MORE TROOPS REACH CUBA

Eighteen Thousand Spanish Soldiers Enthusiastically Received at Havana.

WEYLER TAKING HORSES IN THE CAPITAL

One Tenth of All Animals in the City Required for Military Mensures Against the Insurgents in the Field.

(Copyright, 1896, by Press Publishing Company.) HAVANA, Cuba, Feb. 26 .- (New York World Cablegram-Special Telegram.)-The World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—The ices at Vequits. His death has occasioned first contingent of 18,000 troops arrived to- Captain General Weyler a sentiment of proday from Spain. The soldiers were welcomed found grief. with great enthuslasm. As they passed the palace they were reviewed by General Wey-

eral Weyler and told him how glad they were to see him.

Mrs. Quintero, the wife of the American errested at Guantanamo on Saturday, presented a statement to the American consultoday glving evidence of her citizenship and asking American intervention in his behalf.

General Munoz reports a three hours' engagement near Manzanillo, in which Colonel Lolo Benitez, a famous guerilla, was killed. Benitez served in the last war and was sentenced to life imprisonment for his harsh methods, but was pardoned early in the present war on condition that he would fight the rebels.

Twenty soldiers out foraging met a large

hovering about the railr ad between Havana and Batabano. Celonel Vicuna's report received today speaks of exchanging shots with Gomez's rear guard near C ral Falso, in the southern part of Matanzas province,

General Pratt reports a sharp encounter with a part of Maceo's army in the valley of Paila, south of Cardenas. Forty-two rebels are said to have been killed and six taken prisoners. Michelson and Betanecourt were released

tonight provisionally. ROEDER.

ALL CENTRAL AMERICA MENACED.

Revolution Threatened in All the Republics of the South. (Copyright, 1896, by Press Publishing Company. MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Feb. 26.-(New York World Cablegram-Special Telegram.)-There are signs that the revolution in northern Nicaragua may spread all over Central America. It has a distinctly religious

The growth of American ideas here is re garded as tending to extend liberalism, which the clergy desire to stamp out. New York priests whom Zelaya banished are said to be fanning the flames of the revolution-The liberals have no confidence in the ostentatious display of sympathy for Zelaya by leading conservatives in this city. It is believed that it is only a device to bull

that some of the leading military officers adhere to that party.

Conservative leaders have been growing suspicious of Zelaya, whose desire to assume a dictatership has been apparent, al-though denied by his friends. All the influence of the highest social classes is throw; against Zelaya, whose attitude against the clergy has incensed them. It is openly asall the governments and to restore the ancient

privileges of the church, Guatemala is ripe for revolution owing to the deep-seated dissatisfaction of the intel-ligent portion of the people with the mili-tary rule of Barrios, whose humble extraction and record for cruelty have turned the upper class against him. President Bonilla, in Honduras, is showing liberal ten-dencies. He would be likely to give more power to congress and become merely the executive, but his party (clerical) insists on his retaining supreme dictatorial powers. Zelaya is exceedingly apprehensive, as the revolution in Nicaragua shows every sign

increasing strength. President Guiterrez, in Salvador, has just reorganized the military departments on the Geatemala frontier, and is prepared for any

Scientist Improves on Roentgen.

CITY OF MEXICO, Feb. 26.-News received here indicates that the revolution in Nicaragua is part of a comprehensive cierica party plot to overthrow the liberal govern-ment in Central America. A Mexican scientist in the state of Toto an invention similar to that of Roentgen, but more like the discovery of Prof. Salvonia of Italy, which is a meaus of util-Izing certain rays of light to see into and through opaque bodies. The Mexican claims to have an instrument enabling him to see

circulation of sap in trees and blood in the human body.

Families of upper classes are awaiting with anxiety the arrival of Apostolic Delegate Averadi, and marriages and baptisms have been deferred till his arrival, so he may perfrom the ceremonies.

Cuben Expedition Leaves Jamaica (Copyright, 1896, by Press Publishing Company.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Feb. 26 .- (New York World Cablegram-Special Telegram.)-The colonial government, having discovered plans for starting a Cuban expedition from here, sent two warships to intercept the filibustering vessel. The cruisers met the suspected steamer and the naval commander advised a change of plans. Subsequently the ex-

LISBON, Fcb 26.-In the Chamber of Deputies today the minister for foreign affairs Senor de Soveral, intimated that he was trying to override the transfer to the German government of land opposite Lorenzo Marquez, Delgoa bay, which Portugal had ceded to a German subject.

Ratified the Treaty of Union TEGUCIGALPA, Honduras, Feb. 26 .- (Via Galveston.)-The congress of Honduras has brated in June last between Honduras, Salva

Syndicate Building Raitroads in China LONDON, Feb. 26 .- A dispatch from Singapore to the Times says: It is reported that an American and English syndicate has arranged to build a railway from Hankow to

MADRID, Feb. 26.-The Spanish Cortes has been dissolved.

KILLED A LIEUTENANT COLONEL. Cubnus Inflict One Heavy Loss on the Spanish Army.

