streets. James Blackwell of Friend is the guest of

his sister, Mrs. Sampson, Twenty-seventh and The Board of Trustees of the First Presby-When seen at the jail shortly after his at the church this evening. There is to be a general meeting of the B. of L. at lodge A in Albright Sunday

> Christian association will hold a public ception at the association parlors, 2418 N street, on April 9. Rev. J. J. Hammel of Papillion will preach at the German Methodist church Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. The sacrament of

evening. All members are requested to

The Women's auxiliary of the Young Men's

present.

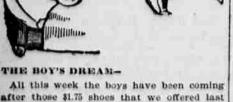
close of the service. The Current Topic club will meet this evening at the High school building. A pro-

central committee is arranging for some big meetings next week. There will be rallies night. On the evening of April 4 there will be a torch light procession and a rally at Sanger hall, where there will be good speak-

White Man Not Outdone General credence is not given to the story of the remark attributed to George Washington that he "would not be outdone in politeness by a negro." Nevertheless, it is

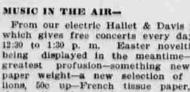
a story that goes, and it evidently has been taken to heart by Mr. Thomas B. Reed, says the Baltimore Sun. One day last week Mr. Reed was sauntering along a fashionable uptown street during calling hours, while ladies were alighting in droves from their carriages. Two colored brothers, decidedly the worse looking for wear, and belonging to the faction which, by casting from ten to twenty-five votes spiece, recently secured the election of a Reed delegate from this district to the national re-

but we'd rather get a little advertising out of it and close them out quick at \$1.00.



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From our electric Hallet & Davis planowhich gives free concerts every day from them. So Saturday—and Saturday only—
we will again give you a chance at them
paper weight—a new selection of medaleventually we might sell them all at \$1.75, pretty pictures and absolute novelties, es-





The inpropriety of appearing in churchafter those \$1.75 shoes that we offered last 12:30 to 1:30 p. m. Easter novelties are at dinner—on the street—anywhere—on being displayed in the meantime—in the Easter—without a pair of Easter gloves at dinner-on the street-anywhere-on doubt the most complete assortment ever

Albert Cahn, Send for our illustrated Catalogue. 1419 Farnam. Music and Art 1513 Douglas Mail orders filled always. 1322 Farnam



GLOVES FOR EASTER-

shown here—including all popular makes—the body was taken directly to the railroad pictures and absolute novelties, es-secured for Easter. Hand painted glove gathering—no one—but us—over had the interment will be made. nerve enough to buy so many styles

post; David L. McMicken, Des Moines, por-table carwheel holder; Charles J. Nutt,

On account of the high rates the railroads

matter before the heavy shipments of cattle commence to come in. esterday morning, charged with robbing Etter's grocery store at Twenty-fourth and N streets, but before the opening of police court | B streets.

date and make another attempt to settle the

Six boxes of cigars and a couple of pipes At breakfast time vesterday morning the

aken below.

ame running upstairs and same prisoner had escaped.

There is a trap door in the floor directly over the steel cell. It had never been fastened. The police had either forgotten be present and speak. Besides these mass meetings it will be arranged to hold meetings in some part of the city every night from now until election.

Officers started out at once to look for the

Lundals, who escaped with Fetterlieb, was replied: "Good morning, gentlemen."