HAVANA, Feb. 26.—The steamship Buenos Ayres arrived here today from Spain, bringing as reinforcements the Wadras and Reina battalions of infantry. The troops were accorded a most enthusiastic reception and corded a most enthusiastic reception and after landing were reviewed by Captain General Weyler from the balcony of the palace. General Munzo has been operating in the neighborhood of Zarzal and Manzanillo, going afterward in the direction of LaSal, where the insurgents maintain depots of subsistence. Two columns of troops met the main force of the insurgents at Gallego, where they occupied strong positions. It took some hours fighting to dislodge and disperse them. During the fight the valorous Lieutenant Colonel Lolo Benitz, was killed, and fifteen soldiers were wounded. Colonel Benitz was buried with solemn services at Vequita. His death has eccasioned

CAPTURED SOME FORAGERS.

Twenty guerillas, while-on a foraging expalace they were reviewed by General Wey-ler. Some ladies who saw the parade from a balcony of the palace afterward called on Gen-eral Weyler and told him how glad they were

fight the rebels.

Twenty soldiers out foraging met a large party of rebels. In the skirmish, Lieutenant Pino and Sergeant Lazaro, Spanish officers, were killed.

Griffielle, and will martial.

Colonel Fort was fired upon by the insurgents in the neighborhood of Naseareno. The insurgents were the bands under Macco will be the same of Coppinger. The company of the farm of Coppinger. The SEIZING HORSES IN HAVANA.

General Weyler has been rapidly transferring infantry troops to cavalry, realizing that he must have more cavalry, Today he issued a recriamation stating that he has decided to take one-tenth of all the horses in Havana for military purposes.

General Weyler received reports today which confirm the World's dispatches of some days ago, that Macco and Gomez have in Matanzas, being the cavalry and rear matangements.

General Weyler received reports today which confirm the World's dispatches of some days ago, that Macco and Gomez have left Havana province. They were in the heart of Matanzas province two days ago and going east, closely pursued by Spanish troops. It is likely that both leaders crossed the border today into Santa Clara province.

When General Weyler arrived in Cuba Macco was well west in Pinar del Rio province, and Gomez was in Havana province, hovering about the railr ad between Havana hovering about the railr ad between Havana forces with Gomez.

mn was at once dispatched and rapidly over-ook the insurgents, opening fire as they advanced up the heights. Velleys were discharged as they advanced and the incurgents finally retreated, leaving eight killed and carrying away many wounded. The troops lost none, owing to the good position they held. The paper demanding the surrender of the fort was signed by Maceo, General Prat set out on board a train to come up with Maceo, the latter going toward Cardenas, but Maceo crossed the railroad and destroyed a bridge, thus preventing the cast and the Leonites can count on the aid advance of the train with the troops. The of the clergy, not only in the republic, but infantry left the cars and took up the pursuit on foot. Meantime the cavalry was in the four other republics as well.

The clericals fear the growing popularity disembarked and sent after the insurgents.

uit was kept up all day of the 24th. The troops finally came up with the insurgents to the number of 4,000 at Viallepala. under Maceo's command. The troops were here divided into three columns, the column under General Prat taking the advance. They charged with the bayonet and dislodged the insurgents from the plantations of Perla. Diamente and Julia. The latter was burned. Dislodged by the troops, the insurgents re treated by the high ground to Guamacaro in President Zelaya cannot hope for aid from the conservatives—the richest, most influential people in the country. It is now known soldiers wounded. The insurgents left forty a demoralized condition. The troops lost a two dead, among them Alfonso Paniflo and Pablo Vanigeras, as well as fifty-two guns and horses. General Prat's vanguard pursued and coming up with the of the insurgents, killed three.

RAILROAD TRAFFIC BLOCKED. Colonel Hernandez set out for Aguacale in a train with an exploring engine ahead. They found that near Limonar the rails had been torn up and two wooden culverts serted that the clerical party throughout been torn up and two wooden culverts Central America expects to gain control of burned. The insurgents made an attack, but were repulsed, leaving three rifles be-hind them. The column then continued its march on foot until it came up with the other train. The insurgents have set fire to the village of Alquizar and were repulsed

> General Spando and Arola, in combination are recovering the first and second military lines or troches along the borders between Matanzas and Santa Clara to cut off the re-

treat of the insurgents.

After the troops which have just arrived from Spain passed in review before Captain 2 eneral Weyler in the balcony of his palace today, vivas were given for Spanish Cuba and for the king and queen, the crowds cheering enthusiastically. The president o the commission, Elvir Laverz Hernando, and many women, among them some Americans. English and German, paid a visit to General Weyler. The foreign women gave their acclamations for Spain. Cuba and the army in the streets before General Weyler's bal cony and threw flowers and doves upon the

insurgents have destroyed the uct of Sagua and have burned the station at

Raro, Matanzas.

The battalion of Tarifa and the battalion of Waldreas and Reina, which arrived today, have left for Pinar del Rio. The steamer Mote Video has arrived, having on board the battalions of Luzon and Museia. They will leave for the field today. The captured in-surgent, El Inglesito, is charged with stealwatches and having murdered the daugh ter of the manager of a sugar estate, besides the charge of being in rebellion.

Rumors are persistently circulated in this city to the effect that the insurgent masses intend to desert their chiefs and surrender to the Spanish authorities, owing to the energetic campaign being conducted against them under the direction of Captain General

Egyptian Question to the Front.

PARIS, Feb. 26.-The Figure dwells today upon the reports in circulation concerning the willingness of Great Britain to evacuate Egypt and distinctly asserts that in spite of statements to the contrary from London the European governments are discussing the Egyptian question from its various aspects, whether Great Britain has engaged to evacu-ate the occupied territory, as to the moment being favorable for the evacuation now that the British authorities admit that Egypt is tranquil and prosperous, and in view of the fact that Turkey has promised to insure the neutrality of the Suez canal in a manner similar to that adopted to that of the straits of Dardanelles.

LONDON, Feb. 26.- The Daily News will tomorrow publish a dispatch from Constanti nople, which says that it is reported there that on February 14, the first day of the Ramadan festival, the Turks surrounded the Aremnian quarter in Marsovan and ordered the Armenians to accept islam. Five hun-dred of them agreed to do so, but 150 re-calcitrants were killed. All news of ex-

NO RELIEF FOR THE TENANTS

Commons Rejects the Second Reading of the Evicted Tenants Bill.

LIBERALS SUPPORT THE MEASURE

Conservatives Maintain There Are Only a Few Persons Who Would Be Benefited by It.

LONDON, Feb. 26.-Mr. J. J. Clancey, Parnellite member for the north division of a voluntary nature, not compulsory, and provides that a board of conciliation, consisting of three members, to be appointed by Parliament, and empowered to confirm existing agreements, or to reinstate tenants by purchase, or as tenants under judicial rent. The number of evicted persons is few, and the matter, it is claimed, could soon be set-

Mr. John E. Redmond, Parnellite member for Waterford, and Mr. John Dillon, anti-Parnellite member for East Mayo, supported Mr. Clancey's motion.

Mr. J. A. Rentoul, Q. C., conservative member for East Down, moved the rejection of the motion on the ground that the measure under discussion involved the principle that tenants evicted for nonpayment of rent would receive large grants of money and re-

fund be devoted to it. Continuing, Mr. Morley said that the duke of Devonshire and other unionists, opposed his bills because it was compulsory, but declared that they would support a voluntary bill. Therefore they had changed its provisions, and now stated that if he was referred to the state-he would be disappointed if the conservative ment was untrue as mad by Howard leader, Mr. A. J. Balfour, first lord of the Thereupon Howard said he was responsible treasury, did not assent to its second read-

Mr. Gerald Balfour, chief secretary for Ireland, said that a policy of conciliation did not mean granting everything demanded by the Irish members. The bill in question could not be justified unless a public evil of grave magnitude existed and which re-The authorities have information that Gomez carried away numerous wounded. They have also learned that the leaders, Moreno, Pancho and Varona, have joined forces with Gomez.

DRIVEN FROM PLACE TO PLACE.

Colonel Melina has received news that a large body of insurgents has encamped on the farm of Condes, near Limonar, south of the plantation of Ynacio. A resident of the neighborhood brings news that Maceo demanded the surrender of the forts. A column was at once dispatched and rapidly overmatter in an adequate manner. Mr. Balfour said that he would strengthen the hands of members in asserting that under the same

circumstances the tenants could resort to the same plan of campaign. Mr. Clancey's motion that the evicted tenants' bill be read for the second time, was then put to a vote and rejected by 271 to 174.

CONCILIATION IS A GOOD THING.

Hon, G. J. Goshen Says Nations Must Also Be Prepared to Fight. LONDON, Feb. 26.—Mr. G. J. Goschen, first lord of the admiralty, speaking at Lewiston, said that conciliation, negotiation and of the United States in Latin America and General Prat's vanguard soon opened fire arbitration might be valuable, but woe to the also fear American control of the canal, upon the retreating insurgents. The purnations lacking the courage to back their opinion by their own resources. The new system of logrolling and bartering for alliances, he said, had displaced the old system of a balance of power between European nations. England was not elever at this game, he added, and had held aloof, although her alliance was courted by several groups of powers. "Our isolation, therefore." Mr. Goschen continued, "is not one of weakness, but of freedom to act independently. This has caused misunderstandings, but it is toped

that recent complications have shown dead, and that on certain occasions, we might be combustible. Without betraying might be combustible. Without betraying secrets, I might say that a very distinguished German statesman, not Prince Bis-marck, has been convinced for years that England could not be moved to war by anything short of an attack on her central in terests in this country. That was a danger ous fallacy, which has now probably been

He was able to say, Mr. Goschen added that our relations with the German emperor were now as cordial as they could possibly be. He concluded with a reference to the necessity for a powerful fleet.

DENIALS AT THE FOREIGN OFFICE England Has Neither Declined Nor Been Invited to Govern Egypt.

LONDON, Feb. 26 .- Inquiries were made at the foreign office and at the Turkish embassy today regarding the dispatch from Constantinople, published by the Times this morning, saying that the marquis of Sallsbury has sent a reply to the invitation for warded to Great Britain by the sultan through the Turkish embassador here, to regulate the situation in Egypt with suzerain power for Great Britain, on the basis of guarantees being furnished for the security of communications between England and In-The premier was said to have answere that the propositions were too vague the sultan, thereupon was reported to appointed a commission to formulate definite proposals on the subject. The Turkish ambassador had already denied submitting any such proposals to the British minister for foreign affairs and at the Ottoman embassy today the officials present disclaimed having any knowledge of a reply having been sent to the sultan on this or any other subject recently. The British foreign office officials were equally emphatic in professing complete. appointed a commission to formulate definit

to obtain victory without loss of time. He will tomorrow decide who shall succeed General Baratieri. The fact that King Menelik is threatening Adeuquali causes renewed anxiety. It is now expected that he will entirely surround Baratieri and then join the revolting tribes at Oculreusai.

Last Act of a Domestic Tragedy.

MONTREAL, uQe., Feb. 26.—The last act of a domestic scandal in Montreal high life was performed today when Judge Archibald lasted the decree of separation between Ade-laids Gault and John Smith Allen and awarded the wife at whose instance the

CONTESTS STIR UP BAD BLOOD.

Kentucky Legislature Disturbed by Knives and Violent Language. LOUISVILLE, Feb. 26.—A special to the Post from Frankfort, says: The exciting Rangers Who Had Been Guarding the

scene in the house this morning attending the bringing up of the contested election cases of Werner-Tompkins made the taking of the thirty-first ballot for senator in general assembly very interesting. There was a general hum when the two houses came together that indicated much excitement. The doorkeeper had hard work to keep persons from the floor of the house who had no

sons from the noor of the house who had no right to be there. The lobbies and gal-leries were full of people, who waited to see if there would be another outbreak. The decision of the house to take up for consideration the Werner-Tompkins case on Friday means that lively times may be expected on that day. The call showed 134 Dublin county, moved the second reading members present; necessary to a choice, of the evicted tenants' bills in the House sixty-eight. There were only two pairs. of Commons tiday. This measure is of This is one of the largest attendances of the

> amid some applause. Bowling and Carpenter voted for Judge Holt. Hissom cast his vote for Hon. J. W. Yerkes, while Rummans, the fourth of the republican senators who have left Hunter, voted for John W. Lewis. Hunter lost another vote when Representative Chambers voted for

Senator Clark east his vote for Dr. Hunter

There were no desertions from Blackburn.

There were no desertions from Blackburn.
The ballot resulted: Hunter, 61; Blackburn.
62; Carlisie, 3; McCreary, 2; Yerkes, 1; Holt.
3; Lewis, 1; Bate, 1.
CINCINNATI, Feb. 26.—The Enquirer special from Frankfort, Ky.; says: The report of the committee in the Werner-Pomppert of the committee in the Werner-Tomppert of the commi kins contested election case was made a special order for Friday at 10 o'clock. The report in the Kauffman-Dunlap case will come up tomorrow. When the committees reported these contests today speeches were instatement.

Mr. John Morley, liberal, said he could not inderstand how the bill could be resisted, and suggested that the Irish church surplus the case it was because they had conspired to make so much noise that the report could not be heard. Phelps, democrat, said if Howard included him in that remark, he was maying what was untrue. Swinfurth, member of both committees on contests. for what he said. Then Phelps, with an open pocketknife in his hand, made a rush for Howard. Swinfurth joined in it. Great excitement followed, everybody was on their feet and there were shouts of "untrue" and feet and there were should of "intrue" and the like. The belligerents were forced to their seats by their friends. When order was restored the speaker told Howard his re-marks were improper. Howard immediately said he meant no reflection on either of the gentlemen offended and that he believed that his remarks, made in an unguarded moment, were unjustifiable. were unjustifiable.

DANGER OF SECESSION PASSED.

Majority of the Salvation Officers
Have Pledged Allegiance.
NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—At the Salvation
army headquarters today, Colorel Nicoll
caid that a majority of the brigadier generals of the army had been heard from by telegraph or otherwise, and that all professed unswerving allegiance to the international organization. The crisis, Colonel
Nicoll added, was passed, and complete harmeny would soon be restored. Commissioner
Eva Booth was at headquarters, but declined to be seen. Several subordinate officers were questioned as to the condition of
affairs and the probability of secession, but
all gave very guarded replies.

Manifestations of the much tafked of revintion in the Salvation army took a more
definite form tonight. Major Peter Glen, the
oldest officer in point of service in the headquarter's staff, who for several years has
had charge of the field department, sent in
his resignation. It was as follows:

"To Commissioner Eva Booth: My Dear
Commissioner—It is with the deepest regret elegraph or otherwise, and that all pro-

Commissioner—It is with the deepest regret that we are compelled after nine and a half years' faithful service as officers in the ranks of the Salvation army in America to herewith tender you our resignations our reason being in brief, that we believe Commander and Mrs. Ballingt in Booth have been dismissed from the ranks with ut just cause. Believe us to be, dear commissioner, faithfully yours, for God and right.

PETER GLENN, Major.

ELIZABETH J. GLENN, Major.

Major Glenn said: "I spent yesterday even-

Major Glenn said: "I spent yesterday even-ing with Ballington Booth, remaining with him until nearly midnight. When I came home my wife and I discussed the situation. We decided that our only course was to tender our resignations. Feeling as we do. we cannot longer remain in the army. Bal-lington Booth was in nd way responsible for our action. He did not even know that we contemplated it. We have no plans for the future. If our late commander engages in any evangelistic work where our services are needed we will, of course, go with him. For the present, I shall act as his secretary." For the present, I shall act as his secretary."
Mr. and Mrs. Ballington Booth are still at Mont Clair, N. J., where they intend to remain several weeks to rest. Mr. Booth has received letters from pastors of churches in New York, Brooklyn, Philadelphia and Boston, asking him to conduct a series of meetings. He is in communication also with an undenominational committee of representative week of this city, who are offering

tative men of this city, who are offering him whatever financial support he needs to carry on independent evangelical work.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—The Chronicle this morning publishes interviews with the Salvation army leaders in New York on the sub-ject of the disturbances there. In an edi-torial on the subject this paper opines that the threats of secession from the army will come to nothing, but thinks the dis-ruption of the army is more likely after the death of General Booth, through family dis

sensions among the Booths. Deaths of a Day. NEW YORK, Feb. 26.-General David Morrison is dead at his home in this city. He was born at Glasgow in 1823, but came to this country at the age of 19. He engaged in the brass manufacturing business soon after and has had his warerooms at 55 West Six-teenth etreet for many years. General Morrison went to the war as captain of the Seventy-ninth Highlanders as a volunteer of Scotchmen from this state. He subsequently

to the sultan on this or any other subject recently. The British foreign office officials were equally emphatic in professing complete ignorance of the whole matter.

FTALY'S SERIOUS WAR IN AFRICA.

Dervishes Meet a Slight Reverse but Show Up Threateningly.

MASSOWAH. Feb. 26.—The Italians have defeated the Dervishes under Ras Sebat near Miamarat, the latter having six killed and 100 wounded, while the Italians had thirty-seven killed and wounded.

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—A dispatch from PARIS. Feb. 26.—Arsen's Houssaye is dead. Arsene Houssaye, French literateur.

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—A dispatch from Rome says: The Journal don Marzie, the organ of Signor Crispi, states that the derivishes are about to repeat the invasion of Erythrea of 1894, advancing against Keren, Adingri, Godefelassi and Amaeking, Italy's weak garrisons; then to join their ally, King Menelik. The new reinforcements in face of this new threatened calamity are insufficient.

The Fanfulla announces the sending of sixteen batallions of troops. King Humbert in accord with Signor Crispi, is resolved to the sending of the se in politics and was a candidate of the demo-cratic party in his department, but was de-feated. In 1849, at the request of Mile, Rachel, he became adminstrator of the Comedie Francaise, which he released from debt and put on a prosperous footing. WASHINGTON, Feb. 26 -Judge William

WASHINGTON. Feb. 26 —Judge William Russel Smith died here today. He was born at Russiviller Ky. in 4815, and was a great grandson of General William Russel of revolutionary fame. Judge Russel was prominent in Alabama affairs; was elected to the United States congress in 1851 and served three terms, was a member of the Alabama secession convention, where he made strenuous efforts to nevent secession and

LYNCHED THE TWO ROBBERS

Jail Called Away.

FIRST INTENTION WAS TO BURN THEM

Murder of Cashier Dorsey Quickly Avenged by the Citizens of Wichita, Tex.—Both Men Were Well Known,

DALLAS, Tex., Feb. 26 .- A special to the News from Wichita Falls, Tex., says: At 8:30 tonight a mob of several thousand persons attacked the jail here, where Foster Crawford and "The Kid." the men who robbed the bank at this point and killed the cashier, were confined. They were captured last night after a fight of an hour. The robbers surrendered only when all hope was gone. They were taken to Wichita Falls and state rangers guarded them all night. This morning a mob is gathered for the purpose of lynching the two robbers, but fears to advance on the jail as long as the rangers are inside with the prisoners.

After a show of resistance on the part of the authorities, the mob battered in the jail doors and forcibly took possession of the prisoners. The two men were taken to the bank which they attempted to reb yesterday and an improvised scaffold was erceted. The first impulse of the half crazed mob was to burn the prisoners, but calmer

counsel prevailed.
Yells of "Hang the Kid first" went up then others. "No, hang the oldest first."
"The Kid" refused to say a word, and those having him in charge yanked him onto a box. The scene was a weird one. One had on high-heeled boots, black pants and a deep red shirt, which added a gruesome bril-liancy to the scere. In a moment the rope was about his neck and a man whom some say looked like one of the men whose horses had been taken yesterday shinned up a tele graph pole and fixed one end of the rope across the crossbar. All this time the 'Kid' was jeering at the crowd, lau, to and curing. He never quivered. He was asked t say what he wanted and was told he would

be given a hearing.

He said: "By G—d, that's all right. If you are impatient swing me up now. I ain't afraid to die—not a bit of it. Pull the rope. A voice in the audience-"You're going to

die now; tell us your name."

The Kid—'I den't give a d—n if you do.
its Younger Lewie and my father and mother reside in Neosho, Mo."
"Any message?" from a voice in the crowd.
"Well, tell my father I was not scared a

wen, ten my latter I was not scared a bit; that I died like a nervy man."
"Anything for your mother?"
"No, not a word. She will see the message to the old man. Say, you fellows, go and look in that dugout and you will find \$1,000

The Kid or younger Lewis, as he at last moment says, he was, continued chatting and laughing with the crowd, poking fun at them and cursing for a moment and then some one

"Time is up."

"I am 20 years old and robbed that bank. I am dead game and ready to die. Go In an instant he was pulled up above the In an instant he was pulled up above the throng. He never quivered or kicked. He just went up in the air and he is hanging there now. Men in the frontier for years and years say no gamer man ever died. He was the coolest man in all the great crowd. All the while Crawford was a spectator of the scene. He began to weaken and confirmed within a supervisible legislation. essed, giving some valuable information. He ie responsibility for the crime on the Kid. The mob shoved him up to the improvised platform next to the bank he attempted to rob and his head was about on a level with the dangling feet of his companion. He asked for Captain Burnett. The went to Crawford and had a long talk. Crawford had worked on Burnett's ranch for years and was a trusted man. He began

tealing his employer's stock, however, and associated with territory outlaws. The two carted company. terday, but denied the murder. He is a small man, poorly clad, with a red face and short clipped, black moustache. When they began to look for a second rope he begged for whisky. It was given him. He talked and then begged for more. He again addressed the crowd in Comanche, English and Spanish. Those who understood him say his utterances were incoherent. The rope soon arrived and it was put about his nack. He fell forward, either in a faint or from the effects of the liquor he had drank. He was soon strung up along with his companion, and their bodies are still dangling in mid-air.

GARMENT WORKERS ON A STRIKE. Between Five and Six Thousand Men Involved.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 26.—The garment workers of this city who are affiliated with the American Federation of Labor decided at midnight to order a general strike of all members in this city, to go into effect tomorrow. From 5,000 to 6,000 operatives and twenty-five operators will be affected. The strike was indirectly the result of one which has been on for a week, in which the employer of but one firm took part. In an endeavor to settle this, General President Charles F Reichers held a conference with all the members of the Clothiers' Board of Trade this afternoon, in the course of which he de-manded that the clothlers agree to employ no new men until they are members of the Garment Workers' organization. This the clothiers refused to do, although Mr. Reichers offered to put up \$25,000 as a guarantee of good faith on the part of the union. The re-sult of the conference was made known to the members of the union at Harugari hall tonight and after a stormy meeting. lasting almost four hours, it was decided to go out. The operatives who are members of the Knights of Labor will not join in the strike.

OBJECTS TO MARQUETTE'S STATUE

Illinois A. P. A. Protest Against it Being Pinced at the Capitol. PEORIA, Feb. 26.-The American Protecive association state convention this morning elected Will D. Newton of Blooming ton secretary, and H. W. Hitt of Jackson-ville, treasurer. The following was unanimously adopted with three cheers and a

Whereas, The state of Wisconsin has tendered the general government a statue of the Jesuit priest Pierre Marquette, and Whereas. The government has accepted the statue and it is the design to place it in the statuary hall together with that of the immortal Lincoln, stricken down by the bail of the Jesuit, therefore be it.

Resolved, by the A. P. A. of the state of Illionis in convention assembled. That we protest against placing that statue among those of American statesmen, and that the state secretary notify the Illionis converses. American statesmen, and that the cretary notify the Illionis congress-

Would Stop Everything on Sunday OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 26 .- Mr. John Charlton, liberal, introduced a Sabbath observance bill in the House of Commons today which provides for the closing of all canals, the total stoppage of railway traffic and of the publication or sale of newspapers on Sunday. In introducing the bill Mr. Charlton said the Are minimal quarter in Marsovan and ordered the Armenians to accept islam. Five hundred of them agreed to do so, but 150 recision and calculation was given, an elementary allows accessed in Asia Minor are kept dark, the Daily News correspondent says, for fear they will impel Russia to occupy Armenia.

The Chronicle has a dispatch from Constantinople which says that a fresh series of macueres is reported in the Sivas and formal Russian and the Sivas and formal Russian and the Sivas and formal Russian and the Sivas and the firm of H. & H. A. Allen, culminating in final short two forms are the Bank of Montreal, about two players in that country become physical wrocks and in a short time. The average newspaper life of reported in the Sivas and the firm of H. & H. A. Allen, culminating in final short the firm of H. & H. A. Allen, culminating in final short time. The average newspaper life of a reporter on one of the big dailines was the author of many poetical works and in a short time. The average newspaper life of a reporter on one of the big dailines was the author of many poetical works and in a short time. The average newspaper life of a reporter on one of the big dailines was the author of many poetical works and in a short time. The average newspaper life of a reporter on one of the big dailines was the author of many poetical works and in a short time. The average newspaper life of a reporter on one of the big dailines was the author of many poetical works and in a short time. The average newspaper life of a reporter on one of the big dailines was the author of many poetical works and in a short time. The average newspaper life of a reporter on one of the big dailines was the author of many poetical works and in a short time. The average newspaper life of a reporter on one of the big dailines was located works and in a short time. The average newspaper life of a reporter on one of the big dailines was located works and in a short time. The average newspaper life of a reporter on one of the big dailines was l

MRS. DAVIDSON DID NOT TESTIFY. Her Attorney Forbids Her Appearance in the Brown Trial.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 26 .- To the dis-

appointment of hundreds of people who attended the Brown trial before the Congregational council today it was announced that the attorney for Mrs. Mary A. Davidson would not allow his client to appear before the church court until her trial before the superlor court is concluded. The alleged superior court is concluded. The alleged extertioner was to have confronted Dr. Brown this afternoon, but the council and the curi-ous public had to be content with the read-ing of her testimony as given at her pre-liminary examination in the police court. Mrs. Davidson's testimony was read in all its details, recounting her connection with Dr. Brown, Miss Overman and the First Congregational church. Mrs. Davidson stated that after November 22, when Dr. Brown paid her \$500, the paster visited her bible class and commended her as a teacher.

The statement related that Dr. Brown said to Mrs. Davidson: "I have an unlawful love for Mattle Overman and I appeal to you to help me." The statement continued: "Dr. Brown said his last meeting with Mattie Overman was in a lodging house at Bryant and Sixth streets. He admitted he had been guilty before, but not since that time. The witness (Mrs. Davidson) lectured Brown on his faults and the minister then told the story of his entire career, in which he con-fessed that among his faults had been child murder. Mrs. Davidson suggested that Dr. Brown meet Mrs. Badden, who was cognizant with his liaison with Miss Overman, but Dr. Brown said he did not want to meet her or any other woman, and asked witness to arrange the difficulty for him. Witness agreed to settle with Mrs. Badden for the minister and took the money as his agent." Dr. Brown then read the cross-examination president, more than have been possessesd in the police court, when Mrs. Davidson deon the police court, when Mrs. Davidson developed extraordinary defects of memory. She did not remember whether she had borne a child, had ever been arrested or had by his twelve years in the senate, where he

ever assumed other names than Davidson.

Dr. Brown read Mrs. Davidson's denials that she had ever been in Jall, according to her recollection, and said he would present the recoilection, and said he would present the records of the Massachusetts court to show that they chose him to preside over the derecords of the Massachusetts court to show that the served a term in jail in that state. At the evening session Mrs. Thurston of Oakland, was questioned. Mrs. Thurston is an intimate friend of Mrs. Tunnell, the woman who it is thought could unravel the mystery of Dr. Brown's relations with Miss Overman, but who has disappeared beyond

row. Dr. Brown accused the moderator and the council of prejudice against him and of taking an unfair advantage of him. He de-clared that he would refuse to go on with the council, as he was convinced that he could not occure fair treatment. Miss Overman, who was present, burst into tears and Brown's friends crowded to his side. The moderator demanded to know in what respect he had been unfair and a wordy wrangle ensued. Dr. Brown finally apologized

for his language and order was restored.

Mrs. Thurston proved to be a damaging witness against Brown. She said that Miss Overman had told her that Dr. Brown had eent her to Tacoma and paid her expenses, as Mrs. Brown would not have her in the house. Miss Overman had told Mrs. Thurston that Dr. Brown had squeezed her hand and kissed her. It was after Mrs. Thurston's testimony

that the row occurred.

The council will go on with the investiga-

tion tomorrow. ONE THOUSAND CLAIMANTS READY. Moines Besieged by O'Brien County People. DES MOINES, Feb. 26 .- (Special Tele-

gram.)-There are now over 1,000 people n the city to enter lands on the O'Brien county tract that has recently been opened to settlement. They are camping all around the federal land office, in which the postoffice and land office are located. The land has been cleared tonight, and police stationed to prevent people from getting inside and getting ahead of the'r fair position in the line. The office will open at 9 o'clock and long before that hour there will be lines to each of the three entrances to the build-ing. It is not yet known from which the official line will be formed. Poderal court will be in session all day, and police and deputy marshals will be on hand to prevent trouble between the people in the lines. It will probably take two or three days to ge all the entries made, and several menth to hear all the contest cases that will arise from the multiplicity of claims to single

pleces of land. Funeral of Congressman Harter. MANSFIELD, O., Feb. 26.—Funeral serv-ices over the remains of the late ex-Congressman Michael D. Harter were held today at the family residence and at St. Luke's Lutheran church. The body lay in state at the church from 12 to 1:45 p. m. and an immense concourse passed through to view the remains for the last time. The services at the residence were held at 11 o'clock and at the church at 2 p. m. Many persons from out of town were in attend-ance and followed the remains to their final resting place, among them being ex-Gov-ernors McKinley and Foster. Business was suspended generally and the schools dis-missed for the day. All public and many of the private buildings were draped in

mourning. Congressman Tracey Renominated. ST. LOUIS, Feb. 26 .- A special to the Republic from Sedalia, Mo., says: publicans of the Seventh district held their congressional convention in this city to-day. Hon, John P. Tracey of Greene county was renominated by acclamation for congress. The following delegates were elected to the national republican convention: Ben. F. Leonard of Polk county and J. Smith of Saline; alternates, Frank B. Parker of Green and Mint W. Johns of Pettis. The convention of seventy-four delegates, without a dissenting vote, instructed the delegates to the national convention to cast their united votes for Major McKiniey for president.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 26,-The police of this city have in custody a man and woman this city have in custody a man and woman, charged with swindling a number of large stores here and suspected of operating successfully in New York, Boston and elsewhere. The prisoners are well dressed and possessed of considerable money and diamonds. The man gives his name as Robert Davidson and says he comes from Chicago. The police expect to prove that he is of a respectable family in Denver. The woman says she is Nellie Edwards. She is believed to have come from a town in Nebraska. to have come from a town in Nebraska.

Mitchell Bank Will Reopen.

MITCHELL, S. D., Feb. 26 .- (Special Telegram.)-Examiner Zimmerman of South Dakota has formally announced that the First National bank of Mitchell, which he has had in charge since the sudden death of the president, J. D. Lawler in Sioux City last week, is in no danger and will reopen by March 1. Two Children Burned to Death. BROOKLYN, Feb. 28.—Two children, aged

3 and 5, belonging to a Mrs. Hotchkiss, were burned to death in a tenement house fire today. John Gallagher, who was sick on the third floor, was resuced with great difficulty by a fireman. The pecuniary loss was \$2,000. Amelia Rives-Chandler III. CHARLOTTESVILLE, Va., Feb. 26.— Princess Amelie Rivers-Chanler-Troubets-

key is quite ill at Castle Hill, the home of Colonel Rives. She is attended by Dr. Shackelford, the family physician. Her condition is not considered dangerous. Man Says it Was Accidental. PERRY, Okl., Feb. 26.—Eleanor Wilson shot Chris Riley, a section foreman, here last night, the ball hitting him just above the heart and causing a serious wound. Riley claims the shooting was accidental. The woman is in jail.

IS SUPPORTING MANDERSON

Ex-Governor Crounse Heartily Favors His Candidacy.

NEBRASKA CAN DO NOTHING ELSE

Ex-Governor Saunders is an Allison Man but Would Make Him Second Choice with Manderson In the Race.

Politics are warming up to some extent n this state and even the prominent party leaders are beginning to express their preferences concerning the men who are in the field for presidential honors at the nominating conventions.

Ex-Governor Crounse came down from Calboun yesterday and in discussing the possibilities of some of the republicans who are in line for the nomination, he said:

"I have no objection to expressing by preference among the candidates for the republican nomination for president. I am for General Manderson. I am for him because I am for anything which tends to advance Nebraska, and I am sure his candidacy, possible nomination and certain election if nominated would be highly creditable to the state.

"I am for him because he possesses many of the qualities which go to make a good Overman, but who has disappeared beyond the reach of the newspapers and of the council. Mrs. Thurston related matters that had been confided to her by Mrs. Tunnel concerning the relations of Dr. Brown and Miss attute of limitations which bars anyone from doing a handsome or proper thing. It from doing a handsome or proper thing. It strikes me that some of these objectors are wanting in good faith themselves and find it

convenient to urge such pleas or excuses for opposing him and would have found others if he had come out earlier."

Ex-Governor Saunders does not care to express himself as favoring Manderson until he officially learns that he intends to make a run for the nomination. General Manderson being out of the field he is in favor of Senator Allison. His remarks upon the subject were as follows:

ject were as follows:

"Before Manderson was in the field I had expressed myself as being in favor of Allison. Harrison was my first choice, because I and the people of the country know from his administration that he is a safe man. But when he withdrew I had no hesitation in at once taking a stand for Allison.

"I am in support of Allison because I believe that he is the rafest of the avowed candidates. I know this from personal contact with him in congress. He is a concervative man, but he upholds all the principles of the republican party. He is a sound money man and he is planted on the doctrine of protection. He has had long experience in congress and has always shown

perience in congress and has always shown himself a safe man. "I favor Allison's candidacy from the fact that he has always taken a decided stand n every question that has come up in con

bonnet he might have dickered with the

opposition, especially with the silver men, but he has never done so. He has always registered his vote on a question and stood "But while I avowed myself as supporting Allison, I did so before I knew that Man-derson was in the race. I don't know positively that he is now, and therefore I do not feel like withdrawing my support from Allison. If Manderson will run, it is cer tainly proper that the delegation should be instructed for him inasmuch as he is a home man. From my knowledge of his ca-

reer he is fitted for the office. "Do you think that if Manderson is andidate and the delegates are instructed for him they will be switched to some other candidate when the convention is reached?"

wno asked. "I know nothing about that," answered the governor. "Manderson's candidacy was prought out without any knowledge on my part and therefore I could not say. To support Manderson, I should myself desire to know who the second choice of the Ne-

braska delegation was." THEY OFFER TO COMPROMISE.

tures to Administration Brethren. The free silver democratic state central committee met at the Paxton hotel last evening and was in session three hours. Lincoln secured the next state convention, Grand Island and Omaha having but few champions, The date chosen was April 22, and the convention will be called to order at 1 o'clock. The basis of representation in the conven-tion will be the same as last year, one dele-gate for every 100 votes or fraction thereof.

A proposition in the nature of a compromise will be offered to the administration faction. It is proposed to submit to a vote of the democratic voters the question of delegation to the national convention. This is to be accomplished by a general primary, in which both wings of the party shall join, the result to demonstrate which is really the democratic party of the state. Whether the administration men will re-

ceive such a proposition favorably is doubtful. One of the local leaders of the administration wing said yesterday that it was too early the day for them to decide on what th course would be. Any proposition looking toward a settlement of the present differences would be given due consideration, but he considered it doubtful whether a compromise

considered it doubtful whether a compromise was possible under the circumstances.

The members present were: W. H. Crooks, M. T. Connor, F. J. Morgan, C. J. Smyth, J. J. O'Connor, Lee Herdman, N. B. Huffman, J. P. Mallon, F. W. Conly, C. D. Caspar, J. A. O'Shea, M. D. Welch, F. M. Davis, Lloyd Lynn, E. W. Hurtburt, W. H. Thompson, R. M. Mallon, G. H. Clark, J. W. Bullard, Ira Thomas, D. Reese, and Edward Burke as proxy for Edward Hilton.

Butter and Cheese Making as an Art. CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., Feb. 26.-Large delegations continue to arrive from all parts of the country to attend the Butter and Cheese Makers' association convention. To-day's session was taken up by papers as day's session was taken up by papers as follows: "Dairying as an Agricultural Pursuit," H. M. Brandt, Canton, Kan.; "Ripening and Handling Cream," W. F. Smith, Thornton, Ind.; "Ripening Cream, How to Obtain Best Results," George L. McKay, Ames; "Pasteurization," J. H. Monrad, Minntonka, Ill.; "Our Canadian Factories," D. Berhetshire, Breckville, On: A committee Derbetshire, Brockville, Ont. A committee is at work on a revision of the constitution and by-laws so as to make the organization for the creamery industry alone.

Movements of Ocean Vessels, Feb. 26. At London-Arrived-British Queen, from At Bremen-Arrived-Roland, from Balti-